

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

## This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

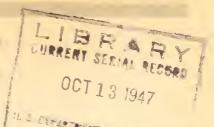
AgEcon Search
<a href="http://ageconsearch.umn.edu">http://ageconsearch.umn.edu</a>
<a href="mailto:aesearch@umn.edu">aesearch@umn.edu</a>

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

#### Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





# FARM LEASE



leases can lead to better understanding and closer cooperation between landowners and tenants. Such leases can also mean improved tenant farming, soil conservation, more food production, and higher farm incomes.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Extension Service in cooperation with

Bureau of Agricultural Economics

Miscellaneous Publication No. 627

June 1947

# FLEXIBLE FARM LEASE

ua		y,
, 19, between		1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY—The landlord hereby leases to the tenant, to occupy and use for agricular and related purposes, the following-described property, located in County,
., 19	(Address)	oy and use
		it, to occul
I	of	1. Description of Property—The landlord hereby leases to the tenant, and related purposes, the following-described property, located in ate of
day of	, landlord, of	y leases to property,
İ		lord hereb
sir		The land
THIS LEASE is entered into this		ROPERTY.
ASE is ente		rtion of P
THIS LE		1. Descriral and rela
	To To	ra

acres, more or less, together with all buildings and improvements thereon and all rights thereto appertaining. (All this property together is hereinafter referred to as the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the farm, has the right to give the tenant possession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remains in effect, warrant and defend the tenant's possession against any and all persons whomsoever

, 19 , and this lease shall continue in effect from year to year thereafter until written notice of termination is given by either party to the other on or before the , before expiration of this lease or any renewal. year , from 2. Term of Lease The term of this lease shall be

3. RENTAL RATES AND ARRANGEMENTS.

Opina A .- Crop-Share Rent, Standing Rent, Share-Cash Rent, or Per Acre Cash Rent (if this option is used, Option, B below must be stricken out). -As rent for the farm the tenant agrees to pay shares or quantities of chaps, shares of certain crops and cash on other land, or straight cash rent per acre as indicated in the table below.

# Essentials of a

# Describing the Property

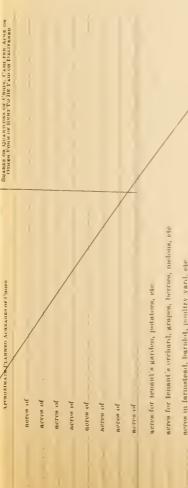
Every farm lease should indicate clearly what land is to be used by the tenant and what is reserved by the landlord. Give the name of the farm, its location with respect to the section, township, and range (where rectangular surveys have been made) or with regard to some well-known place (where land is described by metes and bounds), the name of the county and State, and the total acreage rented. Other property and equipment rented with the land should be briefly described. If some parts of the farm or buildings are not rented, it is simpler to specify the few items or buildings are not rented, it is simpler to specify the few items reserved from use than to describe the many items that are leased. Restrictions may vary from farm to farm; for instance, there may be limits in the use that the tenant may make of standing timber.

# Stable and Secure Occupancy

Steady long-term occupancy is desirable because it promotes sound long-time plans for crops, soil improvement, and the building-up of productive herds and flocks. A lease for 3 to 5 years, or one that continues in effect from year to year until written notice of termination is given, helps toward security.

An annual lease that terminates at the end of each year is hard on the tenant. It may give him no chance to finish the work he has started. Frequent moving is also costly in time and money to both landlord and tenant.

Where systems of farming demand long-time planning, long



several months in advance

teases tiave advantages especially with fivestock faining. It is tenant is a livestock farmer, it is often hard and costly for him to find another farm with barns and equipment that will suit In turn, the landlord whose farm and buildings have been developed for a certain kind and number of livestock may have trouble ocating a new tenant with the livestock, equipment, and ability necessary for the fullest use of the farm. The long term leave can provide for cancellation under certain conditions specified in the lease. It should also provide for automatic continuation when the term is up unless adequate written notice of termination is given Many of the advantages of a long-term lease may be obtained under leases for short terms if these leases have provisions for automatic renewal. Under a lease that specifies automatic re newal, the agreement continues from year to year unless notice o termination effective at the end of the crop year is given in writing The period of notice usually should be at least 4 to 6 months-ir many instances it may well be 9 to 12 months before the begin ning of the next lease year. Adequate advance notice of termina tion will benefit both landlord and tenant. The tenant may hav

Problem N. V. & p. dear Dead, resident that the control of the problem of the control of the con

by mutual agreement and shall be determined from your to your upon the basis of a sound plan for this acreages for the first year of this leaso and that crop acreages and hivestock enterprises may be changed

It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table above are the approximate planned

of the farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (2)

NOTE. Planned nervage of each crop to be grown should be entered in column (1) and the acreages in this clean should total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The abare or amount to be paid as rest for each ensus should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If each rent is to be paid on certain crops or on certain pertina

toren pasture for authintence in entock and work alock

acres of timber and waster land in farm Total agree in farm rented to tenant

farm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rent indicated in column (2) will be paid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the rent is may able.

Option B. Lampsonn each rent (if this option is used, Option A above must be stricken out, but the table may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon) As rent for the furm the tenant agrees dollars (\$ Payment of rent. ( rop rents will be delivered at (place) to pay the total sum of

at the time of hurvest or as follows (time) Cash rent will be paid at (place)

Instead of considering custom alone in deciding on the renta rate the contribution that each party will make should be consid ered carefully. The reliability of the tenant and his willingnes and ability to work efficiently, as well as the productivity of the land and usability of the improvements, should be considered.

A fair division of farm income between landlord and tenant i

time to find a satisfactory farm and the landlord may have

thance to get a capable tenant

Equitable Rental Rates

the most difficult and the most important single aspect of a farm rental agreement

sells the tenant for definite considerations the right to farm the land and use the buildings for a certain time. Care should be taken to decide as accurately as possible the correct value of this

A farm lease is an agreement whereby the landlord, in effect, at the t me of

4. FARM OPERATION:

marketing or as follows (time)

(a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all labor, seed for ordinary crops, work stock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary operating expenses. (Excep-



the

#### FLEXIBLE FARM LEASE

acres of acres for tenant's probators, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock. acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant NOTE—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in col mold total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The sha rop should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If tash rent is to be per the farm, the rates abould be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table creages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and live y mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year uporarm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A able may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon) —As to pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  ash rent will be paid at (place)  narketing or as follows (time)  4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all stock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Operation Equipment and Expenses  Limb.  Correspondent Treaset  Unexample Equipment and Expenses  Correspondent Treaset  Limb.  Fertiliser.	e tenant, to occupy and use for a sted in
and consisting of acres, more or less, together thereon and all rights thereto appertaining. (All this property, local State of acres of the search of the frame.) The landford warrants that he is the owner of the fapossession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remaintenant's possession against any and all persons whomsoever.  2. Term of Lease.—The term of this lease shall be yea any will, so long as this lease shall thereafter until written notice of termination is given by either day of (Maria).  3. Rental Rayes and Abenacements. (June).—As rent for the farm quantities of chaps, shares of certain crops and cash on other land, cated in the table below.  4. Political Carrier of acres	r with all buildings and improver ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defemant, from all continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optimate the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
and consisting of acres, more or less, together thereon and all rights thereto appertaining. (All this property to the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the fapossession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remaintenant's possession against any and all persons whomsoever.  2. Team of Lease.—The term of this lease shall be yea and the lease shall be yea and will, so long as this lease shall thereafter until written notice of termination is given by either day of holds and the state of termination is given by either day of holds and the state of termination is given by either day of holds and the state of the state o	r with all buildings and improver ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defemant, from all continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optimate the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
and consisting of acres, more or less, together thereon and all rights thereto appertaining. (All this property to the "farm.") The landlord warranis that he is the owner of the far possession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remain temant's possession against any and all persons whomsoever.  2 Team of Lease — The term of this lease shall be — yea 19	ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defender., from a continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
thereon and all rights thereto appertaning. (All this property to the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the fossession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remain prosession under this lease and legerons whomsoever.  2. Term of Lease. The term of this lease shall be	ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defender., from a continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
hereon and all rights thereto appertaning. (All this property is the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the foossession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remain enant's possession against any and all persons whomsoever.  2. Trent of Lease. The term of this lease shall be	ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defender., from a continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
hereon and all rights thereto appertaning. (All this property is the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the foossession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remain enant's possession against any and all persons whomsoever.  2. Trent of Lease. The term of this lease shall be	ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defender., from a continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
thereon and all rights thereto appertaning. (All this property to the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the fossession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remain prosession under this lease and legerons whomsoever.  2. Term of Lease. The term of this lease shall be	ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defender., from a continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
hereon and all rights thereto appertaning. (All this property to the "farm.") The landlord warrants that he is the owner of the facesession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remainers possession against any and all persons whomsever.  2. Trent of Lease. The term of this lease shall be	ogether is hereinafter referred arm, has the right to give the tens in effect, warrant and defender., from a continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as
possession under this lease and will, so long as this lease remains possession against any and all persons whomsoeyer—  2. Term of Lease. The term of this lease shall be	ns in effect, warrant and defender., from  I continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optime the tenant agrees to pay share, or straight cash rent per acre as  OTHER FORM OF HEAT TO DE PAID OF DELIVER.
2. Term of Lease The term of this lease shall be yea 19 1, to 19 1, and this lease shall be reafter until written notice of termination is given by either day of	l continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optim the tenant agrees to pay shar, or straight cash rent per acre as  BRAINED OR QUASTITIES OF CROIM, CASO PER ACOUNTY FOR ACCOUNTY TO HE PAIR OR DELIVERY TO H
hereafter until written notice of termination is given by either day of	I continue in effect from year to party to the other on or beforease or any renewal.  Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optim the tenant agrees to pay shar, or straight cash rent per acre as  One of Cash Rent (if this optim the tenant agrees to pay shar, or straight cash rent per acre as
Age of the state o	Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optim the tenant agrees to pay shar, or straight cash rent per acre as  On Straight Cash rent per acre as OTHER TO BE PAIR OF DELIVER.
S. RENTAL RATES AND ARRANCEMENTS.  Option A.—Crop-Share Reat, Standing Rent, Share-Cash Rent, or used, Option B. Below must be stricken out).—As rent for the farr quantities of crops, shares of certain crops and cash on other land, cated in the table below.  APPENDIATE PLANTE ACRESS OF CROPS  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total scres in farm rented to tenant  NOTE—Planned arreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The share proper largue aloued be entered on the proper lines in coloum (2). It is agreed that the acreages indicated in coloumn (1) of the table farm, the pairs about the entered on the proper lines in coloum (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in coloumn (1) of the table farm, the pairs about the entered on the proper lines in coloum (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in coloumn (1) of the table farm, the pairs about the entered on the proper lines in coloum (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in coloumn (1) of the table farm, the further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rad upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash erent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all cock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of the proper lines of the proper lines and the	Per Acre Cash Rent (if this optim the tenant agrees to pay shar, or straight cash rent per acre as  BRARES OF QUANTITIES OF CASE, CASE FEE A DELIVER FORM OF RENT TO BE PAIR OR DELIVE
used, Option-B below must be stricken out).—As rent for the farry quantities of crops, shares of certain crops and cash on other land, cated in the table below.    APPENDIATE ASSESSED ASSESSED CROPS	m the tenant agrees to pay shar, or straight cash rent per acre as  on straight cash rent per acre as  on one of the cash of t
acres of tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Note.—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shalp aloud be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If each rent is to be performed to the farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and if mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upor mill to the farm, the rates about the time of the farm of the states of the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and line properties of the states of the states of the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and lines are acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lumpsum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary operating equipment and wi	SEALES ON QUANTUMS OF CROTH, CAME FEE AN OTHER FORM OF REST TO BE PAID OR DELITE
acres of security processes of the security of the sec	
acres of tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres in farmstead, baralot, poultry yard, etc. acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock. acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in coloud total approximately the acreage of land swallable on the farm. The shape part of the farm the rates about the acreages indicated in coloumn (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and lives are the farm and shall be determined from year to year uporm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) ash rent will be paid at (place) arketing or as follows (time)  4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary operating equipment and will pay al	
acres of acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres in farmstend, barnlot, poultry yard, etc. acres in farmstend, barnlot, poultry yard, etc. acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant  Note.—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colonid total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shape should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be perfect that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the tablurages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and ill mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upprimed. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—Aspay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) ash rent will be paid at (place) ash rent will be read at the table below and contributions of olumn):  OFERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ord one and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of olumn):  OFERATION EQUIPMENT AND EXPENSES  OFERATION EQUIPMENT AND EXPENSES  OFERATION Equipment and harvesting at the proper time and husbane eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husbane eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and all husbane eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time.	
acres of acres of acres of acres of acres of acres of acres for tenant's garden, potatoes, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock. acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shapp should be entered on the proper lines in coloumn (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in coloumn (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and limitual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upo tron. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all ock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ord ons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, according to the stock of the	
acres of acres of acres of acres of acres of acres for tenant's garden, potatoes, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shapp should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be per the farm, the rates abould be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and lineary mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upo tronger. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all ock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ord ons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of lumn):  **Correctors**  Correctors**  Operation Equipment and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper live; and husbaneeding, cultivating, and	
acres of acres for tenant's garden, potatoes, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc. acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant  Note—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colonid total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shape should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be perfect that the tenant will be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and line mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year uporm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon)—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all observations and appeal items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of observations.  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban ertiliser.  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban ertiliser.	
acres of  acres for tenant's garden, potatoes, etc.  acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock.  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shap should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be pasted farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and line in mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upperm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon) —As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all lock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of olumn):  Operating Equipment and Education and hyperating equipment and will pay all ordons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of olumn):  Operating Equipment and hyperating at the proper time and hyperate and hype	
acres for tenant's garden, potatoes, etc.  acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock.  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The sharp should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be pt the farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and limit is garden that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and limit is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all ock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of olumn):  OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND EXEMBED  Correspondent for the proper time and husban entilled.	<del>\</del>
acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres in farmstead, barnlot, poulity yard, etc.  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in coloridated total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The sharp should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and in mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year uporm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all looks, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ord one, and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of olumn):  Operating Equipment and Esperates  Contributed Tenant  Landard Tenant  Operating Equipment and husban entiliser.  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban entiliser.	<del>\</del>
acres for tenant's orchard, grapes, berries, melons, etc.  acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock.  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in coloured total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The sharp should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and in mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year uporm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rad upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  ash rent will be paid at (place)  ash rent will be paid at (place)  arketing or as follows (time)  4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary on a sharp of the provided the tenant will contributions of column):  OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND EASTERNES  Correspond Trenant  Landard Trenant  OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND EASTERNES  Correspond Trenant  OPERATING Equipment and husban ending outlivating, and harvesting at the propert time and husban ending, cultivating, and harvesting at the propert time and husban ending, cultivating, and harvesting at the propert time and husban ending, cultivating, and harvesting at the propert time and husban ending, cultivating, and harvesting at the propert time and husban ending, cultivating, and harvesting at the propert time and husban ending, cultivating, and harvesting at the properties.	
acres pasture for subsistence livestock and work stock.  acres of timber and waste land in farm.  Total acres in farm rented to tenant  Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shan op should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If each rent is to be per the farm, the rates abould be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table treages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and liver mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upourn. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ord tons and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting-ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  OPERATION EQUIPMENT AND EXPENSES  Landlerd Tenant  Tenant  OPERATION EQUIPMENT AND EXPENSES  Landlerd Tenant  OPERATION Equipment  OPERATION Equipm	
Total acres in farm rented to tenant.  Note—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The sha op should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be put the farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table treages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and line mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upour m. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon) —As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  ash rent will be paid at (place)  ash rent will be paid at (place)  arketing or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Correspondent for the tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the properties and in the stable below and contributions of column.	
Nore—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colould total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shalop should be entered opposite the errop in column (2). If cash rent is to be particle farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (2). It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and line in mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upour m. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of rend upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  The time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Operating Equipment and Expenses  Landlard Texast  Operating Equipment and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time.	
Note—Planned acreage of each crop to be grown should be entered in colonal total approximately the acreage of land available on the farm. The shad op should be entered opposite the crop in column (2). If cash rent is to be pto the farm, the rates should be entered on the proper lines in column (2).  It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and line and the farm agreement and shall be determined from year to year upour m. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon) —As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting reactors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  **Correspondent**  Correspondent**  Correspondent**  Operation Equipment**  Different**  Operation Equipment**  Operation Equipment**  Operation Equipment**  Indianal Tenant**  Operation Equipment**  Operat	
Tt is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and lift mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upourm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A ble may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  A. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinars and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  OPERATION EQUIPMENT AND EXPENSES  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban eeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the property in the property and harvesting at the property in the property i	lumn (1) and the acreams in this co
It is agreed that the acreages indicated in column (1) of the table reages for the first year of this lease and that crop acreages and lift year untual agreement and shall be determined from year to year upourm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A able may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  It the time of harvest or as follows (time)  Cash rent will be paid at (place)  Cash rent will pay all ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinary and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Correspondent Equipment and Exercises  Correspondent  C	re or amount to be paid as rent for aid on certain crops or on certain por
y mutual agreement and shall be determined from year to year up arm. It is further agreed that the shares of crops or the rates of raid upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A able may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As to pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  It the time of harvest or as follows (time)  Cash rent will be paid at (place)  Cash rent will pay all ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinants and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Corrections Equipment and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husband beeding.	la whome and the annual and all
and upon the acreages actually grown as determined at the time the Option B.—Lump-sum cash rent (if this option is used, Option A able may be used to outline crops and acreages agreed upon).—As a pay the total sum of  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  Cash rent will be paid at (place)  marketing or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinars and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Operations Equipment and Equipment and the Contribute and Contributions of Contribute and Contri	ivestock enterprises may be chan
Department of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place)  the time of harvest or as follows (time)  Cash rent will be paid at (place)  marketing or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (u) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinans and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Operating Equipment and Expresses  Contributions  Tenant  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding.	no ront is naushlo
Payment of rent.—Crop rents will be delivered at (place) t the time of harvest or as follows (time)  Cash rent will be paid at (place) marketing or as follows (time)  4. Farm Operation:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinas and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  Operations Equipment and Expresses  Contributions  Tenant  Operations Equipment  Lime  Fertiliser.  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding.	ment for the form the towns to
Cash rent will be paid at (place) narketing or as follows (time)  4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all stock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinas and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND EMPRINES  Lime.  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding.	_ dollars (\$) per y
4. FARM OPERATION:  (a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinas and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND EMPRESSA  Lime  Fertiliser.  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and husban seeding.	
4. FARM OPERATION:  (u) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinas and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, ractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):  OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND EMPERATES  CONTENSION ST.  Landlerd Tenant  OPERATING EQUIPMENT  Landlerd Tenant  OPERATING EQUIPMENT  OPERATING EQUIPMENT  Landlerd Tenant  OPERATING EQUIPMENT  OPERATING EQUIPMENT  Landlerd Tenant  OPERATING EQUIPMENT  Landlerd Tenant	1. (2. 12.
(a) Except as otherwise provided the tenant will contribute all tock, tractors, and ordinary operating equipment and will pay all ordinars and special items such as seed for special crops, harvesting, tractors, etc., should be listed in the table below and contributions of column):    OPERATING EQUIPMENT AND ESTREMAND   CONTRIBUTION ST.	
Companie Equipment and Espenses  Companie Equipment and Espenses  Lime  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proposition and in the same and contributions of the column in the column.	labor seed for ordinary area.
Correspond and Contributions of Contributions	linary operating expenses. (Exc
Lime  Lime  (b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban seeding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time.	each party indicated in the pro
(b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban	ONT AND EXPENSES LADSSORT TORSE
(b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban	
(b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban	
(b) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban	
(6) The tenant will operate the farm in an efficient and husban edding, cultivating, and harvesting at the proper time and in the panure available on the farm. This will include the following special control of the following special control of the farm.	
anure available on the farm. This will include the following spec	ndlike manner, will perform plow
	cific provisions (if any):
(c) The tenant or the parties jointly may engage in the comme tock products on the farm under the following arrangements and cound of livestock in the first two columns and in the receiving	
ind of livestock in the first two columns and in the remaining column if jointly indicate the shares or divisions, as "50-50" or "L 1/3-T	rcial production of livestock or l
	onditions: (Indicate the number :
kept on farm be kept December of the feet veterinary Own	onditions: (Indicate the number : nns insert "Landlord" or "Tena 2/2," etc.)
	onditions: (Indicate the number : nns insert "Landlord" or "Tena 2/3," etc.)  Distriction of Division RECEITS FROM Interest to berd  Livetory sale, Sales of live
	onditions: (Indicate the number a mass insert "Landlord" or "Tena 2/3," etc.)  Distriction of Division Receives From Receives From
	onditions: (Indicate the number : nns insert "Landlord" or "Tena 2/3," etc.)  Distriction of Division RECEITS FROM Interest to berd  Livetory sale, Sales of live
Feed produced on the farm and fed to the livestock listed above ercent by the tenant and	onditions: (Indicate the number : nns insert "Landlord" or "Tena 2/3," etc.)  Distriction of Division RECEITS FROM Interest to berd  Livetory sale, Sales of live
The same of the sa	mus insert "Landlord" or "Tena  2/3," etc.)  Districtions of Division Receives From  Livestock sales Sales of live revolutes  will be contributed
percent by the landlord.	Indicate the number : nns insert "Landlord" or "Tena 2/3," etc.)  Distrissions on Division Receives From Livestock sales Sales of lives products
vestock production (if any)	mus insert "Landlord" or "Tena  2/3," etc.)  Districtions of Division Receives From  Livestock sales Sales of live revolutes  will be contributed

# Essentials of a Good Farm Lease

#### Describing the Property

Every farm lease should indicate clearly what land is to be used by the tenant and what is reserved by the landlord. Give the name of the farm, its location with respect to the section, township, and range (where rectangular surveys have been made) or with regard to some well-known place (where land is described by metes and bounds), the name of the county and State, and the total acreage rented. Other property and equipment rented with the land should be briefly described. If some parts of the farm or buildings are not rented, it is simpler to specify the few items reserved from use than to describe the many items that are leased. Restrictions may vary from farm to farm; for instance, there may be limits in the use that the tenant may make of standing timber.

#### Stable and Secure Occupancy

Steady long-term occupancy is desirable because it promotes sound long-time plans for crops, soil improvement, and the building-up of productive herds and flocks. A lease for 3 to 5 years, or one that continues in effect from year to year until written notice of termination is given, helps toward security.

An annual lease that terminates at the end of each year is hard on the tenant. It may give him no chance to finish the work he has started. Frequent moving is also costly in time and money to both landlord and tenant.

Where systems of farming demand long-time planning, long leases have advantages—especially with livestock farming. If the tenant is a livestock farmer, it is often hard and costly for him to find another farm with barns and equipment that will suit. In turn, the landlord whose farm and buildings have been developed for a certain kind and number of livestock may have trouble locating a new tenant with the livestock, equipment, and ability necessary for the fullest use of the farm. The long-term lease can provide for cancellation under certain conditions specified in the lease. It should also provide for automatic continuation when the term is up unless adequate written notice of termination is given several months in advance.

Many of the advantages of a long-term lease may be obtained under leases for short terms if these leases have provisions for automatic renewal. Under a lease that specifies automatic renewal, the agreement continues from year to year unless notice of termination effective at the end of the crop year is given in writing. The period of notice usually should be at least 4 to 6 months-in many instances it may well be 9 to 12 months-before the beginning of the next lease year. Adequate advance notice of termination will benefit both landlord and tenant. The tenant may have time to find a satisfactory farm and the landlord may have a chance to get a capable tenant.

#### Equitable Rental Rates

A fair division of farm income between landlord and tenant is the most difficult and the most important single aspect of a farm rental agreement.

Instead of considering custom alone in deciding on the rental rate the contribution that each party will make should be considered carefully. The reliability of the tenant and his willingness and ability to work efficiently, as well as the productivity of the land and usability of the improvements, should be considered.

A farm lease is an agreement whereby the landlord, in effect, sells the tenant for definite considerations the right to farm the land and use the buildings for a certain time. Care should be taken to decide as accurately as possible the correct value of this

#### Efficient Farm Operation

A harmonious landlord-tenant relationship often depends on whether the farm is earning a good income for both parties. I the returns are reasonably satisfactory, the landlord is generally willing and able to make repairs and improvements, and the tenant is likely to do his best to improve his farming. Therefore, it is important that the lease provide for the farm-management practices that will encourage production of good crops and livestock at relatively low cost to both.

Maintaining the productivity of the farm and providing, so far as practicable, enough feed for livestock should be considered in deciding about the farming. The cropping should be based on approved and accepted farm-management principles that will safeguard the soil fertility and lead to efficient use of the tenant's machinery and equipment. It may be well to make out a simple farm plan, taking into account the contributions made by each party and the expected returns. This plan may be useful in developing a good combination of enterprises and a good balance suited to the particular farm and to the tenant's abilities, equipment, and livestock.

Efficient use of the work the tenant and his family will supply needs to be kept in mind when planning for the livestock. If only crops are grown, there may be several slack times during the year when some of the family workers haven't much to do. If certain livestock are raised the work time of the family can be used to better advantage. Periods when the most work will be necessary for the livestock may be planned so that they will come when crop work is slack. For example, on a farm where growing corn is the chief thing, the tenant may want to feed hogs or beef cattle, in order to keep his workers busy during the winter. In dairying, on the other hand, there is fairly constant work throughout the

#### Providing for Improvements

Definite details as to the labor and materials to be furnished in maintaining the land and improvements should be clearly indicated in the lease. Improvements beyond ordinary repairs are supposed to add to the value of the farm; and most of their cost generally is paid by the landlord. But if the rent is not to be increased after the improvements are made, a tenant may agree to help with the improvements, particularly if he has asked to have them made. In many cases, the landlord furnishes all the materials used, together with all the skilled labor, and the tenant furnishes the unskilled labor.

Tenants are not inclined to make improvements when they have no assurance that they will be permitted to remain on the farms long enough to gain full benefits of the improvements. This may be overcome if the landlord agrees to pay the tenant for the unexhausted value of certain improvements added by the tenant and left on the farm when the lease ends. This is particularly necessary in a year-to-year lease. If the tenant is expected to farm in a way that will increase rather than decrease the fertility of the soil and the value of the improvements, he needs to know that he can get back a fair amount of what he has spent on the farm when

Temporary fences, small buildings, and devices for supplying water may be needed if livestock is to be kept. Keeping livestock and the application of fertilizer and manure are important in conserving the soil and increasing the farm's productivity. Certain mprovements, such as fertilizer and manure applied to the soil, have both a short- and a long-time value to the farm. When these improvements are made by a tenant who is required to leave the farm before he has benefited from them fully, he should be compensated by the landlord for the value remaining on the farm.

#### Cooperating in Agricultural Programs •

The landlord and tenant should agree to cooperate, when it is practicable for them to do so, in any suitable soil conservation, production-adjustment, or other programs that will help agriculture. Long leases could provide for modifying certain items from time to time, to fit the progress of such programs. It should be agreed, in the lease, that any cash or other benefits received from such a program will be divided between landlord and tenant in the way prescribed by the law that sets up the program, and each party should contribute fairly in the program work. If the tenant farms in such a way as to get the highest payment under a soil conservation program, a change may be necessary in the farm plan, for more livestock may need to be kept in order to make good use of all the legumes and other soil-conserving crops.

#### Agreeing on Specific Items

Each party assumes the responsibilities outlined in the lease. It is essential that the duties of each be thoroughly understood beforehand. Tenant and landlord must remember that their obligations are for the benefit of both, and that faithful doing of duties will leave little room for disagreements or disputes. The most necessary condition in good landlord-tenant relations is an attitude of fairness and a willingness "to meet the other party

The tenant of a farm that is for sale is often in a risky spot, so he needs to know that his rights will be recognized by any new owner. He should not have to move before the end of the crop year, but if he consents to move before his lease ends the owner should be obligated to pay him in some way for his interest in any growing crops. In addition, the landlord should pay the tenant/ for any unusual costs that are brought about by an early end of the lease. The tenant's claim for compensation for the unexhausted value of improvements can be handled in the same way as if the lease had ended in the regular way.

As the landlord provides the land, buildings, and other improvements, it is necessary for him to retain the right of going on the farm at any reasonable time to see how the property is being used and to make repairs. This may also include the right to make new improvements, to spread fertilizer, and to establish works of soil and water conservation, either personally or by his agents or

Likewise, the tenant should agree not to subjet any part of the farm without the consent of the landlord. And it is just as important that the landlord give assurance that he will not assign the lease unless the tenant agrees. If it is mutually agreed that an assignment is to be made, probably some adjustments in the terms of the lease will be necessary.

#### Settling Misunderstandings

So far as possible, it is desirable to foresee the points over which there might be disagreement and to have a clear understanding about them when the lease is made. But if a disagreement arises which cannot be settled by talking it over together the most practicable way of settling it is to leave the decision to an arbitration committee. This committee may be composed of three persons: One chosen by the tenant, one by the landlord, and a third chosen by the other two members. None of these three persons should be related to the tenant or the landowner or have any interest, directly or indirectly, in the questions to be decided. It would be well for the third member to have some experience as an appraiser or in similar work. In most situations, arbitration is preferable to court action, because court costs are high, and the present court procedures are not well adapted to solving farm-leasing problems.

5. MAINTENANCE, REPAIRS, AND IMPROVEMENTS.

'Maintenance and Repairs:

(a) The landlord will place the farm in a habitable and tenantable condition at the beginning of the tenancy, and the tenant will maintain the farm during his tenancy in as good condition and repair as at the beginning, normal wear and depreciation from causes beyond the tenant's control excepted. The following repairs and improvements will be made by the landlord and completed by the date indicated

(b) The landlord will furnish materials for normal maintenance and repairs made by the tenant, and the tenant will haul such materials and will perform or furnish necessary labor for normal maintenance and repairs except that necessary skilled labor which the tenant is unable to perform satisfactorily will be furnished by the landlord.

(c) Authorization.—The tenant may, without further authorization from the landlord, purchase materials for necessary repairs or improvements in a total amount not exceeding within each year and will be credited or compensated by the landlord for the amount of expenditures so made but not in excess of the amount specified. Specific materials agreed upon under this provision are

(d) If the dwelling or other necessary building shall be destroyed or damaged by fire, flood, or other cause beyond the control of the tenant, the landlord will promptly replace or repair such building.

New Improvements:

(e) Improvements of a permanent nature which the landlord customarily provides.—The making of new improvements which become a permanent part of the property is customarily and properly the responsibility of the landlord. If the tenant shall, at his own expense and with authorization from the landlord, make any permanent improvement such as new buildings, major additions or repairs to the buildings, new fences, wells, water or sewage systems, permanent household fixtures, ponds or lakes, drainage or terrace systems, or other improvements of this type, the tenant will be compensated by the landlord for the cost of such improvement, including the value of the tenant's own labor.

(f) Improvements which the landlord and tenant customarily make jointly.—The making of improvements the benefits of which are realizable jointly over a period of several years is customarily and properly the responsibility of the two parties jointly. If the tenant shall, at his own expense and with authorization from the landlord, make any improvement of this nature such as the planting of orchards or vineyards or farm woodlots, the establishment of permanent meadows or pastures, the application of lime or phosphate or slag or other improvement of this type, the tenant will be compensated by the landlord for the landlord's customary share of the cost of such improvement. If, after the tenant has made any improvement in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section, this lease shall be terminated or shall expire before the tenant his received compensating benefit for his portion of the cost of any such improvement made by him, the tenant will be credited or compensated by the landlord for the tenant's share of the unrealized portion of the value of such improvement.

(g) Minor improvements.—Minor improvements of a temporary or removable nature which do not mar the condition or appearance of the farm may be made by the tenant at his own expense and upon his own responsibility. The tenant may, at any time this l

removed.

(h) Soil-conserving and soil-improving practices.—If the tenant shall, with the knowledge and consent (h) Soil-conserving and soil-improving practice at his own expense, other than of the landlord, carry out any soil-conserving or soil-improving practice at his own expense, other than those specified in (e) or (f) above, and if this lease shall be terminated or shall expire before compensating benefit of such improvement made by the tenant has been received by him, the tenant will be credited or compensated by the landlord for the unrealized value of such improvement.

6. GOVERNMENTAL AGRICULTURAL PROCRAMS.

If the parties participate, with respect to the farm, in any applicable agricultural conservation, soil conservation, or other governmental program designed to aid agriculture, modifications in this lease may be agreed upon from time to time which are necessary to conform with such program. It is understood that any cash or other benefits received for participation in any such program must be divided between the two parties as provided in such program. Any allotment made to or properly belonging to the land covered by this lease shall be available to the tenant and if in any such program the land covered by this lease is treated as part of a larger tract the tenant shall receive his proportionate share of acreage allotments, payments, or other benefits and in like manner shall contribute his proportionate part in fulfilling the requirements of such program.

(a) He will not assign this lease or sublet any portion of the farm without the consent of the land-

(b) He will permit the landlord or his agent to enter the farm at any reasonable time for repairs, improvements, and inspection.

(c) He will not commit waste on or damage to the farm or permit others to do so.

(d) He will yield possession of the farm at the end of the term of this lease or any renewal or exten-

8. It Is ACREED THAT: (a) In the event of the death of either party this lease may be terminated by written notice given by the party desiring to terminate the lease to the other at least \_\_\_\_

before the end of the crop year.

(b) The tenant may use dead and unmarketable timber and other timber designated by the landlord for his own fuel, but the tenant shall cut no growing trees of value for fuel or other use and shall market no timber from the farm without the consent of the landlord.

(c) Willful neglect, failure, or refusal by either party to carry out any material provision of this lease shall give the other party the power to terminate the lease, in addition to the right to compensation for damages suffered by reason of such breach. Such termination shall become effective thirty (30) days after written notice of termination specifications. days after written notice of termination specifying the delinquency has been served on the delinquent party, unless during such thirty (30) day period the delinquent party has made up the delinquency. The landlord shall have the benefit of any summary proceedings provided by law for evicting the tenant upon termination under this paragraph, or at the end of the term.

(d) Arbitration.—Any differences between the parties under this lease, including the determination of valuations and matters herein left to subsequent agreement, shall be submitted for arbitration by a committee of three disinterested persons, one selected by each party hereto and the third by the two thus selected; and the desirior of such arbitration committee of the desirior of such arbitration committee of the desirior of such arbitration committee aball he accorded by both parties.

selected; and the decision of such arbitration committee shall be accepted by both parties.
<ol> <li>Additional Acreements (such as option to purchase farm, water rights, etc.—If space is insufficient</li> </ol>
write the desired provision on a strip of paper and paste in this space)

In Witness Whereof, the parties have signed this lease on the date first above w	ritten.
Witnesses as to both signatures:	

[SEAL]

ACKNOWLEDGMENT (proper form to be inserted):

BETWEEN	(Landord)	(Teasot)	(Common same or number of farm)	County	EPPECTIVE	. 19	., 19	, 19		T OF A and control of the office and refront the office from the riting the Washing	N. W. Gertherbart Printing Service - 16-1500.
			For	ц	State of	Prom	Po-	Renewed	Prom	5 5 5 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	9/8/8

### Your Farm Lease

By Max M. Tharp, Bureau of Agricultural Economics

When a farm owner and a tenant have the feeling that they are coworkers in a common enterprise they usually get on well together. Each knows that he must put forth his best efforts and must work with the other in a spirit that will benefit both of them. Both realize that the more the farm is made to produce, the more there is to divide between them. Both know that if the farm is to produce well, not only must good farm work be done under conditions favorable to the persons who do the work, but also the farm must be well kept and must be constantly improved. Such an understanding is easier as the landowner and tenant get to know each other better.

Next in importance is the contract or agreement which tells what the understanding is. It tells how the owner and the tenant are to work together. It outlines the duties and responsibilities of each, the part each is to contribute, and the share each is to take of what the farm earns or produces. Such a contract or agreement is called the farm lease.

In the lease, the farm owner agrees that the tenant shall have certain rights to occupy and use the farm for a specified length of time. Both owner and tenant accept certain duties and responsibilities. In addition to the usual items in the lease—like a description of the farm, time of occupancy, crops to be grown, and rent to be paid—it may cover any special understanding, or project, which the owner and the tenant have talked over and have decided to carry out. There may be arrangements for building fences, enlarging and improving the pasture, constructing terraces or drainage ditches, or other improvements. Details of such improvements usually can be worked out so that each party will be reasonably well satisfied and compensated for what he does.

Each lease must be adapted to the particular farm and to the needs and wishes of the owner and the renter. Your lease may be quite different from your neighbor's lease. Although the wording of the special details must be left to the individual owner and tenant, there are certain basic principles or essentials that go to make up a good lease. If you know what these things are you have the framework for drawing up a satisfactory rental agreement.

### Do You Know the Requirements of a Good Farm Lease?

One of the first requirements of a good farm lease is that it should be in writing. But three out of every four renters and landowners don't write out their agreements. No record is made of their understanding—the entire agreement is left to memory, and memories are often not reliable. After a few weeks or months, some of the things agreed upon are likely to be hazy. Some are forgotten. So misunderstandings often arise. Important points may have been overlooked in the short "talking over" of the agreement to rent. These points may be the very ones that may hurt the future relations between the two parties.

Just any kind of lease is not enough. There are good and bad kinds or forms of leases. Some leases have been written so that they give one party an unfair advantage over the other. A good lease should be written in clear understandable words and it should be fair to both parties. The lease should outline unmistakably all the important details that have to do with the farming, the contributions of each party, and the amount of rent to be paid in money or produce. It should give the tenant a chance to make an adequate living on the farm. It should set forth definite provisions with regard to maintenance, repairs, and improvements. And, finally, it should contain an agreement between the parties that they will arbitrate through the services of a third party any differences or disputes.

Of course, a *good* lease cannot take the place of a productive farm of a size that will mean efficient production. Neither can it take the place of an informed landlord and a capable tenant. But a written lease, to cover several years, that provides for an equitable rental and assures the tenant reasonable security and stability on the land will be a start toward improving tenant farming.

A good farm lease, of course, will benefit both parties. The points covered will help tenants to be better farmers and to take better care of the rented land and the improvements on it. Good leases often help tenant farmers to get larger incomes for both the tenants and their landlords because the work has been better planned. Is your lease a good farm lease?

Experience shows that a good written farm lease can protect the landowner's interests as well as the interests of the tenant. With a good written lease in hand a tenant can feel reasonably sure he can use the land for a specified time and reasonably sure he can use it in certain carefully planned ways. And so he can do a better job of farming. After all, that's the only way an owner can expect a tenant to take care of a farm as if it were his own—and that's the kind of tenant all owners want.

With experience gained over many years, the Department of Agriculture has developed three different lease forms. These printed forms, with blank spaces to be filled in, cover the essential points that most landlords and tenants want in their leases. Of course, they are for *general* use, and any particular details or special arrangements that a landlord and tenant may want must be written in. Spaces are provided for that, and at the end of each kind of lease there is a blank section where special agreements or arrangements, not printed in the lease form, can be added.

On the back of this folder you are reading—when it is fully opened—you will find a sample copy of the *Flexible Farm Lease*, with an explanation of its most important points printed alongside. It is appropriate for typical cash and crop-share renting.

Copies of this lease are available, free, from your county agent or the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. Other rental agreements and publications obtainable from the same addresses are: The Flexible Livestock Share Lease—for use in renting farms on a livestock-share basis; The Flexible Sharecropping Agreement—suitable for the sharecropping of cotton and tobacco in the South; Better Farm Leases, Farmers' Bulletin 1969; and Let's Talk About Farm Leases and How They Can Be Improved, DS-27.

Many of the State Agricultural Colleges have prepared excellent publications on farm leasing and they give lease forms. These may be better adapted to local conditions than the Department of Agriculture forms. Ask your county agent about them.

Even though you may find some other form that is better suited to your own needs than the sample lease explained on the back of this folder, you might find it helpful to study the main points of this one. You may wish to learn more about the basic principles or essentials of a good lease, mentioned near the beginning of this pamphlet. If you do, open up this folder, full size, and turn to the printed sample of the Flexible Farm Lease.

### Renting a Farm?

Many veterans and other prospective farmers may decide to begin farming as renters rather than buy farms at high prices. It takes less capital to begin farming as a renter. To invest a moderate amount in enough equipment and livestock for operating a full-sized rented unit may pay better than to buy an inadequate farm. And some may want to farm a while as renters in order to find out more about local farming conditions.

Most people who find farms for rent have worked on farms or have lived long enough in the county where they expect to farm to know how farming is carried on there. They find farms to rent by dealing directly with farm owners or through other local contacts. Anyone seeking a job on a farm or a farm to rent in a given county may get suggestions from the county agricultural agent at the county seat.

If you haven't decided on a definite location you may get general information about farming opportunities, farm jobs, and farms for rent in the various sections of any particular State by writing to the State Director of the Agricultural Extension Service, care of the State College of Agriculture. Addresses of the colleges and general information about kinds of farming in different parts of the United States, may be obtained from the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C.

Whether you own a place to rent or rent a place to farm, you should take care to get a good farm lease or rental agreement. The main purpose of this pamphlet is to aid those tenants and landowners who want to improve their rental agreements.