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2001/02 U.S. SUGAR SUPPLY AND USE¹

John M. Love USDA World Agricultural Outlook Board

The 2001/02 projection uses the baseline, published in <u>USDA Agricultural Baseline Projections to 2011</u>, updated with carry-in stocks from the February, 2001 <u>World Agricultural Supply And Demand Estimates</u>.

Key assumptions behind the sugar baseline:

- Continuation of current U.S. sugar policy.
 - -- Loan program includes loan rates and non-recourse loans.
 - -- Tariff-rate quota imports stay under current system.
 - -- U.S. honors commitments under trade agreements.
 - -- Commodity Credit Corporation holds forfeited sugar.
- Continuation of trends in consumption and factors of production.
 - -- Total consumption increases 1.2 percent annually after 2001/02.
 - -- Technology increases crop yields and sugar recovery rates.
 - -- Alternative-crop prices improve.
- In Mexico, sugar supply increases more than domestic demand.

Key results from the baseline, comparing 2002/03 with 2010/11:

• Growth in U.S. supply outstrips growth in use. Imports from Mexico increase, as the North American sugar market becomes fully integrated. Domestic production is flat. End-of-season stocks in 2011 are 44 percent of use. Commodity Credit Corporation stocks accumulate.

Key results from the 2001/02 projections:

- Total supply for 2001/02, at 12.75 million short tons (raw value), is up 255,000 tons, as higher production and imports are only partially offset by lower carry-in stocks.
 - -- Sugar production, at 8.86 million tons, is up 324,000 tons from 2000/01.
 - -- Increased imports are due to projected higher imports from Mexico under the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) low-tier tariff.
- Total use of 10.67 million tons is up 200,000 tons from 2000/01, based on trend increases in domestic use. As a result, carry-out stocks of 2.08 million tons are 19.5 percent of total use.

Supply, demand, and policy factors to watch for 2001/02:

- Factors affecting sugar-crop plantings in 2001.
 - -- Will there be a Payment-In-Kind Diversion Program?
- Will Mexico be a "net surplus" producer?

¹Moderator's remarks.

- -- What level of NAFTA low-tier import access?
- -- Will world market prices drop low enough to afford second-tier imports from Mexico?
- Sugar-containing imports.
 - -- Will sugar extraction from imported syrups increase?

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U.S. Sugar Supply and Use 1/

	:	1000/00			: 2001/02
Item	:	1999/00	•		:=====================================
	:		1,000 short	tons, raw	value
Beginning stocks 2/	:	1,639	2,219	2,219	2,027
Production 2/3/	:	9,042	8,538	8,538	8,862
Beet sugar	:	4,976	4,370	4,370	4,614
Cane sugar 4/	:	4,065	4,168	4,168	4,248
Imports 2/	:	1,636	1,790	1,740	1,863
TRQ 5/	:	1,124	1,275	1,275	1,422
Other 6/	:	512	515	465	441
Total supply	:	12,316	12,547	12,497	12,752
	:				
Exports 2/7/	:	124	175	125	150
Domestic deliveries 2/	:	10,111	10,385	10,345	10,520
Domestic food use	:	9,993	10,225	10,225	10,370
Other 8/	:	118	160	120	150
Miscellaneous 9/	:	(137)	0	0	0
Use, total	:	10,098	10,560	10,470	10,670
Ending stocks 2/	:	2,219	1,987	2,027	2,082
Private	:	1,922	1,193	1,234	1,289
CCC 10/	:	297	794	793	793
Stocks to use ratio	:	22.0	18.8	19.4	19.5

1/ Fiscal years beginning Oct 1. Includes Puerto Rico. 2/ Historical data are from FSA, "Sweetener Market Data" except imports from U.S. Customs Service. 3/ Projections for 2001/02 are based on the USDA Agricultural Baseline Projections to 2011, updated with beginning stocks from the February WASDE. 4/ Production by state for 2000/01 (projected 2001/02): FL 2,130 (2,019); HI 265 (281); LA 1,570 (1,774); TX 180 (152); PR 23 (22). 5/ Actual arrivals under the tariff rate quota (TRQ) with late entries, early entries, and TRQ overfills assigned to the fiscal year in which they actually arrived. The 2000/01 and 2001/02 available TRQs assume shortfall of 65,000 tons. 6/ Quota exempt imports (for reexport, for polyhydric alcohol, sugar syrup under USHTS 1702904000, and high-duty). 7/ Mostly reexports. 8/ Transfer to sugar containing products for reexport, for nonedible alcohol, and feed. 9/ For 1999/2000, includes residual statistical discrepancies. 10/ For 2000/01 and 2001/02, includes sugar owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, as of February 6, 2001.