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Scenario Analysis for Restricted Trade Access to Taiwan			
Adam Gerval, Jim Hansen, Gayle Pounds-Barnett			
Selected presentation for the International Agricultural Trade Research Consortium's (IATRC's) 2023 Virtual Summer Symposium: Fields of Discord: Understanding the Intersection of Geopolitics and Agriculture, June 26, 2023.			
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Scenario Analysis for Restricted Trade Access to Taiwan

Presented to the
International Agricultural Trade Research
Consortium – Summer Symposium
June 26, 2023

Adam Gerval, Jim Hansen, Gayle Pounds-Barnett

Disclaimer: The findings and conclusions in this presentation are those of the authors and should not be construed to represent any official USDA or U.S. Government determination or policy. This presentation was supported by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service (USDA/ERS)



Objective

Focus

Taiwan is almost entirely dependent on imports for numerous commodities including corn, soybeans, wheat, and beef. Domestic pork and poultry production is largely dependent on corn and soybean imports for livestock feed, which would begin to collapse without access to imports. This research will provide information and strong evidence to show how vulnerable the people of Taiwan are to restrictions on agricultural imports and the impact on global markets

Outline

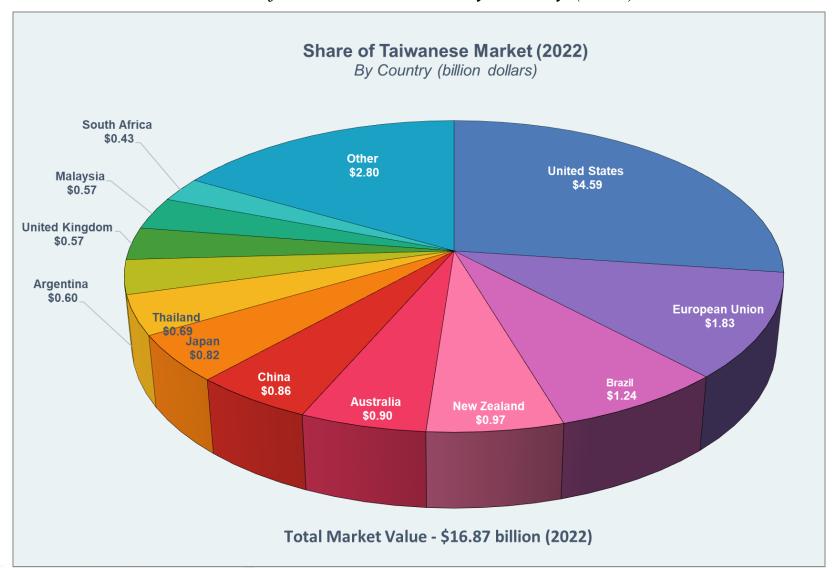
- Taiwan in Context: What does Taiwan's trade makeup look like?
 - Top exporters and market share distribution
 - o Share of U.S. agricultural exports by region
 - o Export data and commodity breakdown
- Conditions for import-dependency: Why is Taiwan so import-dependent?
 - o Trends throughout East Asia
- Scenario & Results: How will lower imports impact Taiwanese agricultural variables and global markets?
 - o Projections for reduction in trade due to embargo shock
- Conclusion & Key Findings







Share of Taiwanese Market by country (2022)





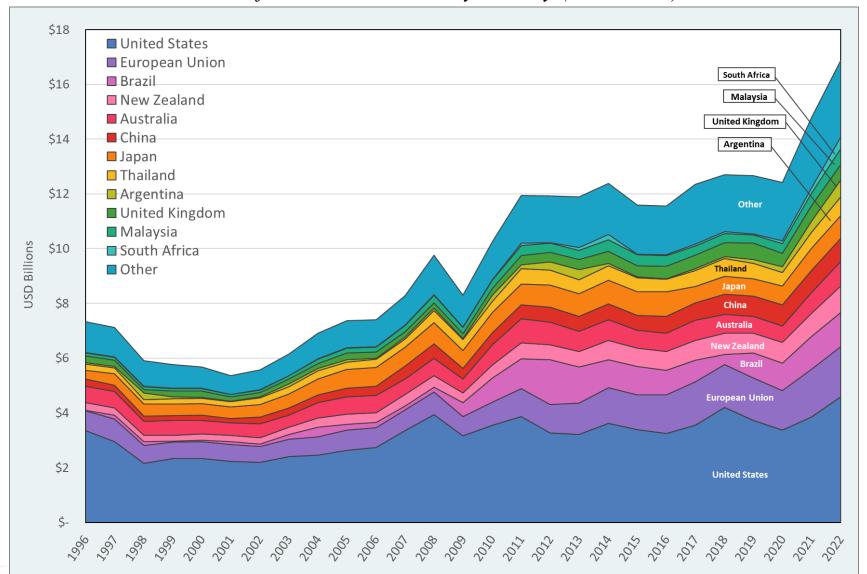








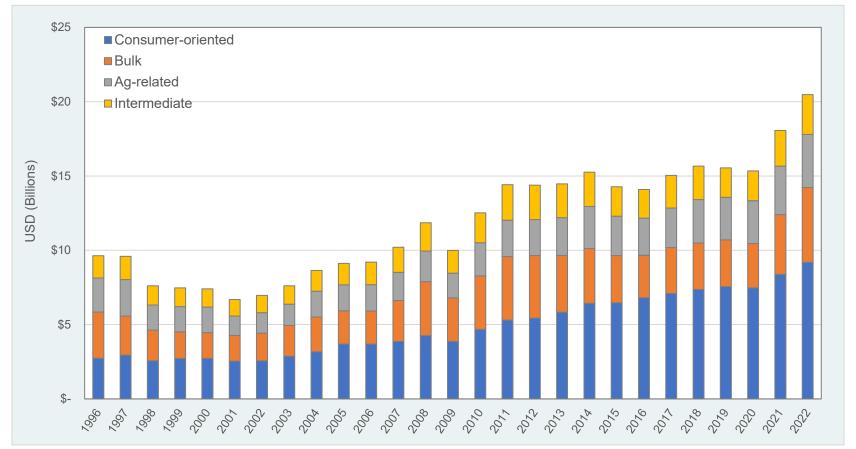
Share of Taiwanese Market by country (1996-2022)







Commodity Breakdown of Imports from the World

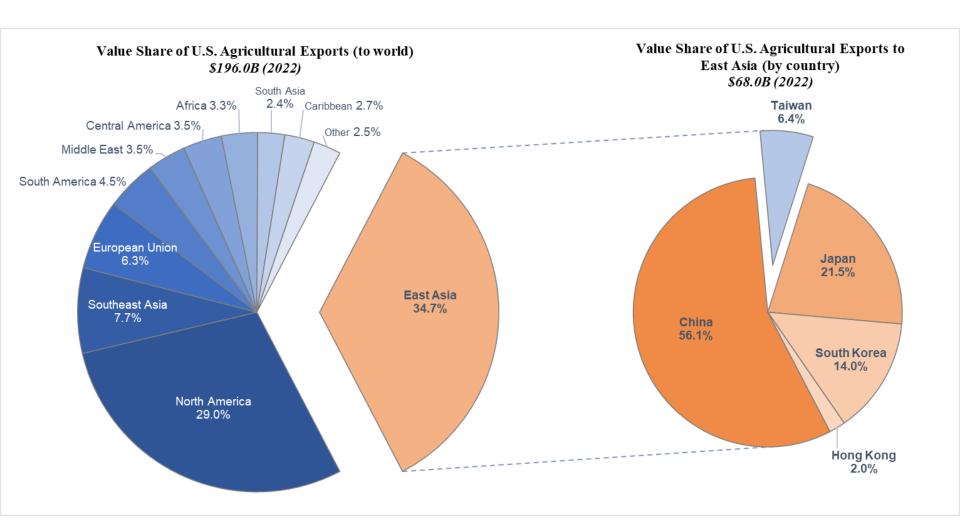


- Robust consumer markets open to diet diversity, favoring high-value consumer products
- Bulk commodities largely used for animal feed (soybeans and corn), and wheat for bakery products





Share of US Agricultural Exports by Region (2022)







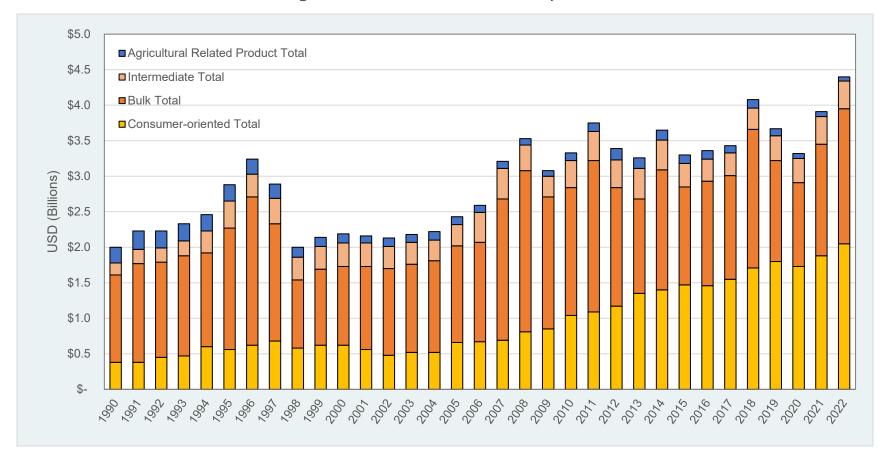




Source: Global Agricultural Trade System (GATS) December 2020



U.S. Export Data & Commodity Breakdown

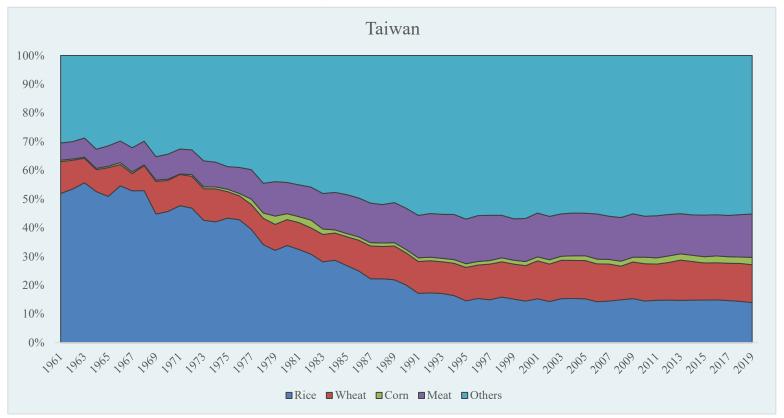


- Large importer of multiple U.S. agricultural products
- 5th largest importer U.S. poultry, fresh fruit; 6th largest importer of U.S. beef

Source: USDA, FAS, Global Agricultural Trade System (GATS) June 2023

Westernization of Dietary Habits

Portion of Daily Caloric Intake



- Consumption patterns favor western-style habits (i.e., beef, pork, corn, wheat, etc.)
- Most of domestic agriculture limited to rice farming; creates need for imports

Source: Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO), June 2023





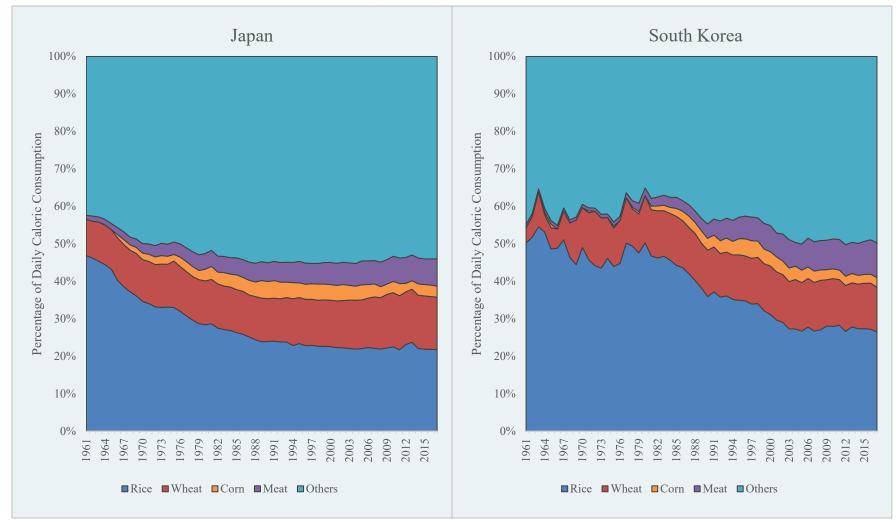






Westernization of Dietary Habits

Portion of Daily Caloric Intake



Source: Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO), June 2023











Key Takeaways & Context for Scenario

- Taiwan is a wealthy country with large population and agricultural sector incapable of meeting broad domestic demand
- Highly dependent on imports for domestic food supply; domestic agricultural self-sufficiency 30 percent
- Evolving consumer preferences similar to other East Asian countries (aging population, dietary evolution, highly urbanized)
- Robust consumer markets open to diet diversity, favoring highvalue consumer products
 - Large importer of beef, dairy, fresh fruit; bulk commodities like soybeans and corn for livestock feed







Impact from a decrease in Taiwan's imports for beef, wheat, corn and soybean on global markets

Model description, market shares, scenarios and results for decreasing Taiwan's imports









USDA's Baseline Model & Agricultural Projections

- Modeling system: dynamic partial equilibrium simulation non-spatial trade country models
 - 43 countries/regions, 24 commodity markets
 - Equilibrates: (Supply = Demand) & (Imports = Exports) Solves for prices and trade, clear world and country markets
- Baseline Development: Analysts Judgment: Model + Delphi approach
 - Country modelers, Commodity analysts (ERS, WOAB, FAS, NASS, ...)
 - Country specialist, Weather and geographic specialists
- 10-year projection of major commodities
 - Supply, demand, feed, food, trade, stocks, and prices, etc.
 - Based on October 2022 market conditions and data. Released February 2023
- Assumptions:
 - Continuation of current U.S. law and international trade agreements
 - Population growth slows, strongest in developing countries
 - Macroeconomic growth strongest in emerging markets
- Process: Macro, modelers, analyst meetings, trade-commodity spec, calibrate







One scenario is conducted on Taiwan's imports of beef, wheat, corn, and soybeans.

The scenario is an 80% decrease in Taiwan's imports for beef, wheat, corn and soybeans.

- The scenario is exogenously imposed to restrict imports of these commodities in the year 2024 and then held constant.
- All commodities are critical for Taiwan to import with little to almost no domestic production for beef, wheat, corn, and soybeans.
- The commodities were selected based on the high degree of import dependence and the large impact on other domestically produced commodities.

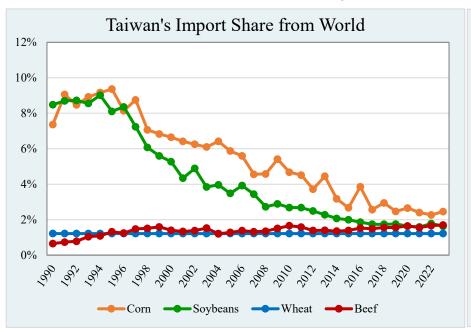


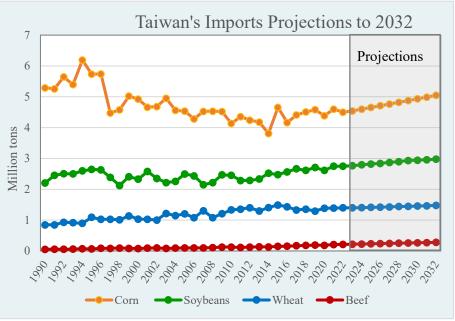




Commodities of Focus

Beef, wheat, corn, and soybeans





- Taiwan projected to maintain import growth through 2032, absent shock
- Population growth rates, GDP per capita growth, and urbanization all exhibit stable growth; no major factors expected to change consumption patterns

Taiwan global import shares are small				
Beef	Wheat	Corn	Soybeans	
1.7%	1.2%	2.5%	1.6%	

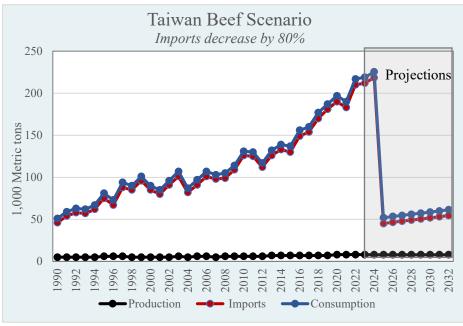






Regional Beef Import Share & Scenario Results





USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

- Scenario implements 80 percent decrease in beef imports (174,000 tons)
- Taiwan's global import share is small but is almost 97 percent of consumption





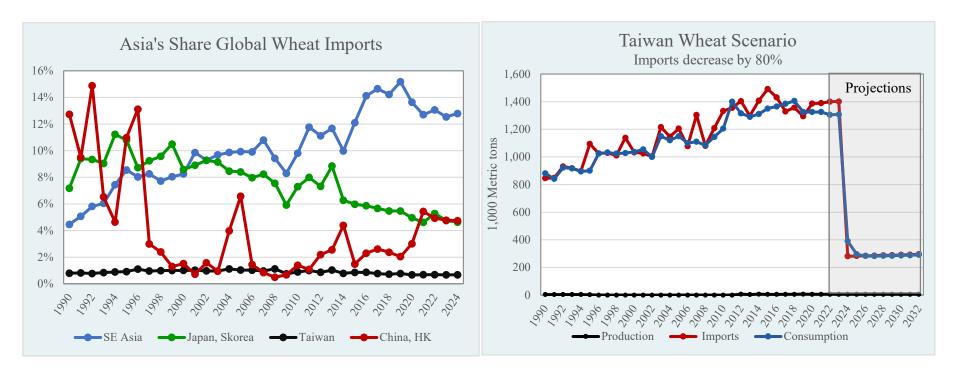








Regional Wheat Import Share & Scenario Results



USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

- Scenario implements 80 percent decrease in wheat imports (1.12 million tons)
- Taiwan's global wheat import share is small but is almost 100 percent of consumption

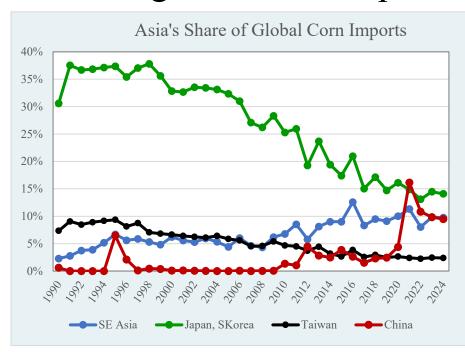


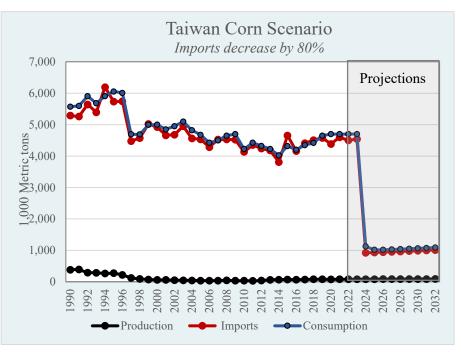






Regional Corn Import Share & Scenario Results





USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

- Scenario implements 80 percent decrease in corn imports (3.6 million tons)
- Taiwan's global corn import share is small but is almost 96 percent of consumption

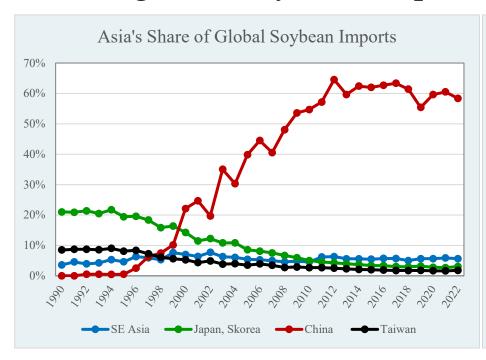


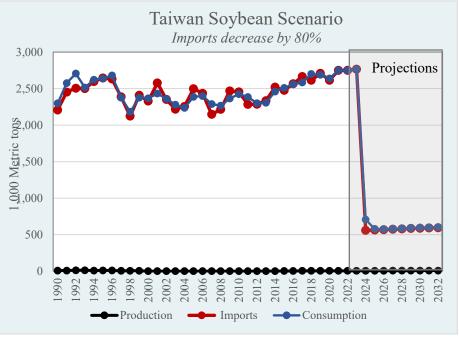






Regional Soybean Import Share & Scenario Results





USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

USDA Long-term Projections, February 2023

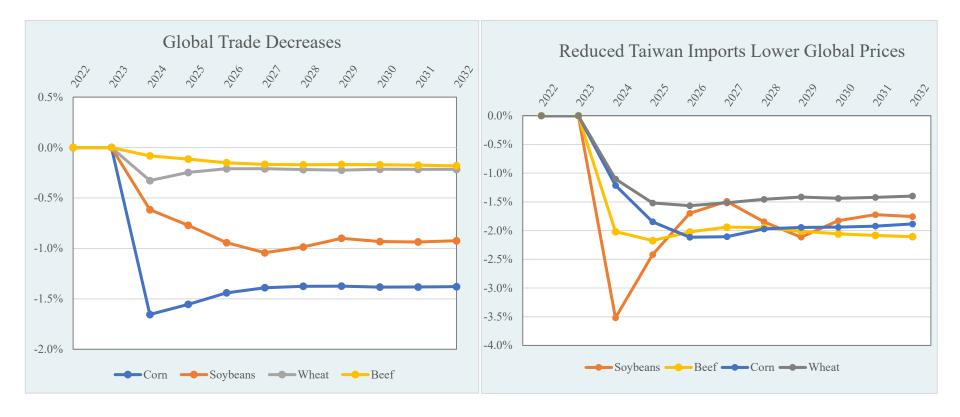
- Scenario implements 80 percent decrease in soybean imports (2.1 million tons)
- Taiwan's global soybean import share is small but is almost 100 percent of consumption











- Trade: Corn exhibits the largest decrease at -1.6 %; soybeans at -1%
- Price: Soybeans exhibit the largest decline at -3.5 %; beef at -2%, then corn and wheat.
- Despite its small share of global imports, the effect still impacts global markets due to large decrease in imports

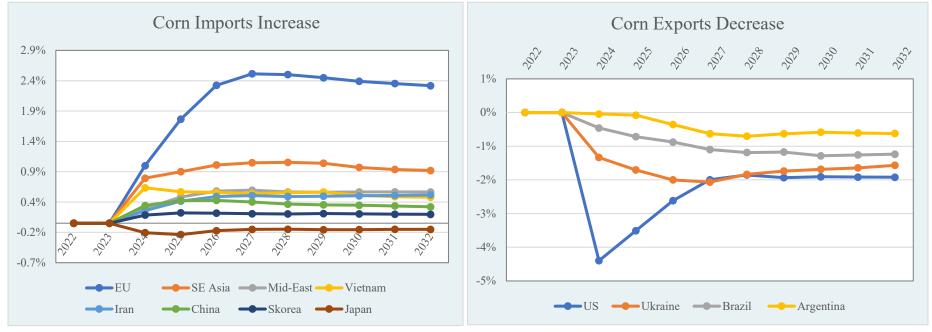
Source: Projections and scenario based on USDA baseline model and long-term projections, February 2023 **Disclaimer:** Results are preliminary and have not been peer reviewed











- EU exhibited largest increase in corn imports at 2.5 % followed by Southeast Asia, Middle East, and Vietnam
- Corn exports decrease by all major exporters, lower prices lead to higher domestic consumption and less exports
- Lower global corn prices and expanding meat consumption increase feed demand
- Ukraine exports did incorporate current war with Russia, but exports are lower

Source: Projections and scenario based on USDA baseline model and long-term projections, February 2023 **Disclaimer:** Results are preliminary and have not been peer reviewed







<u>Key Findings – Taiwan Reduces Imports</u>

- Taiwan import share are low: Beef 1.7%, wheat 1.2%, corn 2.5%, and Soybeans 1.6%.
- Large reduction in Taiwanese imports has global effects, reducing global prices: soybeans -3.5%, beef -2%, corn -2% and wheat -1.5%.
- Neighboring countries (China, Japan, and South Korea) have larger global import market shares. Southeast Asia is a large, growing importer of bulk commodities
 - o Combined, these countries and region global import market shares are substantial (beef 45%, corn 33%, wheat 22%, and soybeans 67%)
- Future research will focus on an expansion of trade disruption to neighboring countries (i.e., lower import demand). Impact on global prices potentially significant due to large global import market share
 - o Future research will provide information for both agribusinesses and government officials focusing on potential global market disruptions
 - O Additional focus on Taiwan domestic food demand and prices. Current research proved difficult for Taiwan model to solve equilibrium for domestic prices







Thank you for your time

Please let us know if you have any questions







