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# CLIMATE CHANGE CONCERNS FROM A REINSURER'S PERSPECTIVE

Climate change calls for efficient risk management in agriculture

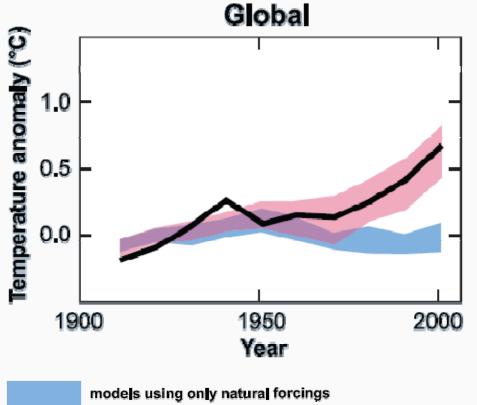
Lambert Muhr Ag Outlook Forum USDA, Feb 19<sup>th</sup>, 2010



## climate change

Munich RE

» status quo



we are in it ...

• +0.74°C in the last 100 years

we are behind it ...

• man-made forcings >90%

models using only natural forcings

models using both natural and anthropogenic forcings

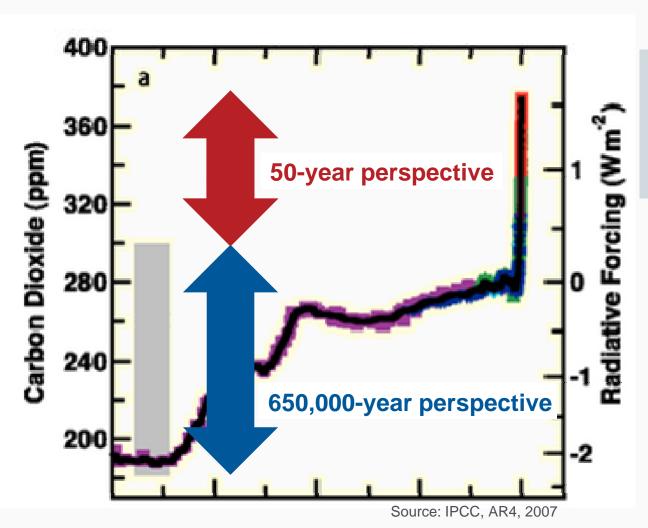
observations

Source: IPCC, AR4, 2007

## climate change

Munich RE

» logic

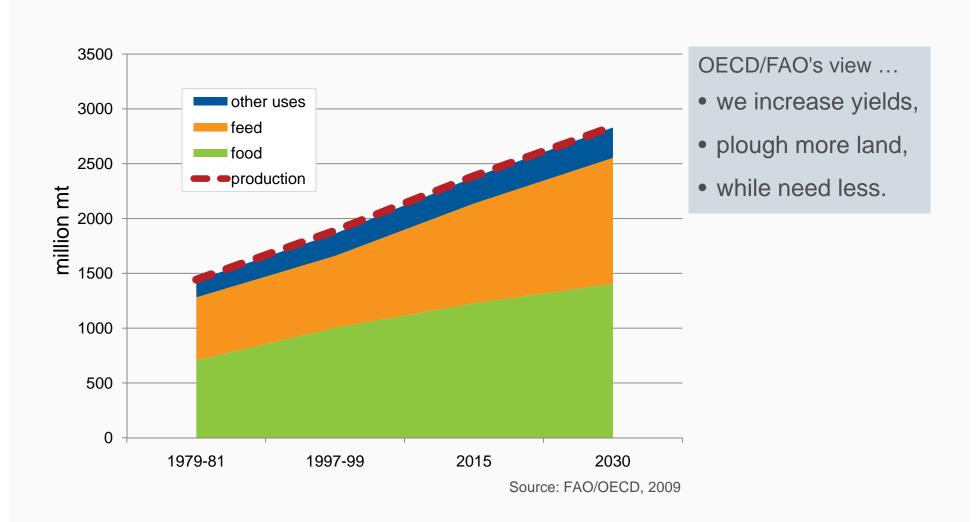


how would we know ...

- first we observe,
- then we reason.

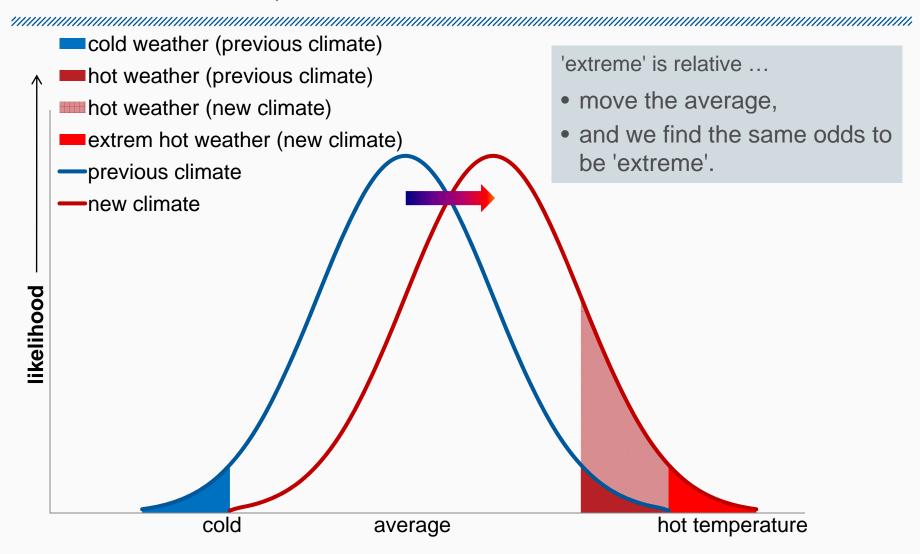


» do we have to worry?



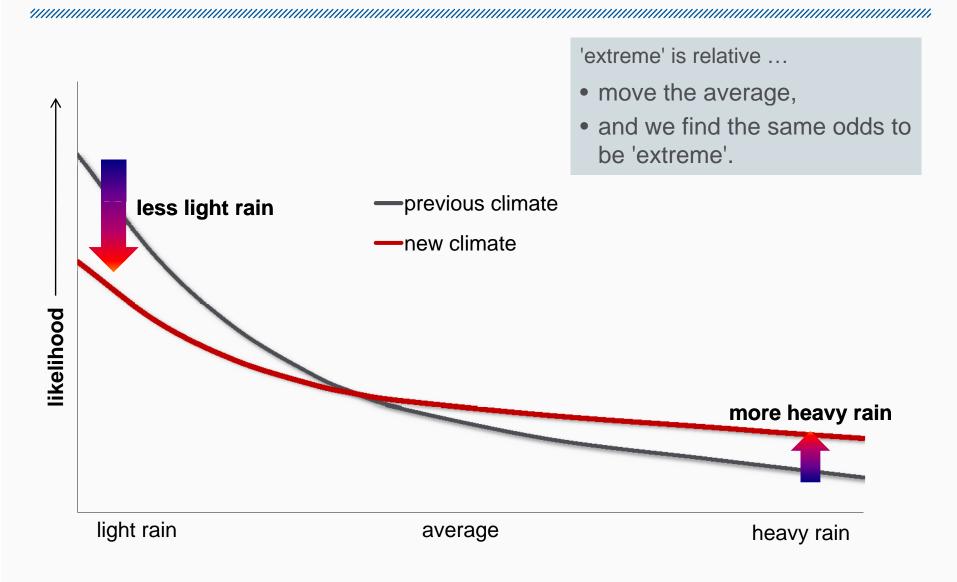


» climate matters, but weather does more





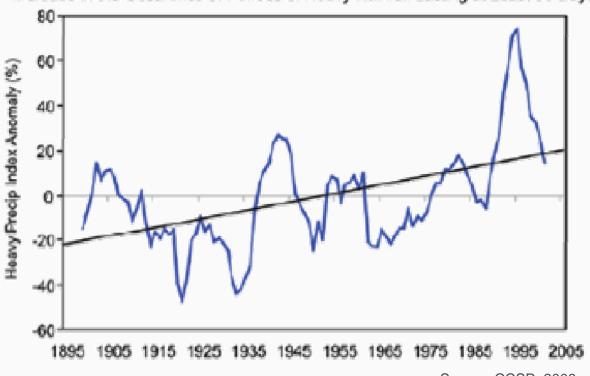
» climate matters, but weather does more





» winners & losers (1)

#### Increase in the Occurence of Periods of Heavy Rainfall Lasting at Least 90 Days



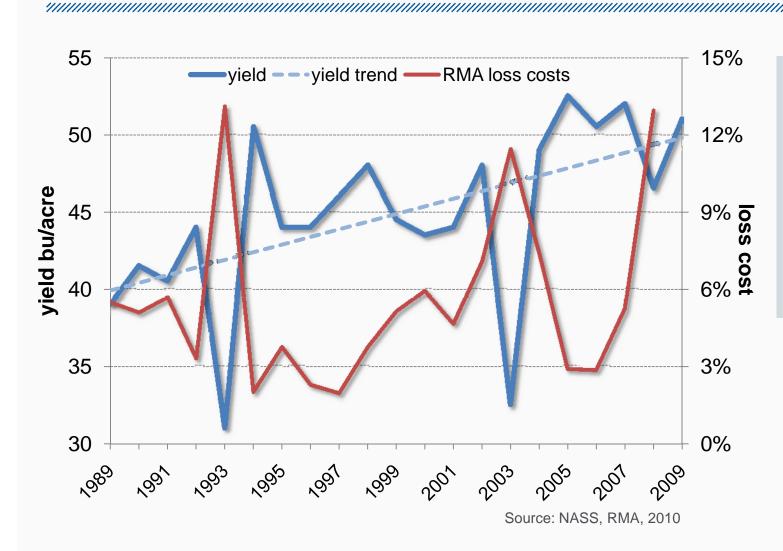
#### another bad news is ...

- extremes cause instability everywhere,
- mainly it's about anomalies of water supply or frost.

Source: CCSP, 2008



» winners & losers (2)

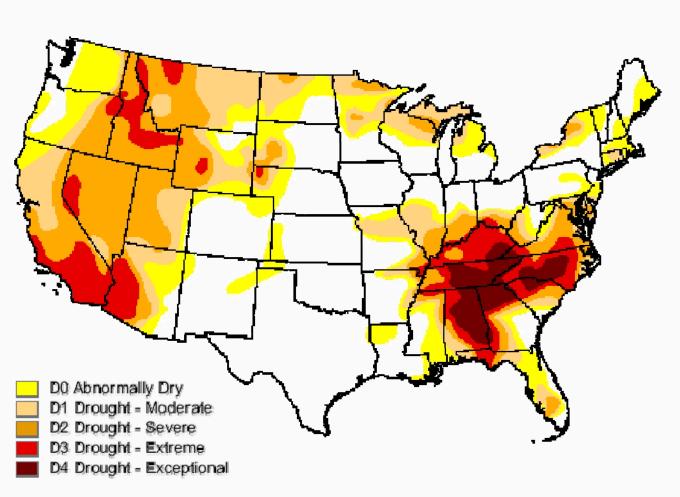


agriculture – a risk-prone industry ...

- e.g. soybean yields in IA,
- mirrored by RMA loss costs.



» winners & losers (3)



agriculture – a risk-prone industry ...

e.g. drought conditions in October 2007.







## risk management



» from risk mitigation and adaptation to risk transfer

transfer

## adaptation

[breeding/biotechnology, practices, water management]

## mitigation

[reduce man-made forcings, cap & trade?]

climate – weather risk

#### risk transfer



» public interest & private means

- public interest: strong agricultural sector, food security, renewable energy supply, sustainable environment, carbon footprint
- USDA assuming its responsibility for the sector through an effective risk management system utilizing private sector resources
- private sector's role is
  - o distribute, administer, assess losses, improve
  - taking risk (by providing access to competitive risk capital),
  - o providing insurance platforms.
- Munich RE has assimilated the RMA model into 'SystemAgro' and is assisting agricultural sectors worldwide in adopting and adapting 'SystemAgro'

#### risk transfer



» maximize private means

to optimize the contribution from private means (agents, insurer, reinsurer)

- make maximum use of private sector's risk capital (include future loss years in public budgets, no obligatory quota share, transfer larger portion of risk (loss and gain)),
- reduce agents' competition for underwriting gains by adjusting rates and limiting agent commissions (rather than redistributing underwriting gains),
- make the system simpler (less complicated risk sharing, less reference prices),
- provide stability of the system (maintain a sufficient level of A&O reimbursements, less frequent changes in SRA, rules).



thank you for your attention!

