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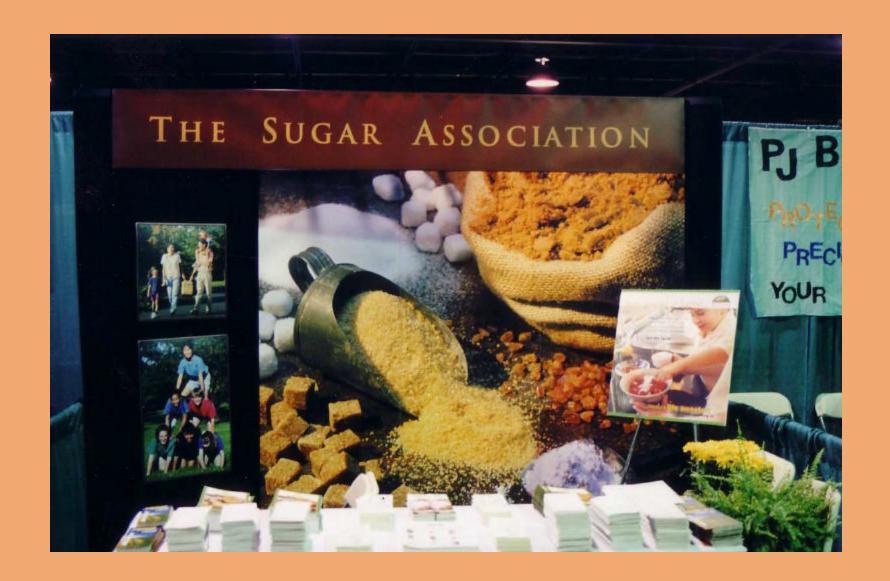
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# 2005 Ag Outlook Forum The Role of Science in Setting Nutritional Guidelines for Sweeteners



Andrew Briscoe
President & CEO
The Sugar Association
February 25, 2005



#### The Sugar Association

The mission of the Sugar Association is to promote the consumption of sugar as a part of a healthy diet and lifestyle through the use of sound science and research.



#### **Public Affairs**

## Defending the Facts



**Public Policy** 



#### Key Issues

- Labeling Concerns Providing Consumers Accurate Information
- Dietary Guidelines
- Food Guide Pyramid
- World Health Organization (WHO)
- Food and Agricultural Organization (FAO)
- Responding to the Obesity Crisis



## 21 Sweetening Ingredients Used in Today's Foods (in Addition to Sucrose)

- Honey
- Corn Syrup
- Dextrose
- Maltodextrin
- Sorbitol
- Mannitol
- High Fructose Corn Syrup
- Crystalline Fructose
- Maltose
- Fructose
- Aspartame

- Sucralose
- Splenda
- Sweet n Low
- Glucose syrup
- Cyclodextrin
- Tagatose
- Xylitol
- Acesultame K
- Glycerol
- Saccharin



### Food Labeling/Added Sugars Concerns

- Eliminate the use of "XX% Less Sugar"
   Nutrient Content Claims
- Revise current food label term "Sugars" to more accurate, consumer-friendly terminology.









#### CR Health

Lower-sugar foods Some are diet traps

e latest food trend for weight Over the past year manufacturers have introduced lowersugar cereals, soft drinks, ice cream, yogurt juices, and even pasta sauce Many include sucraiose (Splenda), a compound derived from sugar that has no demonstrated health risks and, because it's

not membolized, no calories. consumption has been linked grain per ounce. All use the to rising obesity in the U.S., artificial sweetener sucraluse. sugar products may help with Frosted Flakes and Froot weight loss. But a Cossumez Luops have one-third less REPORTS label analysis found sugar and no artificial sweetthat like many 'low-cath' eners, But because they, 100, products, some lower-sugar foods - notably cereals have the same calonies as the originals. And because they're the originals. The still sweet, they may not help are less dense an tame your sweet tooth, if serving sizes by

Consider the new lower with the old ser that's your goal. Cocoa Putts, Trix, and Ctn bave reduced sugar General Mills cereals: namon Toast Crunch While Cola's new C their labels note 75 percent calories of

LESS SUGAR, MORE VOLUME THE lower-sugar cereal (left) is less dense, so its serving size, with the same calories, is 1 cup vs. 3/4 cup. less sugar than the originals. Edy's/Dreyer's No. Added chocolate ice cream is

90 calories - vs. 150 -- for a their calorie and carnoby-X-cup serving Both use drate counts per serving are sucralose; C2 uses other artithe same, given the added ficial sweeteners as well. beverages (an play a role

Kellogg's new lower-sugar they have the san

drate and caloris

New, but not necessarily in Lower-sugar toods con't always have lower car fewer calories. Some replace sugar with no-ca in grain, so net calories and carbs rel

The state of the s	120	28
alloge's Frotted Paints V.	25	28
CANDON'S IS LOSS SUCH Frosted Popular	120	25
August Mills 170	120	2
General Wills (I)	700	
Coca-Cola Circos	1 45	
Sugar Cola  Edy's/Drayer's Grand Ice	Vi. 150	
CHATA CHOCKNOTE  CHESTA CHOCKNOTE  Edy's/Denyor's No Social  Edy's/Denyor's No Social  Chocknote	v 90	

ain serving and the verage child eats less. Nutritionists say that the

availability of more mainstream cereals containing whole grains can only help improve those figures. "It's positive move, say Barbara Rolls, Ph.D., profe sor of nutritional sciences Pennsylvania State Univer

. Buy lower-sugar "Low-sugar foods and grain cereals and a when people are trying to tresh truit for swy reduce, says Rachel Johnson, fruit will add so Ph.D., R.D. professor of the cela it med murition at the University of important nutri Vermont. But, she added, "It's . Keep in m

#### WHAT YOU CAN DO

Here are ways retined sugar and l nutrition at breakfast cereals, when

#### FOOD SAFETY WATER Last Stop: Supermark

DRY CLEANER'S, pharmacy, grocery store, past office, library? No. The trip should go like this: dry cleaner's, pharmacy, post office, library, and ther the grocery store, especially during the warm summer mouths. That's because while you're taking the time to get a few extra tasks accomplished, the temperature is rising rapidly in your car-and harmful bacteria are multiplying on

It's a form of what food safety ex-

### Health&Nutrition Letter Sugar-Free Shortcomings For people with diabetes, sugar-free cookies are not a free ride

TUFTS UNIVERSITY

with diabetes. So on your trips down the cookie aisle, you now pass up the sugar-laden Oreos, the Chips Alsoy, and the Mallomass and ope instead for sugar free varicties: Murray Sugar-Free Chocolate Chip cookies, Snackwell's Sugar-Free drates as the regular cookies—and pretty much the same number of calories, too. That's because much of the

cookies as much

flour, not just sugar. Thus, taking out the sugar and putting in a sugar substiture doesn't really change things much. like the Indeed, often the substances used to much replace sugar are not totally carbohyn the drate-free themselves. factorer That's why, as the box on page 6 Tean shows, two Chips Ahoy cookies have know 14 carbohydrate grams, just one more d than two Murray Sugar-Free Chocolate C21tick

u2 kies

On the Menu Green Tea in Weight-Loss Supplements: B Vitamin Linked to Better Bone Mass . . . . 3 Special Report: To Take Vitamin E or Not? . . 4 Ausrd-Winning Turts Mutrition Website On the Menu: 3 Easy Grilled Salman Ask Tutts Experts ......7 Magnesium; Why You Head More Of It ..... B

Burgers By the Mumbers: Calorie 

the most part, irk th

popyarates eaten that influences

Continued on page 6

blood sugar, or glucose, levels in some-

one with diabetes, not just the amount

of simple sugar. And the sugar-free ver-

sions have as many grams of carbohy-

to belp to reduce Sugar-free cookies often have about the same number of carbohydrate grams as regular cookies, which means they're not any better for people with diabetes-or those looking to shed some pounds. They're also not better for budgeters, often costing considerably more than regular cookies.

Cookie	alories	Carbohydrate (grams)	Price (cents)
1 Archway's Classic Oatmeal	100	17	25
1 Archway's Sugar-Free Oatmeal	110	16	36
2 Nabisco Mallomars	120	17	44
2 Nabisco Oreos	105	16	18
2 Nabisco Chips Ahoy	105	14	16
2 Murray Sugar-Free Chocolate Chip	100	13	29
2 Snackwell's Coconut Cremes	110	19	38
2 Snackwell's Sugar-Free Lemon Cremes	87	16	30

Lemon Gremes, and Archway's Sugar-You don't like the tasce of these carbohydrate in cookies comes from

#### **Strawberry Preserves**

#### **Nutrition Facts**

Serving Size 1 Tbsp (20g)

**Amount Per Serving** 

Calories 50 Calories from Fat 0

% Daily Value\*

4%

Total Fat 0g 0%

Sodium 10mg 0%

Total Carbohydrate 13g

Sugars 7g

Protein Og

INGREDIENTS: Strawberries, Corn Syrup, Sugar, High Fructose Corn Syrup, Citric Acid, Fruit Pectin.





#### Dietary Guidelines for Americans 2005

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
U.S. Department of Agriculture
www.healthierus.gov/dietanguidelines



#### Sugars/Sweeteners Guideline

- 1980 Avoid too much sugar
- 1985 Avoid too much sugar
- 1990 Use sugars only in moderation
- 1995 Choose a diet moderate in sugars
- 2000 Choose beverages and foods to moderate your intake of sugars



## The 2005 Dietary Guidelines Consumer Brochure

#### For the first time since 1980 NO SPECIFIC SUGARS GUIDELINE

But in the text, it says,

- 1) "A healthy eating plan is one that is low in saturated fats, transfats, cholesterol, salt (sodium), and added sugars."
- 2) "Choose and prepare foods and beverages with little salt and/or added sugars (caloric sweeteners)."



#### <u>Dietary Guidelines</u> <u>Consumer Brochure (continued)</u>

"Don't Sugarcoat It. Since sugars contribute calories with few, if any, nutrients, look for foods and beverages low in added sugars."



Every major, comprehensive review of the total body of scientific literature continues to exonerate sugars intake as the causative factor in any lifestyle disease, including obesity.



Review of 1000 scientific papers, the FDA Sugars Task Force in 1986 reported that "with the exception of dental caries, the scientific evidence clears sugars of links with other diseases including diabetes, hypertension, behavior and obesity."

The 1989 National Academy of Sciences Report on Diet and Health stated, "Sugar consumption (by those with an adequate diet) has not been established as a risk factor for any chronic disease other than dental caries in humans."

In 1997, a joint FAO/WHO expert consultation concurred that "there is no evidence of direct involvement of sucrose, other sugars and starch in the etiology of lifestyle diseases." This conclusion was included in the FAO "Carbohydrates in human nutrition" report.

Glinsmann, W.H., et. al. Evaluation of health aspects of sugars contained in carbohydrate sweeteners. J. Nutr II6(IIS):SI-S216, 1986.

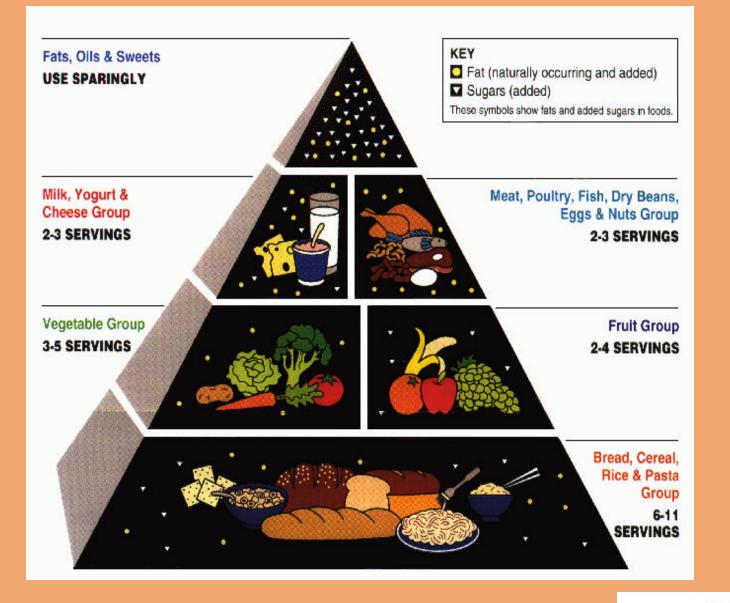
in National Research Council. Food and Nutrition Board. Diet and Health: Implications of Reducing Chronic Disease. National Academy Press, Washington DC, 1989.

iii World Health Organization and Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. *Carbohydrates in human nutrition*. Report of a Joint FAO/WHO consultation. FAO Food and Nutrition Paper 66, Rome, 1998.

## Institute of Medicine Food and Nutrition Board's Macronutrients Report September 5, 2002

"Based on the data available on dental caries, behavior, cancer, risk of obesity and risk of hyperlipidemia, there is insufficient evidence to set a UL for total or added sugars."

However, they go on to say, "Although a UL is not set for sugars, a maximal intake level of 25 percent of less of energy from added sugars is suggested based on the decreased intake of some micronutrients of American subpopulations exceeding this level."





#### **Food Guide Pyramid**

1) Eliminate reference to added sugars.

2) Establish science-based sugar policy for use in the Pyramid.



#### **Lifestyle Pyramid**

Physical activity is essential for maintaining weight and a useful component of weight control.

Vigorous activity provides greater benefits.

During leisure time, limit sedentary activity.

For health benefits, be physically active for 30 minutes a day.

To prevent unhealthy weight gain, engage in 60 minutes of physical activity a day.

Children need at least 60 minutes of moderate to vigorous activity on most days.







KEY

Fat

(naturally occuring

and added)

■ Caloric Sweetener (natural and formulated)

Fats, Oils, & Sweets
USE IN MODERATION



Milk, Yogurt, & Cheese Group 2-3 SERVINGS

Meat, Poultry, Fish, Dry Beans, Eggs, rt, & Nuts Group 2-3 SERVINGS



Fruit Group 2-4 SERVINGS Vegetable Group 3-5 SERVINGS



Bread, Cereal, Rice, & Pasta Group 6-11 SERVINGS

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture/U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

A healthy lifestyle involves energy in vs. energy out. To achieve this goal, a variety of foods should be consumed in moderation and physical activity must be part of a daily schedule.

# Defending Against The World Health Organization's Misguided Nutrition Policy

Objective – Prevent the use of the WHO Diet and Nutrition Report 916 in WHO policy and in other nutrition policy considerations including the re-drafted Global Strategy.

### The World Health Organization (WHO) Diet and Nutrition Report 916

Calls for 10% caloric intake of sugars



#### In the United States

The U.S. Department of Agriculture reports that we consume 15.7% of our calories in added sugars.



## Inaccuracies with WHO Report 916

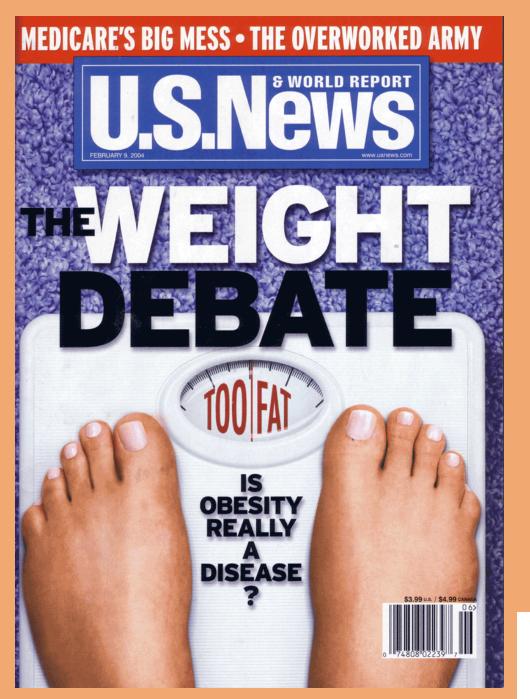
- Lacks the preponderance of science (only 11 scientific references were cited, one 30 years old)
- Lacks a broad-based, outside peer review
- Lacks an economic impact analysis (G-77 and GRULAC developing countries oppose the Report)
- Lacks due process



#### In the United States

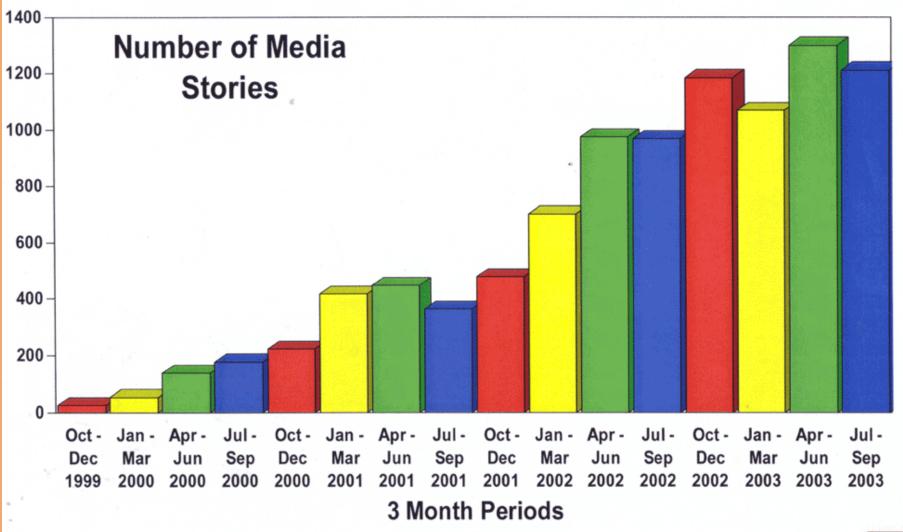
If the WHO recommendation had been adopted, this would mean sugar production and deliveries in the U.S. would be cut by approximately 30 percent (2.5 million tons) or more!





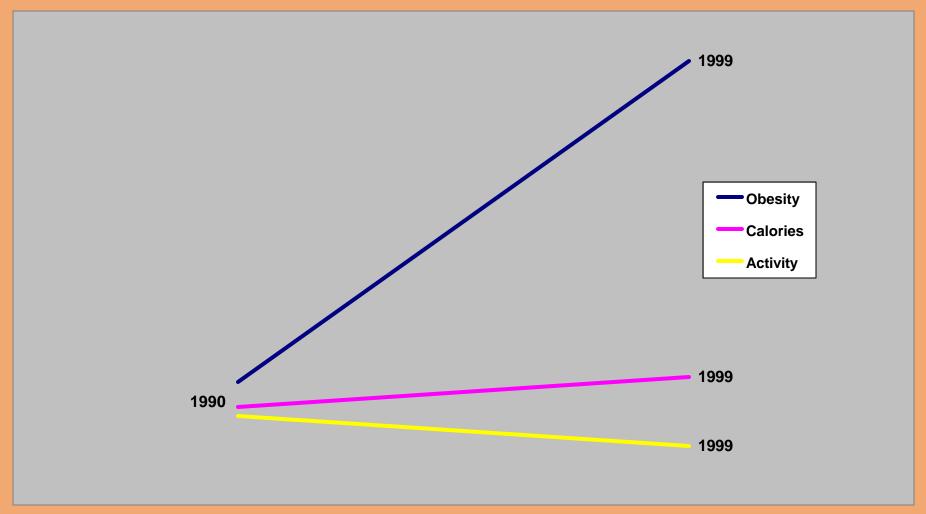


#### Trends in Obesity-Related Media Coverage





#### Changes in Obesity, Food Supply Per Capita Daily Calories and Physical Activity 1990 - 1999 Comparative U.S. Trends



Sources: DHHS Centers for Disease Control & Prevention and USDA Economic Research Service

## Center for Disease Control (CDC) Reports

February 5, 2004

Caloric intake by both men and women has increased 22 percent (to 1,877 calories in women) – 7 percent (to 2,618 calories in men).

#### **Are Diets the Solution?**

- Atkins 52% completed one year 4% weight lost
- Ornish 50% completed one year 6% weight lost
- Weight Watchers 65% completed one year
   5% weight lost
- Zone 65% completed one year 5% weight lost



### The Facts

Calories in = Calories out

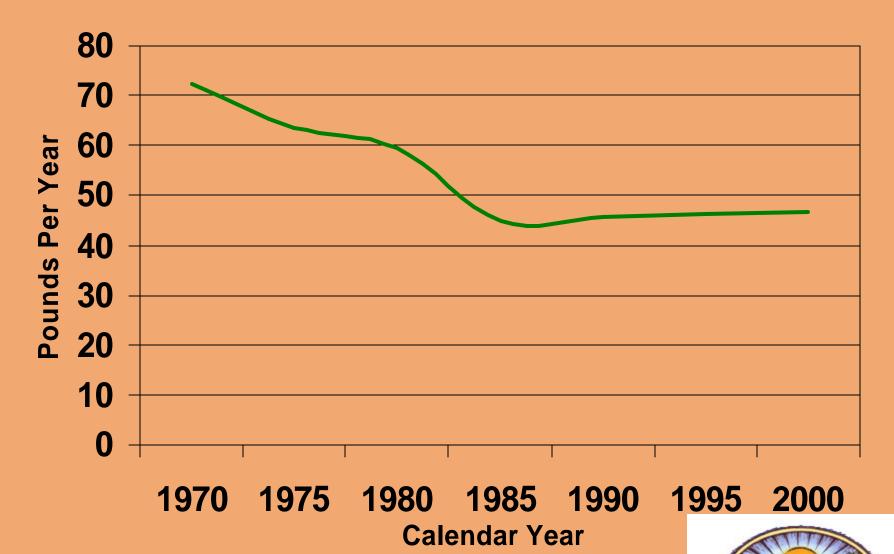
Imbalance means weight gain or weight loss



# USDA's Economic Research Service created a new Table 51 to reflect accurate sugar consumption figures.

- Per capita deliveries of sugar (sucrose) has trended downward since 1972 when it was 102 lbs. per person per year. Now in 2002, per capita deliveries is 63 lbs. per person per year.
- Deliveries were adjusted downward by 29% for waste, spoilage, and other loss to provide an accurate sugar consumption figure of <u>45</u>
   <u>Ibs.</u> per person per year.

Figure 1. US Per Capita Sucrose Calendar Year Deliveries1 for Domestic Food and Beverage Use, 1970 – 2000



Source: USDA. Economic Research Service, Briefing Room. *Sugar and Sweetener Yearbook Tables: Excel (.xls) Spreadsheets*, Table 51 <a href="http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/sugar/Data/data.htm">http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/sugar/Data/data.htm</a>. Last ERS Update: June 2, 2003.





# Be physically active each day

Health benefits of physical activity

Physical activity recommendations

Adults – 60-90 minutes of moderate physical activity most, preferably all days of the week

<u>Children</u> -- 60 minutes of moderate physical activity daily



<sup>\*</sup> Dietary Guidelines for All Americans 2005



Why are soft drinks that date back to Grandma's time flourishing in a Coke-and-Pepsi world?

C.J. Arthur's restaurant at the Fifteen years later, it's still there. site of a long-popular eatery in suburban Chicago, they saw that one of the soft drinks stocked by the previous owner was a lime-tasting concoction, available

Then the Falzer family opened mostly in the Midwest, called Green River.

"We never ever thought of taking it out," says Cindy Falzer. "It's been here as long as there has been a restaurant in this location. And it's still really popular. We've

In this, the 85-year-old Green River is not alone. This may be a Coke-and-Pepsi universe, but a variety of regional soda makers have established comfortable and profitable niches. They may be as large as Big Red in Texas and Cheerwine in the Carolinas, which are among the 10 biggest regional brands in the country (though still minuscule by Coke and Pepsi standards), or as small as Ale-8-One







WELCOME | SUGAR COMPANIES | BEVERAGES | FOOD PRODUCTS | COSMETICS | CONTACT US | HOME

#### Welcome to E-Business for Sugar-Based Products

The definitive resource on the web for products made with all natural beet and cane sugar!

#### Sugar: All Natural... 15 Calories Per Teaspoon!



#### Featured Beverage: Dublin Dr. Pepper

Dublin Dr. Pepper, based in Dublin, TX, is the world's oldest Dr. Pepper Bottler and uses only sugar in its non-diet products. It is definitely a 'A True Texas Original'!

Visit the Beverages section to view all the sugar-based beverages.



#### Featured Food Product: Florida Crystals Sugar

Florida Crystals natural sugars are milled on the day of harvest, with one simple crystallization. The juice is pressed from sun-ripened sugarcane, washed, filtered and crystallized-all right on the farm. Because our natural sugars are less processed, they retain more of the original flavor of sun-sweetened sugarcane. No additives or preservatives, nothing artificial--just natural sweetness to enhance your favorite foods.

Visit the Food Products section to view all the sugar-based food.

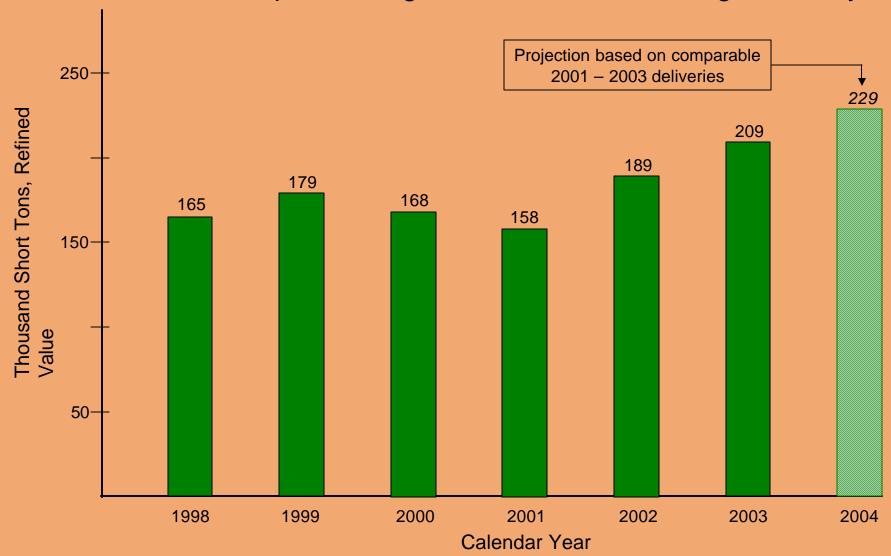


#### Featured Cosmetic: Coconut Spa Coconut Sugar Body Rub

This incredibly effective body treatment gently buffs away aging skin cells, unclogs pores and restores your skin to a healthy glow. A luscious tropical treat, it is made with the finest quality organic hand pressed virgin coconut oil from the Phillipines and pure cane sugar crystals from Hawaii.

Visit the Cosmetics section to view all the sugar-based cosmetics.

#### USDA Reported Sugar Deliveries to Beverage Industry



Source: USDA. Economic Research Service, Briefing Room. *Sugar and Sweetener Yearbook Tables: Excel (.xls) Spreadsheets*, Table 20. <a href="http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/sugar/Data/data.htm">http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/sugar/Data/data.htm</a>. Last ERS Update: August 25, 2004.

# Assuring Scientific Integrity and Accountability

- Access to Data Law in 1999 which expanded the Freedom of Information Act provides that raw data must be made available if the research is federally funded once the findings are published or presented in a public forum.
- Data Quality Act in 2002 set standards for all U.S. agencies to adhere to in order to utilize any science or research to support their federal policy positions.



#### THE REGULATORS

Cindy Skrzycki

### Salt Institute's Case Shakes Up Preliminary Rulemaking

he Salt Institute has its blood pressure up.

The group that represents 36 domestic and foreign salt producers is appealing its loss of a lawsuit that challenged the science a National Institutes of Health agency used in 2003 to recommend that lower sodium consumption would improve people's health.

The case is being closely watched because it is the first to try to expand judicial review into the basis for agencies' preliminary rulemaking. Interest groups already can sue to try to overturn final regulations. But the sodium chloride group and the U.S. Chamber of Commerce want the courts to get into the action earlier.

According to the suit, the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI) at NIH violated the Data Quality Act by refusing to release scientific studies that concluded that reduced sodium intake results in lowered blood pressure for most people.

The law, passed in 2000 and enthusiastically implemented by the Bush administration, gives the public a way to urge agencies to correct the science and economics underlying the creation of a federal rule or policy.

The law permits an appeal if an agency denies the request for correction, but no judicial review. That's why business wants courts to be able to challenge agency decisions. "The petitions would all be meaningless, because we would have no way to appeal," said William



BY KEITH BENDIS FOR THE WASHINGTON POST

See REGULATORS, E3, Col. 1



# External Scientific Advisory Council/New Research

Objective – Enhance science base of the Sugar Association positions to support strong public policy and PR activities.



# Sugar Association Strategy Study The Gallup Organization

September 13, 2004

- What are the issues related to the use of sugar?
- What messages should be used to increase consumption?
- What are the best strategies to convey these messages?

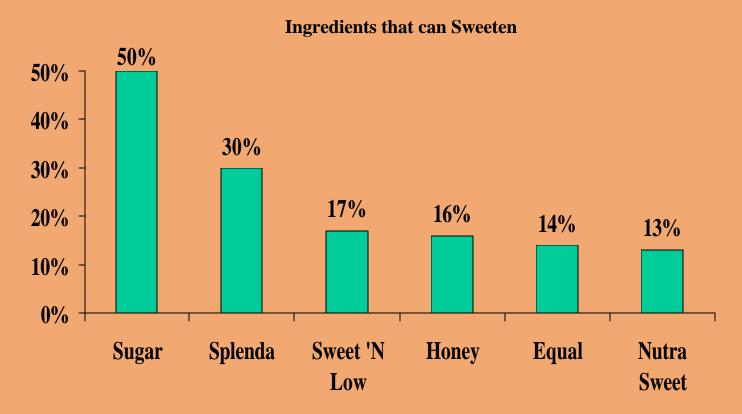


## Summary of Gallup Findings

- Unprompted, sugar is acknowledged 50% with Splenda second at 30%
- When prompted, sugar awareness climbs to 95%, Equal comes in second with 82%, and Splenda is 70%
- "Refined" sugar versus "white" sugar some consumers believe refined means it is not natural
- Consumers over estimate sugar's caloric content – on average they put it at 76 calories per teaspoon

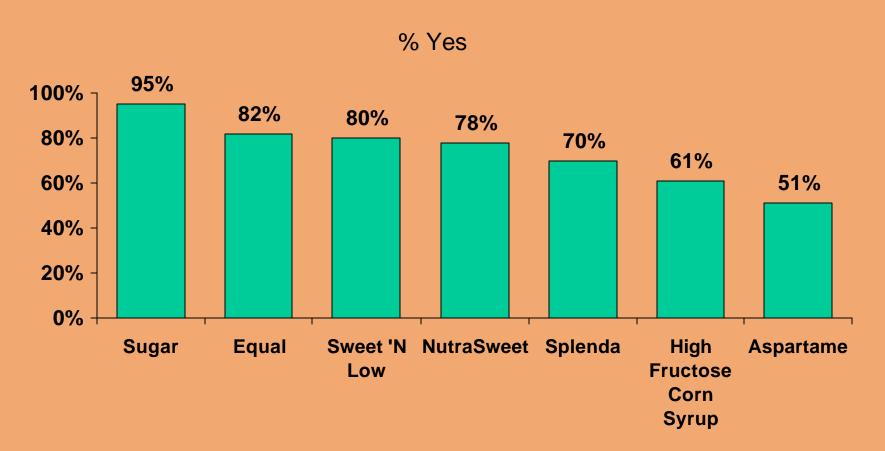
# Sweeteners – Unprompted

• Sugar has the highest visibility, but Splenda is surprisingly prominent





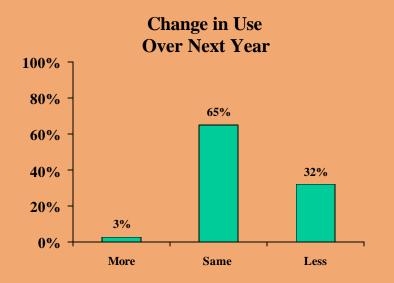
#### **Total Awareness of Sweeteners**

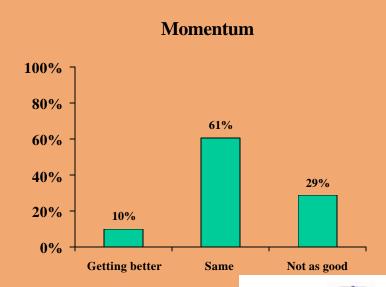


Q7: Some other ingredients that you didn't mention are sometimes used to make food sweeter. Have you ever heard of the following?

# Sugar

- Sugar is in a relatively weak competitive situation and may erode further
  - 7 Consumers overestimate sugar's caloric content
    - > Avg. = 76/tsp., and that's up







## Super Bowl of Sweeteners



### The Key Teams on the Field









