

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
http://ageconsearch.umn.edu
aesearch@umn.edu

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

Ag 84 Ah

New Index Numbers of



FARM MARKETINGS AND HOME CONSUMPTION

by Ernest W. Grove and Margaret F. Cannon

Agricultural Handbook No. 109

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service Washington, D. C.

July 1956

CONTENTS

r	Page
Purpose of the index numbers Description of results	1 1 5 6 7 8
CHARTS	
Total volume of farm marketings and home consumption	2 3 4 4 5
TABLES	
Farm marketings and home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by major subindexes, 1910-54	11 13 15 16 18
groups, 1910-54	19 20 21 22
ties, average 1947-49 Farm marketings and home consumption: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49	25 28
Farm marketings: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49. Home consumption: Percentage distribution of value and percentage of farm marketings and home consumption, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49	31

NEW INDEX NUMBERS OF FARM MARKETINGS AND HOME CONSUMPTION

by

Ernest W. Grove, Head, Farm Income Estimates Section, and
Margaret F. Cannon, Analytical Statistician,
Agricultural Marketing Service*

Purpose of the Index Numbers

This report presents a new index of the volume of farm marketings and home consumption. It provides for the first time a complete set of subindexes in this new series. And it gives detailed weight-period data on prices, quantities, and values underlying the index numbers.

The new index was designed as a summary measure of changes in the quantities included in the commodity elements of realized gross farm income. It covers all commodities included in gross farm income except those few that are estimated on a value basis and for which no quantity information is available. It includes quantities of farm products sold by farmers and also quantities consumed directly in farm households on farms where grown. These are usually referred to collectively as "home consumption."

Like gross farm income, new index numbers are available on a calendar-year basis back to 1910. There are three principal index series comprising (1) the volume of farm marketings, (2) the volume of home consumption, and (3) the volume of farm marketings and home consumption. In addition to these annual indexes, monthly index numbers have been prepared from 1947 to date for the marketings component.

The three principal indexes are divided into subindexes for all crops and all livestock and livestock products, and for each of the major crop and livestock commodity groups. A set of subindexes also provides a breakdown between food and nonfood commodities. The index for home consumption covers food products only, because no quantity data are available for fuel wood, the only nonfood home consumption item included in gross income.

Although measurement of the physical volume factor underlying gross income is the main purpose of the index, it also serves other purposes. One example is use of the marketings index as a measure of the total volume of farm products requiring transportation. Most important, however, the major subindex for food products serves as a measure of changes in food production on farms as indicated by farmers' sales and home consumption. The food index combines all farm products used primarily for food. It represents about three-fourths of the total index in terms of commodity coverage.

Current up-to-date index numbers in the marketings and home consumption series may be found in periodic issues of The Farm Income Situation and The National Food Situation. Every issue of The Farm Income Situation includes index numbers of the volume of marketings for the most recent months. These monthly index numbers are not adjusted for seasonal variation, but they make possible a useful comparison of the current situation with corresponding months of previous years. In addition, revised annual index numbers will be reported in The Farm Income Situation in September or October each year, along with preliminary indications for the current year.

Table 1 of The National Food Situation provides a regular up-to-date summary of the annual index numbers, including the total index for all commodities but with main emphasis naturally on the food subindexes. At regular intervals throughout the year, it includes preliminary index numbers for the year as a whole based on the latest crop production estimates and other available information. These are used as an indication of prospective food supplies for the year.

Description of Results

Changes over time in the index of the volume of farm marketings and home con-

^{*}With the assistance of Eunice P. James, Mildred E. Stringer, Frances A. Spafford, and Cerelda J. Davis.

sumption, and in its principal subindexes, are best summarized and interpreted with reference to the accompanying charts (figures 1 to 5). Figure 1 contrasts the movements in marketings and in home consumption in relation to the total index for the two combined. The volume of farm marketings has risen substantially during the last 45 years, and although volume of home consumption has declined, its weight in the total index is so small that the increase in volume of marketings plus home consumption has been only a little less than the increase in marketings alone. Total volume of farm

marketings has more than doubled since 1910, and the volume of farm marketings plus home consumption has increased 90 percent. More than half of the total increase occurred in the single decade 1935-45.

Total volume of farm food products consumed directly in farm households has declined rather steadily during the last 45 years, except for a sharp up-turn during the depression years of the early 1930's. The decline in home consumption of livestock products has been somewhat less marked than the decline in crops. Most of the drop in home consumption was associated with a

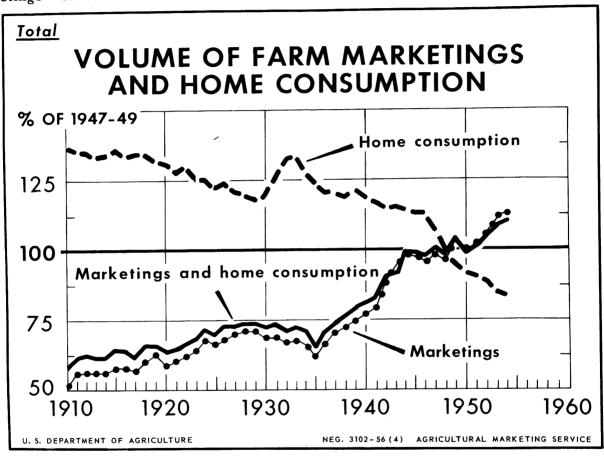


Figure 1

rapidly declining farm population. But some downward trend is evident in the volume of home consumption even after it is put on a per capita basis, so that part of the decline must be attributed to the increasing availability of foods for purchase by farm families, and perhaps also to an increase in their purchasing power.

Per capita volume of home consumption has declined about 10 percent since 1910 (figure 2). The increase in total home consumption during the early 1930's is only partly eliminated on a per capita basis, indicating some reversion to a dependence on home-produced food during depression years. An even sharper increase in per capita home consumption occurred during World War II, when availability of purchased food, especially livestock items, was limited by rationing.

Figure 2 also shows the volume of marketings plus home consumption per capita of the total population in the United States. Because of marked variation in export demand for farm products, changes in per capita total volume are not so readily interpreted as those in home consumption alone. However, the downward trend in per

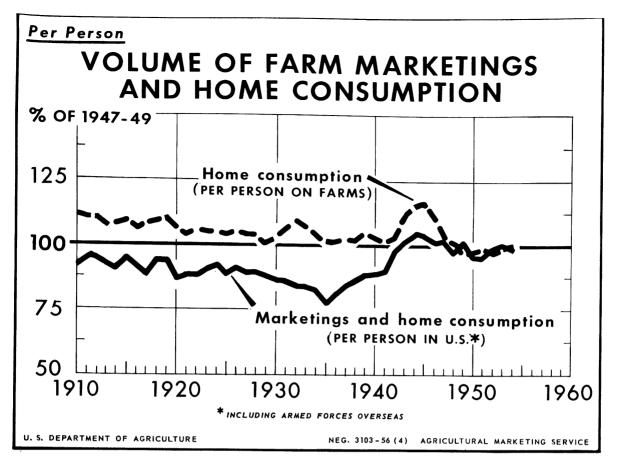


Figure 2

capita marketings and home consumption in the decade 1925-35 is noteworthy, as is the even sharper up-trend in the following decade. Perhaps the main conclusion to be drawn is that, on a per capita basis, volume of farm products tends to decline in response to a long-run decline in demand, and rises rapidly in response to a sustained increase in demand. Per capita volume of farm marketings and home consumption reached a peak in 1944, and during the next 10 years followed a slight downward trend. In its effects on farm prices and incomes, however, this recent decline was not enough to offset a sharp reduction in export demand for farm products since the war and early postwar period.

Trends in food and nonfood products in the index have been quite different (figure 3). Since 1910, volume of food marketings and home consumption has nearly doubled and has increased about 25 percent more than the volume of nonfood marketings. Volume of food products increased fairly steadily during the whole period, but the sharpest increase occurred in response to the increased demand for food during World War II. Volume of nonfood marketings

increased a little between 1910 and 1940, but rose about 50 percent after 1940.

Except for wool and a few minor items, the nonfood index is composed entirely of crops. These include cotton, tobacco, feed crops, legume and grass seeds, and oilbearing crops other than peanuts. Both seed and oil-crop groups have risen substantially during the last half century. The nonfood index is dominated by tobacco, feed crops, and cotton. Only moderate increases have occurred in tobacco and feed crops, primarily in the last 15 or 20 years. Cotton exhibits marked year-to-year fluctuations but hardly any long-term trend.

The volume of food crops marketed, on the whole, has increased somewhat more than that of nonfood crops. Consequently, the index for all crop marketings in figure 4 shows a slightly greater upward trend than the index for nonfood marketings in figure 3. Marketings of vegetables, fruits, food grains, and sugar crops all show some increase, the size varying from large to small in the order listed.

As shown in figure 4, marketings of livestock and livestock products have ex-

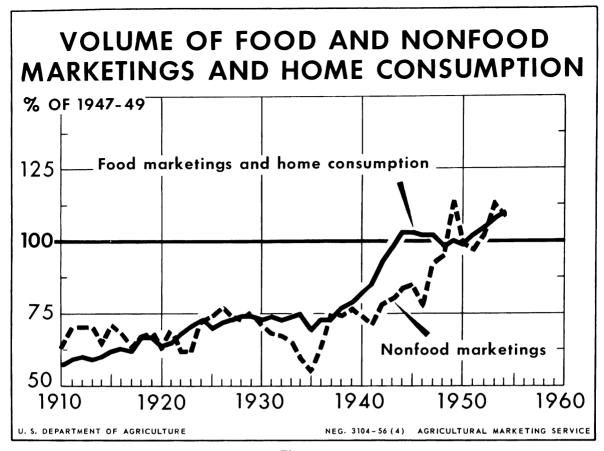


Figure 3

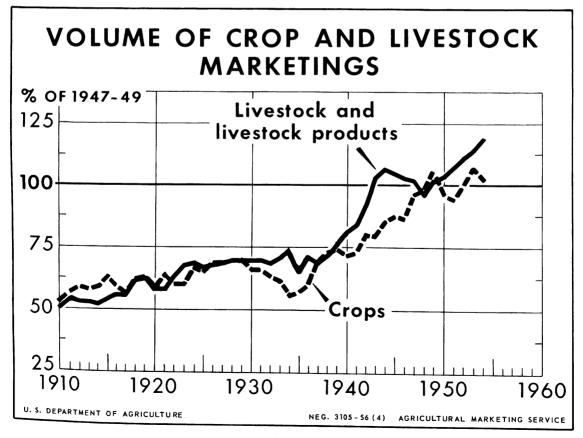


Figure 4

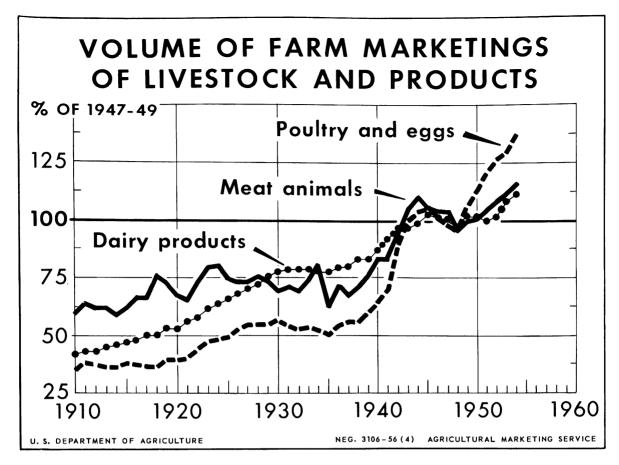


Figure 5

panded more rapidly than crop marketings. The increase was especially marked during World War II, a period in which there were large exports of meat and dairy products and some substitution of poultry for meat animals in the domestic market. Another sharp increase in the marketings of livestock and livestock products started in 1949 and continued without interruption to the present time.

Subindexes for crop marketings are too numerous and their movements too divergent for graphic summary, but major subindexes in the livestock group are readily summarized (figure 5). By far the largest increase was in poultry and eggs, for which total marketings almost quadrupled in the last 45 years. Almost three-fourths of this increase occurred after 1940, due in substantial part to the phenomenal increase in marketings of broilers. Dairy products show the second largest increase in the livestock group, with meat animals third. Marketings of dairy products rose fairly steadily during the last half century for a total increase of approximately 165 percent. The growth in sales of meat animals has been less steady and less rapid, but even so, they have about doubled since 1910.

Comparison with Other Volume Indexes

The new index replaces the previously used annual index of farm production for sale and home consumption. It differs from the old index in that: (1) The base period is shifted from 1935-39 to 1947-49; (2) more up-to-date price weights (1947-49) are used for the period since 1939; (3) the commodity coverage is increased; and (4) crops sold or consumed in the calendar year are included regardless of when they were produced. The old index of production for sale and home consumption included crops sold or consumed from the given year's production, although some of the sales and consumption actually extended into the next calendar year.

The monthly and annual index of the physical volume of farm marketings has also been replaced by the marketings component of the new index. The new marketings index differs from the old in the following details: (1) The base period is shifted from 1935-39 to 1947-49; (2) more up-to-date price weights are used for the period be-

ginning with 1940; (3) the commodity coverage is increased; (4) subindexes for food and nonfood commodities are provided; and (5) annual index numbers, previously available only back to 1929, are extended back to 1910.

The new index of marketings and home consumption differs in concept though not generally in commodity coverage from the index of farm output. The main difference is in year-to-year timing, for both indexes reflect long-run changes in farm production for human use. The farm-output index covers total production in the calendar year, including increases or decreases in the physical volume of farm inventories, as well as marketings and home consumption during the year. In years when farmers sell or consume more than they produce, the marketings-and-home-consumption index tends to be higher than the farm-output index; and conversely, it tends to be lower in years when farmers are building up their inventories.

An important aspect of this difference with respect to inventories is in the treatment of feed crops. The crop component of the farm-output index credits farm-produced feed in the year in which it was produced, and the livestock component is in terms of "product added" after a deduction for feed consumed by livestock. On the other hand, the marketings-and-home-consumption index includes only feed sold in its crop component and credits other feed indirectly in the form of livestock in the year the livestock is sold or consumed, which is usually the year following that in which the feed was produced. This difference in treatment obviously affects comparability of the separate crop and livestock components of the two indexes, but on an overall basis it is merely a special case of the major difference with respect to inventories. The farm-output index reflects net increases or decreases in numbers and weight of livestock on farms and increases or decreases in stocks of farm-produced feed; the marketings-and-home-consumption index excludes both.

In short, the farm-output index measures the volume of farm production when it is produced, whereas the new index reflects it only as it enters the marketing system in the form of sales by farmers or as direct consumption in farmers' households. But because of this characteristic of the new index, it is the more suitable one to use in analyses that relate to the marketing, transportation, or consumption of farm products.

Another new volume index prepared in the United States Department of Agriculture is the index of supply-utilization of all farm commodities. The production subindex of this supply-utilization index falls conceptually somewhere between the farm-output index and the marketings-and-home-consumption index, for its livestock component represents a net marketings concept, whereas its crop component covers total output. This index, combining output with marketings, was chosen as the most convenient starting point for index-number analysis of the total supply and utilization of all domestically produced and imported agricultural commodities. It is a special purpose index designed for comparability with indexes of other factors affecting supplies of agricultural products, such as exports and imports. Either the farm-output index or the marketings-and-home-consumption index is likely to be more suitable for most other analytical uses.

The production subindex of the supplyutilization index differs from the index of farm marketings and home consumption in that it includes (1) crops used for feed and seed on farms where grown, (2) changes in farm inventories of crops, and (3) slaughter rather than marketings of meat animals so as to avoid double counting of feeder livestock, but (4) makes no deduction to offset the double counting involved in (1).

Another difference is that the supplyutilization subindex starts in 1924 and uses 1947-49 price weights throughout the whole period, whereas the marketings and home consumption index starts in 1910 and uses two weight periods, 1935-39 and 1947-49. The supply-utilization subindex is broken down between food and nonfood commodities. The food group in this case, however, includes all commodities with any food use whatever in the United States, in contrast to the index of food marketings and home consumption which includes only those commodies used primarily for food. Thus, feed grains are counted as food products in the supply-utilization subindex, but as nonfood products in the marketings-and-home-consumption index. Since the production and sale of feed grains can change markedly from one year to the next, depending mainly on weather conditions, the two indexes of food products may differ substantially from each other in some years.

Method of Calculation

The index of marketings and home consumption is calculated by the familiar

weighted aggregate method. Quantities for each year are multiplied by fixed prices as weights; then price-quantity aggregates for individual years (or months) are expressed as percentages of the average price-quantity aggregate in the base period (1947-49). The price used as the weight for each commodity is itself a weighted average of prices during several calendar years in which the average price reported as of the middle of each month in each State is weighted by the quantity sold during the month in that State. The same price weight is used for marketings of a commodity and for the quantity, if any, used as home consumption.

The old index of production for sale and home consumption used 1935-39 average prices as weights for the whole period from 1910 to date. The new index uses them for the years 1910-39 only, and adopts 1947-49 average prices as weights for subsequent years. The 1910-39 price-quantity aggregates based on the older weights have been adjusted or "spliced" to the levels indicated by the newer weights on the basis of overlapped calculations for the single year 1940. Such a splicing adjustment was made in the aggregate of each group for which a separate index-number series was computed.

The index is constructed primarily as a measure of changes in physical volume associated with changes in realized gross farm income. As this is its purpose, commodities for which quantity data are not available for the whole period covered by the index are introduced into the pricequantity aggregates in the year they are first included in gross farm income -- or dropped out in the year they disappear from gross farm income. In other words, no "splicing" has been necessary for the purpose of bringing new commodities into the index or dropping old ones out. Where this occurred, of course, the quantities involved were actually zero or negligible before a commodity was introduced, or had become so by the time it was dropped.

Composition and Coverage

The over-all index of marketings and home consumption is broken down in three different ways: (1) between crops on the one hand and livestock and livestock products on the other, (2) between marketings and home consumption, and (3) between food and nonfood products. Subindexes are available for the principal commodity groups that compose each of the six major index totals.

The individual commodity composition of the indexes and subindexes is shown in tables 9 to 13.

The marketings component of the index includes net quantities placed under Commodity Credit Corporation loan just as net receipts from such loans are included in cash receipts from farm marketings. Quantities placed under loan are included in the marketings index for the month in which the loan is made. If later the loan is repaid and the commodity redeemed, the quantity so redeemed is a deduction in the marketings index for the month of repayment.

Following is a list of commodities or commodity groups omitted from the old annual index of production for sale and home consumption, but added to the new index: Turkey hatching eggs, honey, beeswax, bees, horses and mules, tung nuts, dry field peas, mung beans, avocados, dates, limes, persimmons, pineapples, pomegranates, filberts, 49 types of legume and grass seed, broom corn, flax fiber, hemp fiber and seed, peppermint, spearmint, popcorn, and vegetables grown under glass. The new index also includes all truck crops, both sales and home consumption, whereas the old index covered only commercial production.

As compared with the old monthly index of the physical volume of farm marketings, commodity coverage in the new monthly marketings index has been increased by the commodities listed in the preceding paragraph plus mohair, buckwheat, rye, sorghum grain, apricots, cherries, cranberries, figs, olives, plums, prunes, almonds, pecans, walnuts, sugar crops, cowpeas, and hops.

Still omitted from the new index are: (1) Ducks, geese, guineas, pigeons, quail, and pheasants; (2) goats, rabbits, fur animals, and pelts; (3) boysenberries, blackberries, dewberries, blueberries, loganberries, youngberries, currants, and gooseberries; (4) nectarines, bananas, guavas, jujubes, mangoes, papayas, pricklypears, quinces, sapodillas, kumquats, loquats, and tangeloes; and (5) forest, nursery, and greenhouse products.

The list of commodities included in gross income for which no quantity data are available is fairly long. Altogether, however, they account for only 3 percent of the commodity total included in realized gross farm income, the over-all coverage having been increased from 94.4 percent of gross income in the old index of production for sale and home consumption to 97.0 percent in the new index of marketings and home

consumption. Commodity coverage in the old monthly index of the physical volume of farm marketings was only 93.7 percent of total cash receipts as compared with 97.2 percent in the marketings component of the new index.

These percentages and those given below are based on 1950 prices, quantities, and values, but they would apply approximately as well to other recent years. Commodity coverage as a percentage of gross income has been increased as follows in the new index of marketings and home consumption as compared with the old index of production for sale and home consumption:

	Old	New
Total marketings and home consumption	94.4	97.0
Marketings Home consumption	95.6 76.8	97.2 94.1
Livestock and products Crops	99.3 87.8	99.7 93.2
Food products Nonfood products	97.1 86.3	99.5 89.3

Coverage is now almost complete with respect to (1) marketings, (2) livestock and livestock products, and (3) food items. It is less so in the case of (1) home consumption, (2) crops, and (3) nonfood items because of the continued exclusion from the index of forest, nursery, and greenhouse products. These excluded items are in the crop category, mostly nonfood, and forest products are important in home consumption (fuel wood). Yet, home consumption is also the category that shows the biggest improvement, from only 77 percent in the old index to 94 percent in the new. The main reason in this case is the inclusion of truck crops produced in farm gardens.

Limitations in the Results

The new index is an improvement over the old index series that it replaces. It is well designed for its primary purpose, but for general-purpose use there remain two difficulties that could not be overcome. These are (1) the problem of duplication resulting from interfarm sales, and (2) the problem of mixed food and nonfood uses for some commodities.

The marketings component of the index includes some interfarm sales of livestock,

feed crops, and seeds. The extent of such duplication cannot be determined exactly, but it probably did not exceed 10 percent of the 1950 price-quantity aggregate for the combined index. Year-to-year changes in the index are affected only to the extent that purchases of farm products by other farmers are a varying proportion of total marketings and home consumption from year to year. The proportion of interfarm sales included in the index is not constant. But changes are usually rather small; and they probably make little difference on an index-number basis.

The effect of duplication is even less important for the food component alone. Interfarm sales of livestock, the only duplicated food item, probably represented about 6 or 7 percent of the 1950 price-quantity aggregate for the index of total food products.

Interfarm sales are included in the index to the same extent that they are included in gross farm income. Thus, some duplication is essential if the index is to serve its primary purpose, and there are other uses for which inclusion of interfarm sales is not undesirable—or even essential—as in the measurement of transportation requirements. It is likely to be a weakness in some possible uses of the index, however, and it is mentioned for that reason. The farmoutput index is recommended to those who need a volume index entirely net of interfarm sales.

The second difficulty arises from the fact that many farm products have both food and nonfood uses. For example, the meat animals, included in the food index, have some important nonfood byproducts such as hides. On the other hand, soybeans and cottonseed are counted as nonfood items although about 40 percent of their end-use value is in their oils as an ingredient of food products. Similarly, most of the "food grains" are used in small quantities as feed for livestock, whereas most of the "feed grains" are used in some small measure for human consumption.

Each of the farm products included in the index has been allocated to the food or nonfood group in accordance with its major use as indicated by end-product values. This procedure was unavoidable but essentially arbitrary, and it may have introduced a little distortion in the food and nonfood components of the index. But any such effect is limited by considerations similar to those previously mentioned in connection with the problem of duplication. There is no ambiguity in the uses of many farm

products, and secondary uses distinguishable for others are in the vast majority of cases relatively unimportant. These relationships have a certain degree of stability from one year to the next, and the effects of arbitrary classification are probably small on an index-number basis.

Relation to Index of Prices Received

The previous section considered the limitations inherent in the new index for some of its subsidiary uses. The main purpose of its construction, however, was to provide a measure of the physical volume factor underlying the estimates of realized gross farm income--in other words, a quantity measure to be used, together with the price index already available, in the analysis of changes in farm income. The question remains as to how well the new index fulfills its objective.

This question resolves itself into the question as to whether the marketings component of the new index, in conjunction with the index of prices received, satisfactorily accounts for variations in cash receipts from farm marketings. As an aid in this interpretation, figure 6 summarizes changes

since 1910 in the volume of farm marketings, prices received for farm products, and total cash receipts from farm marketings, with all three expressed as index numbers on a 1947-49 base. The volume and price indexes multiplied together for any particular year should equal the index of cash receipts for that year in figure 6. This calculation works out for most years within a very narrow margin of error.

The fact that the price times volume generally equals cash receipts on an index number basis means that the long-run bias to be expected in any fixed weight index, whether of price or volume, is not evident here. Early-year weights tend to produce an upward bias in index numbers for later years. Relatively high prices and low volume in the early period tend to be associated with increasing relative volume and lower relative prices in the later period. And relatively low prices and large volume in the early period tend to be associated with relatively higher prices and relatively smaller volume in later years. Just as early-year weights tend to produce an upward bias in index numbers, recent-year weights tend to produce a downward bias. Actually, the price and volume indexes are

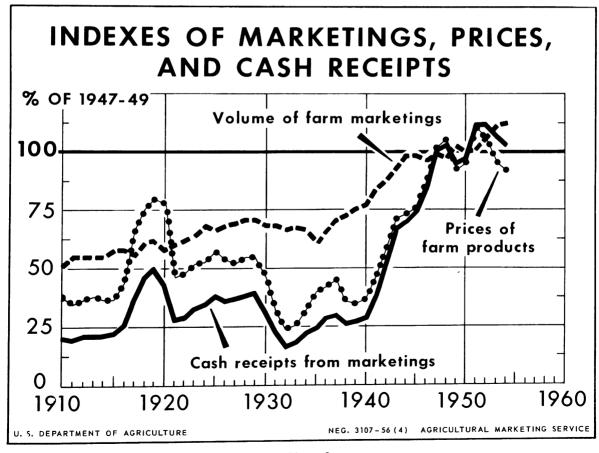


Figure 6

both based on two weight periods in an apparently successful attempt at compromise.

The fact that no long-run bias can be discovered in the price and volume indexes in relation to cash receipts does not necessarily prove the accuracy of all three. They are all based on approximately the same price and quantity information, and all that has been proved is that this information was rather consistently used in each of the three series. In fact, it is not impossible that biases of an offsetting nature are at work. The prices received index and the marketings index are comparable in their commodity coverage, but not in their weighting systems. As previously noted, the marketings index uses 1935-39 average prices as weights through the year 1939, and 1947-49 prices thereafter. The prices received index is based on average quantity weights for the six years 1924-29 in the period from 1910 to 1934, and on 1937-41 quantity weights from 1935 to date.

Another source of possible discrepancy is the inclusion in cash receipts of such items as forest, nursery, and greenhouse products which, for lack of data, are included neither in the volume index nor in the price index. Because of these differences in weighting systems and coverage, comparison of the product of the two indexes with cash receipts may not be an adequate test of the accuracy of the indexes themselves. Yet there is some satisfaction in knowing that the index numbers satisfy the only test available.

Although no long-run bias was discovered, some short-run or year-to-year discrepancies were found between the price and volume indexes. An "implicit" price index for each year was derived by dividing total cash receipts by the index of total marketings, and then expressing the quotients as index numbers on a 1910-14 base. Differences between the implicit price index so calculated and the annual average index of prices received are rather small in most years, and not always in the same direction. But differences in some years are large enough to require an explanation.

Analysis of these differences indicates that they are closely associated with the trend of prices during the year in question. If prices were declining during the year, the implicit price index is almost always lower than the published price index. On the other hand, if prices were rising during the year, the implicit price index is generally higher than the published price index.

These discrepancies arise from the fact that the annual index of prices received is simple unweighted average of the 12 monthly index numbers, whereas the implicit price index represents a weighted average of prices received throughout the year. Since the volume of marketings is generally about 50 percent larger in the second half of the year than in the first half, a decline in prices during the year means that a simple average of the 12 months gives too little weight to the lower prices in the second half and too much weight to the higher prices of the first half. Conversely, when prices are rising, a simple 12-month average price index gives too little weight to the higher prices in the second half of the year and too much weight to the lower prices in the first

This possible source of bias in the shortrun analysis of changes in farm income is of little importance when there are no marked price trends during the year. When there are such trends, however, they must be taken into account if errors in income analysis are to be avoided. For example, the implicit price index is considerably lower than the published index for 1920, 1937, 1951, and 1952, when prices declined rapidly during the year. On the other hand, for 1941, 1946, and 1950, when prices rose substantially, the implicit price index is noticeably higher than the published index. Although discrepancies were not large in 1953 and 1954, the generally downward trend of prices in those years produced implicit price indexes one and two points. respectively, below the 12-month average index numbers of prices received.

Table 1.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by major subindexes, 1910-54

	:	Marketings		Home	consumpti	on
Year	Livestock and products	and Crops Tota		Livestock and products	Crops	Total
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	50 54 53 53 53 52 54 56 56 61 62	53 57 59 58 59 63 59 56 61	51 55 55 55 58 58 56 61 62	135 134 132 132 132 135 132 131 132	138 138 143 134 139 140 134 142 138	136 135 135 133 134 136 133 134 134
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	58 58 63 68 69 67 68 69 70	59 64 60 60 67 65 69 69 70	58 60 62 64 68 66 68 69 70	127 126 126 124 126 123 123 123 119	136 128 139 128 122 118 127 116 124	130 127 129 125 125 122 124 121 120
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	70 70 69 71 74 65 71 69 72	66 63 61 56 57 60 70 73	68 68 66 67 66 61 66 70 72	118 124 132 132 127 120 121 118 119	121 133 134 135 128 133 121 128 124 129	119 126 132 133 127 124 121 121 120 122
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	: 81 : 84 : 93 : 103 : 107 : 105 : 103 : 102 : 96 : 101	72 73 80 79 85 87 86 96 98	77 79 88 93 98 98 96 99	117 113 110 112 111 112 114 106 100 94	126 127 126 122 120 115 112 105 98	119 116 114 115 114 113 113 106 99 95
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	103 107 109 113 117	96 94 100 107 102	100 101 105 110 110	92 92 86 81 78	93 90 90 85 82	92 91 87 82 79

Table 1.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by major subindexes, 1910-54 - Continued

***************************************	Marketing	gs and home co	nsumption	Fo	ood	:
Year	Livestock and products	Crops	Total	Marketings	Marketings and home consumption	Nonfood marketings <u>1</u> /
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	59 62 61 61 60 62 64 64 68 69	57 63 62 63 67 63 60 65	58 61 62 61 64 64 62 67 67	48 51 51 52 54 55 54 60 59	57 59 60 59 60 62 63 62 67	63 70 70 70 64 71 68 63 67 68
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	65 65 69 73 75 73 74 75 75	63 67 64 63 70 68 72 71 72	64 65 67 69 72 70 73 73 74 74	57 58 62 65 67 64 66 68 69	64 65 68 71 73 70 72 73 74 74	63 69 62 62 72 74 77 74 73
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	75 76 75 77 77 79 70 76 74 77 80	69 66 64 60 63 73 75	72 73 71 72 71 66 71 74 76	68 69 66 67 69 63 67 68 72	73 74 73 74 75 69 73 73 77	71 68 67 65 59 55 63 75 74 76
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	84 86 95 104 107 106 104 103 97 101	75 76 83 81 87 89 87 96 98	80 82 90 94 99 97 100 97	78 81 91 97 102 102 101 102 98 100	82 85 93 98 103 103 102 102 98 100	74 71 78 80 84 85 78 92 95
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	: 102 : 105 : 107 : 110 : 113	95 94 99 106 101	99 101 104 108 108	100 103 106 109 111	99 102 104 106 108	99 97 102 113 1 08

 $[\]underline{\mathbf{1}}\!\!/$ There are no nonfood items in the home consumption index.

Table 2.- Farm marketings: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 $\underline{1}$ /
(1947-49 = 100)

:]	Livestock an	d products		: :	Cre	орв	
Year	Meat animals	Dairy products	Poultry: and: eggs:	Total 2/	Food grains	Feed crops	Cotton (lint and seed)	: : Tobacco :
	. 59 : 64 : 62 : 62 : 59 : 62 : 67 : 67 : 76 : 73	42 43 45 46 47 48 50 50 53	35 38 37 36 36 38 37 36 36 40	50 54 53 53 52 54 56 61 62	47 48 53 57 68 68 62 49 69	68 63 66 65 58 65 68 63 75	78 102 98 97 90 102 86 78 74 87	48 52 49 55 45 51 57 60 64 74
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	: 67 : 65 : 73 : 79 : 80 : 74 : 73 : 73 : 75	53 56 58 62 64 66 68 70 72 76	39 40 44 47 48 49 52 55 55	58 58 68 69 67 68 69 70	60 764 595 490 697 63	67 81 73 66 75 64 68 62 69	75 77 70 71 89 107 115 104 100 108	60 70 55 63 64 66 62 68 61
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	: 69 : 71 : 69 : 74 : 81 : 62 : 72 : 67 : 71	77 78 78 78 77 77 79 80 83 83	57 54 52 53 52 50 54 56 560	70 70 69 71 74 65 71 69 72 76	56 57 49 43 35 43 54 65	56 47 57 61 41 34 48 44 66 70	97 103 95 85 83 75 88 122 92	76 70 58 58 62 63 56 67 84
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	: 83 : 83 : 94 : 106 : 111 : 106 : 104 : 104 : 96 : 100	87 92 97 97 99 103 101 101 98	64 70 84 100 104 106 101 98 96 106	81 84 93 103 107 105 103 102 96 101	56 61 73 66 78 86 82 100 102 98	74 69 74 73 77 94 85 93 86	82 74 81 77 89 66 58 84 100	70 65 66 65 79 100 99 116 93
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	: 101 : 105 : 108 : 111 : 115	102 100 102 108 111	113 121 122 124 130	103 107 109 113 117	81 77 98 96 91	113 88 91 107 114	79 93 102 124 101	98 111 104 100 106

Table 2.- Farm marketings: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 1/ - Continued (1947-49 = 100)

	:					Crops -	Co	ntinued					:
Year	: : :	0il crops	:	Vege- tables	:	Fruits and nuts	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Sugar crops	:	Seeds	:	Total	All commodities
1910	:	10		42		46		72		24		53	51
1911	:	12		40		52		79		25		57	55
1912	:	17		44		60		64		25		59	55
1913	:	14		44		44		7 5		26		59 58	55
1914	:	11		45		59 61		72		26		59	55 58 58
1915	:	10		47				74		27		63	58
1916	:	12		44		5 3		77 88		28		59	58
1917	:	14		48		55 49				28		56	56
1918	:	15		51		49		91		29		61	61
1919	:	13		48		55		80		30		62	62
1920 1921	:	12 12		54 49		60		93		37		59	58
1922	:	11		49 56		50 64		89		35		64	60
1923	:	13		57		69		71 76		3 8		60	62
1924	:	22		61		67		75		37 46		60 67	64 68
1925	:	19		61		62		73		4 8		65	66
1926	:	16		59		78		71		47		65 69	68
1927	:	21		63		68		72		56		69	69
1928	:	20		65		75		69		49		69	70
1929	:	18		70		72		73		62		7 0	70 70
1930	:	21		69		72		88		59		66	68
1931	:	17		67		84		79		53 48		66	68
1932	:	20		65		74		87				63	66
1933 1934	:	15 18		68		71		101		5 7		61	67
1935	:	25		71		70		80		53		56	66
1936	:	24		7 3		84		87		58		57	61
1937	:	25		72 74		75		94		55		60	66
1938	:	34		76		87 88		95		66		70	70
1939	:	40		76		98		115		78		73	72
1940	:							109		85		74	7 5
1940	:	45		79 84		89		109		86		72	77
1941	:	60 83		84		100		99		88			79
1943	•	83 105		91 21:		97		114		94		73 80	79 88
1944	•	84		94		86		83		84		79	93
1945	•	87		99		96		83		84		85	93 98 98
1946	•	85		99 108		91		95		96 108		87	<u>9</u> 8
1947	:	84		98		105 102		106		108		86	96
1948	:	108		104		100		114		94		96	96 99
1949	:	108		99		98		91 95		91 115		98 106	97 103
1950	: :	114		100		98		119		148			
1951	:	102		103		107		96				96	100
1952	:	112		97		102		96 97		125		94	101
1953	:	107		101		103		108		140		100	105
1954	:	98		102		103		122		125		107	110
1/ Com	:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-				119		102	110

^{1/} Commodities included in each group are as listed in tables 9-13.
2/ Includes the "miscellaneous" group of livestock items in addition to groups shown separately.

3/ Includes the "miscellaneous" group of crops in addition to groups shown separately.

Table 3.- Home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 1/ (1947-49 = 100)

				· · ·	:			•	
•		lvestock and			:	C	rops		All
Year	Meat animals	Dairy products	Poultry and eggs	Total	: Vege- : :tables :	nuts	All other 3/	Total	commod- ities
	126	157	115	135	126	174	215	138	136
	122	155	119	134	122	208	218	138	135
-,-	: 120	155	115	132	127	220	212	143	135
	: 120	155	115	132	121	175	217	134	133
	: 119	154	115	132	123	212	209	139	134
	: 124	155	119	135	122	222	221	140	136
-	: 125	153	113	132	119	181 186	224 268	134 142	133 134
	: 126	151 145	110 114	131 132	125 124	156	261	138	134
1918 1919	: 133 : 135	142	114	131	117	153	243	131	131
1919	· -3/		114						
1920	: 134	136	110	127	119	199	237	136	130
1921	: 126	137	113	126	121	98 206	236	128	127
1922	: 121	136	118	126 124	123 114	206 178	220 204	139 128	129 125
1923 1924	: 119 : 118	134 138	118 117	126	108	185	187	122	125
1924	: 118 : 114	135	116	123	107	155	187	118	122
1926	: 111	135	120	123	109	217	196	127	124
1927	: 110	133	123	123	109	122	190	116	121
1928	: 106	129	119	119	112	178	179	124	120
1929	: 101	124	118	115	113	142	172	121	117
1930	: 106	125	122	118	113	130	188	121	119
1931	: 113	132	124	124	116	202	232	133 134	126 132
1932	: 124	140	129	132	124 122	127 144	250 252	135	133
1933	: 123	143	130 116	132 127	118	122	246	128	127
1934	: 119	142	115	120	121	148	246	133	124
1935 1936	: 104 : 111	137 132	121	121	115	100	218	121	121
1937	: 111	128	121	118	117	155	215	128	121
1938	: 105	126	126	119	118	105	208	124	120
1939	: 110	125	126	120	122	140	184	129	122
1940	: 111	121	119	117	121	124	170	126	119
1941	: 102	120	115	113	12 2	142	162	127	116
1942	: 101	116	112	110	123	124	157	126	114
1943	: 114	113	111	112	123	86	148	122 120	115 114
1944	: 111	112	111	111	118	115 80	136 124	115	113
1945	: 115	111	111	112	118 111	112	114	112	113
1946	: 120	110	110	114 106	105	104	109	105	106
1947	: 108	105	103	100	98	95	101	98	99 95
1948	: 101	100 95	99 98	94	96	101	9 0	96	9 5
1949	: 91 :	97					۵۷	02	9 2
1950	86	92	100	92	93	93 98	86 7 9	93 9 0	9 1
1951	: 84	95 8 8	97 87	9 2	90	90 90	74	90	91 87
1952	: 83	88		86 81	9 2 86	90 87	70	85	82
1953	: 78	8 3 78	81 81	78	83	84	70 65	82	79
1954	75	(0	<u> </u>	, 7	- J				
	<u> </u>								

 $[\]underline{1}$ / Commodities included in each group are as listed in tables 9-13. All are used as food in farm households.

^{2/} Includes honey in addition to groups shown separately.
3/ Food grains, corn, peanuts, sugar crops, cowpeas.

Table 4.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 $\underline{1}/$

	: :	ivestock and	d products		:	Crops				
Year	: Meat : animals	: : Dairy : products :	Poultry and eggs	: : Total : <u>2</u> / :	Food grains	: Feed : crops	: Cotton : (lint : and : seed)	Tobacco		
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	: 64 : 68 : 66 : 66 : 63 : 66 : 71 : 71 : 79 : 77	58 59 59 61 61 63 63 64 64	45 48 46 46 46 48 47 45 46	59 62 61 61 60 62 64 64 68	48 49 54 57 69 69 63 50 70	70 65 67 67 60 67 70 65 77	78 102 '98 97 90 102 86 78 74	48 52 49 55 45 51 57 60 64 74		
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	. 71 : 69 : 76 : 81 : 82 : 77 : 75 : 75 : 77	65 67 69 72 75 76 78 79 80 83	48 49 53 56 56 57 60 63 63 62	65 69 73 75 73 73 74 75	61 73 65 60 66 54 69 68 64	69 83 75 68 76 66 69 64 70	75 77 70 71 89 107 115 104 100	60 70 55 63 64 66 62 68 61 66		
1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	. 72 : 74 : 73 : 77 : 84 : 65 : 74 : 69 : 73	84 86 87 88 86 87 87 89	65 63 62 60 58 64 64 68	75 76 75 77 79 70 76 74 77	57 58 50 44 37 44 55 66	58 48 59 63 43 36 50 45 67	97 103 95 85 83 75 88 122 92 84	76 70 58 58 62 63 56 66 72 84		
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	85 84 95 106 111 107 105 105 96	92 96 100 99 101 104 102 101 98 101	71 76 87 101 105 106 102 99 96	84 86 95 104 107 106 104 103 97	56 62 73 67 78 87 82 100 102 98	75 70 75 74 77 94 86 93 86	82 74 81 77 89 66 58 84 100	70 65 66 65 79 100 99 116 93		
1950 : 1951 : 1952 : 1953 : 1954 :	100 104 107 109 112	101 99 100 105 106	111 118 118 119 124	102 105 107 110 113	81 77 98 96 91	112 88 91 107 1 14	79 93 102 124 101	98 111 104 100 106		

Table 4.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 $\underline{1}/$ - Continued

	:		Crops - (Continued			: :
Year	0il erops	Vege-	: Fruits : and : nuts	Sugar crops	Seeds	Total 3/	All commodities
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 1919	: 10 : 12 : 17 : 14 : 11 : 10 : 12 : 14 : 16 : 13	61 58 63 62 63 64 61 65 67	52 60 68 51 67 69 60 62 55 61	80 87 73 83 79 82 85 103 104 92	30 31 32 32 33 33 34 35 35 36	57 61 63 62 63 67 63 60 65	58 61 62 61 61 64 64 62 67
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	: 13 : 12 : 11 : 14 : 22 : 20 : 16 : 22 : 20 : 18	68 65 71 70 71 71 73 76 80	67 53 71 75 73 67 86 71 80 76	105 100 80 82 79 77 77 77 73 77	42 40 43 42 51 52 52 61 53 66	63 67 64 63 70 68 72 71 72	64 65 67 69 72 70 73 73 74
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	: : 21 : 17 : 21 : 15 : 18 : 25 : 24 : 25 : 34 : 40	79 78 79 80 81 84 83 85 86	75 90 77 75 73 87 76 91 89	92 86 97 111 91 97 102 103 120 113	63 58 53 62 58 62 60 70 82 89	69 66 64 60 61 63 73 75	72 73 71 72 71 66 71 74 76
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	: 45 : 60 : 83 : 106 : 84 : 87 : 85 : 84 : 108	89 92 98 101 103 109 99 103 98	91 103 98 86 97 91 106 102 100 98	111 103 119 89 88 98 108 114 91	89 91 96 86 86 97 108 95 92 113	75 76 83 81 87 89 87 96 98	80 82 90 94 99 97 100 97
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	: 114 : 102 : 112 : 107 : 98	99 100 96 98 98	97 107 101 102 102	116 93 94 105 11 7	144 122 136 121 116	95 94 99 106 101	99 101 104 108 108

^{2/} Commodities included in each group are as listed in tables 9-13.
2/ Includes the "miscellaneous" group of livestock items in addition to groups shown separately.
3/ Includes the "miscellaneous" group of crops in addition to groups shown separately.

Table 5.- Food marketings: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 $\underline{1}/$ (1947-49 = 100)

	: Li	vestock and	product	s :			Crops			All
	Meat animals	: Dairy	Poultry and eggs	: Total	grains		Fruits and nuts	Sugar crops	Total	food commod- ities
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	59 62 67 67 76	42 43 45 46 47 48 50 50	35 38 37 36 36 38 37 36 36	49 53 52 52 51 53 55 56 60 59	47 48 53 57 68 68 62 49 69	42 40 44 45 47 48 51 48	46 52 60 44 59 61 53 55 49	72 79 64 75 72 74 77 88 91 80	44 45 50 48 56 57 53 58 58	48 51 51 52 54 55 54 65 59
1920 : 1921 : 1922 : 1923 : 1924 : 1925 : 1926 : 1927 : 1928 : 1929 : :	65 73 79 80 74 73	53 56 58 62 64 66 68 70 72 76	39 41 44 47 48 49 52 55 55	57 53 67 69 67 67 69 70	60 72 64 59 65 49 60 69 67	54 49 56 57 61 61 59 63 65 70	60 50 64 69 67 62 78 68 75 72	93 89 71 76 75 73 71 72 69 73	57 58 59 59 62 56 62 65 66 66	57 58 6 2 65 67 64 66 68 69
1930 : 1931 : 1932 : 1933 : 1935 : 1936 : 1937 : 1938 : 1939 : :	69 71 69 74 81 62 72 67 71 76	77 78 78 78 77 77 79 80 83 83	58 55 52 53 52 50 54 56 55 60	69 70 68 71 74 64 70 68 71	56 57 43 35 43 43 56 60	69 67 68 71 73 72 74 76	72 84 74 70 84 75 87 88 98	88 79 87 101 80 87 94 95 115 109	63 65 60 58 55 61 60 67 74 73	68 69 66 67 69 63 67 68 72
1940 : 1941 : 1942 : 1943 : 1944 : 1945 : 1946 : 1947 : 1948 : 1949 : :	83 83 94 106 111 106 104 104 96 100	87 92 97 97 99 103 101 101 98	64 70 84 100 104 106 101 98 96 106	80 83 93 102 106 105 103 102 96 101	56 61 73 66 78 86 82 100 102 98	79 84 91 94 99 108 98 104	89 100 97 86 96 91 105 102 100 98	109 99 114 83 83 95 106 114 91	71 76 85 80 88 91 96 100 102 98	78 81 91 97 102 102 101 102 98 100
1950 : 1951 : 1952 : 1953 : 1954 :	101 105 108 111 115	102 100 102 108 111	113 121 122 124 130	103 107 109 113 117	81 77 98 96 91	100 103 97 101 102	98 107 102 103 103	119 96 97 108 122	91 91 97 99 96	100 103 106 109 111

^{1/} Except as otherwise noted, commodities in each group are as listed in tables 9-13.

^{2/} Excludes turkey hatching eggs.
3/ Includes honey in addition to groups shown separately.
4/ Includes peanuts, popcorn, peppermint, spearmint, and vegetables grown under glass, in addition to groups shown separately.

Table 6.- Food marketings and home consumption: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 1/

	: Livestock and products : Crops :									: All
Year	Meat	Dairy	Poultry	Total	Food	Vege-	: Fruits	: Sugar	Total	: food
:	animals	products	and O/	3/	grains	tables	: and	crops	4/	<pre>: commod- : ities_</pre>
		<u>: - : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :</u>	eggs 2/	<u> </u>			: nuts	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	. ICLEB
1910	64	58	45	58	48	61	52	80	53 54	57
1911	: 68	59	45 48	61	49	58	60	87	54	59 60
1912	: 66	59	47	60	54	63	68	73	59	
1913	: 66	61	46	60	57	62	51	83	57 64	59 60
1914	: 63	61	46 1.0	59	69 60	63 64	67 60	79 82	65	62
	: 66	63 63	48 47	61 63	69 63	61	69 60	85	61	63
1916 1917	: 71 : 71	64	47 45	63	50 50	65	62	103		62
1918	: 79	64	46	67	70	67	55	104	59 66	67
1919	· 77	66	49	68	70	63	61	92	65	67
-/-/	:						_		-	~ 1
1920	: 71	65	48	64	61	68	67	105	65 65	64 65
	: 69	67	50	64	73	65	53	100 80	65 67	65 68
1922	: 76	69 - 20	53	69	65 60	71 70	71 75	82	65	71
	: 81	72 75	56 56	73 75	66	71	73	79	65 68	73
1924 1925	: 82 : 77	75 76	58	72	54	71	67	77	62	70
1925	: 75	78	61	73	6i	71	86	77	68	72
1927	: 75	79	63	74	69	73	71	77	70	73
1928	: 77	8o	63	75 74	68	76	80	73 77	72	74
1929	: 74	83	63	74	64	80	76	77	71	74
	:	01	((71.	57	70	75	92	68	73
1930	: 72	84 86	66 63	74 75	57 58	79 78	90	92 86	71	74
1931	: 74	87	63 62	75	50	79	77	97	67	73 74
1932 1933	: 73 : 77	88	62	77	44	80	75	111	65 62	74
1934	: 84	86	60	79	37	81	73	91	62	75 69
1935	: 65	86	58	70	44	84 82	87 76	97 102	68 66	09 72
1935 19 3 6	: 74	<u>8</u> 7	62	7 5	т. Т	81 83	76 91	102	66 73 78	73 73
1937	: 69	87	64	73 76	55 66	83 85	89	120	78	77
1938	: 73 : 78	89	64 68	76 8 0	61	86	100	113	79	79
1939	: 78	89	00	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	02					
1940	: : 85	92	71	84	5 6	89	91	111	77	82
1940	: 84	96	76	86	62	92	103	103	82 80	85 03
1942	: 95	100	87	95	73	98	98 86	119 80	89 84	93 98
1943	: 95 : 106	99	101	103	67 78	101	97	89 88	91	103
1944	: 111	101	105	107 106	78 87	103 103	91	98	94	103
1945	: 107	104	106	106	82	109	106	108	97	102
1946	: 105	102 101	102 99	103	100	99	102	114	101	102
1947	: 105	98	99 96	97	102	103	100	91 2h	102	98 100
1948	: 96 : 99	101	105	101	98	98	98	94	98	100
1949	· 77				0-	00	07	116	92	99
1950	: 100	101	111	102	81	99 100	97 107	93	91	102
1951	: 104	99	118	105	77 98	96	101	94	97	104
1952	107	100	117	107 110	90 96	98	102	105	98	106
1953	: 109	105	118 124	113	96 91	98	102	117	92	108
1954	. 112	106	Tct		• -	-	moun are	74-40	d in tah	1ee 0-13

^{1/} Except as otherwise noted, commodities included in each group are as listed in tables 9-13.
2/ Excludes turkey hatching eggs.
3/ Includes honey in addition to groups shown separately.
4/ Includes peanuts, popcorn, peppermint, spearmint, vegetables grown under glass, and corn and cowpeas consumed by farm families on farms where grown, in addition to groups shown separately. 19

Table 7.- Nonfood marketings: Index numbers of volume, by commodity groups, 1910-54 1/ (1947-49 = 100)

Year	Feed crops	: seed)	Tobacco	0il crops <u>2</u> /	Seeds	All nonfood commodities 3/
1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918	68 63 66 65 58 65 65 68 63 75 60	78 102 98 97 90 102 86 78 74	48 52 49 55 45 51 57 60 64 74	8 10 17 14 8 8 8 6 7	24 25 25 26 26 27 28 28 29 30	63 70 70 70 64 71 68 63 67 68
1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928	67 81 73 66 75 64 68 62 69	75 77 70 71 89 107 115 104 100	60 70 55 63 64 66 62 68 61	7 6 7 11 20 17 13 18 15	37 35 38 37 46 48 47 56 49	63 69 62 62 72 74 77 74 73
1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	56 47 57 61 41 34 48 44 66 70	97 103 95 85 83 75 88 122 92	76 70 58 58 62 63 56 66 72 84	16 12 13 8 9 21 15 17 24 37	59 53 48 57 53 58 55 66 78 85	71 68 67 65 59 55 63 75 74 76
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	74 69 74 73 77 94 85 93 86 121	82 74 81 77 89 66 58 84 100	70 65 66 65 79 100 99 116 93 92	36 56 80 106 82 86 83 80 109	86 88 94 84 84 96 108 91 115	74 71 78 80 84 85 78 92 95 113
	113 88 91 107 114	79 93 102 124 101	98 111 104 100 106	120 109 125 114 113	148 125 140 125 119	99 97 102 113 108

^{1/} Except as otherwise noted, commodities in each group are as listed in tables 9-13.

2/ Excludes peanuts.

3/ Includes broomcorr, hops, hemp filter, hempseed, flax fiber, bees, beeswax, horses, mules, wool, mohair, and turkey hatching eggs, in addition to groups shown separately.

Table 8.- Farm marketings: Index numbers of volume, by major groups, by months, 1947-54 (1947-49 = 100)

		_	(1947-4	9 = 100)			
Year and month	Livestock and products	Crops	commod- ities	Year and month	Livestock and products	Crops	All commod- ities
19 47				: : 1951	,		
January	102	106	1	January	106	89	99
February		7 5	0-	February		51	7 2
March		57		: March		41	74
April	101	37		: April		3 7	75
May	105	38	7 6 :	: May	1111	32	77
June		57	_	: June		48	80
July		110		: July:		92	96
August		114		: August		118	111
September		141		: September:		144	126
October		182	<u>~</u>	: October:		196	158 138
November	113	1 3 0 9 8	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	November December		160 121	138 113
December	106	90		December	101		117
Year	102	96	99	Year	107	94	101
1018				: 1952			
1948 January	9)4	82	A -	Jamary	105	88	98
February	A -	45		February	-0	53	79
March	•	45		. March		48	79
April	-	46		: April	3.06	41	78
May		44		May	109	47	82
June	1	65		: June		7 0	90
July		101		: July		109	105
August		107		: August	777	124	112
September		146		: September:	7 20	160	133 158
October	: 106	515	_,_	: October	202	196	129
November		162	•	: November:		139 1 22	118
December	:98	124		December	112	122	110
Year	96	98	97	Year	109	100	105
1949				: <u>1953</u> :			220
January	93	97		: January:		119	112
February	: 84	58	10	: February	3.00	56 55	79 8և
March	: 98	58		: March	200	55 45	81
April		46		April	777	47	85
May		52		May	777	69	94
June		75	•		107	93	101
July	95	105	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	·	222	109	110
August		122	_	August	/	162	136
September		158		October	3 30	212	165
October		194 174		November	129	173	148
November		134		December	115	140	126
December	:	106	103	Year	113	107	110
1000	•			1954			
1950	100	124		January		117	112
January	O	60		February	99	66	85
February	~~	48		March	: 113	47	85 80
March		40		: April		39 4 3	85
April		37	80	May	117	67	93
MayJune	3.00	55	•	June	3.00	93	102
July	· ~~	95	-	:: July		119	117
August		103		August	-00	164	140
September		123	· · · · · ·	: September	י ייר	181	155
October	·	184		October		165	148
November	• • • •	156	•			125	122
December	- 05	121		• •			
Year	•	96	100	Year	117	102	

21

Table 9.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Quantity, price, and value, by commodities, average 1935-39

	:	: Quan		Price	:	alue
Commodity	Unit	: : : Marketings :	Marketings and home	per	: Marketings	: Marketings : and home
	:	: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	consumption	unit	:	: consumption
	:	: Thousands	Thousands	Dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollar
Livestock and products	:	:				
Meat animals:	:	: .0 1~1	20.012			-1 - 000
Calves	: Cwt.	: 18,474	19,241	7.79	143,911	149,888
Cattle	: Cwt.	: 158,121	160,502	6.51	1,029,368	1,044,871
Hogs	: Cwt. :	: 103,667	129,965 19,081	8.25	855,251	1,072,213
Sheep	: Cwt.	: 18,910 : 4,894	5,160	7.80	147,501	148,836
Total	· Cwc.	4,094	5,100	3.90	19,087 2,195,118	20,124 2,435,932
	:			**************************************	2,13/,110	2,437,932
Dairy products:	: :	00				
Butter	: Lb. :	88,553		.27	24,263	
Butterfat		1,207,960		.29	346,685	
Milk, retail		3,064,200		.10	312,549	
Milk, wholesale Total		402,704		1.80	724,867	
10041	•				1,408,364	1/1,786,413
Poultry and eggs:	· :					
Broilers		203,149	203,149	.19	39,005	39,005
Other chickens	: Lb. :	1,425,925	2,198,370	.15	212,463	327,557
Eggs, chicken	Doz. :	2,334,417	2,983,534	.21	499,565	638,476
Turkeys		364,240	384,287	.17	63,013	66,481
Turkey hatching eggs		31,069	31,069	.12	3,697	3,697
Total	:				817,743	1,075,216
Miscellaneous:	:					
Beeswax	Lb. :	3,404	3,404	05	965	0.6-
Honey	Lb.	150,670	179,951	.25 .06	865	865
Mohair	Lb.	16,797	16,797	.45	9,537	11,390
Wool	Lb. :	358,487	358,487	.4) .24	7,609 85,679	7,609
Other 2/	:		3,0,00	• = -	38,130	85,679 38,130
Total	:				141,820	143,673
Total livestock	:					
:	:				4,563,045	5,441,234
Crops:	:					
Food grains:	:					
Buckwheat	Bu. :	2,603	0 977	(-		
Rice	Cwt.	20,678	2,877	.63	1,637	1 ,8 09
Rye	Bu. :	21,119	20,755 21,387	1.61	33,293	33,417
Wheat	Bu.	576,481	590,051	·53	11,130	11,271
Total	:	71.7	750,071	.79	455,996 502,056	466,730
Feed crops:	:				502,056	513,227
Barley						
Corn	Bu. :	96,278	96,278	.47	45,251	45,251
Hay	Bu. :	420,958	450,170	•59	246,681	263,799
Oats	Bu. :	9,277	9,277	7.64	70,87 6	70,876
Sorghum grain	Bu. :	168,490 15,142	168,490	.30	50,379	50,379
Total	- i-	1),142	15,142	.59	8,949	8,949
Cotton:	:=				422,136	439,254
Cotton: :	:	e el				
Seed	Lb. :	6,649,035	6 , 649 ,03 5	.10	652,270	652,270
Total	Ton :_	4,220	4,220	24.84	104,835	104,835
	:=				757,105	757,105
Tobacco:	Lb. :	1,440,905	1,440,905	10		
Oil crops:	:=		-,,507	.19	273,772	273,772
Flaxseed						
Peanuts	Bu.	10,316	10,31 6	1.56	16,093	16,093
Soybeans	Lb. :	1,066,953	1,110,271	.03	35,850	37,305
Tung nuts	Bu. : Ton :	43,025	43,025	.81	34,678	34,678
Total	- :-	11	1	43.10	39	39
	•				86,660	88,115

Table 9.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Quantity, price, and value, by commodities, average 1935-39 - Continued

	:	: Qu	entity	•	. 17.	lue
Commodity	Unit	•	: Marketings	Price	·	: Marketings
		: Marketings	: and home	per	: Marketings	and home
	<u>: </u>	:	: consumption	unit	:	: consumption
	•	Thousands	Thousands	Dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Vegetables:	• •	•				
Dry edible beans	: Cwt.	: 12,702	14,214	2 25	1 - 0	1
Dry field peas		: 2,261	2,261	3.37	42,807	47,902
Potatoes	: Bu.	: 235,228	299,203	1.95 .65	4,409	4,409
Sweetpotatoes		20,434	45,759	.76	152,427 20,009	193,882 43,964
Artichokes		1,929		1.85	1,718	
Asparagus, fresh		: 6,187		1.71	10,579	
Asparagus, processing		: 55		79.54	4,387	
Beans, lima, fresh		: 2,886		1.44	4,156	
Beans, lima, processing . Beans, snap, fresh		24		64.07	1,517	
Beans, snap, processing.		: 19,922 : 98		1.05	20,918	
Beets, fresh		. 90 : 4,101		44.61 .48	4,370	
Beets, processing		: 55		11.28	1,973	
Broccoli		1,745		1.54	615 3,191	
Brussels sprouts		: 15		102.73	1,488	
Cabbage, fresh	: Ton	: 1,173		14.88	17,322	
Cabbage, processing		: 148		7.83	1,160	
Cantaloups		: 10,860		1.18	15,576	
Carrots		: 18,180		.65	11,817	
Cauliflower		: 10,144 : 16,336		.65	6,583	
Corn, sweet, fresh		: 16,326 : 13,854		1.21 .60	19,754	
Corn, sweet, processing .	•	· 13,074		10.00	8,368 7,991	
Cucumbers, fresh		6,164		.92	5,640	
Cucumbers, processing	: Bu.	: 5,692		.57	3,239	
Eggplant	: Bu.	: 1,519		.66	1,004	
Escarole		: 1,403		.43	605	
Garlic		: 164		3.31	543	
Honeyballs		: 410		1.38 .61	566 1 081	
Honeydews		: 3,264 : 1,476		.29	1,981 431	
Lettuce		22,367		1.47	32 , 879	
Onions		33,750		.55	18,809	
Peas, green, fresh		10,037		1.16	11,643	
Peas, green, processing .:	Ton :	244		51 .47	12,576	
Peppers, green		8,923		.72	6,460	
Pimientos, processing:		: 23		31.36	719	
Shallots		145		2.91 .41	421 7,038	
Spinach, fresh		: 17,124 : 56		14.49	806	
Spinach, processing		31,647		1.23	38,926	
Tomatoes, processing		1,876		12.41	23,279	
Watermelons		92		111.56	10,280	
Miscellaneous		1,014		28.25	28,642	
Total	:		·····		569,622	3/834,541
	:					
Fruits and nuts:	Des:	00 337	29,510	•54	15,695	15,787
Grapefruit		29,337 9,357	9,375	2.10	19,649	19,687
Limes		71	71	2.96	209	209
Oranges		63,738	64,344	1.13	72,024	72,709
Apples		126,913	151,301	••77	97,469	116,199
Apricots		264	269	38.43	10,142	10,351
Avocados	Ton :	9	9	127.82	1 ,1 84 9 , 873	1,216 11,644
Cherries		131	155 610	75.17 10.47	6,483	6,483
Cranberries		619	619 4	112.51	398	402
Dates		4 92	94	26.77	2,463	2,521
Figs:		2,402	2,444	17.24	41,403	42,119
Grapes		2,402 31	31	56.84	1,738	1,750
Olives	TOIL :	ــر	J _			
	:					

Table 9.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Quantity, price, and value, by commodities, average 1935-39 - Continued

		Oue	ntity	Price	:	lue
		- 4,00	: Marketings		:	: Marketings
	Unit		and home	per	: Marketings	: and home
Commodity	•	Marketings	•	unit	•	: consumption
:			: consumption	Dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
:		Thousands	Thousands	DOTTALD	27000	
Fruits and nuts:	:	:				
(Continued)			55 000	.90	45,098	50,553
Peaches	Bu.	49,942	55,983		17,640	19,711
Pears	Bu.	: 24,568	27,452	.72	95	96
Persimmons	Ton	: 3	3	29.64	32	32
Pineapples	Crt.	14	14	2.27	•	21,591
Plums and prunes	Ton	: 763	810	26.66	20,332	46
Pomegranates	Ton	. 2	2	20.09	45	34,974
Strawberries	Crt.	12,662	13,248	2.64	33,428	
		: 19	19	266.56	5,017	5,074
Almonds	Ton	· 2	2	235.15	547	576
Filberts	1011 Th	82,947	94,020	.09	7,100	8,048
Pecans	Lb.	: 56	57	196.19	10,994	11,165
Walnuts	: Ton	·			419,058	452,943
Total	:	· 				
;	•	:				
Sugar crops:	:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,723	1.68	4,143	4,575
Maple sirup	: Gal.	: 2,466		•33	206	254
Maple sugar	: Lb.	: 618	762		3,402	7,199
Sorgo sirup	: Gal.	5,978	12,650	•57		50,925
Sugar beets	: Ton	9,609	9,609	5.30	50,925	10,486
Sugarcane sirup	: Gal.	: 13,741	22,562	.43	5,950	16,765
Sugarcane for sugar	: Ton	: 5,551	5,551	3.02	16,765	
Total	:	:			81,391	90,204
10001	:	:				
Seeds:	:	:		_		
Alfalfa	: Lb.	: 57,316	57,316	.18	10,374	10,374
Alsike clover	. –	: 16,678	16,678	.17	2,903	2,903
Cowpeas	: Bu.	1,875	4,825	1.50	2,812	7,238
		: 69,140	69,140	.05	3,685	3,685
Lespedeza		: 41,947	41,947	.18	7,340	7,340
Red clover	. –	47,489	47,489	.05	2,598	2,598
Sweetclover	• -	: 63,668	63,668	.03	2,070	2,070
Timothy	: Lb.	: 03,000	03,000	,	6,733	6,733
Other $\frac{1}{4}$ /	:	·			38,515	42,941
Total	:	·			JU, J±J	
	:	:				
Miscellaneous:	:	:	1. 3	84.47	3,496	3,496
Broomcorn	: Ton	: 41	41	•		6,457
Hops	: Lb.	: 34,533	34,533	.19	6,457	
Peppermint	: Lb.	: 1,008	1,008	1.95	1,966	1,966
Popcorn	: Lb.	: 81,223	81,223	.02	1,534	1,534
Spearmint	: Lb.	: 98	98	1.51	148	148
Other <u>5</u> /	. :	:			2,043	2,043
Total	:	:			15,644	15,644
TOUGE ************	:				<u></u>	
	:	•				
Total crops	• :	: :			3,165,959	3,507,746
Total all commodities	:	:			7,729,004	8,948,980

^{1/} Includes \$378,049,000 for home consumption of 200,026,000 cwt. milk equivalent at \$1.89 per cwt.

^{2/} Package bees, queen bees, horses, mules.

³/ Includes \$194,414,000 for home consumption of commodities for which data are not shown separately, in addition to their marketings as shown in the preceding column.

 $[\]frac{1}{4}$ / Bentgrass, Bermuda grass, Kentucky bluegrass, crimson clover, chewings fescue, meadow fescue, tall fescue, ladino clover, mustard, orchardgrass, Austrian winter peas, redtop, common ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, Sudangrass, sunflower, common and Willamette vetch, hairy vetch, Hungarian vetch, purple vetch, crested wheatgrass, white clover.

 $[\]underline{5}/$ Flax fiber, hempseed, hops, vegetables grown under glass.

Table 10.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Quantity, price, and value, by commodities, average 1947-49

			tity	Price	Va	lue
Commodity	Unit	: Marketings		per	:	: Marketings : and home
•		· warkerings :	and home consumption	unit	: Marketings	: and nome : consumption
		Thousands	Thousands	Dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Livestock and products		· Inoubtaids	Inoubanus	DOLLARS	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Meat animals:		:				
Calves	Cwt.	29,914	30,840	22.56	674,860	695,758
Cattle	Cwt.	: 216,407	219,746	20.14	4,358,430	4,425,671
Hogs	Cwt.	: 163,425	186,820	21.85	3,570,836	4,082,024
Lambs	Cwt.	: 15,686	15,826	21.87	343,060	346,115
Sheep		:4,857	5,028	9.09	44,154	45,708
Total:		:			8,991,340	9,595,276
5		:				
Dairy products:		:			10-	
Butter		: 43,772		.63	27,489	
Milk, retail		: 762,927		.71	542,441	
Milk, wholesale		: 2,128,667		.18	389,546	
Total		709,530		4.36	3,093,550 4,053,026	1/4,757,911
		: 			4,003,020	1/4, 17 1,911
Poultry and eggs:		• •				
Broilers	Lb.	. 1,211,094	1,211,094	.32	382 ,7 06	382,706
Other chickens		: 1,967,308	2,547,708	.27	535,108	692,977
Eggs, chicken		: 4,033,722	4,606,444	.46	1,851,478	2,114,357
Turkeys		: 643,685	655,408	•39	250, 393	254,953
Turkey hatching eggs	Each	65,886	65,886	•27	17,987	17,987
Total		:			3,037,672	3,462,980
:		:		<u> </u>		
Miscellaneous:		:			_	_
Beeswax	Lb.	: 4,232	4,232	.42	1,761	1,761
Honey	Lb.	: 189,357	220,129	.19	35,788	41,604
Mohair	Lb.	: 15,719	15,719	•49	7,671	7,671
Wool	Lb.	: 226,513	226,513	.46	104,876	104,876
Other 2/		:			35,045	35,045
Total		·			185,141	190,957
Total livestock		. •			16,267,179	18,007,124
		·				
Crops:		:				
Food grains:		:			_	
Buckwheat	Bu.	: 2,447	2,526	1.41	3,451	3,562
Rice	Cwt.	: 36,005	36,098	4.97	178,943	179,407
Rye:	Bu.	: 16,361	16,393	1.73	28,304	28,360
Wheat	Bu.	: 1,120,177	1,123,647	2.09	2,341,170	2,348,421
Total		:			2,551,868	2,559,750
:		:				
Feed crops:	_	170 161	170,461	1.34	228,418	228,418
Barley	Bu.	: 170,461		1.51	1,258,792	1,282,987
Corn	Bu.	: 833,637	849,660	22.85	303,387	303,387
Hay	Ton	: 13,277	13,277 322,496	.82	263,157	263,157
Oats	Bu.	322,496 70,328	70,328	1.42	99,866	99,866
Sorghum grain	Bu.	70,320	[0,320	1.72	2,153,620	2,177,815
Total		<u> </u>			-,-/_,	-1-1112-2
Cotton:		•				
Lint	Lb.	7,124,578	7,124,578	.30	2,165,872	2,165,872
Seed	Ton	4,940	4,940	63.44	313,372	313,372
Total		:			2,479,244	2,479,244
:			2.2.1		050 900	050 930
Tobacco:	Lb.	2,118,834	2,118,834	.45	959,832	959,832
iobacco.						006 700
:		•				
Oil crops:	Bu.	42,775	42,775	5.30	226 , 709	226 ,7 09
Oil crops: : Flaxseed	Bu. Lb.	2,016,199	2,040,396	.10	207,669	210,161
Oil crops: Flaxseed Peanuts		2,016,199 196,041	2,040,396 196,041	.10 2.55	207,669 499,905	210,161 499,905
Oil crops: Flaxseed Peanuts Soybeans	Lb.	2,016,199	2,040,396	.10	207,669 499,905 3,974	210,161 499,905 3,974
Oil crops: Flaxseed Peanuts	Lb. Bu.	2,016,199 196,041	2,040,396 196,041	.10 2.55	207,669 499,905	210,161 499,905

Table 10.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Quantity, price and value, by commodities, average 1947-49 - Continued

		Commodition				· Va	lue
:	•	Que		ity Marketings		·	: Marketings
Commodity U	mit :	14 - 13 - 4 d m mm	:	and home	per	: Marketings	: and home
Commodity	:	Marketings	:	consumption	unit	:	: consumption
:	:	Chausanda	<u>.</u>	Thousands	Dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
	:	Thousands		Indubitable			
	•					-100	156 102
Vegetables:	rt. :	16,078		17,292	9.05	145,509	156,493
Dry edible beans Cw	rt. :	4,142		4,142	4.78	19,798	19,798 440
Mung beans Lb	. :	7,566		7,566	.06	440	548 ,6 93
Potatoes Bu	1.	337,801		373,260	1.47	496,568	75,621
Sweetpotatoes Bu	1. :	21,129		35,173	2.15	45,427 2,647	17,022
Artichokes Bo	x :	752			3.52	17,072	
Asparagus, fresh Cr	rt. :	4,742			3.60	15,518	
Asparagus, processing: To	on :	94			164.28 2.58	6,742	
Beans, lima, fresh: Bu	u. :	2,613			149,64	11,060	
Beans, lima, processing: To	on :	74			2.27	51,637	
Beans, snap, fresh: Bu	u. :	011			112.64	23,730	
Beans, snap, processing To	o n	211 3,549			1.07	3,798	
Beets, fresh Bu	u. S	107			21.09	2,265	
Beets, processing: To	oц :	4,089			3.83	15,645	
Brussels sprouts To	on s	22			230.17	4,939	
Cabbage, fresh To	on :	1,208			34.68	41,893	
Cabbage, processing To		136			15.51	2,110	
Cantaloups		14,636			2.98	43,616	
Carrots Bu		29,927			1.58	47,310	
Cauliflower Cr	rt.	: 14,314			1.29	18,468	
Celery Cr	rt.	20,891			2.55	53,201	
Corn, sweet, fresh 5	doz.	: 23,349			1.64	38,293	
Corn, sweet, processing To	on	: 1,256			21.39	26,863 17,969	
Cucumbers, fresh B		: 7,986			2.25 1.46	15,532	
Cucumbers, processing: B		10,638			1.53	2,764	
Eggplant B		: 1,807 : 2,959			1.29	3,8 18	
Escarole B		: 2,979 : 145			12.87	1,871	
Honeyballs C		· 93			3.84	359	
Honeydews C		3,107			1.91	5,935	
Kale B		2,181			.68	1,485	
Lettuce C		36,396			3.34	121,562	
Onions 5	0 lb.	: 40,430			1.59	<i>6</i> 4 , 286	
Peas, green, fresh: B		: 4,491			2.16	9,701	
Peas, green, processing: T	on.	: 377			88.41	33 ,3 61	
Peppers, green B		: 11,716			2.04	23,900	
Pimientos, processing: T		: 23			66.55	1,533	
Shallots B		: 112			7.25	810	
Spinach, fresh B		: 14,987 : 82			•95 44 • 28	14,177 3,625	
Spinach, processing: Tomatoes, fresh B		36,673			3.12	114,420	
Tomatoes, processing: I		2,864			27.04	77,430	
Watermelons		: 98			332.19	32,530	
Miscellaneous I	•	1,453			67.35	97,853	
Total		:				1,779,470	3/2,294,704
:		:					
Fruits and nuts: :		:					1.6
Grapefruit F		: 49,764		49,995	•74	36,875	37,046
Lemons E		: 12,177		12,196	3.14	38,236	38 ,29 6
Limes I		: 221		221	3.34	739	739
Oranges I		: 110,015		110,786	1.51 1.88	166,123	167,286
Apples Apricots		: 115,440		133,493 209	76 . 94	215,873 15,500	249,632 16,090
Avocados		: 201		209	361.01	7,234	7,338
Cherries		: 198		219	201.90	40,007	44,256
Cranberries		: 856		856	12.07	10,336	10,336
Dates		: 15		15	134.82	1,959	1,964
Figs		: 110		113	55.64	6,141	6,327
Grapes	Ton	: 2,855		2,884	38.33	109,423	110,552
Olives	Ton	: 44		ЦЦ	158.37	7,029	7,061
:		:					• •

Table 10.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Quantity, price, and value, by commodities, average 1947-49 - Continued

	•	Quar	ntity	Price	: Va	lue
Commodity	: Unit		Marketings	per	:	: Marketings
•	:	Marketings		: unit	: Marketings	and home
	:	: Thousands	consumption Thousands	Dollars	1,000 dollars	: consumption
Fruits and nuts:	:	:	110000	<u>Dozzada b</u>	1,000 4011410	2,000 002101
(Continued)	:	:				
Peaches	: Bu.	: 61,886	66,631	1.67	103,350	111,274
Pears	: Bu	: 27,873	30,324	1.91	53,237	57,919
Persimmons	: Ton	: -1,5-13	Jey J	74.74	270	274
Pineapples		: 5	5	4.85	22	22
Plums and prunes	: Ton	: 645	677	76.23	49,167	51,642
Pomegranates	: Ton	: 3	່ ຊ	39.00	117	118
Strawberries, fresh		: 6,968	7,343	8.50	59,225	62,410
Strawberries, processing		3,040	3,040	6.18	18,785	18 ,7 85
Almonds		: 38	38	429.51	16,450	16,539
Filberts		: 8	8	239.50	1,963	2,049
Pecans		: 137,957	149,146	.17	23,453	25,355
Walnuts		: 74	75	381.48	28,068	28,472
Total		' 			1,009,582	1,071,782
	:	<u></u>				-)-1-)1
Sugar crops:	:	: :				
Maple sirup	Gal.	: 1,513	1,708	4.84	7,324	8,267
Maple sugar		: 194	249	.84	162	208
Sorgo sirup		3,015	5,657	1.75	5,277	9,900
Sugar beets		10,708	10,708	11.02	117,998	117,998
Sugarcane sirup		9,156	13,178	•99	9,111	13,112
Sugarcane for sugar		5,673	5,673	6.38	36,192	36,192
Total					176,064	185,677
1012	•	·				==2,7=11
Seeds:	:	· :				
Alfalfa	.: Lb.	74,426	74,426	- 34	25,007	25,007
Alsike clover		13,998	i3,998	•30	4,227	4,227
Cowpeas		1,383	3,596	4.52	6,250	16,251
Lespedeza		: 140,619	140,619	•09	11,995	11,995
Red clover		: 56,510	56,510	.43	24,469	24,469
Sweetclover		3,611	3,611	•13	4,336	4,336
Timothy	-	: 37,943	9 4 3 و 37	•09	3,495	3,495
Other 4/	,	:	31,72 3	•	42,961	42,961
Total		:			122,740	132,741
2000	:	:				
Miscellaneous:	:	· :				
Broomcorn	Ton	: 37	37	268.56	9,851	9,851
Hops	. Lb.	: 46,565	46,565	.60	28,125	28,125
Peppermint	Lb.	: 1,607	1,607	5.95	9 ,5 63	9,563
Popcorn	.: Lb.	199,813	199,813	•04	8,152	8,152
Spearmint		: 620	620	4.29	2,660	2,660
Other 5/	.:	:			5,555	5 555
Total	.:	:			63,906	63,906
10042 ***********************************	:	:				
Total crops	: :	:			12,234,583	12,866,200
otal all commodities	:	:			28,501,762	30,873,324

^{1/} Includes \$704,885,000 for home consumption of 154,580,000 cwt. milk equivalent at \$4.56 per cwt.

2/ Package bees, queen bees, horses, mules. 3/ Includes \$421,931,000 for home consumption of commodities for which data are not shown separately, in

addition to their marketings as shown in the preceding column.

^{4/} Bentgrass, Bermuda grass, Kentucky bluegrass, King ranch bluestem, mixed bluestem, mountain bromegrass, smooth bromegrass, buffalograss, crimson clover, dallisgrass, chewings fescue, meadow fescue, red fescue, tall fescue, blue grama, side-oats grama, ladino clover, sand lovegrass, weeping lovegrass, lupine, mustard, orchardgrass, Austrian winter peas, wild winter peas, rapeseed, redtop, common ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, Sudangrass, sunflower, birdsfoot trefoil, common and Willamette vetch, hairy vetch, Hungarian vetch, purple vetch, crested wheatgrass, intermediate wheatgrass, slender wheatgrass, tall wheatgrass, western wheatgrass, white clover, Canadian wild-rye, Russian wild-rye.

Table 11.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49

Commodity Ferentage distribution of: Livestock and Posterior Posteri	1947-49 Percent 2.26 14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28 15.41
Commodity Froup products or crops 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1935-39 1947-49 1945-39 1948-44 1948	1947-49 Percent 2.26 14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
1935-39	2.26 14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08
Percent Perc	2.26 14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08
Livestock and products: Meat animals: Calves 6.15 7.25 2.75 3.86 1.68 Calves 42.89 46.12 19.20 24.58 11.67 11.98 11.67 11.98 11.68 11.68 11.68 11.69	14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Meat animals: 6.15 7.25 2.75 3.86 1.68 Calves 42.89 46.12 19.20 24.58 11.67 Cattle 42.89 42.54 19.71 22.67 11.92 1.66 Bogs 44.02 42.54 19.71 22.67 11.92 1.66 Sheep .83 .48 .37 .26 .23 Total 100.00 100.00 144.77 53.29 27.22 Dairy products: Butter 1.36 .58 .45 .15 .27 Butter 1.36 .58 .45 .15 .27 Butter at 19.41 11.40 6.37 3.01 3.87 Milk, retail 17.49 8.19 5.74 2.16 3.49 Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Rome consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 41.23 Total 100.00 100.00 100.0	14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Calves 6.15 7.25 2.75 3.08 11.67 Cattle	14.33 13.22 1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Cattle 42.89 46.12 19.20 22.57 11.98 Hogs 42.54 19.71 22.67 11.98 Hogs 6.11 3.61 2.74 1.92 1.66 Sheep 7.83 1.88 3.7 2.6 .23 Total 100.00 100.00 44.77 53.29 27.22 Dairy products: Butter 19.41 11.40 6.37 3.01 3.87 Milk, retail 17.49 8.19 5.74 2.16 3.49 Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Home consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 4.23 Total 100.00 100.00 32.83 26.42 19.96 Poultry and eggs: Broilers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 1.44 Cother chickens 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkeys 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax 60 92 07 10 04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax 60 92 02 01 Honey 7.93 21.79 21 23 13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 14 04 08 -Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 58 95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 70 20 43 Total 11vestock and products 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 60.80 Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat	13.22 1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Hogs	1.12 .15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Sheep	.15 31.08 .09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Total 100.00 100.00 144.77 53.29 27.22	.09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Dairy products:	.09 1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Butter 1.36 .58 .45 .15 .27 Butterfat 19.41 11.40 6.37 3.01 3.87 Milk, retail 17.49 8.19 5.74 2.16 3.49 Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Home consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 4.23 Total 100.00 100.00 32.83 26.42 19.96 Poultry and eggs: Broflers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs 34 .52 .07 10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey .7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair .5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool .59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ .26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 Total livestock and products Crops: Pood grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Butter 1.36 .58 .45 .15 .27 Butterfat 19.41 11.40 6.37 3.01 3.87 Milk, retail 17.49 8.19 5.74 2.16 3.49 Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Home consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 4.23 Total 100.00 100.00 32.83 26.42 19.96 Poultry and eggs: Broflers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs 34 .52 .07 10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey .7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair .5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool .59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ .26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 Total livestock and products Crops: Pood grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	1.76 1.26 10.02 2.28
Butterfat 19.41 11.40 6.37 3.01 3.87 Milk, retail 17.49 8.19 5.74 2.16 3.49 Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Home consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 4.23 Total 100.00 100.00 32.83 26.42 19.96 Poultry and eggs: Broilers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax 6.0 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 53.0 4.02 .14 .04 .08 -Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Food grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	1.26 10.02 2.28
Milk, retail 17.49 8.19 5.74 2.16 3.49 Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Home consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 4.23 Total 100.00 100.00 32.83 26.42 19.96 Poultry and eggs: Broilers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax 6.60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohatr 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 -Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	10.02 2.28
Milk, wholesale 40.58 65.02 13.32 17.18 8.10 Home consumption 21.16 14.81 6.95 3.92 4.23 Total 100.00 100.00 32.83 26.42 19.96 Poultry and eggs: Broilers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 <	2.28
Home consumption	
Total	15. 41
Poultry and eggs: Broilers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Food grains:	<u> </u>
Broîlers 3.63 11.05 .72 2.12 .44 Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 53.0 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products 100.00 100.00 100.00 60.80 Erod grains: Buckwheat <td></td>	
Other chickens 30.47 20.01 6.01 3.85 3.66 Eggs, chicken 59.38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey .7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair .5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool .59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ .26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total .100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	1.24
Eggs, chicken 59,38 61.06 11.74 11.74 7.14 Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 60.80 Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2	2.24
Turkeys 6.18 7.36 1.22 1.42 .74 Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total .100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey .7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair .5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool .59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ .26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total .100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total .100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	6.85
Turkey hatching eggs .34 .52 .07 .10 .04 Total 100.00 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Interview of the colspan="6">Interview of the colspan	.83
Total 100.00 19.76 19.23 12.02 Miscellaneous: Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 -Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	.06
Miscellaneous: .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	11.22
Beeswax .60 .92 .02 .01 .01 Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Food grains: 100.00 100.00 100.00 60.80 Crops: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	
Honey 7.93 21.79 .21 .23 .13 Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 -Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 11vestock and products 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat	
Mohair 5.30 4.02 .14 .04 .08 -Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Food grains: Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	.01
-Wool 59.63 54.92 1.57 .58 .95 Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Food grains: 100.00 100.00 60.80 Crops: 8 1.14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	.14
Other 1/ 26.54 18.35 .70 .20 .43 Total 100.00 100.00 2.64 1.06 1.60 Total livestock and products Crops: 100.00 100.00 60.80 End of the colspan="6">Suckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	.02
Total livestock and products	.34
Total livestock and products	.11
Crops: Food grains: Buckwheat	.62
Food grains: : Buckwheat : .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice : .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye : .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat : .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total : .100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	58.33
Food grains: : Buckwheat : .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice : .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye : .2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat : .90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total : .100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	
Buckwheat .35 .14 .05 .03 .02 Rice .6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	
Rice 6.51 7.01 .95 1.39 .37 Rye 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	.01
Rye : 2.20 1.11 .32 .22 .13 Wheat : 90.94 91.74 13.31 18.25 5.22 Total : 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	.58
Wheat	.09
Total 100.00 100.00 14.63 19.89 5.74	7.61
Feed crops.	8.29
REPORTING!	
Barley: 10.30 10.49 1.29 1.77 .51 Corn: 60.06 58.91 7.52 9.97 2.95	.74
	4.16
Hay: 16.13 13.93 2.02 2.36 .79 Oats: 11.47 12.08 1.44 2.05 .56	.98 .85
Sorghum grain 2.04 4.59 .25 .78 .10	.32
Total 100.00 100.00 12.52 16.93 4.91	7.05
Cotton: : 86.15 87.36 18.59 16.83 7.29	
Lint	7.01 1.02
Total 100.00 100.00 21.58 19.27 8.46	1 . 1 . 1
Tobacco: : 100.00 100.00 7.81 7.46 3.06	8.03
Oil crops:	
Flaxseed 18.26 24.10 .46 1.76 .18	8.03
Peanuts 42.34 22.34 1.06 1.63 41	8.03 3.11
Soybeans 39.36 53.14 .99 3.89 .39	8.03 3.11 •74
rung nuts	8.03 3.11 .74 .68
Total	8.03 3.11 •74

Table 11.- Farm marketings and home consumption: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49 - Continued

:			Percentage di	stribution of	?:	
Commodity	Commod	ity group	Livesto products	ck and		mmodities
	1935-39	1947-49	1935-39	1947-49	1935-39	1947-49
Vegetables:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Dry edible beans	5.74	6 00				
Dry field peas	•53	6.82 .8 6	1.36	1.22	•54	.51
Mung beans	•/3	.00	.13	.15	.05	.0 6
Potatoes	23.23	23.91	5·53	2/ 4.26		2/ 1.78
Sweetpotatoes:	5.27	3.30	1.25	•59	2.17 .49	1.78
Othersales:		3.30	1.2)	• 79	•49	. 24
Artichokes	.21	.12	.05	.02	.02	.01
Asparagus, fresh	1.27	.74	.30	.13	.12	.06
Asparagus, processing:	.52	.68	.13	.12	.05	.05
Beans, lima, fresh:	•50	.29	.12	.05	.05	.02
Beans, lima, processing .: Beans, snap, fresh:	.18	.48	.04	.09	.02	.04
Beans, snap, processing .:	2.51	2.25	.60	.40	.23	•17
Beets, fresh	.52 .24	1.03	.12	.19	.05	.08
Beets, processing:	•24	.17 .10	.06 .02	.03	.02	.01
Broccoli	.38	.68	.02	.02	.01	.01
Brussels sprouts:	.18	.00 .21	.09 .04	.12 .04	.04 .02	.05
Cabbage, fresh	2.07	1.83	.49	•33	.02	.02 .14
Cabbage, processing:	.14	.09	.03	.02	.01	.01
Cantaloupes	1.87	1.90	.44	.34	.17	.14
Carrots	1.42	2.06	.34	•37	.13	.15
Cauliflower:	•79	.80	.19	•14	.07	.06
Celery	2.37	2.32	.5 6	.41	.22	•17
Corn, sweet, fresh:	1.00	1.67	. 24	.30	.09	.12
Corn, sweet, processing .:	•96	1.17	•23	.21	.09	•09
Cucumbers, fresh: Cucumbers, processing:	.68	.78	.16	.14	.0 6	.0 6
Eggplant	•39	.68	.09	.12	.04	•05
Escarole	.12 .07	.12 .17	.03	.02	.01	.01
Garlic	.06	.08	.02 .02	.03	.01	.01
Honeyballs	.07	.02	.02	.01 <u>2</u> /	.01 .01	.01
Honeydews	.24	.26	.06	. <u>5</u> /	.02	<u>2</u> / .02
Kale:	.05	.0 6	.01	.01		2/
Lettuce:	3.94	5.30	.94	.94	<u>2</u> / ∙37	<u>2</u> / •39
Onions:	2.25	2.80	• 54	.50	.21	.21
Peas, green, fresh:	1.39	.42	•33	.08	.13	.03
Peas, green, processing .:	1.51	1.45	.36	.26	.14	.11
Peppers, green:	•77	1.04	.18	.19	.07	.08
Pimentos, processing:	.09	.07 .04	.02	.01	.01	<u>2</u> /
Shallots	.05 .84	.62	.01 .20	.01 .11	<u>2/</u> .08	
Spinach, processing:	.10	.16	.02	•11	.00	.ō5 .01
Tomatoes, fresh	4.66	4.99	1.11	.89	.44	.01 .37
Tomatoes, processing:	2.79	3.37	.66	.60	.2 6	.25
Watermelons:	1.23	1.42	.29	.25	.11	.10
Miscellaneous:	3.43	4.26	.82	.7 6	.32	.32
Other home consumption · · · :_	23.30	18.39	5.54	3.28	2.17	1.36
Total	100.00	100.00	23.79	17.84	9.33	7.43
Fruits and nuts:	3.48	3.46	.45	.29	.18	10
Grapefruit	4.35	3.40 3.57	.45 .56	.30	.22	.12 .13
Limes	4·37 •05	3•21 •07	.01	.30		
Oranges	16.05	15.61	2.07	1.30	<u>2</u> / .81	<u>2/</u> .54
Apples	25.65	23.29	3.31	1.94	1.30	.81
Apricots	2.28	1.50	.30	.12	.12	.05
Avocados	.27	.68	.03	•06	.01	.02
Cherries	2.57	4.13	•33	.34	.13	.15
Cranberries	1.43	•97	.19	.08	.07	.03
Dates:	.09	.18	.01	.01	<u>2</u> / . 0 3	.01
Figs	.56	•59	.07	.05	.03	.02
:						

Table 11. - Farm marketings and home consumption: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49 - Continued

•	-	P	ercentage dis	tribution of	<u> </u>	
	Commodi	ty group	Livestoc products	k and :	All con	modities
Commodity	1935-39	1947-49	1935-39	1947-49	1935 - 39	1947-49
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Fruits and nuts:						
(Continued) :				06	1.7	.36
Grapes	9.30	10.32	1.20	.86	.47	.02
Olives	.39	. 66	.05	.05	.02	
Peaches	11.16	10.38	1.44	.86	.56	.36
Pears:	4 .3 5	5.40	. 5 6	.45	.22	.19 2] .17 2) .20
Persimmons	.02	.03	2/ 2/ .62	2/ 2/ .40	જો જો	<u>2</u> /,
Pineapples		2/	2/	2/	<u>2/</u>	<u>2/</u>
Plums and prunes		4. 8 2	.62	.40	.24	.17
Pomegranates		.01	<u>2/</u> 1.00	2/ .49	<u>2</u> / •39	2/
Strawberries, fresh:		5.82	1.00	.49	• 3 9	
Strawberries, processing :		1.75		.15	3/	.06
	<u>3</u> / 1.12	1.54	<u>3</u> / .14	.13	<u>3</u> / .06	.05
Almonds	• •	.19	.02	.02	.01	.01
Filberts		2.37	.23	.20	.09	.08
Pecans	2.46	2.66	.32	.22	.13	.09
Walnuts		100.00	12.91	8.33	5.06	3.47
Total	100.00	100.00	12.91	0.55	7.00	
-	•					
Sugar crops:	5 07	4.46	12	.07	.05	.03
Maple sirup	5.07		.13			.03
Maple sugar		.11	.01	<u>2/</u> .08	. <u>2</u> / .08	<u>2</u> / .03
Sorgo sirup		5.33	.20			
Sugar beets		63.55	1.45	.91	•57	.38
Sugarcane sirup		7 .0 6	.30	.10	.12	.04
Sugarcane for sugar:		19.49	.48	.28	.19	.12
Total	100.00	100.00	2.57	1.44	1.01	.60
	•					
Seeds:	; a) = (- O OL	20	00	.12	.08
Alfalfa	: 24.16	18.84	.30	.20		
Alsike clover		3.18	.08	.03	.03	.01
Cowpeas		12.24	.21	.13	.08	.05
Lespedeza		9.04	.11	.09	.04	.04
Red clover		18.43	.21	.19	.08	.08
Sweetclover		3.27	.07	.03	.03	.02
Timothy		2.63	.06	.03	.02	.01
Other 4/		32.37	.19	•33	.08	.14
Total	100.00	100.00	1.23	1.03	.48	.43
	:					
Miscellaneous:	:			_		
Broomcorn	: 22.35	15.42	.10	.08	.04	.03
Hops		44.01	.19	.22	.07	.09
Peppermint	: 12.57	14.96	.06	.08	.02	.03
Popcorn	9.80	12.76	•04	.0 6	.02	.03
Spearmint		4.16	<u>2</u> / .06	.02		.01
Other 5/		8.69	.ō 6	.04	.02	.02
2	:					
Total	:100.00	100.00	.45	.50	.17	.21
Total crops	: :		100.00	100.00	39.20	41.67
otal all commodities	:				100.00	100.00

^{1/} Package bees, queen bees, horses, mules.
2/ Less than .005 percent.
3/ Included with fresh.
4/ Bentgrass, Bermuda grass, Kentucky bluegrass, crimson clover, chewings fescue, meadow fescue, tall lescue, lading clover, mustand combinatories winter ress, redton, common meagans, perennial fescue, ladino clover, mustard, orchardgrass, Austrian winter peas, redtop, common ryegrass, perennial ryegrass, Sudangrass, sunflower, common and Willamette vetch, hairy vetch, Hungarian vetch, purple vetch, crested wheatgrass, white clover.

^{5/} Flax fiber, hemp fiber, hempseed, vegetables grown under glass.

Table 12.- Farm marketings: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49

:			Percentage di	staibution of		
	Commodi	ty group	: Livesto		All comm	odítica
Commodity :			products	or crops :	ALL COM	
	1935-39	1947-49	1935-39	1947-49	1935-39	1947-49
Livestock and products:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Meat animals:						
Calves	6.56	7.51	3.16	4.15	1.86	2.37
Cattle:	46.89	48.47	22.56	26.79	13.32	15.29
Hogs:	38.96	39.71	18.74	21.95	11.06	12.53
Lambs	<u> </u>	3.82	3.23	2.11	1.91	1.20
Total	100.00	.49 100.00	.42 48.11	.27 55.27	.25 28.40	.15 31.54
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		100.00	+0.11	22.21	20.40	31.54
Dairy products:	1 50	60				
Butterfat	1.72 24.62	.68 13.38	•53	.17	.31	.10
Milk, retail	22.19	9.61	7.60 6.85	3·33 2·40	4.48 4.05	1.90
Milk, wholesale:	51.47	76.33	15.88	19.02	9.38	1.37 10.85
Total	100.00	100.00	30.86	24.92	18.22	14.22
Poultry and eggs:						
Broilers	4.77	12.60	.85	2.35	.50	1.34
Other chickens	25.98	17.62	4.66	3.29	2.75	1.88
Eggs, chickens	61.09	60.95	10.95	11.38	6.46	6.50
Turkeys:	7.71	8.24	1.38	1.54	.82	.88
Turkey hatching eggs: Total	100.00	.59 100.00	.08 17.92	<u>11</u> 18.67	.05 10.58	.06
:	100.00	100.00	11.92	10.01	10.50	10.66
Miscellaneous: :						
Beeswax:	.61	.95	.02	.05	.01	.01
Honey	6.72 5.37	19.33 4.14	.21 .17	.22 .64	•13	.12
Wool:	60.41	56 . 65	1.88	.22	.10 1.11	.03 .37
Other 1/:	26.89	18.93	.83	.01	.49	.12
Total	100.00	100.00	3.11	1.14	1.84	.65
: Total livestock and products :			100.00	100.00	59.04	57.07
Crops:						
Food grains: :						
Buckwheat:	. ∙33	.14	•05	•03	•05	.01
Rice:	6.63	7.01	1.06	1.46	-43	.63
Rye: Wheat:	2.22 90.82	1.11 91.74	•35 14.40	.23 19.14	.15 5.90	8 .2 2
Total	100.00	100.00	15.86	20.86	6.50	8.96
:						
Feed crops: : Barley:	10.72	10.60	1.43	1.86	.58	.80
Corn	58.44	58.45	7.79	10.29	3.19	4.42
Hay:	16.79	14.09	2.24	2.48	.92	1.07
Oats:	11.93	12.22	1.59	2.15	.65	.92
Sorghum grain	2.12	4.64	.28	.82	.12 5.46	.35
Total	100.00	100.00	13.33	17.60	5.40	7.56
Cotton:			_		0.11	
Lint:	86.15	87.36	20.60	17.70	8.44	7.60
Seed	13.85	12.64	3.31 23.91	2.56 20.26	1.36 9.80	1.10 8.70
Total:	100.00	100.00				
Tobacco	100.00	100.00	8.65	7.85	3.54	3.37
Oil crops:		a) = (3 Pc	01	.80
Flaxseed:	18.57	24.16 22.14	.51 1.13	1.85 1.70	.21 .46	.00 •73
Peanuts	41.37 40.01	53.28	1.13	4.09	.45	1.75
Soybeans	.05	.42	2/	.03	2/	.01
Tung nuts	100.00	100.00	2.74	7.67	1.12	3.29
						Continued
		31				Continued -

Table 12.- Farm marketings: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49 - Continued

			ercentage dis	tribution of		
	Commodi		Livestock products of	k and :	All commo	dities
Commodity :-			1935-39	101.7-1.9	1935-39	1947-49
•	1935 -3 9	: 1947-49	<u> </u>		Percent	Percent
:	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	1010011	
getables:		0.50	2 25	1.19	.55	.51
Dry edible beans	7.51	8.18	1.35	.16	.06	.07
Dry field peas	•77	1.11	•14	2/		2/
Mung beans		.02			1.97	1.74
Potatoes	26.76	27.91	4.81	4.06	.26	.16
Potatoes	3.51	2.55	.63	•37	.02	.01
Sweetpotatoes	.30	.15	•05	.02		.06
Artichokes	1.86	.96	•33	.14	.14	.06
Asparagus, fresh		.87	.14	.13	.06	
Asparagus, processing	•77	.38	•13	.06	.05	.02
Beans, lima, fresh	•73		.05	•09	.02	.04
Beans, lima, processing	.27	.62		.42	.27	.18
Beans, snap, fresh	3.67	2.90	.66		.06	.08
Beans, snap, processing:	•77	1.33	.14	•19	.03	.01
Beets, fresh	• 35	.21	.06	.03	_	.01
Design proceeding	.11	.13	.02	.02	.01	-
Beets, processing	.56	.88	.10	.13	• 04	.06
Broccoli	.26	.28	.05	•04	.02	.02
Brussels sprouts			.55	.34	.22	.15
Cabbage, fresh	3.04	2.36	•04	.02	•01	.01
Cabbage, processing:	.20	.12		.36	.20	.15
Cantaloups:	2.73	2.45	•49		.15	.17
Carrots	2.07	2.66	•37	•39		.06
Cauliflower	1.16	1.04	.21	.16	.08	
Celery	3.47	2.99	.62	•43	.26	•19
Celery Anach	1.47	2.15	•27	.31	.11	.14
Corn, sweet, fresh	1.40	1.51	.25	.22	.10	.10
Corn, sweet, processing:		1.01	.18	.15	.07	.06
Cucumbers, fresh	•99		.10	.13	· 0L	.05
Cucumbers, processing:	•5 7	.87		.02	.01	.01
Eggplant	.18	.16	•03			.01
Escarole	.11	.21	•02	.03	.01	
Garlic	.10	.11	•02	•02	.01	.01
Honeyballs	.10	•02	•02	.05	•01	2/
Honeydews		•33	•06	• 0 5	•03	•02
noneydews		.08	.01	•01	.01	.01
Kale		6.83	1.04	•99	ىلىل.	.43
Lettuce			•59	.52	. 24	.23
Onions		3.61			•	.03
Peas, green, fresh	2.04	•55	•37	•08	.15	
Peas, green, processing	2.21	1.87	•#0	•27	.16	.12
Peppers, green		1.34	.20	•19	.08	.08
Pimentos, processing		•09	•02	.01	•01	•01
Shallots	0.77	•05	.01	•01	•01	2/
Spinach, fresh		.80	.22	.12	•09	ر <u>د</u> 0.
Spinach, processing		.20	•03	•03	.01	•01
		6.43	1.23	.94	•50	•39
Tomatoes, fresh				.63	.30	.27
Tomatoes, processing		4.35	• 74			
Watermelons		1.83	•33	.27	.13	.11.
Miscellaneous		5.50	•71	.80	.37	.31
Total	100.00	100.00	17.99	14.55	7.37	6.21
Thered A	•					
Fruits and nuts:		2 45	۲۵	30	20	٠.
Grapefruit		3.65	.50	.30	•20	•1
Lemons		3.79	.62	.31	.26	.1
Limes	-	•07	•01	•01	<u>2</u> /	<u>2</u> ,
Oranges	: 17.19	16.45	2 .27	1.36	•93	.50
Apples		21.38	3.08	1.76	1.26	.70
Apricots		1.54	.32	•13	.13	.0
Avocados		.72	. ملا	.06	•02	
Cherries				•		•0
Chanband c		3.96	.31	•33	.13	.11
Cranberries		1.02	•20	.08	•08	.0
Dates		•19	.01	•02	•01	•0
Figs	: .59	•61	•08	.05	.03	.0
Grapes	: 9.88	10.84	1.31	•89	.54	•3

Table 12.- Farm marketings: Percentage distribution of value, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49 - Continued

:.	Percentage distribution of:							
Commodity :	Commodity group		Livest	ock and sor crops	A11 com	All commodities		
:	1935-39		1935-39	1947-49	1935_30	1947-49		
-	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent		
Fruits and nuts:								
(Continued) :								
Olives	.41	.70	.05	.06	.02	.02		
Peaches	10.76 4.21	10.24	1.43	.85	•58	.02		
Persimmons	.02	5.27	•56	•44	•23	.19		
Pineapples	.01	•03 2/	2/ 2/ .64	2/2/	2/ 2/ .26	.19 2/ 2/ .17		
Plums and prunes	4.85	4.87	<u>2</u> /	2/	<u>Z</u> /	₹/		
Pomegranates		.01	2/	• <u>r</u> o	.26	•17		
Strawberries, fresh:	7.98	5.87	2/ 1.06	. <u>2</u> / .48	<u>2/</u> .43	2/ .21		
Strawberries, processing:	<u>3</u> /	1.86		.15	•43 3/	.21		
Almonds	1.70	1.63	.16	.13	<u>3</u> ∕ •07	.07 .06		
Filberts:	.13	.20	•02	.02	.01	.01		
Pecans	1.69	2.32	.22	•19	•09	.08		
Total	2,62	2.78 100.00	.35	.23	.14	.10		
	100.00	100.00	13.24	8.25	5.42	3.54		
Sugar crops:								
Maple sirup	5.09	1.26		_				
Maple sugar	.25	4.16 .09	.13	•06	•05	•03		
Sorgo sirup	4. 3 5	3.00	•01	.04	.04	<u>2</u> /		
Sugar beets	62.55	67.02	.10 1.61	.04 •97		. <u>ō</u> 2		
Sugarcane sirup	7.17	5.17	.19	•91	.66 .08	•41 •03		
Sugarcane for sugar	20.59	20.56	•53	.30	.22	.13		
Total	100.00	100.00	2.57	1.44	1.05	.62		
1								
Seeds:								
Alfalfa	26.93	20.38	•33	•20	.13	•09		
Alsike clover	7.54	3.44	•09	•03	.Oh	•01		
Cowpeas Lespedeza	7.30	5.09	•09	.05	•cli	•02		
Red clover	9.57 19.06	9 •97	.12	.10	.05	• OL		
Sweetclover	6.75	19.94 3.53	•23 •08	.20 .04	.09 .03	•09 •02		
Timothy	5.37	2.85	•07	•03	•03	.02		
other 4/	17.48	35.00	.21	•35	.09	.15		
Total	100.00	100.00	1.22	1.00	.50	.43		
:								
Miscellaneous:								
Broomcorn	22.35	15.42	.11	•08	·04	•03		
Hope	41.27	Hi.OI	.21	.23	.08	.10		
Perpermint Perpermint	12.57	14.96	.06	.08	•03	.03		
Popcorn	9.80	12.76	•05	.07	.02	.03		
Spearmint Other 5/	•95	4.16	<u>2</u> / .06	•02	<u>2/</u> .03	•01		
Total	13.06	8.69		•Ot	•03 •20	.02		
	100.00	100.00	•49	.52	. 20	.22		
Total crops			100.00	100.00	40.96	42.93		

Package bees, queen bees, horses, mules.

Less than .005 percent.

Included with fresh strawberries.

Bentgrass, Bermuda grass, Kentucky bluegrass, crimson clover, chewings fescue, meadow fescue, tall fescue, ladden along the common ryegrass, perennial fescue, ladden along the common ryegrass, perennial Transpared Civer, mustard, orchardgrass, Austrian winter peas, redtop, common ryegrass, perennial Tyegrass, Sudangrass, sunflower, common and Willamette vetch, hairy vetch, Hungarian vetch, purple vetch, crested wheatgrass, white clover.

Max fiber, hemp fiber, hempseed, vegetables grown under glass.

Table 13.- Home consumption: Percentage distribution of value and percentage of farm marketings and home consumption, averages 1935-39 and 1947-49

: :	Percentage distribution		Percentage of farm marketings and home consumption	
Commodity :	1935-39	1947-49	1935-39	1947-49
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
:				
vestock and products: : Meat animals: :				
Colves	0.49	0.88	0.07	0.07 .22
Cottle	1.27	2.85	.17	1.66
HOGE	17.79	21.62	2.43 .01 -	.01
Tembs	.11 .09	.13 .07	.01	1/
Sheep	19.75	25.55	2.69	1.96
Total		**************************************		
Dairy products	31.00	29.81	4.23	2.28
: Poultry and eggs:	•			
Chickens	9.44	6.68	1.29	.51 8c
Eggs, chicken	11.39	11.12	1.55	.85 .02
Turkeys	.29	.19	.04 2.88	1.38
Total	21.12	17.99		1.30
Honey	.15	.25	.02	.02
: Total livestock and products	72.02	73.60	9.82	5.64
ops:				
Food grains:		,	- 1	- /
Buckwheat	.02	<u>1</u> / .02	<u>1</u> /,	<u>1</u> /,
Rice:	.01		$\frac{1}{1}$ / $\frac{1}{1}$ /	<u>1</u> / 1/ 1/
Rye:	.01 .88	<u>1</u> / .31	<u>1</u> / .12	.02
Wheat	.92	•33	.12	.02
TOTAL	• 32			
Corn	1.40	1.02	.19	.08
Peanuts	.12	.11	.02	.01
Yegetables:				
Dry edible beans	.42	.46	.06	.03
Potatoes:	3.40	2.20	.46	.17
Sweetpotatoes	1.97	1.28	.27	.10
Other	15.94	17.85	2.17	1.37
Total	21.73	21.79	2.96	1.67
Fruits and nuts:				
Grapefruit:	.01	.01	<u>ı</u> /	$\frac{1}{1}$
Oranges	.06	.05	.01	ΞŽ
Apples:	1.49	1.12	.20	.09 1/
Apricots	.02 .15	.02 .18	<u>1</u> / .02	₹
Figs	.15 <u>1</u> /	.01	.02 <u>1</u> /	1/
Grapes	.‱	.05	. <u>ö</u> 1	1/ .01 1/ 1/ .03
Peaches	.45	.34	.06	.03
Pears:	.17	.20	.02	.02
Plums and prunes:	.10	.11	.02	.01
Strawberries:	.13	.13	.02	.01
Pecans	.08	.08	.01	.01
Walnuts	.01 2.73	.02	1/	.18
Total:	٤٠١٦	2.32	.37	.10
Sugar crops: : Maple sirup:	.04	•04	.01	1/
Sorgo sirup	.31	.20	.01	<u>1</u> / .02
Sugar cane sirup	.37	.17	.05	.01
Total	.72	.41	.10	.03
Cowpeas	.36	.42	.05	
:				.03
Total crops	27.98	26.40	3.81	2.02
Total, all commodities	100.00	100.00	13.63	7.66

^{1/} Less than .005 percent.