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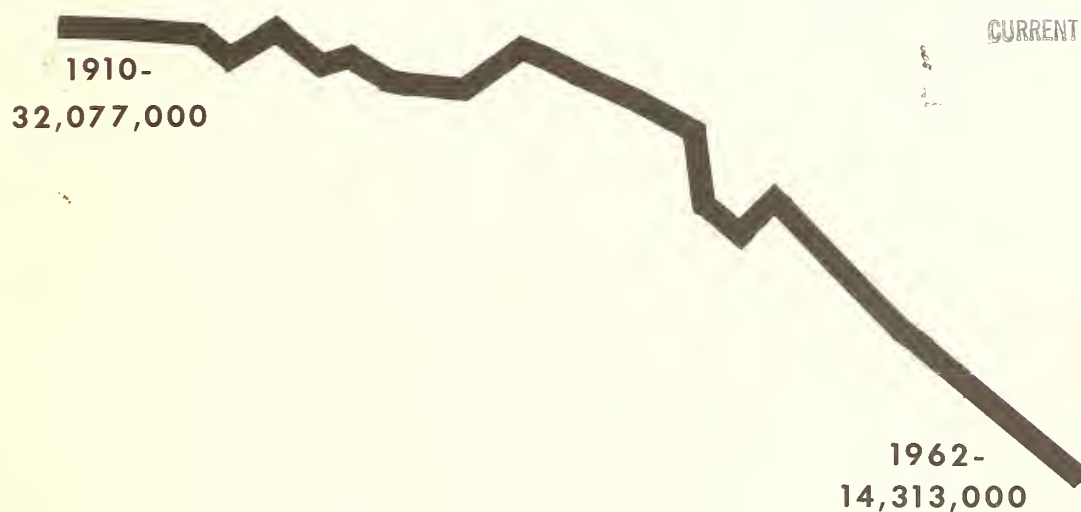
Farm Population

ESTIMATES FOR 1910-62

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ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

PREFACE

This is the latest in a group of reports by the Farm Population Branch of the Economic Research Service and its predecessor agencies relating to estimates of the farm population. Major changes in the definition of farm residence in recent years have made substantial revisions necessary in many previous figures in order to provide a useful continuous series of statistics. This bulletin brings together in one publication the newest estimates on the current definition, revisions of data for certain years, and out-of-print estimates for earlier years. It shows all available annual estimates on the size, geographic distribution, net migration, and natural increase of the farm population.

The report was prepared under the direction of Louis J. Ducoff, Chief, Farm Population Branch, Economic and Statistical Analysis Division, Economic Research Service.

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Washington, D. C.

October 1963

SUMMARY

The farm population of the United States has been declining in most years since 1916 when it reached an estimated peak of 32.5 million people. At that time it made up about a third of the total population. In 1962, farm people numbered 14.3 million, or about one-thirteenth of the total.

Since 1940, the farm population has declined most rapidly in the South and the Northeast. All States have experienced some decline, however, with the exception of Alaska. North Carolina has the largest farm population; it was estimated at 950,000 in 1960. The State with the highest proportion of farm people in its total population is North Dakota, where 33 percent of all persons lived on farms in 1960.

In the absence of migration the farm population would grow, for the number of births to farm people substantially exceeds the number of deaths. But, in most years since 1940 the net number of persons moving from farms has been several times larger than the excess of births over deaths, thus producing population declines. In the 3-year period 1959-62, the net loss in the farm population caused by outmigration or the change in classification of places from farm to nonfarm as farming ceased averaged 929,000 persons annually. The annual rate of this loss was 6.1 percent of the average farm population of the period.

FARM POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR 1910-62

By Vera J. Banks, Calvin L. Beale, and
Gladys K. Bowles, Statisticians

Economic and Statistical Analysis Division
Economic Research Service

INTRODUCTION

This report presents a continuous series of U. S. farm population estimates for the years 1910 through 1962; annual estimates of the farm population for geographic divisions and regions, 1920-62; annual estimates of the components of farm population change--births, deaths, and net change through migration or reclassification of residence--for the United States, regions, and divisions, 1920-62; and annual State farm population estimates, 1920-60.

Certain of these estimates are new; others are revisions of earlier estimates; and some are reprints of previously published estimates that are still valid but currently out of print.

New estimates:

- (1) Farm population, geographic regions and divisions, 1960-62
- (2) Natural increase and change in farm population through migration and reclassification of residence, United States, geographic regions and divisions, 1959-62
- (3) State farm population estimates, 1951-60

Revised estimates:

- (1) Farm population, geographic regions and divisions, 1941-59
- (2) Natural increase and net change in farm population through migration and reclassification of residence, United States, geographic regions and divisions, 1940-59
- (3) State farm population estimates, 1941-50

Previously published estimates:

- (1) Farm population, United States, 1910-62, and geographic regions and divisions, 1920-40
- (2) Natural increase and net change in farm population through migration and reclassification of residence, United States, geographic regions and divisions, 1920-40
- (3) State farm population estimates, 1920-40

Revised estimates for 1941 through 1959 were made necessary by the changed definition of farm population adopted for use in the 1960 Census of Population. (See

section on "Sources of Data and Definitions.") All differing estimates for 1941-59 in previously published reports are superseded and should no longer be used.

The new and more restrictive concept of farm population is based on a definition of a farm which utilizes criteria of land acreage and value of farm products sold, and which excludes urban farms. Formerly, farm residence was determined on the basis of the respondent's opinion as to whether his house was on a farm or ranch. The change in definition was largely stimulated by the fact that an increasing number of people were reporting themselves as farm residents who in reality had little economic or residential connection with agriculture. The effect of the change in definition has been to remove from the total farm population many families who sell little or no farm products. An analysis of the effects of this change in definition on the size of the farm population is contained in a cooperative release by the Economic Research Service and the Bureau of the Census. 1/ Revised estimates for the United States for the years 1941-59 appear in a report by The Economic Research Service. 2/

In view of the relatively high sampling error associated with the national farm population figures and the even larger degree of approximation inherent in the regional, divisional, and State figures and in some of the revision procedures, it is stressed that year-to-year changes in farm population and its components cannot be interpreted literally. Comparisons of single years or of year-to-year changes assume a degree of reliability that is not claimed for the data and that is not possible within the limitations of the data sources. When measuring trends--especially those involving the amount and rate of change and migration--persons using the data are urged to use averages of several years.

CHANGES IN THE FARM POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

The number of farm people in the United States was estimated to be 14.3 million in April 1962 (table 1, fig. 1). Of the total population, 7.7 percent, or 1 person in 13, was living on a farm (fig. 2). In 1910, the first year for which data are shown in this series, there were 32.1 million farm people. They comprised more than one-third of the total U. S. population.

The number of farm people is estimated to have reached a peak of 32.5 million in 1916, just before the entry of the United States into World War I. The over-all drop in farm population from the 1916 peak to the present (1962) represents a decline of 56 percent.

In the decade following entry into World War I, the number of farm people fell by nearly 2 million. Declines were concentrated in the older farming areas of the Atlantic Coast and the Middle West and were partly offset by continuing settlement in the West and the Lower Mississippi Valley. In the last years of the 1920's, the decline ceased; a period of stability set in which was followed by 3 years of increasing farm population when the general economic depression of the early 1930's occurred. Between 1930 and 1933, the number of farm residents rose from 30.5 million to 32.4 million, recovering nearly all of the loss since 1916. This increase

1/ U. S. Bureau of the Census and U. S. Department of Agriculture. Farm Population ... Effect of Definition Change on Size and Composition of the Rural-Farm Population: April 1960 and 1959. Census-AMS (P-27), No. 28. April 1961.

2/ U. S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Economic and Statistical Analysis Division. Farm Population. Revised Estimates for 1941-59. U. S. Econ. Res. Serv., ERS-90, August 1962. (Reprinted from the Farm Income Situation, U. S. Econ. Res. Serv., FIS-187, July 1962.)

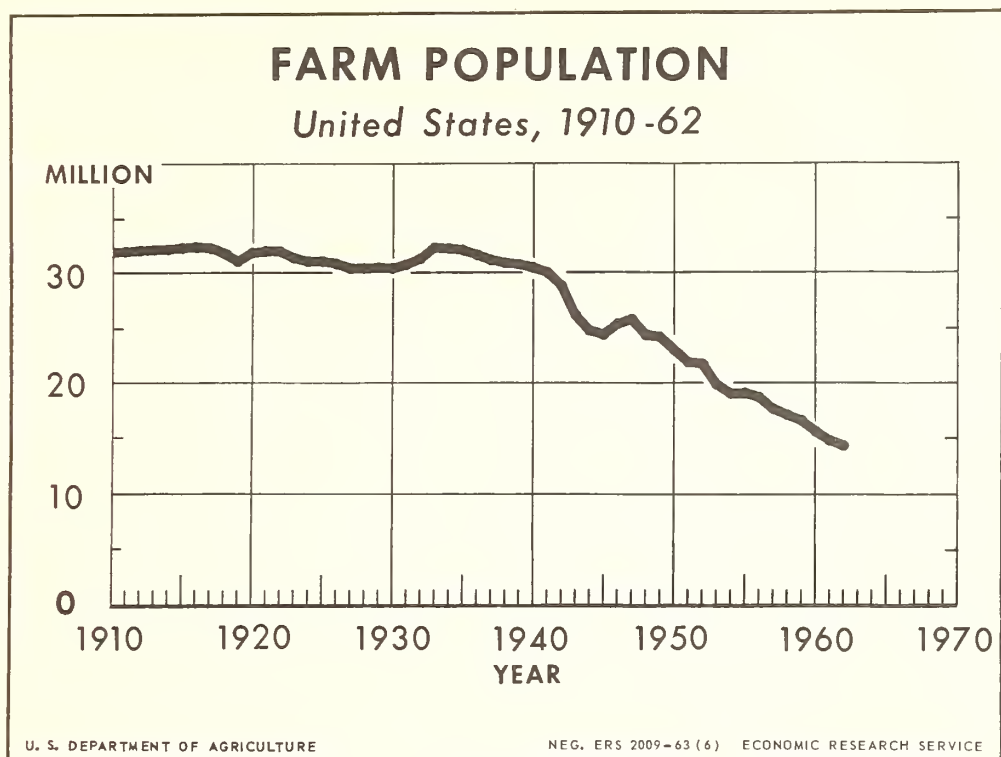


Figure 1

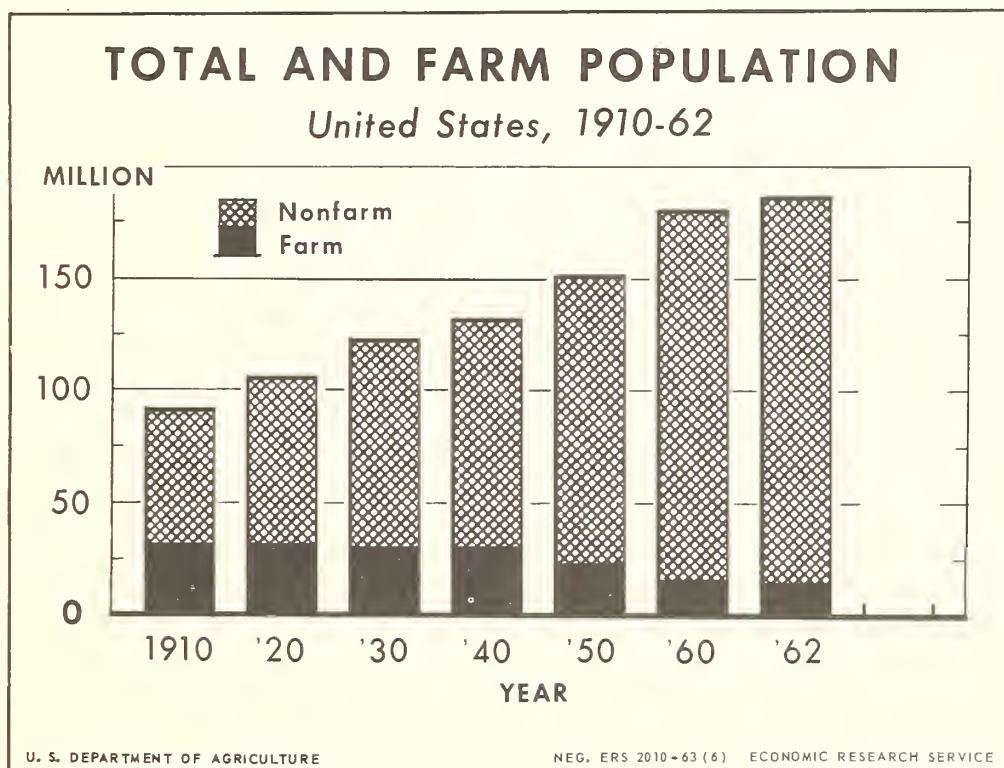


Figure 2

was nationwide. During the rest of the 1930's, declines again occurred, especially in the Dust Bowl States of the Great Plains. By 1940, the estimated farm population was almost identical with that of 1930. In effect, the depression decade led to a net outmovement of farm people that was only equal to the natural increase of births over deaths, and not enough to reduce the farm population.

World War II brought about an especially sharp and permanent drop in the farm population. The year 1940 marks a turning point in the course of the U. S. farm population. At the beginning of the year there were millions of farm residents living under conditions of low income but with little hope of finding permanent employment elsewhere if they left the farm. By the end of the year, the fall of France had fostered a burgeoning defense effort requiring many workers, and the passage of the Selective Service Act had begun the conscription of thousands of men into the Army. As a result of these events and eventual U. S. participation in the war, the number of farm residents dropped by 6.1 million, or 20 percent, between April 1940 and April 1945.

After the war, the farm population increased for 2 years, as veterans returned home and defense workers were released. But this period proved simply a transition. Good nonfarm employment opportunities, unprecedented technological progress in agriculture which reduced manpower needs on farms, compulsory military service, and many other factors acted to produce a continued lowering of the level of farm population after 1947. This decline has been felt in every State except Alaska and is still continuing.

FARM POPULATION CHANGES FOR GEOGRAPHIC AREAS

Between 1920 and 1940, there were only minor changes in the percentage distribution of the farm population among the geographic regions and divisions of the United States. During these first 20 years for which geographic data are available, the South had slightly more than one-half of the farm population, the North Central a little less than a third, and the Northeast and West each had less than a twelfth.

After 1940, considerable change occurred in the North Central and Southern proportions of the total. The North Central share began to increase steadily while the Southern share decreased. By 1960, the North Central proportion of the national total had risen to 37 percent while the South, which for years had more than half of the Nation's farm people, had fallen to 46 percent (table 8).

In the North Central States the number of farms declined gradually as the size of individual farms increased and as some land was converted to nonfarm uses. But the basic types and organization of farming did not change greatly. In the South, on the other hand, hundreds of thousands of small crop farms were converted to forestry, or combined into fewer but larger livestock farms, or were lost in the changeover of cotton farming from numerous tenant units to larger nontenant mechanized operations. The number of farm units worked by croppers in the South reflected these trends, and fell from a peak of 776,000 in 1930 to 121,000 in 1959.

Although the Northeast and the West each still had less than a tenth of the national total in 1960, they have been showing different patterns of change. The Northeast has shown a steady downward trend, extending from 1935, with much land having been withdrawn from farming for other uses. The West, on the other hand, has had its farm population losses in some areas partly offset by farm population growth in newly irrigated areas. Its share of the total farm population rose from 6.9 percent in 1920 to 9.7 percent in 1960, with a proportionate gain in every 5-year period in between.

Out of these shifting regional patterns have come some major changes in the relative rank of certain States in number of farm residents. For many years the State with the largest farm population was Texas, principally because of its huge land area and the many small cotton farms in the humid parts of the State. Settlement of the High Plains sections of the State came late, and it was not until 1933 that the Texas farm population reached its maximum of more than 2.4 million. Since then, the overall decline has been very rapid in Central and East Texas as the earlier types of crop farming have been reduced. In consequence, Texas lost its supremacy in farm population to North Carolina in 1950 (table 7).

North Carolina, the ranking State since 1950, is an old State but is not thought to have reached its maximum farm population until 1939 (1.7 million). Unlike the States of the Deep South, North Carolina's main dependence has been on cigarette tobacco rather than on cotton. Tobacco is an intensive crop grown on small acreages per farm and still requiring much hand labor. These factors, combined with the increased demands for tobacco that extended well into the 1950's, have served to lessen the rate of farm population loss in that State. North Carolina does not have as many farms as Texas, but the average size of farm family is considerably larger and so is the total farm population of 950,000. In 1960, Texas was still the second State in number of farm people, but its farm population of 0.8 million was only a third of the peak of 2.4 million people 27 years earlier.

Georgia is the most notable of the States that have declined in rank in farm population. In 1920, it had the Nation's second largest farm population, but it is now down to 14th. Other States that have fallen greatly in rank are also cotton States. Alabama, Arkansas, and Oklahoma, which were 4th, 9th, and 14th in 1920, are now 13th, 20th, and 25th in number of farm people. Standing in contrast are three contiguous midwestern States. Iowa--which is perhaps more uniformly suitable for farming than any other State--rose in rank from 15th to 3rd from 1920 to 1960, and its neighbors, Minnesota and Wisconsin, rose from 19th and 17th to 6th and 10th.

In 1960, two States had less than 10,000 farm residents: Alaska with 3,000, and Rhode Island with 6,000. In Rhode Island, the density of farm population per square mile is as great as in the United States as a whole. The small number of farm people results solely from the small area of the State. In Alaska, however, agricultural settlement is sparse, and entirely absent from many parts of the State. Estimates for Alaska for years prior to 1960 are not shown in this report, but the small Alaskan farm population is considered to have increased somewhat during the 1950's, in contrast to the trend in other States.

In Hawaii, the newest State of the Union, farm population was estimated at 12,000 in 1960. However, the majority of farm operators and nearly all hired farm-workers in Hawaii live in village-type settlements or towns and are not classified as residing on the farm. The farm-resident population was 1.9 percent of the total population, but persons employed in agriculture comprised 5.8 percent of the employed labor force.

Farm population changes for regions, divisions, and States, for 1920-60, by decades, are shown in table 9.

FARM POPULATION AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL POPULATION

Since the end of the depression, the proportion that farm people comprise of the total population has declined rapidly everywhere, not only because farm numbers have been dropping but also because the size of the total population has grown greatly.

In 1920, when State data were first obtained, there were only 5 States (Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey) where less than 10 percent of the people lived on farms. All were in the industrial Northeast (table 6). Including Alaska and Hawaii, there were by 1960 27 such States, widely scattered (fig. 3).

The last State to have a majority of its people on farms was Mississippi in 1950. So rapid have recent changes been in that State that the percentage on farms fell from 50 to 31 percent between 1950 and 1960, despite no growth of the State's total population. At present the States that have the highest proportions of their people on farms are North Dakota, South Dakota, and Mississippi, in each of which the percentage ranged between 31 and 33 percent in 1960. At the other extreme are Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Alaska, and Connecticut in which only 1 percent of the State population lived on farms in 1960.

COMPONENTS OF CHANGE IN FARM POPULATION

Natural Increase

If natural increase--that is the excess of births over deaths--were the only component of population change, the farm population of the United States would have a different historical trend--one of continuous increase. Farm people have long been characterized by high fertility and average mortality, causing births to exceed deaths.

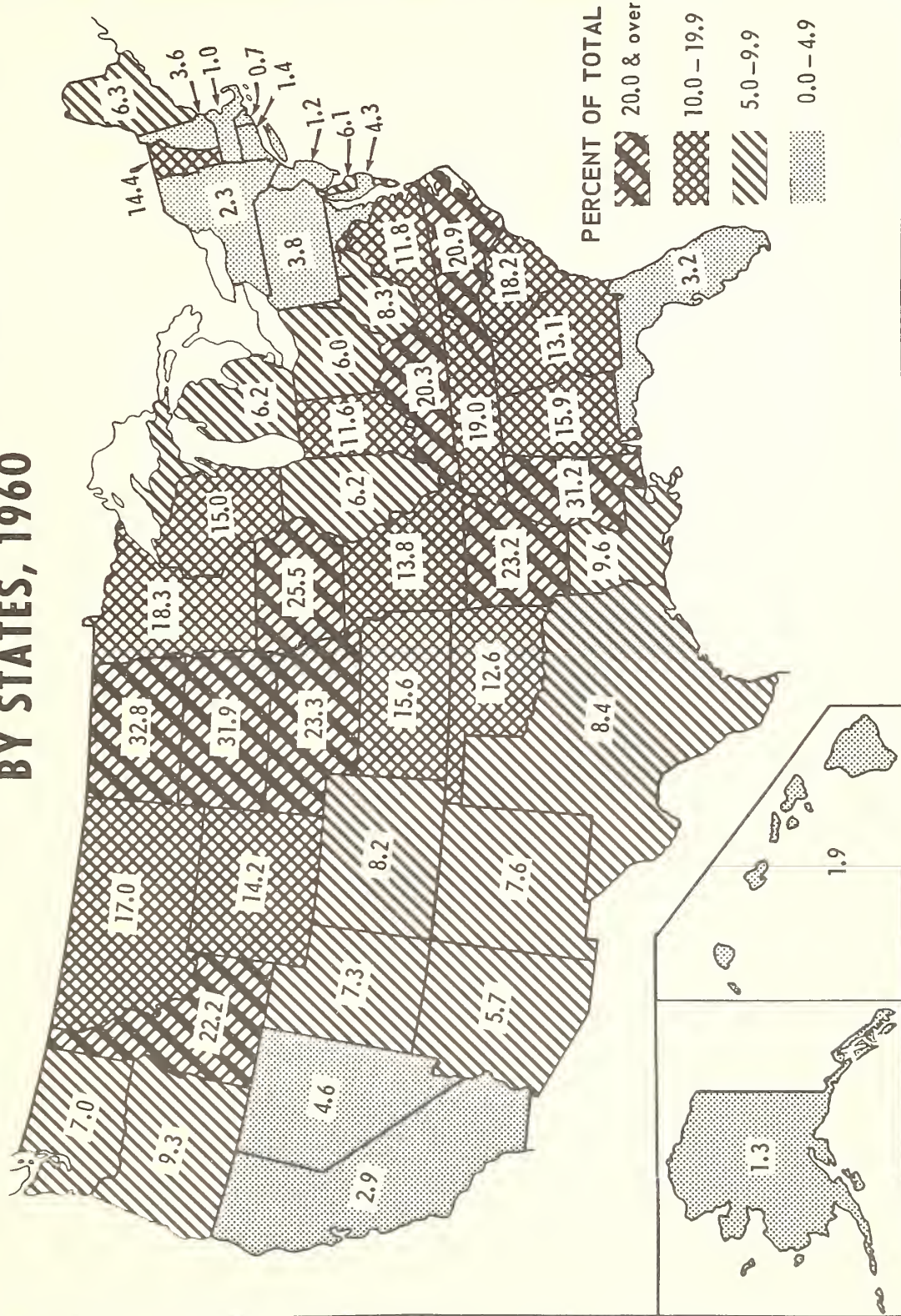
Over the years, however, the natural increase of the farm population has declined. From 1920 to 1930, the average annual natural increase was 485,000. In the next decade, the average dropped to 385,000. The decline in natural increase was interrupted during the 1940-50 decade when the average annual excess of births over deaths is estimated to have been 390,000. During this period, both births and deaths dropped in numbers as millions of farm people moved out of farming. However, the number of deaths fell more rapidly than did the number of births, for the average annual wartime and post-war rate of childbearing was high among those farm people who remained (tables 3 and 5).

By the 1950-60 decade, the average annual natural increase had fallen to 271,000--little more than half that of 1920-30. In the 1950's, the high outmigration rate which brought about such sharp drops in the farm population was largely responsible for the 31 percent drop in natural increase compared with the previous decade. During the 1950's, the level of fertility of farm women of childbearing age changed relatively little compared with the 1940's. But the change in the age distribution of farm people would have produced a drop of about 20 percent in the crude farm birth rate from 1950 to 1960 even if age-specific fertility rates had not changed. On the other hand, if age-specific mortality had remained the same, the crude farm death rate would have increased by about 18 percent from the beginning to the end of the decade simply because of the increased proportion of older persons in the farm population. Therefore, the natural increase of the farm population would have been lowered because of outmigration of young potential parents and the aging of the population even if the age-specific fertility and mortality rates had remained entirely unchanged over the decade. ^{3/}

Migration of young adults has left the farm population with 3 percent more elderly or late middle-aged persons of ages 55 and over than persons of ages 20 to 39. In contrast, the nonfarm population has 50 percent more persons of ages 20 to 39

^{3/} This discussion is based on data found in the 1960 Census of Population and other reports.

FARM POPULATION AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION, BY STATES, 1960



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Figure 3

than those of ages 55 and over. (See footnote 3.) A population with an age distribution such as the farm population now has cannot have as high a natural increase as it did when its age distribution was more normal.

It is estimated that the crude farm birth rate--births per 1,000 total population--is now lower than the nonfarm rate. For the period April 1960-62, these estimated rates are 20.4 for the farm population and 23.6 for the nonfarm.

Migration

As implied in the discussion above, the major factor which has caused farm population decline is the heavy movement of people from farm to nonfarm areas. Another factor is the loss which occurs when agricultural operations on a place are ended and the classification of dwelling units is thereby changed from farm to nonfarm. Persons living on such places shift from farm to nonfarm in residence without actually moving. The extent of farm population decrease that can be attributed to such reclassification of residence is not precisely known. However, it is believed that this type of reclassification has become more substantial in recent years in view of increased abandonment of farming and conversion of farmland to urban and other nonfarm uses. For convenience, we use the terms "movement" and "migration" to refer to the total of both types of change.

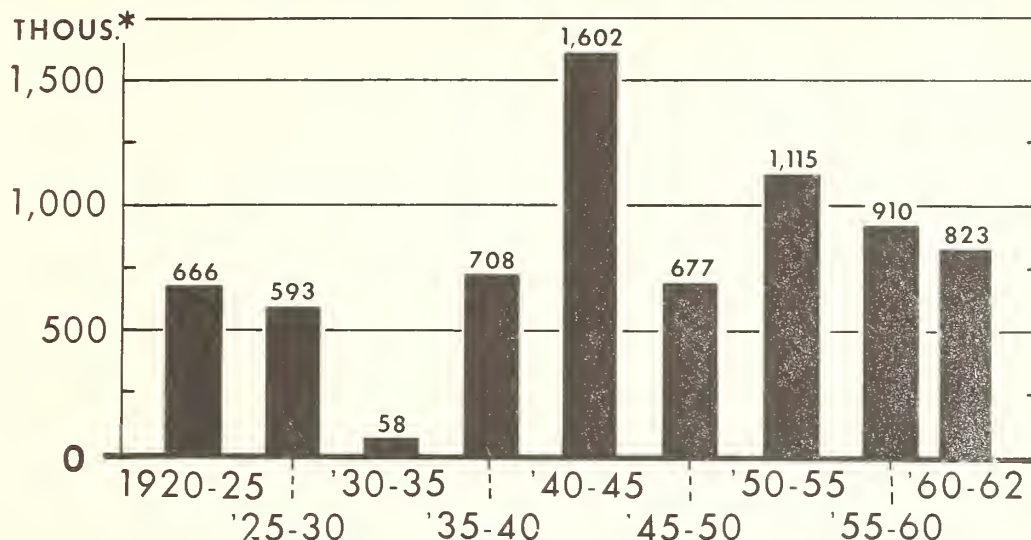
In every decade except 1930-40, the natural increase of farm people has been more than offset by net movement from farms (tables 3 and 5). Between 1920 and 1930, an annual net average of 630,000 persons left farms. During the 1930-40 decade, the volume of migration was cut by 39 percent to an annual average of 382,000. The lowered net outmigration for this decade is attributed to the depression of the 1930's which caused a slackening of the off-farm movement, and for awhile even induced a temporary back-to-the-farm movement from nonfarm areas. Between 1940 and 1950, heavy outmigration from farms was resumed, and the average net change through movement and reclassification rose to an estimated 1,139,000 annually, almost triple that of the previous decade. During the 1950's, the amount of outmigration declined slightly to an average of 1,013,000 as the base population was reduced, but the rate of change was even higher than before. (See figure 4 for net outmigration data.)

The annual rate for net outmigration--in which the average amount of net migration is expressed as a percentage of the average farm population--rose from 2.0 percent in the 1920-30 decade to 5.3 percent in the 1950-60 decade and 6.1 percent during the period April 1959-62 (table 3).

The estimated level of 6.1 percent for the 1959-62 period is actually a little higher than the rate observed from April 1940 to April 1945 (5.8 percent) during World War II when the most extreme economic and military conditions fostering outmigration were present. The high rates of 1959-62 stemmed largely from the effects of technological and organizational adjustments in farming.

One reason for the continuing high level of outmigration is that a majority of migrants from farms are young adults, many of whom leave home shortly after finishing school. At present, a larger proportion of the farm population consists of youth who are finishing school, and are thus at the age of peak migration, than was true 10 years ago. At that time youth coming of age were the survivors of the proportionately small numbers of children born during the 1930's when the birth rate was somewhat depressed. Farm youth currently growing up, however, are the survivors of children born during and immediately after the war when birth rates were higher. The largest age group of farm children in 1962 was the group 12 to 16 years. Groups born since 1949 are smaller because of the heavy outmigration of potential parents that occurred after that time. Thus, when present young farm children become older and begin to migrate, the number of young migrants will probably diminish, and their diminution

AVERAGE ANNUAL NET OUTMIGRATION FROM THE FARM POPULATION



*NET CHANGE THROUGH MIGRATION AND RECLASSIFICATION OF RESIDENCE FROM FARM TO NONFARM.

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Figure 4

should effect some reduction in the total migration rate independent of any trends due to technology.(See footnote 3.)

FARM POPULATION CHANGES SINCE 1959

Starting in 1960, the annual survey on which the components of farm population change in the preceding year are based utilized the new definition of farm population. Therefore it was possible to develop estimates of the components of change for the period April 1959-60, and information is available beginning with 1959 on movements to and from farms as well as on net change due to such movements (table 4).

Between 1959 and 1962, the farm population declined by 2.3 million, or 13.7 percent. During this period, an average of 315,000 children were born annually on farms, and about 146,000 farm residents died each year, resulting in natural increase in the farm population of about 169,000 persons annually (table 3). This natural increase was offset by an annual net outmigration of 929,000 persons in this period. An annual average of 317,000 persons moved from nonfarm to farm areas or began farming operations on their places, and an annual average of 1,246,000 persons left farms or the classification of their residence changed from farm to nonfarm.

Decline in farm population between 1959 and 1962 was experienced in all geographic divisions of the Nation (table 2). The loss varied from 18 percent in the West South Central Division to 11 percent in the East North Central Division. Although the divisions experienced varying degrees of population loss, there was little change in

the proportion that farm population comprised of the total in the several divisions between 1959 and 1962.

SOURCES OF DATA AND DEFINITIONS

Sources of Data

The following tables contain estimates based on data derived from four principal sources. These are: (1) Current Population Surveys of the Bureau of the Census which provide the annual Census-ERS estimates of the U. S. farm population; (2) decennial Censuses of Population from which benchmark data for States, geographic divisions, and regions are derived in census years; (3) annual ERS Surveys of the Farm Population on which annual estimates of geographic distributions are based except for decennial census years, and from which estimates of components of change are derived annually; and (4) other related data.

Definition of Farm Population

The data presented in this report relate to the population living on farms, regardless of occupation. Although the definition of what constitutes the farm population has varied over the years in the censuses and surveys which are basic to the estimates provided herein, revisions of data have been made where necessary to provide a continuous series from 1910 through 1962 that may be used for chronological comparisons.

Estimates for 1960-62 are based on the definition adopted for the 1960 Census of Population and Current Population Surveys beginning in 1960. Estimates for 1940 and years previous are based on the definitions of farm population used in the 1940 Census of Population, and the estimates for 1941 through 1959 result from a method devised to splice the earlier estimates and the estimates for 1960.

Since 1960, the farm population has been defined as all persons living in rural territory on places of 10 or more acres if as much as \$50 worth of agricultural products were sold from the place in the reporting year. It also includes people living on places of under 10 acres if as much as \$250 worth of agricultural products were sold from the place in the reporting year. Persons living on what might be considered farmland are classified as nonfarm if they rent for cash a house and yard only without any land for agricultural purposes. Also classified as nonfarm since 1950 are all persons in institutions, summer camps, motels, and tourist camps.

In the Current Population Survey (CPS) of the Bureau of the Census from which current estimates of the total farm population of the United States are obtained, unmarried persons attending college away from home are enumerated as residents of their parents' homes, whereas in the decennial population census such persons are enumerated as residents of the communities where they are attending college. The effect of this difference is to classify a larger number of college-age persons as farm residents in the CPS (and thus in this report) than would be so classified under decennial census usage.

Previous to 1960, no specific criteria of acreage operated or value of products sold from a place were used to classify farm population. Farm residence was determined from the question "Is this house on a farm (or ranch)?" The change in definition in 1960 was largely stimulated by the fact that an increasing number of people were reporting themselves as farm residents who, in reality, had very little economic or residential connection with agriculture. The previous way of classifying farm people is thought to represent adequately the conditions prevailing in 1940 and earlier

years, when farming for subsistence purposes was much more common than it is today. Thus, no revisions have been made of estimates for these years.

The revised estimates for 1941 through 1959 are not based on a specific definition but are essentially spliced between the estimates for 1940 and 1960.

Annual Farm Population Survey

The Economic Research Service and its predecessor agencies have conducted an annual survey of the farm population and its components of change since 1923. Utilizing the Crop Reporting System of the Department of Agriculture, reports are collected through a mailed questionnaire (fig. 5). The respondents report on the number of persons who were living on their own and neighboring farms at the beginning and end of a specified 12-month period. They also report on births, deaths, and changes through migration which occurred during this period.

From these data, ratios of each component of change during the specified period to the sample farm population at the beginning of the period are computed for each State. By applying ratios from the sample to previously obtained expanded State estimates for the beginning of the period, estimates are obtained of each component of change during a year. These expanded estimates of births, deaths, and movement of persons to and from farms are summed to the populations at the beginning of the period to obtain a set of preliminary estimates of the farm population at the end of the year. Final estimates are developed by adjusting the preliminary State estimates so that they will sum to the independent estimate for the United States provided by Current Population Surveys of the Bureau of the Census, and likewise adjusting components of change to account for differences shown.

Although the basic procedures involve preparation of estimates for each State, the Economic Research Service publishes postcensal estimates only for regions and divisions because of the limitations of the sample and the estimating procedures. When terminal as well as beginning benchmark Census of Population data become available for a period, the postcensal estimates are revised and become intercensal estimates. Data from the new Census of Population, along with data from the mailed questionnaires, previous censuses, CPS surveys, and other independent sources are utilized in making the intercensal estimates. Estimates for States as well as for geographic divisions and regions are issued for intercensal periods.

METHODS OF DERIVING THE ESTIMATES

Briefly, the method of developing the estimates in this report involved the following:

(1) Estimation of the U. S. totals of farm population for each year, cooperatively, by the Bureau of the Census and the Economic Research Service, or by the Economic Research Service alone.

(2) Establishment of benchmark estimates for States, geographic divisions and regions for decennial census years, such as 1940, 1950, and 1960, utilizing complete census count data and the U. S. estimates in (1) above.

(3) For 1960-62, developing preliminary estimates of components of change and estimates of farm population for geographic divisions, regions, and United States, utilizing benchmark data for 1960 and the results of the annual ERS surveys for 1961 and 1962, and then adjusting to the independent totals for the United States from (1) above; developing for 1959-60 similar estimates, using the 1960 benchmark data and the 1960 annual survey results in a reverse procedure, followed by adjustment to

PLEASE PRINT NAME AND ADDRESS

Your name _____
 Post Office Address _____
 State _____
 County _____
 (In which your farm is located)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE
 WASHINGTON, D. C.

103

Budget Bureau No. 40-R017.12
 Approval expires May 31, 1962

ANNUAL FARM POPULATION SURVEY

APRIL 1, 1962

TO REPORTING FARMERS:

The Department of Agriculture needs your cooperation in obtaining information on the numbers of people living on farms in the United States. Persons planning programs important to you and other farm people use the information you will provide.

Please answer the questions for the farm* which you operate and for each farm* which touches any part of yours or is separated from yours by only a road. Report for all these places farmed at any time between April 1, 1961 and April 1, 1962 even though a place has now been abandoned or converted to other uses. Include new farms.

*Count places as farms:

(1) if they are 10 acres or more in size and sold at least \$50 worth of agricultural products in 1961.

(2) if they are under 10 acres and sold at least \$250 worth of agricultural products in 1961. Families who pay cash rent for house and yard only should not be reported.

Answer the questions for your farm and adjoining farms even though there have been no changes during the year. If an entire family has moved away from a farm, please report the number of persons in the family under the heading "How many persons moved away from each farm?" Also report all other persons who moved away from these farms unless they stayed away less than one month.

If an entire family has moved to a farm, report the number of persons in the family under the heading "How many persons moved to each farm?" Also report all other persons who moved to these farms unless they stayed on the farm less than one month.

Be sure to report all moves on or off the farm during the whole year.

If there are more than 6 farms which touch or are separated from your farm by only a road, report on the 6 which have houses nearest your farm home. If you cannot give complete information for any farm, write in "Don't know" for the unknown items.

Please return the enclosed inquiry in the enclosed envelope which requires no stamp.

Very truly yours,

Mathew M. Keffauy
 Administrator

- 12 -

Farm unit	What is the last name of head of family who operates the farm now or who operated it last? (Use one line for each farm or ranch)	Number of PERSONS living in all houses on farm (except families paying cash rent for house and yard only)		Changes during the period April 1, 1961 to April 1, 1962				How many persons moved away from each farm?			
		April 1962 (include babies)	April 1961 (include babies)	How many babies were born to persons living on each farm?	How many persons died who were living on each farm?	From other farms	From cities, towns, or villages	From other or unknown places	To other farms	To cities, towns, or villages	To other or unknown places
Farm you operate ...0											
Bordering Farm.....1											
Bordering Farm.....2											
Bordering Farm.....3											
Bordering Farm.....4											
Bordering Farm.....5											
Bordering Farm.....6											
	XXXXXXXXXXXX										

Your comments about the movement of persons to and from farms, of farm people to or from nonfarm employment, and the starting or abandoning of farms in your locality will be greatly appreciated. Please use other side of sheet.

GPO 922740

Figure 5

the independent U. S. total, (1959 estimates were used as benchmark data for certain estimating procedures).

(4) For 1941-49 and 1951-58, developing estimates of the farm population annually for geographic divisions by interpolating between the divisional percentage distributions of U. S. farm population for benchmark years, obtaining numerical estimates by applying the interpolated divisional percentages to given U. S. totals for each year, and summing for regional estimates.

(5) For 1940-59, developing estimates of the components of change for divisions, regions, and the United States, utilizing results of the annual ERS surveys and related data, adjusted to tie in with the estimates established in (1), (2), and (4) above.

(6) Developing estimates for States for other than benchmark years, utilizing for 1941-49 previously published data from the annual ERS surveys along with the annual division figures developed in (2) above, and utilizing for 1951-58 a method of interpolation between benchmark percentage distributions and subsequent procedures as followed above in (4).

Development of U. S. Estimates

The U. S. farm population estimates for 1960-62 are April-centered annual averages of the rural-farm population based on data from the Current Population Survey of the Bureau of the Census for the 5 quarters centered on the April date for which the estimate was being prepared. ^{4/} These estimates were previously published in the joint Census-ERS report "Estimates of the Farm Population of the United States, April 1962." ^{5/}

The estimates for 1941 through 1959, developed by the Economic Research Service, were based on the previously published estimates on the old definition prepared jointly by the Bureau of the Census and the Economic Research Service for 1940 through 1960 and on the difference between the farm population on the old and new definitions for 1960. These estimates, and a more detailed statement of the reasons and methods of revision, first appeared in "Farm Population ... Revised Estimates for 1941-59." (See footnote 2.)

Several methods of obtaining the revised estimates for the years 1941-59 were tried. A major premise in evaluating them was the belief that the result should show more of the adjustment due to definition change occurring in the 1950's than in the 1940's. The most important support for this premise lies in the results of the censuses of agriculture which show that both the numerical and relative rates of decline in the number of farms were considerably higher in the 1950's than in the 1940's.

The end amount of adjustment to be made for the 20 years was 4,906,000, which was the difference between the old and new definition estimates in 1960. It was assumed that the annual average of this adjustment (245,300) was appropriate as the amount of the adjustment to occur in the middle year of the series. Further, it was assumed that the adjustment for other years could be estimated by adding

^{4/} An April-centered annual average for a given year is based on the quarterly estimates for the month of October of the previous year, and the months of January, April, July, and October of the given year. The average is computed by giving a weight of one-eighth to each of the two October estimates and a weight of one-fourth to the estimate for each of the other 3 months.

^{5/} U. S. Bureau of the Census and U. S. Department of Agriculture. Estimates of the Farm Population of the United States, April 1962. Series Census-ERS (P-27) No. 33. March 1963.

increments on to the 1950 adjustment figure for each succeeding year, and by deducting decrements from the 1950 figure for each preceding year, such that the cumulative whole of annual adjustments would sum to 4,906,000.

The cumulative adjustments for each year (beginning in 1941) were subtracted from the existing farm population figure on the old definition for each year. Use of the old annual farm population series as the base to which adjustments are applied served to retain the general configuration of the old trend line in the new series. The adjustment method chosen had the effect of putting about three-fifths of the adjustment due to definition change into the 1950's and two-fifths into the 1940's.

When this procedure was followed, the estimated farm population for 1950 was 23,108,000. This estimate for 1950 proved to be close to the enumerated rural-farm population in the 1950 Census of Population--23,048,000. The coincidence may be essentially fortuitous, but because of the advantages that would accrue in making other revisions to follow--such as State estimates and migration data--it was decided to substitute and accept the 1950 Census figure in place of the computed estimate for 1950. Minor adjustments were then made in figures for other years to conform to the 1950 benchmark.

Estimates for 1940 and earlier years were developed by the Farm Population Branch when it was a part of predecessor agencies of the ERS, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics and the Agricultural Marketing Service, from data from decennial censuses of 1920, 1930, and 1940, and BAE and AMS surveys. 6/ They are reprinted here for convenience without revision. A statement on the method of development of estimates for these years is not included here.

Benchmark Data for States, Geographic Divisions, and Regions

1960.--The rural-farm population figures for States from the 1960 Census of Population (which yielded a U. S. figure of 13,444,898) were inflated to the U. S. figure of 15,635,000 from the Current Population Survey. 7/ To do this a procedure was developed which utilized for each State information on the proportion of farm operators reported as living on farms in the 1959 Census of Agriculture, as it was evident that a disproportionate number of farm operators were reported as living off the farm in the Census of Population. Division and region benchmark estimates were obtained by summation of appropriate State figures.

1959.--(Benchmark farm population estimates and 1959-60 components of change.) Since the 1960 annual ERS survey had used the 1960 definition of farm population, it was possible to develop estimates for 1959 utilizing the survey results in a reverse procedure. Ratios were based on the population at the end of the year rather than at the beginning of the year as is customary. These ratios were applied to 1960

6/ U. S. Bureau of the Census and U. S. Department of Agriculture. Revised Estimates of the Farm Population of the United States, 1910 to 1950. Series Census-BAE, No. 16. March 1953; U. S. Agricultural Marketing Service. Farm Population ... Annual Estimates by States, Major Geographic Divisions and Regions, 1920-50 ... and for the United States, 1910-50. U. S. Agr. Mktg. Serv., AMS-102. November 1953. Reissued April 1956 (now out of print); and U. S. Agricultural Marketing Service. Farm Population ... Migration To and From Farms, 1920-54. U. S. Agr. Mktg. Serv., AMS-10. December 1954 (now out of print).

7/ U. S. Bureau of the Census. U. S. Census of Population: 1960. General Social and Economic Characteristics. U. S. Summary. Final Report PC(1)-1C. Washington. 1962. The final Detailed Characteristics report gives a slightly higher figure of 13,474,771 through inclusion of persons living in bunk houses and other group housing.

State benchmark figures to obtain estimates of births, deaths, and movements of persons to and from farms. Preliminary 1959 State farm population figures were obtained by reverse summation of components of change to the population in 1960. Final estimates were obtained by adjusting the preliminary 1959 figures to the independent U. S. estimate for that year, and components of change were likewise adjusted to account for differences shown. Division and region benchmark estimates were obtained by summation of appropriate State figures.

1950.--In the revision of U. S. farm population totals for 1941-59, the originally estimated 1950 rural-farm population figure was so close to the enumerated figure in the Census of Population that the census figure was accepted instead. Therefore, the 1950 Census rural-farm population figures for States, divisions, and regions were utilized for the 1950 benchmark data in this revised series. 8/

Farm Population Estimates and Components of Change, 1960-62

Since these are regular postcensal estimates, procedures outlined in the previous section, "Annual Farm Population Survey," were followed in their development. Ratios of each component of change to the sample population at the beginning of the year were computed for each State. These ratios were applied to the expanded populations for States at the beginning of the period for which estimates were being developed to obtain expanded estimates of births, deaths, and movements of persons to and from farms. Preliminary estimates of the farm population for the end of the period were developed by summing the components of change to the population at the beginning of the period. Final estimates were obtained by adjusting the preliminary figures to the independent U. S. estimate for the given year and likewise adjusting components of change to account for differences shown. Division, region, and U. S. figures were obtained by summation of figures for States. Data for the United States, regions, and divisions are published.

Division and Region Population Estimates for 1941-49 and 1951-58

For each of the two periods separately, methods of interpolation were utilized which considered the annual changes in the revised farm population for the United States as a whole along with the percentage that a division comprised of the U. S. total at the beginning and at the end of the period. Thus, percentages that divisions comprised of the U. S. total for each year were obtained. To prevent unrealistic changes immediately preceding benchmark dates, percentages were computed by both forward and reverse procedures. These forward and reverse sets of percentage distributions were applied to the established U. S. totals to obtain two sets of annual estimates of farm population by divisions. The forward and reverse estimates for each year for each division were then averaged; the resulting averages summed to the fixed U. S. estimate for the year, within rounding. Region totals were obtained by summation.

Division, Region, and U. S. Components of Change Estimates, 1940-59

Estimates of the components of change in the farm population developed annually for geographic divisions were adjusted for this revised series so that they reflect the changes made in the annual farm population estimates. The precise methods of accomplishing this were rather complicated. In general, they involved developing estimates of births and deaths from rates and obtaining estimates of net migration (including reclassification of residence) as residuals.

8/ U. S. Bureau of the Census. U. S. Census of Population: 1950. Vol. II, Characteristics of the Population, Part 1, U. S. Summary, Chapter B. Washington. 1952.

Birth and death rates for geographic divisions from the annual surveys were adjusted to reflect yearly or decade changes in rates for the United States derived from independent data. Such independent sources include natality and mortality data from the National Vital Statistics Division, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, and approximations of farm birth rates derived from Census of Population data on numbers of young children. These birth and death rates were utilized to produce numbers of births and deaths (and from them estimates of natural increase) that related to the revised annual farm population figures. Annual estimates of net change through migration and reclassification of residence for divisions were obtained as residuals by subtracting natural increase (births minus deaths) from the change in the population at the beginning and end of a specified year. Region and U. S. totals for all components were obtained by summation.

State Farm Population Estimates, 1941-49 and 1951-58

State farm population estimates for 1941-49 were developed from the previously published estimates for these years by simply applying their former percentage distributions to the revised geographic division estimates. For 1951-58, percentage distributions for States within geographic divisions for each year were obtained by interpolating between 1950 and 1959 benchmark percentage distributions. These were then applied to the established geographic division estimates.

LIMITATIONS AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

The limitations and reliability of the estimates presented above can only be stated in general terms, except for those for the United States as a whole. In general, it should be noted that small figures, small changes, and trends over a short period of time may have less reliability than larger numbers and changes and trends over a period of several years.

To illustrate the reliability of the U. S. estimates, the sampling errors of the 1962 estimate can be used. It is estimated by the Bureau of the Census that the sampling error of the April 1962 estimate of the farm population of the United States is about 3 percent. (See footnote 5.) The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate of the total farm population from the sample would differ from a complete enumeration by less than this percentage. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be no more than 6 percent, and 99 out of 100 that it would be no more than 7-1/2 percent. As in any survey, results are also subject to errors of response and nonreporting.

Farm population estimates for geographic subdivisions and all estimates of components of change are based on U. S. Department of Agriculture mailed-questionnaire survey data, tied to benchmark figures from complete censuses and adjusted to total estimates of farm population obtained from the enumerative sample surveys of the Bureau of the Census or prepared by the Economic Research Service. The reliability of these estimates is therefore partly dependent upon the reliability of the U. S. estimate, discussed above, and in addition upon the reliability of the mailed-questionnaire survey, which is dependent upon the size of the sample and the representativeness of returns from the survey.

The numbers of farms reported on in the 1962 survey are shown in table A. Estimates for the geographic areas should be used with caution, particularly those for which the sample was relatively small. The reliability of year-to-year changes is much less than that of trends shown during a period of several years. Figures for areas that contain relatively large numbers of people with marginal connections to agriculture may be subject to greater error than those for other divisions, even for benchmark dates.

Table A.--Replies tabulated and number of farms reported on in annual mailed questionnaire farm population survey, 1962

Area	Replies tabulated	Farms reported on	Reported farms as estimated percentage of all farms
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>
United States	25,556	103,546	2.8
Region:			
Northeast	2,847	10,323	4.2
North Central	9,207	43,030	2.9
South	9,159	34,821	2.2
West	4,343	15,372	4.3
Division:			
New England	183	466	.8
Middle Atlantic	2,664	9,857	5.2
East North Central	3,682	17,861	2.7
West North Central	5,525	25,169	3.1
South Atlantic	3,375	12,628	2.1
East South Central	2,637	10,871	2.0
West South Central	3,147	11,322	2.3
Mountain	1,712	6,438	4.1
Pacific (excl. Hawaii)	2,631	8,934	4.4

States in the geographic divisions are: New England: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut; Middle Atlantic: New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania; East North Central: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin; West North Central: Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas; South Atlantic: Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida; East South Central: Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas; Mountain: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada; Pacific: Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, and Hawaii.

Divisions in the regions are: Northeast: New England, Middle Atlantic; North Central: East North Central, West North Central; South: South Atlantic, East South Central, West South Central; West: Mountain and Pacific.

RELATED REPORTS

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Table 1.--Total and farm population for the United States, annual estimates,
April 1910-62

Year	Total population, including Armed Forces overseas	Farm population	
		Number	Percentage of total
	<u>1/</u>		
	Thousands	Thousands	Percent
1962 <u>2/</u>	185,937	14,313	7.7
1961 <u>2/</u>	183,025	14,803	8.1
1960 <u>2/</u>	180,007	15,635	8.7
1959	<u>3/</u> 176,551	16,592	9.4
1958	173,367	17,128	9.9
1957	170,496	17,656	10.4
1956	167,509	18,712	11.2
1955	164,607	19,078	11.6
1954	161,761	19,019	11.8
1953	159,012	19,874	12.5
1952	156,421	21,748	13.9
1951	153,691	21,890	14.2
1950	151,132	23,048	15.3
1949	148,595	24,194	16.3
1948	146,051	24,383	16.7
1947	143,480	25,829	18.0
1946	141,039	25,403	18.0
1945	139,583	24,420	17.5
1944	138,027	24,815	18.0
1943	136,297	26,186	19.2
1942	134,498	28,914	21.5
1941	133,098	30,118	22.6
1940	131,820	30,547	23.2
1939	130,642	30,840	23.6
1938	129,589	30,980	23.9
1937	128,649	31,266	24.3
1936	127,886	31,737	24.8
1935	127,057	32,161	25.3
1934	126,192	32,305	25.6
1933	125,401	32,393	25.8
1932	124,658	31,388	25.2
1931	123,841	30,845	24.9
1930	122,775	30,529	24.9
1929	121,453	30,580	25.2
1928	120,135	30,548	25.4
1927	118,628	30,530	25.7
1926	117,007	30,979	26.5
1925	115,402	31,190	27.0
1924	113,573	31,177	27.5
1923	111,476	31,490	28.2
1922	109,676	32,109	29.3
1921	108,023	32,123	29.7
1920	106,089	31,974	30.1
1919	104,935	31,200	29.7
1918	104,266	31,950	30.6
1917	103,052	32,430	31.5
1916	101,612	32,530	32.0
1915	100,191	32,440	32.4
1914	98,645	32,320	32.8
1913	96,753	32,270	33.4
1912	94,965	32,210	33.9
1911	93,502	32,110	34.3
1910	91,885	32,077	34.9

1/ Includes the Armed Forces overseas except for 1910-16 and 1920-39. Data for those years relate only to persons residing in continental United States; numbers in the Armed Forces overseas during those years were fairly small. 2/ Includes Alaska and Hawaii. 3/ Includes Alaska.

Table 2.--Farm population by regions and divisions, annual estimates and percentage distribution, April 1959-62

Area	Farm population								
	Number				Percentage distribution				Percentage change from 1959 to 1962
	1962	1961	1960	1959	1962	1961	1960	1959	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	
United States	14,313	14,803	15,635	16,592	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	-13.7
Region:									
Northeast	1,029	1,058	1,119	1,175	7.2	7.1	7.2	7.1	-12.4
North Central	5,365	5,535	5,836	6,191	37.5	37.4	37.3	37.3	-13.3
South	6,538	6,767	7,160	7,613	45.7	45.7	45.8	45.9	-14.1
West	1,381	1,443	1,520	1,613	9.6	9.8	9.7	9.7	-14.4
Division:									
New England	207	211	232	246	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	-15.9
Middle Atlantic	822	847	887	929	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.6	-11.5
East North Central	2,639	2,710	2,821	2,974	18.4	18.3	18.0	17.9	-11.3
West North Central	2,726	2,825	3,015	3,217	19.1	19.1	19.3	19.4	-15.3
South Atlantic	2,607	2,710	2,838	2,984	18.2	18.3	18.2	18.0	-12.6
East South Central	2,307	2,375	2,494	2,641	16.1	16.0	15.9	15.9	-12.6
West South Central	1,624	1,682	1,828	1,988	11.4	11.4	11.7	12.0	-18.3
Mountain	605	635	678	719	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	-15.9
Pacific	776	808	842	894	5.4	5.5	5.4	5.4	-13.2

Table 3.--Components of farm population change and rate of net migration, decade averages for the United States, April 1920-60, and averages for United States, regions, and divisions, April 1959-62 ^{1/}

Area	Natural increase				Change through migration and reclassification of residence ^{2/}				Annual rate of net migration 4/ Pct.
	Total	Births	Deaths	Net change	Between farms and nonfarm areas or the Armed Forces ^{2/}	Net	To farms	From farms	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	
Decade averages, 1920-60:									
United States									
1950-60	271	436	-165	-1,013	-1,013	NA	NA	0	-5.3
1940-50	390	644	-254	-1,139	-1,139	NA	NA	0	-4.4
1930-40	385	713	-328	-382	-382	1,076	-1,458	0	-1.2
1920-30	485	796	-311	-630	-630	1,314	-1,944	0	-2.0
Averages, 1959-62:									
United States	169	315	-146	-929	-929	317	-1,246	0	-6.1
Region:									
Northeast	10	22	-12	-59	-61	27	-88	2	-5.4
North Central	64	119	-56	-339	-339	100	-439	0	-5.9
South	77	142	-65	-435	-424	143	-567	-12	-6.2
West	18	31	-13	-95	-104	47	-152	9	-6.4
Division:									
New England	2	4	-3	-15	-16	7	-23	1	-6.7
Middle Atlantic	9	18	-9	-44	-46	19	-65	1	-5.1
East North Central	28	55	-27	-140	-142	50	-191	2	-5.0
West North Central	36	64	-29	-199	-198	50	-248	-1	-6.8
South Atlantic	32	58	-26	-158	-142	48	-189	-16	-5.7
East South Central	25	49	-24	-136	-133	45	-178	-4	-5.6
West South Central	20	35	-15	-141	-150	50	-200	8	-7.9
Mountain	10	15	-6	-48	-50	21	-71	2	-7.2
Pacific	8	16	-8	-48	-54	26	-81	7	-5.7

^{1/} Figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals. ^{2/} Includes persons who have not moved but who were in or out of the farm population because agricultural operations ceased or were begun on the places where they were living. ^{3/} Net change in farm population of regions and divisions due to farm-to-farm movement. ^{4/} Based on annual average net change in population through migration and average of the April farm populations for the period indicated.

Table 4.--Components of farm population change for the United States, regions,
and divisions, annual estimates, April 1959-62 1/

Year and area	Farm popula- tion, April	Natural increase			Change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/				
		Total	Births	Deaths	Net change	Between farms and nonfarm areas or the Armed Forces 2/			Farm to farm 3/
						Net	To farms	From farms	
		Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
<u>United States</u>									
1962	14,313								
1961	14,803	156	293	-137	-646	-646	287	-933	0
1960	15,635	168	314	-146	-1,000	-1,000	309	-1,309	0
1959	16,592	184	338	-154	-1,142	-1,142	356	-1,498	0
<u>Region 4/</u>									
Northeast:									
1962	1,029								
1961	1,058	10	21	-11	-39	-39	26	-65	0
1960	1,119	10	22	-12	-71	-72	25	-97	1
1959	1,175	12	24	-12	-68	-74	28	-102	6
North Central:									
1962	5,365								
1961	5,535	59	110	-51	-228	-224	87	-311	-4
1960	5,836	64	119	-55	-363	-366	100	-466	3
1959	6,191	70	130	-60	-425	-427	114	-541	2
South:									
1962	6,538								
1961	6,767	70	132	-62	-300	-294	129	-423	-6
1960	7,160	78	143	-65	-470	-456	137	-593	-14
1959	7,613	83	152	-69	-536	-521	164	-685	-15
West:									
1962	1,381								
1961	1,443	17	29	-12	-78	-88	45	-133	10
1960	1,520	18	32	-14	-95	-105	47	-152	10
1959	1,613	19	33	-14	-112	-119	51	-170	7
<u>Division</u>									
New England:									
1962	207								
1961	211	2	4	-2	-6	-7	7	-14	1
1960	232	1	4	-3	-23	-23	8	-31	0
1959	246	2	5	-3	-17	-18	7	-25	1
Middle Atlantic:									
1962	822								
1961	847	8	17	-9	-33	-32	19	-51	-1
1960	887	9	18	-9	-48	-49	17	-66	1
1959	929	10	19	-9	-51	-56	21	-77	5

Continued-

Table 4.--Components of farm population change for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1959-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm	Natural increase			Change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/				
	popula-	Total	Births	Deaths	Net change	Between farms and nonfarm areas or the Armed Forces 2/			Farm
	tion,					Net	To farms	From farms	to
	April								3/
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
East North Central:									
1962	2,639								
1961	2,710	26	51	-25	-97	-97	45	-142	0
1960	2,821	28	54	-26	-139	-144	49	-193	5
1959	2,974	32	61	-29	-185	-184	55	-239	-1
West North Central:									
1962	2,726								
1961	2,825	33	59	-26	-131	-127	42	-169	-4
1960	3,015	36	65	-29	-224	-222	51	-273	-2
1959	3,217	38	69	-31	-240	-243	59	-302	3
South Atlantic:									
1962	2,607								
1961	2,710	29	54	-25	-132	-104	41	-145	-28
1960	2,838	33	58	-25	-160	-147	51	-198	-13
1959	2,984	34	62	-28	-181	-173	52	-225	-8
East South Central:									
1962	2,307								
1961	2,375	23	46	-23	-92	-102	42	-144	10
1960	2,494	25	49	-24	-143	-128	43	-171	-15
1959	2,641	27	52	-25	-174	-168	51	-219	-6
West South Central:									
1962	1,624								
1961	1,682	18	32	-14	-76	-88	46	-134	12
1960	1,828	20	36	-16	-167	-181	43	-224	14
1959	1,988	22	38	-16	-181	-180	61	-241	-1
Mountain:									
1962	605								
1961	635	9	14	-5	-39	-39	19	-58	0
1960	678	10	16	-6	-53	-57	21	-78	4
1959	719	10	16	-6	-51	-54	23	-77	3
Pacific:									
1962	776								
1961	808	8	15	-7	-39	-49	26	-75	10
1960	842	8	16	-8	-42	-48	26	-74	6
1959	894	9	17	-8	-61	-65	28	-93	4

1/ Figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals.

2/ Includes persons who have not moved but who were in or out of the farm population because agricultural operations ceased or were begun on the places where they were living. This type of change was not estimated separately for years since 1939 but is included in the estimates of movement to or from farms, depending on the direction of the net difference between the changes from farm-to-nonfarm and nonfarm-to-farm residences. 3/ Net change in farm population of regions or divisions due to farm-to-farm movement.

4/ Similar estimates for States are not available. States included in each geographic region and division are given on page 17.

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 ^{1/}

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence ^{2/}
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
<u>United States</u>					
1962	14,313				
1961	14,803	156	293	-137	-646
1960	15,635	168	314	-146	-1,000
1959	16,592	184	338	-154	-1,142
1958	17,128	203	355	-152	-740
1957	17,656	220	375	-155	-748
1956	18,712	239	406	-167	-1,295
1955	19,078	261	421	-160	-627
1954	19,019	268	426	-158	-210
1953	19,874	296	456	-160	-1,151
1952	21,748	328	508	-180	-2,201
1951	21,890	341	520	-179	-483
1950	23,048	373	555	-182	-1,531
1949	24,194	392	593	-201	-1,537
1948	24,383	397	611	-214	-586
1947	25,829	443	682	-239	-1,889
1946	25,403	470	710	-240	-44
1945	24,420	312	559	-247	671
1944	24,815	353	600	-247	-748
1943	26,186	370	644	-274	-1,740
1942	28,914	418	700	-282	-3,145
1941	30,118	383	676	-293	-1,587
1940	30,547	359	662	-303	-788
1939	30,840	410	710	-300	-703
1938	30,980	405	709	-304	-545
1937	31,266	375	703	-328	-661
1936	31,737	363	703	-340	-834
1935	32,161	375	707	-332	-799
1934	32,305	383	727	-344	-527
1933	32,393	375	701	-326	-463
1932	31,388	398	726	-328	607
1931	30,845	387	721	-334	156
1930	30,529	377	721	-344	-61
1929	30,580	426	750	-324	-477
1928	30,548	454	757	-303	-422
1927	30,530	475	763	-288	-457
1926	30,979	458	782	-324	-907
1925	31,190	491	795	-304	-702
1924	31,177	500	801	-301	-487
1923	31,490	494	810	-316	-807
1922	32,109	518	826	-308	-1,137
1921	32,123	550	854	-304	-564
1920	31,974	485	825	-340	-336

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
Region					
Northeast:					
1962	1,029				
1961	1,058	10	21	-11	-39
1960	1,119	10	22	-12	-71
1959	1,175	12	24	-12	-68
1958	1,224	13	24	-11	-61
1957	1,271	12	24	-12	-59
1956	1,368	13	27	-14	-109
1955	1,402	17	30	-13	-52
1954	1,397	16	29	-13	-11
1953	1,477	18	33	-15	-98
1952	1,659	22	36	-14	-204
1951	1,673	22	38	-16	-36
1950	1,791	22	38	-16	-140
1949	1,888	26	43	-17	-122
1948	1,903	28	46	-18	-44
1947	2,020	32	52	-20	-150
1946	1,985	33	53	-20	1
1945	1,906	22	42	-20	58
1944	1,938	24	44	-20	-56
1943	2,049	25	46	-21	-136
1942	2,271	27	50	-23	-249
1941	2,370	22	46	-24	-120
1940	2,411	24	49	-25	-65
1939	2,432	12	42	-30	-33
1938	2,450	12	42	-30	-30
1937	2,474	11	41	-30	-35
1936	2,538	8	39	-31	-72
1935	2,633	6	36	-30	-101
1934	2,660	5	37	-32	-32
1933	2,640	5	37	-32	15
1932	2,473	7	38	-31	160
1931	2,391	8	40	-32	74
1930	2,287	8	40	-32	96
1929	2,315	8	39	-31	-36
1928	2,335	12	40	-28	-32
1927	2,355	13	40	-27	-33
1926	2,413	11	42	-31	-69
1925	2,435	14	42	-28	-36
1924	2,447	14	42	-28	-26
1923	2,478	14	43	-29	-45
1922	2,532	16	44	-28	-70
1921	2,559	17	45	-28	-44
1920	2,537	11	43	-32	11

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
North Central:					
1962	5,365				
1961	5,535	59	110	-51	-228
1960	5,836	64	119	-55	-363
1959	6,191	70	130	-60	-425
1958	6,312	74	129	-55	-195
1957	6,435	83	135	-52	-206
1956	6,668	84	142	-58	-316
1955	6,744	87	144	-57	-164
1954	6,732	85	144	-59	-73
1953	6,904	94	154	-60	-266
1952	7,241	98	163	-65	-435
1951	7,264	100	165	-65	-123
1950	7,433	100	165	-65	-268
1949	7,704	109	176	-67	-381
1948	7,757	116	183	-67	-168
1947	8,157	125	199	-74	-526
1946	8,040	139	214	-75	-22
1945	7,767	91	166	-75	182
1944	7,877	105	180	-75	-214
1943	8,255	102	187	-85	-480
1942	8,989	108	196	-88	-843
1941	9,306	90	176	-86	-407
1940	9,349	77	163	-86	-120
1939	9,360	97	179	-82	-108
1938	9,400	97	180	-83	-137
1937	9,602	84	178	-94	-286
1936	9,810	80	180	-100	-288
1935	9,951	87	183	-96	-228
1934	10,044	87	190	-103	-180
1933	10,069	93	190	-97	-118
1932	9,769	97	195	-98	203
1931	9,596	98	197	-99	75
1930	9,583	99	199	-100	-86
1929	9,536	110	204	-94	-63
1928	9,579	118	206	-88	-161
1927	9,605	124	207	-83	-150
1926	9,721	118	212	-94	-234
1925	9,805	128	216	-88	-212
1924	9,793	130	218	-88	-118
1923	9,857	129	221	-92	-193
1922	9,994	136	225	-89	-273
1921	10,125	144	232	-88	-275
1920	10,158	126	225	-99	-159

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
South:					
1962	6,538				
1961	6,767	70	132	-62	-300
1960	7,160	78	143	-65	-470
1959	7,613	83	152	-69	-536
1958	7,948	96	168	-72	-431
1957	8,274	103	180	-77	-429
1956	8,941	119	200	-81	-786
1955	9,177	129	208	-79	-365
1954	9,139	141	215	-74	-103
1953	9,698	157	230	-73	-716
1952	10,967	177	267	-90	-1,446
1951	11,066	188	274	-86	-286
1950	11,896	220	308	-88	-1,050
1949	12,611	222	324	-102	-937
1948	12,719	218	329	-111	-325
1947	13,548	249	374	-125	-1,078
1946	13,303	261	387	-126	-15
1945	12,740	174	306	-132	388
1944	12,966	196	328	-132	-422
1943	13,754	214	362	-148	-1,003
1942	15,346	252	401	-149	-1,844
1941	16,058	240	400	-160	-952
1940	16,400	229	397	-168	-570
1939	16,690	277	441	-164	-567
1938	16,777	273	439	-166	-360
1937	16,831	259	438	-179	-313
1936	17,014	254	437	-183	-437
1935	17,162	261	440	-179	-409
1934	17,142	269	452	-183	-249
1933	17,208	256	428	-172	-322
1932	16,758	272	446	-174	178
1931	16,535	259	437	-178	-36
1930	16,364	249	435	-186	-78
1929	16,452	284	459	-175	-372
1928	16,380	299	462	-163	-227
1927	16,339	310	466	-156	-269
1926	16,648	302	477	-175	-611
1925	16,762	322	486	-164	-436
1924	16,753	327	490	-163	-318
1923	16,950	322	493	-171	-519
1922	17,328	336	503	-167	-714
1921	17,215	357	521	-164	-244
1920	17,063	320	503	-183	-168

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
West:					
1962	1,381				
1961	1,443	17	29	-12	-78
1960	1,520	18	32	-14	-95
1959	1,613	19	33	-14	-112
1958	1,644	22	35	-13	-53
1957	1,675	22	36	-14	-54
1956	1,735	24	37	-13	-84
1955	1,755	27	39	-12	-47
1954	1,751	27	38	-11	-23
1953	1,795	27	39	-12	-70
1952	1,881	31	42	-11	-116
1951	1,887	31	43	-12	-37
1950	1,929	31	44	-13	-73
1949	1,992	34	49	-15	-96
1948	2,005	35	52	-17	-48
1947	2,104	36	56	-20	-135
1946	2,075	37	56	-19	-8
1945	2,008	25	45	-20	42
1944	2,035	28	48	-20	-55
1943	2,128	28	48	-20	-120
1942	2,307	31	53	-22	-210
1941	2,384	31	54	-23	-107
1940	2,387	29	53	-24	-33
1939	2,358	24	48	-24	5
1938	2,353	23	48	-25	-18
1937	2,359	21	46	-25	-27
1936	2,375	21	47	-26	-37
1935	2,415	21	48	-27	-61
1934	2,459	22	48	-26	-66
1933	2,476	21	46	-25	-38
1932	2,388	22	47	-25	66
1931	2,323	22	47	-25	43
1930	2,295	21	47	-26	7
1929	2,277	24	48	-24	-6
1928	2,254	25	49	-24	-2
1927	2,231	28	50	-22	-5
1926	2,197	27	51	-24	7
1925	2,188	27	51	-24	-18
1924	2,184	29	51	-22	-25
1923	2,205	29	53	-24	-50
1922	2,255	30	54	-24	-80
1921	2,224	32	56	-24	-1
1920	2,216	28	54	-26	-20

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
<u>Division</u>					
New England:					
1962	207				
1961	211	2	4	-2	-6
1960	232	1	4	-3	-23
1959	246	2	5	-3	-17
1958	258	3	6	-3	-14
1957	270	3	5	-2	-14
1956	294	4	7	-3	-28
1955	303	4	7	-3	-12
1954	301	4	7	-3	-2
1953	322	3	7	-4	-23
1952	368	5	8	-3	-52
1951	372	4	8	-4	-8
1950	403	5	9	-4	-36
1949	441	6	10	-4	-44
1948	445	7	11	-4	-12
1947	482	8	13	-5	-45
1946	471	8	13	-5	3
1945	446	6	10	-4	19
1944	456	6	11	-5	-16
1943	491	6	11	-5	-42
1942	564	8	13	-5	-81
1941	598	7	13	-6	-41
1940	623	8	14	-6	-33
1939	631	3	11	-8	-11
1938	648	3	11	-8	-20
1937	656	2	11	-9	-10
1936	682	1	10	-9	-27
1935	718	1	9	-8	-37
1934	719	2	10	-8	-3
1933	698	1	9	-8	20
1932	647	1	9	-8	50
1931	612	2	10	-8	33
1930	575	1	9	-8	36
1929	590	2	10	-8	-17
1928	593	3	10	-7	-6
1927	596	3	10	-7	-6
1926	611	3	11	-8	-18
1925	617	4	11	-7	-10
1924	611	4	11	-7	2
1923	615	4	11	-7	-8
1922	630	4	11	-7	-19
1921	636	5	12	-7	-11
1920	633	3	11	-8	0

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
Middle Atlantic:					
1962	822				
1961	847	8	17	-9	-33
1960	887	9	18	-9	-48
1959	929	10	19	-9	-51
1958	966	11	19	-8	-47
1957	1,001	9	19	-10	-45
1956	1,074	9	20	-11	-82
1955	1,099	14	23	-9	-40
1954	1,095	12	22	-10	-9
1953	1,155	15	26	-11	-75
1952	1,291	17	28	-11	-152
1951	1,301	18	30	-12	-28
1950	1,388	17	29	-12	-104
1949	1,447	20	33	-13	-79
1948	1,458	21	35	-14	-32
1947	1,538	25	40	-15	-105
1946	1,514	25	40	-15	-2
1945	1,460	16	32	-16	39
1944	1,482	19	34	-15	-40
1943	1,558	18	35	-17	-95
1942	1,707	18	36	-18	-168
1941	1,772	14	33	-19	-79
1940	1,788	16	35	-19	-32
1939	1,801	9	31	-22	-22
1938	1,802	9	31	-22	-10
1937	1,818	9	30	-21	-25
1936	1,856	7	29	-22	-45
1935	1,915	5	27	-22	-64
1934	1,941	3	27	-24	-29
1933	1,942	4	28	-24	-5
1932	1,826	6	29	-23	110
1931	1,779	6	30	-24	41
1930	1,712	7	31	-24	60
1929	1,725	6	29	-23	-19
1928	1,742	9	30	-21	-26
1927	1,759	10	30	-20	-27
1926	1,802	8	31	-23	-51
1925	1,818	10	31	-21	-26
1924	1,836	10	31	-21	-28
1923	1,863	10	32	-22	-37
1922	1,902	12	33	-21	-51
1921	1,923	12	33	-21	-33
1920	1,904	8	32	-24	11

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/- Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
East North Central:					
1962	2,639				
1961	2,710	26	51	-25	-97
1960	2,821	28	54	-26	-139
1959	2,974	32	61	-29	-185
1958	3,041	34	63	-29	-101
1957	3,109	40	67	-27	-107
1956	3,239	37	69	-32	-167
1955	3,283	38	68	-30	-82
1954	3,276	40	70	-30	-34
1953	3,375	43	72	-29	-142
1952	3,578	46	78	-32	-249
1951	3,593	47	79	-32	-61
1950	3,703	46	79	-33	-156
1949	3,835	50	86	-36	-181
1948	3,861	53	90	-37	-80
1947	4,057	59	99	-40	-256
1946	4,000	63	104	-41	-5
1945	3,866	38	79	-41	96
1944	3,920	44	84	-40	-98
1943	4,105	38	86	-48	-224
1942	4,465	42	90	-48	-402
1941	4,620	36	83	-47	-191
1940	4,638	31	79	-48	-48
1939	4,642	40	86	-46	-44
1938	4,650	39	86	-47	-47
1937	4,702	33	82	-49	-85
1936	4,771	29	80	-51	-98
1935	4,808	30	81	-51	-67
1934	4,852	27	81	-54	-71
1933	4,868	32	83	-51	-48
1932	4,647	33	85	-52	188
1931	4,555	32	85	-53	60
1930	4,501	33	86	-53	21
1929	4,468	37	87	-50	-4
1928	4,526	41	88	-47	-99
1927	4,516	44	88	-44	-34
1926	4,589	40	90	-50	-113
1925	4,637	45	92	-47	-93
1924	4,626	46	93	-47	-35
1923	4,660	45	94	-49	-79
1922	4,737	49	96	-47	-126
1921	4,865	52	99	-47	-180
1920	4,953	44	96	-52	-132

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
West North Central:					
1962	2,726				
1961	2,825	33	59	-26	-131
1960	3,015	36	65	-29	-224
1959	3,217	38	69	-31	-240
1958	3,271	40	66	-26	-94
1957	3,326	43	68	-25	-98
1956	3,429	46	72	-26	-149
1955	3,462	49	75	-26	-82
1954	3,457	45	74	-29	-39
1953	3,529	52	83	-31	-124
1952	3,663	52	85	-33	-186
1951	3,672	54	87	-33	-62
1950	3,729	55	86	-31	-112
1949	3,869	60	91	-31	-199
1948	3,896	62	93	-31	-89
1947	4,100	66	100	-34	-270
1946	4,040	76	110	-34	-17
1945	3,901	52	87	-35	87
1944	3,957	60	95	-35	-116
1943	4,149	64	101	-37	-257
1942	4,524	66	106	-40	-440
1941	4,686	55	94	-39	-217
1940	4,711	46	84	-38	-71
1939	4,718	57	93	-36	-64
1938	4,750	58	94	-36	-90
1937	4,900	51	96	-45	-201
1936	5,039	51	100	-49	-190
1935	5,143	57	102	-45	-161
1934	5,192	60	109	-49	-109
1933	5,201	61	107	-46	-70
1932	5,122	64	110	-46	15
1931	5,041	66	112	-46	15
1930	5,082	66	113	-47	-107
1929	5,068	73	117	-44	-59
1928	5,053	77	118	-41	-62
1927	5,089	80	119	-39	-116
1926	5,132	78	122	-44	-121
1925	5,168	83	124	-41	-119
1924	5,167	84	125	-41	-83
1923	5,197	84	127	-43	-114
1922	5,257	87	129	-42	-147
1921	5,260	92	133	-41	-95
1920	5,205	82	129	-47	-27

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/- Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
South Atlantic:					
1962	2,607				
1961	2,710	29	54	-25	-132
1960	2,838	33	58	-25	-160
1959	2,984	34	62	-28	-181
1958	3,113	35	64	-29	-165
1957	3,239	40	69	-29	-165
1956	3,497	45	78	-33	-303
1955	3,588	54	85	-31	-145
1954	3,573	56	85	-29	-41
1953	3,788	62	91	-29	-277
1952	4,277	69	104	-35	-557
1951	4,315	75	106	-31	-113
1950	4,633	82	120	-38	-401
1949	4,847	84	126	-42	-298
1948	4,884	85	130	-45	-122
1947	5,164	100	149	-49	-380
1946	5,082	109	157	-48	-26
1945	4,891	76	126	-50	115
1944	4,968	81	132	-51	-158
1943	5,233	85	142	-57	-350
1942	5,758	103	159	-56	-627
1941	5,989	96	156	-60	-326
1940	6,060	88	152	-64	-159
1939	6,175	105	169	-64	-220
1938	6,224	104	168	-64	-153
1937	6,239	95	167	-72	-110
1936	6,286	89	164	-75	-136
1935	6,283	89	161	-72	-86
1934	6,266	92	165	-73	-75
1933	6,275	88	154	-66	-97
1932	6,083	93	161	-68	99
1931	6,014	86	156	-70	-17
1930	5,914	85	157	-72	15
1929	5,979	94	162	-68	-159
1928	5,989	100	163	-63	-110
1927	5,959	105	165	-60	-75
1926	6,092	100	168	-68	-233
1925	6,215	108	171	-63	-231
1924	6,204	110	173	-63	-99
1923	6,321	108	174	-66	-225
1922	6,553	113	178	-65	-345
1921	6,550	121	184	-63	-118
1920	6,496	107	178	-71	-53

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/- Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
East South Central:					
1962	2,307				
1961	2,375	23	46	-23	-92
1960	2,494	25	49	-24	-143
1959	2,641	27	52	-25	-174
1958	2,752	32	59	-27	-144
1957	2,860	36	63	-27	-144
1956	3,080	40	70	-30	-260
1955	3,158	47	74	-27	-125
1954	3,146	49	76	-27	-37
1953	3,329	56	82	-26	-240
1952	3,745	64	95	-31	-480
1951	3,778	65	97	-32	-97
1950	4,048	81	111	-30	-351
1949	4,233	79	113	-34	-264
1948	4,265	76	113	-37	-108
1947	4,508	79	123	-44	-322
1946	4,436	81	124	-43	-9
1945	4,271	54	98	-44	112
1944	4,338	65	108	-43	-131
1943	4,568	72	121	-49	-301
1942	5,023	80	129	-49	-535
1941	5,223	80	133	-53	-280
1940	5,283	77	132	-55	-137
1939	5,367	91	144	-53	-175
1938	5,357	89	143	-54	-79
1937	5,350	87	142	-55	-80
1936	5,365	86	142	-56	-101
1935	5,409	87	143	-56	-131
1934	5,378	86	143	-57	-55
1933	5,388	83	137	-54	-93
1932	5,252	89	143	-54	47
1931	5,177	81	136	-55	-6
1930	5,109	77	136	-59	-9
1929	5,101	93	148	-55	-85
1928	5,066	97	149	-52	-62
1927	5,053	100	150	-50	-87
1926	5,131	99	154	-55	-177
1925	5,163	105	157	-52	-137
1924	5,162	106	158	-52	-105
1923	5,209	105	159	-54	-152
1922	5,301	109	162	-53	-201
1921	5,313	116	168	-52	-128
1920	5,257	104	162	-58	-48

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/- Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
West South Central:					
1962	1,624				
1961	1,682	18	32	-14	-76
1960	1,828	20	36	-16	-167
1959	1,988	22	38	-16	-181
1958	2,083	27	44	-17	-122
1957	2,175	28	48	-20	-120
1956	2,364	33	52	-19	-223
1955	2,431	29	49	-20	-96
1954	2,420	35	53	-18	-25
1953	2,580	39	57	-18	-199
1952	2,945	44	67	-23	-409
1951	2,973	48	71	-23	-76
1950	3,215	57	78	-21	-299
1949	3,531	59	85	-26	-375
1948	3,570	57	86	-29	-96
1947	3,876	69	102	-33	-375
1946	3,785	71	106	-35	20
1945	3,578	45	82	-37	162
1944	3,660	52	89	-37	-134
1943	3,953	58	100	-42	-352
1942	4,565	71	114	-43	-682
1941	4,846	64	111	-47	-346
1940	5,057	64	113	-49	-274
1939	5,148	81	128	-47	-172
1938	5,196	80	128	-48	-128
1937	5,242	77	129	-52	-123
1936	5,363	79	131	-52	-200
1935	5,470	85	136	-51	-192
1934	5,498	91	144	-53	-119
1933	5,545	85	137	-52	-132
1932	5,423	90	142	-52	32
1931	5,344	92	145	-53	-13
1930	5,341	87	142	-55	-84
1929	5,372	97	149	-52	-128
1928	5,325	102	150	-48	-55
1927	5,327	105	151	-46	-107
1926	5,425	103	155	-52	-201
1925	5,384	109	158	-49	-68
1924	5,387	111	159	-48	-114
1923	5,420	109	160	-51	-142
1922	5,474	114	163	-49	-168
1921	5,352	120	169	-49	2
1920	5,310	109	163	-54	-67

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence <u>2/</u>
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
Mountain:					
1962	605				
1961	635	9	14	-5	-39
1960	678	10	16	-6	-53
1959	719	10	16	-6	-51
1958	733	11	17	-6	-25
1957	747	10	17	-7	-25
1956	773	12	18	-6	-39
1955	782	14	19	-5	-23
1954	780	13	18	-5	-12
1953	800	13	19	-6	-33
1952	837	15	21	-6	-53
1951	840	16	22	-6	-19
1950	859	15	21	-6	-34
1949	897	16	23	-7	-56
1948	904	18	25	-7	-24
1947	955	17	26	-9	-69
1946	940	17	26	-9	-2
1945	905	12	21	-9	23
1944	919	13	22	-9	-27
1943	968	13	22	-9	-61
1942	1,064	14	25	-11	-110
1941	1,106	14	25	-11	-57
1940	1,118	15	26	-11	-27
1939	1,113	15	26	-11	-10
1938	1,112	14	26	-12	-13
1937	1,134	13	25	-12	-35
1936	1,165	14	26	-12	-45
1935	1,199	15	28	-13	-49
1934	1,219	15	28	-13	-35
1933	1,225	15	27	-12	-21
1932	1,202	15	27	-12	8
1931	1,158	16	28	-12	28
1930	1,143	16	29	-13	-1
1929	1,141	20	32	-12	-18
1928	1,123	20	32	-12	-2
1927	1,120	21	32	-11	-18
1926	1,111	21	33	-12	-12
1925	1,119	21	33	-12	-29
1924	1,120	22	33	-11	-23
1923	1,135	22	34	-12	-37
1922	1,166	23	35	-12	-54
1921	1,163	24	36	-12	-21
1920	1,179	22	35	-13	-38

Continued-

Table 5.--Natural increase of the farm population and net change through migration and reclassification of residence for the United States, regions, and divisions, annual estimates, April 1920-62 1/ - Continued

Year and area	Farm population, April	Natural increase			Net change through migration and reclassification of residence 2/
		Total	Births	Deaths	
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
Pacific:					
1962	776				
1961	808	8	15	-7	-39
1960	842	8	16	-8	-42
1959	894	9	17	-8	-61
1958	911	10	18	-8	-28
1957	929	12	19	-7	-29
1956	962	11	19	-8	-45
1955	973	13	20	-7	-24
1954	971	12	19	-7	-11
1953	996	13	20	-7	-38
1952	1,043	16	22	-6	-64
1951	1,047	15	21	-6	-18
1950	1,070	14	22	-8	-38
1949	1,094	16	25	-9	-41
1948	1,101	18	28	-10	-24
1947	1,148	19	30	-11	-67
1946	1,134	20	30	-10	-6
1945	1,102	13	24	-11	19
1944	1,115	15	26	-11	-28
1943	1,160	15	26	-11	-60
1942	1,243	16	28	-12	-100
1941	1,278	16	28	-12	-51
1940	1,270	14	27	-13	-6
1939	1,245	9	22	-13	15
1938	1,241	9	22	-13	-5
1937	1,225	8	21	-13	8
1936	1,210	7	21	-14	8
1935	1,216	6	20	-14	-12
1934	1,240	7	20	-13	-31
1933	1,251	6	19	-13	-17
1932	1,186	7	20	-13	58
1931	1,165	6	19	-13	15
1930	1,152	5	18	-13	8
1929	1,136	4	16	-12	12
1928	1,131	5	17	-12	0
1927	1,111	7	18	-11	13
1926	1,086	6	18	-12	19
1925	1,069	6	18	-12	11
1924	1,064	7	18	-11	-2
1923	1,070	7	19	-12	-13
1922	1,089	7	19	-12	-26
1921	1,061	8	20	-12	20
1920	1,037	6	19	-13	18

1/ Figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals.

2/ Beginning 1940, includes inductions and enlistments into Armed Forces, and persons returning from Armed Forces. For all years includes persons who have not moved but who are in and out of the farm population because agricultural operations have ceased or have begun on the place where they are living.

Table 6.--Total and farm population for the United States, regions, divisions,
and States, for decade years, April 1920-60 1/2

Area	1920			1930			1940			1950			1960		
	Farm		Total	Farm		Total	Farm		Total	Farm		Total	Farm		Total
	popu- lation	per- centage of total		popu- lation	per- centage of total		popu- lation	per- centage of total		popu- lation	per- centage of total		popu- lation	per- centage of total	
	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.
United States (including Armed Forces overseas)	106,089	31.1	31,974	122,775	30.5	29,529	131,820	23.2	30,547	151,132	23.0	48,153	180,007	15.6	8.7
Region:															
Northeast	29,669	2.5	2,537	34,427	2.8	2,287	35,977	6.6	2,411	39,478	4.5	44,678	1,119	2.5	
North Central	34,197	10.1	10,158	38,594	9.8	9,583	40,143	24.8	9,349	44,461	16.7	51,619	5,836	11.3	
South 3/4	33,242	17.0	17,063	37,858	16.3	16,364	41,666	42.2	16,400	47,197	25.2	54,973	7,160	13.0	
West	8,981	2.2	2,216	11,896	2.3	2,295	13,883	19.3	2,387	19,562	9.9	28,053	1,520	5.4	
Division:															
New England	7,428	6.3	633	8,166	7.0	575	8,437	7.4	623	9,314	4.3	10,509	232	2.2	
Middle Atlantic	22,241	1.9	1,904	26,261	6.5	1,712	27,540	6.5	1,788	30,164	4.6	34,168	887	2.6	
East North Central	21,644	4.5	4,953	25,297	17.8	4,501	26,626	17.4	4,638	30,399	12.2	36,225	2,821	7.8	
West North Central	12,553	5.2	5,205	13,297	38.2	5,082	13,517	34.8	4,711	14,061	26.5	15,394	3,015	19.6	
South Atlantic 3/4	14,046	4.6	6,496	15,794	37.4	5,914	17,823	34.0	6,060	21,182	21.9	25,972	2,838	10.9	
East South Central	8,901	5.2	5,257	9,887	51.7	5,109	10,778	49.0	5,283	11,477	35.3	12,050	2,494	20.7	
West South Central	10,295	5.1	5,310	12,177	43.9	5,341	13,065	38.7	5,057	14,538	22.1	16,951	1,828	10.8	
Mountain	3,340	1.1	1,179	3,702	30.9	1,143	4,150	26.9	1,118	5,075	16.9	6,855	678	9.9	
Pacific	5,641	1.0	1,037	8,194	14.1	1,152	9,733	13.0	1,269	14,487	7.4	21,198	842	4.0	
New England:															
Maine	770	26.0	200	797	21.5	171	847	20.8	176	914	13.3	969	61	6.3	
New Hampshire	443	17.4	77	465	13.6	63	492	14.4	71	533	8.8	607	22	3.6	
Vermont	353	12.7	127	360	31.4	113	359	29.8	107	378	21.4	390	56	14.4	
Massachusetts	3,867	120	120	4,250	2.9	124	4,317	3.4	147	4,621	1.7	5,149	50	1.0	
Rhode Island	609	15	15	687	2.5	17	713	2.4	17	792	1.3	859	6	.7	
Connecticut	1,386	94	94	1,607	5.4	87	1,709	6.1	105	2,007	3.1	2,535	36	1.4	
Middle Atlantic:															
New York	10,334	7.8	806	12,589	5.7	722	13,479	5.4	730	14,830	3.9	16,782	387	2.3	
New Jersey	3,177	4.6	145	4,041	3.2	131	4,160	3.4	143	4,835	2.2	6,067	71	1.2	
Pennsylvania	8,730	9.9	953	9,631	8.9	859	9,901	9.2	915	10,498	6.7	11,319	428	3.8	

Continued-

Table 6.--Total and farm population for the United States, regions, divisions, and States, for decade years, April 1920-60 1/- Continued

Area	1920				1930				1940				1950				1960			
	Farm		Total		Farm		Total		Farm		Total		Farm		Total		Farm		Total	
	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage	popu- lation	Per- centage
	2/ Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total	Number	of total
	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.
East North Central:																				
Ohio	5,779	19.9	6,647	15.3	6,907	15.8	7,947	10.7	853	10.7	9,706	581	6.0							
Indiana	2,939	31.1	3,239	25.2	3,428	23.8	3,934	17.0	667	17.0	4,662	539	11.6							
Illinois	6,574	16.8	7,630	13.1	7,897	12.4	8,712	8.8	763	8.8	10,081	621	6.2							
Michigan	3,696	23.2	4,842	16.2	5,256	16.6	6,372	10.9	695	10.9	7,823	486	6.2							
Wisconsin	2,656	34.9	2,939	30.0	3,138	28.1	3,435	21.1	725	21.1	3,952	594	15.0							
West North Central:																				
Minnesota	2,395	37.7	2,564	35.0	2,792	32.8	2,982	24.8	740	24.8	3,414	624	18.3							
Iowa	2,402	41.3	2,471	39.7	2,538	36.7	2,621	29.9	783	29.9	2,758	703	25.5							
Missouri	3,404	35.8	3,629	30.8	3,785	29.7	3,955	21.8	863	21.8	4,320	595	13.8							
North Dakota	647	398	681	328	642	307	620	254	254	41.0	632	207	32.8							
South Dakota	638	364	693	391	643	307	653	254	254	38.9	681	217	31.9							
Nebraska	1,298	588	1,378	587	1,316	498	1,326	391	391	29.5	1,411	329	23.3							
Kansas	1,769	742	1,881	709	1,801	607	1,905	444	444	23.3	2,179	340	15.6							
South Atlantic: 3/																				
Delaware	221	52	238	47	266	46	318	34	34	10.7	446	27	6.1							
Maryland	1,457	283	1,632	238	1,821	246	2,343	183	183	7.8	3,101	132	4.3							
Virginia	2,328	1,078	2,422	953	2,678	986	3,319	732	732	22.1	3,967	467	11.8							
West Virginia	1,467	484	1,729	450	1,902	533	2,006	411	411	20.5	1,860	155	8.3							
North Carolina	2,573	1,520	3,170	1,604	3,572	1,559	4,062	1,377	1,377	33.9	4,556	950	20.9							
South Carolina	1,685	1,088	1,739	919	1,900	917	2,117	701	701	33.1	2,383	433	18.2							
Georgia	2,911	1,706	2,909	1,423	3,124	1,368	3,445	962	962	27.9	3,943	515	13.1							
Florida	965	285	1,468	280	1,897	305	2,771	233	233	8.4	4,952	157	3.2							
East South Central:																				
Kentucky	2,419	1,324	2,615	1,180	2,845	1,261	2,945	974	974	33.1	3,038	618	20.3							
Tennessee	2,334	1,290	2,616	1,219	2,916	1,276	3,292	1,016	1,016	30.9	3,567	677	19.0							
Alabama	2,353	1,355	2,646	1,344	2,833	1,343	3,062	960	960	31.4	3,267	519	15.9							
Mississippi	1,795	1,288	2,010	1,366	2,184	1,403	2,179	1,097	1,097	50.3	2,178	680	31.2							

Continued -

Table 6.--Total and farm population for the United States, regions, divisions, and States, for decade years, April 1920-60 1/- Continued

Area	1920				1930				1940				1950				1960				
	Farm population		Total population		Farm population		Total population		Farm population		Total population		Farm population		Total population		Farm population		Total population		
	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	
	Total popu- lation 2/	Number	Per- centage of total	Total popu- lation	Number	Per- centage of total	Total popu- lation	Number	Per- centage of total	Total popu- lation	Number	Per- centage of total	Total popu- lation	Number	Per- centage of total	Total popu- lation	Number	Per- centage of total	Total popu- lation	Number	Per- centage of total
West South Central:																					
Arkansas	1,754	1,165	66.4	1,854	1,122	60.5	1,949	1,113	57.1	1,910	802	42.0	1,786	415	23.2						
Louisiana	1,806	798	44.2	2,102	833	39.6	2,364	854	36.1	2,684	567	21.1	3,257	313	9.6						
Oklahoma	2,042	1,033	50.6	2,396	1,027	42.9	2,337	930	39.8	2,233	553	24.8	2,328	294	12.6						
Texas	4,693	2,314	49.3	5,825	2,359	40.5	6,415	2,160	33.7	7,711	1,292	16.8	9,580	806	8.4						
Mountain:																					
Montana	546	228	41.8	538	205	38.1	560	176	31.4	591	136	23.0	675	115	17.0						
Idaho	432	203	47.0	445	189	42.5	525	203	38.7	589	165	28.0	667	148	22.2						
Wyoming	196	68	34.7	226	74	32.7	251	73	29.1	291	57	19.7	330	47	14.2						
Colorado	938	268	28.6	1,035	284	27.4	1,123	253	22.5	1,325	198	14.9	1,754	143	8.2						
New Mexico	362	163	45.0	423	159	37.6	532	178	33.5	681	132	19.4	951	72	7.6						
Arizona	337	92	27.3	436	99	22.7	499	114	22.8	750	77	10.3	1,302	74	5.7						
Utah	451	141	31.3	508	116	22.8	550	105	19.1	689	81	11.8	891	65	7.3						
Nevada	78	16	20.5	91	17	18.7	110	16	14.6	160	13	8.1	285	13	4.6						
Pacific:																					
Washington	1,365	289	21.2	1,563	306	19.6	1,736	340	19.6	2,379	274	11.5	2,853	199	7.0						
Oregon	785	219	27.9	954	224	23.5	1,090	259	23.8	1,521	228	15.0	1,769	165	9.3						
California	3,491	529	15.2	5,677	622	11.0	6,907	670	9.7	10,586	568	5.4	15,717	463	2.9						
Alaska	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	226	3	1.3						
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	633	12	1.9						

1/ Figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals.

2/ Total population for April 1920 obtained by linear interpolation between the January and July 1920 figures of the Bureau of the Census.

3/ Population of District of Columbia is included in the South Atlantic Division, the South, and the United States total population figures. The rounded figures for the population living on farms in these areas are not changed by the inclusion of the District of Columbia.

Table 7.--Farm population by regions, divisions, and States, annual estimates, April 1920-60 ^{1/}

Area	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
United States	31,974	32,123	32,109	31,490	31,177	31,190	30,979	30,530	30,548	30,580
Region:										
Northeast	2,537	2,559	2,532	2,478	2,447	2,435	2,413	2,355	2,335	2,315
North Central	10,158	10,125	9,994	9,857	9,793	9,805	9,721	9,605	9,579	9,536
South	17,063	17,215	17,328	16,950	16,753	16,762	16,648	16,339	16,380	16,452
West	2,216	2,224	2,255	2,205	2,184	2,188	2,197	2,231	2,254	2,277
Division:										
New England	633	636	630	615	611	617	611	596	593	590
Middle Atlantic	1,904	1,923	1,902	1,863	1,836	1,818	1,802	1,759	1,742	1,725
East North Central	4,953	4,865	4,737	4,660	4,626	4,637	4,589	4,516	4,526	4,468
West North Central	5,205	5,260	5,257	5,197	5,167	5,168	5,132	5,089	5,053	5,068
South Atlantic	6,496	6,550	6,553	6,321	6,204	6,215	6,092	5,959	5,989	5,979
East South Central	5,257	5,313	5,301	5,209	5,162	5,163	5,131	5,053	5,066	5,101
West South Central	5,310	5,352	5,474	5,420	5,387	5,384	5,425	5,327	5,325	5,372
Mountain	1,179	1,163	1,166	1,135	1,120	1,119	1,111	1,120	1,123	1,141
Pacific	1,037	1,061	1,089	1,070	1,064	1,069	1,086	1,111	1,131	1,136
New England:										
Maine	200	199	197	191	189	190	187	181	179	177
New Hampshire	77	77	75	73	72	72	70	67	67	65
Vermont	127	128	125	123	121	122	120	118	117	116
Massachusetts	120	122	123	121	121	125	126	124	125	126
Rhode Island	15	15	16	15	17	16	16	16	16	16
Connecticut	94	95	94	92	91	92	92	90	89	90
Middle Atlantic:										
New York	806	814	805	787	775	768	760	741	734	727
New Jersey	145	146	145	142	140	138	138	135	134	133
Pennsylvania	953	963	952	934	921	912	904	883	874	865
East North Central:										
Ohio	1,149	1,124	1,094	1,072	1,064	1,060	1,046	1,030	1,027	1,013
Indiana	914	900	871	857	846	848	840	822	824	813
Illinois	1,107	1,085	1,057	1,040	1,032	1,033	1,024	1,007	1,010	995
Michigan	856	842	820	806	801	807	799	786	788	777
Wisconsin	927	914	895	885	883	889	880	871	877	870
West North Central:										
Minnesota	903	915	921	909	904	908	903	896	889	897
Iowa	991	999	1,005	991	987	990	985	977	968	978
Missouri	1,219	1,226	1,216	1,194	1,178	1,172	1,160	1,142	1,125	1,119
North Dakota	398	400	400	400	398	397	396	393	394	396
South Dakota	364	373	373	373	377	380	379	382	384	385
Nebraska	588	595	595	592	589	588	585	581	581	583
Kansas	742	752	747	738	734	733	724	718	712	710
South Atlantic:										
Delaware	52	52	53	52	49	49	48	48	48	48
Maryland	283	287	282	272	260	261	256	244	245	239
Virginia	1,078	1,087	1,081	1,038	1,018	1,020	993	966	971	969
West Virginia	484	484	485	475	465	466	457	447	455	454
North Carolina	1,520	1,558	1,579	1,550	1,545	1,566	1,559	1,549	1,581	1,596
South Carolina	1,088	1,087	1,081	1,031	1,005	1,001	975	947	940	933
Georgia	1,706	1,708	1,697	1,619	1,576	1,566	1,523	1,478	1,467	1,453
Florida	285	287	295	284	286	286	281	280	282	287

Continued-

Table 7.--Farm population by regions, divisions, and States, annual estimates, April 1920-60 1/ - Continued

Area	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
East South Central:										
Kentucky	1,324	1,330	1,314	1,280	1,258	1,249	1,226	1,198	1,190	1,188
Tennessee	1,290	1,297	1,293	1,264	1,253	1,249	1,242	1,218	1,220	1,225
Alabama	1,355	1,372	1,373	1,353	1,341	1,343	1,339	1,323	1,325	1,336
Mississippi	1,288	1,314	1,321	1,312	1,310	1,322	1,324	1,314	1,331	1,352
West South Central:										
Arkansas	1,165	1,165	1,189	1,171	1,160	1,153	1,159	1,135	1,127	1,135
Louisiana	798	807	827	823	819	823	835	820	825	833
Oklahoma	1,033	1,043	1,063	1,052	1,046	1,045	1,046	1,028	1,026	1,033
Texas	2,314	2,337	2,395	2,374	2,362	2,363	2,385	2,344	2,347	2,371
Mountain:										
Montana	228	223	222	214	210	209	206	206	205	207
Idaho	203	199	200	193	191	189	187	188	188	191
Wyoming	68	69	69	69	68	69	69	70	71	72
Colorado	268	268	271	266	265	267	268	272	275	282
New Mexico	163	160	161	156	154	154	154	155	156	158
Arizona	92	91	92	91	91	92	91	93	94	97
Utah	141	137	135	130	126	124	121	120	119	118
Nevada	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	16	15	16
Pacific:										
Washington	289	295	300	294	290	291	294	299	303	302
Oregon	219	222	227	221	219	217	219	222	224	224
California	529	544	562	555	555	561	573	590	604	610
	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
United States	30,529	30,845	31,388	32,393	32,305	32,161	31,737	31,266	30,980	30,840
Region:										
Northeast	2,287	2,391	2,473	2,640	2,660	2,633	2,538	2,474	2,450	2,432
North Central	9,583	9,596	9,769	10,069	10,044	9,951	9,810	9,602	9,400	9,360
South	16,364	16,535	16,758	17,208	17,142	17,162	17,014	16,831	16,777	16,690
West	2,295	2,323	2,388	2,476	2,459	2,415	2,375	2,359	2,353	2,358
Division:										
New England	575	612	647	698	719	718	682	656	648	631
Middle Atlantic	1,712	1,779	1,826	1,942	1,941	1,915	1,856	1,818	1,802	1,801
East North Central	4,501	4,555	4,647	4,868	4,852	4,808	4,771	4,702	4,650	4,642
West North Central	5,082	5,041	5,122	5,201	5,192	5,143	5,039	4,900	4,750	4,718
South Atlantic	5,914	6,014	6,083	6,275	6,266	6,283	6,286	6,239	6,224	6,175
East South Central	5,109	5,177	5,252	5,388	5,378	5,409	5,365	5,350	5,357	5,367
West South Central	5,341	5,344	5,423	5,545	5,498	5,470	5,363	5,242	5,196	5,148
Mountain	1,143	1,158	1,202	1,225	1,219	1,199	1,165	1,134	1,112	1,113
Pacific	1,152	1,165	1,186	1,251	1,240	1,216	1,210	1,225	1,241	1,245
New England:										
Maine	171	178	183	193	193	187	181	177	178	175
New Hampshire	63	67	70	75	77	77	74	72	72	71
Vermont	113	117	121	127	127	123	117	113	111	108
Massachusetts	124	134	143	156	163	165	158	152	152	149
Rhode Island	17	17	19	21	22	22	20	19	18	18
Connecticut	87	99	111	126	137	144	132	123	117	110

Continued-

Table 7.--Farm population by regions, divisions, and States, annual estimates, April 1920-60 1/ - Continued

Area	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
Middle Atlantic:										
New York	722	746	762	807	803	789	762	745	738	736
New Jersey	131	137	141	148	148	145	143	142	141	142
Pennsylvania	859	896	923	987	990	981	951	931	923	923
East North Central:										
Ohio	1,016	1,039	1,069	1,129	1,135	1,136	1,127	1,109	1,094	1,090
Indiana	815	824	837	876	868	860	850	836	824	821
Illinois	1,002	1,006	1,017	1,061	1,048	1,026	1,017	1,000	986	983
Michigan	785	793	813	852	854	847	850	850	852	862
Wisconsin	883	893	911	950	947	939	927	907	894	886
West North Central:										
Minnesota	898	897	917	936	940	934	929	916	897	906
Iowa	981	967	978	993	986	974	964	941	922	920
Missouri	1,118	1,119	1,153	1,181	1,194	1,192	1,171	1,152	1,121	1,121
North Dakota	398	389	395	396	395	389	374	357	342	334
South Dakota	391	383	378	379	368	360	348	333	318	311
Nebraska	587	580	589	593	592	585	566	544	518	509
Kansas	709	706	712	723	717	709	687	657	632	617
South Atlantic:										
Delaware	47	48	49	51	51	50	51	50	50	50
Maryland	238	240	243	245	244	245	245	243	249	247
Virginia	953	980	1,004	1,041	1,053	1,066	1,061	1,042	1,033	1,014
West Virginia	450	474	498	527	546	569	565	555	554	544
North Carolina	1,604	1,616	1,624	1,669	1,656	1,645	1,658	1,666	1,674	1,681
South Carolina	919	931	937	966	960	960	961	948	946	933
Georgia	1,423	1,431	1,430	1,462	1,442	1,424	1,425	1,417	1,407	1,397
Florida	280	294	298	314	314	324	320	318	311	309
East South Central:										
Kentucky	1,180	1,211	1,245	1,288	1,302	1,326	1,309	1,300	1,291	1,288
Tennessee	1,219	1,243	1,266	1,309	1,312	1,326	1,309	1,300	1,302	1,299
Alabama	1,344	1,356	1,376	1,406	1,403	1,405	1,389	1,380	1,371	1,369
Mississippi	1,366	1,367	1,365	1,385	1,361	1,352	1,358	1,370	1,393	1,411
West South Central:										
Arkansas	1,122	1,133	1,160	1,193	1,193	1,198	1,175	1,148	1,143	1,133
Louisiana	833	839	852	876	869	872	863	855	858	860
Oklahoma	1,027	1,021	1,036	1,053	1,044	1,031	1,009	980	966	952
Texas	2,359	2,351	2,375	2,423	2,392	2,369	2,316	2,259	2,229	2,203
Mountain:										
Montana	205	205	209	208	204	197	190	184	178	177
Idaho	189	192	201	205	205	201	199	196	196	198
Wyoming	74	74	77	78	77	76	74	73	72	73
Colorado	284	285	292	292	286	278	268	260	253	252
New Mexico	159	165	176	187	190	192	187	182	178	179
Arizona	99	100	102	104	103	101	102	103	106	109
Utah	116	121	129	135	138	139	130	121	114	109
Nevada	17	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	16
Pacific:										
Washington	306	312	322	344	346	342	337	338	339	337
Oregon	224	231	238	254	254	253	251	253	256	256
California	622	622	626	653	640	621	622	634	646	652

Continued-

Table 7.--Farm population by regions, divisions, and States, annual estimates, April 1920-60 1/ - Continued

Area	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
United States	30,547	30,118	28,914	26,186	24,815	24,420	25,403	25,829	24,383	24,194
Region:										
Northeast	2,411	2,370	2,271	2,049	1,938	1,906	1,985	2,020	1,903	1,888
North Central	9,349	9,306	8,989	8,255	7,877	7,767	8,040	8,157	7,757	7,704
South	16,400	16,058	15,346	13,754	12,966	12,740	13,303	13,548	12,719	12,611
West	2,387	2,384	2,307	2,128	2,035	2,008	2,075	2,104	2,005	1,992
Division:										
New England	623	598	564	491	456	446	471	482	445	441
Middle Atlantic	1,788	1,772	1,707	1,558	1,482	1,460	1,514	1,538	1,458	1,447
East North Central	4,638	4,620	4,465	4,105	3,920	3,866	4,000	4,057	3,861	3,835
West North Central	4,711	4,686	4,524	4,149	3,957	3,901	4,040	4,100	3,896	3,869
South Atlantic	6,060	5,989	5,758	5,233	4,968	4,891	5,082	5,164	4,884	4,847
East South Central	5,283	5,223	5,023	4,568	4,338	4,271	4,436	4,508	4,265	4,233
West South Central	5,057	4,846	4,565	3,953	3,660	3,578	3,785	3,876	3,570	3,531
Mountain	1,118	1,106	1,064	968	919	905	940	955	904	897
Pacific	1,270	1,278	1,243	1,160	1,115	1,102	1,134	1,148	1,101	1,094
New England:										
Maine	176	169	159	139	128	125	133	139	130	130
New Hampshire	71	68	65	56	52	51	55	57	53	53
Vermont	107	102	95	83	77	75	80	82	77	78
Massachusetts	147	142	137	120	113	111	114	113	102	97
Rhode Island	17	16	15	13	12	12	13	14	12	12
Connecticut	105	100	94	80	74	71	76	78	72	71
Middle Atlantic:										
New York	730	725	698	640	609	601	624	634	599	595
New Jersey	143	142	137	123	117	112	118	121	118	119
Pennsylvania	915	906	872	794	756	746	772	783	740	734
East North Central:										
Ohio	1,089	1,081	1,045	961	913	893	932	949	907	905
Indiana	816	818	795	731	706	696	720	730	695	694
Illinois	979	970	938	858	819	808	828	836	788	778
Michigan	871	864	826	755	713	704	736	755	726	725
Wisconsin	883	887	862	801	768	765	784	787	745	732
West North Central:										
Minnesota	915	909	878	801	764	753	784	799	764	762
Iowa	931	937	914	851	819	815	844	857	814	809
Missouri	1,125	1,106	1,059	959	906	882	921	943	904	905
North Dakota	328	328	317	290	281	277	283	283	265	263
South Dakota	307	305	299	274	265	261	271	275	261	259
Nebraska	498	497	480	444	419	417	428	435	409	402
Kansas	607	604	579	531	503	495	509	508	479	468
South Atlantic:										
Delaware	46	48	46	42	40	39	41	41	39	39
Maryland	246	246	236	215	204	201	208	212	200	199
Virginia	986	982	956	879	840	831	854	857	801	790
West Virginia	533	527	512	471	452	445	462	470	444	441
North Carolina	1,659	1,641	1,583	1,444	1,376	1,360	1,428	1,467	1,402	1,406
South Carolina	917	898	858	769	725	709	742	759	723	722
Georgia	1,368	1,341	1,272	1,146	1,078	1,052	1,082	1,095	1,026	1,003
Florida	305	305	294	267	253	254	264	263	249	247

Continued-

Table 7.--Farm population by regions, divisions, and States, annual estimates, April 1920-60 1/ - Continued

Area	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
East South Central:										
Kentucky	1,261	1,254	1,211	1,101	1,050	1,038	1,078	1,091	1,032	1,020
Tennessee	1,276	1,264	1,221	1,115	1,063	1,046	1,096	1,122	1,066	1,067
Alabama	1,343	1,321	1,266	1,147	1,084	1,068	1,096	1,104	1,036	1,020
Mississippi	1,403	1,384	1,326	1,206	1,141	1,119	1,167	1,190	1,130	1,126
West South Central:										
Arkansas	1,113	1,066	1,013	878	816	798	863	903	850	854
Louisiana	854	819	771	672	619	608	647	667	618	618
Oklahoma	930	892	835	723	670	651	681	690	628	614
Texas	2,160	2,069	1,945	1,680	1,556	1,520	1,593	1,616	1,474	1,444
Mountain:										
Montana	176	170	161	142	133	134	140	143	137	136
Idaho	203	200	191	173	164	161	169	175	168	170
Wyoming	73	73	70	63	60	53	57	58	57	57
Colorado	253	245	233	208	194	191	202	208	199	202
New Mexico	178	176	167	152	143	149	152	153	143	139
Arizona	114	118	119	113	112	101	101	99	90	84
Utah	105	107	107	102	99	102	104	104	98	96
Nevada	16	15	15	15	14	14	14	14	14	13
Pacific:										
Washington	340	344	334	312	300	304	307	305	287	280
Oregon	259	261	255	239	231	233	238	241	230	229
California	670	673	654	609	584	565	589	602	583	585
	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
United States	23,048	21,890	21,748	19,874	19,019	19,078	18,712	17,656	17,128	16,592
Region:										
Northeast	1,791	1,673	1,659	1,477	1,397	1,402	1,368	1,271	1,224	1,175
North Central	7,433	7,264	7,241	6,904	6,732	6,744	6,668	6,435	6,312	6,191
South	11,896	11,066	10,967	9,698	9,139	9,177	8,941	8,274	7,948	7,613
West	1,929	1,887	1,881	1,795	1,751	1,755	1,735	1,675	1,644	1,613
Division:										
New England	403	372	368	322	301	303	294	270	258	246
Middle Atlantic	1,388	1,301	1,291	1,155	1,095	1,099	1,074	1,001	966	929
East North Central	3,703	3,593	3,578	3,375	3,276	3,283	3,239	3,109	3,041	2,974
West North Central	3,729	3,672	3,663	3,529	3,457	3,462	3,429	3,326	3,271	3,217
South Atlantic	4,633	4,315	4,277	3,788	3,573	3,588	3,497	3,239	3,113	2,984
East South Central	4,048	3,778	3,745	3,329	3,146	3,158	3,080	2,860	2,752	2,641
West South Central	3,215	2,973	2,945	2,580	2,420	2,431	2,364	2,175	2,083	1,988
Mountain	859	840	837	800	780	782	773	747	733	719
Pacific	1,070	1,047	1,043	996	971	973	962	929	911	894
New England:										
Maine	122	111	109	94	86	86	82	75	70	66
New Hampshire	47	42	41	35	32	31	30	27	25	23
Vermont	81	77	77	69	66	68	67	63	61	60
Massachusetts	80	74	74	65	61	62	61	56	54	52
Rhode Island	10	10	10	8	8	8	8	7	7	6
Connecticut	63	58	57	50	47	47	46	42	40	39

Continued-

Table 7.--Farm population by regions, divisions, and States, annual estimates, April 1920-60 1/ - Continued

Area	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.	Thou.
Middle Atlantic:											
New York	578	545	543	490	467	472	463	435	421	408	387
New Jersey	105	100	99	90	85	87	85	80	77	75	71
Pennsylvania	705	656	648	575	543	541	526	487	467	446	428
East North Central:											
Ohio	853	819	801	749	717	706	690	653	630	607	581
Indiana	667	650	655	621	606	614	609	588	581	569	539
Illinois	763	744	748	709	694	699	693	672	660	652	621
Michigan	695	668	658	614	590	588	573	544	526	510	486
Wisconsin	725	711	716	682	668	676	674	653	645	636	594
West North Central:											
Minnesota	740	731	733	709	698	706	703	685	677	671	624
Iowa	783	782	791	769	767	772	775	765	756	755	703
Missouri	863	841	817	780	747	734	713	679	654	630	595
North Dakota	254	250	249	240	235	235	233	226	222	220	207
South Dakota	254	250	253	244	238	242	240	233	232	228	217
Nebraska	391	386	388	374	370	370	370	359	357	349	329
Kansas	444	433	432	413	401	402	394	379	373	364	340
South Atlantic:											
Delaware	34	30	30	30	29	29	28	29	28	26	27
Maryland	183	177	175	159	150	154	150	143	137	135	132
Virginia	732	686	684	610	579	588	577	538	520	502	467
West Virginia	411	367	346	295	264	251	231	204	184	165	155
North Carolina	1,377	1,299	1,313	1,171	1,126	1,145	1,136	1,059	1,037	1,006	950
South Carolina	701	651	646	576	543	545	532	496	476	455	433
Georgia	962	884	864	750	697	685	657	596	564	530	515
Florida	233	220	218	197	186	190	185	175	168	165	157
East South Central:											
Kentucky	974	914	906	809	768	771	755	704	677	652	618
Tennessee	1,016	956	955	859	818	827	813	764	740	715	677
Alabama	960	884	865	759	708	698	672	615	583	553	519
Mississippi	1,097	1,024	1,019	902	852	862	841	778	751	721	680
West South Central:											
Arkansas	802	737	730	637	595	598	579	531	508	483	415
Louisiana	567	523	512	446	414	413	397	363	344	326	313
Oklahoma	553	508	498	433	404	401	388	355	335	318	294
Texas	1,292	1,204	1,204	1,063	1,007	1,019	1,000	927	896	860	806
Mountain:											
Montana	136	134	135	130	128	129	129	125	124	123	115
Idaho	165	164	166	161	159	163	163	160	159	158	148
Wyoming	57	56	56	54	54	54	54	53	52	52	47
Colorado	198	193	191	181	175	174	170	163	159	154	143
New Mexico	132	124	120	110	103	99	94	87	81	76	72
Arizona	77	76	78	75	74	76	76	74	74	73	74
Utah	81	79	79	76	74	74	73	72	70	69	65
Nevada	13	13	13	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Pacific:											
Washington	274	266	264	250	242	241	237	227	221	216	199
Oregon	228	221	218	207	200	198	194	187	181	176	165
California	568	560	561	539	529	533	531	515	508	502	463
Alaska	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	3
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	12

1/ Figures are rounded to the nearest thousand without being adjusted to group totals.

Table 8.--Percentage distribution of farm population by regions, divisions, and States, at five-year intervals, April 1920-60

Area	1920	1925	1930	1935	1940	1945	1950	1955	1960
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
United States	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Region:									
Northeast	8.0	7.8	7.5	8.2	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.4	7.2
North Central	31.8	31.5	31.4	31.0	30.6	31.8	32.3	35.3	37.3
South	53.3	53.7	53.6	53.3	53.7	52.2	51.6	48.1	45.8
West	6.9	7.0	7.5	7.5	7.8	8.2	8.3	9.2	9.7
Division:									
New England	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.5
Middle Atlantic	6.0	5.8	5.6	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7
East North Central	15.5	14.9	14.7	15.0	15.2	15.8	16.1	17.2	18.0
West North Central	16.3	16.6	16.7	16.0	15.4	16.0	16.2	18.1	19.3
South Atlantic	20.3	19.9	19.4	19.5	19.8	20.0	20.1	18.8	18.2
East South Central	16.4	16.5	16.7	16.8	17.3	17.5	17.6	16.6	15.9
West South Central	16.6	17.3	17.5	17.0	16.6	14.7	13.9	12.7	11.7
Mountain	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	4.1	4.3
Pacific	3.2	3.4	3.8	3.8	4.1	4.5	4.6	5.1	5.4
New England:									
Maine	.6	.6	.5	.6	.6	.5	.5	.5	.4
New Hampshire	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.1
Vermont	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.3	.4	.4	.4
Massachusetts	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.5	.3	.3	.3
Rhode Island	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	1/	1/	1/	1/
Connecticut	.3	.3	.3	.4	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2
Middle Atlantic:									
New York	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
New Jersey	.5	.4	.4	.4	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5
Pennsylvania	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.1	2.8	2.7
East North Central:									
Ohio	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7
Indiana	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.2	3.4
Illinois	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.7	4.0
Michigan	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1
Wisconsin	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.8
West North Central:									
Minnesota	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.7	4.0
Iowa	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.4	4.0	4.5
Missouri	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.8
North Dakota	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3
South Dakota	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.4
Nebraska	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.1
Kansas	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2

Continued-

Table 8.--Percentage distribution of farm population by regions, divisions, and States, at five-year intervals, April 1920-60 - Continued

Area	1920	1925	1930	1935	1940	1945	1950	1955	1960
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
South Atlantic:									
Delaware	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Maryland	.9	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8
Virginia	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.1	3.0
West Virginia	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.0
North Carolina	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.1	5.4	5.6	6.0	6.0	6.1
South Carolina	3.4	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.8
Georgia	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.2	3.6	3.3
Florida	.9	.9	.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
East South Central:									
Kentucky	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0
Tennessee	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3
Alabama	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.7	3.3
Mississippi	4.0	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.3
West South Central:									
Arkansas	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.5	3.1	2.6
Louisiana	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.0
Oklahoma	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.7	2.4	2.1	1.9
Texas	7.2	7.6	7.7	7.4	7.1	6.2	5.6	5.3	5.2
Mountain:									
Montana	.7	.7	.7	.6	.6	.5	.6	.7	.7
Idaho	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7	.7	.8	.9
Wyoming	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3
Colorado	.9	.8	.9	.9	.8	.8	.9	.9	.9
New Mexico	.5	.5	.5	.6	.6	.6	.6	.5	.5
Arizona	.3	.3	.3	.3	.4	.4	.3	.4	.5
Utah	.4	.4	.4	.4	.3	.4	.3	.4	.4
Nevada	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Pacific :									
Washington	.9	.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3
Oregon	.7	.7	.7	.8	.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
California	1.6	1.8	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.8	3.0
Alaska	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1/
Hawaii	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	.1

1/ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 9.--Numerical and percentage change in farm population for the United States, regions, divisions, and States, by decades, April 1920-60

Area	Change		Change		Change		Change		Change	
	1920 to 1960		1920 to 1930		1930 to 1940		1940 to 1950		1950 to 1960	
	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.
United States <u>1</u> /	-16,339	-51.1	-1,445	-4.5	18	0.1	-7,499	-24.5	-7,413	-32.2
Region:										
Northeast	-1,418	-55.9	-250	-9.9	124	5.4	-620	-25.7	-672	-37.5
North Central	-4,322	-42.5	-575	-5.7	-234	-2.4	-1,916	-20.5	-1,597	-21.5
South	-9,903	-58.0	-699	-4.1	36	.2	-4,504	-27.5	-4,736	-39.8
West <u>1</u> /	-696	-31.4	79	3.6	92	4.0	-458	-19.2	-409	-21.2
Division:										
New England	-401	-63.4	-58	-9.2	48	8.4	-220	-35.3	-171	-42.4
Middle Atlantic	-1,017	-53.4	-192	-10.1	76	4.4	-400	-22.4	-501	-36.1
East North Central	-2,132	-43.0	-452	-9.1	137	3.0	-935	-20.2	-882	-23.8
West North Central	-2,190	-42.1	-123	-2.4	-371	-7.3	-982	-20.8	-714	-19.1
South Atlantic	-3,658	-56.3	-582	-9.0	146	2.5	-1,427	-23.5	-1,795	-38.7
East South Central	-2,763	-52.6	-148	-2.8	174	3.4	-1,235	-23.4	-1,554	-38.4
West South Central	-3,482	-65.6	31	.6	-284	-5.3	-1,842	-36.4	-1,387	-43.1
Mountain	-501	-42.5	-36	-3.1	-25	-2.2	-259	-23.2	-181	-21.1
Pacific <u>1</u> /	-195	-18.8	115	11.1	117	10.2	-200	-15.7	-228	-21.3
New England:										
Maine	-139	-69.5	-29	-14.5	5	2.9	-54	-30.7	-61	-50.0
New Hampshire	-55	-71.4	-14	-18.2	8	12.7	-24	-33.8	-25	-53.2
Vermont	-71	-55.9	-14	-11.0	-6	-5.3	-26	-24.3	-25	-30.9
Massachusetts	-70	-58.3	4	3.3	23	18.6	-67	-45.6	-30	-37.5
Rhode Island	-9	-60.0	2	13.3	0	---	-7	-41.2	-4	-40.0
Connecticut	-58	-61.7	-7	-7.4	18	20.7	-42	-40.0	-27	-42.9
Middle Atlantic:										
New York	-419	-52.0	-84	-10.4	8	1.1	-152	-20.8	-191	-33.0
New Jersey	-74	-51.0	-14	-9.7	12	9.2	-38	-26.6	-34	-32.4
Pennsylvania	-525	-55.1	-94	-9.9	56	6.5	-210	-23.0	-277	-39.3
East North Central:										
Ohio	-568	-49.4	-133	-11.6	73	7.2	-236	-21.7	-272	-31.9
Indiana	-375	-41.0	-99	-10.8	1	.1	-149	-18.3	-128	-19.2
Illinois	-486	-43.9	-105	-9.5	-23	-2.3	-216	-22.1	-142	-18.6
Michigan	-370	-43.2	-71	-8.3	86	11.0	-176	-20.2	-209	-30.1
Wisconsin	-333	-35.9	-44	-4.8	0	---	-158	-17.9	-131	-18.1

Continued-

Table 9.--Numerical and percentage change in farm population for the United States, regions, divisions, and States, by decades, April 1920-60 -Continued

Area	Change 1920 to 1960		Change 1920 to 1930		Change 1930 to 1940		Change 1940 to 1950		Change 1950 to 1960	
	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.	Thou.	Pct.
West North Central:										
Minnesota	-279	-30.9	-5	-0.6	17	1.9	-175	-19.1	-116	-15.7
Iowa	-288	-29.1	-10	-1.0	-50	-5.1	-148	-15.9	-80	-10.2
Missouri	-624	-51.2	-101	-8.3	7	.6	-262	-23.3	-268	-31.1
North Dakota	-191	-48.0	0	---	-70	-17.6	-74	-22.6	-47	-18.5
South Dakota	-147	-40.4	27	7.4	-84	-21.5	-53	-17.3	-37	-14.6
Nebraska	-259	-44.0	-1	-.2	-89	-15.2	-107	-21.5	-62	-15.9
Kansas	-402	-54.2	-33	-4.4	-102	-14.4	-163	-26.9	-104	-23.4
South Atlantic:										
Delaware	-25	-48.1	-5	-9.6	-1	-2.1	-12	-26.1	-7	-20.6
Maryland	-151	-53.4	-45	-15.9	8	3.4	-63	-25.6	-51	-27.9
Virginia	-611	-56.7	-125	-11.6	33	3.5	-254	-25.8	-265	-36.2
West Virginia	-329	-68.0	-34	-7.0	83	18.4	-122	-22.9	-256	-62.3
North Carolina	-570	-37.5	84	5.5	55	3.4	-282	-17.0	-427	-31.0
South Carolina	-655	-60.2	-169	-15.5	-2	-.2	-216	-23.6	-268	-38.2
Georgia	-1,191	-69.8	-283	-16.6	-55	-3.9	-406	-29.7	-447	-46.5
Florida	-128	-44.9	-5	-1.8	25	8.9	-72	-23.6	-76	-32.6
East South Central:										
Kentucky	-706	-53.3	-144	-10.9	81	6.9	-287	-22.8	-356	-36.6
Tennessee	-613	-47.5	-71	-5.5	57	4.7	-260	-20.4	-339	-33.4
Alabama	-836	-61.7	-11	-.8	-1	-.1	-383	-28.5	-441	-45.9
Mississippi	-608	-47.2	78	6.1	37	2.7	-306	-21.8	-417	-38.0
West South Central:										
Arkansas	-750	-64.4	-43	-3.7	-9	-.8	-311	-27.9	-387	-48.3
Louisiana	-485	-60.8	35	4.4	21	2.5	-287	-33.6	-254	-44.8
Oklahoma	-739	-71.5	-6	-.6	-97	-9.4	-377	-40.5	-259	-46.8
Texas	-1,508	-65.2	45	1.9	-199	-8.4	-868	-40.2	-486	-37.6
Mountain:										
Montana	-113	-49.6	-23	-10.1	-29	-14.2	-40	-22.7	-21	-15.4
Idaho	-55	-27.1	-14	-6.9	14	7.4	-38	-18.7	-17	-10.3
Wyoming	-21	-30.9	6	8.8	-1	2/	-16	-21.9	-10	-17.5
Colorado	-125	-46.6	16	6.0	-31	-10.9	-55	-21.7	-55	-27.8
New Mexico	-91	-55.8	-4	-2.5	19	12.0	-46	-25.8	-60	-45.5
Arizona	-18	-19.6	7	7.6	15	15.2	-37	-32.5	-3	-3.9
Utah	-76	-53.9	-25	-17.7	-11	-9.5	-24	-22.9	-16	-19.8
Nevada	-3	-18.8	1	6.2	-1	-5.9	-3	-18.8	0	---
Pacific:										
Washington	-90	-31.1	17	5.9	34	11.1	-66	-19.4	-75	-27.4
Oregon	-54	-24.7	5	2.3	35	15.6	-31	-12.0	-63	-27.6
California	-66	-12.5	93	17.6	48	7.7	-102	-15.2	-105	-18.5

1/ Changes include Alaska and Hawaii in 1960. 2/ Less than 0.05 percent.

