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Russia's Invasion of Ukraine: How Do Partial Equilibrium Bilateral Trade Projections **Compare to Realized Market Outcomes?** Jason Grant, Nicolas Legrand, Alla Bolub, Shawn Arita, and Sharon Sydow Selected presentation for the International Agricultural Trade Research Consortium's (IATRC's) 2023 Annual Meeting: The Future of (Ag-) Trade and Trade Governance in Times of Economic Sanctions and Declining Multilateralism, December 10-12, 2023, Clearwater Beach, FL.

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Russia's Invasion of Ukraine: How Do Partial Equilibrium Bilateral Trade Projections Compare to Realized Market Outcomes?

PRESENTED AT THE IATRC ANNUAL MEETING, CLEARWATER BEACH, FL,
DECEMBER 10-12, 2023

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The findings & conclusions presented are those of the authors and do not represent any official U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) or U.S. Government (USG) determination or policy





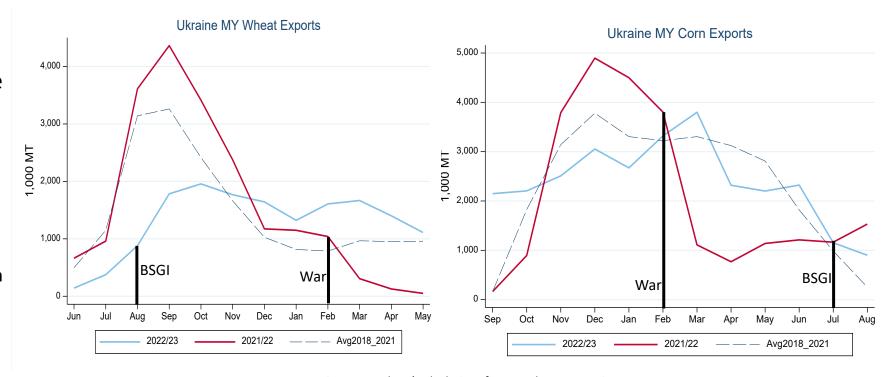
Research Motivation

- Quantitative economic assessments (CGE/PE) have become important inputs to evaluate economic implications of shocks to global food and agricultural markets.
- Partial and general equilibrium models are widely used
 - Generate detailed forecasts of output, expenditure and trade flow changes for key commodity sectors
 - Provide baselines from which to calculate the effects of policy changes.
- Demand for quantitative modeling work has increased due to:
 - Geopolitical conflicts
 - Trade disputes
 - Extreme weather events
 - Covid-19 pandemic
- Policymakers often need to understand how market shocks to global food systems may affect crop production, crop input markets, producer returns, export opportunities, consumer prices and food availability/security.



Ukraine Monthly Wheat, Corn, Veg. Oil and Meal Exports

- A lot to unpack....
- Export restrictions unfolded, commodity prices jumped, and the USD appreciated
- Significant trade impact immediately following invasion (Mar-July, 2022)
 - Wheat out of season
 - Corn export season winding down
- Export recovery after BSGI



Source: Authors' calculations from Trade Data Monitor

MY2022/23 Exports: 15.66 MMT

MY2022/23 Exports: 28.6 MMT



Research Objective

How Do Partial Equilibrium Trade Model Projections Compare to Realized Market Outcomes if we calibrate to market fundamentals that existed prior to the conflict and impose MY2022/23 shocks?



VT-OCE Linked Livestock-Crop Model Summary

- Recursive-dynamic, PE, bilateral trade simulation model calibrated to international long-run (10-year) projections (OECD-FAO, ERS/USDA)
- Explicit breakout of bilateral trade flows and trade policy "matched" to respect import and export totals in baseline (baseline does not contain bilateral trade projections)
- Model allows us to evaluate changes in bilateral trade policies/shocks not considered in baseline
- Simulates (recursive-dynamic) market level impacts & scenario analyses
 - Today: OECD-FAO 2022-2030 using 2021 initial equilibrium



Product, Country & Time Coverage

- 3 livestock activities + Other livestock
 - Beef, Pork, Poultry
- 7 cropping and feed grain activities
 - Corn, Soybeans, Wheat, Rice, Sorghum, Barley, Cotton
- Related Processing activities:
 - Soybean meal and oil (fixed proportions from soybeans)
 - Industrial use ethanol, HFCS
- 26 regions
 - · 20 individual countries, 6 aggregate regions



Overview of Simulation Setup

- 1. Develop initial equilibrium (2021)
- 2. Forecast Simulation Calibrate model to 10-year projections, including population and real GDP growth, adjustments to "match" baseline
- 3. Policy Simulation Implementation of chosen policy scenario

4. Policy Results = Difference between forecast and policy simulations



Export and Production Shocks



| Commodity | Activity | Modified OECD/FAO Baseline (No War) 2022/23 | Observed (War- impacted) 2022/23 MY | 2022/23 Shock |
|-----------|------------|---|--|------------------|
| Corn | Production | 38,395 | 28,601 | -26% |
| Corn | Exports | 31,638 | 25,289 | -20% |
| Wheat | Production | 28,928 | 20,000 | -31% |
| Wheat | Exports | 20,323 | 15,656 | -23% |



Export Prices

| | Wheat | | Corn | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|---|--------|---|----------|
| | Simulated | Observed | Simula | ated | Observed |
| UKR-World* | 7% | | 5% | ,) | |
| US | 1.20% | 7% | 0.90% | | -5% |
| Australia | 1.90% | 2% | 3.80% | | |
| Argentina | 1.21% | 16% | 1.11% | | -4% |
| EU | 1.40% | -2% | 1.90% | | |
| India | 1.30% | | 0.70% | | |
| Canada | 1.20% | -8% | 1.18% | | |
| Brazil | 1.70% | | 1.50% | | -8% |
| Price change in Ukraine | | Wheat: -12.2% Est. wheat fob price: -21% | | Corn: -10.2% Avg. Corn fob price: -16% | |

Source: Agricensus (spot fob prices)



Export Prices

| | Wheat | | Corn | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|--|---------|---|--|
| | Simulated | Observed | Simulat | ted Observed | |
| UKR-World* | 7% | | 5% | | |
| US | 1.20% | 13% | 0.90% | 2% | |
| Australia | 1.90% | 13% | 3.80% | ó | |
| Argentina | 1.21% | 15% | 1.11% | 6 8% | |
| EU | 1.40% | 10% | 1.90% | 6% | |
| India | 1.30% | 7% | 0.70% | -2% | |
| Canada | 1.20% | 4% | 1.18% | -13% | |
| Brazil | 1.70% | | 1.50% | 9 % | |
| Price change in Ukraine | | Wheat: -12.2% Est. wheat fob price (EUV): -19% | | Corn: -10.2% Avg. Corn FOB price (EUV): -17% | |







Bilateral Trade Projections

