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Co-locating Agriculture and Solar Renewable Energy Production (agrivoltaics) to Improve Food, Energy, and Water Security

GREG BARRON-GAFFORD



School of Geography,
Development & Environment





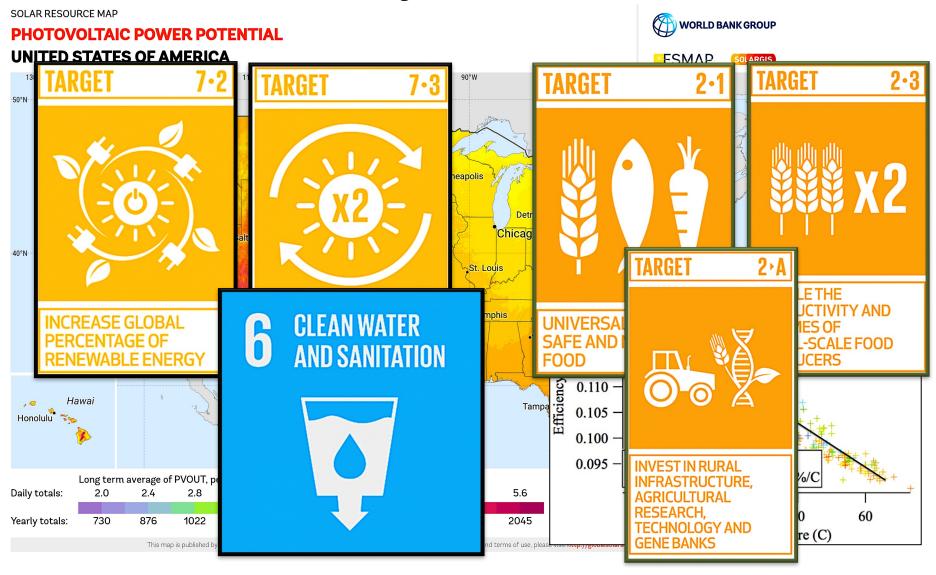


We want sustainable agriculture, but current practices are vulnerable to a changing climate



LOW ON WATER, CALIFORNIA FARMERS TURN TO SOLAR FARMING

We want to move to renewables, but those may also be vulnerable



What is 'agrivoltaics'?

agrivoltaics = <u>agri</u>culture + photo<u>voltaics</u>

(photovoltaics = renewable energy production from solar panels)



Farms That Harvest the Sun—Twice



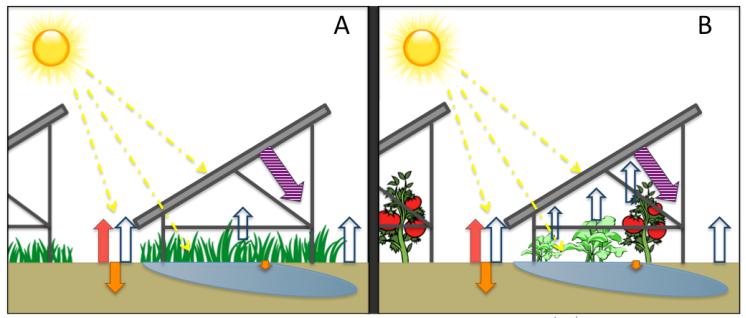
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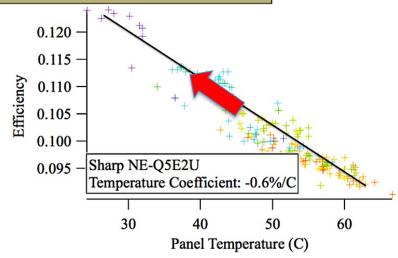


Co-locating vegetation + renewable energy could = food, energy, and water benefits

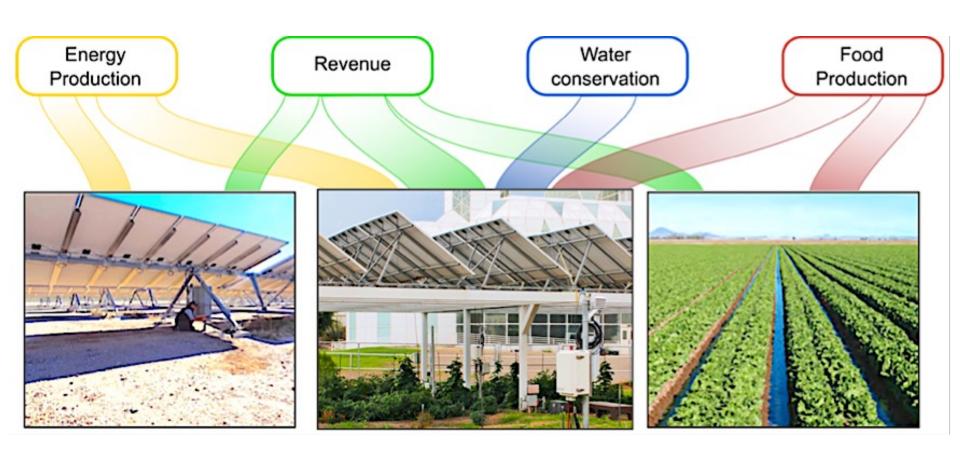


Create novel ecosystems to:

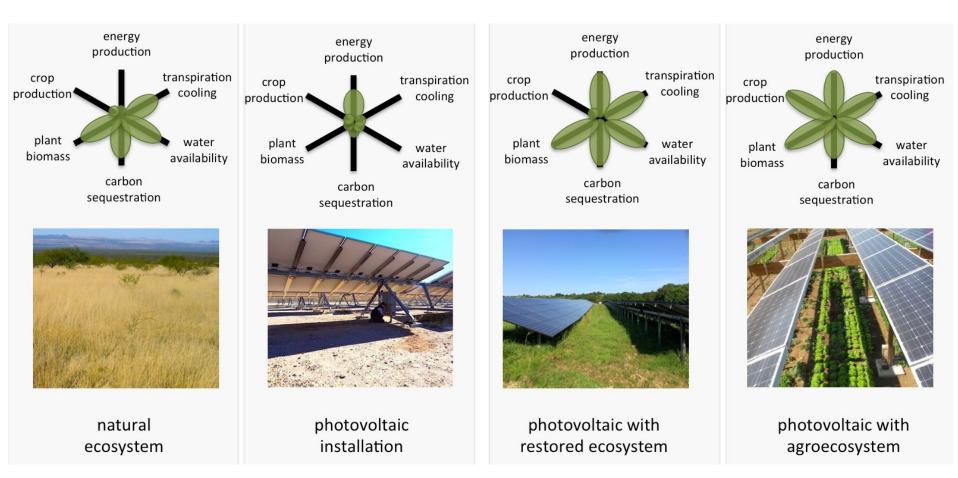
- 1. Adapt food systems to survive drought and temperature stress
- 2. Improve renewable energy production
- 3. Ease our dependence on irrigation



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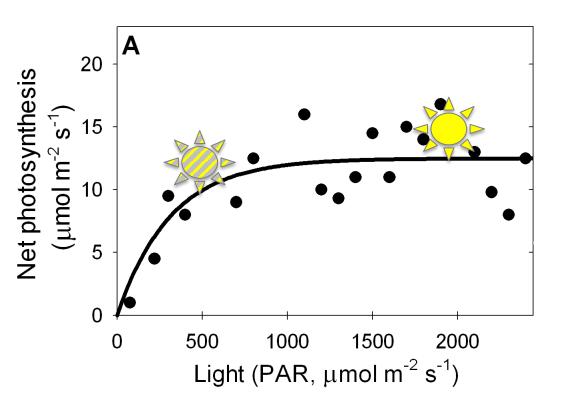


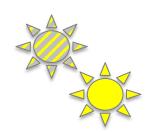
Co-locating vegetation + renewable energy could = food, energy, and water benefits



We need to move past an "either-or" in terms of our land allocation to generate many important ecosystem services

Can plants handle being grown in the shade?





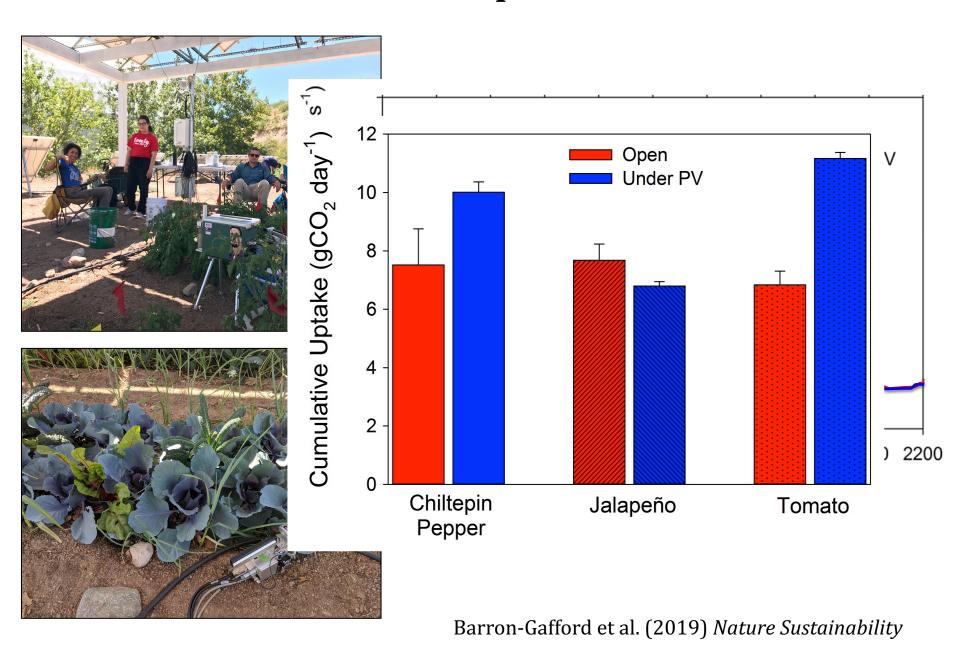
A small reduction in photosynthetic capacity due to reduced light might be offset by better temperatures!

Biosphere 2 Agrivoltaics Learning Lab

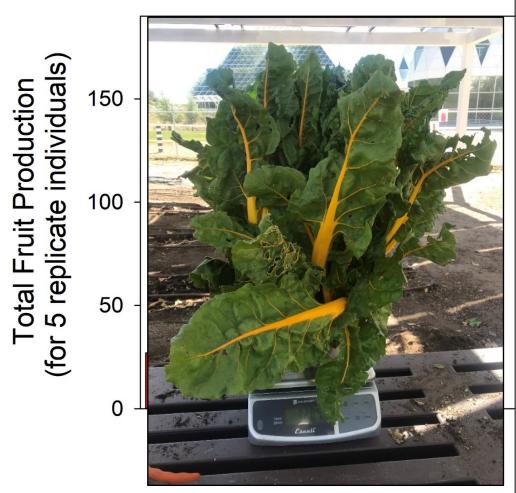




Food - a win for plant function!



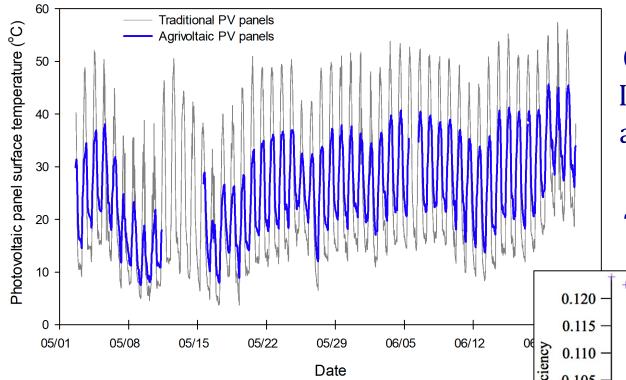
Food - a win for food



Crop Type	Impacts from agrivoltaics
Basil	++
Bell peppers / Jalapeño	О
Broccoli	+/-
Cabbage	+
Carrots	++
Chard	+
Chiltepin peppers	+
Lemmon grass	+
Lettuce	++
Marigolds (cut flowers)	+
Melon	0
Sweet potatoes	+
Tomatoes	++

Barron-Gafford et al. (2019) Nature Sustainability

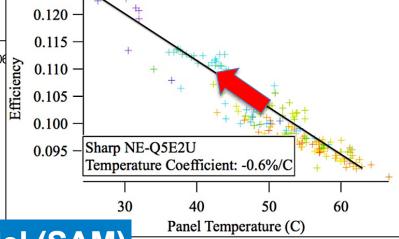
Energy - a win for PV production!



Cooler temperatures = Increased PV efficiency and less wear-and-tear

Summer time average cooling ~9°C

... "3% increase in generation over those months, and a 1-2% increase in generation annually"



Water - a win for irrigation savings!

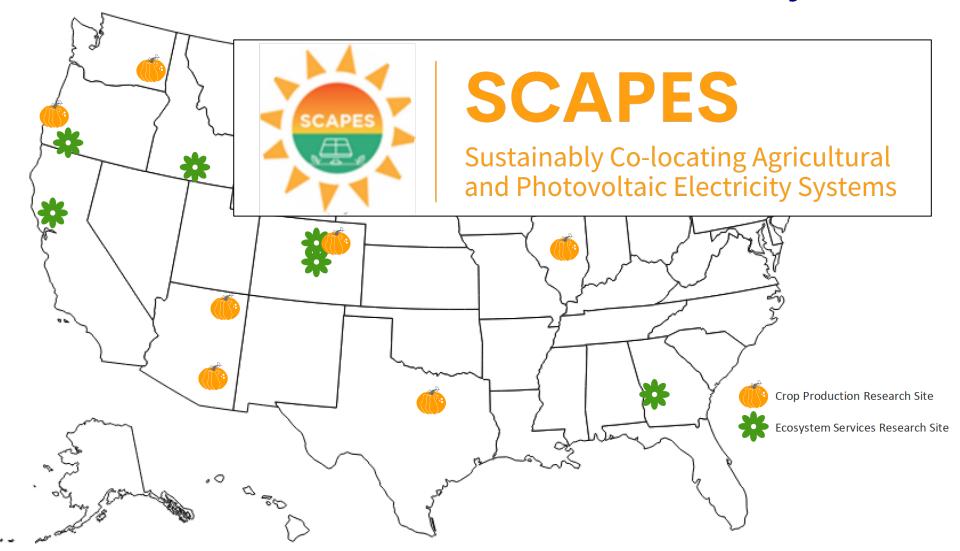


Agrivoltaics provide mutual benefits across the food-energy-water nexus in drylands

Greg A. Barron-Gafford (1)1,2*, Mitchell A. Pavao-Zuckerman³, Rebecca L. Minor^{1,2}, Leland F. Sutter^{1,2}, Isaiah Barnett-Moreno^{1,2}, Daniel T. Blackett^{1,2}, Moses Thompson^{1,4}, Kirk Dimond (1)5, Andrea K. Gerlak¹, Gary P. Nabhan⁶ and Jordan E. Macknick⁷

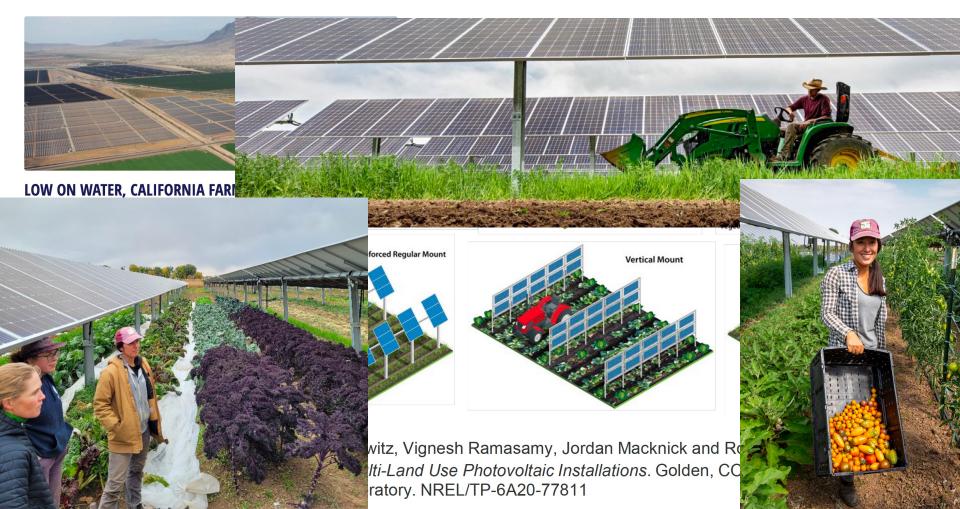
Can we actually reduce our irrigation water use?

We are exploring agrivoltaics across the US to understand tradeoffs in different systems



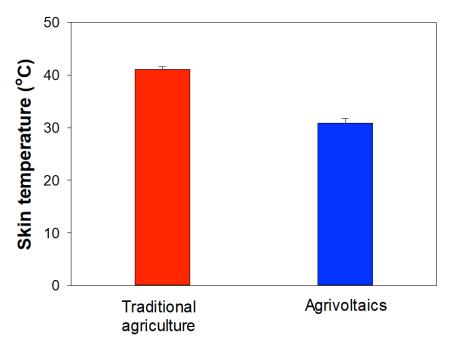
- * Keep farms and ag in the community
 - retain food production in rural and local markets, = dispersed resilient food systems across our country
 - 'canopy' of solar can allow some places to become better at producing food or forage because we've reduced climate pressures
 - reduce a slides towards more food deserts in rural areas and replace food deserts in urban environments

* Keep farms and ag in the community



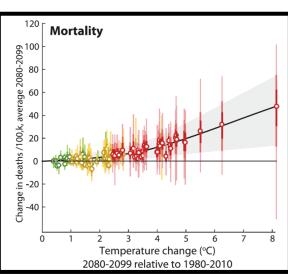
- * Keep farms and ag in the community
- * Income from solar can buffer against
 - (1) volatile market and trade disputes
 - (2) climate variability that is becoming even more unpredictable





* Access to better working conditions climate change (recent heat waves)





Experiential science learning and potential workforce development with K-12 kids

Tucson elementary students help UA study how well plants grow under solar panels

By Marissa Heffernan Arizona Daily Star Nov 23, 2018



 $Kinder gartners\ at\ Manzo\ Elementary\ School\ on\ Tucson's\ west\ side\ harvest\ chiltepin\ behind\ the\ school\ .$ The native\ plant\ is\ grown mostly\ in\ shade\ under\ solar\ panels\ and\ is\ part\ of\ a\ research\ project\ being\ done\ by\ Biosphere\ 2\ scientists\ .

Photos by Rick Wiley / Arizona Daily Star

The public is ready for a solution!

Wildcats



T tucson.com

University of Arizona researchers unveil new model for desert farming in warming world

Henry Brean Sep 12, 2020 Updated Sep 13, 2020

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Resilience



NEWS & VIEWS

HOME / ACT: INSPIRATION





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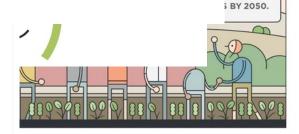
Greg Barron-Gafford, a biogeographer associate professor at the University of Arizona, and Alyssa Salazar, a research assistant and senior studying physical geography, weigh crops from a garden outside Biosphere 2, on Sept. 10, 2020. The gardens are part of an experiment on new crops and growing techniques for hotter, drier desert conditions expected as a result of climate change. This includes looking at the differences between full exposure gardening, utilizing shade of solar panels and various ranges of watering.

Josh Galemore / Arizona Daily Star

Obituaries

Opinion





To learn more, please visit: www.TheSolarFarm.org















