

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search http://ageconsearch.umn.edu aesearch@umn.edu

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





Agricultural Economics Bibliography No. 48

--0--

PRICE ANALYSIS

Selected References on Supply and Demand Curves and Related Subjects

Compiled by Louise O. Bercaw Under the Direction of Mary G. Lacy, Librarian **Bureau** of Agricultural Economics

> Washington, D. C. September 1933

1

IBRARY

RECEIVED

U. S. Dog unent of Agriculture



and the second second second



PRICE ANALYSIS

Selected References on Supply and Demand Curves and Related Subjects, January 1928 - June 1933

Compiled by Louise O. Bercaw under the Direction of Mary G. Lacy, Librarian Bureau of Agricultural Economics

This list had its origin in a request for a bibliography on supply and demand curves to supplement the list on p. 124-125 in Warren and Pearson's bulletin "Interrelationships of Supply and Price." (Item 123) It is designed to list references to material on price analysis published since 1927, although a few references to material published prior to that date, not included in the Warren and Pearson bulletin, have been listed. The footnote citations in many of the publications listed are an additional source of references to earlier material. No special search was made for specific analyses of prices other than agricultural prices or for references on price spreads. This list is the beginning of what it is hoped may grow into a comprehensive bibliography on price analysis. Suggestions and criticisms as to omissions and inclusions and the arrangement of titles will be greatfully received.

THEORETICAL ASPECTS*

1. [American association for the advancement of science.] The Syracuse meeting of the American association for the advancement of science and associated societies; edited by Dr. Charles F. Roos. Science 76 (1960): 63-75. July 22, 1932. 470 Sci 2 The following is quoted from the report of Section K, p. 70-

71:

1933

C1

 \sim

SEP

11 N.O.IO

"Mr. R. H. Whitman, of the University of Gnicago, opened the Tuesday morning session, devoted to a symposium on 'Demand,' with an account of his work on the fitting of demand functions of more general types than those used by H.L. Moore to price data for iron and steel. Terms involving the rate of change of price and the time-integral of price were included in various combinations. High multiple correlations were obtained for each of the periods 1902-1915, 1916-1920 and 1921-1930. Dr. C. F. Roos chowed how the effect of past prices and the memory of past purchases lead to a demand function containing an integral either of past prices or past purchases the two forms being equivalent on account of the invertibility of the linear integral equation. He declared that in the newer view of demand the concept of utility will be demoted from a major to a very minor place. ..."

"The Thursday afternoon symposium on agricultural supply and demand functions was opened by Professor F. A. Pearson, of Cornell University, who gave the results of a study of the relations between the supplies of corn, potatoes, wheat and beef in various localities of the United States and prices (in some cases and in others wholesale prices) in New York City. In the next paper Dr. Mondecai Ezekiel [q.v.] examined various functional set-ups for the demand curves of two competing products. In particular, he discussed the cases where the price of each product is expressed as an additive function of the supply of both, and where the price of each is expressed in terms of its own supply and the price of the other. In the last paper of this symposium Dr. Louis H. Bean [q.v.] of the Department of Agriculture, discussed the derivation of instantaneous demand-supply curves, characteristics of shifts in demand curves and a type of demandsupply curve which represents the response of producers to price in future planning."

- 2. American association for the advancement of science. Reports of the fourth Cleveland meeting... Science 73 (1884): 137-168. Feb. 6, 1931. 470 Sci2 In the report of Section A (mathematics) and related organizations, p. 150, there is a short report of a paper by C. F. Roos as follows: "C. F. Roos, of Cornell University, gave an ordered account of the more recent mathematical formulations expressing the interrelations of demand, cost of production and profit, he showed by concrete examples what may be accomplished in fitting mathematical functions to actual commodity curves over a number of years."
- 3. Amoroso, Luigi. La curva statica di offerta. Giornale degli Economisti è Rivista di Statistica 45 (1): 1-26. Jan. 1930. 280.3 G43 The static curve of supply. Abstracted in Social Science Abstracts, v. 3, 1931, item 9182.
- 4. Amoroso, Luigi. Ecuaciones diferenciales de la dinámica econômica. Revista Nacional de Econômia 28 (84): 241-253. Mar.-Abr. 1929. Hot seen.
- 5. Amoroso, Luigi. Equazione differenziale della domanda e teoria matematica delle crisi economiche. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 45 (ie 46) (1): 39-40. Jan. 1951. 280.8 C43 "The criticism of the author's theory, in the definition of the curves of demand and supply made by C. F. Roos (J. Fol. Econ. Oct. 1930, 502) is based on an error of interpretation. The theory advanced by Roos on the cyclical movements of quantities and prices as integrals of a differential equation is less simple than that advanced by the author more than a year earlier." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, no. 6, June 1932, item 9537.
- 6. Amoroso, Luigi. Le equazioni differenziali della dinamica economica. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 44 (2): 68-79. Feb. 1929. 280.8 G43 "In this article the author discusses the contributions of the American economists, G. C. Evans, C. F. Roos, H. L. Moore, and I. Fisher to the renaissance of mathematical economics. Their theories are evaluated and criticized. Special attention is given to the problem of elasticity of demand and to the work of Fisher for the mathematical prevision of price oscillation." Social Sci. Abs./1, 1929, item 10125.
- 7. Amoroso, Luigi. Intorno all determinazione empirica delle leggi della domanda e dell'offerta. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 45 (11): 941-944. Nov. 1930. 280.8 G43 "It is necessary to proceed simultaneously from the empirical data of prices and consumption to the curves of demand and supply for a theoretical

solution of the problem. Interpolating the data of the historical curve by means of differential equations it is possible to reach, on the basis of certain hypotneses the two families of demand and supply curves." -Social Sci. Abs. v, 4, Apr. 1932, item 5576.

B. Bailey, A. L. The analysis of covariance. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 26 (n.s. 176): 424-435. Dec. 1931. 251 Am3

"Four examples have been chosen to show some of the practical applications of the analysis of covariance as well as to illustrate the wide variety of information which can be obtained in particular cases. These examples all present imaginary observation but are parallel to actual problems to which the same methods have been applied advantageously. They are taken from the fields of biometry, agrenomy, market analysis, and economic supply and demand. In the last of these problems all of the original data and calculations are given in detail. It also illustrates how closer estimates of the correlation and regressions can be obtained by second or third approximations in those cases where the variation between groups is continuous."

Bean, L. H. Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvilinear correlation. A preliminary report. 2 pts., mimeogr., charts. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1929. 1.9 Ec752Ap
 The following is quoted from p. 1:

"The purpose of this paper is to present this simple approach to multiple curvilinear correlation. The method employed will be demonstrated with six examples, or cases, of actual problems chosen from different fields of economic relationships, in the hope that this 'case' method of presentation will not only make clear the simple steps involved, but will also suggest their application to similar problems likely to be encountered. by the analyst of variations in economic data. It will be demonstrated by means of a generalized problem, but in this final illustration also we shall refrain from generalization. Technical language will be used as little as possible, but the reader will need to study closely the graphic presentations, for the method is essentially one of graphic correlation. In each example the data used and the steps in the analysis will be so indicated that the reader may properly appraise the reasonableness of the approach and the reliability of the results. The assumptions and logic involved in each of the six special cases will also be indicated but this only briefly."

Case I, p. 2-4: Relation of (1) production of early potatoes and (2) the price of old potatoes to (3) the price received by producers of early potatoes.

Case II, p. 4-5: Relation of cotton prices and business conditions to the domestic mill consumption of cotton.

Case III, p. 5-7: Cotton consumption (continued).

Case IV, p. 7-8: Effect of supply and other factors on the yearly average of farm orice of apples.

Case V, p. 8-9: Effect of supply and other factors on the New York price of California oranges.

Case VI, p. 9-10: Effect of price on acreage of cotton harvested in the United States.

Part II is entitled The Method Applied to Changes in Acreages, Yields and Livestock Numbers. Three examples, or cases, are given. Case VIII, p. 1-2: The relation of price to changes in the United States acreage of cabbage. Case IX, p. 3-4: The relation of price to changes in the number of hogs on farms in the United States on January 1.

10. Bean, L. H. Characteristics of agricultural supply and demand curves. 10 p., typewritten, charts. pub. by the Eur. Agr. Econ. in mineographed form:

Copy in Library, U.S., Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

This is a summary of the topics included in Mr. Bean's paper on characteristics of agricultural supply and demand curves before Section K of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, joint program with the Econometric Society, Syracuse, June 22, 1932.

"The topics covered deal with (1) a simple illustration of an approach to the instantaneous supply and demand curves for commodities of fixed annual supply. The supply curves dealt with here are the current-supply. curves representing supplies offered from a total fixed available quantity on hand; (2) relations between producer, dealer, and total demand curves and two views of price determination (3) shifts in demand curves, that involve changes in slope (or elasticity) and changes in level due to the value of money, growth, factors, etc. (4) comparison of agricultural with nonagricultural demand curves, and (5) subsequent supply curves, which show the effect of current prices on supplies of the following season or seasons."

Commodities for which curves are given are potatoes, pig iron and steel, and meat animals.

11. Bean, L. H. A simplified method of graphic curvilinear correlation. Jour.Amer. Statis, Assoc. 24 (n.s.168): 336-397. Dec. 1929. 251 Am3 In chart IV, p. 395 "is an analysis of the price of early potatoes received by growers, showing the effect of production of early potatoes and of the competitive effect of the price of old potatoes for the years 1921-1928 inclusive."

In chart V, p. 396 "is an analysis of the effect of price and business activity on the domestic mill consumption of cotton for the years 1919 to 1928, inclusive."

A further application of this method by Mr. Bean is given in Application of a Simplified Method of Correlation to Problems in Acreage and Yield Variations in Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 25 (n.s.172): 428-439. Dec. 1930.

- 12. Bean, L. H., and Thorne, G. B. The use of "trends in residuals" in constructing demand curves. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 27 (177): 61-67. Mar. 1932.
- 13. Black, J. D. Agricultural reform in the United States. 511 p., charts. New York, London, McGraw-Hill book company, inc., 1929. 281 B55 The effect of surpluses on prices and incomes, ch. IV, p. 85-128. Subtopics are: Weather surpluses, overplanting surpluses, relation of supplies to prices, effect of surpluses and deficits on gross values of crops, effect of surpluses on net value of crops, effect of prices on subsequent production, surpluses of livestock and livestock products. Season surpluses and gains from holding during the year, ch. VI, p. 152-176.
- 14. Black, J. D. Elasticity of supply of farm products. Jour. Farm Econ. 6 (2): 145-155. Apr. 1924. 280.8 J822

- 15. Bordin, Arrigo. La legge della domanda dal punto di vista della statica e della dinamica. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 45 (5): 421-471. May 1930. 280.8 G43 The law of demand from a static and dynamic standpoint. Abstracted in Social Science Abstracts, v. 3, 1931, item 18856.
- 16. Burgess, R. W. A statistical approach to mathematical formulation of demandsupply-price relationship. Ann. Math. Statis. 3 (1): 10-19. Feb. 1932. "A generalized mathematical procedure is desirable, involving cost, demand and supply functions, to analyze more complex situations than are amenable to present methods. The non-statistical mathematical economist, before formulating equations with undetermined constants (the determination of which is usually at least as difficult as the original problem), needs to give more attention to the assumptions implicit in the form of equations used. Scientific procedure in supply-demand-price analysis cannot neglect the statistical phases of the problem. The development of actuarial science illustrates broadly the necessary steps in scientific progress; (1) creation of a serviceable mechanism of measurement, (2) careful making and recording of numerous data, (3) derivation of empirical laws from these data, and finally, (4) discovery of fundamental principles." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Oct. 1932, item 16585.
- 17. Bye, R. T. Composite demand and joint supply in relation to public utility. Quart. Jour. Econ. 44 (1): 40-62. Nov. 1929. 280.8 Q2
- 18. Bye, R. T. The inductive testing of an economic deduction; a method illustrated by analyses of marginal producers and representative firms, by Alfred Marshall, Horace Sechrist and Kemper Simpson. Analysis No. 44 in Methods in Social Science, edited by Stuart A. Rice. Chicago, University of Chicago press, 1931, p. 614-634. 280 Sol2 "A description of the attempt of Sechrist and Simpson to obtain a statistical verification of the theoretical cost curve of Marshall." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 5.
- 19. Cabiati, Attilio. Sull'influenza della elasticità della domanda nella produttività crescente. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 45 (4): 335-337. Apr. 1930. 280.8 G43 "The elasticity of demand often acts as a limit to the possibility of expansion as an enterprise. Therefore, even if the enterprise is in the phase of increasing productivity, it is often not possible to realize the whole course of its expansion because its maximum advantage up to the point of monopoly will be in proportion as it is able to realize internal economies." Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 9187.
- 20. Cassels, J. M. The nature of statistical supply curves. Address delivered before the American Farm economics association, December 1932. Jour. Farm Econ. 15 (2): 378-387. Apr. 1933. 280.8 J822

"An analysis of the statistical approach to the price-supply problem. It is pointed out that the slope of the supply curve depends on the time allowed for adjustments to take place and that the contraction response is not an exact reversal of the expansion response." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 6. 21. Clower, F. W. Note on the supply curve for capital. Amer. Econ. Rev. 18 (2): 272-274. June 1928. 280.8 Am32

22. Copeland, M. A. Economic theory and the natural science point of view. Amer. Econ. Rev. 21 (1): 67-79. 1931. 280.8 Am32

"This paper, presented at the forty-third annual meeting of the American Economic Association, Cleveland, Ohio, December 30, 1930, considers how standards of social policy, the marginal utility theory and the ultimate determinants of price, the law of supply and demand, the productivity theory, Say's law that real supply is real demand, and theory of taxation might be treated from a natural science point of view." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 65: 479. 1931.

23. Douglas, P. H. Elasticity of supply as a determinant of distribution. In Economic essays contributed in honor of John Bates Clark, ed. by Jacob H. Hollander, p. 70-118. New York, The Macmillan co., 1927. 280 Ec7 Titles of the ten parts of this paper are: The positive contributions of the marginal theory of distribution; The place of supply curves of the factors in a complete theory of distribution; The conscious or unconscious use of supply schedules in economic theory; Various types of supply curves and the meaning of elasticity of supply; Elasticities of supply in relation to increases in the effectiveness of industry; Elasticity of supply in relation to decreases in the net effectiveness of industry; Elasticities of supply in relation to changes in bargaining power; The influence of the relative proportion of the total product received by the factors; Other factors; Some next steps in research.

24. Econometric society. The meeting of the Econometric society in Cincinnati, Ohio, December 1932. Econometrica 1 (2): 209-217. Apr. 1933. 280.8 Ec78

The report of this meeting is by Alfred Cowles, 3rd.

A summary and comments by M. D. Anderson, H. T. Davis, and W. F. Ferger on Henry Schultz' paper "Interrelations of Demand" p. 210-212. The main body of this paper, which is to be published in the Journal of Political Economy," "was devoted to a detailed statistical analysis of the interrelations of the demand for the four feed crops, barley, corn, hay, and oats for the period 1896-1914."

Extracts from Victor S. von Szeliski's paper, "The Statistical Analysis of Stock Prices," p. 214-215.

25. Econometric society. Reports of meetings, 1931 and 1932, Econometrica 1 (1): 73-86,87-90,91-93,94-104. Jan. 1933. 280.8 Ec78

> 25a. La réunion de la Société d'econométrie Lausanne, septembre, 1931, by Hans Staehle, p. 73-86. On the morning of September 23 M. Marschak gave a paper on "La Détermination statistique des courbes d'offre et de demande, exposé général." A short report of the discussion on this paper is given on p. 80-81. On p. 81 mention is made of papers by M. Fanno on "Les corrélations des prix et les courbes statistiques de demande et d'offre" [q.v.] and by M. Roy on "La demande dans ses rapports avec la distribution des revenus." [q.v.]

25b. The meeting of the Econometric society in Washington, D. C., December 1931, by Irving Fisher, p. 87-90. Short accounts of the papers read at the meetings are given on p. 88-90. Among the papers reported

*Jour. Polit. Econ. 41 (4): 468-512. Aug. 1933.

are the following: The Relation between Mathematical Economics and Statistical Price Analysis, by Mordecai Ezekiel; Some Relations between Commodity Prices and Business Activity by Holbrook Working; and A comparison of the Elasticities of Demand for Selected Commodities, Obtained by Different Methods, by Henry Schultz [9.V.].

25c. The meeting of the Econometric society in New Orleans, Louisiana, January 1932, by Irving Fisher, p. 91-93. The following is quoted from the short report of the meeting on p. 92: "...The following paper was that of Professor Hotelling on 'Edgeworth's Taxation Paradox and the Nature of Demand Functions, ! which discussed cortain surprising results of two interrelated demands when one of them was subjected to a tax. The discussion of this paper was led by Dr. Mayer and Professor Rietz ... At noon, a luncheon meeting was held ... The following papers from Europeans were read by title: ... ?. 'Pitfalls in the Statistical Construction of Demand and Supply Curves, by Ragnar Frisch q.v. J. 3. 'Cio' Che e' Chiaro e Cio! Che e' Oscuro nelle Fluttuazioni dei Prezzi, ' ('Clear and Dark Aspects in Price Fluctuations!), by Luigi Amoroso (Published in Vol. 4 of Atti dell' Istituto Nazionale delle Assicurazioni). 4. The Demand for Rival (or Substitute) Commodities, ' by Umberto Ricci [9.V.]. 5. Kostenanalyse als Grundlage einer statistischen Ermittlung von Nachfragekurven, ' by Erich Schneider (published in Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft) ... "

25d. The meeting of the Econometric society, in Syracuse, New York, June 1932, by Joseph Mayer, p. 94-104. A Demand and Supply symposium was held on the morning of the first day of the meeting. A short abstract of the first paper The Statistical Law of Demand for Producers! Goods as Illustrated by the Demand for Iron and Steel, by Roswell H. Whitman, together with a report of the discussion on this paper by Harry S. Kantor, Ragnar Frisch, Harold Hotelling, and L. H. Bean, is given on p. 94-96. A short abstract of C. F. Reos' paper, The Effect of Hysteresis and Speculation on Demand and Supply and a report of discussion on this paper by Joseph Mayer, Mordecai Ezekiel, Harold Hotelling, H. T. Davis, and Ragnar Frisch are given on p. 96-97. A short report of L. L. Thurstone's paper, An Experimental Study of Indifference Curves, together with discussion by Dr. Ezekiel and Dr. Mayer, is given on p. 97-98. Short accounts are given on p. 102-103 of three papers presented at the Wednesday afternoon session, i. e.: Supply-Price Relationships, by F. A. Pearson and G. F. Warren; Analyzing the Prices of Competing Products, by Mordecai Ezekiel; and Characteristics of Agricultural Supply and Demand Functions, by L. H. Bean [q.V.].

26. Ezekiel, Mordecai. Freisvoraussage bei landwirtschaftlichen erzeugnissen. Frankfurter gesellschaft für konjunkturforschung. Veröffentlichungen... hft. 9, 32 p. Bonn, K. Schroeder, 1930. 280.9 F85 Not seen.

"For a commodity with a definite sales period within which the supply is fixed, the price for that period may be estimated as soon as the supply is known, from the observed relation of supply to price in earlier periods. Annual crops such as cotton fulfill this condition. The change in the value of money and trends in demand may need to be included in the analysis. Once the forecasted average price for the season has been determined, the seasonal price movement may be forecasted on the basis of average seasonal movements in previous years of similar characteristics. Thus the usual seasonal movement of potato prices differ in years of small, medium, and large crops. The probable influ-

ence of price upon consumption and upon carry-over may similarly be determined by comparing previous changes. in these factors with changes in prices for the same periods. The changes in quantities consumed and in quantities added to or subtracted from carry-over may be added together to give a total demand curve, to check against the curve determined directly from changes in supply and price. The influence of price upon consumption may likewise be measured by comparing the changes in acreage planted with changes in price received one and sometimes two or more seasons earlier. More elaborate and complicated methods of determining the relations may be used, including multiple correlation and logarithmic transformations. Other factors may need to be considered. Prices vary in time, in space (geographically), and in different stages of the marketing process. Each type of variation may be subjected to statistical and economic study. " - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Oct. 1932, item 17638.

27.

/Ezekiel, Mordecai. Some considerations on the analysis of the prices of competing or substitute commodities. Econometrica 1 (2): 172-180. Apr. 1933. 280.8 Ec78

Paper read before a joint meeting of the Econometrica Society and Section K of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, Syracuse, New York, June 1932.

28. Ezekiel, Mordecai. Statistical analyses and the 'laws of price.' Quart. Jour. Econ. 42 (2): 199-227. Feb. 1928. 280.8 02 Library has also a reprint of this.

29. Ezekiel, Mordecai. A statistical examination of the problem of handling annual surpluses of non-perishable farm products. Jour. Farm. Econ. 11 (2): 193-226. Apr. 1929.

280.8 J822

Library has also a reprint of this.

Also issued in mimeographed form by the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics. (1.9 Ec762Pro)

"A discussion of ways of dealing with farm surpluses may consider either the institutional means which might be established for disposing of surpluses, or the possibilities of increasing returns to farmers by disposing of the surpluses in various ways. This paper will be confined to the second problem. The possible effects on returns to farmers of such operations as storing from year and export dumping will be considered in the light of what is known about price behavior from statistical studies of prices," p. 193.

Unpublished price-analysis studies of the following were used in the preparation of this paper: E. M. Daggit, studies of factors affecting wheat prices; L. H. Bean, a study of the probable effects of export dumping of wheat; Owen L. Dawson, studies of the export demand for various pork products.

The computations on cotton are based on studies by the author and by L. H. Bean.

30. Englander, Oskar. Elastizitat der nachfrage. Schmollers Jahrbuch für Gesetzgebung, Verweltung und Volkswirtschaft im Deutschen Reiche 53 (3): 1-28. June 1929. L. C.

"A discussion on measuring elasticity of demand under conditions of changing quantity on changing price ... "Social Sci. Abs., v. 2, 1930, item 473.

31. Fanno, Marco. Correlazioni tra prezzi e curve statistische di domanda e offerta. Rivista Italiana de Statistica, Economia e Finanza 4 (2): 223-237. June 1932. L. C.

> Presented at the September 1931 meeting of the Econometric Society. Also published in Econometrica 1 (2): 162-171. Apr. 1933 with title: Interrelations des Prix et Courbes Statistiques de Demande et d'Offre.

32. Fanno, Marco. Die elastizität der nachfrage nach ersatzgütern. Zeitschrift für Nationalőkonomie 1 (1): 51-74. May 1929. L. C.

"The author remarks that, while Alfred Marshall has developed the notion of elasticity of demand and given its mathematical expression, he did not apply it to the particular case of the demand for substitution goods. The author endeavors to complete the theory at this point. He examines the principles for the use of substitution goods and studies the laws governing the demand for them. He then outlines the elements which influence its elasticity and finally develops the Marshallian formula adapted to the particular case under consideration." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 2, 1930, item 14449.

- 33. Ferger, W. F. Notes on Pigou's method of deriving demand curves. Econ. Jour. 42 (165): 17-26. Mar. 1932. 280.8 Q2 Page 26 contains also a brief reply by Mr. Pigou. Abstracted in Social Science Abstracts, v. 4, 1932, item 15826.
- 34. Ferger, W. F. The static and dynamic in statistical demand curves. Quart. Jour. Econ. 47 (1): 36-62. Nov. 1932.

35. Fisher, Irving. A statistical method for measuring "marginal utility" and testing the justice of a progressive income tax. In Economic essays contributed in honor of John Bates Clark, ed. by Jacob H. Hollander, p. 157-193. New York, The Macmillan co., 1927. 280 Ec7 "The method consists, in a word, of so utilizing data of family budgets and prices as to compare the wants of two typical families of different incomes, in the same community, by using as a yardstick or criterion, a third typical family having identical tastes, but differing in the amount of income, and living under a different scale of prices for foods, rents, clothing and other items of consumption." p. 159.

36. Frisch, Ragnar. New methods of measuring marginal utility. Tubingen, J. C. B. Mohr, 1932. (Beitrage zur ökonomischen theorie, 3). Not seen. Reviewed by Henry Schultz in Jour. Polit. Econ. 41 (1): 95-116. Feb. 1933 in an article entitled Frisch on the Measurement of Utility. Also reviewed by A. L. Bowley in Econ. Jour. 42 (166): 252-256. June

1932.

37. Frisch, Ragnar. Pitfalls in the statistical construction of demand and supply curves. Frankfurter Gesellschaft für Konjunkturforschung. Veröffentlichungen, n.f., hft. 5, 39 p., chart. Leipzig, H. Buske, 1933. 280.9 F85

Text in English.

A discussion of the pitfalls connected with "the variability type of the data" used in constructing supply and demand curves.

- 9 -

38. Fubini, Renzo. Sull'influenza dell'imposta sulla domanda e sull'offerta. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivisti di Statistica 44 (1): 12-22. Jan. 1929. 280.8 G43

The influence of taxation on supply and demand.

- 39. Gilboy, E. W. Demand curves by personal estimate. Quart. Jour. Econ. 46 (2): 376-384, chart. Feb. 1932. 280.8 Q2
- 40. Gilboy, E. W. Demand curves in theory and practice. Quart. Jour. Econ. 44 (4): 601-620. Aug. 1930. 280.8 Q2 Abstracted in Social Science Abstracts, v. 3, 1931, item 625.

41. Gilboy, E. W. The Leontief and Schultz methods of deriving "démand" curves. Quart. Jour. Econ. 45 (2): 218-261. Feb. 1931. 280.8 Q2 "Starting with a brief description of the technique of the methods developed by Schultz and Leontief for deriving statistical demand and supply curves the author proceeds to an examination of the assumptions and logic upon which their conclusions rest and then applies their methods to the derivation of demand curves, and coefficients of elasticity from price quantity data for sugar, copper and coffee for several price and quantity import and export index numbers for England. Although both Schultz and Leontief derive average demand and supply curves purporting to measure the average elasticity over a given interval of time and the shiftings of instantaneous schedules for given years within the period from the average schedules for the entire period, the author questions their validity. The Schultz curve she holds, is a demand curve only in case supply can be disregarded as an independent factor, or supply alone moves, and the Leontief curve does not measure demand unless his hypotheses are found to be true to fact for the commodity in question. In a parallel comparison of curves and coefficients of elasticity she demonstrates that the results obtained from the two methods are distinctly different and concludes that neither yields the static demand curves discussed by Marshall." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, July 1931, item 10863.

- 42. Green, R. M. An application of "movement theory" in the behavior of prices to corn prices. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (2): 358-361. Apr. 1932, 280.8 J822
- 43. Harrod, R. F. Notes on supply. Econ. Jour. 40 (158): 232-241. June 1930. 280.8 Ec2

"Propaedeutic to the intricate questions connected with external and internal economics which have recently received important treatment by Pigou (Econ. J., June 1928) and by Shove (Econ. J., Mar. 1930), Harrod attempts to demonstrate mathematically the relationship between the supply schedule and increasing and decreasing costs. He does this (1) with reference to a short period, (2) with reference to a long period. No definite conclusions are drawn with regard to the short period but analysis of the effects of varying changes in demand at a given point in time is made. With reference to a long period, the whole problem is rendered complex due to the introduction of dynamic factors and particularly the introduction of the coullibrating of the factors of production with changes in demand. In general, he concludes that (1) an increase in demand would reduce the short-period prime cost of production and consequently the supply schedule of the industry; (2) an increase in demand would also reduce the average cost of production if all kinds of overhead charges are included; (3) notwithstanding this an increase in demand would raise the price of the product, and consequently the industry is subject to the 'law of increasing costs' as commonly understood. 'Confusion has arisen through failure to observe that these propositions are mutually consistent.'" - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, Jan. 1931, item 626.

44. Hay, W. W. Study of the nature of demand would obviate many of the mistakes of management. Annalist 37 (957): 931-932, charts. Nav.22, 1931. 284.8 N48

"Inability to forecast demand... remains one of the main difficulties in the way of early adjustment to orderly, balanced production. There are no easy yardsticks by which to measure demand in the sense that we can measure supply, production, shipments, stocks, &c. Nevertheless, a correct adjustment presumes some degree of balance between capacity to produce (supply) and the market (demand). It is therefore necessary to consider the influence of relative market saturation on demand."

Illustrated by three charts. Chart 1 is a type curve which shows the present relative position of electric refrigerator, oil burner, radio, and automobile markets. "It is based on the number in use, and is analagous to annual automobile registration figures. The probable degree of saturation (per capita use) is determined by the use of an integrated probability curve as the trend and significant changes of curvature correspond to relative changes of curvature in the S-curve...

"Chart 2 illustrates the changes that have taken place in the character of the buying and the effect on production. It is based on smoothed three-year moving averages of annual figures for domestic passenger automobiles."

Chart 3 shows consumption trend, marginal utility, and marginal demand price of reclaimed rubber and price trend of crude rubber, 1919-1928.

45. Holmes, C. L. Shifts in production areas in the United States induced by changes in farm prices and farm technique. 31 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of farm management and costs, March 1931. 1.9 Ec762Shp "The major shifts in the distribution of agricultural production in the United States from 1920 through 1930 are described and explained in relation to changes in the agricultural price situation, in insect damage and soil exhaustion, and in methods of production." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' Response to Price, item 72.

46. Hopkins, J. A., jr. The forecasting of economic phenomena. Iowa State Col. Jour. Sci. 2 (4): 263-288. July 1928. 470 Io9

Literature cited, p. 288.

Subtopics are as follows: Nature of the occommic problem; The time factor in economic life; The development of forecasting methods; The use of correlation methods; Curvilinear correlation methods; Forecasting by use of a demand curve; Forecasting by analysis of the economic situation; Composite method; An example of price forecasting (cattle); Application and interpretation of forecasts; Permanence of price relationships; Forecasts as centers of a belt of probability.

- 47. Hotelling, Harold. Edgeworth's taxation paradox and the nature of demand and supply functions. Jour. Polit. Econ. 40 (5): 577-616. Oct. 1932.
- 48. Iverson, Carl. Efterspørgselens elasticitet. [Elasticity of demand] Nationaløkonomisk Tidsskrift 68 (4): 313-341, diagrams. 1930. L. C. "A survey of the theoretical and practical difficulties which arise when one attempts to work with the factor of elasticity. The discussion which is amply supported by citations, examines the concept of elasticity itself, and the possibility of arriving at a concrete demand elasticity for certain commodities on the basis of statistics." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 18863.
- 49. Jenkin, Fleeming. The graphic representation of the laws of supply and demand, and other essays on political economy. 154 p. London, 1931. (London School Econ. and Polit. Sci. No. 9 in Ser. Reprints of Scarce Tracts in Econ. and Polit. Science) 280.9 L84S

Vol. 2 of his Papers, literary, scientific, &c. London, 1887, of which a reproduction of the title-page is included.

The graphic representation of the laws of supply and demand, and their application to labour, p. 76-106. From Recess Studies. Edited by Sir Alexander Grant. Edinburgh, 1870.

50. Kuznets, S. S. Seasonal variations in industry and trade. 455 p. New York, National Bureau of economic research, 1933. 280 K96S In three parts: part I. The economic problem of seasonal variations and their statistical measurement; part II. Average seasonal variations in selected groups in industry and trade; part III. The variability of seasonal movements. The following appendices are also given: I. Indexes of seasonal variations in the flow and stocks of commodities and in other aspects of economic activity in the United States; II. The sources of seasonal indexes used in the study but not included in appendix I; III. The lacunae in statistical data revealed by the study.

51. Kuznets, S. S. Secular movements in production and prices: their nature and their bearing upon cyclical fluctuations. 536 p. Boston and New York, Houghton Mifflin company, 1930. 280 K96

Reviewed by Dorothea D. Kittredge in Jour. Farm Econ. 13 (1): 177-179. Jan. 1931.

Reviewed by Robert Weidenhammer in Jour. Business Univ. Chicago 4 (1): 96-97. Jan. 1931.

"The present investigation attempts to inquire into the nature of the long-time movements in production and prices, as well as into their influence on cyclical fluctuations. It attempts to establish some uniformly observed characteristics of the so-called secular movements, and in the process to draw analytical distinctions between different groups of these movements. The latter are studied as they appear in the available statistical series of various countries. The aim is to formulate these movements in such a way as not only to reveal their common characteristics but also to facilitate measurements of the relation between cyclical oscillations and the underlying secular changes.

"A definite hypothesis concerning characteristics of industrial growth forms the basis of our statistical description of long-time movements. This hypothesis is derived from a preliminary observation of the wide field of statistical evidence and from material furnished by

the chronicles of specific industries. The exact formulation of this tentative generalization and the historico-statistical material on which it rests are presented in Chapter I.

"The conclusions of the first chapter furnish a definite approach to the methods of statistical analysis which can be applied to the body of available material. A consideration, however, of some of the general principles of statistical description of long-time movements makes clearer the exact type of analysis to pursue. This consideration forms the contents of Chapter II.

"Chapter III presents the body of statistical data drawn from five countries: United States, Great Britain, Belgium, Germany, and France. Altogether about 60 series of industrial output and 35 series of prices are analyzed. The secular movements are segregated from the cyclical oscillations and are analyzed into two distinct groups of changes, the primary and the secondary. Each pair of production and price series is accompanied by brief comments drawn from the history of the particular industry whose output and prices are described quantitatively.

"The measurable characteristics and the nature of the secondary secular movements...are discussed in Chapter IV. The discussion inquires into the causes of these secondary secular movements in production and prices, and deals with the question whether they can properly be called major cycles. The appendix to the chapter surveys the more important theories of major cycles set forth by various writers.

"In Chapter V, the influence of secular movements on the cyclical oscillations is studied statistically. The aim is to discover the existence or absence of correlation between the rapidity of secular growth and the amplitude of cyclical oscillations.

"The theoretical connection of these two measures of forces as revealed by contemporary business cycle theory is treated in Chapter VI." "The concluding chapter deals briefly with the theoretical significance of the results of the investigation and attempts to evaluate them in the light of economic theory, both past and present." - Author's preface.

"The 'total' elasticity of supply of any kind of goods depends upon the average elasticity of the ultimate costs and the 'transformation elasticities' of the different successive stages of production. The latter represents the relation between changes in the marginal natural costs (measured 'in kind' by a quantity index) of production and the total output in a given stage of production. Two approaches to the statistical calculation of the 'transformation elasticities' are developed. A statistical analysis of the American iron market (1879-1915) shows how the significant changes in the supply schedules were resulting from widely heterogeneous developments in the 'partial' elasticities, i.e., cost and 'transformation' elasticities of the different stages of production." Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, May 1932, item 7586.

53. Leontief, Wassily. Ein versuch zur statistischen analyse von angebot und nachfrage. Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv. 50 (1): 1*-53*. July 1929. 286.8 W462

"This is an attempt to deduce statistically the demand and supply curves of commodities by a method which differs from that followed by American economists. Whereas the latter generally adjust their raw data for changes in population, in the purchasing power of money, and in other factors, and then apply the correlational calculus either directly to the adjusted data, or to trend ratios or link relatives, sometimes lagging one series behind the other, Leontief derives his curves by a single calculation..." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 2, 1930, item 2088.

54. Majerotto, Serafino. Un muovo metodo per la determinazione empirica delle curve di domanda e offerta. Rivista Internazionale di Scienze Sociali e Discipline Ausiliarie 3 (4): 528-539. July 1932. L. C. Discussion of Jakob Marschak's, Elastizitat der Machfrage, 1931.

55. Marschak, Jakob. Elastizität der nachfrage. Zur empirischen festellung relativer marktkonstanten durch beobachtung von haushalt, betrieb und markt. 143 p., diagrs. Tübingen, J.C.B. Mohr (P. Siebeck) 1931. (Beiträge zur Okonomischen Theoric hrsg. von Emil Lederer und Joseph Schumpeter 2.) 280 M353

> Reviewed by Henry Schultz in Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv; Zeitschrift des Instituts für Weltwirtschaft und Seeverkehr an der Universität Kiel 37 (1): 29-38. Jan. 1933. 286.8 W462

The first several paragraphs of this review by Schultz are devoted to a statement of the contributions of H. L. Moore (1914) and others to the problem of deriving the elasticity of demand from statistics. Then he states:

"Very recently, however, several other attacks on the problem of deriving the elasticity of demand from statistics have come to the forefront. Though they differ among themselves, they have this characteristic in common: They are attempts to derive the demand curve and the elasticity of demand from income data or from family budget data rather than from time series of prices and quantities...

"The present work by Marschak is the first attempt at a systematic presentation and criticism of these writings and presents his own interesting and important attack on the same subject.

"An introductory part of 53 pages deals with economic equilibrium, with cost data and cost curves, and with the market data approach to the study of demand. This is followed by a theoretical and by a statistical exposition of his own method of deriving demand curves consisting respectively of 37 and 29 pages. The last part of the book, consisting of 24 pages, contains an exposition and comparison of the ideas of Pigou, Vinci, Tschayanow, Fisher and Frisch." The "rationale" of Marschak's procedure is summarized.

56. Masci, Guglielmo. Metodi statistici per lo studio dell'equilibrio general dinamico. Estatistical methods for the study of general dynamic equilibrium, Economia 9 (4): 375-400. Apr. 1932.

Not seen.

"The dynamical development of the series of prices and of the quantities of consumption and production has been the object, in the last few years, of many inductive statistical analyses with the purpose of distinguishing in them the various kinds of fluctuations and of obtaining the empirical laws of demand and supply. Such researches have been made especially in the United States by H. L. Moore. He proceeds from the abstract equations of Walras, expressing the conditions of equilibrium of exchange and of production in a static market and on the basis of various hypotheses seeks to determine the real concrete form that such functions assume and to outline a system of dynamic equilibrium developing along the line of secular trend. But in reality Moore's method permits the determination, for example, of the variations of demand in function of price, not in function of time; he gives, therefore, the static law of demand, not the dynamic; only indirectly can it furnish some notion of dynamics as long as several successive periods are observed. But even apart from this and from the arbitrary character inherent in the interpolative method of determining the trend and in the choice of the form of the function representing the law of demand, Moore's system does not succeed in giving any explanation of the cause of dynamic factors acting in the time and the place studied. Still less can it give a valid universal explanation of dynamic fluctuations, an outline of the way according to which economic reality can develop. Yet this is the object of economics, an object which can be reached only with deductive reasoning. Thus, statistical researches like Moore's, even though very useful, cannot presume to be a substitute for abstract economic science." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Dec. 1932, item 20724.

- 57. Masci, Guglielmo. Sulla determinazione statistica della curva di domanda. Rivista Italiana di Statistica, Economia e Finanza 4 (3): 476-514. Sept. 1932. L. C. Discussion by F. Vinci and G. Masci, p. 509-514. Bibliographical footnotes.
- 58. Mehta, J. K. The nature and intensity of demand. Indian Jour. Econ. 12 (4): 501-506. Apr. 1932.
- 59. Meriam, R. S. Supply curves and maximum satisfaction. Quart. Jour. Econ. 42 (2): 169-193. Feb. 1928. 280.8 Q2
- 60. Miller, H. E. Utility curves, total utility, and consumer's surplus. Quart. Jour. Econ. 41 (2): 292-316. Feb. 1927. 280.8 Q2
- 61. Moore, H. L. Partial elasticity of demand. Quart. Jour. Econ. 40 (3): 393-401. May 1926. 280.8 Q2
- 62. Moore, H. L. Synthetic economics. 186 p. New York, The Machillan company, 1929. 280 M785

Titles of chapters are Introduction; Fundamental notions; The law of demand; The law of supply: Moving equilibria; Economic oscillations; Conclusion.

Reviewed by Mordecai Ezekiel in Quart. Jour. Econ. 44 (4): 663-679. Aug. 1930.

Reviewed by P. G. Wright in Jour. Polit. Econ. 38 (3): 328-344. June 1930.

63. Moret, Jacques, and Frisch, Ragnar. Méthodes nouvelles pour mesurer l'utilité marginale. Revue d'Économie Politique 46 (1): 1-28. Jan.-Feb. 1932.
L. C. This article is in two parts. The second part is Frisch's discussion

of M. Marschak's paper on the statistical determination of supply and

demand curves given at the September 1931 meeting of the Econometric Society at Lausanne, 'together with a note added after the conference. In this discussion the validity of the formula by which Marschak derives his demand curve from a budgetary curve is questioned.

64. Moretti, Vincenzo. Sopra alcuni problemi di dinamica economica. Giornale degli Economista 44 (7): 449-488, charts. July 1929. 280.8 C43

"This article is a defense of traditional doctrine against new theories advanced by American economists which are founded on statistical observations... In the second part of the article the author discusses the problem of demand and of the equilibrium of prices between demand and supply. The solution given by the American school headed by Moore is explained and criticized. The acceptance of the new methods introduced by Moore and Mitchell would mean a complete annihilation of the static theory of demand and of all the traditional theories connected with it. Edgeworth. Marshall and Pareto have doubted the possibility of building demand curves by statistics. It is shown that such curves cannot be constructed. The author denies the existence of a problem of statistical verification of the law of demand. He recognizes the existence of statistical curves of demand for a certain quantity of goods but he is sceptical as to their meaning and content and as to the possibility of applying them to the forecasting of future trends." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 2, 1930, item 1449.

65. Nichol, A. J. Measures of average elasticity of demand. Jour. Polit. Econ. 39 (2): 249-255. Apr. 1931.

A further note on this subject by Nichol is given in Jour. Polit. Econ: 39 (5): 658-661. Oct. 1931.

"The measure of elasticity of demand developed by Alfred Marshall may be applied only to individual points on a demand curve. The measures of elasticity suggested in this paper represent an extension of Marshall's idea to any given arc of a demand curvé. The measures of arc elasticity depend upon (1) the kind of average employed and (2) the system of weighting. Several different measures are given and some of their properties are discussed." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 18289.

66. Palgrave, Sir Robert. Palgrave's dictionary of political economy; ed. by Henry Higgs. 3 v. London, Macmillan and company, limited, 1925-1926. 280 Pl7

Demand, by J. N. K., v. 1, p. 539-542; Demand curves, by F. Y. E., v. 1, p. 542-544, Supply, by W. E. J., v. 3, p. 488-490; Supply and demand, by W. E. J., v. 3, p. 490-496; Supply-curves, by F. Y. E., v. 3, p. 497-498.

67. Petrickso, Nikolaus. A theory of prices. Jour. Polit. Econ. 40 (6): 808-813. Dec. 1932.

68. Pigou, A. C. An analysis of supply. Econ. Jour. 38 (150): 238-257. June 1928. 280.8 Ec72

69. Pigou, A. C. Demand supply equations. <u>In</u> Pigou, A. C., and Robertson, D. H. Economic essays and addresses, p. 84-94. London, P. S. King & son, ltd., 1931. 280 P62Ec

70. Pigou, A. C. The elasticity of demand from family budgets. Quart. Jour. Econ. 47 (2): 342. Feb. 1933. 280.8 02

The statement given is as follows:

"In an article under this title by Mr. Waugh in the November issue of this Journal there is an unintentional misrepresentation of my discussion of this matter in Appendim II to my Economics of Welfare. According to Mr. Waugh, I obtain a 'budgetary elasticity' for particular commodities (as defined by him on p. 135) and then mistakenly treat this ac equivalent to elasticity in the Marshallian sense. In fact, I am concerned solely with elasticity in the Marshallian sense, and I expressly state that it is not possible to derive this elasticity for particular commodities from family budgets. My analysis is directed to show that the comparative, not the absolute, elasticities of demand for different commodities can be so derived."

71. Pigou, A. C. Industrial fluctuations. 397 p., charts. London, Macmillan and co., limited, 1927. 280 P621

The following is quoted from the author's preface:

"In the first edition of my Economics of Welfare (1920), Part VI, containing 112 pages, was entitled 'The Variability of the National Dividend'. In the second edition (1924) this part was omitted because I was anxious to undertake a more comprehensive study of industrial fluctuations. The present volume is the result of this study...The conditions prevailing in the great post-war boom and subsequent depression have been so abnormal that I have not examined them here..."

Consult the index under headings - supply, demand, prices, etc.

72. Pigou, A. C. The statistical derivation of demand curves. Econ. Jour. 40 (159): 384-400. Sept. 1930. 230.8 Ec2 Reprinted in Pigou, A. C., and Robertson, D. H. Economic essays and addresses, p. 62-83. London, P. S. King & son, 1td., 1931. (280 P62Ec)

- 73. Ricci, Umberto. Ancora sull'offerta del risparmio. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 42 (9): 482-504. Sept. 1927. 280.8 G43 In two parts: Curve individuali; Curve collettive. Topic headings in part 1: L'equilibrio a interesse inesistente; Curva individuale di offerta; Curva individuale di domanda; Completamento della curva individuale di offerta; Completamento della curva individuale di domanda; Tracciamento di una curva individuale di domanda e offerta; Riassunto. Topic headings in part 2: Curva collettiva unica di domanda e offerta; Curve collettive unica di domanda e offerta; Curve collettive separate di domanda e di offerta; Equilibrio tra domanda totale e offerta totale; Necessità sociale dell'interesse.
- 74. Ricci, Umberto. Courbes de la demande et courbes de la dépense. L'Égypte Contemporaine 22 (129): 556-588. May 1931. 270 Eg95.
 "Mathematical discussion of demand and supply, contrasting the methods and views of Cournot and Marshall." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Jan. 1932, item 646.
- 75. Ricci, Umberto. Elasticità dei bisogni, della domanda e dell'offerta. Elasticity of requirements, of demand and supply, Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 65, yr. 35 (8,10): 413-431,509-531.

Aug., Oct. 1924. L. C. Translated titles of chapters are: Concept of elasticity in diminishing curves (Definitions of elasticity of demand, elasticity of requirements, and price flexibility); Static and dynamic demand curves; Diminishing elasticity curves; Increasing elasticity curves; Constant elasticity curves; Points of elasticity equal to 1; Points of elasticity above or below 1; Elasticity in increasing curves; Average elasticity. 76. Ricci, Umberto. Klassifikation der nachfragekurven auf grund des elastizitatsbegriffes. Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik 66 (1): 36-61. Aug. 1931. Classification of demand curves according to their elasticity. Not seen. Abstract in Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, 1932, item 7588. 77. Ricci, Umberto. La loi de la demande individuelle et la rente de consommateur. Revue d'Économie Politique 40 (1): 5-24. Jan.-Feb. 1933. L. C. Errata of this article in Revue d'Économie Politique 40 (3): 944. May-June, 1926. 78. Ricci, Umberto. On the demand for rival (or substitute) commodities. Econometrica 1 (2): 181-189, diagrs. Apr. 1933. 280.8 Ec78 79. Ricci, Umberto. The psychological foundation of the law of demand. Jour. Polit. Econ. 40 (2): 145-185. Apr. 1932. Translated from the Italian by Henry Julian Wadleigh. "An algebraic and diagrammatic analysis of the relations between utility curves and demand curves ... " - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, 1932, item 13185. 80. Ricci, Umberto. Può una curva di domanda esser crescente? Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 47 (4): 197-240. Apr. 1932. 280.8 G43 "The curve of demand has an increasing segment and a decreasing segment; the increasing segment is one of unstable equilibrium. The true curve of demand, economically valid, commences from the point where the

- 18 -

81. Ricci, Umberto. Die statistischen gesetze des gleichgewichtes nach Henry Schultz. Zeitschrift für Nationalokonomie 2 (3): 305-333, charts. Jan. 15, 1931. L. C. In five parts: Das gesetz der nachfrage laut Professor Schultz; Erortenung und kritik des gesetzes der nachfrage; Das angebot an zucker in den vereinigten staaten; Weltangebot und weltnachfrage nach zucker; Ruckwirkunger eines zolles.

20732.

curve begins to decrease. The true curve of demand is generated from the curve of utility. Errors have arisen from (1) confusing increasing demand with increasing cost; (2) confusing the case of constant price for the successive units of a good with the case of variable price proportion-

al to the utility of each unit; (3) confusion of the simple curve of demand with the dynamic curve of utility, or the static curve with the historical curve of demand." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Dec. 1932, item

Zcit-82. Ricci, Umberto. Die"synthetischeokonomie" von Henry Ludwell Moore. schrift für Nationalokonomie 1 (5): 649-688. Apr. 30, 1930. L. C. 1. Not seen. Abstracted in Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, Apr. 1931, item 5539.

83. Robbins, Lionel. The economic works of Philip Wicksteed. Economica, no. 30, Nov. 1930, p. 245-258.

The object of this article as stated by the writer is "to give some account of Wicksteed's main works in the field of economics and "to attempt a brief estimate of the significance of his various contributions."

The following is quoted from p. 255:

"A second contribution which must always be associated with his name is his famous demonstration of the reversibility of the market supply curve. The general proposition that the reservation prices of sellers are in the ultimate analysis demands, was one which he continually reiterated with varying shades of emphasis. 'What about the supply curve that usually figures as a determinant of price, co-ordinate with the demand curve? ' he asked in his address as President of Section E of the British Association in 1913 - an address which epitomizes many of his most characteristic doctrines. 'I say it boldly and baldly: there is no such thing. When we are speaking of a marketable commodity, what is usually called the supply curve is in reality the demand curve of those who possess the commodity, for it shows the exact place which every successive unit of the commodity holds in their relative scale of estimation. The so-called supply curve therefore, is simply a part of the total demand curve ... The separating out of this portion of the demand curve and reversing it in the diagram is a process which has its meaning and its legitimate function ... but is wholly irrelevant to the determination of the price.' It is safe to say that no one who has followed through his beautiful diagrammatic analysis of this proposition, and realized its wider implication that all psychological variables can be exhibited as phenomena of demand acting on fixed stocks or products or factors of time, will deny that the whole of the analysis of/equilibrium has received thereby a transforming elucidation."

84. Robbins, Lionel. An essay on the nature & significance of economic science. 141 p. London, Macmillan & co., limited, 1932. 280 R53

The writer in his preface states that "the purpose of this essay is twofold. In the first place, it seeks to arrive at precise notions concerning the subject-matter of Economic Science and the nature of the generalisations of which Economic Science consists. Secondly it attempts to explain the limitations and the significance of these generalisations, both as a guide to the interpretation of reality and as a basis for political practice."

Chapter V is on Economic Generalisations and Reality, Pages 98-101 of this chapter are on Statistical Laws of Supply and Demand.

- 85. Robbins, Lionel. On the elasticity of demand for income in terms of effort. Economica, No. 29, June 1930, p. 123-129. 280.8 Ec73
- 86. Roos, C. F. A dynamical theory of economics. Jour. Polit. Econ. 35 (5): 632-656. Oct. 1927. 280.8 J82

In four parts: Introduction; Differntial equations relating rates of production and prices; Functional equations relating rates of production and prices; A dynamical theory of economic equilibrium.

87. Roos, C. F. A mathematical theory of price and production fluctuations and economic crises. Jour. Polit. Econ. 33 (5): 501-522. Oct. 1930. The writer states the problem as follows:

"Various papers and treatises have appeared exhibiting curves and statistics indicating that prices periodically oscillate about a given price trend. Other investigations have indicated a series of plus and minus deviations from a given datum line which pass through definite phases but do not recur with strict periodicity. Still other papers have indicated plus and minus deviations which do not reveal definite characteristic phases and do not recur. In spite of these **researches**, no successful attempt to relate the theory of business cycles with economic theory has been made. It is this problem which I attack here."

88. Rossi, Lionello. Del concetto di elasticità in economia. The concept of elasticity in economics, Giornale^{degli}Economisti 47 (1): 18-26. Jan. 1932. 280.8 G43

> "(Discussion of the definitions of Marshall, Moore, Ragnar Frisch, Barone, and others.) The ratio of the elasticities of two variables with respect to a third is equal to the elasticity of the first with respect to the second. The product of the elasticity of a variable with respect to a second by the elasticity of the second with respect to a third is equal to the elasticity of the first with respect to the third. The elasticity of demand (with respect to prices) is equal to the reciprocal of the elasticity of marginal utility (With respect to the quantity of the good)." - Social Sci. Absts., v. 4, no. 9, Sept. 1932, item 14895.

89. Rossi, Lionello. L'elasticità della domanda e la traslazione dell'imposta in regime di monopolio. Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 47 (8): 600-607. Aug. 1932. 280.8 C43

90. Roy, René. La demande dans ses rapports avec la répartition des revenus. Metron. 8 (3): 101-153. 1930. 251.8 M56 A paper with the same title presented at the September 1931 meeting of the Econometric Society at Lausanne, was published in Econometrica 1 (3): 265-273. July 1933.

- 91. Roy, René. Les lois de la demande. Revue d'Économie Politique 45 (4): 1190-1218, charts. July-Aug. 1931. L. C.
- 92. Salz, Arthur. Der begriff der "elastizität" in der theoretischen nationalökonomie. Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik 57 (2): 336-391. Apr. 1927. L. C.
- 93. Schmidt, Robert. Die pragnanz der elastizitatskoeffizienten. Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv 32 (1): 264-273. July 1930. 286.8 W462 The statistical significance of coefficients of elasticity of demand and supply. Abstracted in Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 3414.

94. Schneider, Erich. Kostenanalyse als grundlage einer statistischen ermittlung von nachfragekurven. Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik 66 (3): 585-605. 1931. Not seen.

"Assuming that the demand curve for a commodity is one of uniform elasticity, or uniform flexibility of price as defined by Moore, and assuming that the commodity is produced by a monopoly which at any given time correctly adjusts its production to sales at a price which gives the maximum net profit, then the equation for the demand curve can be calculated by applying reasoning of the type used by Cournot..." -Social Sci. Absts., v. 4, July 1932, item 11374.

95. Schneider, Erich. Kostentheoretisches zum monopolproblem. Cost theory and the monopoly problem. Zeitschrift für Nationalökonomie 3 (2): 185-211. Dec. 1931. L. C.

> "The well-known Marshallian use of constant outlay curves in determining the monopoly price is not appropriate when we wish to analyze the relations between price and cost of production of a monopolistic enterprise from the marginal point of view. A new method more suitable for this purpose is based on the fundamental concept of 'marginal receipts' and the fact that the monopoly point is determined by equality of marginal roceipts and marginal cost of production. The latter condition leads to a series of interesting conclusions in this chapter. In section 2 the variations of marginal receipts brought about by variations of demand curves are discussed. Section 3 contains a detailed analysis of the concept of marginal cost of production when the prices of the factor of production are constant or when the scale of production varies and the enterprise reacts on variations in the scale of production by partial or total adaptation. In the last chapter the variations of monopoly price brought about by variation of the demand curve are studied. " -Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Apr. 1932, item 5598.

96. Schneider, Erich. Uber den einfluss von änderungen der nachfrage auf die monopolpreisbildung. Archiv. für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik 64 (2): 281-315. Oct. 1930.

Not seen.

"Cournot's theory of monopoly assumes static demand and cost curves for a definite commodity. Since the structures of the demand and cost curves are subject to continual fluctuation and change, the monopoly price of a commodity affected by these variations is likewise subject to continual change. The author examines the relationship of the Cournot theory of monopoly to what he characterizes as the Marshallian concept of elasticity of demand, and also the theoretical possibilities and and probabilities with respect to the shifting and changes in form of demand curves in time. He then treats of these variations in the demandcurve as related to the problem of monopoly. The assumptions made in the course of his argument with respect to the possible changes of a demand curve in time are found to be not inconsistent with the results of certain empirical-statistical investigations - such as those of Schultz." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 15565.

97. Schultz, Henry. A comparison of elasticities of demand obtained by different methods. Econometrica 1 (3): 274-308. July 1933. 280.8 Ec78 The writer has been working off and on for several years on a study of the demands for various goods in so far as they can be determined from market data, and in this connection he has had occasion "to work with time series of prices and quantities of varying degrees of reliability and to work with different methods of procedure. This paper is essentially a summary and a comparison of some of the results that have been obtained by the various methods in so far as they relate to the elasticity of demand. They invite comparison with the results that have been, or that can be derived by the budget data approach." Commodities whose elasticities of demand are compared and for which the writer has determined "not only the shape of the demand curve, but also its rates of shift from 1875 to 1929" are corn, hay, wheat, sugar, potatoes, oats, barley, rye, and buckwheat.

- 98. Schultz, Henry. Henry L. Moore's contribution to the statistical law of demand. Analysis no. 46 in Methods in Social Science, edited by Stuart A. Rice. Chicago, University of Chicago press, 1931, p. 645-661. 280 Sol2
- 99. Schultz, Henry. Marginal productivity and the general pricing process. Jour. Polit. Econ. 37 (5): 505-551. Oct. 1929. 280.8 J82 "It is the object of this paper (1) to deduce the theorems of the marginal-productivity theory in such a way as to lay bare their underlying assumptions; (2) to show the relation of marginal productivity to the general pricing process; (3) to suggest a statement of the relation between cost and price which appears to be more satisfactory than the current theory; and (4) to consider some aspects of the problem of the statistical measurement of the productivities of labor and capital which have not as yet been noticed." p. 505-506.
- 100. Schultz, Henry. Der sinn der statistischen nachfragekurven. Frankfurter gesellschaft für konjunkturforschung. Veröffentlichungen, hft. 10, 99 p., charts. Bonn. K. Schroeder, 1930. 280.9 F85

Bibliography, p. 98-99. Translated from the English by Hans Staehle.

Photostatic copy (in U.S.D.A., B.A. E. Library) of original manuscript from which German translation was made reviewed by L. H. Bean in Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 26 (n.s.176): 481-484. Dec. 1931. Abstract by Henry Schultz in Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Oct. 1932. item 17634.

- 101. Schultz, Henry. The standard error of the coefficient of elasticity of demand. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 28 (181): 64-69. Mar. 1933. 281Am3
- 102. Shepherd, G. S. The burden of increased costs of distribution. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (4): 650-661. Oct. 1932. 280.8 J822 "An examination of the shifts which agricultural supply schedules undergo when the costs of distribution are increased, when business is depressed, or when the general price level is lowered." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' Response to Price, item 13.
- 103. Shepherd, G. S. Supply and production, demand and consumption. Jour. Farm Econ. 13 (4): 639-642. Oct. 1931. 280.8 J822

104. Slichter, S. H. Modern economic society. 909 p. New York, H. Holt and company [1931] 280 Sl3

References at end of chapters.

See particularly chapter XIII, The Stability of Prices under Competition, p. 282-301. This chapter includes the following parts: Some factors influencing the stability of prices; The elasticity of supply and of demand; The effect of the elasticity of demand and of supply upon price movements; The determinants of the elasticity of demand; The determinants of the elasticity of supply; The effect of fixed costs upon the clasticity of supply; The effect of price movements upon the level of supply and demand.

105. Staehle, Hans. Die analyse der nachfragekurven in ihrer bedeutung für die konjunkturforschung. Frankfurter Gesellschaft für Konjunkturforschung, hrsg. von dr. Eugen Altschul. Veröffentlichungen, hft. 2, 46 p. Bonn, K. Schroeder, 1929. 280.9 F85

> "To make statistical demand curves available for the study of business cycles, all secular elements must be eliminated or brought to a form that they can be held constant. For this purpose groups of similar commodities, rather than individual goods, can be studied, in indices of consumption and prices, e.g., food stuffs in four classes, clothing, housing, lighting, heat, etc. Materials should be analyzed first from the point of view of statics, and then developed to show dynamic changes." -Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, 1932, itom 21192.

106. Staehle, Hans. Sopra alcuni problemi di dinamica economica. Giornale di Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 45 (3): 243-249. Mar. 1930. 280.8 G43 "Referring to the criticisms of Moretti on the attempts of Moore and Schultz to determine the statistical curve of demand and supply as well as to resolve the problem of economic forecasting, the author proposes to arrive at a curve following the procedure of Leontief, (or better, another procedure introduced by the author) which shall reflect not only quantitative but also qualitative variations in prices. Leontief's procedurc seeks to derive, by means of an adaptation of the method of least squares, from any given scrics of prices and quantitics an average curve of demand and an average curve of supply. Supposing constant the elasticity of the two curves he measures the coordinates of each combination of price and quantities during the period studied, arranging them chronologically in order to give the successive intervals of the demand and of the supply. Stachle's method secks to reflect the reason why one curve differs from the other and for this reason abandons the simultaneous calculation of the curves and of average elasticity, but measures them separately. By this method the criticism of Morctti to the procedure of Moore and Schultz is avoided, not to mention that the problems of dynamics of particular markets are clarified. " - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 9204.

107. Staehle, Hans. Die statistische analyse von angebot und nachfrage und die klausel "ceteris paribus." The statistical analysis of supply and demand and the "ceteris paribus" assumption, Welwirtschaftliches Archiv 32 (1): 135-149. July 1930. 286.8 W462

"Leontief's procedure for simultaneously deriving elasticities of demand and supply from a scatter diagram of unadjusted data of prices and quantities (Weltwirtschaftl. Arch. 32 (1): 1*-53*. 1929) is subject to the following limitations: (1) it does not distinguish between shorttime, reversible demand and supply curves, and long-time, irreversible demand and supply curves; (2) it does not explain the shifting of such demand and supply as may be obtained by its use; (3) it does not measure the importance of the various factors which bring about the shifts in both curves and which must be kept constant if the statistical results are to approximate the demands of pure theory." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, Feb. 1931, item 3415. 108.Sting, Kurt. Die polypolitische preisbildung. Ein kapitel der preistheorie. Polypolitical determination of prices. A chapter in the theory of prices., Jahrbucher für Mationalökonomie und Statistik 134 (5): 761-789. May 1931.

> "The mathematical researches of Cournot, Pareto, Edgeworth, et al into the determination of prices under conditions of restricted sellers' competition may be supplanted and amplified by further nonmathematical analysis. Under such competitive conditions supply, and hence price, may be determined in part by considerations of market policy on the part of sellers. The effect on price of the various possibilities of such policy, taking into account also, relevant considerations of cost, may be set forth with reasonable clarity. The results of the analysis may also be presumed to have some practical significance." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, July 1932, item 11737.

- 109. Stover, H. J. Effect of changes in daily prices on the movement of farm produce to terminal markets. Internatl. Conf. Agr. Econ. 2d, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y., 1930, p. 777-783, chart. 281.9 In82
- 110. Thomsen, F. L. Agricultural prices. 2v., mimeogr. Columbia, Mo., Stephens publishing company, 1930-1931. 284.3 T38 References at end of chapters.

In this book the author attempts to bring together in logically connected form the best of the available material on quantitative price analysis. His purpose is: "First, to arrange a discussion of the fundamentals of value and price; based as far as possible on accepted theory and practice, in a form adapted strictly to the needs of agricultural students; and second, to show the practical application of these principles in the study of commodity prices and general problems in the field of agricultural prices."

See chapter V, The Determination of Prices by Supply and Demand, and other chapters.

111. Tinbergen, J. Bestimmungen und deutung von angebotskurven. Ein beispiel. Determination and interpretation of supply curves. An illustration, Žeitschrift für Nationalökonomie 1 (5): 669-679. Apr. 30, 1930. L. C. Not seen.

> "The author starts from the current formulation of the law of supply, introducing, however, as a determining factor the element of time. His illustration is based on personal research carried out at the Netherland Statistical Bureau in regard to the production of potato-flour. The supply curve is constructed, for its interpretation the assumption of static competition, static monopoly, limited competition under static conditions, dynamic competition, and dynamic monopoly are used successively. It is agreed that under the prevailing conditions Cournot's formula of limited competition provides the best explanation of the empirical data." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, Apr. 1931, item 5540.

112. Tinbergen, J. Ein problem der dynamik. Zeitschrift für Nationalokonomic 3 (2): 169-184. Dec. 1931.

> "The author tries to dynamize the static Walrasian market scheme by introducing into it the concepts of economic horizon, expectancy and retardation (lag). Dividing time into elementary periods we get the

following dynamic market scheme. At the beginning of the first elementary period in consideration each economic subject makes up his economic plan for the length of his horizon, i.e., he fixes his demand or his offer for each of the elementary periods of lying within his horizon as functions of the present price and his price (and other) expectations for future moments. The equilibrium condition: demand equal to supply, then determines the real price for this elementary period as well as domand and supply and all other quantities that by any contracts are then already fixed. At the beginning of the second elementary period a new plan is made up with, in general, slightly different elements, for a slightly transposed horizon. Also this plan is only so far realized as the equilibrium condition makes it necessary. The chain of all these realized parts of the successive plans forms the history of the market. The practicability of this scheme is demonstrated by the solution of some simple approximations of the problem to find out the relation between production and consumption of non-perishable agricultural products. Consumption oscillations seem to be smaller than production oscillations and the proportion between them, in the simple cases considered depends on the length of the economic horizon." Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Apr. 1932, item 5599.

113. U. S. Dept. of agriculture. Bureau of agricultural economics. The agricultural outlook. U.S. Dept. Agr. Misc. Circ. 23,38,65, and 101; Misc. Pub. 19,44,73,108, and 156. Washington, D. C., 1924-1933. "The supply forecasts in many of the conmodity statements regularly included in the Outlook are usually derived in part from studies of the effects of price upon acreage or production. The Outlook is designed to help in the adjustment of agricultural production." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' Response to Price; a selected bibliography, item 67.

- 114. Vecchio, Gustavo del. La dinamica economica di H. L. Moore, Giornale degli Economisti e Rivista di Statistica 45 (6): 545-553. June 1930.
- 115. Vinci, Felice. La derivazione statistica delle curve di domanda. Rivista Italiana di Statistica 3 (1): 98-100. Jan.-Mar. 1931. L. C. "A brief note regarding an elementary method proposed by Pigou for deriving the curve of demand from empirical data. The hypothesis is arbitrary, as are the other methods developed for deriving the curve of demand. It is preferable to eliminate in an objective way disturbing elements subjected to measurement." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Feb. 1932, item 2400.
- 116. Vinci, Folice. L'elasticità dei consumi. Rivista Italiana di Statistica 3 (1): 30-91. Jan.-Mar. 1931. L. C.

"(Re-publication of a study published in 1918.) Defining the concept of elasticity of consumption and enumerating the factors influencing the time fluctuations of the curve of consumption, the methods followed by Jevons, Benini, Gini, Pigou, Lenoir, and Lehfeldt for determining the relation between consumption and prices and for measuring their elasticity are explained. Then a new index of elasticity is constructed, more closely meeting the definitions already given; this index can be apolled in the case of complementary or competing goods. The elasticity of consumption of certain goods is calculated for prewar period. For certain goods and services the data relate to 1916 and 1918 in Italy and France, eliminating the influence of the variations of prices and that of the variations in incomes. Differences in elasticity for different goods or for the same services or goods in different places are shown. Where the individual wealth is greater the differences in elasticity of the different consumption goods are less." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Feb. 1952, item 2753.

117. Vinci, Felice. Sui fondamenti della dinamica conomica. [The foundations of economic dynamics] Rivista Italiana di Statistica 2 (3): 232-268. July-Sept. 1930. L. C.

Bibliografia, p. 232-233.

"For the study of economic dynamics, it is proposed to apply the graphic method in the form of surfaces with three coordinates to determine the consequences of given variations in the economic system on the curves of demand and supply. The actions of the teconomic man' described in static economics are hypothetical and unreal. The influence on the curve of demand of variations in time of the number of purchasers, in the amount and the composition of incomes at their disposition, their tastes, prices of the other goods and in particular of complementary and competing goods, the probable future prices and finally the influence of the price prevailing at the initial moment is discussed. Similar researches are made for the curve of supply, considering the variations of other elements and including the hypotheses of monopoly, syndicates, and competition. In conclusion, there is a general discussion of the dynamic deformations of the economic order." Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Jan. 1932, item 648.

- 118. Vinci, Felice. Sui metodi di studio della dinamica economica. Rivista Italiana di Statistica, Economia e Finanza 4 (2): 238-247. June 1932. L. C.
- 119. Viner, Jacob. Cost curves, and supply curves. Zeitschrift für Nationalökonomie 3 (1): 23-46, charts. Sept. 25, 1931. L. C. "It is the primary purpose of this article to develop a graphical exposition of the namer in which supply curves are dependent upon the different possible types of technology and pecuniary cost assumptions, under the usual assumptions of atomistic competition and of rational economic behavior on the part of the producers..." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4. Apr. 1932, iten 5600.
- 120. Waite, W. C. Economics of consumption. 263 p., charts. New York etc. McGraw-Hill book co., inc., 1928. 284.4 W13 The elasticity of demand for commodities, chapter VII, p. 90-101. (Differences in elasticity and their importance, determination of the

elasticity of demand for particular connodities.)

- 121. Waite, W. C., and Sturges, Alexander. On certain mathematical properties of demand curves of constant elasticity. Jour. Farm Econ. 12 (1): 181-182. Jan. 1930. · 280.8 J822
- 122. Waite, W. C. On the term "change in demand." Jour. Farm Econ. 12 (4): 620-621. Oct. 1930. 280.8 J822
- 123. Waite, W. C. Some developments in the techniques of studying consumer demand. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 25 (n.s.169-A): 140-145. Mar. 1930, suppl. 251 Am3

124. Warren, G. F., and Pearson, F. A. Interrelationships of supply and price. Cornell Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 466, 144 p., charts. Ithaca, 1928. Reviewed by Holbrook Working in Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 24 (n.s.168): 437-441. Dec. 1929.

> "The effect of prices on subsequent acreage or supply of potatoes is considered on p. 23-25, of hay on p. 28-29, of cabbage on p. 35, of corn on p. 51, of wheat on p. 68, of hogs on p. 79-81, and of beef cattle on p. 92. The bulletin is devoted primarily to the analysis of the supply-price relationship." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price; a selected bibliography, item 58.

See also the appendix, p. 115-125 for sources of data, methods of calculation, other work on this subject and supply-price curves.

- 125. Waugh, A. E. "Elasticity of demand" from budget studies. Quart. Jour. Econ. 47 (1): 134-137. Nov. 1932.
- 126. Wicksteed, P. H. The common sense of political economy and selected papers and reviews on economic theory... edited with an introduction by Lionel Robbins. 2 v. London, George Routledge & sons, 1td., 1933. 280 W632

Buyer and seller. Demand and supply, ch. iv., vol. 2, p. 493-526. The following summary is given at the beginning of this chapter:

"This chapter deals with the application of the diagrammatic method of curves to the phenomena of the market. Individual curves of priceand-quantity-taken, if properly constructed for the purpose, can be added into a communal curve, on which the price corresponding to any given supply can be read. A disguised method of reaching the same result by means of intersecting curves is frequently employed, but though legitimate in itself it is misleading when used, as it generally is, in conjunction with a distinction between buyers and sellers, which is irrelevant to the issue. The same principle that determines the flow of any given commodity to the various consumers also determines the flow of the factors of production to the different industries. Capacity for productive effort is distributed between economic and moneconomic employments, or is reserved and not put forth at all, on the general principles of the distribution of resources or choice between alternatives."

127. Wiley, C. A. Agriculture and the business cycle since 1920; a study in the post-war disparity of prices. 237 p. Madison, 1930. (Univ. Wis. Studies in the Social Sci. and Hist. 15) 281 W64 Bibliography, p. 231-237.

"An historical study in which a generalized explanation of the typical adjustment of agriculture to a depressed demand and price situation is supported by a brief analysis of English situation from 1815 through 1830 and an extended analysis of the American situation from 1920 through 1924-26." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 61.

128. Williams, F. M. The measurement of the demand for food. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 24 (n.s.167): 288-295. Sept. 1929. 251 Am3 The following is quoted from the first paragraph of this article: "Recent studies of the economic aspects of food consumption by farm, village and city families exphasize the necessity for revising the units commonly used in measuring the demand for food. The very nature of the problem makes the formation of such units extremely difficult, but the rapid development of the science of nutrition in the last quarter century makes it possible to improve the measures now in use. A history of the development of these measures will clarify the problem."

129. Working, E. J. Evaluation of methods used in commodity price forecasting. Jour. Farm Econ. 12 (1): 119-138. Jan. 1930. 280.8 J822 Discussion by Elizabath Waterman and Arthur W. Marget, p. 133-138.

130. Working, E. J. Indications of changes in the demand for agricultural products. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (2): 239-256. Apr. 1932. 280.8 J822 Discussion by W. Leontief.

"Statistical analyses properly carried out can in the case of many commodities be made to yield an approximation of some sort of shorttime normal demand curve (demand used in the schedule sense). It should not be assumed that long-time normal demand curves may be approximated with similar success. By graphic methods relationships can be developed which are close enough and sufficiently in accord with theoretical reasonableness to justify using them as indications of the relative importance of changes in demand and changes in price in affecting the yearly rate of consumption." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Oct. 1932, iten 16980.

131. Working, E. J. Production and demand: contrasts between agriculture and other industries. Chapter XI, p. 160-191, graphs.

Reprinted from Stabilization of Employment: a symposium held under the auspices of the American Association for the Advancement of Science ed. by C. F. Roos, Bloomington, Ind., Principia press, inc., 1933. (283 R67)

The writer discusses "the comparative stability of employment in agriculture and other industries as it relates to other business cycle factors, especially as it relates to demand." The chapter is in eleven parts: introduction, stability of agricultural employment and production, the cost of employment stability to agriculture, influence of supply and demand on prices, effects of combating falling prices by curtailing production, a depression is a spasm of underproduction, need falling prices cause under-production, control of production versus free competition, international causes of changing price levels, reaction of the price level to production curtailment, conclusion.

132. Working, E. J. Statistical demand curves. Encyclopedia of the Social Sciences, v. 5, p. 72-75. 1931. 280 Enl A list of references accompanies the article.

133. Working, E. J. What do"statistical demand" curves show? Quart. Jour. Econ. 41 (2): 212-235. Feb. 1927 280.8 Q2; also Pan. coll.

SPECIFIC AMALYSES

Agricultural Products

134. Bean, L. H. The farmers' response to price. Jour. Farm Econ. 11 (3): 368-385. July 1929. 280.8 J822

Library has also a reprint of this.

"Summarizes the results obtained from statistical analyses of the relations between prices received by producers and subsequent changes in the acreages of potatoes in New York, Michigan, Idaho and the United States, of flax in North Dakota, and of sweet potatoes, cabbage, strawberries, watermelons, rye, and cotton, and in the number of hogs in the United States." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 1.

- 135. Bean, L. H. Measuring the effect of supplies on prices of farm products. Jour. Farm Econ. 15 (2): 349-374. Apr. 1933. 280.8 J822 Discussion by H. A. Wallace, p. 374-377.
- 136. Black, A. G. Adjustments in agricultural production under the assumption of a lower general price level and reduced foreign demand for agricultural products during the next ten years. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (1): 83-93. Jan. 1932. 280.8 J822

Discussion by I. G. Davis, p. 92-93.

"A brief statement of the general effect upon production of a longcontinued price decline, and a point by point discussion of the implications of the slogan 'reduce agriculture to a domestic basis.'" - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, July 1932, item 11435.

137. Cox, R. W., and Quintus, P. E. Minnesoth farmers' response to price relationships in the production of selected crops. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (4): 697-700. Oct. 1952. 280.8 J822

> Practically the same article is given in Minnesota Farm Business Notes (pub. by Agricultural Extension Division, University of Minnesota) no. 111, Feb. 20, 1932, 7 p.

> "The relation between certain acreage return ratios and changes in the State acreages of corn, barley, spring wheat, flax, and potatoes from 1922 through 1931 are discussed." Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price; a selected bibliography, item 26.

138. Engberg, R. C. Industrial prosperity and the farmer. 286 p., charts. New York, The Macmillan company, 1927. 284.3 En32

"In this volume Mr. Engberg...has assembled the data necessary to test, both analytically and statistically, the effects of industrial changes upon agriculture. He examines the effects of industrial prosperity and depression upon the demand for and price of farm products, and upon the farmer's operating costs. The analysis establishes certain definite conclusions with reference to a phase of agricultural organization and farm management which has heretofore been merely a subject of speculation." - Director's preface.

Business cycles and the price of cotton (the cotton industry, statistical analysis of the price of cotton, business cycles and the demand for cotton), ch. VII, p. 137-176.

The corn-hog industry and business cycles (the connection between corn production and hog production, factors affecting the supply and price of corn, characteristics of pork production, the demand for pork products, business cycles and the price of hogs), p. 177-223. Business cycles and the price of wheat (a preliminary view of the wheat industry, the volume of production and the price of wheat, busi-

ness cycles and the price of wheat), p. 224-258. Results of statistical studies of the relationship between the supply

and the price of farm products, Appendix B, 'p. 279-284.

139. Hoffman, G. W. Factors affecting prices on organized commodity markets. Ann. Amer. Acad. Polit. & Social Sci. 155(1): 91-99. May 1931.

140. Hoffman, G. W. Future trading upon organized commodity markets in the United States. 482 p. Philadelphia, University of Pennsylvania press; cetc., etc., 1932. 280.3 H67

Bibliography, p. 471-474.

Part II of this book is concerned with Price Aspects and Problems of Future Trading. Chapter XIII is on the price structure. Subtopics are as follows: the determination of price, demand (determinants of demand, demand a schedule, elasticity of demand, the demand for grain and cotton), supply (supply as a price determinant, importance of supply as a cause of price changes in agricultural commodities, the nature of supply in agricultural commodities), quantitative comparisons of supply and price (cotton, oats, corn, and wheat), seasonal movements in price, the market in commodities used for future trading.

141. Schultz, Henry. The shifting demand for selected agricultural commodities, 1875-1929. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (2): 201-227. Apr. 1932. 280.8 J822 Summarized in Conference on Economic Policy for American Agriculture at the University of Chicago, September 7, 8, and 9, 1931, p. 70-71. (281.9 C76P)

> "Approximate statistical significance is given to the concepts elasticity of demand and shift of the demand curve. The per capita demand curves for the nine farm crops studied have either ceased to shift upward or have begun to shift downward. The only upward shift in demand to be expected in the near future is that due to the normal increase in population. But the rate of increase of our population has been decreasing, and population is rapidly approaching its upper limit. (Two tables including equations of demand for the nine farm crops for three major periods; 8 charts)." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Oct. 1932, item 16978.

The connodities studied are corn, wheat, potatoes, barley, ryc, buckwheat, hay, oats, and sugar.

142. Thomsen, F. L. Variations in local prices for farm products and supplies in Missouri. Missouri Agr. Expt. Sta. Research Bul. 151, 59 p., charts, maps. Columbia, 1930.

> The purpose of this study was "(1) to discover the extent of variations in local prices for farm products and farm supplies in Missouri. (2) To measure the influence of some of the more tangible factors responsible for these variations. (3) To test the reliability of the 'farm price' data collected by the Missouri Crop Reporting Service, and used frequently in research in agricultural prices in Missouri."

143. Timoshenko, V. P. Correlations between prices and yields of previous years. Jour. Polit. Econ. 36 (4): 510-515. Aug. 1928. 280.8 J82

"Correlations of first differences of yields and prices in the current year, and each with yields and prices of the two preceding years, for the seven crops - spring wheat, corn, oats, hay, cotton, potatoes, and apples - show the yield of these crops to influence prices not only in the current year but in the second and third succeeding crop years as well. High negative correlations are found between current year yields and prices for potatoes, oats, corn, and hay. A small positive correlation exists in the case of all crops between yields the preceding year and current year prices. These are accounted for by periodicities in yield. When this effect is removed by partial correlations, oats, wheat, and cotton show significant negative correlations. Apples and potatoes, since there is no carry-over, have low correlations. Small positive correlations exist between current year prices and yields the second preceding year. These are, however, due to quasi-periodicity in vield and price and the influences of price on acreage. " - Social Sci. Abs.; v. 1, Mar. 1929, item 365.

144. Waugh, F. V. The relation of quality to the price of farm products. Internatl. Conf. Agr. Econ. 2d, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y., 1930, p. 760-776. 281.9 In82

Alfalfa Hay

145. Braun, E. W. Alfalfa. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 521, 37 p., charts. Berkeley, 1931.

> Alfalfa hay prices (trend of price and price spreads between different areas in California, seasonal movement of alfalfa prices in California, factors affecting the price of alfalfa hay, price outlook), p. 21-27.

Quantitative analysis of the principal factors affecting the price of alfalfa hay, p. 28-29.

Cotton

146. Ashby, F. B. Cotton futures as forecasters of cotton spot prices. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 24 (n.s.168): 412-419, charts. Dec. 1929. 251 Am3

147. Baury, Roger. La prévision du prix du coton américain. 38 p. Paris, Epinal, 1930.

Not in Library. .

Reviewed by Victor von Szeliski in Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 26 (n.s.174): 235-236. June 1931. The following sentences are quoted from the review: "This pamphlet is a correlation study of the price of cotton and the factors affecting it, using data for the years 1919-1930 ...This pamphlet probably fills a gap in French statistical literature by providing an example of applied mathematics in economics, but it certainly adds nothing to the published work of Bradford B. Smith, H. L. Moore, and others. Baury's correlations are largely spurious..." Reviewed by A. Barriol in Journal de la Société de Statistique de

Paris 72 (11): 296. Nov. 1931.
- 148. Bean, L. H. Helping the farmer to make his plans. Interrelationships between supply, price, and consumption. Commercial. American cotton. Annual review, Aug. 30, 1928, p. 17-18, charts. folio 72.9 M313 Presents some of the results of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics' cotton price analysis studies.
- 149. Bean, L. H. Some interrelationships between the supply, price and consumption of cotton...Address delivered before the American statistical association, New York City, Friday, April 20, 1928. 8 p., 7 diagrs., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1928. 1.9 Ec752Sc
- 150. Bourkser, M. D. L'influence des prix du coton sur la cote des valeurs égyptiennes durant la période 1910-1929. L'Égypte Contemporaine, année 21, no. 124, Dec. 1930, p. 714-721. 270 Eg95 "This article discusses the indisputable influence of the price of cotton on Egyptian stock exchange quotations and expresses the hope that such influence will in future merely constitute an important factor and not the prevailing factor as in the past." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 5 (8): 504-505. Oct. 1931.
- 151. Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino. L'influence de la speculation sur les fluctuations des prix du coton. L'Égypte Contemporaine 21 (127): 308-342, charts. Mar. 1931. 270 Eg95

The Library has an English translation of this article by H. E. Brockway. (281.372 Br.)

In six parts. Translated titles of these parts: Principal factors in cotton prices; The role of speculation according to economists' theories; Inductive verification of the economic theory of speculation; Causes of the divergence between theoretical conclusions and the results of statistical analysis; The function of insurance against the risks of price fluctuations as practised on exchanges dealing in futures; Conclusion.

152. Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino. Relations entre la récolte et le prix du coton Égyptien. L'Égypte Contemporaine 21 (124): 633-689. Dec. 1930. 270 Eg95.

In eight parts: La baisse du prix du coton et la crise économique mondiale; Les facteurs du prix du coton égyptien; L'élasticité de la demande; L'offre du coton égyptien; La valeur totale de la récolte du coton égyptien; Quelques questions de politique cotonnière; Prévision des prix du coton; Conclusions.

Discussion of this paper, including five annexed notes, p. 690-713.

153. Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino. Uber die elestizität des verbrauchs ägyptischer baumwolle. Weltwirtschaftsliches Archiv, bd. 33, heft 1, p. 46-86. Jan. 1931. 286.8 W462

The clasticity of demand for Egyptian cotton. Abstract in Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 9260.

154. Cox, A. B. The relation of the price and quality of cotton. Jour. Farm Econ. 11 (4): 542-549. Oct. 1929. 280.8 J822 155. Crawford, G. L., and Gabbard, L. P. Relation of farm prices to quality of cotton. Tex. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 383, 29 p., charts. College Station, 1928.

> "The object of this study is to show what quality of cotton selected localities in different parts of the State are producing relative to grade, staple, and character; the extent to which the farmer is paid on the basis of quality for his cotton, and to what extent central market values are reflected in these prices.

"The data summarized in this Bulletin are for the season of 1926, and are offered as a preliminary report. It includes data for the first year of a study outlined to extend over a period of three to five years." p. 6.

156. Donner, Otto. Bestimmungsgründe der baumwollpreise. Berlin Institut für konjunkturforschung. Vierteljahrshefte zur Konjunkturforsch. Sonderheft 15, 1930, 64 p., charts. 280.9 B45Vs

> "A study is made of the factors which determine the price of American, Egyptian, and Indian cotton. Fluctuations in the price of cotton depend upon quite definite, statistically demonstrable economic facts, and can only be very slightly modified by speculation, and only for a brief period of time. That the chief factor in the determination of cotton prices is supply is proved by a study of the yearly fluctuations since the end of the World War. A knowledge of the basic causes which determine the price of cotton gives an insight into the probable trend of prices in the cotton market." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, 1931, item 971.

157. Guin, Marvin, Relation of price to quality of South Carolina cotton, 1929-1930 season. S. C. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 279, 32 p., charts. Clemson College, 1931.

> "The object of this study is to determine the extent to which quality is paid for in local markets, the relation of prices paid for the same quality of cotton in the different markets, the relation between prices paid in local markets to those paid in central and futures markets, and the factors responsible for these relationships and variations. The particular aim of this report is to bring the study more up to date and to show what the facts of the 1929-1930 crop reveal, in this way making a timely and more accurate measurement of the present condition in the cotton markets of the State." p. 7-8.

158. Howard, R. H. Relation of quality to price of cotton. Fla. Col. Agr., Agr. Ext. Serv., Fla. Agr. Ext. Econ. 2 (4): 2-6. Apr. 1932.

159. Howell, L. D., and Burgess, J. S., jr. Farm prices of cotton in relation to its grade and staple length in local markets in the United States, seasons 1928-29, 1929-30, and 1930-31. A preliminary report. 71 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of cotton marketing. Nov. 1932. 1.9 Ec733Fap

Issued in cooperation with State agricultural experiment stations.

160. Howell, L. D., and Fullilove, W. T. Farm prices of cotton related to its grade and staple length in Georgia, sensons 1929-30 and 1930-31. Ga. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 174, 37 p., charts. Experiment. 1933.

- 161. Howell, L. D., Burgess, J. S., and Neubauer, T. A. Farm prices of cotton related to its grade and staple length Mississippi crop-season 1928-29. A preliminary report. 46 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C. U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of cotton marketing, April 1932. 1.9 Ec733 Fpm
- 162. Howell, L. D. Farm prices of cotton related to quality, Arkansas crop, season 1928-29. A preliminary report. 23 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agriculturel economics, Division of cotton marketing, April 1931. 1.9 Ec733Fp
- 163. / Howell, L. D., and Fullilove, W. T. Farm prices of cotton related to quality; Georgia crop, 1928-29. Ga. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 165, 33 p., charts. Athens, 1930.
 - 164. Howell, L. D. Farm prices of cotton related to quality; Oklahoma cropseason 1928-29. A preliminary report. 23 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of cotton marketing, April 1931. 1.9 Ec733Fo
 - 165. J., K. W. The cotton crop and its price. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 23 (n.s.162): 181-184. June 1928. Among the speakers was L. H. Bean who spoke on certain interrelationships between the supply, price and consumption of cotton. A short summary of his paper is given.
 - 166. Maddox, J. G. Relation of grade and staple length of cotton to prices received by farmers in local markets of Arkansas. Ark. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 274, 76 p., charts. Fayetteville. 1932.
 - 167. Manny, T. B. Farmer opinions and other factors influencing cotton production and acreage adjustments in the South. U. S. Dept. Agr. Circ. 258, 42 p. Washington, D. C., 1933.

"A socio-economic study of farmer opinions and other factors, including prices, credit, and outlook information, influencing acreage adjustments in selected counties in the Mississippi Delta, the Piedmont, and the South Atlantic Coastal plain areas of the South." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 40.

168. Myers, Lawrence. Fertilizer consumption in cotton area varies with return from crop. U. S. Dept. Agr. Yearbook, 1928: 292-293. Washington, D. C., 1929.

"The effects of fertilizer prices, cotton prices and the preceding cotton acreage and yield on fertilizer consumption in the cotton area are shown." - Wells, O. V., Farmers' response to price, item 44.

169. Oparin, D. J. ... The method of schematic deviations applied to the investigation into the cotton market dynamics, (The problem of equilibrium in economics and classical mechanics) (Accompanied by English surmary.) p. [137]-154,[167]-168. Moscow, 1927. 280.9 M85

"Reprinted from 'Problems of economic conditions,' vol. III, no. 1, ed. by the Conjuncture institute, Moscow, 1927." Text in Russian.

- 170. Pope, J. D., and Clark, C. M. The relation of quality of cotton to prices paid to farmers in Alabama. Ala, Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 235, 48 p., charts. Auburn, 1931.
- 171. Ricci, Umberto. Die nachfrage nach agyptischer baumwolle und ihre elastizitat. Weltwirtschaftlichus Archiv 35 (1): 250-261. Jan. 1932. 286.8 W462

"A technical discussion of the demand for Egyptian cotton and its elasticity based on an article by Bresciani-Turroni published in Weltwirtschaftliches Archiv, od. 33, hft. 1, Jan. 1931, p. 46-86. A translation by H. E. Brockway of Dr. Ricci's article is available in the Bureau Library." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (5): 318. May 1932.

172. Smith, B. B. Factors affecting the price of cotton. U. S. Dept. Agr., Tech. Bul. 50, 75 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1928. Literature cited, p. 72-74.

175.

"This bulletin reports the results of a study of the factors influencing the yearly and monthly price variations of cotton over the period 1905-1925, made with a view '(1) to determine the factors which influence the price of cotton, (2) to reduce these factors to numerical measurement in so far as possible, and (3) to find and define the statistical relationship, if any, existing among these factors and the price.

"It consists of two sections, a 'preliminary analysis' dealing with price-supply relationships from year to year, and a 'detailed analysis' made to explain month-to-month variations in price on the basis of systematic relationship to the several sets of factors. Linear multiple correlation applied to the logarithms of the variables was used in both analyses. Curvilinear multiple correlation methods were applied to the original variables in the detailed analysis ... Expt. Sta. Rec. 59: 183-185. 1928.

- 173. Smith, B. B. Forecasting the acreage of cotton. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 20 (n.s.149): 31-47. Nar. 1925. 251 Am3
- 174. Thibodeaux, B. H., and Wells, O. V. Use of outlook information in farmbusiness planning in the cotton belt. A preliminary report. 47 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of farm management and costs, November 1932. 1.9 Ec762U

"A generalized explanation of the relation between prices and the future acreage of southern crops, with especial reference to cotton, is Given on pp. 9-10." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 76.

/U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics. The world cotton situation with outlook for 1931-32, and the long-time outlook for southern agriculture. U. S. Dept. Agr., Misc. Pub. 104, 76 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1930.

"See pp. 25-37 for a non-technical discussion of changes in cotton acreage and production. " - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price; a solacted bibliography, item 23. See p. 4-21 for a discussion of demand.

176. Youngblood, Bonney. Analysis of the relation of quality to price of cotton. Jour. Farm Econ. 11 (4): 525-541. Oct. 1929. 280.8 J822 Discussion by G. L. Crawford, p. 539-541.

- 177. Youngblood, Bonney. The quality of cotton and market demand ... Address at the meeting of Southern agricultural workers, Houston, Texas, Feb. 7, 1929. 10 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture; Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of cotton marketing, 1929, 1.9 Ec7330
- 178. Zahra, M. A., and El-Darwish, M. A statistical study of some of the factors affecting the price of Egyptian cotton. Egypt, Min. Finance, Cotton Bur. Tech. Bul. 1, 17 p., charts. Cairo, Government press, 1930. 281.3729 Eg9

The writers state in their foreword that they have confined their efforts "to a statistical study of the more important factors influencing the price of Egyptian cotton, without attempting to indulge in any deductive analysis of the play of these factors." Factors studied are: relation between the movement of the price of American cotton and that of Egyptian cotton; relation between the size of the Egyptian cotton crop and its price; and relation between the size of the Egyptian cotton crop and its total value.

Fruits

Apples.

179. Bean, L. H. Factors bearing on the price of apples. U. S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ., Agr. Situation 13 (11): 10-13, chart. Nov. 1929. 1 Ec7Ag

180. Braun, E. W. Analysis of the principal factors affecting the price of fancy Gravenstein apples in Sonoma County, California, 1923-1930. 8 p., mimeogr., charts. Berkeley, University of California, College of agriculture, Agricultural extension service, July 1931. 275.2 C12A "A modification and continuation of a study by Emil Rauchenstein, Factors affecting the price of Gravenstein apples at Sebastopol." (q.v.) Contribution from the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural Economics. 181. Kemmer, Erwin, and Schultz, Fritz. Beispiel einer preisspannenfeststellung für äpfel in Berlin. Blätter für Landwirtschaftliche Marktforschung

3 (3): 100-106. Aug. 1932. 280.38 B61 "In November 1930 and 1931, some investigations were made by 25 students from German agricultural training schools, of the retail and wholesale prices of various kinds of apples in various types of business. and various districts of Berlin. The resultant data together with ruling quotations, served as a basis for computation of the market spread. The usual assumption that neighborhood and type of business affect the retail price is confirmed. "- Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (10): 682. Dec. 1932.

182. Kroeck, J. McIntosh apple study. A summary showing some of the factors influencing prices on the Boston wholesale market. 11 p. Boston, Massachusetts Dept. /agriculture, Division of markets, 1928. 280.3 M38A

183. Longley, W. V. The relation of price to apple production. Jour's Farm Econ. 12 (4): 618-620. Oct. 1930. 280.8 J822

The data used in this article are for the Annapolis Valley, Nova Scotia.

184. Longley, W. V. Some economic aspects of the apple industry in Nova Scotia. Nova Scotia. Dept. Agr. Bul. 113, 150 p., charts. Halifax. 1932. 7 N85 Thesis (Ph.D.) - University of Minnesota. Bibliography, p. 141-142. Effect of price on production, ch. IV., p. 15-20. An analysis of prices of different grades, p. 30-34. 185. Nystrom, M. R. Measuring the New York apple market. 14 7, p., charts, typewritten. New York, June 30, 1927, 280.3 N482Fo Section III of Food Marketing Studies of the New York Food Marketing Research Council. "The purpose of this study is first, to provide a general picture of the New York Apple Market including sources of supply, principal carriers, location of markets and commercial practices in regard to the handling and sale of apples; and second, to discuss in a brief manner price fluctuations and variety price differentials for a few of the more important varieties." p. 1. See p. 8-14 for the price study. Much of the data used was collected for J. Bloxom's study "Some Factors Determining the Price of Northwest Apples on the New York Market." 186. Rauchenstein, Emil. Economic aspects of the apple industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 445, 76 p., charts. Berkeley, 1927. Apple prices and their relation to production, p. 39-41; prices of principal varieties of apples shipped from the Watsonville district (includes two paragraphs on price to growers) p. 61-62; production and prices of Gravenstein apples in the Sebastopol district, p. 66-70. 187. Rauchenstein, Emil. Factors affecting the price of Gravenstein apples at Sebastopol. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Hilgardia 3 (12): 325-338. / June 1928. Berkeley. "The price of Gravenstein apples at Sebastopol is affected by the size of the Gravenstein crop in that district and by the size of the total apple crop in the United States. The relative effect of the former has been increasing with the size of the crop since 1912, and the effect of the latter decreasing. The coefficient of multiple correlation is .891 for the period from 1919 to 1927. Each change of one million bushels in the July 1 estimate of apple production in the United States changed the price per box 0.832 cents, while each change of one thousand bushels in the Gravenstein apple production in the Sebastopol district changed the price 0.0839." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 1, 1929, item 8937. 188. Stokdyk, E. A., Erdman, H. E., West, C. H., and Allen, F. W. Marketing California apples. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 501, 151 p., charts. Berkeley, 1930.

Apple supplies and wholesale prices, p. 129-142. Retail prices, p. 142-150.

Canned Fruits

189. Dickens, Dorothy. The relation of grade to price in canned fruits. Chicago, Univ. School Con. and Admin. News Bul. 1 (5): 6-8, chart. Aug. 8,1932. 190. Wellman, H. R. Factors that affected the annual average prices of canned apricots, 1923-24 to 1930-31, (A preliminary report) 17 p., mimeogr. charts. Berkeley, University of California, College of agriculture, Agricultural extension service, June, 1931. 275.2 Cl2Fp

Contribution from the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural economics. This study is similar to the other canned fruit studies conducted by the Giannini Foundation and listed in this bibliography. The following factors have been measured in this study: shipments, trend of demand, and prices of competing canned fruits.

191. Wellman, H. R. Factors that affected the annual average prices of canned pears, 1921-22 to 1930-31. (A preliminary report.) 17 p., mimeogr., charts. Berkeley, University of California, College of agriculture, Agricultural extension service, June 1931. 275.2 Cl2Fpp

Contribution from the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural economics. "The purposes of this study are to determine the factors that have been responsible for the variations in the annual average f.o.b. prices of canned pears from 1921-22 to 1930-31 and to measure the influence of the more important factors that can be expressed in quantitative terms. ...the...analysis explains only what has occurred. It does not forecast what will occur in the future,...

"The analysis has been divided into two parts: (1) factors that affected the prices received for canned pears sold in the United States, and (2) factors that affected the prices received for canned pears exported to the United Kingdom. Obviously the prices received for canned pears sold in both the United States and the United Kingdom are influenced by many factors. Not all of these factors, however, can be measured with the data now available. In this analysis only the following factors have been measured: (1) shipments, (2) trend of demand, and (3) prices of competing canned fruits." p. 1.

Cherries

192. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Cherries. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 488, 38 p., charts. Berkeley, 1930.

Series on California Crops and Prices.

1

Factors affecting prices, p. 24-26. Includes a chart, Relation between average f.o.b. prices and annual interstate shipments of Californi cherries, 1921-1929.

Citrus Fruit

193. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Grapefruit. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 463, 35 p., charts. Berkeley. 1923.

Series on California crops and prices,

Prices (trend of prices; factors affecting prices, seasonal variation in prices), p. 20-24. The following is gooded from p. 21-23:

197

"The volume of competing fruits on the warkets also has an important effect upon the price of grapefruit. Oranges are provedly the most important single competitor of grapefruit. The subset of the size of the winter orange crop upon the prices of Discida grapefruit is shown in figure 7. The solid line represents the average annual prices of Florida grapefruit; the broken line, the total shipments of winter oranges. Each curve is plotted in percentages of its trend. It is readily apparent that a high degree of association has existed between these two series..."

.94. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Lemons. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 460, 37 p., charts. Berkeley, 1928.

Series on California Crops and Prices.

Prices (wide fluctuations in prices, effect of supply upon price, effect of temperature upon price, effect of amount of sickness upon price, estimated farm price of lemons), p. 19-27.

Figure 11, p. 20: United States supply of lemons and the average prices of California lemons after correcting for changes in summer temperatures, 1910-1927. The following note is given:

"The price of lemons varies inversely with the supply. The fluctuations in prices, however, are much greater than the fluctuations in supply, which indicates that the demand for lemons is relatively inelastic. (The curve of supply represents percentages above and below a trend fitted to the figures in table 14, column 4.) The curve of price represents the fluctuations in prices remaining after the effects of changes in the summer temperature departures from normal in fourteen important lemon-consuming markets of the United States have been removed. The price data from which this curve was derived are given in table 15, column 1."

195. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Oranges. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta., Bul. 457, 58 p., charts. Berbeley, 1928.

Prices and purchasing power (relative prices of oranges compared with general price level; purchasing power of all oranges, Valencias and Navels; prices by size; seasonal variation in prices).p. 30-41.

Cranberries

196. Bean, L. H. Factors affecting the yearly average price of cranberries. U. S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ., Agr. Situation 12 (8): 17-18, charts. Aug. 1928. 1 Ec7Ag

> Accompanied by a chart in three sections, the supply-price curve, deviation from supply-price curve, and actual and estimated yearly average price.

"An analysis of the f.o.b. shipping point prices of cranberries as reported by the American Cranberry Exchange, which handles nearly twothirds of the crop, indicates that the yearly average price is very largely determined by the size of the United States crop. The size of the United States crop, together with two other factors, namely, the year-to-year variations in the general commodity price level and an annual growth in demand, almost completely determine the yearly f.o.b. price of cranberries."

Grapes and Raisins .

197. Mallory, L. D., Smith, S. R., and Shear, S. W. Factors affecting annual prices of California fresh grapes, 1921-1929. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Hilgardia 6 (4): 101-130, charts. Berkeley, Sept. 1931.

"In an analysis of California grapes for the period from 1921-1929 inter-state plus intra-state railroad shipment data were used to measure supply; average New York City auction sales prices divided by the wholesale price index were used to measure price. For table-grapes, the important price determinant is the supply-each increase of 5,000 cars was associated with an approximate price decrease of \$25 per ton. For black-juice grapes the corresponding decrease was from \$40 to \$30 per ton and for white-juice grapes the decrease was from \$35 to \$25 per ton. The indicated elasticity of demand for the three classes was between -0.8 and -0.7 for table-grapes, between -0.8 to -0.9 for black juice grapes and between -2.0 and -1.4 for white-juice grapes. In the case of the juice grapes, other important influences were (1) the timing of the Eastern shipments with reference to demand - in part influenced by temperature, (2) the quantity ratio between the black-juice and white-juice supplies and (3) the quality factor." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Apr. 1932, item 5643.

- 198. Shear, S. W., and Gould, H. F. Economic status of the grape industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta: 429, 124 p. charts. Borkeley, 1927. Weekly variation in prices, p. El-85; annual prices and purchasing power, p. 85-95; price outlock and problems of adjustment, p. 95-98. Inverse relationship between raisin supply and price, p. 106-107.
- 199. Shear, S. W., and Howe, R. M. Factors affecting California raisin sales and prices, 1922-1929. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Hilgardia 6 (4): 73-100, charts. Berkeley, Sept. 1931.

A preliminary report entitled "What Determines California Raisin Sales" was issued in mimeographed form in November, 1930. (93 Cl28) "At what price can the tonnage of California raisins available during any particular marketing season be sold? In the period from 1921 through 1929, the most important price determinant was the raisin supply with each increase of 10,000 tens causing an approximate decrease of 1 per cent per pound in the price received. This indicates that the elasticity of the domestic demand for raisins is between -0.3 and -0.4. In addition to the supply factor, the level of demand is an important co-determinant of the domestic price and the Australian supply and price situation is an important factor in the English export market." -Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Apr. 1932, item 5649.

200. Stover, H. J. Relation of the production of grapes in western New York and in California to prices. Farm Econ, (N. N.) no. 59, June 1929, p. 1111-1113, charts.

> "Data for this study was obtained from Bulletin 429, University of California Agricultural Experiment Station, 'Economic Status of the Grape Industry.'"

- 201. Stover, H. J. Some factors affecting the purchasing power of grapes. Farm Econ., no. 45, June 1927, p. 692-695, charts. "As data on the production of grapes was not available, it was not possible to study directly the relation of production to price. Various weather factors were used as a measure of production."
- 202. Thomsen, F. L., and Thorne, G. B. Economic position of the grape industry in Missouri. Missouri Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 273, 34 p., charts. Columbia, 1929.

Factors affecting Missouri grape prices, p. 4-13. Supply-price curves given.

- 41 -

Peaches

203. Kantor, H. S. Factors affecting the price of peaches in New York market. U. S. Dept. Agr., Tech. Bul. 115, 64 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1929.

Gives the results of a study made in cooperation with the New Jersey experiment stations. Abstracted in Expt. Sta. Rec. 61: 486-487. 1929.

204. Wellman, H. R. Factors that affected the annual average prices of canned clingstone peaches, 1921-22 to 1930-31. 19 p., mimeogr., charts. Berkeley, University of California, College of agriculture, Agricultural extension service, June 1931. 275.2 Cl2Fpc

> Contribution from the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural economics. "The purposes of this study are to determine the factors that have been r esponsible for the variations in the annual average f.o.b. prices of canned clingstone peaches from 1921-22 to 1930-31 and to measure the influence of the more important factors that can be expressed in quantitative terms. It should be clearly recognized that the ... analysis explains only what has occurred. It does not forecast what will occur in the future. In order to use this analysis in forecasting the probable price at which a given supply of canned peaches can be sold or in forecasting the probable supply that can be sold at a given price, it is first necessary to determine the future positions of the factors that affect canned peach prices. The analysis has been divided into two parts: (1) factors that affected the prices received for canned peaches sold in the United States and (2) factors that affected the prices received for canned peaches exported to the United Kingdom." p. 1.

205. Wellman, H. R. Supply, demand, and prices of California peaches. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 547, 64 p., charts. Berkeley, 1932. Supersedes California Agricultural Extension Service Circular 1.

Pears

- 206. Shear, S. W. Economic aspects of the pear industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 452, 107 p., charts. Berkeley, 1928. Relation of weekly supply to price, p. 75-81, pricesand purchasing power of canning pears, p. 89-91.
- 207. Shear, S. W. Pacific coast pear supply and price situation. 9 p., mimeogr., charts. Berkeley, California agricultural experiment station. 1929. "An address presented to the Western Pear Meet, held under the auspices of the Oregon State Horticultural Society and Fruit Growers' League, at Medford, Oregon, November 13, 1929... The data presented supplement Bulletin 452 of the California Agricultural Experiment Station."

Plums and Prunes

208. Rauchenstein, Emil. Economic aspects of the fresh plum industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 459, 26 p., charts. Berkeley, 1928. "This bulletin assembles and analyzes the available data on the plum industry regarding production, crop movement, relation to other fruits, - 42 ----

209. Shear, S. W. Prune supply and price situation. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 462, 69 p., charts. Berkeley, 1928.

Prices of California prunes, p. 47-59.

Among the topics considered are inverse relation of consumption and price, world supply the chief factor affecting prices, value of figure 14 (shows relation of world prune consumption and adjusted New York wholesale price of California 60/70's), supply-price relation less consistent that before the war, methods of quoting prices to growers, and influence of size on price.

Strawberries

210. Hall, O. J. Relation of central market prices of strawberries to production planning, Ark. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 275, 54 p., charts. Fayetteville, 1932.

> "Brief consideration is given to the strawberry price cycle and the effect of price on acreage on p. 37-40." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price; a selected bibliography, item 34.

Charts showing supply and wholesale price relationships for strawberries sold in New York City by weeks, 1926-1929, p. 36. Charts showing relation of carlot shipments to farm price per quart of strawberries for Arkansas and for second-early states, 1918-1920, p. 38-39.

211. Thomsen, F. L., and Thorne, G. B. Economics of strawberry production and marketing in Missouri. Missouri Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 262, 138 p., charts. Columbia, 1928.

> How strawberry prices are determined, p. 17-20; Strawberry production, costs and prices, p. 21-56. For measuring the relationship between supply and price, factors determining supply, recent changes affecting supply, significance of the production-price situation, and facts to be considered in arriving at a production or acreage policy, see p. 23-47.

Reduction of marketing costs, p. 114-128.

Grain

1.11

212. Hoffman, G. W. Future trading and cash grain markets. U. S. Dept. Agr. Circ. 201, 56 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1932.

"This study outlines the relation of future trading to cash-grain markets. The essential features of the markets for cash grain and the markets for futures are summarized and contrasted, cash and futures prices are compared and in the light of this comparison the principal functions of future trading are described." p. 1.

213. Lehner, Friedrich. Die nachkriegsentwicklung der weltgetreide vornehmlich der weltweizenpreise. 125 p. Emden (Ostfriesland) Gedruckt bei B. Davids, 1932. 284.359 152

Literaturverzeichnis, p. 115-125.

"A study of the postwar development of grain prices including a discussion of the factors which determine them and an account of wheat and rye price fluctuations since 1924." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (7): 523. Sept. 1932.

214. Monkemeyer, Frau Hilde (Neumann). Probleme der freien oder gebundenen getreidewirtschaft, insbesondere in Deutschland. 100 p. Charlotten-

burg, 1932. 284.359 M74 Inaug.-diss. - Berlin.

Bibliography, p. 97-100.

Not seen.

"An account of the factors which influence grain prices and of the attempts made in $G_{\rm C}$ rmany and elsewhere to stabilize the price of grain."- Agr. Econ. Lit. 7 (3): 138. Mar. 1933.

Barley

215. Braun, E. W. Barley. Calif, Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 512, 32 p., charts. Berkeley, 1931.

Series on California crops and prices.

Barley prices (factors affecting barley prices at San Francisco, price of export barley, seasonal movement of prices), p. 13-20.

Broomcorn

216. Washburn, R. S., and Hartin, J. H. An economic study of broomcorn production. U. S. Dept. Agr. Tech. Bul. 347, 42 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1933.

Relation of supply of broomcorn to price received, p. 14-17.

Corn

217. Cox, R. W. Factors influencing corn prices. Minn. Agr. Expt. Sta. Tech. Bul. 81, 51 p., charts. University Farm, St. Paul, 1931.

"Factors that influence the average seasonal level of corn prices (influence of the supply of corn, influence of other factors) p. 14-23; Value of the corn supply at Chicago prices of no. 3 yellow corn, with varying total supplies, p. 24-25; Analysis of the influence of factors affecting the average October-June price of no. 3 yellow corn in Chicago, "p. 32-36.

218. Hoffman, G. W. Trading in corn futures. U. S. Dept. Agr. Tech. Bul. 199, 82 p. Washington, D. C. 1930.

> "It is proposed in this study to analyze and summarize the information relating to corn futures during this 5-year [1923-1928] period, making such comparison with future trading in other grains, and especially wheat, as seem worth while. Particular emphasis will be placed upon the manner and extent to which the trade in corn futures related itself to the price of corn. Because of the outstanding importance of the Chicago Board of Trade as a futures market, unless otherwise stated, the data will relate to this exchange." - p. 2.

- 219. Misner, E. G. Studies of the relation of weather to the production and price of farm products. I. Corn. 192 p., mimeogr., charts. Ithaca, N. Y., Cornell University, March 1928. 281 M68
- 220. Schultz, T. W. Variations in corn prices within Iowa. A preliminary report. 25 p., mimeogr. Ames, Iowa Agricultural experiment station, 1933. Pam. Coll.

The data used are the prices paid to Iowa producers during the period from October 1920 to September 1931, collected by the Crop Reporting Board of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.

221. Shepherd, G. S. The secular movement of corn prices. Iowa Agr. Expt. Sta. Research Bul. 140, p. 177-223, charts. Ames, 1931.

> The material in this bulletin is presented in condensed from in Iowa Bulletin 284, The Trend of Corn Prices.

"This study, which covers the period 1866-1930, is based primarily on data on production and prices of corn and livestock published by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Charts and tables are included showing the production of corn, oats, and barley, the secular movements of corn prices and of the purchasing power of corn, percentages of corn crop used for different purposes, the number of livestock of different kinds on farms, changes in the demand for corn, purchasing power of hogs, Federal inspected and total slaughter of hogs, and the ratio of production of corn in nine Corn Belt States and in Iowa, Illinois, and Indiana to that in all other States. The effects of changes in livestock population, livestock purchasing, and feeding methods on the demand for and the purchasing power of corn, 1866-1919, and since the World War, and the future use of corn prices and of profits from corn growing are discussed.

"Appendices describe the statistical methods used in determining trends, the relationship between size of crop and purchasing power, and the number of livestock not on farms, and discuss the increase in corn export demand, the changes in small items, and the reasonsfor the lack of agreement between the number of hogs on farms and total number of hogs slaughtered..." Expt. Sta. Rec. 66: 187-188. 1932.

222. Stout, W. B. Corn price facts. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 165, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana, 1932.

> Charts show corn production in the United States from 1890-1931 and yearly United States farm price as of December 1; seasonal variation in the Indiana farm price of corn and the price of no. 3 yellow corn at Chicago (average 1926-1931); cost of distributing food and the farm price of corn in the United States, 1913-1931.

Flax and Flaxseed

223. Elliott, F. F., and Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price in the production of flax. A preliminary report. 33 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of farm management and costs, Dec. 1930. 1.9 Ec762Fb Changes in flax acroage in the United States and in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Montana are related to the flax-wheat acreage return ratio." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 28.

224. Wright, P. G. The tariff on animal and vegetable oils. 347 p. New York, The Macmillan company, 1928. 285 W93T

Effects of a duty on price and output with special reference to butter and flaxweed, appendix B, p. 286-319. In three parts: I. Formulae for estimating the effect of a duty; II. Explanations and qualifications; III. The handling of data. Rice

225. Campbell, C. E. Factors affecting the price of rice. U. S. Dept. Agr., Tech. Bul. 297, 56 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1932.

Acreage changes as affected by farm prices, p. 2-4; Factors affecting the price of southern type rice, p. 7-11; Factors influencing the price of California-Japan type rice, p. 11-17; Statistical analysis of factors affecting the price of rice, p. 17-38.

Wheat

226. Baumert, W. A. A method of forecasting the prices of wheat by-products. 40 p. Washington, The Catholic University of America, 1926. 284.3 B32 Thesis (PH.D.) - Catholic University of America, 1926. Bibliography p. 40

Bibliography, p. 40.

Topics considered in the four chapters of this study are: Commercial and biological aspects of wheat by-products; The economic theory of joint products; the Tariff commission's report, forecasting of prices; Statistics of joint products of wheat; The method used in forecasting the prices of wheat by-products (correlation), forecasting the price of bran by the multiple correlation, future prices as indicators of price trends, results obtained from the multiple correlation of wheat, corn, and oats with bran, suggestions of ways in which to check estimates.

227. Bennett, M. K., assisted by Janet Murray and P. S. King. A weighted series of cash wheat prices at Winnipeg. Wheat studies of the Food Research Institute 5 (5): 175-192, charts. Stanford University, Calif., March 1929. 59.8 F73

> "This study presents a series of weekly weighted average cash wheat prices at Winnipeg which seems, with certain limitations, to be satisfactorily representative of the range of Winnipeg prices. It is based upon weekly averages of cash closing prices on the Winnipeg Exchange, weighted by inspections of wheat by grades at Winnipeg.

"The series is subject to several qualifications arising from the price statistics and the weights used. Of these qualifications the most important is that the volume of weekly sales at Winnipeg cannot be expected to conform precisely in its composition by grades with the composition of weekly inspections by grades. The series seems least reliable as an indicator of the true course of Winnipeg cash prices in the months of August and September, when inspections are small and when they may change radically in their composition by grades. It is less satisfactorily representative of terminal prices throughout all Canada than of terminal prices at Winnipeg, because prices and inspections of wheat sold at Vancouver are not included. The defects of weighting by Winnipeg inspections are, however, less significant in weekly weighted averages than they would be in monthly or annual weighted average prices." - title-page.

228. Braun, E. W. Wheat. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 502, 34 p., charts. Berkeley, 1930.

Series on California Crops and Prices.

Wheat prices (factors affecting the world price of wheat; price of wheat at San Francisco; relation of the prices at San Francisco to Portland and Liverpool prices, Fand to prices at eastern terminal markets; seasonal wheat prices at San Francisco), p. 12-18.

- 229. Green, R. M. Factors affecting the timing of wheat price movements. Internatl. Conf. Agr. Econ. 2d, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y., Proc. 1930, p. 724-732, charts. 281.9 In82
- 230. Green, R. M., and Stokdyk, E. A. Juding price risks in marketing wheat, Kans. Agr. Col. Ext. Circ. 54, 31 p., charts. Manhattan, 1927.

231. Kirch, F. W. Effect of location on the price of wheat. 95 p., typewritten, charts and tables. Stillwater, Okla. 1930. 284.359 K63 Thesis submitted to the Department of Agricultural Economics, Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Master of Science, 1930.

> "The purpose of this study is to make an analysis of factors which determine the price of wheat at local or interior markets... a study will be made of the deviations of Oklahoma' and Kansas City prices from Liverpool prices. In addition, an analysis of the factors causing such deviation, will be attempted. The conclusions arrived at in the above analysis, together with other related statistical findings will be applied to Oklahoma wheat marketing problems in order that wheat growers of the state may be aided in marketing their product." p. 1. Supply-price comparisons, p. 41-66. Kansas City and Oklahoma price spreads, p. 66-73.

232. Kuhrt, W. J. A study of farmer elevator operation in the spring wheat area. Part 11. - Variation in the protein content of spring wheat, especially the 1924 crop, and the effect of such variation on prices received and marketing methods used by farmers' elevators. A preliminary report. 16 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of cooperative marketing, October 1926. 1.9 Ec723St

233. Kuhrt, W. J. A study of farmer elevator operations in the spring wheat area. Series of 1925-1926. Part II. - Analysis of the variation in the quality factors of the 1925 crop of spring wheat, and the relation of such variation to prices received and premiums paid in 1925-26. A preliminary report. 11 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of cooperative marketing, Oct. 1927. 1.9 Ec723St

- 234. Lyon, L. S., and Rassieur, T. E. The price responsiveness of wheat growers. Jour. Polit. Econ. 32 (6): 707-721, charts. Dec. 1924. 280.8 J82 "Percentage changes in the acreage sown to spring (and to winter wheat) are related to preceding percentage changes in the price of cash wheat and to concurrent percentage changes in the prices of cash and future wheat." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 39.
- 235. Mereness, E. H. Effect of changes in the price on the acreage and production of wheat in New York. Farm Econ. (N. Y.) no. 75, May 1932, p. 1737-1739, charts. 280.8 C812

1

236. The relations between the price of wheat and the general price index in the United States. Internat. Rev. Agr. 19/(10): 849-858, charts. Oct. 1928. 241 In82

> "^Changes in the price of wheat are so intimately related to various price changes that it is necessary to study the behavior of wheat prices in relation to changes in the general price level. This is done by studying correlations between wheat prices and the general price index by periods. Conclusions reached are that there is a high degree of correlation between the trend of the farm price of wheat and the general price index. The study shows some indications, but relations between production and prices of wheat need much/more investigation. A clear knowledge of these relations would be of immense value to the farmer." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 1, 1929, item 4305.

- 237. Salmon, S. C., and Throckmorton, R. I. Wheat production in Kansas. Kans. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 248, 84 p., illus. Manhattan, 1929. Seasonal price changes (factors influencing monthly price changes; July, August, and September prices; winter and spring prices; disturbing factors; strong and weak spots in the market; holding high-quality wheat), p. 65-70.
- 238. Stout, W. B. Wheat price facts. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 162, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana, 1932. The first three charts show the inverse relationship that exists between the world supply of wheat and deflated British prices; index numbers of wholesale prices in the United States, farm wheat prices in the United States and Indiana farm prices, 1910-1931; average prices

of parcels at Liverpool and no.2 hard winter at Kansas City, July 1922 to date.

- 239. Taylor, A. E., Working, Holbrook, and Bennett, M. K. The contractibility of wheat acreage in the United States. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 6 (4): 151-187. Feb. 1930. 59.8 F73
- 240. Taylor, A. E., Davis, J. S., and Working, Holbrook. Price spreads and restraint of United States wheat exports. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 9 (1): 1-22. Stanford University, Calif., Oct. 1932. 59.8 F73
- 241. Taylor, A. E. Speculation, short selling and the price of wheat. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 7 (4): 231-266. Stanford University Calif., Feb. 1931. 59.8 F73 "This limited examination is confined to the relations of the American price of wheat to the world price of wheat during recent years, with reference to the influence of speculation."

242. Taylor, A. E., Davis, J. S., and Working, Holbrook. Variations in wheat prices. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 5 (7): 241-300. Stanford University, Calif., June 1929. 59.8 F73 The writers were assisted in this study by Elizabeth Brand Taylor. The following is quoted from the title page: "The effort for stabilization of the general price level implies the occurrence of significant degrees of variation in the general price level. Agitation for stabilization of the price of a particular commodity, like wheat, similarly implies significant variations in price. The meaning and causes of wheat price variations have long been entangled in controversies over the prevailing system of marketing wheat. But to a surprising extent the variations themselves have not been classified, described, and explained. Analysis of wheat price variations is essential as a background to the consideration of stabilization of the price of wheat. The purpose of this study, a tentative excursion into the subject, is to offer a non-technical picture of wheat price variations, principally in the United States, during the past three decades.

"We have first attempted to define the various significant types of variation. Thereafter, using several sories of cash wheat prices, we have sought to illustrate the amplitude of movement in each type of variation to indicate the immediate and distant influences to which variations may principally be traced; and to contrast variations occurring in pre-war years with those in post-war years. Short-time fluctuations, month-to-month changes, recurring seasonal movements, and shifts in wheat price level from crop year to crop year are interrelated, and difficult to separate one from the other. The price of wheat at any time is not a point, but a wide range. Consequently, on the basis of available price series, a good deal of uncertainty necessarily surrounds any attempt to describe and measure wheat price fluctuations, and to point out the principal causes of variation. The present study is not offered as conclusive; but it serves to throw into relief certain characteristics of wheat price movements which seem to require attention whenever wheat price stabilization is discussed."

243. U. S. Department of agriculture. Bureau of agricultural economics. The disparity between wheat prices in Canada and in the United States and the grain storage situation. 22 p., mineogr., charts. Washington, D. C., November 1929. 1.9 Ec7Di

> "This report presents the results of an investigation prepared in response to a resolution adopted by the Federal Farm Board September 10 requesting the Bureau of Agricultural Economics 'to inquire into the disparity between the price of wheat in the United States and the price prevailing in Canada, with a view to determining the causes for the difference and particularly to investigate the amount and availability of country and terminal elevator storage in relation to the situation."title page.

The investigation was made by E. J. Working, F. J. Hosking, W. J. Kuhrt, and T. A. Sommers.

244. U. S. Department of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics. The world wheat outlook, 1930 and facts that farmers should consider.
 U. S. Dept. Agr., Misc. Pub. 95, 40 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1930.

"See p. 17-29 for a non-technical discussion of changes in wheat acreage and production." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price; a selected bibliography, iten 22.

See also p. 31-33 for factors affecting the price of wheat, relation of prices in the United States to world markets, and the effect of changes in production upon price.

245. Varga, Stefan. Die preisbestimmungsfaktoren des ungarischen weizens. Factors determining the price of Hungarian wheat, Zeitschrift für Nationalökonomie 2 (5): 780-792. May 15, 1931. L. C. 246. Working, Holbrook, Hobe, A. M., and King, P. S. Cycles in wheat prices. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 8 (1): 1-66, charts. Stanford University, Calif., Nov. 1931. 59.8 F73

> "The present study undertakes a comprehensive investigation of the major movements, apart from long-time trends, of United States wheat prices through 43 years, the characteristics of their behavior, and the factors which determine the movements (as distinct from the levels) of wheat prices. Monthly data are found inadequate to reveal certain important characteristics of even major movements, and the investigation is based in large part on analysis of weekly averages of daily prices throughout the 43 years studied.

> "Five important types of movements are found, all but one of which have certain cyclical characteristics. They may conveniently be classified as follows: A. The seasonal cycle (in cash prices). B. Non-seasonal price movements. 1. Crop-scare and related cycles. 2. A long cycle. 3. Movements related to cyclical changes in wholesale prices in general. 4. Movements directly attributable to size of the world wheat crop harvested during the season (not notably cyclical in character)." p. 1.

> Wheat production in relation to prices, p. 31-33; Influence of production on price, p. 33-34.

- 247. Working, E. J. Factors affecting the timing of wheat price movements. Internatl. Conf. Agr. Econ., 2d, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y., 1930, p. 706-714. 281.9 In82
- 248. Working, Holbrook. Materials for a theory of wheat prices. Internatl. Conf. Agr. Econ., 2d, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y., 1930, p. 713-723, charts. 281.9 In82

The writer presents "evidence that major wheat price movements, extending through periods from two to about twelve months in length, are largely dominated by two peculiar cyclical tendencies." These cycles are "the long cycle" and "crop season price cycles." The study is based on weekly average prices of the Chicago May wheat future. Library has also a set of 7 mimeographed/with this same title. (Pam. Coll.)

249. Working, Holbrook, and Hobe, A. M. The post-harvest depression of wheat prices. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 6 (1): 1-40. Stanford University, Calif., 1929. 59.8 F73

> "An analysis is made of the monthly cash wheat prices, July 1899-1914, and July 1921-1928, of no. 2 hard winter wheat at Kansas City, no. 2 red winter wheat at St. Louis, and no. 1 northern spring wheat at Minneapolis, of the May wheat futures prices at Chicago during the same periods, and of the spreads between the cash and futures prices. The apparent dealers' profits from storage and the potential gains from farm storage are discussed..." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 62: 888-889. 1930.

250. Working, Holbrook. Price relations between July and September wheat futures at Chicago since 1885. Wheat Studies of the Food Research Institute 9 (6): 187-238. Stanford University, Calif., Mar. 1933. This study is in five parts: Relations among prices and spreads; Basic spread-determining factors; Other factors affecting the spread in June; Seasonal tendencies in prices and spreads; Forecasting the spread.

Livestock and Livestock Products

- 251. Aylesworth, P. F., and Hill, E. B. Feed and livestock product priceratios. A study of the relation of the price of feed to the price of dairy and poultry products in Michigan, 1921-1932. Mich. Agr. Expt. Sta. Quart. Bul. 15 (2): 85-90, chart. Nov. 1932.
- 252. Duddy, E. A. The potential supply area of the Chicago livestock market. Jour. Farm Econ. 13 (3): 410-425. 1931. 280.8 J822 "The potential supply area of the Chicago market for livestock is determined from a study of shrinkage and transportation rate data, and is compared with the actual supply area." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 30.
- 253. Duddy, E. A., and Rezvan, D. A. The supply area of the Chicago livestock market. Chicago Univ., School Com. and Admin., Studies in Business Admin., v. 2, no. 1, 100 p., charts. 1931.

"This is an intensive study of the supply area for which Chicago was the central livestock market during 1923-29. The supply area is discussed from three points of view, namely a descriptive treatment of the geography involving shape, size and changing dimensions, market organization, and market competition as partially expressed in price differentials between competing markets for the same kind of livestock at the same time.

"Having assembled and analyzed certain data, the authors reach the following conclusions: 'The shape and size of the Chicago livestock supply area is determined by (1) the demand set up through the market for livestock and meat by deficit areas at and east of Chicago; (2) by the nature of farming and ranching practice with respect to livestock production in supply states and the relative density of livestock population; (3) by such physical factors as food supply for livestock, climate and topography; (4) by such economic factors as land values, transportation facilities and rates, and the price competition of other markets both public and private; and (5) by market facilities such as stockyards, packing houses, and cold storage capacity.'

"Although neither original nor profound, this little study merits the attention of marketing students in general, particularly those interested in livestock, to whom it will be both interesting and useful." - Social Forces 10 (3): 438. Mar. 1932.

254. Edinger, A. T. Recent trends in retail meat prices and their relation to livestock prices. 13 p., nimeogr., charts. [Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept./agriculture, Bureau agricultural economics, Division of livestock, meats and wool, 1932. 1.9 Ec713Rec

> "Address, Ohio wool growers association and Ohio livestock cooperative association, Columbus, Ohio, February 25, 1932."

255. Hope, E. C. Livestock cycles in Canada. Sci. Agr. 11 (2): 80-94. Oct. 1930.

> "... The present article is in no way intended to disclose anything new regarding livestock cycles but merely to present the available data on livestock prices in Canada in a series of statistical charts, as an aid to making intelligent forecasts as to the trend of future

livestock prices, and as a basis for further work in analysing price cycles of the various livestock products in Canada." A list of 12 references accompanies the article.

256. Murray, K. A. H. Factors affecting the prices of livestock in Great Britain. A preliminary study. 180 p., charts. Oxford, Clarendon press, 1931. 284.3 M96

> At head of title: University of Oxford, Agricultural Economics Research Institute.

> Reviewed by G. B. Thorne in Jour. Farm Econ. 13 (4): 648-650. Oct. 1931.

In the author's words this is "an attempt to discover and measure the effect of some of the more important factors affecting the prices of livestock in Great Britain."

See p. 65-76 for factors affecting the prices of cattle and beef (relation of supply to price, effect of supply on price, relation of demand to price, the effect of demand on price, and the importance of the demand factor in the determination of British fat cattle prices).

See p. 109-114 for effect of supply of sheep on the price of mutton and lamb, effect of prices of sheep or mutton on the supply of sheep and premiums.

See p. 143-151 for relation of supplies to price for pigs, pork and bacon, and imported bacon and hams, effect of supply on price for pig products, and effect of price of pig products on the subsequent supply of pigs.

The moving or sliding coefficient of correlation, appendix IV, p. 176-179.

Equations of supply price-curves, table 1, appendix. V, p. 180.

257. Waite, W. C. The effect of a business depression on the demand for livestock products and the outlook for these products. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (2): 228-238, charts. Apr. 1932. 280.8 J822

"In this article from the Minnesota Experiment Station, a table is given showing the indexes, by years 1910-1930, of the retail demand in the United States for certain food products. Charts are given showing, by months, 1921-1931, the percentages which the demand for beef, pork, mutton and lamb, butter, cheese, and condensed and evaporated milk were of the demand in the corresponding month of the preceding year and the three 3-year moving average of the ratio of the composite price of 3 lbs. of corn, oats, and barley to the composite price of butter, pork, and beef produced from 3 lbs. of grain.

"The nothed used in arriving at the indexes of change in demand is described as follows: 'The usual price analysis is primarily interested in determining the elasticity of demand for the product, and changes in demand ordinarily appear as trends eliminated in the course of the analysis. For example, a correlation is computed in which price, supply, and time are treated as separate variables. The trends of price and supply jointly are then taken to indicate the changes in demand. For our purposes a somewhat more flexible method is needed, so we reverse the process, endeavoring to eliminate the price-supply relationship and leave the remainder as an index of the change in demand.' In doing this two assumptions are made, (1)⁴ that the commodity has a certain known elasticity of demand, and that this elasticity is constant at all prices,' and (2) 'that the elasticity remains unchanged

_ 51 _

through the various shifts or changes in demand...The indexes...have been computed by percentage changes from the base; the percentage increase or decrease in price added to the reciprocal of the elasticity times the percentage increase or decrease in quantity'..." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 68: 690. May 1933.

Cattle and Beef

258. Ashby, A. W., and Lewis, Thomas. Beef production: seasonal variations in the supplies and prices of fat cattle. p. 18-37, charts. Pam. Coll. "Reprinted from 'The Welsh Journal of Agriculture,' vol. V, 1929."

259. Conway, H. M. Factors affecting fed cattle prices. U. S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ. Agr. Situation 11 (12): 16. Dec. 1927.

260. Gabler, Theodor. Die gestaltung der rindvichpreise und die darauf beruhende möglichkeit einer prognose. 32 p., 50 charts, 82 tables. Borna-Leipzig, Universitätsverlag, von Robert Noske, 1929. 284.3 Gll

"A study of slaughter cattle prices and the economic factors which influence them, with special reference to the periods from 1890 to 1913 and 1924 to 1928, has convinced the author that it is impossible to make a general forecast of cattle prices for a period of time which is limited by the forecast of the conjuncture index on the one hand, and the market supply on the other." - Arr. Econ. Lit. 4 (7): 325. Sept. 1930.

Die Faktoren der Preiskurven (Das Angebot (Auftrieb am Berliner Markt) und seine Ursachen) b. Die Nachfrage und ihre Ursachen; c. Einfluss des Viehhandels auf die Preise), p. 8-22.

261. Hanau, Arthur. Bestimmungsgrunde der preise für schlachtrinder. Berlin, Institut für konjunkturforschung. Vierteljahrshefte zur Konjunkturforschung Sonderheft 13. 1929. 59 p. 280.9 B45Vs

"A summary of conditions in the German slaughter cattle market since 1924 is given. Price fluctuations as influenced by importation, by supply and demand, by the hog market, and by general economic conditions are studied. The author anticipates the maintenance of prices in the domestic market in the immediate future, but is pessimistic with regard to the attainment of a price level which will bring a permenently satisfactory return to the producer. In the long run the development of the dairy industry will be the deciding factor in determining supply and prices in the German cattle market." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 22, 1930, item 2670.

262. Hanau, Arthur. Entwicklungstendenzen am markt für schlachtrinder. Blätter für Landwirtschaftliche bd. 1, hft. 11, Apr. 1931, p. 536-548. 280.38 B61

> "This subject is treated under five headings: (1) Developmental tendencies of German cattle production in the post-stabilization period; (2) structural changes since the pre-war period; (3) foreign trade; (4) consumption; (5) price prospects; (a) structural changes in the price level, (b) price development in 1931 and 1932.

"It is a detailed study, interspersed with an abundance of figures and statistics and a number of comparative tables, curves, etc. "The author concludes that: The development of the price-determining factors leads to the conclusion that an improvement in the situation of the beef market continues to be dependent on a raising of the income of the great masses and an improvement in the hog market, inasmuch as further relief is not to be expected so far as supply is concerned. As, however, the two factors mentioned are hardly likely to assume an appreciably more favorable aspect during the current year, a substantial betterment of the cattle market situation can hardly be hoped for. The prospects for 1932 look more favorable, at which time a change in the hog market situation should set in. If, in addition to this, the hopes for an improvement in the general economic situation are not frustrated, a brightening up of the cattle situation in 1932 is certain." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 5 (8): 500-501. Oct. 1931.

- 263. Heflebower, R. B. Steer prices in relation to Idaho beef producers' problems. Idaho Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 172, 32 p., charts. Moscow, 1930. In four parts: Long-time variations in beef steer prices; Relation of Chicago and Portland beef steer prices; Forecasting average steer beef prices one year in advance; Month to month movement of Portland prices.
- 264. Henney, H. J. Factors influencing the time of buying feeder steers and of selling them as choice summer-fed steers. Kans. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 258, 35 p., charts. Monhattan, 1932.

"Changes in the supply and market movement of feeder cattle are related to the size of the corn crop, to the margin obtained by the average feeder, and to short period movement of the price factors." --Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 36.

265. Henney, H. J. Judging price risks in marketing cattle. Kans. Agr. Expt. Sta. Circ. 158, 43 p., charts. Manhattan, 1931.

The purpose of this publication "is to furnish more complete information concerning the trend of prices at the time of selling cattle."

266. Hopkins, J. A., jr. Forecasting cattle prices. Jour. Farm Econ. 9 (4): 433-446. Oct. 1927. 280.8 J822

> "A formula for forecasting cattle prices six months in advance is derived, using as factors the index of the 10 sensitive commodity prices as reported by the Harvard Economic Service, the price of corn, and the feeder cattle margin, each lagged 6 months, and the condition of the Corn Belt pasture and forage, lagged 7 months. The average difference between the results obtained with a formula and the actual prices for 1922-1926 was 3.8 per cent of the ordinates of secular trend. The standard deviation was 4.5 per cent and the coefficient of correlation between the actual prices and the forecasts was +0.70. A formula is also derived for estimating current cattle prices, the above factors, together with net cattle receipts at 64 markets, prices of hogs, and index of condition of the western ranges being used, the several factors being lagged for different periods from 0 to 7 months. The average difference between the actual and estimated prices was 3.7 per cent, the standard deviation of these differences at 4.7 per cent, and the correlation coefficient +0.61." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 58: 588. 1928.

267. Hopkins, J. A., jr. A statistical study of the prices and production of beef cattle. Iowa. Agr. Expt. Sta. Research Bul. 101, p. 339-396, charts. Ames, 1926. "This study attempts, as far as possible, to find explanations for the various major and minor movements in prices of cattle since Iowa became an important beef producing state. An examination has been made to see if there are elements which may be expected to influence prices in the same manner in the future. " p. 339, the state of the second states and the 268. Murray, K. A. H. The offect of demand on the price of beef in Great Britain. Farm Econ. (N. Y.) no. 60; Aug. 1929, p. 1143-1144. 280.8 C812 an and a start 269. Rochford, L. H. Influence of California demand on Colorado beef-cattle prices. Colo. Agr. Col. Ext. Bul. 316-A, 27 p., chart. Fort Collins, . 1932. 270. Stout, W. B. Beef cattle price facts. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 164, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana, 1932. Charts show relationship between price and supply of cattle at Chicago, 1890-1931; factory payrolls and cash farm income from livestock (payrolls 1923-1925 equal 100); purchasing power of milk cows and cattle other than milk cows in the United States from 1867-1932; profit and loss periods in cattle feeding; factors affecting the price of "good" beef steers. 271. Voorhies, E. C., and Koughan, A. B. Economic aspects of the beef cattle industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 461, 128 p., charts. Berkeley, 1928. Series on California Crops and Prices. Prices and purchasing power of beef cattle, p. 67-84. Meat prices, p. 84-87. Dairy Products 272. Cohen, R. L. The effect of different price policies on the seasonal produc-tion of milk. Farm Econg/1 (1): 14-16. Jan. 1933. "The effect of different price policies on the seasonal production of milk in selected areas in the United States is considered and a forecast

of the effect of the present English plan is given." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 68.

273. Ezekiel, Mordecai, Rauchenstein, Emil, and Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price in the production of market milk. A preliminary report. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of farm management and costs, May 1932. 1.9 Ec762Ffm "Changes in market milk production in the Boston, the Baltimore, and the St. Paul-Minneapolis milk-sheds are related to the appropriate milk-feed price ratio." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 29.

274. Ezekiel, Mordecai. The response of Milk producers in different type of farming areas to changes in the price of feed, milk and other factors. 13 p., typewritten. [Washington, D. C., 1927] Pam. Coll. Talk before meeting of the New England Research Council, Boston, Mass. Oct. 27, 1927.

- 54 -

275. Gons, A. R. Elasticity of supply of milk from Vermont plants. Factors affecting average deliveries per patron. 1. The milk-feed price ratio. Vt. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 269, 40 p. Burlington, 1927.

"After a short consideration of the general problem, a seasonally corrected index of milk deliveries at Richmond, Vermont, is correlated with a milk-feed price ratio." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 32.

276. Gilboy, E. W. Studies in demand: milk and butter. Quart. Jour. Econ. 46 (4): 671-697. Aug. 1952. 280.8 Q2

"When certain facts are known in advance about the relation between demand and supply schedules, the derivation of a theoretical demand curve from market data of prices and quantities becomes possible. The usual case is that in which the price-quantity points lie on a path of equilibrium, and not on either demand or supply schedule. A line fitted to ... these points is not a demand curve, except for a commedity group, such as agricultural goods, in which it may be assumed that supply is the active or dependent factor and demand is constant. If, for instance, the demand curve has been relatively stable, and the supply curve has moved, the price-quantity data are points on the stable demand curve. This hypothesis was tested empirically by the use of market data on whole milk which seemed to meet its requirements. If the supply is a fixed quantity within a period of time, then supply becomes a dependent variable, the movements of which result from the action of demand, and the price-quantity data are points on a negatively inclined line, which may be assumed to be a constant demand schedule. This was tested by the use of market data on butter."- Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Dec. 1932, item 20711.

- 277. Ross, H. A. Effect of price changes on sales of milk in the New York metropolitan area 1919 to 1924. Farm Econ. (N. Y.) no. 43, Mar. 1927, p. 649-650.
- 278. Ross, H. A. Some factors affecting the demand for milk and cream in the metropolitan area of New York. U. S. Dept. Agr. Tech. Bul. 73, 63 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1928.

This bulletin, with the exception of minor changes, is the same as N. Y. Cornell Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 459, The Demand Side of the New York Milk Market, by H. A. Ross.

This study has four principal aims as outlined on p. 2 of the bulletin; "1. To determine the factors which affect demand and to measure their influence. 2. To determine the quantities of different products demanded throughout the year, so that production may be intelligently adjusted. 3. To formulate a method of forecasting sales of milk and cream in order to decrease the surplus necessary to guard against shortages due to unexpected fluctuations in demand. 4. To quantitatively analyze demand as a factor in milk prices."

279. Jahreszeitliche schwankungen der nachfrage bei butter, margarine und schmalz und ihre ursachen. [Sersonal variation in the demond for butter, margarine and lard and their cause] Blätter für Londwirtschaftliche Marktforschung 1 (1): 20-24, charts. June 1930. 280.38 B61 Accompanied by three charts: Butter demond and butter price; Margarine demand and butter price; Lard demand and temperature.

- 280. McBride, R. S. Some factors affecting supply and price of butter. Food Indus. 4 (12): 406-409, charts. Dec. 1932.
- 281. Ohio. State university. College of agriculture and domestic science. Extension service. Department of rural economics. Facts about the prices of dairy products. 4 p., charts. Columbus, 1926?, 275.29 Oh32Fs
- 282. Schoenfeld, W. A. Some economic aspects of the marketing of milk and cream in New England. U. S. Dopt. Agr. Circ. 16, 74 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1927. The producer and milk prices (retail delivered milk and store sales,

relation of retail prices to consumption, influence of producer prices upon milk supply, relation of basic economic factors to milk-price policies), p. 29-50. The last three sections of this part of this circular were prepared by M. J. B. Ezekiel.

- 283. Stitts, T. G. Economic factors affecting the price of butter. 257 p., charts, typewritten. December 1926. 284.344 St5 Thesis (FH.D.) - University of Minnesota. Bibliography, p. 216-218. See particularly chapters 7-10.
- 284. Storm, Ernst. Die wirkungen der butterzollerhölhung vom januar 1932 auf die butterpreise. The effects of the increase of the duty on butter January 1932 on the price of butter Blätter für Landwirtschaftliche Marktforschung 2 (12): 523-527. May 1932. 280.3 B61
- 285. Tinley, J. M., and Blank, M. H. An analysis of the East Bay milk market. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 534, 110 p., charts, maps. Berkeley. 1932. Buying prices for market milk, p. 41-48; Relation between production and prices, p. 48-71.

286. U. S. Department of agriculture. Bureau of agricultural economics. The outlook for the dairy industry and Some essentials of a national dairy program. U. S. Dept. Agr. Misc. Pub. 124, 60 p., charts. Washington, D. C., 1931.

List of references on demand for dairy products, p. 59-60. See especially section on Readjustments in the Dairy Industry in the United States, p. 35-52.

- 287. Voorhies, E. C. Economic aspects of the dairy industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 437, 192 p., charts. Berkeley. 1927. Prices and purchasing power of products of the dairy industry, p. 72-112. Price relationship of butter and oleomargarine, p. 172-173.
- 288. Voorhies, E. C. Dairy products. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 514, 188 p., . charts. Berkeley, 1931.

Contribution from the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural Economics. Series on California Crops and Prices.

Prices and purchasing power of products of the dairy industry, p. 78-121. 289. Wright, P. G. The tariff on animal and vegetable oils. 347 p. New York, The Macmillan company, 1928. 285 W93T

> Effects of a duty on price and output with special reference to butter and flaxseed, appendix B, p. 286-319. In three parts: I. Formulae for estimating the effect of a duty; II. Explanations and qualifications; III. The handling of data.

> > Hogs and Pork

290. Bean, L. H. Major and minor hog-price cycles. U. S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ., Agr. Situation 12 (7): 16-19, chart. July 1928. 1 Ec7Ag

291. Bjorka, K. Some statistical characterizations of the hog market. Iowa Agr. Expt. Sta. Research Bul. 102, 48 p., charts. Anes, 1927. "The study reported in this bulletin includes (1) the secular trend from 1869 to 1925, cycles for 1878 to 1914, seasonal characteristics from 1878 to 1914, and the short time and irregular fluctuations of hog prices at Chicago; (2) the effects on hog prices of daily, weekly, and seasonal receipts, pork products prices, pork exports, and storage holdings; (3) hog price differentials between grades at the same markets; (4) hog price differentials between markets; and (5) the corn-hog price ratio... Most of the data are presented graphically. The common Pearsonian coefficient of simple correlation was used in determining the relationships of the various factors to hog prices..." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 57: 586-587. 1927.

292. Cover, J. H. Consumption of meat and meat products, with particular reference to price. 81 p., charts. Chicago, University of Chicago, 1930 (Univ. Chicago, Bur. Business and Econ. Research. Studies in the Packing Industry) 50.9 C432C

"A study of changes in production, consumption, and in wholesale and retail prices of certain meats and meat substitutes in the United States and in several leading cities. The actual prices were adjusted for changes in the general price level. Seasonal indexes, secular trend, and cyclical movements of consumption and price changes were computed ... Three new composite indexes were developed for the period 1921-28: prices of pork products (excluding lard), prices of beef products, and quantity of pork consumed. Pork prices appear to be more directly affected by pork consumption than by pork production, storage or beef prices. Retail pork prices are more closely related to hog prices than to hog receipts, or to pork production. The study indicates that pork may be classed as a commodity, with high 'elasticity of demand.' The author includes a list of suggestions for more intensive supplementary studies. Charts and tables in the body of the article and tables in the appendices give the basic data for the study." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 3, Feb. 1931, item 2936.

293. Duddy, E. A., and Rezvan, D. A. Potential supply areas of Pacific Coast markets for hogs. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (3): 586-598. Oct. 1932. "The potential supply area of Pacific Coast markets for hogs is determined from a study of transportation rates and shrinkage data." Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 31. 294. Elliott, F. F. Adjusting hog production to market demand. Ill. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 293, p. 501-567, charts. Urbana. 1927.

> "This bulletin, prepared in cooperation with the U.S.D.A. Bureau of Agricultural Economics, includes a discussion of why hog prices fluctuate, based largely on the statistical analysis of hog prices in U.S.D.A. Bulletin 1440...; the results of statistical studies of the causes of the fluctuations in the supply of hogs and of the response of hog producers in different sections of Illinois to the corn-hog ratio; and a discussion of the practices of the majority of farmers, what certain successful farmers are doing to adjust their hog production to market demand, and of the possibilities of smoothing out the hog-price cycle... A statistical appendix describes the method of analysis used." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 57: 685-686. 1927.

- 295. Ezekiel, Mordecai. Two methods of forecasting hog prices. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 22 (n.s.157): 22-30. Mar. 1927. 251 Am3 "Charts are given and discussed showing estimates (computations made after the event) from July 1924 to June 1925 and forecasts (computed before the event) from July 1925 to May 1927, using the pre-war formula and 'synthetic demand-curve' method..." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 57: 85. 1927.
- 296. Gaston, T. L. Hog prices and the hog enterprise on Idaho farms. Idaho Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 191, 20 p., charts. Moscow. 1932. "The aim of this bulletin... is to present to the Idaho farmers certain information on the following subjects: 1. Normal changes in hog prices. 2. Periodic movements in the wheat-hog ratio. 3. Spread between prices paid for hogs at western markets and at middle western markets. 4. The relationship between the size of the differential and number of hogs on western farms."
- 297. Green, R. M., and Stokdyk, E. A. Judging price risks in marketing hogs. Kans. Agr. Expt. Sta. Circ. 137, 29 p., charts. Manhattan. 1928. "The purpose of this circular is to point out some of the risks involved in the marketing of hogs." - p. 3. The following are the topics considered: the problem of judging the hog market, average seasonal fluctuations in hog prices, risks of changes in hog prices, how hog production affects the trend of hog values, how corn production and prices affect the movement of hogs to market, how hog production and size of the corn crop taken together affect the seasonal fluctuations in hog prices, how changes in demand affect prices, monthly summary of market factors, radio market service.
- 298. Green, R. M., and Howe, Harold. Year-to-year and seasonal fluctuations in hog prices. Kans. Agr. Expt. Sta. Circ. 132, 14 p. Manhattan. 1926. The subject is treated under the following subtopics: problems in marketing hogs; hog production - periods of high and low prices; seasonal fluctuations; the influence of corn prices on hog receipts; month-bymonth fluctuations; other influences on the hog market; practicability of following usual seasonal price trends.

299. Gross, Paul. Beziehungen zwischen ganse- und schweinpreisen. Blätter fur Landwirtschaftliche Marktforschung 2 (6): 257-259. Nov. 1931. 280.38 B61

"A brief discussion of the relations between geese and hog prices.

Hog prices are not influenced by the prices of geese, although probably the price determination for geese rests upon the prevailing situation of the hog market when geese offerings are heaviest. When hog prices are high, prices for geese are likewise up, and vice versa.

"Graphs are introduced showing price development of the market for hogs and geese from 1925 to 1931." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (5): 323. May 1932.

300. Hanau, Arthur. Die prognose der schweinepreise. Berlin Institut für Konjunkturforschung. Vierteljahrshefte zur Konjunkturforschung. Sonderheft 18, 46 p., charts. Berlin. 1930. 280,9 B45Vs
"This is the third, completely revised edition of Sonderheft 2 on the forecasting of hog prices. Conditions on the German hog market at the beginning of 1930 are discussed as well as prospective hog prices." -Agr. Econ. Lit. 4 (6): 298. June 1930.

301. Hanau, Arthur. Wie lange wird die preisbaisse am schweinemarkt noch dauern? Blätter für Landwirtschaftliche Marktforschung jahrg. 2, hft. 2, July 1931, p. 77-82. 280.38 B61 "A short analysis of the factors affecting German hog situation. Section II is devoted to the effect of the swine-feed price ratio on future swine marketings or production. A supply forecast for 1931-32 and 1932-33 is given." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 71.

- 302. Henderson, R. Partial protection of the fresh pork market. A study of the effects of the meat imports (prohibition) order, 1926. Part I. Imposition of the embargo. Part II. Effects on supplies. Part III. Effects on prices. 37 p., charts, appendices, mimeogr. Aberystwyth, Department of Agricultural economics, University College of Wales, 1932. 284.346 H38
- 303. Henning, G. F., and Stout, W. B. Factors influencing the dressing percentage of hogs. Ohio Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 505, 32 p., charts. Wooster. 1932. "See p. 24-32 for an analysis of the relations between the corn-hog ratio and the yield, the lard produced per hundredweight, the percentage of barrows, and the liveweight of hogs slaughtered under Federal inspection." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 37.
- 304. Johnson, E. C. A comparison of prices of hogs arriving by truck and by rail at South St. Paul. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (1): 156-157. Jan. 1932. 280.8 J822
- 305. Jones, J. M. Factors affecting the prices of pigs in Wales. Welsh Jour. Agr. 4: 5-21. 1928, 10 M16
- 306. Ohio State university. College of agriculture and domestic science. Extension service. Department of rural economics. Facts about hog prices. 4 p., charts. [Columbus, 1928] (Fact Series No. 9) 275,29 Oh32Fs
- 307. Purdue University. Department of agricultural extension. Division of farm management. Hog price facts for Indiana farmers. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 154, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana. 1931.

Charts are entitled: Ratios of corn and hog prices at Chicago (top) and hog receipts at all public stockyards (bottom) 1921-1930; Average monthly price of hogs per 100 pounds at Chicago and average monthly hog receipts from Indiana at principal stockyards, 1921-1929; Average yearly price of hogs per 100 pounds at Chicago and yearly hog receipts from Indiana at principal stock-yards, 1921-1930.

308. Russell, S. W. Forecasting hog production and marketing. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 24 (n.s.165-A): 225-233. Mar. 1929, suppl. 251 Am3 "A method of forecasting the annual slaughter of hogs under Federal inspection and the distribution of the slaughter between the winter and summer seasons is presented. A slaughter and distribution forecast is given for 1928-29." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 48.

309. Stout, W. B. An analysis of direct to packer marketing of hogs in Ohio. 124/P., typewritten. Columbus. 1930, 280.346 St7

Thesis - (PH.D.) Ohio State University.

Bibliography, p. xxiv-xxix.

The six principal problems to be analyzed in this study were as follows:

"1. To make a comparative study of direct to packer prices received for Ohio hogs with those prices obtainable at a representative terminal market for like quality and grade. 2. To determine the influence of an agreed dressing percentage upon the price obtained for hogs when shipped direct. 3. To determine the dressing percentages of hogs shipped direct from Ohio as compared to the average yield for the United States, for the same period. 4. To determine the relative returns from different packers receiving hogs from Ohio territory. 5. To determine the differential between the packer bid and a representative terminal market price. 6. To determine the differential between the net price producers received when shipping direct to the packing plant, and the net price they would probably have received, had they shipped their animals to the central market."

- 310. Stover, H. J. Effect of daily changes in the average price of hogs at Chicago upon receipts. Farm Econ. (N. Y.) no. 53, June 1928, p. 926-929.
- 311. Stover, H. J. Relation of daily prices to the marketing of hogs at Chicago. Cornell Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 534, 97 p., charts. Ithaca. 1932. This study "is an attempt to analyze the relationships existing between daily prices, receipts and other factors at the Chicago market. Price and supply variations, supply-price relationships, and supply responses to price fluctuations under varying conditions, are of chief concern." p. 3.

658p., charts. 312. Taylor, A. E. Corn and hog surplus of the corn belt./ Stanford University, Calif., Food research institute, 1932. (Food Research Inst. Leland Stanford Junior Univ. Misc. Pub. 6) 389.9 F73

"A general discussion of hog production and disposition is given on p. 73-127 and the effects of certain form relief plans on hog production are considered in Part II." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' Response to Price, item 75.

Domestic and international factors in prices of corn and hogs, ch.V, p. 163-238.

- 313. Thorne, G. B., and Richards, Preston. Factors affecting exports of United States hog products. 51 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, Nov. 1932. 1.9 Ec752Fh Selected references, p. 50-51.
- 314. Voorhies, E. C., and Blank, M. H. Swine. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 523, 135 p., charts. Berkeley, 1932.

Contribution from the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural Economics. Series on California Crops and Prices.

Prices and purchasing power of swine and pork products, p. 61-110.

215. Warth, E., von der. Die vorausbestimmungen des deutschen schweinebestandes und der schweinebetriebe. Bilanz der deutschen schweineproduktion. Germany. Reichsministerium für Erhährung über Landwirtschaft, Berichte über Landwirtschaft, n.f., Sonderheft 39, 43 p. Berlin, P. Parey, 1931. 18 G3LA

The causes of the fluctuations in the production and the prices of hogs in Germany are investigated.

316. Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price in hog production and marketing. U. S. Dept. Agr. Tech. Bul. 359, 56 p., charts. Washington, D. C. 1933. Literature cited, p. 56.

"Changes in daily, seasonal, and annual hog marketings at individual markets, from individual States, and for the United States, in pork production per hog, and in hog numbers on January 1 are related to hog prices, corn supplies, and corn-hog ratios. The period covered is from 1919-20 through 1931-32." - Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 60.

317. Wilkinson, C. J. Barley-hog ratio for Shskatchewan. Sci. Agr. 13 (6): 349-355. Feb. 1933.

"This paper is the result of a statistical study of the relationship between the farm prices of barley and the farm price of live hogs in Saskatchewan for the period 1910 to 1932. In Canada barley generally takes the place of corn as a feed for swine, and, apart from screenings and low grade wheat and outs is probably feed in larger volume than other grains in Saskatchevan. For these reasons it was considered that the ratio between barley prices and hog prices would serve as the best single indicator of probable expansion and contraction of swine production in this province."

318. Young, E. C. Relation of the wholesale price of pork to the price of hogs. Jour. Farm Econ. 13 (4): 644-647, chart. Oct. 1931. 280.8 J822 "In order to measure the relationship between the wholesale price of the principal pork products and the wholesale price of hogs at Chicago, an analysis was made of weekly prices at Chicago from March 1, 1923 to December 31, 1930."

Sheep and Lamb

319. Harlan, C. T. Relation between the weekly receipts and prices of western dressed land at New York City. U. S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ., Agr. Situation 12 (5): 17-19. Nay 1928. 1 Ec7Ag A chart shows "the inverse relationship that exists between the weekly price and supply of western dressed lamb carcasses in the New York market during the last two years."

320. Johnson, E. C., and Phillips, C. D. Quality as a factor in the price of Kentucky lambs. Ky. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 302, p. 91-122, charts. Lexington, 1930.

The purpose of this study, as stated on p. 96, is "to point out the relationship between the quality of lambs, as measured by grade, weight, and sex, and the price received by Kentucky farmers."

- 321. Ohio. State university. College of agriculture and domestic science. Extension service. Department of rural economics. Facts about sheep and lamb prices. 4 p., charts. [Columbus, 1929?] (Facts Series No. 10) 275.29 Oh32Fs
- 322. Stout, W. B. Sheep and lamb price facts. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 166, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana, 1932. Charts show sheep numbers of the United States; price of lambs at

Chicago and per capita consumption of lamb and mutton in the United States, 1900-1931; origin of market receipts of sheep and lambs by months, 1929; seasonal supply and price of lambs at New York City (five-year average by weeks, 1924-1928).

323. Voorhies, E. C., and Schneider, W. E. Economic aspects of the sheep industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 473, charts. Berkeley. 1929. Series on California Crops and Prices. Prices and purchasing power of sheep and lambs, p. 56-78. Prices and purchasing power of wool, p. 146-155.

Skins and Leather

324. Wagenführ, Rolf. Bestimmungsgründe der häute- und lederpreise. Untersuchungen zur europäischen häute und lederwirtschaft. Berlin, Institut für konjunkturforschung. Vierteljahrshefte zur Konjunkturforschung...Sonderheft 23, 50 p. Berlin, R. Hobbing, 1931. 280.9 B45VS A study of the factors which determine the prices of skins and leather.

Wool

325. Ohio. State university. College of agriculture and domestic science. Extension service. Department of rural economics. Facts about wool prices. 4 p., charts. _Columbus_ 1929. (Facts Series No. 11) 275.29 Oh32Fs

326. Stoker, H. M. World production and prices of merino and crossbred wool. 223,240 p., typewritten. Feb. 1931. 45 St6 Thesis (PHD.) - Cornell University. Chapter III, p. 173-196, World total sheep numbers and wool production and the analysis of production responses to prices. Chapter IV, p. 197-223, Factors affecting wool prices.

327. Stoker, H. M. World production and price of Merino and crossbred wool. Internatl. Conf. Agr. Econ., 2d, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y., 1930, p. 746-761, charts. 281.9 In82 The purpose of this paper as stated by the writer is "to indicate the trend in the number of sheep in the world as related to the total and to the qualitative production of wool, and the trend in and the existing relation between the actual and relative production and prices of merino and crossbred wool since 1888 and finally on the basis of the foregoing analysis to conclude with a few remarks on the probable trend and outlook of the sheep and wool industry."

Melons

- 328. Rauchenstein, Emil. Economic aspects of the watermelon industry. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 449, 26 p., charts. Berkeley. 1928. Factors affecting the prices of Imperial Valley watermelons in Los Angeles, p. 23-26. Shows the relation between carlots on track and Los Angeles prices.
- 329. Rauchenstein, Emil. Factors affecting the price of watermelons at Los Angeles. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Hilgardia 3 (12): 305-323, charts. Berkeley, June 1928.

Literature cited, p. 323.

"A statistical analysis of the factors affecting average weekly prices of watermelons at Los Angeles indicate that the most important factors, in the order named are: carlots of watermelons on track, carlot arrivals of important fruits, time of the season, carlot arrivals of watermelons, and maximum temperature lagged three days. A coefficient of multiple correlation of .8896 is obtained with the data except time expressed in logarithms. In general an increase of ten carlots on track reduced prices about 4.5%, an increase of ten carlots of important fruits reduced prices about 14.6%, and an increase of four degrees in temperature raised prices about 9.0%." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 1, 1929, item 8938.

Nuts

- 330. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Almonds. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 453, 34 p., charts. Berkeley. 1928. Series on California Crops and Prices. Prices and purchasing power, p. 17-20.
- 331. Erdman, H. E., and Fuhriman, W. U. Walnut supply and price situation. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 475, 60 p., charts. Berkeley, 1929. Prices of California Walnuts (relation of opening price to growers' price, opening price and purchasing power), p. 45-48.

Poultry and Eggs

- 332. Benner, C. L., and Gabriel, H. S. The marketing of Delaware eggs. Del. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 150, 47 p., maps. Newark. 1927.
 - Factors influencing the retail price of eggs in Wilmington, p. 22-26. This section includes four tables which show effect of cleanliness, weight, and quality of eggs on price, and effect of location and type of store on price.

333. Buechel, F. A., and Kedzierski, S. L. Analysis of the price-making forces in the New York egg market... A preliminary report. 69 p., mimeogr., charts. Washington, D. C., United States Department of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of dairy and poultry products, April 1932. 1.9 Ec724Ane List of references consulted, p. 69.

334. Buechel, F. A. Wholesale marketing of live poultry in New York City. U. S. Dept. Agr. Tech. Bul. 107, 68 p. Washington, D. C. 1929.

"This bulletin aims to present the economic situation of the livepoultry industry of New York City, including the sources of supply and of demand for this commodity, the growth and present size of the industry, and the different groups of people who are engaged in moving live poultry from the open country to the retail channels in New York City ... "An analysis of the total costs per carload of marketing live poultry, by States, is included in this study as well as the costs per pound for each of the services rendered, together with net returns to shippers in the various States and from four cities which serve as reshipment points. The method of arriving at and quoting prices and the bearing the price quotation has upon the returns to shippers and the price paid by slaughterhouse men are considered. Attention is given to the determination of the factors which influence the prices of live poultry together with the measurement of these factors. The economies to be attained by a union terminal at which all live poultry might be concentrated preparatory to sale were studied in the course of this survey." p. 2-3,

335. Fenton, J. M. A statistical study of egg marketing. N. J. Dept. Agr., Circ. 148, 55 p. Trenton, 1928.

> "The object of this study is to analyze some of the quantitative factors which affect the price of New Jersey eggs on the New York market, to show the price margins between several different grades on that market and to present tables wherewith the average poultryman can analyze market conditions... The work is not one of price forecasting, but rather one of market analysis." p. 3-4.

- 336. Gans, A. R. The relation of quality to the price of eggs in New York City. Farm Econ. (N. Y.) no. 79, Feb. 1933, p. 1846-1849.
- 337, Gross, Paul. Die versorgung des berliner marktes mit eiern. Blatter für Landwirtschaftliche Marktforschung 2 (11): 490-498. Apr. 1932; (12): 537-546. May 1932. 280.38 B61

"A discussion, illustrated by tables and diagrams, of the question of egg supplies on the Berlin market. In Part I the situation is treated from the standpoint of volume and source of supply. Themes: the development of the Berlin market prior to the war; Berlin's postwar egg supplies (home production, outside supplies to Berlin, reshipments from Berlin and consumption). Part II explains seasonal differences in the composition of supplies from the outside also the resultant reactions of German eggs on price-formation; the importance of cold-storage goods, and the fluctuations in business done by retail marketing groups." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (7): 601. Sept. 1932. 338. Jordan, G. L. Factors affecting the price of fresh first eggs at New York, 1919-1928. Foultry Sci. 9 (5): 283-290. July 1, 1930. 47.8 Am33P

> "The results of four multiple correlation studies are included. The factors used in the first study were (1) the price of 'fresh firsts' at New York City, by months, 1919-1928, corrected for variations in the purchasing power of money, using the index of general price level computed by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (2) monthly receipts during the period at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Chicago; (3) storage holdings on the first of the month of shell eggs in the United States; (4) storage holdings of frozen eggs in the United States on the first of the month; (5) composite index of wages of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York corrected for the variations in the purchasing power of money; (6) index of total employment in the United States of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; and (7) the population of the United States.

> "In the second study factors Nos. 5,6, and 7 were omitted, and storage holdings of frozen eggs were used only for the months of May to December, inclusive. In the third study the same factors were used as in the second, but the regression and correlation coefficients, standard errors, and standard deviations were worked out for each month. The same factors were used in the fourth study, except that the Bureau of Labor index of wholescole prices was substituted for the Federal Reserve Bank's index of general price level. The average standard errors for the 12 months in the respective studies were 3.41, 2.7, 2.17, and 1.71 cts. The coefficients of correlation for the different months in the fourth study varied from 0.467 for May to 0.981 for August." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 65: 34. 1931.

- 339. Lindsey, A. H., and Yount, H. W. Relation between egg quality and price. Mass. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 282, 22 p. Amherst. 1932. Tabular analysis, p. 7-17; Correlation analysis, p. 17-22.
- 340. Purdue University. Department of agricultural extension. Poultry and egg price facts. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 160, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana. 1932.

Discusses importance of the poultry industry, the relation between market receipts and prices, the effect of cold storage holdings on price and compares prices of poultry products and other farm products.

341. Richards, H. I., Abell, M. F., and Rinear, E. H. Marketing live broilers in New York City market. N. H. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 234, 31 p., charts. Durham. 1928.

In two parts: Analysis of live broiler receipts and prices on the New York market, by H. I. Richards and M. F. Abell, p. 3-20; Cost of marketing New Hampshire broilers, by E. H. Rinear, p. 21-27.

342. Rubens, H. Absatzreserven am deutschen eiermarkt. 52[2] p., charts. EBerlin, Buchdruckerei B. Vergin, 1931, 280.347 R82 At head of title: Arbeiten aus dem Institut für landwirtschaftliche marktforschung. Diplomlandwirt dr. H. Rubens. Bibliography, 2 pages at end. Supply and demand on the German egg market, prices, methods of utilizing market reserves. 343. Shultis, Arthur. A study of the price of eggs as affected by size, quality, and seasonal distribution of production. 10 p., charts. Berkeley, University of California, College of agriculture, Agricultural extension service, January 1933. 275.2 Cl2St

344. Stout, W. B. A survey of some of the factors that influence the price of eggs in the Cleveland territory. Ohio State Univ., Dept. Rural Econ., Mimeogr. Bul. 35, 51 p., charts. Columbus. 1931 281.9 Oh32

> "Tables and charts are included showing the origin of eggs received by 22 wholesale dealers in the Cleveland market in 1929. Based on information from 415 egg producers in 17 counties in the northeastern part of Ohio, analysis is made of the grading of eggs sold, the marketing outlets used, and the prices received. The attitude of high class retailers toward direct buying from the producers is discussed. Analysis is made of (1) grades of eggs and prices on the Cleveland, Chicago, and New York markets; (2) the price spreads between comparative grades of eggs on the three markets and between different grades on the same markets; and (3) the relation of cold storage holdings to the prices received for eggs." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 68 (4): 551. Apr. 1933.

345. Vcorhies, E. C. The California poultry industry: a statistical study. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 413, 172 p., charts. Berkeley. 1926. Prices and purchasing power of eggs, p. 20-36. The egg-feed price ratio, p. 36-43. Price relationships between grades of eggs. p. 43-46.

- Waite, W. C. A study of the demand for eggs in selected chain stores of metropolitan New York, 1929. Jour. Farm Econ. 14 (3): 373-383, charts.
 July 1932. 280.8 J822
- 347. Ward, G. H. An analysis of monthly prices of eggs. Jour. Farm Econ. 12(3): 460-462. July 1930. 230.8 J822
- 348. Ward, G. H. Forecasting the spring price of eggs. Jour. Farm Econ. 13 (1): 158-160. Jan. 1931. 280.8 J822

Sugar

349. Schultz, Henry. Statistical laws of demand and supply, with special application to sugar. 228 p. Chicago, Ill., The University of Chicago press [1928] 251 Sch8

Reviewed by P. G. Wright in Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 24 (n.s. 166): 207-215. June 1929.

The following is quoted from the preface to the book:

"This book is an attempt to apply some of the methods of modern statistics to the derivation of two functions which arise in almost any discussion of economic equilibrium - the demand function and the supply function. More specifically, it is the object of this book to examine some of the difficulties which arise in the derivation of statistical laws of demand and supply, to indicate how these difficulties may be overcome, and, by way of illustration, to derive the demand and supply curves for sugar, to show how the equilibrium of demand and supply changes from time to time, and to indicate the bearing of the results on tariff on sugar... considerations relating to supply. also first appeared in the Journal of Political Economy (Vol.XXV, No, 4, August 1927)."

Appendix I, p. 211-212, consists of Comments on Professor Lehfeldt's Method of Deriving the Flasticity of Demand for Wheat.

Partial bibliography on the determination of lines and planes of closest fit, p. 66-69.

Tobacco

350. Boyd, H. B. An economic study of the agriculture of the Connecticut Valley. 5. Factors affecting the prices and acreages of cigar tobacco in the United States. A preliminary study based on data for the period from 1922 to 1929. Conn. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 180, p. 223-292, charts. Storrs. 1932.

> This is part of a manuscript, Cigar Tobacco: Production, Consumption, and Prices in the United States (Thesis (PH.D.) Cornell University, 1932).

Literature cited, p. 292.

Prices are correlated with quantity of supply, quality of supply, and demand.

351. Card, D. G. Some factors affecting the price of white burley tobacco. Ky. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 323, p. 419-437, charts. Lexington. 1931. "The changes from 1912 to 1930 in production, acreage, yield per acre, and consumption of white burley tobacco are discussed. The yearly fluctuations in production, trends in prices, growers' response to price, and the relation of size of crop to total value are analyzed..." -Expt. Sta. Rec. 66: 682-683. 1932.

352. Hutson, J. B. Factors affecting the acreage of flue-cured tobacco. 16 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, Dec. 1930. 1.9 Ec752Fl "Changes in the acreage of flue-cured tobacco are related to the price received and the first and the second season preceding, the acreage change the first season preceding, and a time trend." - Wells, O.V. Farmers' response to price, item 38.

- 353. Schoenberg, E. H. The demand curve for cigarettes. Jour. Business Univ. Chicago 6 (1): 15-35, Jan. 1933.
- 354. Woofter, T. J., jr. The plight of cigarette tobacco. 99 p., charts. Chapel Hill, The University of North Carolina press, 1931. 69 W87 Consumption and farm price, chapter VI, p. 67-74. Production and farm price, chapter VII, p. 75-37.

Vegetables

355. Campbell, C. E. Canned vegetable prices. 15 p., mimeogr., charts. Washington, D. C., United States Department of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, Jan.
1933. 1.9 Ec7520v

"This study of the factors that cause prices of canned vegetables to fluctuate was conducted, for each of the canned vegetables, by comparing the size or amount of each of the price-influencing factors with the average market price for each of the 11 years, 1921-22 to 1931-32." p. 1.

356. Liebe, Hans. Preisbildung bei gemüse und obst. Germany. Reichsministerium für ernährung u. landwirtschaft. Berichte über Landwirtschaft, n.f. 52, sonderheft, 70 p., charts. Berlin, P. Parey, 1931. 18 G31A "The author discusses prices of vegetables and fruit and the factors of supply and demand which influence them." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (4): 214. Apr. 1932.

357. Waugh, F. V. Quality as a determinant of vegetable prices; a statistical study of quality factors influencing vegetable prices in the Boston whole-sale market. 154 p., charts. New York, Columbia university press etc., etc., 1929. (Studies in Hist., Econ. and Public Law; ed. by the Faculty of Polit. Sci., Columbia Univ., no. 312) 284.3 W352 Bibliography p. 151-152

Bibliography, p. 151-152.

Reviewed by L. H. Bean in Jour. Folit. Econ. 39 (2): 277-278, Apr. 1931; E. J. Working in Agr. Econ. Lit. 3 (7): 237-239. Sept. 1929.

The following is quoted from chapter I of the book: "This study was originally undertaken with a single, definite and extremely practical object. That object was to discover the quality factors - such as size, shape, color, condition, pack and other physical characteristics - which influence the prices of locally grown vegetables in the Boston wholesale market, and further, to measure quantitatively the influence of these factors on price.

"The analysis of prices which forms the basis of the present study is distinctly different in its viewpoint and purpose from that of most statistical studies made to date, and is concerned with a field of price analysis which is comparatively new... in its present form the study has two main objects; first, the immediate object which is the measurement of quality factors influencing the prices of certain vegetables tomatoes, asparagus, and hot-house cucumbers; in Boston; and, second, the broader object which is the development of a statistical method of analyzing market demand for quality and the study of the relationship of such price analyses to economic theory... Readers who are concerned with the theoretical and technical aspects of the study will be interested mainly in Parts II and III and in Parts X, XI, XII and XIII."

358. Waugh, F. V. Quality factors influencing vegetable prices. Jour. Farm Econ. 10 (2): 185-196. Apr. 1928. 280.8 J82

This study is "a statistical analysis of market demand in an attempt to discover the important quality factors which cause high or low prices." p. 186. Vegetables are asparagus, tomatoes, and hot-house cucumbers.

ete.

Artichokes

359. Stokdyk, E. A. Marketing globe artichokes. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 524, 66 p., charts. Berkeley. 1932. Artichoke prices, p. 23-32. Factors affecting prices, p. 27-32.

Asparagus

360. Massachusetts. Dept. of agriculture. Division of markets. Boston consuming more asparagus. Increases in acreages and receipts on Boston market and factors which influence price. 18 p., mimeogr. Boston, 1928, 280.3 M38B

361. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Asparagus. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 487, 41 p., charts. Berkeley. 1930.

Series on California Crops and Prices.

Relation between pack and price of canned asparagus, p. 14-18.

See p. 30-36 for relation between weekly average prices and receipts at New York, seasonal variation in prices at San Francisco, relation between annual prices and carlot shipments, quality factors affecting fresh asparagus prices.

Beans

362. Wellman, H. R., and Braun, E. W. Beans. Calif. Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 444, 62 p., charts. Berkeley. 1927.

Series on California Crops and Prices.

Prices and purchasing power (factors affecting changes in purchasing power; recent trends in purchasing power; representative prices during recent years; probable future price differentials; seasonal variation in prices), p. 27-41.

Some of the data in the bulletin are brought up to data by a mimeographed publication "Beans" issued by the California Agricultural Extension Service in 1930.

Cucumbers

363. Timmons; D. E. Seasonal price changes of cucumbers for Webster-Bushnell and Williston areas, spring 1930. Fla. Col. Agr., Agr. Ext. Serv., Fla. Agr. Ext. Economist 1 (2): 1-3, mimeogr., chart. Feb. 1931.

Lettuce

364. Wellman, H. R. Lettuce. Calif. Univ. Col. Agr., Agr. Ext. Serv. Circ. 5, 51 p., charts. Berkeley. 1926.

Series on California Crops and Prices.

Prices of Iceberg lettuce (Chicago jobbing prices representative of those prevailing in the Eastern markets; relation between Chicago jobbing prices and prices f.o.b. cash track, Imperial Valley; price characteristics; trend of prices), p. 33-41.

Potatoes

365. Bean, L. H. Factors related to acreage, production, and prices of potatoes in Florida. 10 p., charts, mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1931. 1.9 Ec762Fp

"Summary of outlook talks presented to growers in La Crosse and Hastings, Florida, November 1931." 366. Bean, L. H. Factors relating to production, prices and acreage of potatoes in Maine. 13 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1931. 1.9 Ec752Fp

> "Abstract of address given at County agent meetings, Maine agricultural college, Orono, Maine, February 5, 1931."

337. Bean, L. H. Potato prices and acreage stability. p. 53-61. Pam. Coll. "Reprint from the Proceedings of the seventeenth annual meeting of the Potato Association of America, December 1930."

368. Bean, L. H. Relation between production, prices and acreage of potatoes in Idaho. 16 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1931. 1.9 Ec752Rp

"Abstracts of addresses, Pacific Northwest Potato Committee meetings at Rupert, Idaho Falls, Burley, Jerome, Eden, and Caldwell, week of Feb. 23, 1931."

369. Bean, L. H. Relation between production, prices and acreage of potatoes in North Carolina. 7 p., diagrs., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1930. 1.9 Ec752Rn Abstracts of addresses given at meetings called by Interstate Early Potato Committee, at Mt. Olivet, Beaufort, Alliance, Aurora, Bethel, Columbia, and Elizabeth City, North Carolina, November 3-8, 1930.

370. Bean, L. H. The pelation between production, prices and acreage of potatoes on the eastern shore of Maryland. 5 p., mimeographed. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics, Division of statistical and historical research, 1929. 1.9 Ec752R Abstract of talks delivered before potato growers and bankers meetings of the Interstate Early Potato Committee with growers, dealers, cooperatives, bankers and supply agents, October 8-9, Pocomoke.City, Snowhill and Princess Anne, Md., on November 21, meeting of Tri-county Bankers Association, Sharptown, Md.

371. Cohen, R. L. Factors affecting the price of potatoes in Great Britain. Cambridge Univ., Dept. Agr., Farm Econ. Branch, Rept. 15, 55 p., charts. Cambridge, W. Heffer & son, 1td., 1930. 281.9 014 "This study represents an attempt to explain the course of potato prices in England from 1885 - when the Board of Agriculture first collected returns of yield per acre and amount of production - up to the present day. Relevant data available as to amount of production, yield per acre, acreage and imports have been examined to see how far their movements in relation to price are explicable by economic theory. Special attention has been directed to two points, (a) the relationship between changes in the price of potatoes and changes in their acreage, and (b) between their price and the quantity of imports. The first point is one where the farmer's volition is of more importance than in the case of yield per acre. The second is a matter on which misunderstandings are always rife, and in which the result that emerges is particularly clear." - Preface.

372. Eisele, Hans. Untersuchungen über die ernteschwanlungen der kartoffeln. 188 p., charts. Berlin. 1931. 281.375 Ei5.

> Inaug. diss. - Landwirtschaftl. hochschule, Berlin. Literaturverzeichnis, p. 154-157.

"A study of the fluctuations in potato production in Germany during the periods 1893-1913 and 1924-1929, their causes, and their influence on prices and on demand." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (3): 143. Mar. 1932.

- 373. George, R. F. Potato prices in England and Wales, 1909/10-1913/14 and 1926/ 27-1930/31. Jour. Roy. Statis. Soc. 94 (4): 579-590. 1931. "In the five post-war years, on the average, the grower has received half of the price paid by the consumer, while the retailer has secured rather more than a third, and wholeshler something under a sixth. Prices returned to the grower fluctuate widely, while the wholesaler and retailer occupy relatively sheltered positions. Most of the changes in final retail price tend to be handed on to the primary producer." -Social Sci. Abs., v. 4, Apr. 1932, item 5641.
- 374. Heflebower, R. B. Factors relating to the price of Idaho potatoes: Idaho Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 166, 32 p., charts. Moscow. 1929. "The important factors related to the price of Idaho potatoes are:
 (1) Western U. S. production, (2) Central U. S. production, (3) Eastern U. S. production, and (4) price level. Ey considering these four factors, 94% of the variation in Idaho prices is explained and the average price for the marketing season may be estimated at harvest time. By using the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture intentions to plant acreages and assuming average yields and a constant price level, an average price may be forecasted at planting time. This information should be valuable to the Idaho farmer in planning potato production and sales policies." - Social Sci. Aps., v. 2, 1930, item 7793.
- 375. Ohio. State university. College of agriculture and domestic science. Extension service. Department of rural economics. Facts about potato prices. 4 p., charts. Columbus, 1929. (Facts Series No. 12) 275.29 Oh32Fs
- 576. Stokdyk, E. A. Some factors influencing the mid-season potato market. Kans. Agr. Expt. Sta. Tech. Bul. 28, 104 p., charts. Manhattan. 1931. "The factors affecting the market for any commodity, the areas supplying the mid-season potato market, the period of that market, and the marketing conditions in the various sections of the mid-season potato area are discussed. Analysis is made of the influences on the prices of mid-season potatoes of total supplies, position of the supplies, movement to market, and the Chicago market; and of the influence of shipments from the principal mid-season producing sections and of total shipments on Chicago receipts. The needs of consuming sections, the influence of quality and grade on demand, and some means of improving the marketing situation for mid-season potatoes are discussed. An appendix shows the statistical calculations and the results for particular data... Expt. Sta. Rec. 66: 785-786. 1932.
- 377. Stout, W. B. Potato price facts. Purdue Agr. Ext. Leaflet 163, 6 p., charts. Lafayette, Indiana. 1932.

378. Vogel, Adolf. Preisspannen im kartoffelhandel. Berichte über Landwirtschaft n.f., sonderheft 35, 28 p. Berlin. 1931. A study of price spreads in the wholesale and retail potato trade.

379. Waugh, F. V. White, C. M., and Hersey, M. R. Maine potato quality related to market prices. Maine Development Commission Bul. 3, 11 p., illus. [Augusta, Me., 1931] 2 M282 Lagued in componentian with the H. S. Buncey of Agricultural Freemain

Issued in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics, the Maine Dept. of Agriculture, and the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station.

380. Wixson, E. A. An economic study of production, destination, and farm price of Maine potatoes. 75 p., maps, charts. Orono, University press, 1929. (Maine Univ. Studies, 2d ser. no. 12) 500 M28 On cover: The Maine Bulletin, vol. XXI, no. 14, June 1929. Bibliography, p. 37-39. Production per capita in relation to price of potatoes, p. 20-31. Forecasting the farm price of Maine potatoes, p. 32-35.

381. Zorner, Hans. Untersuchungen über die zusämmenhange zwischen kartoffelanbauflächen und ernten und den schweinebeständen. Landwirtschaftliche Jahrbücher 74 (6): 925-937, 1931.

> "This article was prepared at the request of the Prussian Ministry of Agriculture, State Lands and Forests, to determine whether fixed relations exist between potato acreage and potato yield and hog stocks.

> "The writer believes that large potato crops may tend to increase hog supplies in potato-growing enterprises and, in the event of a price decline on the potato market, may also have a tendency to increase the hog supply in enterprises where potatoes are likewise purchased for cattle feed.

> "The main themes are: 1. Relations between potato crops and hog stocks: No fixed relation is ascertainable as between the potato-yield curve and the hog-supply curve; and, if hog stocks are indeed influenced in this direction by the potato yield, this is obviously so heavily overshadowed by other influences as not to be expressed by means of figures. 2. Relations between potato and grain crops and hog stocks: Here, too, a comparison, of the course of the crop curves with the hogsupply curve-trend fails to reveal fixed relations. In fact, the relations between the aggregate crops of all products which serve as feedstuffs basis for hog raising, and stocks of hogs, are simultaneously influenced and modified by so many factors that a clear-cut relation can not be found. 3. Relation between feedstuff prices and the hog-suoply level: It is pointed out that the price-ratio curve in Chart 6 stands in much clearer relation/to the hog-supply curve than all the other curves considered. 4. Relation between hog-supply level and potato acreage: In this connection a greater dependence of the potato acreage trend is observable if we connect this acreage with the prices for table potatoes. In the writer's opinion an actual causal relation exists here. The curval agreement between acreage and hog stocks is more causal in character because the potato price curve trend as from 1925 has a similar tendency to the hog-supply curve. (Chart 8.)

> "It cannot be denied offhand that the hog-supply figure may have an influence on the potato price formation. The investigation reported in this article was terminated in the summer of 1930." - Agr. Econ. Lit. 6 (5): 330-331. May 1932.

Sweetpotatoes

332. Thomsen, F. L., and Fankhandel, W. R. Factors affecting sweet potato prices in Missouri. Missouri Agr. Expt. Sta. Bul. 302, 20 p., charts. Columbia. 1931.

> "Correlation analysis is made of the factors affecting the prices, production, and acreage of sweetpotatoes and the difference in price between the dry and moist types of sweetpotatoes. The possibilities for the development of a commercial sweetpotato industry in certain sections of north Missouri are discussed..." - Expt. Sta. Rec. 65: 387. 1931.

Other Studies

- 583. Brinkmeyer, Aloys. Die preisgestaltung auf dem brotmarkt. Germany. Reichsministerium für Ernähung über Landwirtschaft. Berichte über Landwirtschaft, n.f. Sonderheft 31, 62 p. Berlin, P. Parey, 1930. "A study of bread prices and of the reasons for their fluctuations." Agr. Econ. Lit. 5 (4): 175. Apr. 1931.
- 334. Cobb, C. W. Some statistical relations between wages and prices. Jour. Polit. Econ. 37 (6): 723-736. Dec. 1929. 280.8 J82 "The data include the value product, the average prices, the total wages, and the number of workers annually in Massachusetts manufactures, 1890-1926. Up to 1914, labor's share of the total product (s) moved inversely to prices (p) so that sfp was relatively steady. Straightline trends were fitted to derived indexes (labor's share taken as horizontal) and the correlations of the deviations were computed. The most decided correlations obtained are: labor's share and real wages, .88; and, by first differences, real wages and prices, -.92. For the data selected the conclusion is drawn that 'a tendency to straighten any one of the trend ratio curves of prices, employment, real wages, or labor's share will tend to straighten the others also and make for stability." - Social Sci. Abs., v. 2, May 1930, jtem 6610.
- 335. Douglas, P. H. Technological unemployment. Measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of labor displacement. Bulletin of the Taylor Society 15 (6): 254-261. Dec. 1930. L. C. Discussion by Elizabeth F. Baker, S. H. Slichter, Leonard Kuvin, and others, p. 261-270. "Presents a technique for measuring the variability of industries and their susceptibility to variation in employment." p. 253.
- 386. Powell, O. S. Forecasting farm tractor sales in North Dakota. Jour. Amer. Statis. Assoc. 24 (n.s.165-A): 234-240. Mar. 1929, suppl. "The effects of the size of the wheat crop, the deposit-loan ratio, and a time trend on the tractor sales in North Dakota are discussed." --Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price, item 45.
- 387. Sechrist, Horace. Competition in the retail distribution of clothing a study of expense or "supply" curves. Northwestern Univ., School of Com., Bur. Business Research. Pub. Series II, no. 8, 27 p., charts. Chicago, 1923. 280.9 N81

388. Vial, E. E. Prices of fertilizer materials, and factors affecting the fertilizer tonnage. N. Y. Agr. Expt. Sta. Sta. Memoir 119, 159 p. Ithaca. 1928.

> "The demand for fertilizer and the prices of fertilizer raw materials are important economic factors which affect the status of the fertilizer industry. This study includes (1) fertilizer materials, their production and prices; (2) fertilizer manufacturing; and (3) factors affecting fertilizer consumption."

389. Warren, G. F., and Pearson, F. A. Effect of price of cotton on price and use of fertilizer. Farm Econ., no. 48, Oct. 1927, p. 781.

BIBLIOGRAPHIES AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES

- 390. Bercaw, L. O. Factors affecting prices; a selected bibliography, including some references on the theory and practice of price analysis. U. S. Dept. Agr., Bur. Agr. Econ., Agr. Econ. Bibliogr. 14, 40 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., March 1926.
- 391. Black, J. D. Prices of farm products. In Social science research council. Advisory committee on social and economic research in agriculture. Preliminary report of a survey of economic research in agriculture in the United States during the year July 1, 1926, June 30, 1927, v. 4, p. 33-59. 281 Sol2

392. Black, J. D. Research in prices of farm products. Jour. Farm Econ. 10 (1): 42-70. Jan. 1928. 280.8 J82

> This paper is an analysis of research in prices of farm products, largely supplementary to the report on price analysis, by Dr. Black in Volume IV of Preliminary report of a survey of economic research in agriculture in the United States, issued by the Social Science Research Council.

Factors affecting supply, p. 50-51; factors affecting demand, p. 51-52.

Discussion by O. C. Stine, p. 67-70.

393. Campbell, P. C. American agricultural policy. 304 p. London, P. S. King & son, 1td., 1933. 281.12 C15

For an account of the price forecasting and price analysis work of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Dept. of Agriculture see p. 107-138.

- 394. Cowan, D. R. G. The commercial application of forecasting methods. Jour. Farm Econ. 12 (1): 139-163, charts. Jan. 1930. 280.8 J822
- 395. Hobson, Asher. The importance and possibility of fruitful research in the field of forecasting prices of agricultural commodities. 20 p., charts, typewritten. Washington, D. C. 1931, 5 H65 Exhibit II accompanying his Report on the fifteenth International Congress of Agriculture... 1931. (5 H65)

396. Murray, K. A. H. Prices and price analysis. In Recent progress in agricultural economics. Reprinted from Agricultural Progress, vol. X, 1933, for the Agricultural Economics Society, p. 31-35.

> The writer outlines "the scope of the field by allusion to a few representative works," which he divides into two groups - the collection and compilation of basic data, and the analysis of prices. A list of twenty references, referred to in the text, accompanies the article.

- 397. Stine, O. C. Price analysis as a basis for effective marketing programs. Natl. Assoc. Marketing Off. Proc. 10 (1928): 59-65.
- 398. Stine, O. C. A program for the improvement and elaboration of data needed for commodity price forecasting. Jour. Farm/12 (1): 107-118. Jan. 1930. 230.8 J822 Also issued in mimeographed form by the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics. (1.9 Ec752Pro)
- 399. Stine, O. C. Progress in price analysis and an appraisal of success in price forecasting. Jour. Farm Econ. 11 (1): 128-140. Jan. 1929. 280 J822 Also issued in Mimeographed form by the U. S. Burcau of Agricultural Economics. (1.9 Ec732Pr)

400. U. S. Dept. of agriculture. Bureau of agricultural economics. Discussion of price forecasting at a conference with state representatives. Annual outlook meeting of the Bureau of agricultural economics, January 26, 1928. 14 p., 15 charts, mimeogr. 1.9 Ec7AgrD Contents: Can prices be forecasted? abstract of discussion by 0. C. Stine, p. 1-4; Price forecasting, abstract of discussion by M. J. B. Ezekiel, p. 5-8; Factors affecting the price of corn, abstract of discussion by C. M. Purves, p. 9 ‡; Price forecasting, abstract of discussion by L. H. Bean, p. 10-14.

401. Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price; a selected bibliography. 28 p., mimeogr. Washington, D. C., U. S. Dept. of agriculture, Bureau of agricultural economics. April 1933.

This is a revision of an 8-page typewritten list dated November 1932,

INDEX

Tt om	
Aboll M. W. isint suther Arelusia	Area - a -
ADEIL, M. F.: JOINT AUTHOR. ANALYSIS	ADCI
of five profiler receipts and prices	Arica
on the New York market	
Agricultural economics society , 396	Arti
Alabama. Agricultural experiment	Ash
station 170	· · · · · ·
Alfalfa hay. See Hay.	Asht
Allen, F. W. Marketing California	t
apples	
Almonds	Asia
American academy of political and	1
social science	-
American association for the ad-	
vancement of science	
Penerta of the fourth Cloveland	. (
Reports of the rout on Oreverand	
	ASD
Stabilization of employment 131	
Syracuse meeting	Auto
American cranberry exchange 196	Ayl
Amoroso, Lugi	
'Cio' che e' chiaro e cio' oscuro	
nelle fluttuazioni dei	
prezzi 25c	Bac
La curva statica di offerta 3	Bai
Ecuaciones diferenciales de la	
dinámica ecónomia 4	Bak
Equazione differenziale della	
domanda e teoria matematica	Bar
delle crisi economiche 5	
Le equazioni differenziali della	
dinemice economice	1
Intorno oll determicazione	
empirize delle loggi delle	
demande e dell' effente	
domanda e derr' orienta /	-
Anderson, M. D. comment on Schultz	Bar
Interrelations of demand	Bar
Apples	Bar
prices	
effect of supply and other	
factors on	Bau
factors affecting	
Boston 182	
California	Bau
New York 185	
Gravenstein	Bea
factors affecting	
Sebastopol	
Sonoma Co., Calif 180	
relation to production and	
vield 14.3	
California	
Nova Scotia 183-184	
sprend Berlin 181	

Item cots, canned 190 ensas: Agricultural experiment station 166,210 ichokes 359 by, A. W., and Lewis, Thomas. Beef production 258 by, F. B. Cotton futures as forecasters of cotton spot prices 146 aragus prices, factors affecting Boston 360 California 361 quality, factors influencing . 357-358,361 aragus, canned relation between pack and price 361 omobiles 44 esworth, P. F., and Hill, E. B. Feed and livestock product price-ratios 251 See Pork products. on. ley, A. L. Analysis of covari-8 er, E. F., discussion of Douglas' Technological unemployment 385 ley elasticity of demand97,141,257 interrelation of four feed 24· crobs price 215 factors affecting farmers' response to 137 ley-hog ratio for Saskatchewan 317 88 riol. A., review of Baury's La prévision du prix du coton américain 147 mert. W. A. Method of forecasting the prices of wheat byproducts 226 ry, Roger. La prevision du prix du coton américain 147 n, L. H. 29 Application of a simplified method of correlation to problems in acreage and yield 11 variations Application of a simplified method of graphic curvilinear correlation

9

Item Bean, L. H. (cont'd) Characteristics of agricultural supply and demand curves 1,30,25 discussion of Whitman's paper on statistical law of demand 25d Factors affecting the yearly average price of cranberries 196 Factors bearing on price of apples 179 Factors related to acreage, production, and price of potatoes in Florida 365 Factors relating to production, prices and acreage of potatoes in Maine..... 366 Farmers' response to price 134 Helping the farmer to make his plans 148 Major and minor hog-price cycles 290 Measuring the effect of supplies on prices of farm products 135 Potato prices and acreage stability 367 Price forecasting 400 Relation between production, prices and acreage of pota-Relation between production, prices and acreage of potatoes in North Carolina 369 Relation between production. prices and acreage of potatoes on the eastern shore of Maryland 370 review of Schultz' Der sinn der statistischen nachfragekurven ..., 100 review of Waugh's Quality as a determinant of vegetable prices 357 Simplified method of graphic curvilinear correlation 11. Some interrelationships botween the supply, price and consumption of cotton 149,165 study of storing and the probable effects of export dumping of wheat 23 Use of "trends in residuals" in constructing demand curves . 12

Beans

362

Item Beef elasticity of demand 257 prices 292 effect of demand on 268 255 factors affecting relation to supply 1 Benini 116 Benner, C. L., and Gabriel, H. S. Marketing of Delaware eggs 332 Bennett, M. K., joint author. Contractibility of wheat acreage in the United States 239 Bennett, M. K. Weighted series of cash wheat prices at Winnipeg ... 227 Bercaw, L. O. . Factors affecting prices; a selected bibliography ... 390 Berlin, Institut für konjunkturforshung 156,261,300,324 Bibliographies factors affecting prices 390 farmers: response to price 401 interrelationships of supply and price 124 prices and price analysis 396 statistical demand curves 132 Bjorka, K. Some statistical characterizations of the hog market 291 Black, A. G. Adjustments in agricultural production under the assumption of a lower general price Black, J. D. Agricultural reform in the United 13 States Elasticity of supply of farm products 14 Prices of farm products 391 Research in prices of farm products 392 Blank, M. H., joint author. Analysis of the East-Bay milk market 285 31.4 Swine Bloxon, J. Some factors determining the price of Northwest apples on the New York market 185 Eonner, Otto. Bestimaungsgrunde der baumwollpreise 156 Bordin, Arrigo. La legge della domanda dal punto di vista della statica e della dinamica 15

	Item
Bourkser, M. D. L'influence des	
prix du coton sur la cote des	
valeurs egyptiennes durant la	
periode 1910-1929	150
Bowley, A. L., review of Frisch's	
New methods of measuring margin	
al utility	36
Boyd, H. B. Aconomic study of the	
agriculture of the Connecticut	
Valley. 5. Factors affecting th	е
tobocco in the United States	
Bran	350
Brain E W	226
Alfelfe	7 4 5
Analysis of the principal fasta	145
affecting the principal facto	r.s
Gravenstein apples in Sonome	
County, California 1923-193	0
outroinia, 1980-198	180
Barley	215
Wheat	228
Braun, E. W., joint author	020
Almonds	330
Asparagus	361
Beans	362
· Cherries	192
· Grapefruit	193
/ Lemons	194
oranges	195
Bread	383
Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino	
L'influence de la speculation	
sur les fluctuations des pri:	х.
du coton	151
Relations entre la récolte et le	9
prix du coton Égyptien	152
Uber die elastizitat des ver-	
brauchs ägyptischer baum-	
wolle 153.	,171
Brinkmeyer, Aloys. Die preisges-	
taltung auf dem brotmarkt	383
Broomcorn	216
Buckwheat	141
Buechel, F. A. Wholesale marketing	20
of live poultry in New York	
City	334
Buechel, F. A., and Kedzierski, S.	
L. Analysis of the price-making	r .
torces in the New York egg	
market	333

*

	<u>tem</u>
Burgess, J. S., Jr., Joint author.	
Farm prices of cotton in relation	
to its grade and staple length	
in local markets in the United	
States	1.59
Form prices of cotton veloted to	200
Faim Diffes of Covon related to	
its grade and stable length -	
Mississiopi crop-season 1928-	
. 29	161
Burgess, R. W. Statistical approach	
to mathematical formulation of	
demand-supply-price relationship	16
	10
Dyc, R. T.	
composite demand and joint supply	-
in relation to public utility	17
Inductive testing of an economic	
deduction	18
Butter	2
demand and price	279
demond and price	276
	250
elasticity of demand	201
prices	
effect of a duty on 284,	289
factors affecting	233
supply and price, factors affect-	
ing	280
Cabhaga relation of price to changed	1
Cabbage, relation of price to changes	7 (7 4
in acreage	134
Cabiati, Attilio. Sull'influenza	
della elasticità della domanda	
nella produttività crescente	19
California, Agricultural experiment	
station Publications	
olfolfo	145
	140
dairy products	288
fruits 186-188,192-195,197-20	0,
205-	209
grain	228 0
livestock and poultry 271.323.	345
nuts 330-	331 0
xecet chioa 750 761	762
	202
watermelons	029
California. University. College of	, Co
agriculture. Agricultural exten-	
sion service. Publications,	
canned fruits	204
errs	343
Grevenstein annlas	212
diavensiern appres	U40
Lettuce	364
Cambridge University. Dept. of agri-	
culture. Farm economics branch	371

- 79 -

Item

Campbell, C. E. Canned vegetable prices 355 Factors affecting the price of rice 225 Campbell, P. C. American agricul-- : Canned fruits and vegetables. See names of kinds of canned fruits and vegetables. Card, D. G. Some factors affecting the price of white burley Cassels, J. M. Nature of statistical supply curves 20 Catholic university of America ... 226 Cattle, beef factors influencing time of buying and selling steers 264 prices 260,262,267,271 effect of demand on 269 factors affecting .. 256,259,270 forecasting 263-266 interrelationships with supply 124,270 relation to Idaho beef producers problems 263 risks, judging 265 seasonal variation 258 Cheese 257 Cherries 192 Chicago. University. Bureau of business and economic research 292 Chicago. University. School of commerce and administration 189,253 Citrus fruit. See names of kinds of citrus fruit, Clark, C. M., joint author. Relation of quality of cotton to prices paid to farmers in Ala. 170 Clark, J. B., economic essays contributed in honor of 23,35 Clower, F. W. Note on the supply curve for capital 21 Cobb, C. W. Some statistical relations between wages and prices 384 Coffee, demand curve 41 Cohen, R. L. Effect of different price policies on the seasonal production of milk 272 Factors affecting the prices of potatoes in Great Britain .. 371

Item Colorado. Agricultural college. Ex-Columbia university. Studies in history, economics and public law .. 357 Conference on economic policy for American agriculture 141 Connecticut. Agricultural experiment station 350 Conway, H. M. Factors affecting fed cattle prices 259 Copeland, M. A. Economic theory and the natural science point of view 22 Copper, demand curve 41 Corn demand curves 97,141 interrelations of demand for four feed crops 24 prices 42,220,222,257 correlation with wheat 226 correlation with yield 143 factors affecting 138,217,312 farmers' response to 137 bibliography 401 future trading 140,218 relation to supply 1,124 secular movement 221 Cornell. Agricultural experiment station. See (New York (Cornell). Agricultural experiment station. Cornell university. New York state college of agriculture. Department of agricultural economics and farm management 336 Farm economics (grapes) 200-201 (wheat) 235 (beef) 268 (milk) •••••• 277 (hogs) 310 (eggs) 336 (fertilizer)..... 389 Cotton 29 acreage, forecasting 173 demand, elasticity of 153,171 prices 29,138 correlations with yield 143 effect on acreage 9,134 effect on price and consumption of fertilizer ,... 168,389 factors affecting 145,156, 167,169,172,178 forecasting 26 futures and future trading .. 140, 146,151

Eggs

Item Cotton (cont'd) prices (cont'd) influence on Egyptian stock exchange quotations150 interrelationships between supply and consumption .. 148-149,165 relation to acreage and harvest 152,174-175 relation to mill consump-relation to quality 154-155,157-Cover, J. H. Consumption of meat and meat products, with particular reference to price...... 292 Cowan, D. R. G. Commercial application of forecasting methods . 394 Cowles, Alfred, 3rd. Report of Econometric society meeting 24 Cox, A. B. Relation of the price and quality of cotton 154 Cox, R. W. Factors influencing corn prices 217 Cox, R. W., and Quintus, P. E. Minnesota farmers' response to price relationships in the production of selected crops 137 Cranberries 196 Crawford, G. L., discussion of Youngblood's Analysis of the relation of quality to price Crawford, G. L., and Gabbard, L. P. Relation of farm prices to quality of cotton 155 Cream, demand, factors affecting, New York 278 Cucumbers, prices quality, factors influencing357-358 Daggit, E. M., studies of factors affecting wheat prices 29 Dairy products 251,281,286-288 See also names of dairy products. Davis, H. T. comment on Schultz' Interrelations of demand 24 discussion of Roos' paper on Effect of hysteresis and speculation on demand and

Item Davis, I. G., discussion of Black's Adjustments in agricultural production 136 Davis, J. S., joint author. Price spreads and restraint of United States wheat exports .. 240 Variations in wheat prices 242 Dawson, O. L., studies of the export demand for various pork products . 29 Delaware. Agricultural experiment 332 station 132 Demand curves, references Dickens, Dorothy. Relation of grade to price in canned fruits 189 Donner, Otto. Bestimmungsgründe der baumwollpreise 156 Douglas, P. H. Elasticity of supply as a determi-23 nant of distribution Technological unemployment. Measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of 385 labor displacement Duddy, E. A. Potential supply area of the Chicago livestock market . 252 Duddy, E. A., and Rezvan, D. A. Potential supply areas of Pacific coast markets for hogs 293 Supply area of the Chicago livestock market 253 Econometric society 24-25 66 Demand curves 66 Supply curves Edgeworth's taxation paradox and the 47 nature of demand functions Edinger, A. T. Recent trends in retail meat prices and their rela-254 tion to livestock prices

demand 346 market analysis 335 prices 337,342,347 factors affecting 332,333,338,344 forecasting 348 margins between grades 335,344-345 relation of quality to ... 332,336, 339,343 relation to receipts 340 Egypt. Ministry of finance. Cotton bureau 178 Eisele, Hans. Untersuchungen über dio ernteschwankungen der kartoffeln 372

El-Darwish, M., joint author. Statistical study of some of the factors affecting the price of Elliott, F. F. Adjusting hog production to market demand 294 Elliott, F. F., and Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price in the production of flax 223 Encyclopedia of the social sciences 132 Engberg, R. C. Industrial prosperity and the farmer 138 Engländer, Oskar. Elastizität der nachfrage 30 Erdman, H. E., joint author. Marketing California apples 188 Erdman, H. E., and Fuhriman, W. U. Walnut supply and price situation 331 Evans, G. C. 6 Ezekiel, Mordecai..... 282 discussion of Reos' paper on Effect of hysteresis and speculation on demand and supply 25d discussion of Thurstone's paper on indifference curves 25d Preisvoraussage bei landwirtschaftlichen erzeugnissen ... 26 Price forecasting 400 Relation between mathematical economics and statistical price analysis 25b Response of mill: producers in different type of farming areas to changes in the price of feed, milk and other factors 274 review of Moore's Synthetic economics 62 Some considerations on the analysis of the prices of competing or substitute commodities 1,25d,27 Statistical analyses and the 'laws of price' 28 Statistical examination of the problem of handling annual surpluses of non-perishable farm products 29 Two methols of forecasting hog prices 295

Item Ezekiel, Mordecai, Rauchenstein, Emil, and Wells, O. V. Farmers' response to price in the production of market milk 273 Fankhandel, W. R., joint author. Factors affecting sweet potato prices in Missouri 382 Fanno, Marco Les corrélations des prix et les courbes statistiques de demande et d'offre 25a Correlazioni tra prezzi e curve statistische di domanda e offerta 31 Die elastizität der nachfrage nach ersatzgütern 32 Interrelations des prix et courbes statistiques de demand ot d'offre 31 Farmers' response to price, bibliog-401 raphy Feed, price, relation to the price of dairy and poultry products ... 251 Fenton, J. M. Statistical study of egg marketing 335 Ferger, W. F. comment on Schultz' Interrelations of demand 24 notes on Pigou's method of deriving demand curves 33 Static and dynamic in statistical demand curves 34 Fertilizer effect of price, etc.on fertilizer consumption 168 effect of price of cotton on price and use of 389 prices, and factors affecting the tonnage 388 Fisher, Irving 1,6,55 Meeting of the Econometric society in New Orleans, January 1932 . 25c Meeting of the Econometric society in Washington, D. C., December 1931 25b Statistical method for measuring "marginal utility" and testing the justice of a progressive income tax 35 Flax, farmers' response to price .. 134, 137,223 Flaxseed, effect of a duty on price and output 224

Item Florida. College of agriculture. Agricultural extension service 158, .363 Food, measurement of the demand 128 for Food research institute Corn and hog surplus of the corn belt 312 Wheat studies ... 227,239-242,246, 249-250 Frankfurter gesellschaft für konjunkturforschung 26,37,100,105 discussion of Marschaktspaper on the statistical determination of supply and demand curves - 63 discussion of Roos' paper on Effect of hysteresis and speculation on demand and, supply 25d discussion of Whitman's paper on statistical. law of demand ... 25d New methods of measuring marginal utility 36 Pitfalls in the statistical construction of demand and supply curves 25c,37 Frisch, Ragnar, joint author: Méthodes nouvelles pour mesurer l'utilité marginale 63 356 Fruits See also names of fruits canned..... 189-191,204 Fubini, Renzo. Sull'influenza dell' imposta sulla domanda e sull'of-38 Fuhriman, W. U., joint author. Walnut supply and price situa-Fullilove, W. T., joint author. Farm prices of cotton related to its grade and staple length in Georgia 160 Farm prices of cotton related to quality, Georgia crop, 1928-29 163 Futures and future trading ... 139-140,146,150-151

.

Gabbard, L. P., joint author. Relation of farm prices to quality of cotton 155 Gabler, Theodor. Die gestaltung der rindviehpreise und die darauf beruhende möglichkeit einer progno se 260 Gabriel, H. S., joint author. Marketing of Delaware eggs 332 Gans, A, R. · Elasticity of supply of milk from Vermont plants 275 Relation of quality to the price of eggs in New York City 336 Gaston, T. L. Hos prices and the hog enterprise on Idaho farms ... 296 Geese and hog prices, relation between 279 George, R. F. Potato prices in Eng-Georgia. Agricultural experiment sta-Germany. Reichsministerium für ernährung über landwirtschaft ... 315, 356,383 Gianinni foundation of agricultural 180,190-191,204,288,314 economics Gilboy, E. W. Demand curves by personal estimate 39 Demand curves in theory and practice 40 Leontief and Schultz methods of deriving demand curves 4] Studies in demand: milk and butter276 Gini..... 116 Gould, H. F., joint author. Economic status of the grape industry 198 Grain 212-214 See also names of grains. Grant, Sir Alexander, ed. 49 Grapefruit 193 Grapes . prices 198 factors affecting 197,202 relation of production to 200-201 Supply-price curves 202 Green, R. M. Application of "movement theory" in the behavior of prices to 42 corn prices Factors affecting the timing of

and the second second

wheat price movements 229

Item

. .

Green, R. M., and Howe, Harold. Year-to-year and seasonal fluctuations in hog prices 298 Green, R. M., and Stokdyk, E. A. Judging price risks in marketing hogs 297 Judging price risks in marketing Gross, Paul. Beziehungen zwischen ganse- und schweinpreisen 299 Die versorgung des berliner marktes mit eiern 337 Guin. Marvin. Relation of price to quality of South Carolina cot-Hall, O. J. Relation of central market prices of strawberries to production planning 210 Hams. See Pork products. Hanau, Arthur. Bestimmungsgrunde der preise für Entwicklungstendenzen am markt für schlachtrinder 262 Die prognose der schweinpreise 300 Wie lange wird die preisbaisse am schweinemarkt noch dauern?301 Harlan, C. L. Relation between the weekly receipts and prices of western dressed lamb at New York City 319 Harrod, R. F. Notes on supply ... 43 Hay interrelations of demand for four feed crops 24prices correlations with yield 143 relation to supply 1,124 Hay, W. W. Study of the nature of demand would obviate many of the mistakes of management 44 Heflebower, R. B. Factors relating to the price of Idaho potatoes 374 Steer prices in relation to Idaho beef producers' prob-Henderson, R. Partial protection of the fresh pork market 302

It.em

Henney, H. J. Factors influencing the time of buying feeder steers and of selling them as choice summer-fed steers 264 Judging price risks in marketing cattle ::.... 265 Henning, G. F., and Stout, W. B. Factors influencing the dressing percentage of hogs 303 Hersey, M.R.; joint author. Maine potato quality related to market prices 379 Higgs, Henry, ed. 66 Hill, E. B., joint author. Feed and livestock product price-ratios .. 251 Hobe, A. M., joint author. Cycles in wheat prices 246 Post-harvest depression of wheat prices 249 Hobson, Asher, Importance and possibility of fruitful research in the field of forecasting prices of agricultural commodities 395 Hoffman, G. W. Factors affecting prices on organized commodity markets139 Future trading and cash grain Future trading upon organized commodity markets in the United · · States 140 Hogs barley-hog ratio 317 factors affecting dressing per-prices 138,296,306-307,314 cycles 290 direct to packer 309 effect of meat imports order effect on receipts 310-311 factors affecting 291, 301, 305, 312-313, 315 relation to changes in number of hogs 9,124,134,256,294,316 relation to geese prices 299 relation to the price of pork products 318 risks, judging 297 seasonal fluctuations 298

Hogs (cont'd) prices (cont'd) truck and rail 304 See also Fork products. Hollander, J. H., ed. Economic essays contributed in honor of John Bates Clark 23,35 Holmes, C. L. Shifts in production areas in the United States induced by changes in farm prices and Hope, E. C. Livestock cycles in Canada 255 Hopkins, J. A., jr. Forecasting cattle prices 266 Forecasting of economic phenomena 46 Statistical study of the prices and production of beef cattle267 Hosking, F.J. 243Hotelling, Harold discussion of Roos! paper on Effect of hysteresis and and speculation on demand and discussion of Whitman's paper on statistical law of demand 25d Edgeworth's taxation paradox and the nature of demand, func-Howard, R. H. Relation of quality Howe, Harold, joint author. Yearto-year and seasonal fluctua-Howe, R. M., joint author. · Factors affecting California raisin sales and prices 1922-1929 199 What determines California raisin sales 199 Howell, L. D. Farm prices of cotton related to quality: Arkansas crop, season 1928-29 162 Farm prices of cotton related to quality: Oklahoma crop season 1928-29 164 Howell, L. D., and Burgess, J. S., jr. Farm prices of cotton in relation to its grade and staple . length in local markets in the United States 159

Item Howell, L. D., Burgess, J. S., and Neubauer, T. A. Farm prices of cotton related to its grade and staple length - Mississippi cropseason 1928-29 161 Howell, L. D., and Fullilove, W. T. Farm prices of cotton related to its grade and staple length Farm prices of cotton related to quality, Georgia crop 1928-29, 163 Hutson, J. B. Factors affecting the acreage of flue-cured tobacco ... 352 Idaho. Agricultural experiment sta-Illinois. Agricultural experiment Institut für landwirtschaftliche International conference of agricultural economists 109,144,229, 247-248,327 International congress of agricul-Interstate early potato committe 369-370 Iowa. Agricultural experiment sta-Iowa state college 46 Iron 1,10,25d,52 Iverson, Carl. Efterspørgselens elasticitet 48 Jenkin, Fleeming. Graphic representation of the laws of supply and demand 49 Jevons 116 Johnson, E. C. Comparison of prices of hogs arriving by truck and by Johnson, E. C., and Phillips, C. D. Quality as a factor in the price of Kentucky Lambs 320 Johnson, W. E. 66 Supply Supply and demand 66 Jones, J. M. Factors affecting the prices of pigs in Wales 305 Jordan, G. L. Factors affecting the price of fresh first eggs at New York, 1919-1928 338 Kansas, Agricultural college, Exten-

Kansas. Agricultural experiment sta-
tion 237,264-265,297-293,376
Kantor, H. S.
discussion of Whitman's paper on
statistical law of demand . 250
Factors affecting the brice of
Vedgionaki S. I. joint author
Analysis of the price-polying '
forces in the New York age
market 335
Kemmer, Erwin, and Schultz, Fritz.
Beispiel einer preisspannen-
feststellung für äpfel in
Berlin
Kentucky. Agricultural experiment
station 320,351
Keynes, J. N. Demand 66
King, P. S., joint author 227
Cycles in wheat prices 246
Kirch, F. W. Effect of location on
the price of wheat 231
Rittredge, D. D. review of Kugnets'
Secular movements
Koughan, A. B., joint author.
acttle industrue
Kroeck I McIntach apple study 192
Kuhrt W .T 243
Study of farmer elevator opera-
tion in the spring wheat
area
Kuvin, Leonard, discussion of
Douglas' Technological unem-
ployment
Kuznets, S. S.
Secular movements in production
and prices 51
Seasonal variations in industry
and trade 50
Labor displacement, measurement of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of
Labor displacement, measurement of elasticity of demand as a basis for prediction of

	Item
Lenoir	116
Leontief, Wassilly	106
discussion of Working's Indication	15
of changes in the demand for as	gri-
cultural products	130
Studien uper die elastizitat des	50
angeoots	52
End versich zur statistischen	
frage	53
Leontief and Schultz nethods of	00
deriving "demand" curves	41
Lettuce	364
Lewis, Thomas, joint author. Beef	
production	258
Liebe, Hans. Preisbildung bei gemüse	
und obst	356
Lindsey, A. H., and Yount, H. W.	
Relation between egg quality and	
price	339
Livestocit	-255
See also Reat animals; names of	
KINGS OF AIVESTOCK.	
London school of economics and poli-	10
Lorgian W V	49
Belation of price to apple pro-	
duction	183
Some economic aspects of the	
apple industry in Nova Scotia	184
Lyon, L. S., and Rassieur, T. E.	
Price responsiveness of wheat	
growers	234
McBride, R. S. Some factors affectin	ıg
supply and price of butter	280
Maddox, J. G. Relation of grade and	
staple length of cotton to prices	
received by farmers in local mar-	
kots of Arkansas	166
Maine. Agricultural experiment sta-	770
Maine Dopt of emigration	270
Maine University	200
Maine development compission	579
Majerotto, Serafino, Un muovo metodo	015
per la determinazione empirica	
delle curve di domanda e offerta	54
Mallory, L. D., Smith, S. R., and	
Shear, S. W. Factors affecting	
annual prices of California fresh	
grapes, 1921-1929	197
Manny, T. B. Farmer opinions and	
other factors influencing cotton	
production and acreage adjustments	5
in the South	167

Item
Margarine. See Oleomargarine.
Marget, A. W., discussion of
Working's Evaluation of methods
used in commodity price fore
ased in commodity price tore-
Casuing
Marschak, Jakob
La détermination statistique des
courbes d'offre et de demande
25a
Electizitöt der nochfrogo 55
diamand he for fin
discussed by Seraiino
Majerotto
Marshall, Alfred 18,32,64-65,
70.74.88.96
Martin, J. H., joint author Eco-
nomic study of broomcorn produce
Homie study of broomcorn produc-
L10n
Masci, Guglielmo
Metodi statistici per lo studio
dell'eouilibrio general
dinamico 56
Sulla determinazione statistica
Julia de terminazione statistica
della curva di domanda 57
Massachusetts. Agricultural experi-
ment. station
Massachusetts, Dept. of agriculture.
Division of markets 182
Bastán conguring maro agrenomia 760
Menore Treash
Mayer, Joseph
discussion of Hotelling's paper
on Edgeworth's taxation
paradox and the nature of
demand functions
discussion of Boost poper on Ff-
fect of hustorosis and sport
letter and and speci-
Lation on demand and supply 25d
discussion of Thurstone's paper
on indifference curves 25d
Meeting of the Econometric
society in Syracuse, N. Y.
June 1932 25d
Monte worter maior moletien to
Meau, retail prices, relation to
livestock prices
See also Beef; Lamb; Pork
products; etc.
Meat animals 10
Mehta, J. K. Nature and intensity
of demond
Moleman Con Water 2
Melons. See watermelons.
Mereness, E. H. Effect of changes
in the price on the acreage and
production of wheat in New York 235

11.01 Item Meriam, J. K. Supply curves and 59 maximum satisfaction Michigan. Agricultural experiment station 251 Milk demand, factors affecting ... 276,278 feed-price ratio 275 prices ... differential policies, effect on seasonal production 272 effect of changes on sales ... 277 farmers' response to . 273-274,285 Milk, condensed and evaporated 257 Miller, H. E. Utility curves, total utility, and consumer's surplus . 60 Minnesota. Agricultural experiment station 217,257 Minnesota. University 184,283 Minnesota, University, Agricultural Misner, E. G. Studies of the relation of weather to the production and price of farm products. I. Corn . 219 Missouri. Agricultural experiment station 142,202,211,382 Mitchell 64 Monkemeyer, H. (N.) Probleme der freien oder begundenen getreidewirtschaft, insbesondere in Moore, H. S. Contributions to mathematical economics Contributions to problem of deriving elasticity of demand from statistics 55,88,98,106 Partial elasticity of demand 61 Synthetic economics 62 synthetic economics of 114 Moret, Jacques, and Frisch, Ragnar. Méthodes nouvelles pour mesurer l'utilité marginale 63 Moretti, Vincenzo 106 . Sopra alcuni problemi di dinamica economica 64 Murray, K. A. H. Effect of demand on the price of beef in Great Britain 268 Factors affecting the prices of

--- livestock in Great Britain ... 256

Item Murray, K. A. H. (cont'd) Prices and price analysis 396 See also Lamb. Myers, Lawrence. Fertilizer consumption in cotton area varies with return from crop168 National association of marketing officials 397 National bureau of economic research 50 Netherlands statistical bureau ... 111 Neubauer, T. A., joint author. Farm prices of cotton related to its grade and staple length - Mississippi crop-season 1928-29 161 New England research council 274 New Hampshire, Agricultural experi-New Jersey. Dept. of agriculture 335 New York (Cornell). Agricultural experiment station Demand side of New York milk market 278 Interrelationships of supply and price 124 Prices of fertilizer materials 388 Relation of daily prices to the marketing of hogs at Chicago 311 New York. State college of agriculture. See Cornell University. New York state college of agriculture. New York food marketing research council 185 Nichol, A. J. Measures of average elasticity of demand 65 Northwestern university. School of commerce. Bureau of business research 387 Nova Scotia. Dept. of agriculture 184 Nuts. See Almonds; Walnuts. Nystrom, M. R. Measuring the New York apple market 185 Oats elasticity of demand ... 97,141,257 interrelations of demand of four feed crops 24 prices correlation with wheat and

Item

Oats (cont'd) prices (cont'd) correlation with yield 143 future trading 140 Ohio. Agricultural experiment sta-Ohio. State university 309 Ohio, State university. Dept. of Ohio. State university. College of agriculture and domestic science. Extension service. Dept. of rural economics. Facts about hog prices 306 Facts about potato prices 375 Facts about the prices of dairy Facts about sheep and lamb prices 321 Facts about wool prices 325 44 Oil burner Oklahoma. Agricultural and mechanical college. Dept. of agricultural - <u>Oleomargarine</u>, 279,287 Oparin, D. J. Method of schematic deviations applied to the investigation into the cotton market dynamics 169 Oxford university. Agricultural economics research institute 256 Pacific Northwest potato committee . 368 Palgrave, Sir Robert. Palgrave's dictionary of political economy . 66 canned 204 canned 191 Pearson, F. A., results of a study of the relations between the supplies of corn, potatoes, wheat and beef and prices 1 Pearson, F. A., joint author. Effect of price of cotton on price and use of fertilizer 389 Some interrelationships of supply and price 124 Pearson, F. A., and Warren, G. F. Supply-price relationships 25d Petrickso, Mikolaus. Theory of prices 67

corn 226

- 88 -

	Item
Phillips, C.D., joint author,	
quality as a factor in the price	790
Pizon A C	, 520
Analysis of swooly 43 55 68 115	-116
Demand and supply equations	. 69
Elasticity of demand from family	
budgets	. 70
Industrial fluctuations	. 71
Statistical derivation of demand	20
Pigou A C and Pohentaon D II	• 72
Economic essays and addresses	9 72
Pigou's method of deriving demand	5,10
curves	. 33
Plums	208
Pope, J.D., and Clark, C.M., Rela-	
tion of quality of cotton to pric	.es
paid to farmers in Ala	.170
Fork products	202
demand	. 257
export demand for	, 29
prices	314
relation to the price of hogs.	318
Potato association of America	367
Potato-flour	111
Potatoes	26
demand, elasticity of	,141
demand and supply curves	. 10
prices 375,377	,381
correlation with yields	143
factors affecting 374	,376
	380
relation to acreage and pro-	820
auction • 9,11,134,137,365	-372
relation to quality	379
	,120
$\frac{\text{Spreau}}{\text{Poul} + mr} = \frac{734}{734}$,010
products	251
Powell, O. S. Forecasting form	LUI
tractor sales in North Dakota	386
Price. interrelationships of supply	000
bibliography.	124
Price analysis and forecasting	46.
173,226	.400
basis for effective marketing	,
programs	397
commercial application of	394
evaluation of methods	129
program for improvement and	
elaboration of data needed for	398
progress and appraisal of success	
of	397
rescarch in	,392
importance and possibility of	395
scope	396
Price spreads	
apples	181

Price spreads (contid)	tem
hav	145
hogs	296
potatocs 373,	378
poultry,	345
Wheat:	250
Prunes	209
Purdue University, Dept. of Agri-	
cultural extension, Division of	
farm management.	070
Beel cattle price lacts	200
Com price facts	207
Hog. price facts	507
Potato price facts	3/1
Choop and lomb price factor	3220
Theat arise facts	238
Purves C.M : Factors affecting the	200
price of corn	400
F1100 01 00111	
Quality, relation to price	144
canned fruits	189
cotton 154-155, 157-164, 166, 170,	
176-	-177
eggs 332,336,339,	343
lambs	320
potatoes	379
vegetables 357-	-358
wheat	-333
Quintus, P. E., joint author:	
Minnesota farmers' response to	
price relationships in the	100
production of selected crops .	137
Radio	44
Halsing	-199
Price regrandiveness of wheat	
Frowers	234
Rauchenstein, Emil:	
Economic aspects of the apple	i
industry,	186
Economic aspects of the fresh	1
plum industry	208
Economic aspects of the water-	
melon industry	328
Factors affecting the price of .	
Gravenstein apples at]
Sebastopol 180	,187
Factors affecting the price of	
watermelons at Los Angeles	329
Rauchenstein, Emil, joint author:	
Farmers! response to price in the	I
production of market milk	273
Pacorito a construction a martine a second	

- - +

.

. /

P.

- 89 -

Roos, C.F. (cont'd)

Mathematical theory of price and

Itcm Refrigerators, electric 44 Rezvan, D. A.,: Supply area of the Chicago livestock market 253 Rezvan, D. A., joint author: Potential supply areas of Pacific. Coast markets for hogs 293 Ricei, Umberto: Ancora sull' offerta del risparmio 73 Courbes de la demande et courbes de la dépense Elasticita dei bisogni, della 74domanda e dell'offerta 75 Klassifikation der nachfragekurven auf grund des elasti-zitätsbegriffes 76La loi de la demande individuelle et la rente de consommateur ... 77 Die nachfrage nach ägyptischer baumwolle und ihre elastizitat 171 On the demand for rival (or substitute) commodities 25c,78 Psychologicalfoundation of the law of demand 79Puo una curva di domanda esser erescente? 80 Die statistichen gesetze des gleichgewichtes nach Henry Schultz 81 Die "synthetische okonomie" von Henry Ludwell Moore 82 Rice, S.A. ed: Methods in social science 18,98 Richards, H. I., and Abell, M.F.: Analysis of live broiler receipts and prices on the New York market 341 Richards, H.I., Abell, M.F., and Rinear, E.H.: Marketing live broilers in New York City market 341 Richards, Preston, joint author: Rietz: discussion of Hotelling's paper on Edgeworth's taxation paradox and the naturo of demand functions ... 25c Rinear, E.H.: Cost of marketing New Hampshire breilers 341 Robbins, Lionel: Economic works of Philip Wicksteed 83 Essay on the nature and significance of economic science 64 On the elasticity of demand for income in terms of effort 85 Robertson, D.H.; joint author: Economic essays and addresses .. 69,72 Rochford, L.H.: Influence of California demond on Colorado beef-cattle prices ... 269 Roos, C.F. 1,5,6 Dynamical theory of economics 86 Effect of hysteresis and speculation

on demand and supply .

production fluctuations and ceonomic crises 87 paper on the more recent mathematical formulations expressing the interrelations of demand, cost of production and profitsj Stabilization of employment 131 Ross, H.A.: Demand side of the New York milk Effect of price changes on sales of milk in the New York metropolitan area 1919 to 1924 277 Some factors affecting the demand for milk and cream in the metropolitan area of New York 278 Rossi, Lionello: Del concetto di clasticità in economia 88 L'elasticita della domanda e la traslazione dell'imposta in regime di monopolio 89 Roy, Rene: La demande dans ses rapports avec la distribution des revenus....25a La demande dans ses rapports avec la repartition des revenus 90 Rubber 44 Rubens, H.: Absatzreserven am deutschen eiermarkt 342 Russell, S.W.: Forecasting hog production and marketing 308 Salmon, S.C., and Throckmorton, R.I. Wheat production in Kansas 237 Salz. Arthur: Der begriff der "elastizität" in der theoretischen nationalokonomie 92 Schmidt, Arthur: Die pragnanz der elastizitatshoeffizionten 93 Schneider, Erich: Kostenanalyse als grundlage einer statistischen ermittlung von nachfragejurven 250,94 Kostentheoretisches Zum Uber den einfluss ven änderungen der unchfrage auf die monopolpreisbildung 96 Schneider, W.E., joint author: Economic aspects of the sheep industry 323 Schoenberg, E.H.: Demand curve for eigarettes 353

Contraction of the Item

- ...

₩££

Read and the second

Schoenfeld, W.A.: Some economic	
aspects of the marketing of milk	
and cream 2	82
Schultz, Fritz, joint author:	
Beispiel einer preisspanen-	
feststellung für äpfel in	
Berlinl	.81
Schultz, Henry 81,1	.06
Commentson Professor Lehfelät's	
Method of deriving the	
elasticity of demand for	740
	549
domand for relacted commedia	
	25h
Comparison of electicities of	500
demand obtained by different	
methods	97
Interrelations of demand	24
Henry L. Moore's contribution to	
the statistical law of demand	98
Marginal productivity and the	
general pricing process	99
Review of Frisch's New methods of	
measuring marginal utility	.36
Review of Marschak's Elastizität	
der nachfrage	55
Shifting demand for selected	- 4
agricultural commodities	141
Der sinn der statistischen	100
Standard array of the coofficient	100
of electicity of demand	101
Statistical laws of demand and	J. Q I
supply, with special applica-	
tion to sugar	349
Schultz method of deriving "demand"	
curves	41
Schultz, T. W.: Variations in corn	
prices within .Iowa	220
Sechrist, Horace,	18
Competition in the retail dis-	
tribution of clothing - a	
study of expense or "supply"	707
	201
Economic according of the poor	
industry	206
Pacific Coast peer supply and	200
price situation	
Princ anoraliz and arrian dituation	207
FILLE SUPPLY AND PILCE SIVUAUION	207 209
Shear, S.W., and Gould, H.F.:	207 209
Shear, S.W., and Gould, H.F.: Economic status of the grape in-	207 209
Shear, S.W., and Gould, H.F.: Economic status of the grape in- dustry	207 209 198
Shear, S.W., and Gould, H.F.: Economic status of the grape in- dustry	207 209 198

BARRA BARRA	11.0	Item
Shear S.T. and Hor	VO. H.M.	
Factors affecting	v California	
raigin gales	nd prices	
	and prices	199
What determines (alifornia	
raisin sales		199
Shear, S.W., joint a	author:	
Factors affecting	annual prices	
of California	fresh grapes.	
1921 to 1929		. 197
Sheep	256.32	1-323
Shepherd. G.S.:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Burden of increas	sed costs of	
distribution .		. 102
Secular movement	of corn prices	221
Supply and produc	tion. demand a	nd
consumption .		.103
Shove,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 43
Simpson, Kemper		. 18
Skins and leather .		324
Slichter, S.H.:		
discussion of Dou	glas! Technolog	<u>z</u>
ical unemologr	nent	385
Modern economic	society	104
Smith, B.B.;	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.147
Factors affecting	the price of	
cotton		. 172
Forecasting the a	acreage of	
cotton		. 173
Smith, S.R., joint a	author: Factors	
affecting annual	prices of	
California fresh	grapes, 1921-	
1929		. 197
Social science resea	arch council.	
Advisory committe	ee on social and	d
economic research	h in agricultur	e e
·	39.	1-392
Sommers, T.A.,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, 243
South Carolina Agric	cultural ex-	
periment station	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 157
Staehle, Hans	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 100
Die analyse der 1	hachfragekurven	
in ihrer bede	utung für die	
konjunkturfor	schung	105
La réunion de la	Societe d'	
economatrie La	ausanne	25a
Sopra alcuni pro	blemi di dinami	ca
economica		• 106
Die statistische	analyse von	
angebot und na	achirage und di	9
klausel "cete:	ris paribus"	. 107
Steel	- 7	
See fron and stee	16	
Stine, 0. 0.:	nonated	100
Uan Drices be 10.	recasted	

Item Stine, O.C. (cont'd) Price analysis as a basis for effective marketing programs., 397 Program for the improvement and elaboration of data needed for commodity price forecasting 398 Progress in price analysis and an appraisal of success in price forecasting 399 Sting, Kurt: Die polypolitische preisbildung 108 Stitts, T. G.: Economic factors affecting the price of butter ... 233 Stock prices, statistical analysis of 24 Stokdyk, E. A.: Marketing globe artichokes 359 Some factors influencing the midseason potato market 376 Stokdyk, E. A., Erdman, H.E., West, Stoke C.H., and Allen, F.W.; Marketing California apples....188 Stokdyk, E.A., joint author: Judging price risks in marketing hogs 297 Judging price risks in marketing wheat 230 Stoker, H. M.: World production and prices of merino and crossbrod wool 326,327 Storm, Ernst: Die wirkungen der butterzollerhältung von janiur 1932 auf die butterpreise 284 Stout, W.B.: Analysis of direct to packer marketing of hogs in Ohio 309 Corn price facts 222 Potato price facts ,..... 377 Sheep and lamb price facts 322 Survey of some of the factors that influence the price of eggs in the Cleveland territory 344 Stout, W.B., joint author: Factors influencing the dressing percentage of hogs 303 Stover, H.J.: Effect of changes in daily prices on the movement of farm produce to terminal markets 109 Effect of daily changes in the average price of hogs at Relation of daily prices to the marketing of hogs at Chicago .. 311 Relation of the production of grapes in western New York and in California to prices200

Item

Stover, H.J. (cont'd)	
Some factors affecting the pur-	
chasing power of grapes	201
Strawberries 134,210-	-211
Sturges, Alexander, joint author: On	
certain mathematical properties of	2
demand curves of constant	
elasticity	121
Sugar 41,141,97,	349
Sweet potatoes 134,	382
Szeliski, Victor von.	
review of Baury's La prévision	
du prix du coton americain	147
Statistical analysis of stock	
prices	24
Toylor A.E.:	
Corn and hos surplus of the corn	
halt	312
Snoulation chart celling and	010
the orige of wheat	241
Morlan A E David I S and	NIT
Nonking Follbrook:	
Price approved and restraint of	
Instead States wheat experts	210
Veriationa in what wigoa	212
Variations in wheat prices	C'±C
Taylor, A.L., Working, Holdrook, and	
Dennett, M. K. :	
Contractibility of wheat acreag	5e
in the United States	209
Taylor, E.S	242
Taylor society	285
Texas Agricultural experiment sta-	
tion	199
Thibodeaux, B.H., and Wells, O.V.:	
Use of outlook information in	
farm-business planning in the	-
cotton belt	174
Thomsen, F.L.	
Agricultural prices	110
Variations in local prices for	
farm products and supplies in	
Missouri	142
Thomsen, F.L., and Fanlihandel, W.R.:	
Factors affecting sweet potato	
prices in Missouri	382
Thomsen, F.L., and Thorne, B.G.:	
Economic position of the grape	
industry in Massouri	212
Economics of strangerry production	
and marketing in Missouri	211
Thorne, G.B.: review of Murray's	
Factors affecting the prices of	
livestock in Great Britain	256
Thorne, G.B., and Richards, Preston:	
Factors affecting exports of Unite	5
Ctatas isan madrata	77 77
States nog products	STO

1

- .92 -

Thorne, G.B., joint author:
Economic position of the grape
industry in Missouri 202
Economics of strawberry production
and marketing in Missouri 211
Use of "trends in residuals" in
constructing demand curves 12
Throckmorton B L. joint suthor.
Wheat production in Kongag 277
Thurstone 'I I i Transmentel study
That stone, L.E. Experimental study
of indifferences curves
Timmons, D.E.: Seasonal price changes
of cucumbers for Webster-Bushnell
and Williston areas, spring 1930.363
Timoshenko, V.P.: Correlations be-
tween prices and yields of
previous years
Tinbergen, J.:
Bestimmingen und deutung von
angehot dirir una de da
Fin mohlom don demonile
TIMICY, J.M., AND BIANK, M.H.:
Analysis of the East Bay milk
market
Tobacco
Tomatoes
Tractor sales, forecasting 386
Tschayanow 55
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani-
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri-
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri-
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications]
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi-
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation 9 bibliographies
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation 9 bibliographies 390,4014 cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167-</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies</pre>
Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- <u>See</u> Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani~Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies390,4014 cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167-</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani~Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies390,401/ cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167-</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani~Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies390,4014 cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167- 168,172,174-175,177 dairy products273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits224 Helping the farmer to make his plans</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies390,401/ cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167- 168,172,174-175,177 dairy products273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits179,196,203 grain 212,216,218,225,232-233,243-244 Helping the farmer to make his plans148 lineateals 254,259,200,204,717,716,710</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies390,4014 cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167-</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273 fruits273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits273,278,286,282 flax223 fruits273,278,286,282 flax</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies390,404 cotton 149,159,161-162,164,167-</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax273,278,286,282 flax</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies9 bibliographies</pre>
<pre>Turroni, Costantino Bresciani- See Bresciani-Turroni, Costantino United States Department of Agri- culture [Publications] Agricultural outlook113 Applications of a simplified method of graphic curvi- linear correlation9 bibliographies</pre>

. •

I	tem
United States Department of Agri-	
culture (cont'd)	
Shifts in production areas	45
tobacco	352
vegetables	355
United States Federal farm board	243
Neglis Contore del Te discortes	
vecchio, Gustavo del. La dillamica	774
Vorotabler	114
	300
Vorga Stafan: Die projehogtingun-	000
gafoltoren des ungarischen	
	245
Vermont Agricultural exteriment	~10
station	275
Vial. E.E.: Prices of fertilizer	~10
materials and factors affecting	
the fertilizer tonnage	388
Vinci, Felice	55
La derivazione statistica delle	
curve di domanda	115
discussion of Masci's Sulla de -	
terminazione statistica della	
curva di domanda	57
L'elasticità dei consumi	116
Sui fondamenti della dinamica	
economica	117
Sui metodi di studio della	170
dinamica economica	118
Viner, Jacob: Cost curves and /	110
Supply Curves	113
Voger, Adorr: Preispannen im	370
	010
Colifornio coultry industry	345
Dairy products	288
Economic aspects of the dairy	~~~
industry	287
Voorhies, E.C., and Blank, M.H.	
Swine	314
Voorhies, E.C., and Koughan, A.B.:	
Economic aspects of the beef	
cattle industry	271
Voorhies, E.C., and Schneider, W.E.	:
Economic aspects of the sheep	
industry	323
Wadleigh, H.J	. 79
Wagenführ, Rolf: Bestimmungsgründe	
der häute - und lederpreise	324
Wages and prices	384

Waite, W.C.: Repromies of consumption..... 120 - 93 -

	<u>1 tem</u>
Waite, W.C. (cont'd)	
Effect of a business depression	
on the demand for livestock	
products and the outlook for	
these products	.257
On the torm lichenroe in demondly	102
Come demalarmente in the tesh	TRE
Some developments in the tech-	
niques of studying consumer	
demand	.123
Study of the demand for eggs in	
selected chain stores of	r
metropolitan New York	346
Waito WC: and Stanger Alexander	010
marte, n. 0., and Starges, Arekander	•
On certain mathematical properti	.CS
of demand curves of constant	
elasticity	121
Wales University College, Depart-	
ment of Agricultural Economics .	302
Wallace, H.A.: discussion of Bean's	
Versurius the offects of sumplie	G
an prices of form muduate	175
maluets of raim products	.100
Walnuts	331
Walras 56	,112
Ward, G.H.:	
Analysis of monthly prices of	
ORES	347
Forecasting the spring price of	
Toroccasting the spring price of	7/10
	040
warren, G.F., and Pearson, F.A.:	
Effect of price of cotton on	
price and use of fertilizer	389
Interrelationships of supply and	
price	124
Warren, G.F.; joint author:	
Suculy-price relationships	254
Wouth E was den. Die wassehart	
Martin, h. von der: Die vorausbest-	
immungen des deutschen schweine-	
bestandes und der schweineben	
triebc	315
Washburn, R.S., and Martin, J.H.:	
Economic study of broomcorn	
production	216
Waterman E.W. discussion of	~10
Wardinal, D.W., CISCUSSION OF	
WOINTING'S EVELUEUTON OF MECHOUS	
used in commodity price fore-	
casting	.129
Watermelons	-329
Waugh, F.V.:	
"Elasticity of demand" from	
budget studies	125
Quality as a determinent of	,100
vorotoble prices	750
vegeuduic prices	357
quality factors influencing	-
vegetable prices	358
Relation of quality to the price	
of farm products	144

Waugh, F.V., White, C.M., and
Hersey, M.R.:
Maine potato quality related
to market prices 379
Weather, relation to production and
price 219
Weidenhammer, Robert:
review of Kuznets' Secular move-
ments in production and
prices
Wellman, H.R.:
Lettuce
California paghag
Wollman H R and Brann F W .
Alionda
Asparagus
Beans 362
Cherries 192
Factors that affected the annual
average prices of canned
apricots, 1923-24 to 1930-31190
Factors that affected the annual
average prices of canned
clingstonc peaches, 1921-22
to 1930-31 204
Factors that affected the annual
average prices of canned pears,
1921-22 to 1930-31 191
Grapeirult 193
Farmerst response to price: a
selected bibliography and 401
Farmers! response to price in hog
production and marketing 316
Wells, O.V., joint author:
Farmers' response to price in the
production of flax 223
Farmers' response to price in the
production of market milk 273
Use of outlook information in
farm-business planning in the
cotton belt 174
West, C. H.: Marketing California
apples 198
Western pear meet 207
acotroptibility of parcers 270
demand express 07 141
offect of export durping 29
effect of export durping 29 elasticity of demand
cffect of export dumping 29 clasticity of demand

cycles 246

and yun and we

	Item
Wheat, (contid)	•
disparity between Canada and	2/17
effect of location on	· 250 231
effect of quality on	2:233
factors affecting	7,245
factors affecting timing of	
movement 22	9,247
future trading 14	0,250
materials for a theory	. 248
post-narvest depression	• 2419 170
relation to supply 1 124,137 23	• 100
235.23	8.244
risks, judging	. 230
speculation, short selling	. 241
spreads 240,24	9-250
Wheat by-products	. 226
White, C.M., joint author: Maine	4
potato quality related to marke	770
Whitman, R.H.	. 015
account of his work on the fitt	ing
of demand functions of more	0
general types than those use	be
by H. L. Moore to price data	l
for iron and steel	• 1
Statistical law of demand for	
trated by the demand for inc	272
and steel	25d
Wicksteed, P. H.:	
Common sense of political econ-	-
omy and selected papers and	
reviews on economic theory	. 126
economic work of	•• 83
wiley, C. A.: Agriculture and the	1 27
Wilkinson C.J.: Barley-hog ratio	. 317
Williams, F.M.: Measurement of th	e
demand for food	128
wisconsin University:	
Studies in the social sciences	127
Wixson, E.A.: Economic study of	
production; destination and fa	rm 790
Woofter, T.J., Jr.: Plight of	
cigarette tobacco	354
Wool	25-327
Working, E.J	•• 64.5
commodity price forecasting	3 129
Factors affecting the timing of	of
Indiantiona of changes in the	247
demand for agricultural pro	d

u Gilichilu	. 4	_ () _	C/5+	100		CL.	 ÷	J	Ľ-	~	700
nets .										 	したつ
				• - •							777
Productio	77	and	de	ະຫລາ	α.					 	LOT
TTOWNO VTO	**	COLLES						-			

	<u>ten</u>
Working, E. J. (cont'd)	
review of Waugh's Quality as a	
determinant of vegetable prices	357
Statistical demand curves	132
What do "statistical demand"	
curves show?	133
Working, Holbrook.	
Materials for a theory of wheat	
prices	248
Price relations between July and	0.50
September wheat futures	250
review of Warren and Pearson's	

ly and Pri 250 on's rev interrelationships of supply and price 124 Some relations between commodity prices and business activity 25b Variations in wheat prices242 Working, Holbrook and Hobe, A.M .: Post-harvest depression of wheat prices 249 Working, Holbrook, Hobe, A.M., and King, P.S.: Cycles in wheat prices 246 Working, Holbrook, joint author: Contractibility of wheat acreage in the United States 239 Price spreads and restraint of United States wheat exports .. 240 Wright, F.G.: review of Schultz: Statistical laws of demand and supply, with special application to sugar 349 review of Moore's Synthetic 62 economics Tariff on animal and vegetable oils 224,289 Young, E.C .: Relation of the wholesale price of pork to the price of hogs 318 Youngblood, Bonney: Analysis of the relation of quality to price of cotton .. 176 quality of cotton and market demand 177 Yount, H.W., joint author: Relation between egg quality and price .. 339 Zahra, M.A., and El-Darwish, M .: Statistical study of some of the factors affecting the price of Egyptian cotton 178 Zörner, Hans: Untersuchungen über

zusammenhange zwischen kartoffelerbauflächen und ernten und den schweinebeständen 381

Sources consulted in the compilation of this list were as follows: Card catalogue of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics Library; Agricultural Economics Literature, 1927-May, 1933; American Economic Review, 1927-March, 1953; Annals of Mathematical Statistics, 1930-1932; Economic Journal, 1927-March, 1933; Econometrica, January-April, 1933; Economica, March, 1927-February, 1933; Experiment Station Record, July, 1927-May, 1933; Farm Economics (Cornell), January, 1927-February, 1935; Harvard Business Review October, 1926-January, 1933; Journal of Business of the University of Chicago, 1928-January, 1933; Journal of Farm Economics, 1927-nos. 1-2, 1933; Journal of Political Economy, 1927-1932; Journal of the American Statistical Association, 1927-June, 1933; Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, 1927-1932; Metron, 1927-no. 3, 1932; Political Science Quarterly, 1927-March, 1933; Quarterly Journal of Economics, November, 1926-February, 1933; Social Science Abstracts, 1929-1932; literature cited in the various publications listed; and the bibliography by O. V. Wells on Farmers! Response to Price.

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS BIBLIOGRAPHIES

- No. 1. Agricultural economics; a selected list of references. January 1925. Revised, September 1927; February 1929; April 1930.
- No. 2. Flour milling and bread making; selected list of references. February 1925. Revised, June 1927; April 1931.
- No. 3. A beginning of a bibliography of the literature of rural life. March 1925.
- No. 4. Price spreads; a selected list of references relating to analyses of the portion of the consumer's price accruing to various agencies. March 1925.
- No. 5. Long-time agricultural programs in the United States national, regional, and State. June 1925.
- No. 6. Aids to writers and editors; a selected list of books on the preparation of manuscripts and the mechanics of writing, for use in the Burcau of Agricultural Economics. June 1925,
- No. 7. Livestock financing; a selected list of references advantag to the financing of the livestock industry in the United Science. September 1925. Supply exhcusted.
- No. 8. The peach industry in the United States; a selected list of references on the economic aspects of the industry including some references relating to Canada. October 1925.
- No. 9. Selected list of references on grain sorghuns, grass sorghums, and broom corn. December 1925.

- No. 10. Research in rural economics and rural sociology in the Southern States since 1920; a list of the published, unpublished, and current studies. January 1926.
- No. 11. Economic periodicals of foreign countries published in the English language; a selected list. February 1926. Revised, March 1930.
- No. 12. Government control of export and import in foreign countries February 1926.
- No. 13. Cooperative marketing of tobacco; a selected list of references. February 1926. Supply exhausted.
- No. 14. Factors affecting prices; a selected bibliography, including some references on the theory and practice of price analysis. March 1926.
- No. 15. Alabama; an index to the State official sources of agricultural statistics. March 1926.
- No. 16. Periodicals relating to dairying received in the U. S. Department of Agriculture. June 1926.
- No. 17. Farm youth; a selected list of references to literature issued since January 1920. October 1926.
- No. 18. Price fixing by governments 424 B.C. 1926 A.D.; a selected bibliography, including some references on the principles of price fixing, and on price fixing by private organizations. October 1926. <u>Supply</u> <u>exhausted</u>.
- No. 19. The apple industry in the United States; a selected list of references on the economic aspects of the industry together with some references on varieties. June 1927.
- No. 20. Bounties on agricultural products; a selected bibliography. July 1927. <u>Supply exhausted</u>.
- No. 21. Oklahoma; an index to the State official sources of agricultural statistics... including a list of the unofficial sources of Oklahoma agricultural statistics. August 1927.
- No. 22. A list of international organizations interested in agriculture. November 1927.
- No. 23. Control of production of agricultural products by governments; a selected bibliography. December 1927.
- No. 24. The poultry industry; a selected list of references on the economic aspects of the industry, 1920-1927. February 1928.
- No. 25. Taxation and the farmer; a selected and annotated bibliography. June 1928.

- No. 26. Labor requirements of farm products in the United States. April 1929.
- No. 27. Agricultural relief; a selected and annotated bibliography. June 1929.
- No. 28. The strawberry industry in the United States; a selected list of references on the economic aspects of the industry. September 1929.
- No. 29. Valuation of real estate, with special reference te farm real estate. November 1929.
- No. 50. Large scale and corporation farming; a selected list of references. November 1929.
- No. 31. California; an index to the State sources of agricultural statistics. Part I. - Fruits, vegetables and nuts; an index to the official sources. Sections 1 and 2. January 1930; Part II. -Crops other than fruits, vegetables and nuts; an index to the official cources. June 1930; Part III. - Livestock and livestock products; an index to the official sources. January 1931; Part IV. -Land, farm property, irrigation, and miscellaneous items; an index to the official sources. April 1931; Part V. - an index to some unofficial sources. February 1930.
- No. 32. Rural standards of living; a selected bibliography. August 1930. (Superseded by Hiscellaneous Publication 116.)
- No. 33. Wheat; cost of production, 1923-1930. References relating to the United States and some foreign countries. January 1931.
- No. 34. Business and banking periodicals reviewing the business situation. August 1931.
- No. 35. Switzerland; a guide to official statistics on agriculture, population, and food supply. March 1932.
- No. 36. The grape industry; a selected list of references on the economic aspects of the industry in the United States, 1920-1931. Morch 1932.
- No. 37. Advantages and disadvantages of country life. May 1952.
- No. 38. List of State official serial publications containing material on agricultural economics. July 1932.
- No. 39. Greece; a guide to official statistics of agriculture and food supply. October 1952.
- No. 40. Barter and scrip in the United States. February 1953.
- No. 41. The domestic allotment plans for the relief of agriculture. February 1933.

- No. 42. Measures taken by foreign countries to relieve agricultural indebtedness. March 1933.
- No. 43. Part-time farming; a brief list of recent references. February 1933.
- No. 44. Uses for cotton; selected references in the English language. November 1932.
- No. 45. State measures for the relief of agricultural indebtedness, 1932 and 1933. March 1933.
- No. 46. Group and chain farming in the United States, January 1930-March 1933; with some references to group farming in foreign countries. March 1933.
- No. 47. Farm mortgages in the United States; selected references... January 1928-April 1933. May 1933.
- No. 48. Price analysis; selected references on supply and demand curves and related subjects, January 1928-June 1933. September 1933.