

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

# This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
<a href="http://ageconsearch.umn.edu">http://ageconsearch.umn.edu</a>
<a href="mailto:aesearch@umn.edu">aesearch@umn.edu</a>

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

## UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA Department of Agriculture

- 0 **-**

#### TRACTOR COSTS AND RATES OF PERFORMANCE

A preliminary report of data secured in 1934 covering the cost of operation and the rate of performance of farm tractors in Minnesota

By

George A. Pond
Division of Agricultural Economics
and
Arthur J. Schwantes
Division of Agricultural Engineering

· - 0 -

Mimeographed Report No. 68
Division of Agricultural Economics
University Farm
St. Paul, Minnesota

May, 1935

#### Source of Data

The operators of 25 farm tractors submitted records covering the cost of operating their tractors and the amount of work done by them during the year 1934 to the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. These records are from 21 farms. On four of these farms, two tractors were used. Since some of these records were started during the year, only 21 of the 25 records cover the full calendar year of 1934. The distribution of tractors by makes is as follows: Farmall 20, 9; McCormick-Deering 15-30, 5; John Deere General Purpose, 2; Farmall 30, 1; McCormick-Deering 10-20, 4; John Deere 15-27, 3; and Case Model L, 1. The date of purchase of these tractors ranged from 1923 to 1934. Monthly records of fuel consumption, of purchases of lubricants and repairs, of time spent servicing and repairing the tractors, and of the hours of use by operations and the amount of work done were kept. Those records were supervised and tabulated jointly by the Divisions of Agricultural Engineering and Agricultural Economics.

#### Cost of Tractor Operation

The cost per hour of operating these tractors is shown in Tables 1 and 2. Only tractors for which records for the full calendar year are available are shown in these tables. Fuel and lubricants were charged at the purchase price. Man labor spent in servicing and repairing was charged at 25 cents per hour. Annual depreciation was determined by dividing the purchase price of the tractor by the farmer's estimate of the number of years it would last. Interest is charged at 8 per cent on the average value of the tractor in 1934. Costs for each individual tractor in 1934 are shown and also averages for each size group for both 1933 and 1934.

There is a wide variation between different farms in each of the items of tractor cost. To a considerable extent this reflects differences in the ability of the farmers to handle their tractors effectively and to provide adequate work for them. To a lesser extent it reflects chance differences such as variations in fuel prices in different localities and the irregularity with which repairs and overhauling are necessary. The variation in fuel cost was greater than in any other items of operating cost. The amount of fuel used per hour was quite variable. For the two-plow tractors it ranged from 1.15 gallons to 1.99 gallons per hour. This variation reflects in part differences in the extent to which the tractors were operated to capacity and in part differences in efficiency in the use of fuel. Gasoline varied from 9.6 cents to 18.4 cents per gallon between different farms, kerosene from 8.5 cents to 10.9 cents, and distillate from 6.0 cents to 8.6 cents. The average prices of the three fuels were gasoline 13.3 cents, kerosene 9.7 cents, and distillate 7.2 cents. Of the total number of gallons of fuel used, 27 per cent was gasoline, 19 per cent kerosene, and 54 per cent distillate. The proportion of gasoline used varied from 2.6 per cent to 100.0 per cent. Fuel costs were materially lower for those tractors using largely kerosene and distillate.

The fixed charges per hour varied relatively more between farms than did operating costs. In each case, the owner's estimate of the life of the tractor was used in computing the annual depreciation charge. Some of the variation in

this item is the result of variations in the farmer's judgment as to the life of the tractor. In general, the larger the number of hours of work annually per tractor, the lower are the fixed charges per hour.

### Rate of Tractor Performance

The rate at which various operations were performed with these tractors is shown in Tables 3 and 4. The rate of performing drawbar operations varied with the size of implement used, the kind and condition of the soil, the size and shape of field, the distance travelled to work, and the yield of crops. Undoubtedly, the rate for tillage operations varied somewhat with the amount of overlapping in case of such items as disking, harrowing, and field cultivating. In case of feed grinding, the output was expressed in bushels but the kind of grain was not specified. In these cases, the weight per bushel was estimated at 40 pounds. It is quite apparent that the proportion of the capacity of the tractor utilized for belt operations varies widely. These tables include all tractors for which records are available for any portion of the year. They do not include minor operations for which no output is recorded or which are performed by only one tractor or under conditions that vary widely from farm to farm. Average rates of performance in 1933 are shown in comparison with the 1934 average rate.

#### Use of Data

These summaries should be useful to the individual tractor operator for purposes of comparison with his own figures. They should point out cost items in which economies might well be adopted. They should also indicate to some degree, at least, the effectiveness with which he is securing a satisfactory rate of performance. Furthermore, they may suggest the possibilities of using the tractor for operations for which it is not now used and the advantage of using implements large enough to utilize the capacity of the tractor to best advantage. In some cases, full utilization of the capacity of the tractor may be secured by using a combination of two implements at the same time. Two operations may be performed at the same time at very little additional expense since none of the items of tractor cost except fuel would be materially affected by the heavier load and the rate of travel would probably be about the same.

Table 1

	1933	141 037 019 025	.233 110 .343	565	287	5.1	22 0 22 0 92 0 58 0	6.87 8.4.8
	Average 1934 193	15 <sup>4</sup> \$ 050 018 028 250	214 .300	. 550	515.6	5.5	40.0 35.0 95.0 170.0	7.1 15.9* 8.3*
	1022	160 \$ 037 027 112 336	. 162 . 015	.513	974 <del>3</del>	0.9	93.5 4.7 63.0 161.2	5.0
	1082	. 159 \$	. 110 . 202	.453	908	4.3	14.2 182.0 196.2	3.7
	1232	. 216 \$ . 039 . 016 . 019 . 289	. 166 . 239	.528	7693	5 m	53.0 8.1 129.9 1 191.0 1	6.0
1934	2132	. 143 \$ . 035 . 015 . 025	174 .047 .221	439	6993	5.0	5.7 132.6 20.4 158.7	6.1 8.8 4.0
and	1192	\$ 1147 0084 0009	.117	, 412	$629\frac{1}{2}$	¥.1	33.9 1 <sup>14</sup> 7.6 181.5	12.3 4.0
3, 1933	2022	036 023 007 007 202	. 110 . 050 . 160	.362	$591\frac{1}{2}$	. i	21.9 48.5 107.2 177.6	7.1
Tractors	1954	. 134 \$ .053 .015 .020	148 097 245	194.	458 <u>3</u>	4.1 1.6	23.7 132.5 156.2	6.0 3.2 12.0
Plow Th	1182	\$ 136 \$ .070 .020 .034 .260	.276 .099 .375	.635	427 <del>1</del>	3.5	12.0 186.7 198.7	26.0
g Two-Plow	1012	\$ 671. .057 .011 .067	.187 .143 .330	<del>1</del> 179	329	2.2	5.8 149.2 18.2 173.2	8.4 13.7
Operating	1152	\$ 124 039 022 022 185	302 121 423	809.	273	∞. 1 ∞. 1	48.7 8.4 8.6 110.6	7.7
of	1032	\$.122 .037 .018	.397	±125.	2584	7.1	8.3 106.5 114.8	5.6
r Hour	1132	\$.191	415 085 164	.823	2303	6.7 12.2	157.3	9.2 52.1 13.0
Cost per Hour	3122	\$.154 .035 .017 .019	.365 .100 .165	069.	1534	6.7	41.1 157.3 8.3 132.5 173.6 157.3 114.8	3.6
Ö	Tractor Number:	Operating Cost: Fuel Lubricants Labor Cash repairs	Fixed Charges: Depreciation Interest at 5% on avg. value Total	cost per hour	s of work per year	Labor and Materials per 100 Hrs.; Servicing, hrs. Repairing, hrs.	Fuel: Gasoline, gal. Kerosene, gal. Distillate, gal. Total	Oil, gal. Transmission grease, lb. Hard oil, lb.
	Trac	Oper Philip Phil	Hixe Q	Total	Hours	Labo. St Rt	Ē4	ÖHÄ

\*Average of farms reporting.

Table 2

Cost per Hour of O		1 1	Three-Plon		rs. 1933 34	and 1934	ή		Aver	3.g.e
Tractor Number:	2033	2123	1153	2023	1133	1073	2183	2133	1934 19	1933
Operating Cost: Fuel Lubricants Labor Cash repairs	\$.321 .041 .020	\$,206 .040 .015	\$.207	\$.215 .051 .008	\$.339 .139 .034	\$.375 .030 .007	\$.179 .061 .042 .042	\$.209 .044 .031	\$.256 .057 .022	\$.160 .036 .015
Total Fixed Charges:	.382 .382	403	.273	.276	.581	435	.355	.335	380	£257
Interest at 8% on average value Total	337	. 532 532	611	239	112	116	283	990 647	125	327
Total cost per hour	1,281	.935	₹88.	.515	1.004	048.	.638	.584	.835	.571
Hours of work per year	178	$221\frac{1}{2}$	$335\frac{1}{4}$	3713	402 <del>4</del>	415	5053	820 <u>3</u>	1,063	<del>1</del> 799
Labor and Materials per 100 Hours: Servicing, hrs. Repairing, hrs.	8.5	4.9 1.1	4.9	3.2	2.4	2.7	8.9	6.3	3.2	4.5 2.5
Fuel: Gasoline, gal. Kerosene, gal. Distillate, gal. Total	14.6 285.4 300.0	13.7 245.8 259.5	11.9 242.8 304.1	38.6 32.6 225.7 296.9	270.7 10.7 281.4	235.9 28.9 264.8	6.0	35.6 178.6 21.0 235.2	83.0 65.0 123.0 271.0	17.0 201.0 218.0
Oil, gal. Transmission grease, lb. Hard oil, lb.	84 . ۱ د. ۲	8.11	8.11	9.7	14.3 39.8 17.4	8. 3.8 5.4.4.	11.5	8.5 1.0 4.0	9.7 14.7* 7.9*	11.6

\*Average of farms reporting.

Table 3

	Size of	Implement and	and Acre	ss Covered	괵		for Drawbar Operations	erations,	1933 an	and 1934		
Operation:			ř	1 1	Sprin	Springtooth		Field +: :::+::::	T C T	, in C	See	Seeding
13	Size	Flowing e Acres	Si ze	Disking e Acres	Si ze	narrowing ize Acres	Size Acres	Acres	Size Acre	Acres	Size	Acres
Number Size												İ
3122 2-nlow	2-14"	.78	1	1	80	3.20	i.	ħ	t		ı	ı
$\frac{1}{132}$ $\frac{2-5}{100}$	. 1	. 1	i	1	1	ı	16	3.20	1	1	111	2.87
1032 2-plow	2-14"	96	101	3.43	ı	1.	. 1	i	ı	ł	1	1
	2-14"	.56	8	1,92	1	1	ı	1	181	5.38	ł	:
	2-14"	68°	8	3.52	ı	1	16	3,51	1.	8,00	t	1
1182 2-plow	2-16"	06	<b>3</b> ⊗	3,48	ı	1	<u>0</u>	2,49	23.	20.6	1	t
	2-14"	.85	8	2,00	<b>2</b> ∞	2,80	1	ı	201	10.47	ŀ	ŧ
	2-16"	92	16	3.03	6	2,91	ı	•	16	3.57	i	i
	3-14"	.83	1	1	. 1	1	ı		224	04.9	104	න ද
	2-141	76.	<b>∞</b>	2.76	:	1	121	ď	ı	1	1.	ı.
	2-14"	.72	1	1	I	1	. 6	2,62	221	10.25	141	4.57
1232 2-plow	2-14"	98	.9	2,17	i	t.	1912	'n	171	5.15	ı	ŧ
	2-16"	.87	171	5,10	1	1.	. 1		22.1	8,32	ı	1
	2-14"	80.	151	4,72	1	ı	16	3.25	221	7.27	t	1
1022 2-plow	2-14"	.65	1	1	í	ı	.6	2,03	ı	1	101	3.78
		.83		3.21		2.97		2,58		7.45		3.33
Avg. 2-plow trac	tractors, 1933	. 85				1		7 00		8.02		2.25
7022 Z-200	אַר_>	g	101	3 46	i	1	ı	Į.	i	1	Į	1
	3-16"	1.25	; ;		1	1	101	3.31	<b>1</b> 6%	46.7	1	1
2123 3-plow	3-14"	1.07	1	ı	ı	1	:	1	. 1	<b>i</b>	ı	ı
	3-16"	1,35		i	101	3.93	1	ľ	ı	1	1:	ī
1153 3-plow	3-16"	1.23	8	2,38	1	1	1916	3.00	ı	1.	1	I,
2023 3-plow	3-14"	-	16	2.53	1.	1	ı	ı	1	1	ĺ	ı
	3-16"		. 1	72.5	1	1	1	:	ı	1	i	1
	1-1 <sub>1-1</sub>		i	ı	1	ı	1	ŧ	1	1	1	ı
	3-14"	1.05	171	5.57	221	3.49	1		¥.	ħ	1.	1
2133 3-plow	3-16"		101	3.79	1	ı	91	3.45	221	છ. જ	141	00.4
Avg. 3-plow trac	tractors, 1934	1.22		3.33		3.71		3.25		8.62		4.00
1014												

					( Te	Table 7 co	continued)						
Operation	tion:	Cutting	ing	Plan	Planting corn	1≓ °	Cultivating corn	Cutting	tting	Picking corn	c <b>ki</b> ng corn	Mowing hay	ng w
Tra	ctor	Size	Acres	Size	Acres	Si ze	Acres	Si ze	Acres	Size	Acres	Size	Acres
1	l								. ;	1		1	i
5155	MOTO-2	1	1 (	i _	1 (	l	ı	ı	1	ŧ	ı	. 1	, c
1132	2-plow	101	2.95	4-row	2.00	1	1	ı	1	ı	ı	-	۲ <b>.۴</b> ۲
1032	2-plow	<b>-</b> ∞	1,20	1	1	1	1	ı	1	ŧ	ı	1	1
1152	2-plow	<b>.</b> ∞	2,00	1	i	2-row	1.80	ı	1.91	ı	ı	1	1
1012	2-plow	<b>.</b> 9	1.87	t	i	ı	1	ı	Ļ	ι	1	1	1
1182	2-plow	ı	ı	4-row	1.94	2-row	1.90	1	i	ı	1	1	ı
1112	2-plow	∞	2,22	1		1	1	1-row	1.00	l~row	.85	1	ı
2022	2-plow	101	2,48	1	ı	2-row	75° 2	1-row	1.11	ı	1	ı	ı
2192	2-plow	101	1,81	1	1	1		1-row	1.23	i	ı	t	ı
1192	2-plow	<b>.</b> 8	1.79	ı	ŧ,	i	1	1	1	ı	i '	ı	1
2132	2-plow	ı	: 1	4-row	٦. ت.	2-row	1.71	1	1	l-row	£6.	1/	3.19
1232	2-plow	19	76.	, 1	i	2-row	1.57	ı	ı	ı	1	71	2.33
1062	2-plow	\$	2.55	ı	ĵ	2-row	2.79	1-row	1.65	2-row	1.31	ı	1
1082	2-plow	84	2,14	3-row	2.16	3-row	3.81	1-row	1.06	1-row	1.01	i	1
1022	2-plow	8	1,66	ı	1	2-row	1.72	ı	ı	i	ŧ	i	ı
		- 1	70 -		0 111		01 0		77 1		20 5		2 50
AVE.	2-plow tractors,	1934	1.7 4.7 7.7		2,73		 		4.77				ر ا
1													
2033	3-plow	1	ŧ	1		ı	ı	1	t	ı	1	1	<b>š</b>
2233	3-plow	<b>∞</b>	2.00	t	ŧ	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	1
2123	3-plow	101	2.16	1	1	ı	1	1	1	l~row	1,14	ı	1
1123	3-plow	1	i	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ŧ	1	i	1
1153	3-plow	1	1	1	i	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	ł	1
2023	3-plow	ı	1	1	1	1	ŧ	ı	i	ı	ı	1	ı
1133	3-plow	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	i	1	ŧ	1	ı	ı
1073	3-plow	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ŧ
2183	3-plow	<b>.</b> ⊗	2.19	ı	í	ı,	1 /	1	ı	ı	t	ı	1
2133	3-plow	i	ı	i	1	2-row	1.69	1	1	ι	i	1	i
Avo	7-104 trantore	1934	2.12		1		1 69		1		1.14		ı
	3-plow tractors.		1.70		ı		2,17		1		66		1

Size of Implement and Rate of Performance per Hour for Belt Operations,

Operati		Grinding	food	1933 and Shellin	1934	Filling	silo	∏le se c	shing
Tract		Mill	Pounds	Type	Bushels	Size	Tons	Size	Bushels
Number	Size	MITTT	per	TAFie		DI Se	per	DI Se	
nouncer	or se		hour		per hour		hour		per hour
			11001	<del></del>	noar		moar.		nour
<b>31</b> 22	2-plow	_			-	16"	7.9	_	-
1132	2-plow		•	Cylinder	46.0	-	I * J	-	-
<b>-</b>	- p			sheller	.0,0				
1032	2-plow	10"	1898	-	Brea.	-	-	-	<del></del>
1152	2-plow	-		•••		-	-	•••	<del>) -</del>
1012	2-plow	10"	1120	-	-	-		-	••
1182	2-plow		-	-	-	•	1800	-	The same
1112	2-plow	Letz 109X	1116	Cylinder	54.6	-	-	-	***
2022	2-plow	10"	863		-	-	****	-	· patie
2 <b>1</b> 92	2-plow	Feed mill	8 <b>5</b> 7		-	1)†n	6.9	.55 <b>u</b>	<u>ነ</u> ነተ •
1192	2-plow	$\operatorname{Hammer}$	2688	***	-0.00	${ t Papec}$	10.7	5511	156.7
						${ t cutter}$			•
2132	2-plow	Hammer	1573	-	444	***	••	-	•••
1232	2-plow	-	-	-			**	-	•••
1062	2-plow	10"	2012	2-hole	45.6	16"	5.0	5511	82.4
1082	2-plow	10"	1770	-		1)†11	10.0	26 <b>"</b>	56.5
1022	2-plow	-		Cylinder	55.4	-	-	58#	43.1
ATT 2-	nlow troc	ctors, 1934	1544		50.4		8.1		76.6
	plow trac		2254		93.0		8.7		70.0 128.0
AVS. C	prow trac	3001 S. 1999	<u> </u>	<del></del>	9).0	<del></del>	0.1	<del></del>	120.0
2033	3-plow	10"	1670		-	•••		. •••	
2233	3-plow	•••	· 	-		16"	14.06	28-46	50.0
2123	3-plow	gn	1718				5.76	28"	71.5
1123	3-plow	-	•		-	-	7.4	***	-
1153	3-plow	Hammer	2391	-		16"	19.05	2811	108.0
2023	3-plow	10"	<b>51</b> 0		-	***	•	30"	52.7
1133	3-plow	17"	1967			16"	10.0	28-46	34.1
1073	3-plow	10" Letz	1190	-	-	16"	9.78	•••	-
2183	3-plow	-	1956	-	•••	•	5.07		123.5
2133	3-plow	Hammer	1928	Cylinder	104.9	•••	•••		-
	-		-	No. 2	· -				
		tors, 1933	1666		104.9		10.16		73.3
Avg. 3-	plow trac	ctors, 1934	1889		160.0		12.40		138.0