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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

#### PROGRAM

 $34 \pm h$  ANNUAL NATIONAL

## AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK

OCT 29 1975

CATALOGMG - PREP.

C()NFERENCE

Jengron, 34th Annual national

November 26-29, 1956 Washington 25, D. C.

Agricultural Narketing Service
Agricultural Research Service
Commodity Stablization Service
Foreign Agricultural Service
Forest Service
and
Federal Extension Service Cooperating

#### November 26-29, 1956

#### MONDAY (November 26) MORNING

#### (Thomas Jefferson Auditorium - South Building)

#### C. M. Ferguson, Administrator Federal Extension Service, Chairman

9:00	Registration	
9:30	Opening of Conference	C. M. Ferguson, FES
9:45	World Outlook	Clarence B. Randall
10:15	Discussion	Special Consultant to the President
10:30	Intermission	r.K.
10:45	Problems of Economic Policy	Herbert Stein Acting Director of Research
11:15	Discussion	Committee for Economic Development
11:30	General Economic Outlook for 1957	Nathan M. Koffsky, Chief Farm Income Branch, AMS
12:00	Discussion	rain income branch, and
12:30	Lunch	
MONDAY (November 26) AFTERNOON		

#### (Thomas Jefferson Auditorium - South Building)

### Buchmod W Allin Chairman of

	Outlook and Situation Board	
2:00	Cutlook for Agricultural Exports and Foreign Demand	Clayton E. Whipple Deputy Administrator, FAS
2:40	Discussion	
2:55	Family Living Outlook	Gertrude S. Weiss, Chief
3:25	Discussion	Household Economics Research Branch, ARS
3:40	Intermission	
3:50	Agricultural Outlook for 1957	Fred V. Waugh, Director
4:20	Discussion	Agricultural Economics Division, AMS
5:00	Adjournment	

#### TUESDAY (November 27) MORNING

(Thomas Jefferson Auditorium - South Building)

#### Longer-Term Outlook

Cmer W. Herrmann, Deputy Administrator Marketing Research and Statistics, AMS, Chairman

9:15	Trends in Consumer Demand	James P. Cavin, Chief Statistical and Historical Research Branch, AMS
9:45	Trends in Production, Costs, and Technology	Carl P. Heisig, Chief Production Economics Research Branch, ARS
	Trends in Marketing Costs and Practices	Kenneth E. Ogren, Head Marketing Information and Statistical Section, AMS
10:45	Discussion	
11:00	Agriculture and Economic Growth	O. V. Wells, Administrator Agricultural Marketing Service
11:30	Discussion	(Relaise)
12:15	Lunch	

#### TUESDAY (November 27) AFTERNOON

#### Commodity Outlook Sessions for Producers, Handlers, and Consumers

1:30 - 4:15*	Feed, Livestock and Meat - Thomas Jefferson Auditorium
	J. B. Claar, FES, Chairman
	Outlook Statement: Harold F. Breimyer, ANS
	Malcolm Clough, AMS

- 4:20 5:20 Grass and Legume Seeds Room 331 W. Administration Building T. E. Hall, FES, Chairman William H. Youngman, FAS, Outlook Statement
- 4:20 5:20 Forest Products Room 3106 South Building Issued as "The Demand of Horace R. Josephson, FS, Outlook Statement Four Products"

  4:20 5:20 Peanuts Room 2335 Co. 10-7
- 4:20 5:20 Peanuts Room 3115 South Building
  W. E. Jones, CSS, Chairman
  George W. Kromer, AMS, Cutlook Statement
- 5:20 Adjournment
- 5:30 State Specialists Dinner 4th Wing Cafeteria South Building

<sup>\*</sup> Sessions formally end at this time but conference room will be free for those who wish to continue the discussion.

#### TUESDAY (November 27) AFTERNOON

(Freer Art Gallery Auditorium - Entrance on Independence Avenue)

#### Family Living Sessions

1:30 - 4:30 Outlook for Consumer Goods Starley M. Hunter, FES, Chairman

Durable Goods

L. Jay Atkinson

Office of Business Economics

Department of Commerce

Clothing and Textiles

Harry Kahan

Bureau of Labor Statistics

Department of Labor

Food

Harry Sherr

Agricultural Economics

Division, AMS

Trends in Farm Family Food Practices

Mollie Orshansky

Household Economics Research

Branch, ARS

4:30 Adjournment

5:30 State Specialists Dinner - 4th Wing Cafeteria South Building

WEDNESDAY (November 28) MCRNING (Freer Art Gallery Auditorium)

#### Family Living Sessions

9:30 - 12:30 Consumer Credit Gertrude S. Weiss, ARS, Chairman

Trends in Consumer Credit

Margaret L. Brew Household Economics Research Branch, ARS

Who Uses Consumer Credit?

Emma G. Holmes Household Economics Research Branch, ARS

The Cost of Installment Credit to the Consumer Robert Johnson Assoc. Professor of Finance University of Buffalo

O Panel: Impact of Consumer Credit on the Economy and the Family

> Dean, School of Business Administration Nathan Bailey

American University

Allan Fisher Director of Legal Aid Bureau of

District of Columbia

Assoc. Professor of Finance Robert Johnson

University of Buffalo

Office of Business Economics Loughlin F. McHugh

Department of Commerce

Dorothy Thomas Director of Case Work Services, Family

and Child Services of Washington, D.C.

12:30 Lunch

WEDNESDAY (November 28) AFTERMOON

(Freer Art Gallery Auditorium)

#### Family Living Sessions

2:00 - 3:30 Economic Principles of Outlook Frances Scudder, FES, Chairman

> Implications of Outlook for Family Living

Starley M. Hunter Division of Home Economics Programs, FLS

Panel: Methods of Using Outlook

Susan Christian Mabel Spray Lila Dickerson

Florida State University Patricia Middleton University of Delaware Ohio State University State College of Washington

4:00 - 6:00 Housing Supplies - National Housing Center, 1625 L St., N.W.

#### Commodity Outlook Sessions for Producers, Handlers, and Consumers

- 9:15 11:CO\* Dairy Thomas Jefferson Auditorium

  Max K. Hinds, FES, Chairman

  Herbert C. Kriesel, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 11:05 12:30\* Fats and Oils (Special Emphasis on Soybeans) Room 3106
  Karl G. Shoemaker, FES, Chairman South Building
  George W. Kromer, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 11:05 12:30\* Fruits and Tree Nuts Room 218 Administration Building Lloyd H. Davis, FES, Chairman Ben H. Pubols, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 11:05 12:30% Rice Room 5860 South Building
  J. A. Satterfield, CSS, Chairman
  Robert E. Post, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 12:30 Lunch

#### WEDNESDAY (November 28) AFTERNOON

#### Commodity Outlook Sessions for Producers, Handlers, and Consumers

- 2:00 3:30\* Poultry Thomas Jefferson Auditorium Homer S. Porteus, FES, Chairman Ædward Karpoff, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 3:35 5:15 Vegetables & Potatoes Room 218 Administration Building R. L. Childress, FES, Chairman
  Will M. Simmons, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 3:35 4:45 Sugar Room 4966 South Building

   Lawrence Myers, CSS, Chairman \_\_\_\_ I not published]
- 5:15 Adjournment

<sup>\*</sup> Sessions formally end at this time but conference rcom will be free for those who wish to continue the discussion.

#### THURSDAY (November 29) MORNING

#### Commodity Outlook Sessions for Producers, Handlers, and Consumers

9:15 - 12:30\* A Resume of the Outlook for - Thomas Jefferson Auditorium Producers, and the Outlook for Consumers
(By commodities and a discussion of the use of consumption data in consumer marketing programs)
Sharon Q. Hoobler, FES, Chairman
Outlook Statement: Harold F. Breimyer, AMS
Edward Karpoff, AMS
Herbert C. Kriesel, AMS
Till M. Simmons, AMS
Ben H. Pubols, AMS
Malcolm Clough, AMS
Frank Lowenstein, AMS
Marguerite C. Burk, AMS

- 9:15 11:00\* Wheat Room 3106 South Building
  T. E. Hall, FES, Chairman
  Robert E. Post, AFS, Outlook Statement
- 9:15 11:00\* Tobacco Room 331 W. Administration Building
  S. E. Wrather, AMS, Chairman
  Arthur G. Conover, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 11:05 12:30\* Cotton Room 509 Administration Building E. P. Callahan, FES, Chairman Frank Lowenstein, AMS, Outlook Statement
- 12:30 Lunch

<sup>\*</sup> Sessions formally end at this time but conference room will be free for those who wish to continue the discussion.

#### THURSDAY (November 29) AFTERNOON

(Thomas Jefferson Auditorium - South Building)

Francis A. Kutish, Iowa State College, Chairman

1:45 - 2:00 A World Outlook Service

Dr. Henry C. Taylor V
Former Chief of BAE, USDA

2:00 - Panel: The General Economic Situation

State Department

John W. Evans, Deputy Director Office of Intelligence Research

Labor Department

Aryness J. Wickens Deputy Commissioner Board of Labor Statistics

Agriculture Department

O. V. Wells, Administrator, AMS

Sherman Johnson, Director Farm and Land Management

Research, ARS

Federal Reserve System

Woodlief Thomas Economic Advisor

4:00 Outlook's Challenge

P. V. Kepner

Deputy Administrator, FES

4:30 Adjournment

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Marketing Service

THE OUTLOOK FOR PEANITS IN 1956-57

Statement presented by George W. Kromer
Agricultural Economics Division
at the 34th Annual Agricultural Outlook Conference
Washington, D. C., November 27, 1956

The <u>supply</u> of peanuts in 1956-57 will be about 5 percent above last year and substantially larger than required for food and farm uses. Production is estimated at 1,489 million pounds, 5 percent less than the previous year, but stocks of peanuts on September 1, 1956, the beginning of the current marketing year, were the largest of record at 362 million pounds. Output is indicated to be 31 percent greater than last year in the Virginia-Carolina area and 4 percent in the Southeast, but down about 62 percent in the drough-plagued Southwest. The Virginia-Carolina crop, however, may be reduced by the wet weather which delayed digging part of the crop for several weeks and damaged peanuts which had been dug and stacked.

The acreage to be picked and threshed is estimated at 1,509,000, about 11 percent below 1955. Estimated yield per acre for the United States is 986 pounds, up 61 pounds or almost 7 percent from 1955. In the Virginia-Carolina area, yield per acre is estimated at 1,589 pounds, 26 percent above last year. In the Southeast, estimated yield per acre is 1,042 pounds, 10 percent above the previous year. In the Southwestern area, yields per acre are forecast at 369 pounds, about 48 percent less than in 1955. In this area, the prolonged drouth has not only reduced yields but has resulted in substantial abandonment.

The national average support price for 1956 crop peanuts is 11.4 cents per pound. The support level is equal to 86 percent of transitional parity as of the beginning of the crop year. Peanuts were supported at 90 percent of parity from 1941 through 1955, except for 1951 when support was at 88 percent. The average support price by types, per pound of 1956 crop quota peanuts is: Virginia type, 12.1 cents; Runner type, 10.6 cents; Southeastern Spanish type, 11.5 cents; and Southwestern Spanish type, 11.2 cents. Loans on 1956 crop peanuts will be available to individual producers and to grower associations from the time of harvest through January 31, 1957, and will mature May 31, 1957, or earlier on demand by CCC.

Season average prices to farmers for Southeast Spanish and Runners have been near the CCC loan value. The drouth-stricken Southwest Spanish crop moved at prices substantially above support. Virginia-Carolina peanuts have just started to move in volume and prices are near support. The loan value is the support price less about half a cent for charges for storage, inspection, grading and expenses of cooperatively marketing the peanuts. As of the end of October, farmers had placed about 235 million pounds of 1956 crop peanuts under loan--all in the Southeast. Last year CCC acquired about 270 million pounds or 17 percent of the 1955 peanut crop under the price support program. Practically all of this was Spanish and Runner type peanuts. CCC has sold for crushing or export approximately 215 million pounds. The Corporation is likely to acquire part of the 1956 crop because of potential supply in excess of domestic requirements.

Civilian consumption of peanuts, farmers' stock basis, in recent years has remained relatively stable at about 6.5 pounds per person. In 1954-55, per capita consumption fell about half a pound because of reduced supplies and higher prices. In 1955-56, the shortage and relatively high prices of the Virginia type peanut held consumption to about 6.0 pounds per person. However, because of the unusually high outturn of shelled peanuts from farmer stock in 1955-56, this obscures the fact that per capita consumption of shelled peanuts was higher than in 1954-55. With large supplies available and prices lower, consumption in 1956-57 is likely to return to about 6.5 pounds per person. Of the normal consumption of 6.5 pounds, about 5.5 pounds are usually consumed in the form of peanut butter, salted peanuts and in candy. The other pound is almost equally divided between roasted peanuts and those consumed as food on farms. With food use about 1,100 million pounds and normal commercial crush of oilstock peanuts, and farm use about the same as in recent years, the 1955 crop peanuts will exceed requirements for the year by about 180-200 million pounds. As most of the excess peanuts will be acquired by CCC under the support program, the quantity crushed and exported will to a large extent depend on Government policy.

#### PROSPECTS FOR 1957-58

Although the 1957-58 price support program has not been announced as yet, production probably will be large enough to keep prices around support. Present legislation provides that the parity level for 1957 crop peanuts will be equal to 95 percent of the old parity, the same as in 1956.

Another factor in determining the support level for the 1957 crop is the relationship between the estimated supply and the "normal" supply for that marketing year. For example, if the estimated supply (carryover stocks, production and imports) is expected to be not more than 108 percent of the normal supply, support would be at 90 percent of parity. If the supply percentage is more than 130 then support would be at no less than the minimum of 75 percent. Normal supply is defined by legislation as the estimated domestic consumption and expected exports plus a carryover equal to 15 percent of the two.

A marketing quota of 725,305 tons (1,450 million pounds) of 1957 crop peanuts and a national allotment of 1,610,000 acres for picking and threshing was announced on November 9, 1956. This is the minimum marketing quota and acreage allotment permitted under existing legislation. Last year the quota was 750,000 tons (1,500 million pounds) and the allotment was 1,650,000 acres, which included the type increase for Virginia and Valencia. The yield used in making 1957 determinations was slightly higher than that used in making 1956 determinations.

Peanut producers will vote on December 11, 1956, in a referendum on marketing quotas for the 1957, 1958, and 1959 crops. Quotas have been in effect since 1949. A two-thirds favorable vote in a referendum is required in order to continue quotas in effect. Existing legislation provides that if quotas are in effect, the price of peanuts will be supported at some level between 75 and 90 percent of parity. If quotas are rejected, support will be at 50 percent of parity to cooperators.