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JANUARY 1961

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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-October agricultural exports in 1960-61 were 10 percent ahead of the same period in 1959-60. U.S. agricultural exports in the July-October period of 1960-61 totaled \$1,487 million compared with \$1,354 million in the same period of 1959-60. Substantial gains were recorded in exports of cotton, wheat including flour, tobacco, and soybeans. Somewhat offsetting the gains were declines in exports of feed grains, rice, vegetable oils, and animal products. Exports of fruits were at the same level of a year earlier.

Agricultural exports in October were 20 percent ahead of October 1959. They totaled \$432 million in October 1960. Exports of wheat and flour, cotton,

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity, July-October

1959-60 1960-61 Chg. Commodity :Million dollars Pct. Cotton 98 186 +90 Grains & feeds 1/..: 525 581 +11 Wheat & flour 1/ ..: 244 335 +37 Feed grains 1/2/:
Rice, milled 1/..: 191 167 -13 42 -21 33 Tobacco, unmfd. ...: 155 +14 176 Veg. oils & seeds..: 189 175 -7 Soybeans: 78 +32 103 Ed. veg. oils 3/..: 79 49 -38 Fruits & preps. ...: 98 98 0 Vegs. & preps. 1/..: 48 42 -12 Animals & prods. 1/: 206 192 -7 55 Fats & oils: 61 -10 Meats & prods. ...: 39 46 +18 Hides & skins: 22 24 +9 Dairy products 1/.: 55 42 -24 Other 1/: 37 +6 TOTAL 1,354 1.487 1/ Includes private relief.

+10 2/ Excludes products. 3/ Cottonseed and soybean.

tobacco, and soybeans advanced over 1959. However, there were declines in rice, vegetable oils, vegetables, and animal products. Exports of feed grains and fruits remained close to the levels of October 1959.

First quarter sales for dollars in 1960-61 showed a 13-percent gain over 1959-60. U.S. agricultural exports for dollars in July-September 1960-61 are estimated at \$745 million compared with \$657 million a year earlier. This gain represented mainly the increase in exports of cotton and soybeans. Exports under Government-financed programs (Public Law 480 and the Mutual Security Act) in this period of 1960-61 were 6 percent below the \$330 million a year earlier. The first-quarter program decline reflected smaller shipments of vegetable oils, feed grains, rice, and dairy products this year compared with last year.

Foreign demand for U. S. cotton continued strong in July-October 1960-61. U.S. exports of cotton, excluding linters, in the first 4 months of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled 1.4 million bales compared with 0.8 million in the same period of 1959-60. Exports in the first few months of 1959-60 were extremely low while the payment-in-kind program was getting underway. The major foreign markets during the first 4 months this year were Western Europe, Japan, India, and Canada. Exports under Government-financed programs were larger in July-October this year than last year. Cotton exports for the current fiscal year as a whole are likely to exceed the 6.6 million bales exported in 1959-60. Some of the factors contributing to the firm tone of cotton exports are the continuing high level of foreign consumption, the low level of old-crop cotton stocks in foreign exporting countries, and the ample supplies of U.S. cotton available at competitive prices. Cotton registered under the current season's payment-in-kind program totaled 4.4 million bales as of December 9. 1960 compared with 4.3 million on December 11, 1959.

Wheat exports in July-October 1960-61 were 55 million bushels GRAINS ahead of this period in 1959-60. Exports of wheat, including flour, in July-October this year totaled 194 million bushels compared with 139 million in July-October 1959-60. Most of the gain in exports can be accounted for by increased shipments under Title I of Public Law 480 to India, Poland, and Pakistan. India continues to be the largest recipient of U.S. wheat. The United States is sending more wheat to the Japanese market where the increasingly higher standard of living is resulting in greater consumption of wheat products. The continuing drought in the Near East during the past season has raised the import requirements of that area. Exports to all countries during the current fiscal year are expected to equal or exceed the record 549 million bushels shipped in 1956-57 and will be substantially above the 512 million exported last year. Part of the increase is expected in dollar exports to Western Europe, which had a poor-quality wheat harvest in the past season, but more wheat is also expected to move under Government-financed programs.

Milled rice exports continued to lag. They totaled 4.9 million bags in July-October 1960-61 compared with the 6.4 million for the same period in 1959-60. About half of the rice exports has been moving under Title I of Public Law 480. The principal foreign markets were India, Cuba, and the Netherlands. Exports to Cuba fell about 70 percent from a year ago. For the fiscal year as a whole, U.S. rice exports are expected to be slightly below the 20.5 million bags exported in 1959-60. Exports to Cuba are likely to be down substantially while those to Asia and Europe are expected to be somewhat larger.

Less feed grains moved to Western Europe in July-October this fiscal year.

U. S. feed grain exports during July-October 1960-61 of 3.7 million short tons were 16 percent below the 4.4 million in July-October 1959-60. The breakdown this year was corn, 66 million bushels; oats, 15 million bushels; barley, 30 million bushels; and grain sorghums, 38 million bushels. Western Europe, the largest foreign market for U. S. feed grains, took 0.6 million short tons less in July-October this year than last. Three-fourths of U. S. feed grains have gone to this area in recent years. Import requirements in Western Europe have been reduced this year as the result of larger production of coarse grains in 1960 and the use of low-quality wheat for feed.

TRADE NEWS ROUNDUP

January

1961

President Eisenhower has directed Government Agencies to take certain steps to help reduce the U. S. balance-of-payments deficit. He has specified that the Secretary of Agriculture, "in pursuing sales under surplus disposal and other concessional programs including barter, make an increased effort to insure that such sales do not reduce cash dollar sales of the U. S. products." The Secretary of State, together with heads of other Agencies concerned, is instructed to review "trade relations and negotiations with a view to improving the current receipts of the United States from sales abroad."

Quantitative restrictions, excessive tariffs, and discriminatory measures by the economically strong countries maintained against "especially U. S. agricultural products," are to receive particular attention. USDA is actively participating in implementing the President's directive.

U. S. agriculture is adding further to its foreign market development work through trade center activity. USDA is participating with the Department of Commerce in setting up a trade center in London to be opened next spring. The aim is to increase knowledge of and promote markets for U. S. products.

New-product introduction is proving to be a successful market promotion device. For example, British and West German consumers tried U.S. instant nonfat dry milk for the first time at the London and Munich food fairs and liked it. They were given the opportunity to buy some from a wide variety of U.S. brands. Skepticism was overcome by demonstrations and tasting. Favorable response has prompted numerous wholesale and retail trade inquiries.

FAS is cooperating with U.S. and Japanese trade organizations to develop new markets for hides and skins in Japan. Plans call for promotional efforts advertising the advantages and superior qualities of leather in fashionable accessories, footwear, sporting goods, school bags, and luggage.

Italy's most recent liberalization of dollar imports includes only a few agricultural commodities such as rice, fresh apples and pears, nuts, seeds for sowing, fatbacks, extenders for animal feeds, and pectin. Corn may be imported freely January 1-June 30, and barley, November 1-April 30. Important products still subject to import licensing when bought from the United States but not from most European (OEEC) countries include poultry meat, grain sorghums, rye, practically all fats and oils, canned and frozen fruit and fruit juices, and honey.

TOBACCO July-October tobacco exports this year were 8 percent above those in 1959-60. Unmanufactured tobacco exports in July-October 1960-61 totaled 222 million pounds compared with 206 million in the same 4 months of 1959-60. The principal foreign markets for U. S. leaf this year were the United Kingdom, West Germany, and Sweden. Exports during the current fiscal year as a whole are expected to be 5 percent above the 457 million pounds exported last year. The large U. S. crop of above-average export quality, relatively stable grade prices for U. S. leaf, and a rise in foreign cigarette consumption have been the main factors in the export gain.

Soybean exports in July-October this year totaled about one-third larger than in this period of 1959-60. Exports of soybeans in the July-October period of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled 45 million bushels compared with 34 million in the comparable 4 months of 1959-60. Improved living standards in Japan have resulted in a substantial increase in consumption of soybeans and soybean products. Soybeans are preferred over vegetable oils in many countries because of the increasing demand for meal. Also, supplies of foreign peanuts have been short in recent months. Exports of soybeans in fiscal year 1960-61 are expected to exceed last year's record of 133 million bushels.

Vegetable oil exports in July-October this year were nearly 200 million pounds below the level of a year ago. July-October vegetable oil exports of 438 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 were 30 percent down from the 624 million in 1959-60. Most of the decline occurred in exports under Government-financed programs. Although shipments of vegetable oils have been lagging in the first 4 months, exports in the fiscal year as a whole are expected to exceed the record set in 1959-60.

VEGETABLES

July-October exports of fruits and vegetables in 1960-61 were slightly below the level in 1959-60. July-October exports of fruits, vegetables, and preparations in 1960-61 of \$141 million were \$5 million smaller than in 1959-60. Declines in fresh and canned fruits were offset by a substantial increase in dried fruit exports. Exports of dried beans and fresh potatoes accounted for most of the drop in total vegetable exports.

ANIMALS AND
ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Exports of animal products in July-October ran below those of a year ago. July-October 1960-61 exports of animals and animal products totaled \$192 million compared with last year's first 4-month total of \$206 million. Sharp declines characterized exports of tallow, lard, and dairy products, while moderate gains were made in meats and hides and skins. Compared with a year earlier, lard exports declined this September and October in response to lower U. S. production coupled with higher prices. Tallow exports also fell somewhat in these 2 months because of increased foreign production and use of other fats and oils. The drop in dairy products represented much smaller butter exports to Western Europe this year in contrast with 1959-60 when large quantities were exported to supplement reduced supplies following the summer drought there.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-October agricultural imports in 1960-61 were below the level reported in 1959-60. Agricultural imports totaled \$1,241 million during July-October 1960-61, 9 percent below the same period last year. Most of the major supplementary and complementary commodities showed lower totals this year. Supplementary declines continued for cane sugar, beef and veal, and dutiable cattle. Declines in coffee and crude rubber accounted for the lower complementary total this year.

Agricultural imports increased slightly during October 1960. Imports of agricultural commodities totaled \$286 million in October 1960, 3 percent ahead of October 1959. Principal increase was in the complementary group, with higher coffee and cocoa bean imports being offset in part by the continued decline in unmanufactured carpet wool and crude rubber. Supplementary imports remained relatively unchanged from a year earlier.

U. S. agricultural imports by country of origin, July-September

		1959-60		: 1	960-61	
Country		:Comple-: :mentary: 2	Total	:Supple-: :mentary:		Total
	:		Million	dollars		
Brazil Philippines Mexico Colombia Cuba Canada New Zealand Australia Indonesia Fed. of Malaya Netherlands Argentina Peru Ecuador India Dominican Republic Belgian Congo Turkey	18 3/ 123 47 35 40 3/ 21 13 13 5 14	151 2 8 87 1 1 8 3/ 33 30 5 9 7 17 6 9 25 3/	166 80 26 87 124 48 43 40 33 30 26 22 13 17 19 14 28	12 73 45 3/ 45 34 22 34 3/ 0 21 13 14 3/ 12 9 2	134 0 11 54 1 12 3/ 32 28 4 9 7 19 6 9 15 1	146 73 554 46 354 34 32 28 22 21 19 18 17 15
Japan Other	: 4: 116	131	11 247	128	9 127	13 255
Total	551	537	1,088	482	479	961

^{1/} Supplementary imports are somewhat similar to or interchangeable with domestic products. 2/ Complementary imports are generally not competitive with domestic products. 3/ Less than \$500 thousand.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: October 1959 and 1960 and July-October 1959 and 1960 $\underline{1}/$

	••		October	er	••		Julv-October	Lober	
Commodity exported	. Unit:	Ouantity		Value	s 2/ s	Quantity		Value	e 2/
		1959	1960	1959	1960	1959	1960	1959 8	1960
	••	••	••	1,000	1,000	••	••	1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars :	Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars :	dollars
Cheese*	: Tp. :	1 692	719 :	328 :	356 :	2,860:	2,719 :	1,226 :	1,325
Evaporated milk*	. Tp.	11,500:	11,150:	1,745 :	1,779 :	48,529 :	38,199	7,497 :	690,9
Dried whole milk	: Tp. :		1,941:	812 :	1,202 :	8,027	7,770 :	4,634 :	4,735
Nonfat dry milk*	. qı		57,598 :	4,374 :	4,810 :	259,525	180,163:	26,490 :	20,255
Eggs, in the shell	Boz.	2,720 :	834:	1,262 :	989	6,195 :	: 99969	3,337 :	3,696
Hides and skins 3/	No.	726 :	1,166 :	6,104:	6,962 :	2,455 :	3,905	21,802 :	24,380
ra a	. The	3,379 :	2,877	1,166 :	1,024 :	10,361	\$ 866°6	3,820 :	3,835
Pork total 4/	. The	٠.	6,352:	1,914:	2,150 :	26,056:	20,740 :	7,434 :	6,146
5	. Tp.		10,251	1,389 :	2,190 :	32,180 :	40,302 :	6,529 :	8,718
	Th.	٠.	22,446 :	3,531	6,438:	53,265	71,554 :	14,750 :	20,774
DEC.	I Ib.		57,920	\$ 960.9	5,869	223,024 :	194,364 :	20,728	20,237
Tallow, edible and inedible	Tp.		132,742 :	10,111 :	8,356 8	484,099 :	466,511	36,222 :	30,113
Cotton, unmfd. excl. linters (running bales) .	Bales		439 :	45,473 :	58,410 :	849 :	1,421:	97,525	186,191
	. Tp. :	17,095 :	12,023 :	1,401 :	1,048	35,815	30,913 :	2,878 :	2,699
	Lb.	26,254	15,236 :	1,988 :	1,326	166,879 :	120,371 :	12,165 :	9,453
Prunes. dried	. dl		20,866	4,966 8	5,314	26,339 :	35,629	6,194 :	9,022
	Lb.		19,586	3,230 :	2,630 :	28,295	58,024 :	5,177 :	7,522
Fruits canned 6/	. qı	54,145 :	41,798 :	7,156 :	5,641	183,786 :	175,969 :	25,396 8	23,810
inice	. Gal.:	, 665	895	1,504 :	1,462 :	3,145 :	4,054	6,654	6,791
Barlev grain (48 lb.)	Bu. s	12,340:	9,051	12,718	9,308	52,167:	29,931	52,599 :	30,848
Corn. grain (56 lb.)*	Bu.		16,569 :	16,078	20,755	986,99	: 660,99	87,009 s	84,413
Grain sordhums (56 lb.)	Bu. :		7,800	5,636	8,770	34,481 :	37,776	37,571	41,486
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	3,972 :	3,518 :	2,694 :	2,481	21,545	14,537	14,249 :	10,574
Rice milled excludes paddy*	. Tp.		186,011	13,216	12,000 :	641,124:	494,001 :	41,757 :	32,593
Rve grain (56 lb.)	Bu. s	263 :	730 :	316 :	763 :	1,753:	2,383 :	2,122 :	2,435
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu.	25,543 :	45,334 :	42,667 3	77,248 :	114,371	166,012	196,949 :	284,173
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bad :		3,065 :	10,766 :	12,384	10,896	12,013	47,179	51,119
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	Ton :	110 :	72 :	6,864 :	4,404 :	271 :	237 :	17,409 :	14,647
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu. :	1,384:	1,530 :	4,550 :	4,661	6,109	2,512 :	19,421	7,782
Sovbeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu. :		14,050:	27,084	31,499 :	33,873	45,205	78,081	103,024
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc	: .b. :		41,726 :	3,702 :	4,586 :	425,477	348,302	48,372	38,298
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc.	: I.b. :	64,402 :	12,676:	6,393	1,501	198,497	89,213 :	30,525	11,086
Tobacco, unmanufactured	. Tp.		81,103 :	39,179 :	65,664 :	205,733	222,356	155,491	176,123
Beans, dried*	Lb.		30,539	2,418 :	2,425 :	158,848	125,050:	12,350 :	9,535
Deac dried (except cowness and chickbeas)	. Tp.		31,978	1,877 :	2,275 :	79,427 :	78,408	5,255	5,177
	. T.b.	32,976	3,010 :	878	92 :	114,523 :	69,812 :	3,174 :	1,870
Venetables, canned 6/	. Ib.		8,164 :	1,612:	1,285 :	33,336	36,604 :	5,120 :	5,557
Other acricultural commodities	••	••	••	54,310 :	52,228	••	••	188,973:	180,396
URAL COMMODI	١	••	••	360,508	431,932 :	••	••	1,354,064:	1,486,907
	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	••	**	1,100,026	1,297,462:	ee e-	•• •	4,408,745	5,111,811
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES		•• ••	•• ••	1,460,534	1,729,394	• ••	•	5,762,809 :	6,598,718
1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Exclu	udes the	the weight of "o	"other hides and	skins",	reported in value	only. 4/	Product weight.	ું જ	Includes beef and
pork livers, beef tonques, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen.	ts, fres	h or frozen.	Product weight.	ો	Includes only cla	classes shown separately	parately in Table	able 2 of the monthly	monthly

1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes une measur. ...
pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen. Product weight. 6/ Includes only "Foreign Agricultural Trade".
* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

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			October	oer	••		July-October		7
Commodity imported	: Unit:	Quantity		Value	9	Quantity	ty	Value	Je
	**	1959 :	1960	1959	1960	1959	1960	- 1	
SUPPLEMENTARY		••	••	1,000	1,000	••	••	1,000	1,000
		••	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousands :	Thousands:	dollars :	dollars
Cattle, dutiable	. No	41:	27 :	4,394 :	2,687	130	28.	16,377 3	6,776
Casein or lactarene	: Tp. :	6,558 :	5,625 :	1,262 :	1,106	28,772 :	25,421 :	120,0	4,902
Cheese	: Tp. :	4,167:	7,115:	2,048 :	3,801:	18,411:	19,973:	9,394 8	10,429
Hides and skins	: Tp. :	11,359:	10,001	6,145;	4,734:	55,937 :	42,657 :	27,538	19,251
Beef and veal, total 2/	: Lb. :	48,452 :	36,300:	16,599 :	12,604:	265,720:	207,389	93,817	73,917
Pork, total 2/	: Tp. :	11,858:	13,842:	7,655	9,567	51,522 :	55,221:	33,366	37,393
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	: Tp. :	3,141 :	2,217	761:	530 :	17,002:	16,762 :	3,850	3,984
1	: Tp. :	1,129:	1,334 :	: 161	1,140:	5,052 :	5,469 :	3,679 :	4,426
Wool nomfd excl. free etc. (actual weight)	. The	10,189	7,619:	6.793 :	5,275 :	39,443 :	29,398	27,095	22,690
٠_	Bales			185 :	136	124 8	114 :	19,598	19,985
	Ton	1 ("		307	80.	14 2		1,853	580
Jute and jute butts, unmid. (2,240 10.)			1 200	1 056	2000	2	י כוכי ע	1 COO 4	733
Olives in brine	. cal.	3000	1,000	1,002	1,292	02666	. 57760	20066	2,00
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved 1	. Tp. :	8,592 :	7,023 :	973 :	848	41,227	43,025	4,910 t	4,991
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	2,349:	1,744:	3,062:	2,186 :	5,192 :	3,173 :	6,934	4,007
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	189 :	202	167:	8 9	646:	373 \$	246	367
$\overline{}$: Bu. :	292 :	358:	465 :	286 :	1,308 :	1,241	2,164 :	2,095
	**	13,		710 :	477 :	•	3/	2,397	1,437
ODS COO	** ***) e		5.873 :	7,202 :	3	3	26,117	25,334
	T.b.	•	. 269, 22	5,768 :	5,567	249,836 :	285,498 :	23,698 :	21,317
		43,600	46.628	7,105 :	6.869	178.651	175,746 :	31,172	27,711
Vegetable Olls, rates and wastes, capturest esse		7,70,601 /		1.757 :	985	••	3/,	5,740 \$	2,778
Seeds, little dalder	۱۰	i . auc	. 000	23,310 :	24 700 1	1.631	1.392 :	180,584	155,709
Sugar, Calle (Zgood Lbs)		1001 01	227 .	1 256	0 100 :	00 577 :	150 707 :	0.419 3	13,338
Molasses, unilt for numan consumption	. cal	14 140 :	14 2410	10,670	29192	50,600	53 010 1	1090 85	30,026
lobacco, unmanufactured		14,140 :	14,041	10,010	9,919 •	. 200,020	139 YEA	100	325
Iomatoes, natural state	. TD.	407	2007	. 202	• 07	. 0/067	. 70464	100 480	105 400
Other supplementary	!		•	22, (83 8	100017			602 227	614 651
Total supplementary	_l	••	••	132,24/	132,338:		-	063033/	TC004 TC
COMPLEMENTARY	••	••	••	••	4	••	t (0,0
Silk, raw	: Tp. :	268 :	482 :	2,130 :	2,115 :	2,533 :	2,595	9,523	11,008
•	: Tp. :	21,362 :	16,179:	11,227:	8,582 :	78,349 :	£68,831 :	41,582 8	31,929
•	:Bunch:	4,286 :	4,145 :	5,954 :	2,000	17,169:	17,627	23,759 :	23,364
Cocoa or cacao beans	: Tp. :	18,027 :	34,282 :	5,853	8,394	116,333	160,664	3600°68	40,498
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)	: Tp. :	194,766 :	274,988 :	65,711:	93,759 :	1,050,465:	1,021,681	363,680	345,073
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc	: Tp. :	344 :	374 :	645 :	694 :	1,281	1,382	2,340	2,483
	: Tp. :	9,130:	8,050 :	4,292:	3,977 :	34,319:	34,900 :	15,694 :	16,948
Spices (complementary)	: Tp. :	7,325 :	6,029 :	2,793 :	3,027	27,673:	20,294 :	10,733	11,690
_	: Ton :	e C	2 8	1,141 :	126 :	12 :	2 2	4,925 3	2,366
Ω	: Ton :		. 7	1,320:	1,449 :	36 8	း ၉	6,246	5,979
Rubber Crude	: Tp. :	108,368:	60,274:	36,640 :	19,601	423,353 :	284,284	135,674	102,900
Other complementary		••	**	7,048 :	6.637 :	••	*	28,102 :	26,038
Total complementary	۱	••	••	144,754 :	153,991	••	••	681,267	626,336
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	١	••	••	277,001 :	286,329 :	••	••	1,364,604 :	1,240,987
	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	••	••	937,550 :	870,617	••	•• •	3,625,389	3,465,256
		•• •	•• •	י ואז אוט ו	1 156 046 :	• •	• ••	4.989.993	4,706,243
OMMODITIES		•	•	192149001	- 044 60CT6T			200000	
1/ Preliminary. 2/ Product weight. 3/ Reported in value only	ın value	only.							

Official Business

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID

USDA, Farmer Coop. Service 1-15-60 Office of the Administrat FATD

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- Continued from page 5 -

Three countries predominated in July-September import decline. Imports from 3 countries—Cuba, Colombia, and Brazil—registered a decline of \$131 million. Meanwhile, a \$30 million rise in imports from Mexico helped to limit the size of the overall decline in imports to \$127 million. A \$78 million (63 percent) reduction in imports from Cuba reflected a 73-percent drop in cane sugar imports alone following the change in U. S. sugar import policy. Filling the sugar import gap resulted in a sizable increase in cane sugar imports from Mexico. There were lesser gains in sugar takings from Peru and the Dominican Republic. An easing of coffee imports from the high levels recorded last year accounted for the lower imports from Colombia and Brazil. Most foreign suppliers of agricultural products generally found somewhat tighter U. S. markets in the first quarter of fiscal year 1960-61 as compared with the comparable period of 1959-60. (See table, page 5.)



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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-November agricultural exports this fiscal year were 13 percent ahead of 1959-60. Agricultural exports during the first 5 months of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled \$1,983 million compared with \$1,759 million in the like period a year ago. Most of the gain occurred in cotton, wheat, soybeans, and tobacco with smaller increases in meats and hides and skins. The showing for these commodities was weakened by smaller exports of other items, especially edible vegetable oils, vegetables and preparations, animal fats, and dairy products. There was a small decline in rice. Among the feed grains, which declined only

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity, July-November

moderately, a drop in oats and barley more than offset gains in corn and grain sorghums.

Commodity	1959-60	1960-61	Chg.
	:Million	dollars	Pct.
Cotton	: 175	284	+62
Grains & feeds 1/	: 648	752	+16
Wheat & flour T/	: 292	425	+45
Feed grains 1/2/.	: 243	220	-9
Rice, milled 1/	: 49	47	-4
Tobacco, unmfd		239	+24
Veg. oils & seeds	: 253	244	-4
Soybeans	: 124	154	+24
Ed. veg. oils 3/		63	-30
Fruits & preps		115	-4
Vegs. & preps. 1/	: 61	53	-13
Animals & prods. 1/	: 262	244	-7
Fats & oils		67	-13
Meats & prods	: 50	60	+20
Hides & skins	: 29	33	+14
Dairy products 1/.	: 65	52	-20
Other 1/		52	+8
Total	: 1,759	1,983	+13
1/ Includes privat			
products. 3/ Cotto	nseed and	d soybear	a.

The export gain in November 1960 amounted to 22 percent over November 1959. This value rise followed one of 20 percent in October 1960 over October 1959. November 1960's total was \$496 million compared with \$405 million in the previous year. Substantial advances in cotton, wheat and flour, rice, and tobacco and moderate gains in soybeans, vegetable oils, meats, and hides and skins contributed to the unusually good November 1960 showing. Feed grain exports increased slightly. There were moderate value declines in fruits, vegetables, and animal fats and hardly any change in dairy products.

The high export rate in October-December 1960 points to the highest annual total on record. Tentative estimates for December exports suggest a total of \$445 million, about 6 percent above December 1959's \$419 million. The December 1960 value would bring the total for calendar year 1960 to \$4,766 million, the largest annual total in history, well in excess of 1959's \$3,955 million. It surpasses the calendar year 1957 record of \$4,506 million and the fiscal year 1956-57 record of \$4,728 million. The 1960 total reflects mainly heavy gains in cotton, wheat, rice, and soybeans, but tobacco exports also were larger. (Cotton exports were unusually low in 1959.) Less feed grains and vegetable oils were exported in 1960 while fruits, vegetables, and livestock products as a whole showed little change. Export volume in 1960 was also the highest on record.

COTTON Cotton exports continued to gain in November; 5-month volume showed 43 percent rise over a year ago. Cotton exports increased from 1,500 thousand running bales in July-November of 1959-60 to 2,142 thousand in July-November of the current fiscal year. November exports were 170 thousand bales larger in 1960 than in 1959. Exports have been stimulated this season by the continuing high level of consumption abroad, the low level of old-crop cotton stocks in foreign exporting countries, and the ample supplies of U. S. cotton available at competitive prices.

GRAINS AND FEEDS Wheat export quantity was up two-thirds in July-November this fiscal year over last. Exports of wheat and wheat flour gained from 148 million bushels in July-November of 1959-60 to 246 million in July-November of 1960-61. November exports were about the same in both years. Title I P.L. 480 shipments account for the bulk of this year's export rise, but larger dollar sales to Europe following the poor quality 1960 wheat harvest are also contributing to the rise.

July-November feed grain exports in 1960-61 were 9 percent below the comparable volume last year. Feed grain exports of 5,069 thousand short tons (excluding products) this past July-November compared with 5,568 thousand a year ago. When compared with last year, export gains in October and November reduced by one-fifth the 622 thousand ton decline that occurred in July-September of 1960-61. Western Europe needs less imported feed grains this year owing to increased coarse grain output there in 1960 and to the use of low-quality wheat for feed.

Rice exports in November 1960 were about double those of a year earlier.

After running behind a year earlier from August through October, milled rice exports picked up in November, when they were 2,148 thousand bags in 1960 compared with 1,083 thousand in the previous November. For the July-November period, exports were still below those of a year ago: 7,088 thousand bags in the current fiscal year compared with 7,494 thousand in 1959-60. These recent export gains are the result of takings by India, Pakistan, and Indonesia under Title I of P. L. 480.

Big increase in November tobacco export volume over a year ago put July-November total one-fifth ahead. Unmanufactured tobacco exports in November 1960 were ahead of those in November 1959 for the second consecutive month this fiscal year. November's 85 million pounds this year contrasted with 50 million last year. The July-November total of 307 million pounds (declared export weight) ran 20 percent ahead of the 255 million in

TRADE NEWS ROUNDUP

February

1961

An alltime high is indicated for world agricultural production in 1960-61, according to FAS's World Agricultural Situation. While the year's output will be 42 percent above 1935-39, per capita production will be only 6 percent higher due to expanded population. Greatest production gains are in the developed areas of the world. Least gains are noted in underdeveloped areas. Further growth in world agricultural trade is expected in 1960-61 on top of that in 1959-60. Trade in wheat and fats and oils should be up while that in feed grains, cotton, and wool may show some decline.

The International Wheat Utilization Committee is releasing, about the end of January, the report of its factfinding mission sent early last year to Japan, Indonesia, and India. The Committee is composed of representatives of Argentina, Australia, Canada, France, and the United States (with FAO in an observer-advisor role). The report analyzes the part that wheat can play in assisting economic progress in a newly developing country such as India.

The American farmer's contribution to the high standard of living in the United States and our generous sharing with the rest of the world will be featured in a huge exhibit at the International Agricultural Exhibition in Cairo, Egypt, March 21-April 21. The exhibit—carrying out the theme "Power to Produce for Peace"—is a joint undertaking of the Departments of Agriculture and Commerce with support by the U.S. Information Agency and the International Cooperation Administration.

USDA is continuing to emphasize trade fairs as a means of promoting sales of farm products in important foreign markets. Among major fairs scheduled for 1961 are the International Agricultural Fair at Verona, Italy, March 12-20; the International Trade Fair at Paris, France, May 18-29; and one at Hamburg, West Germany, November 10-18. In addition, FAS will participate with the Department of Commerce in fairs at Colombo, Ceylon, January 21-February 19; Poznan, Poland, June 11-25; and Lima, Peru, October 12-29.

Recent Title I P.L. 480 agreements announced: Republic of Korea--\$35.1 million for wheat, cotton, and barley. Brazil--\$34.5 million for wheat.

Turkey--\$14.0 million for wheat.

Lack of dollars by Cuba rather than the ending of U. S. diplomatic relations is expected to reduce U. S. agricultural exports to that country. Under export controls which took effect October 20, only foodstuffs neither subsidized by the Government nor obtained from CCC stocks may go to Cuba without an export license. Wheat shipments are being licensed for Cuba in the light of the International Wheat Agreement. U. S. exports to Cuba in November 1960 totaling \$2.7 million were 89 percent below the value of the amount shipped in November a year earlier.

the comparable 5 months of 1959-60. Exports have benefited this year from the large U. S. crop of above-average export quality, relatively stable grade prices for U. S. leaf, and a continuing rise in foreign cigarette consumption.

VEGETABLE OILS

Soybean exports totaled 26 percent more in July-November this year than a year ago. July-November soybean exports amounted to 68 million bushels in the current fiscal year compared with 54 million last year. There has been a continuing strong foreign demand for U. S. beans and the byproduct protein meal. Smaller supplies of foreign oilseeds in recent months have given an added boost to U. S. exports of soybeans.

November soybean and cottonseed oil exports in 1960 were ahead of those in 1959; July-November volume was down. After lagging behind a year ago in September and October, combined exports of soybean oil and cottonseed oil increased by 22 million pounds in November 1960 over November 1959. This may have been the turning point for the year as the total for the current fiscal year is expected to run ahead of 1959-60. The July-November export volume was 566 million pounds this fiscal year, 165 million below the 731 million in 1959-60. The export lag reflects smaller shipments under Government programs.

VEGETABLES

July-November fruit exports were 4 percent smaller this year.

Exports of fruits and preparations at \$115 million in July
November compared with \$119 million last year. Larger exports of dried fruits were more than offset by reduced shipments of fresh oranges and canned fruits. Principal development in the larger exports of dried fruits was the smaller supply of raisins available from competing countries. Exports of oranges were reduced by weather damage to the Florida crop.

Vegetable exports were 13 percent smaller in July-November this year. Exports of vegetables and preparations declined from \$61 million in July-November of 1959-60 to \$53 million in the comparable period this year. The principal declines were in dry edible beans and white potatoes. Potato exports were \$\frac{1}{4}\$ percent smaller in volume primarily as the result of larger output in the important Canadian market and smaller sales to the once major Cuban market. Bean exports dropped by 29 percent in volume largely as foreign demand fell off from the level in 1959-60 when both France and Spain purchased sizable quantities. Cuba also took less U. S. beans this year.

ANDMALS AND
ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Exports of animals and animal products were 7 percent
smaller in July-November this fiscal year. Exports of
animals and animal products declined from \$262 million in
July-November of fiscal year 1959-60 to \$244 million in the corresponding
period this year. Declines in exports of animal fats and oils and dairy
products were only partly compensated by increases in meats and hides and
skins.

Lard and tallow exports fell further in November. Lard and tallow exports have been declining from year-ago levels since September-lard more so than tallow. July-November lard exports in 1960-61 stood at 227 million pounds, 23 percent smaller than in 1959-60 while value, reflecting higher prices

stemming from the reduced U. S. output this year, was down about half as much. July-November tallow exports of 574 million pounds were 6 percent less while value, reflecting lower prices, was 18 percent less. The export decline was associated with increased foreign production and greater use of competitive fats and oils—mainly coconut oil.

Butter was the main factor in dairy-product-export decline. The 20 percent drop in exports of dairy products from \$65 million in July-November of 1959-60 to \$52 million in the like period this year reflected mainly smaller butter shipments to Western Europe. Last year, Europe took large quantities to supplement reduced supplies following the summer drought there. Contributing to the export decline were smaller shipments of cheese, nonfat dry milk solids, evaporated milk, and dried whole milk.

Exports of variety and poultry meats showed gains this year. The increase in total exports of meats and products from \$50 million in July-November last fiscal year to \$60 million in the same period in 1960-61 reflected larger shipments of variety meats and poultry meat. Variety meat exports increased from 42 million pounds last year to 52 million this year. Relatively low prices and trade liberalization by the United Kingdom and France have stimulated shipments. Exports of canned, fresh, and frozen poultry jumped by more than a third over the July-November 1959-60 volume to reach a total of 91 million pounds. Market promotion efforts have done much to increase consumer interest in U.S. poultry meat in Western Europe.

Exports of hides and skins gained lh percent in value in July-November this year. Smaller exportable supplies of hides and skins from Argentina and Australia have increased opportunities for larger U. S. sales in the European and Japanese markets. At the same time, more plentiful U. S. supplies have made U. S. prices for hides and skins especially attractive. July-November exports totaled \$33 million this fiscal year as against \$29 million in 1959-60.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-November 1960 agricultural imports were 7 percent below those reported in July-November 1959. Imports of agricultural commodities during July-November of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled \$1,533 million, \$115 million less than the total for the respective period in 1959-60. Both complementary and supplementary totals were lower this year.

Sugar dominated the rise in November 1960 imports. November 1960 agricultural imports at \$292 million were 3 percent or \$9 million above 1959. Sugar, the principal supplementary import, increased about 125 percent in value over 1959, reflecting the adjustment in source of supply. Smaller supplementary gains were noted for dutiable cattle, cheese, pork, and nuts and preparations, with the remaining supplementary commodities showing a lower total or remaining relatively unchanged from the previous year. Among the complementary imports, crude rubber in November continued the trend of the past 5 months, lagging 45 percent below the level reported last year. Imports of coffee showed a moderate rise in November, partially offsetting the decline in most complementary commodities.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: November 1959 and 1960 and July-November 1959 and 1960 1/

01.004100			November	ber	•			July-November	
Commodity exported	: Unit:	Quantity	ity	Value	7	Quantity	. 1	Value	2
	**	1959 8	1960	1959 :	1960	1959 :	1960	1959 8	1960
		# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,000 8	1,000		Thomas	1,000	1,000
***************************************		1 nousands	TIOUSands	TALL	COST	7 KAA s	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	2 067 8	1 602
Evaporated milk*	r P	2,844	8,182	434	1,318 :	51,372 :	46,380 :	7,930 :	7,387
Dried whole milk	: Tp. :	2,997 8	1,120 :	1,737 :	721 :	11,024 :	8,890	6,371 :	5,457
Nonfat dry milk*	: Tp. :	18,704 :	46,534 :	2,230 :	4,995 :	278,230	226,697 :	28,720	25,249
Eggs, in the Shell	NOZ.	3,040 :	1,380 .	1,043	8 703 s	10,043 3,030	7,016	28,741 :	4,003
Hides and skins 3/	1 P	3,117	3.077	1,100 :	1,110	13,478	13,075	4.920	4,945
Dork total 4	i q	7,979	7,245	2,281	2,328	34,035	27,984	9,715 8	8,474
Variety meats 5/	. ip.	9,475	11,606	1,848	2,617	41,654	51,908 :	8,378 :	11,334
Poultry, canned, fresh or frozen 4/	r P	13,766	19,735	3,681	5,823	67,032 :	91,289 :	18,431	26,598
Lard	: Tp. :	70,722 :	32,995	6,497 :	3,740 :	293,746 :	227,360 :	27,225 :	23,976
Tallow, edible and inedible	: Tp. :	123,468 :	107,345	8,718:	7,008	607,567	573,856	44,939 :	37,121
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) .	: Bale:	651 :	727	77,430 :	97,399	1,500 :	2,142 :	174,955	283,590
Apples, fresh	• eq :	14,885 :	14,790 8	1,255 :	1,345 8	50,699 :	45,703	4,136 8	4,044
	• eq :	34,871	9,769	2,447 8	843 8	201,750 :	130,140 :	14,612	10,296
Prunes, dried	• o	13 768	7 540	29/3/ 8	2,324	37,851	44,012 i	7 462	2040
and curra		10,080	20.05	2,680	. 50161	202,866	196,025	280.80	26,606
Fruits, tuite		1,0007	723	1,502	1,228	4,152	4.777 8	8,156	8,019
Barley drain (48 lb.)	Bu	8,036	7,173	8,424	8,251	60,203	37,104	61,024 :	39,100
Corn. grain (56 lb.)*	Bu.	23,340	27,874	29,421	33,775	90,326	93,973	116,431	118,188
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu. :	9,253	8,340 :	10,384 :	9,836	43,734	46,116 :	47,955 :	51,323
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	5,375 :	1,457 :	3,798	1,117 :	26,920	15,994 :	18,047	11,692
Rice, milled, excludes paddy*	: Tp. :	108,302	214,819	7,631 :	14,875	749,426	708,820	49,388	47,468
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	439 :	349 8	528 :	342	2,192	2,731	2,680 5	2,111
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu.	21,324 :	42,351 :	36,025	71,580 :	135,696	208,363	232,975	355, 753
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :	2,868 :	4,251	12,638 :	17,860	13,764	16,263	. 71866G	086,00
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	non :	10/ 1	2 6	0,000	50760	2000	332	102647	00,00
Flaxseed (56 Lb.)	a par	20.415	30,600	3,970	51,67	54 280	5,450	124.181	154,025
Soybeans, except canned (ou los)	pu.	60.480	75,719	6.492	900	485,957	424.023	54.864	46,358
Cottoned of Cride refined etc.		46,378	53,194	4.481	5,330	244,874	142,407 8	35,006	16,416
Tobacco, unmanufactured	i ip	49,748	84,587 :	37,298	62,541	255,481	306,943	192,789	238,644
Beans, dried*	: Tp. :	50,682	25,292 :	3,690 :	1,937	209,530	150,342 8	16,040 8	11,472
Peas, dried (except cowpeas and chickpeas)	1 Lb. 1	20,099	13,869	1,322 :	943 8	99,526	92,277	6,577	6,120
Potatoes, white,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	13,300 :	2,687 :	988	88 .	127,879	72,498	. 01C65	1,938
Vegetables, canned 6/	 97 .	0,048	6,449	55.416 :	51,895	39,884	43,033 ·	244,387	232,286
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	.'		-	404,980	495,819	••	••	1,759,044 :	1,982,705
		••	••	••		••	••		
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	•	••	1,057,390 :	1,286,987	••	•• •	5,466,135 :	6,398,818
	••	••	••	1 462 370	1 782 806	ю 4	• •	7.225.179	8.381,523
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES	*	••		? I.	1,102,000	4	Product watch	+ 5/ Includes	of heaf and
<pre>1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight of "</pre>	udes the ts, fres	weight of "	"other hides and s	kıns 6/	reported in Value cludes only classe	only. 4	parately in I	201	onthly
"Foreign Agricultural Trade".									
* includes "rood exported for relief or charity by individuals	oy indiv	10	nd private agencies	•					
Compiled from official records. Bureau of the Census.	nsus.								

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): November 1959 and 1960 and July-November 1959 and 1960 1

																								1																											
	9		1,000	dollars	14,972	6,250	22,994	82,603	46,328	4,223	7,361	27.0	27,9748	100°C	200	7,904	5,629	7,186	433	3,317	1,870	32,497	25,918	33,308	3,956	195,427	15,126	48,156	568	135,562	762,652	988898	12 170	1391/0	20,012	40 407	479427	420,100	3,149	20,836	14,240	3,414	7,592	123,341	36,000	770,622	1,533,274	010 010	4,940,740	5,882,192	
	Value		1,000 :	dollars :	22,368	6,784 :	33,284 :	106,983 \$	41,284	4,303 :	4.475 \$	00 000 1	32,987	19,023	2,092	7,604	5,576	10,239 :	754 :	3,039	3,098	32,185	31,621	37,935	7,819	198,453 :	11,050 8	48,609	589	127,830 :	813,803	0704070	20 040	12,349	27,674	40 000 1	49,200	4389169	59T45	19,953	13,093	6,108	7,787	172,019	- KBO84	834 077	1,647,970	4 204 510 4	2 7TC 6400 64	6,252,482 :	
July-November	••	1960	••	Thousands:	149 :	32,315	50,033	232,167	68,751	17,789	6.874	26 020 30	30,838		ο (()	6,538	48,176 s	5,671	433 :	2,025	••		352,982	214,097		1,752 :	187,700	66.260	7 871 8					3,119 6	+/1670	10E 220 :	. 755 675	, 203,390	1,04	•	25,835	7	38	352,406	•		••	••	•• ••		
	Quantity	1959 :	••	••	188 :	30,106	66, 703 1	303,525	63,364 8	19,114	6.262 1	40 070 °	101	124	2 2	5,122	46,792 :	7,755 :	832 :	2,005 :	<u>ક</u>		338,388	219,789 :	/ 3/	1,796 :	105,945 :	65,321 :	2000	20160			• • •	3,000	90,012	140 450 .	140,432	1, 112, 002,	. C606T	42,450 :	34,678	14 :	49 :	532,764 :	10	••	••	••	•• •	• ••	
••	••		••	••	8,196 8	1,348	3,744 :	8,686 \$	8,935	240	0.25	7.00 A	70060	07	303	1,671	989	3,179 :	1 99	1,221:	433 : 3/	7,163 : 3/	••	5.598 *	1,178 1, 3/	•	1,788 1	200	2000	30 150 :	140 000	148,002	. 011	2 0116 Z	. 20067	0,147	69,929	83,027	9 000	3,888 8	2,550 8	1,048 :	1,613 :	20,441	6,784 3	144,286 8	292,288 :	••	883,661	1,175,949	
	Value		••	**	5,991 :	1,257	5,746	13,166 8	7,918	453	202		5,882	3 5	842 1	1,722 :	199	3,306 :	175 :	875 :	702 :	6,068	7,923	6.763 1	2,079	17.869	1,631	640	306	330 .	120 556 .	1300001	* .	2,826	09140	00000	10,200	74,509 8	203 203	4,260 :	2,360 :	1,183 :	1,541 :	36,346 :	6,584 8	152,810 :	283,366 :	••	979,124	1.262.490	
November		: 0961	••	••	92 8	6,895 : 8,121 :	7,377	24.778	13,530	1,027	1 405	1 4 4 5	. OH.		7 1	1,325	5,152 :	2,498 :	: 09	784 :		••	67,485	38,350	· ~~ (~~ /	361 :	27 902	12,340	2 460	0 400 °		-		524 :	13,242	2 200.64	3 600,45	241,709		7,845 :	5,541 :	2 8	ω	68,122 :	••	•	00	••	••	10 00	ss than 500.
	Quantity	1959 :	••	Thousands :	59 :	6,335 s	10,766	37,805	11,842	2,112	. 010	+ 0000 o	. 05% ga	, ,	ເ	1,202 :	5,566 1	2,563 :	186 :	£ 269	3,3	100	88.552 :	41,138	200		15.368 •	12,710	5 023 ·			-	•	726 :	11,0001	4,040	32,119	214,745	414 :	8,131	7,005 :	2 :	8	109,411 :	••	••	**	••	••	**	only. 4/ Less
	: Unit:		••	••	. No.		i p	. Lb. 1	1.b.	1.b.	- P	1 LD.		Pare: 4	: nor :	: Gal.:	: Tp. :	Bu. :	: Bu. :	. Bu. :	1 3/) e	The state	1 P	\earticle : 3'	Top		. Jb	- 1 P	: TD.			•	• on:	: TD°	:Bunch:	: °07 :	: Tp. :	: Tp. :	: Tp. :	: Tp. :	: Lou :	: Ton :	: Tp. :		••		••		•• •	i in value
	Commodity imported		SUPPLEMENTARY		Cattle, dutiable	or lactarene		Hade and weal total 2/	/C (+++)=0	Mutton goat and lamb fresh or frozen 2/	מוס ביים אינים א	Sausage casings	3	Cotton, unmid., excl. linters (480 LD.)	Jute and jute butts, unmid. (2,240 lb.)	Olives in brine	Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved	Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Wheat, grain (60 lb.)	Feeds and fodders	Nite and preparations	TACO	Vocate to the fate and wave consequence	Vegetable Olls, late, and wastes, explessed esse	Seeds, Leta and gataen	Males Calle (29000 LMs)	Molasses, unit for numen consumption	Topacco, utiliailui de tureu	iomatoes, natural state	Other supplementary	Total supplementary	COMPLEMENTARY	Silk, raw	Wool, unmid., free in bond (actual weight)	Bananas	Cocoa or cacao beans	Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)	Coffee essences, substitutes, etc		Spices (complementary)	Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	щ	Rubber, crude	Other complementary	Total complementary	TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES		TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMIDDITIES	TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES	1/ Preliminary, 2/ Product weight, 3/ Reported in value only.

Compiled from official records, Bureau of the Census.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Official Business



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AGRICULTURAL

TRADE

OF THE UNITED STATES



MARCH - APRIL 1961

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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-January agricultural exports in 1960-61 were 12 percent ahead of 1959-60. Exports of farm products in the first 7 months of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled \$2,910 million compared with the previous year's actual exports of \$2,590 million for the same period. The expansion reflected a substantial gain in the movement abroad of cotton, wheat, rice, soybeans, and tobacco. Partially offsetting these gains were moderate declines in shipments of feed grains, vegetable oils, and vegetables. Exports of fruits and animal products remained at about the levels of a year earlier.

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity. July-January

by commodity,	July-Jan	uary	
Commodity	1959-60		1 Chg.
*	Million d	ollars	Pct.
Cotton:	400	547	+37
Grains & feeds 1/:	927	1,076	+16
Wheat & flour I/:	426	604	+42
Feed grains 1/2/.:	338	309	- 9
Rice, milled 1/:	66	82	+214
Tobacco, unmfd:	253	289	+14
Veg. oils & seeds:	342	347	+1
Soybeans:	188	221	+18
Ed. veg. oils 3/:	108	92	-15
Fruits & preps:	156	154	-1
Vegs. & preps 1/:	86	71	-17
Animals & prods 1/.:	351	349	-1
Fats & oils	109	97	-11
Meats & prods:	67	81	+21
Hides & skins:	38	48	+26
Dairy products 1/.:	80	74	-7
Other 1/	75	77	+3
Total:	2,590	2,910	+12

1/ Includes private relief. 2/ Excludes
products. 3/ Cottonseed and soybean.

January agricultural exports were slightly larger in 1961 than in 1960. January 1961's total was \$\frac{\$\frac{1}{423}}{423}\$ million compared with \$\frac{4}{413}\$ million a year earlier. Sharp gains occurred in exports of rice and wheat, with moderate increases in vegetable oils and animal products. Exports of feed grains, vegetables, and cotton were slightly below the levels of a year ago.

Four countries accounted for 83

percent of July-December export gain.
The United Kingdom, Japan, Canada, and India accounted for \$257 million of the overall agricultural export gain of \$309 million from July-December of 1959-60 to July-December of 1960-61. Except for India, these countries were the main dollar markets for U. S. farm products. Exports to India showed the largest rise, reflecting shipments under Title I of Public Law 480. Agricul-

tural exports to the 6 Common Market countries -- the Netherlands, Belgium, Luxembourg, West Germany, France, and Italy -- declined by 4 percent, principally in feed grains.

COTTON Cotton exports continued well above a year ago; July-January volume was one-fourth ahead. Cotton exports, excluding linters, at 4.1 million running bales in July-January of fiscal year 1960-61 were 0.8 million ahead of 1959-60. Principal reasons were the high level of foreign consumption, the low level of old-crop cotton stocks in foreign exporting countries, and the ample supplies of U. S. cotton available at competitive prices. Registrations under this season's payment-in-kind program totaled 5.9 million bales as of March 10 compared with 6.0 million a year earlier.

GRAINS AND FEED Wheat export volume rose 42 percent in July-January of 1960-61 over a year ago. July-January wheat and flour exports totaled 349 million bushels in 1960-61 compared with 246 million in the comparable period last year. A substantial part of the increase moved under Title I of Public Law 480 to India, Pakistan, UAR-Egypt, and Poland. Larger exports to Europe for dollars also contributed to the gain.

Feed grain exports continued to run behind the level of a year ago. July-January exports of feed grains totaled 7.1 million short tons in 1960-61 compared

U. S. agricultural exports by country of destination, July-December

1959-60 1960-61 Chg. Country :Million dollars Pct. +15 United Kingdom: 265 306 182 Japan....: 230 +26 Canada....: 206 227 +10 64 211 +230 India....: 195 178 Netherlands....: **-9** West Germany: 180 160 -11 86 +87 46 Poland....: 74 78 +5 Italy....: 78 +152 31 Spain....: 70 73 +4 Belgium and Lux...: 55 UAR-Egypt....: 50 +10 52 France...: 43 +21 50 +150 Pakistan...: 20 49 46 -6 Venezuela....: 36 +20 Philippines....: 30 -52 66 Cuba.... 32 Mexico....: 33 30 -9 Switzerland....: 26 30 +15 38 30 -21 Denmark..... 25 Sweden....: 30 +20 485 469 -3 Other: Total..... 2,178 2,487 +14

with 7.7 million in 1959-60. Exports to Western Europe -- the major market -- fell sharply because of the large supplies of low quality wheat available for feed there. Exports to some areas increased.

Substantial quantities of rice moved under Title I of Public Law 480 to Asia. July-January exports of milled rice totaling 12.6 million bags were 25 percent ahead of last year's 10.1 million for the corresponding 7 months. More than half was exported under Title I of Public Law 480, mainly to India and Pakistan. Exports to Cuba dropped precipitously in recent months with the deterioration in relations with that country.

TOBACCO Volume of tobacco exports in July-January of 1960-61
was 11 percent ahead. Unmanufactured tobacco exports in July-January of 1960-61 totaled 374 million pounds compared with the 336 million in the previous year. Exports are benefiting from the large U. S. crop of above-

average export quality, relatively stable grade prices for U. S. leaf, and a continuing rise in foreign cigarette consumption.

AND OILSEEDS Soybean exports continued at a record rate. July-January soybean exports totaled 97 million bushels in 1960-61 compared with 83 million a year earlier. Western Europe and Japan were the major markets. Exports have been stimulated by the strong foreign demand for oil and the byproduct meal, and by the lack of supplies from Communist China.

July-January soybean and cottonseed oil exports were somewhat smaller this year. Combined exports of soybean oil and cottonseed oil totaled 830 million pounds in the first seven months of fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 902 million in 1959-60. Exports this year ran considerably below last year until November when they expanded sharply under Title I of Public Law 480.

VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES

Duly-January 1960-61 exports of fruits and preparations totaled \$154 million, about the same as a year ago.

Those of vegetables and preparations totaled \$71 million, down by 17 percent.

Exports of dried fruits increased in response to smaller foreign raisin output.

Those of fresh oranges declined, reflecting weather damage to the Florida crop.

The value decline in vegetable exports reflected smaller shipments of dried beans and fresh white potatoes and lower prices for some fresh vegetables. Foreign demand for U. S. beans shrank from 1959-60 when both France and Spain bought sizable quantities. Less potatoes were exported this year because of the big potato crop in Canada and a substantial drop in sales to Cuba.

ANIMALS AND

Exports of animals and animal products in July-January of 1960-61 held firm. July-January exports of animals and animal products totaled \$349 million, about the same as a year earlier. The expansion in exports of poultry meat, variety meats, and hides and skins was offset by declines in animal fats and oils and dairy products. Smaller lard exports this year reflected the reduced hog slaughter with an accompanying rise in prices. Foreign demand for tallow fell as users returned to other competitive fats and oils, mainly coconut oil.

Smaller dairy exports reflected the substantial decline in butter exports to Western Europe from 1959-60 when large quantities were purchased to supplement reduced supplies following a drought. Relatively low prices and a strong foreign demand have encouraged exports of poultry and variety meats. Smaller exportable supplies of hides and skins from Argentina and Australia have increased opportunities for larger U. S. sales in Europe and Japan.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS

U. S. agricultural imports declined 7 percent during July-January of 1960-61 from the like period last year. Agricultural imports totaled \$2,126 million during the first 7 months of fiscal year 1960-61, \$160 million less than in 1959-60. Decreased supplementary imports as well as complementary imports

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: December 1959 and 1960 and July-December 1959 and 1960 1/

	••		December	Jer	••		July-December	Sember	
Commodity exported	: Unit:	Quantity		Value	s 2/ s	Quantity		Value	e 2/
		1959 :	1960	1959 :	1960	1959	1960	1959	1960
		••	••	1,000	1,000	••	••	1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars :	dollars
Cheese*	: Tp° :	1,845 :	638:	704 :	335 :	9,489 :	4,070 :	3,671 :	2,018
Evaporated milk*	: .dl :	4,452 :	14,171:	635 :	2,297 :	55,824:	60,551 :	8,566	9,684
Dried whole milk	: Tp. :	1,873 :	376	1,029 :	208 :	12,897 :	9,267 :	7,400 :	5,665
Nonfat dry milk*	: .dl :		46,177 :	1,433 :	5,336 :	289,802:	272,874	30,152 :	30,585
Eggs, in the shell	: Doz.:		1,512:	1,040 :	1,272 :	12,319 :	9,273 :	6,020 :	5,855
Hides and skins 3/	No. :	2069	1,197 :	4,422:	7,106 :	3,820 :	6,482 :	33,163 :	40,276
Beef and veal, total 4/	: Tp. :	2,560:	2,620 :	1,089 :	1,097 :	16,038	15,695	6,010 :	6,042
Pork, total 4/	: Tp. :		6,578 :	1,332 :	1,999 8	38,703 :	34,563 :	11,047 8	10,473
Variety meats 5/	The s	8,207	11,860	1,546 :	2,640	49,861	63,768 :	9,924 :	13,974
	The R	12,525 1	15,896	3,469	4,456 :	79,556	107,185	21,900 :	31,054
	Tp.	36.585	49,381	3,460 :	5,346	330,331	276,741 8	30,685	29,322
Tallow, edible and inedible	I h.	146,148 :	136,997	10,143 :	8,673 8	753,715 :	710,853 :	55,082 :	45,794
Cotton unmfd. excl. linters (running bales)	Bales	726 1	982	87,846	133,955 :	2,226	3,123	262,801	417,545
Applee fresh	I.b.	28.402 I	23.345 :	2,477 8	2,082 :	79,191	69,048	6,613 1	6,126
	I P		31,434	2,817 8	3,037	242,690 \$	161,574	17,429 8	13,333
Dailto data	I.b.	7 165 1	4 306 3	1 603 1	1,690	45.016 8	50,998 8	10,624	13,036
Date and Cirtumpher and Commence of the Commen	i d		13,696	1,000	1,967	48,444	79,268	8,482 8	10,672
Fruite, canned 6/	i p	13,082	37,407 8	1.857 #	5,016	215,948 :	233,431	29,942 8	31,622
The state of the s	ייי פייט פייט פייט פייט פייט פייט פייט פ	12,002	1008	1,423 :	1,485 1	5.079	5,667	9,579 :	9,504
Rarlay Orain (48 lb.)	Bir	7,258 :	6.367 :	8,042	8,217	67,461:	43,470 :	69,066	47,317
(At 1) at a transfer of the tr	B		28.536 :	32,665 1	34,983 :	116,249 :	122,509 :	149,095 :	153,171
Grain conding (56 lb.)	Bu	11,564	8,031	13,196 :	8,942 8	55,298 :	54,147 :	61,151 8	60,264
Oats, orain (32 lb.)	Bu.	1,031	884 8	830 :	615 1	27,951 :	16,879 :	18,876	12,306
Rice milled excludes paddy*	Tp.	94,378 :	277,524 :	5,903 :	19,136	843,804 8	986,345 :	55,291 :	66,604
Rve grain (56 lb.)	Bu. :	1,043 :	120 :	1,383 8	181	3,235	2,851 :	4,063 8	2,958
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu.	26,743 1	41,047 :	44,685 8	69,765	162,439 :	249,410 :	277,659 8	425,518
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :		4,761 8	19,010	19,415 :	18,667	21,024	78,827	88,395
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	Ton :		72 8	11,976 :	4,323 :	558 1	404 :	36,263 :	24,672
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu. :	315 :	: //	1,073 :	4 :	7,597	3,421 :	24,472 :	10,505
Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu. :	18,138 :	20,638 :	40,377 :	46,219 :	72,427 :	88,503 :	164,558 :	200,243
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc	: Tp. :		111,254:	3,484 :	11,604 :	519,195 :	535,275	58,348 :	57,962
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc	: Ip. :	41,418:	32,332 :	4,598 8	3,856	286,293 :	174,739 :	39,604:	20,272
Tobacco, unmanufactured	. Tp.	57,518 :	44,574 :	43,014 :	33,751 :	312,999 :	351,517	235,802 :	272,395
Beans, dried*	r Pp.	26,099 1	13,806 :	2,132 :	1,220:	235,630:	164,148 :	18,171 :	12,692
Peas, dried (except cowpeas and chickpeas)	: Tp. :	23,120 :	17,871 :	1,549 :	1,177 :	122,646 :	110,148:	8,126 :	7,297
Potatoes, white	Lb.		8,581 :	419 :	165 :	145,832 :	81,080 :	3,928 :	2,123
Vegetables, canned 6/	: Ip. :	6,522 :	6,759 8	1,019:	1,192 :	46,407 :	49,812 :	7,052 :	2,900
Other agricultural commodities	••	••	••	54,066 :	49,402 :	**	**	298,458 :	281,064
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	'	••	••	418,856 :	504,164 8	••	••	2,177,900:	2,486,838
	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES		•• •	•	1,239,958;	1,273,272:	00 01	60 61	6,706,093 :	7,672,122
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES		• ••	• ••	1,658,814	1,777,436 :	••	00	8,883,993:	10,158,960
1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight	udes the	Jo	"other hides and	skins"		41		ું હ	Includes beef and
nork livers, heef tongues, and other variety mea	ts, fres	h or frozen.	Product weight	/9	Includes only clas	classes shown sep	separately in la	lable 2 of the	monthly

If Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight or "otner mires and other variety meats, fresh or frozen. Product weight. 6/ Includes only classes shown separately in "Foreign Agricultural Trade". 7/ Less than 500.

* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: January 1960 and 1961 and July-January 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

	8		Janı	ıary	**		July-January		
Commodity exported	: Unit:	Quantity	.	Value	2	Quantity	ity	Value	e 2/
	62	1960	1961	1960	1961	1959-60	1960-61	1959-60 1	19-0961
	*	••	••	1,000	1,000	•	•	1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands :	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Cheese*	: Tp.	1,353 :	621 :	: Toc	225	10,842 :	4,692 8	4,172 s	2,343
Evaporated milk*	: °q :	5,840 :	9,979 :	921 :	1,563 :	\$ C99, T9	70,530	9,486 8	11,247
Dried whole milk	• cq :	1,981 1,981	3,201 :	1,155 8	924 :	14,878	12,46/ 3	8,000	0,088
Nonfat dry milk*	9 2	20,996 :	3 066,00	2,012 :	0,840	310,799 8	329,670	52,704	36,43
Edgs, in the shell	Noze :	1,194 :	800 1	5 101 5 056 •	. 070	12,014	7 560	38 218 :	0,010
Hides and skins 3/	NO.	030	1,087	3,000	1,849 8	10,449	60061	30,210	7 216
Beet and Veal, total 4/	• • • •	2,494 8	2,973 8	1,012	. C/T'T	* 200°01	10,004	. 20067	0,210
Pork, total 4/	: °q	4,849 :	7,304 :	1,476 :	2,178	43,552 :	41,867	12,522 8	12,651
	: Tp. :	11,085;	9,795 :	2,121 :	2,124 :	60,946	73,563	12,045	16,098
Poultry, canned, fresh or frozen 4/	: 'q' :	9,430 :	12,030 :	2,375 :	3,285 :	88,986	119,214 :	24,275 :	34,339
Lard	: Tp. :	1 008,89	40,461 :	6,176 :	4,705 :	399,131 :	317,202 :	36,860 :	34,027
Tallow, edible and inedible	: Tp. :	136,862 :	122,820 :	9,462 :	7,703 8	890,577	833,673 \$	64,544 8	53,497
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) .	: Bale:	1,109 :	: 626	136,748 :	129,518 :	3,335 8	4,102 :	399,549 :	547,064
	: Tp. :		19,516 :	3,268 8	1,731 :	118,829 :	88,564	9,880	7,857
	: Tp. :	41,781 :	31,855 :	2,731 :	2,985 :	284,471 :	193,428 :	20,161	16,318
Prunes, dried	: Tp. :	9,224 :	2,554 :	2,180 :	714 :	54,240 :	53,552 *	12,804 :	13,750
Raisins and currants	: Tp. :	7,331 :	9,804 8	1,125 :	1,407 :	55,775 :	89,072 8	909,6	12,079
Fruits, canned 6/	: Tp. :	15,222 :	18,942 :	2,239 :	2,765 8	231,170 :	252,373 :	32,181	34,387
Orange juice	: Gal.:	1,579 :	1,400:	2,085 :	2,788 :	6,657 :	1,067	11,664 :	12,292
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu. s	7,927 :	6,040 :	9,216 :	6,363 :	75,388	49,510 :	78,282 :	53,680
Corn. grain (56 lb.)*	Bu. :	13,656 :	19,467 :	17,818 :	24,438 :	129,905 :	141,916 :	166,913 :	177,610
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu. s	8,870 :	4,106 :	9,835 :	4,549 :	64,168 :	58,253	10,986 :	64,813
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu. :	3,398 :	866 :	3,128 :	715 :	31,350:	17,745 :	22,004 :	13,021
milled, exclude	: Tp. :	170,637	272,891 :	10,349 :	15,642 8	1,014,440 :	1,259,236	65,640 :	82,246
Bye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu. :	474 \$	269 8	597 :	306	3,709 8	3,120 :	4,661:	3,264
Wheat grain (60 lb.)*	Bu. :	33,797 :	44,817 :	57,562 :	78,534 :	196,236 :	294,227 8	335,222 :	504,052
Flour. wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :	3,176 :	2,883 :	11,870 :	11,724 :	21,844 :	23,907 :	: 269,06	100,119
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	Ton :	92 :	20 \$	6,171 :	4,175 :	029	474 \$	42,434 :	28,848
Flaxsaed (56 lb.)	Bu.	8 6	0	368	0	7,606 :	3,421 8	24,511 :	10,505
Sovbeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu. s	10,263:	8,916 :	23,131 :	20,865 :	82,690 :	97,419 :	187,689 :	221,108
Sovbean oil, crude, refined, etc.	t Lb.	30,888 :	75,277 :	3,146 :	9,108 :	550,083 :	610,551 :	61,494 :	04,040
Cottonseed oil crude, refined etc.	: Tp. :	65,798 :	44,806 8	6,788 :	5,199 :	352,091:	219,546	46,392 8	25,471
Tobacco, unmanufactured	: Tp. :	23,072 :	22,423 :	16,927 :	16,714:	336,071:	373,940:	252,730 :	289,108
Beans, dried*	: Tp. :	35,197:	6,862 :	2,930 :	675 1	270,826 :	171,011 :	21,101	13,368
Peas, dried (except cowpeas and chickpeas)	: Tp. :	20,010 :	12,333 :	1,231 :	845 :	142,656 :	122,481	705,6	8,143
Potatoes, white	: Tp. :	19,539 :	7,567 :	544 :	211 3	165,3/1:	88,047	4,4/2 8	40067
Vegetables, canned 6/	F Tp°	7,742 :	4,372 :	1,160 3	658 8 42 051 -	54,149 :	34,183	344 502 :	323,715
Other agricultural commodities	' 	*	•••	40,043	42,031 8	•		2 500 460 8	2 010 011
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	••	••	412,509 :	423,172	• •	• •	2,040,040,4	7301010767
	••	••	•	1 129 700	1 107 404 :	• ••	• ••	7.877.923 :	8,799,615
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	•• (••	1,129,100 ;	. +6+6/776T	• •	• ••	8 07/6/106/	010677160
		•• •	•• ••	1,542,269	1.550.666 \$	• ••	•	10,468,392 8	11,709,626
IOIAL ALL COMMODILLES			- 1	100.00	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	/V who	December 4		s beef and
1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or "Foreign Agricultural Trade".	Excludes the weigh y meats, fresh or 1	int of frozen	"otner nides and s . Product weight.	in Single	, reported in value Includes only classe	s shown se	parately in I	200	onthly
* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals	by indiv	pue	private agencies"	, se					
Compiled from official records, Bureau of the Census.	usus.								

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): December 1959 and 1960 and July-December 1959 and 1960 1/

	'		December			00	July-December		
Commodity imported	: Unit:	Quantity	ty	Value	ne	: Quantity	tity	Value	e e
	۰	1959 :	1960	1959 :	1960	1959	: 1960 :	1959 :	
SUPPLEMENTARY	••	••		1,000	1,000	••		1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	: Thousands :	dollars	dollars
Cattle, dutiable	. No.		117	5,920	10,083	022	500	28,288 :	22,022
Casein or lactarene	• ច្ច :		008,	1,240 :	1,401	41,339	: 40,115 :	ະ ວຽດ ະ	17,11
Cheese	• • • •	8,753	7,408	4,478	3,817	33,741	30,002	17,184 :	18,240
Hides and skins	9		C25.82	20,00	3,824	10,880 10,000	27,230	36,039	20,819
Beef and veal, total 2/	ខ្មុំ :		28,581	20,167	9,955	362,912	260,749	127,149 :	92,557
Pork, total 2/	: -q-		13,382	9,298	9,017	76,848	: 82,132 :	50,582 :	55,345
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	. ch.	•	3,953	1,135 :	986	: 24,625	: 21,742:	5,438 :	5,209
Sausage casings	: Tp. :	1,170:	1,363	864 :	1,087	: 7,431	: 8,237 :	5,339	6,449
Wool, unmfd., excl. free, etc. (actual weight)	: Tp. :	15,152:	9,562	10,801 :	6,144	: 63,525	: 46,401 :	43,789 :	33,892
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (480 lb.)	: Bale:	2 3		* 09	131	: 117	1115 :	18,399 :	20,646
_	Ton :	7 :	e	1,391 :	689	: 27	8 8	4,086 :	1,572
	. Gal.	1.475 :	1,153	1,936	1,50%	1 6,597	1,691 :	9,539	9,406
Pineannles, canned, prepared or preserved	Lb.	•	5,749	478 :	, 656	51,002	53,925 :	6,054:	6,286
	Bu. r		1,575	3,163 :	1,995	10,314	7.246 :	13,403 :	9,181
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bi.		102	199	123	1,020	535 :	953 :	555
Wheat grain (60 lb.)	Bi.	886 :	887	1.537	1.378	2,892	2,912	4.576 :	4.694
Hoode and fodders		•		867	603		î	3,966 :	2,473
Nite and propostations	•) i	ગે જ	6.888	6.459	100	, e	39,073	38,956
		30 260	80.805	3,818	5.437	377.948	433.788	35,439	31,355
Vocotable of the fate and maker possessed		•	44 500	7,616	6.186	265,085	258.596 :	45,552	39,494
Veyerable offs, in the factor of the same	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 0676	_	1,042	1 423	~ 2/ c.	. 2/6007 / 6 .	10 465	F, 420
Seeds, rield and garden			કો જ	2,043	194/3	ر ر د ر د	, ben c	224.451 :	224.384
ondary calle (2,000 ID)	107		17 246	7110	1 405	172 570	205,045	13 167	16.531
Molasses, untit for numan consumption	. cal.		17,540	7 500	1,400	75 969	78 584	56 198	56.772
lobacco, unmanuractured	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		160,00	7,009	0,013	24 450	27 OAF .	. 258.0	200 6
Tomatoes, natural state		26,356	29,974	2,248 :	2,439	404,40	2/204/5	2,003/ 3	166 736
Other supplementary	! 	••		28,904 :	30,174	*		100,001	067 200
Total supplementary	!	**		156,615;	144,517		**	909,224 :	20/1/00
	••	••		••		••	••	••	
•	: -qT :	729 :	401	3,017 :	1,765	1 3,987	3,519 :	15,366 :	15,044
	: .dl :	13,825	10,851	7,346 :	5,738	103,837	: 93,025 :	55,069	50,750
	:Bunch:		3,945	7,088 :	5,404	26,181	25,955 :	36,905	34,914
	: .d.		48,083	23,043 :	12,219	221,830	: 243,416:	72,261 :	61,646
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)	: -qT :	314,245 :	241,993	113,599 :	82,742	: 1,579,456	: 1,502,355 :	551,788 :	510,813
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc			457 3	915 :	795	2,220	2,221 :	4,058	447,00
Tea	r Po	•	9,710	5,590 :	4,826	s 53,492	52,455 :	25,54	700,02
Spices (complementary)	: -q-:	8,152:	7,455	2,745 :	2,916	2 42,830	33,290	15,838	17,156
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :	4	m	1,691	1,097	17	. 07	1,798	4,510
Sisal and henequen (2,240 lb.)	: Lon :	10	01	1,709 :	1,811	. 58	. 48	9,496	9,403
Rubber, crude	: -q :	106,273:	87,549	32,690 :	24,057	1 639,037	: 440,011:	207,709	146,770
Other complementary	1	**		8,713:	7,494	•	**	43,402 :	40,324
Total complementary	**	••		211,146 :	150,864	••	**	1.045.234 3	920,930
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES		•		367,761 :	295,381	••		2,014,458 :	1,828,696
SELETIONERS INCITE HISTORICAL INTOI		••		1 063 704	055 630	•• •		6.911.665	5,204,507
IOIAL MONHONICOLIORAL COMPODIILES		• •		* *************************************	200		•	*	
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES	••	••		1,431,555:	1,151,011	•		8,926,123 :	7,033,203
1/ Preliminary. 2/ Product weight. 3/ Reported in value only	in valu	e only.							

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): January 1960 and 1961 and July-January 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

	••			January	arv .		••		.Tulv-January	niarv	
Commodity imported	. Unit:	Ö	Quantity	••		Value		Quantity	••	Value	ne
	••	1960	••	1961 :			1959-60	••	\$ 19-096	la	
SUPPLEMENTARY	••	i	-	••	1,000	1,000	••		••	1,000	1,000
\$ \$ \cdot \c	. ·	Thousands	••••	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousa	00 01	Thousands :	<u>dollars</u> :	dollars
Cachin or lactarene		5,98	• •	10,599	1,244	1,975	. 47.	340	50,714	9.273	9,687
•	. Lb.	4,16		7,259 :	1,853	3,215	•	\$ 80e	42,761 8	19,037	21,461
Hides and skins	: Tp. :	6,68	•• m	9,078	5,087	4,265	**	573 \$	66,309 :	43,626	31,083
Beef and weal, total 2/	°q;	39,34	••	34,537	13,328	12,442	7	257 \$	295,286 :	140,478 :	104,999
Pork, total 2/	°q;	15,057	• •	14,569 8	10,244	9,894	•• •	905 8	96,702 :	60,826	65,238
Mutton, goat and lamb, Iresn or Irozen 2/		0000	•• • n m	1,594	853	1,260	8,669	. 69	9,831	6,193	7.71
Wool women sorl from ofc. (actual maight)		13.51	• •	11,101	9,504	7,289		. 680	57,502	53,293	41,182
Cotton unmfd. excl. linters (480 lb.)	Bales	2	2 3 4/		241	50		119 8	116 8	18,640 8	20,696
. —	: Ton :	10	••	4	1,705	1,400	••	37 \$	12 3	5,791 :	2,973
Olives in brine	: Gal.:	•		1,213:	1,385	1,609	••	, 697	8,904 :	10,925	11,015
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved	: Tp.	10,789	•• ••	8,271	1,144	874	61,791	791 s	62,196 8	7,199 8	7,160
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	395	••	191	543	232	••	. 60.	7,436 8	13,945 3	9,413
	Bu.	711	·	. 16	124	12/	19191	. 31 .03	3 678	1,0//	5 902
Wheat, grain (ou in)	· ng ·	٦/ /٣	• •		692	1,201	3/	• •		4,658	3,113
Mint and suppressions	• •	ગેલ	ગેલ	• •	4.420	5.070)) (ગે જ	•	43,493 3	44.025
Nuts and preparations	Th.	40,338	• •	62,368	3,750	4,174	418,286	• ••	496,156	39,189	35,529
Venetable oils, fats, and waxes, expressed	i q	ົຕໍ	• •	36,551	6,210	6,065	• ••	.46	295,148 :	51,762 8	45,559
Seeds, field and garden			. 3/		2,086	1,819	3/	हो :	••	12,549 3	7,247
Sugar, cane (2,000 lb.)	: Ton :	315	•	225 :	33,803	: 23,743	••	352 8	2,259 8	258,254 :	248,127
Molasses, unfit for human consumption	: Gal.:	16,461	•	30,239 :	1,591	3,325	7	. 040	235,284 :	14,758 :	19,856
Tobacco, unmanufactured	· Tp·	14,67	••	14,162 :	6,997	10,125	90,643		92,746 :	66,194 8	66,897
Tomatoes, natural state	: Tp. :	49,250		30,893	4,070	2,289	••	.08	68,738 :	6,908 s	5,296
Other supplementary				•	22,923	27,26		-	••	179,651	193,002
Total supplementary				**	143,613	139,164	•	-	*	1,112,837	1,046,924
	••	ı	••	••	(••	•• •	•• ·	1	010 31
TOM Well and the second	្ន ខ្មុំ :	196	••	423 8	2,348	1,867	••		3,942 :	1/,/13 8	016,01
	t Lb. s	16,2/8	•• •• •• ••	18,307 :	8,825	8 9,452	30,037	 	30 105	63,890	40,551
	:Bunch:	, ac		14,130 s	0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	100.00 a.	• •	; c	318 004		80.070
	9 4	163,500		258, 196 :	57.273	86.646	• •	56 * 1	760,551	609,061	597,459
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc.	regi	382	• ••	356 :	634	\$ 674		001	2,577 :	4,692 :	4,618
	. Lb.	9,644	••	8,993 :	4,722	4,547	: 63,	.36 :	61,448 :	30,266	30,210
Spices (complementary)	: Tp. :	7,698		5,603 :	3,059	\$ 2,507	s 50,	528 \$	38,893	18,897	19,663
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :		•• </th <th>2</th> <th>957</th> <th>996</th> <th>••</th> <th>19 :</th> <th>12 :</th> <th>8,756</th> <th>5,477</th>	2	957	996	••	19 :	12 :	8,756	5,477
Sisal and henequen (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :		••	ω ;	1,790	1,493	••	* 69		11,286	10,897
Rubber, crude	. Lb.	78,017		75,602 :	26,963	19,896	1717	,054 :	515,614 :	234,672	166,665
Other complementary	 !		•	•	7,130	150 455		. .	•	172 070	1 070 301
Total complementary	1		-	•	128,/44	128,422	2			0.000.016	0 106 215
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••		•• •	•• •	272,357	8 297,619				. C10,002,2	6,120,021,2
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES			• ••	• ••	889,857	814,096	• ••	• ••	• ••	6,559,437	6,018,603
	••		••	••			**	••	••	.0	. 44
OMMODITIES			-	*	1,162,214	1,111,715	80	-	••	8,846,252	8,144,918
1/ Preliminary. 2/ Product weight. 3/ Reported in value only.	in valu		4/ Less	than 500.							

Official Business



accounted for the overall lower agricultural total. Over 90 percent of the decline can be attributed to lower imports of 6 commodities: 2 complementary items -- crude rubber and coffee, and 4 supplementary items -- beef and veal, hides and skins, apparel wool, and cane sugar.

Crude rubber led in complementary-import decline. Rubber imports accounted for the major share of the decrease, declining \$68 million or 29 percent during July-Jamuary from the previous year. This was in part due to the slowdown of the U. S. economy in recent months, increased use of synthetic rubber, and selling of surplus rubber from strategic stockpiles as world prices exceeded 30 cents a pound.

Beef and veal, hides and skins, and apparel wool dominated supplementary—import reduction. Imports of beef and veal declined 25 percent during July—January of 1960-61, to a total of \$105 million. Decreased imports resulted from increased domestic marketings of cattle and from reduced beef supplies in Australia (a principal supplier in recent years) where there was a buildup of breeding herds. The decline in imports of hides and skins resulted mainly from lower U. S. prices. Imports of hides and skins totaled \$31 million during July-January of 1960-61, \$13 million or 29 percent below 1959-60. Imports of apparel wool continued their downward trend during the first 7 months of 1960-61, totaling \$41 million, 23 percent below the previous year. This, in part, has been due to the business slowdown of recent months and heavier reliance on stocks.

January 1961 agricultural imports totaled \$298 million, \$26 million more than last year. The slight gain in January reflected a sharp increase in coffee, cocoa beans and dutiable cattle. Coffee imports a year earlier were relatively low because of heavy stocks built up in anticipation of a dock strike. Large availabilities of cocoa beans at reduced prices encouraged importers to buy larger quantities. Larger dutiable cattle imports followed drought conditions in Mexico and favorable prices for feeder cattle along with relatively low feed prices in the United States. Major declines were noted for cane sugar, rubber, and apparel wool.

FOREIGN
AGRICULTURAL
TRADE

OF THE UNITED STATES

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MAY 1961

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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS

U. S. agricultural exports in July-March of 1960-61 were 12 percent above a year earlier. Exports of farm products in July-March of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled an estimated \$3,777 million compared with actual exports of \$3,378 million for the like period in 1959-60. This year's total includes actual exports of \$3,336 million for July-February and an estimate of \$441 million for March. Exports for dollars and those under Government-financed programs (the Food-for-Peace Program) shared about equally in the gain over 1959-60.

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity. July-March

o, oominous o		0 0000	202 444	
Commodity	•	19 59- 60	1960-61	1/Chg.
	:]	Willion	dollars	Pct.
Cotton	:	605	776	+28
Grains & feeds 2/.	:	1,232	1,439	+17
Wheat & flour 2/.			845	+41
Feed grains 2/3/	/:	419	388	-7
Rice, milled 2/		96	109	+11,
Tobacco, unmfd	:	292	325	+11
Veg. oils & seeds.	:	406	419	+3
Soybeans	:	222	265	+19
Ed. veg. oils 4/.	:	132	110	-17
Fruits & preps. 2/	':	192	185	-4
Vegs. & preps. 27.	:	108	89	-18
Animals & prods.2/		442	445	+1
Fats & oils	:	139	125	-10
Meats & prods	:	85	102	+20
Hides & skins		53	61	+15
Dairy products 2/	:	97	93	-4
Other		101	99	-2
Total			3,777	+12
1/ Partly estim	a	ted. 2	Include	S

1/ Partly estimated. 2/ Includes private relief. 3/ Excludes products. 4/ Cottonseed and seybean.

Substantial increases in exports of cotton, soybeans, and tobacco represented larger dollar sales. Larger exports of wheat and rice accounted for nearly all of the rise in shipments under Government-financed programs. There were declines in total exports of feed grains, vegetable oils, and vegetables and preparations. Exports of fruits and preparations and animal products remained close to the high levels of a year ago.

Exports in March 1961 were \$53 million ahead of those in March 1960. U. S. agricultural exports in March 1961 totaling an estimated \$441 million were 14 percent above the \$388 million a year earlier. Wheat exports were up sharply and accounted for most of the total rise. Other increases were in cotton and soybeans. Declines in fruits, vegetables, and rice offset part of these increases and limited the overall gain.

Exports of tobacco, feed grains, and animal products were about equal to last year's levels.

Cotton exports in July-March totaled an estimated 5.8 million running bales in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 4.9 million in 1959-60. Exports in the current year have benefited from continued high cotton consumption abroad, the relatively low level of cotton stocks in other major producing countries, and the plentiful supply of U. S. cotton available for export at competitive prices. Exports for the entire fiscal year are expected to total about 7 million bales, about 500 thousand larger than in the previous fiscal year. Registrations under the current season's payment-in-kind program totaled 6 million bales as of April 7 compared with 6.2 million for the like period last year.

GRAINS AND FEEDS Food-for-Peace Program boosted wheat and wheat flour exports to record rate. July-March wheat and wheat flour exports estimated at 486 million bushels in 1960-61 were 138 million bushels or 40 percent ahead of 1959-60. A substantial portion of the increase this season was in Title I of Public Law 480 shipments to Asia. About 55 percent of all wheat exports moved under Title I, the major instrument of the U. S. Food-for-Peace Program. Increased exports to Western Europe and Japan for dollars also contributed to the gain. The major U. S. wheat outlets were India, Poland, UAR-Egypt, Japan, Italy, Pakistan, and Brazil. Exports for all of fiscal year 1960-61 are now expected to total around 620 million bushels, 109 million more than in the previous year and 70 million ahead of the record 550 million in 1956-57.

Rice export volume to Asia expanded sharply. Exports of rice in July-March totaled an estimated 16.2 million bags in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 14.4 million in 1959-60. Over half of the exports moved under Title I of Public 480. The increase in the current fiscal year represented larger shipments under Title I, principally to India and Pakistan. Dollar exports declined somewhat because of the sharp reduction in shipments to Cuba, a leading market for U.S. rice before the deterioration in U.S. relations with that country.

Exports of feed grains in July-March totaling an estimated 8.9 million short tons in fiscal year 1960-61 were 5 percent below the 9.4; million tons in the like months of 1959-60. Exports included corn, 185 million bushels; grain sorghums, 66 million; barley, 64 million; and oats, 21 million. Western Europe imported less feed grains this year because of its large supply of feed wheat following the low-quality harvest there in the past season. Larger exports to other areas such as Asia reflected smaller crops and larger consumption there. A substantial part of the feed grains exported to Asia moved under Government-financed programs.

TOBACCO Exports of unmanufactured tobacco were strengthened by above-average quality. July-March unmanufactured tobacco exports of an estimated 424 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 were 9 percent above the 389 million

in these months of 1959-60. Developments which encouraged exports in the current fiscal year were the large U. S. crop of above-average quality, relatively stable prices for U. S. leaf, and the continuing rise in foreign cigarette consumption.

AND OTISEEDS in July-March are estimated to have totaled 116 million bushels in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 98 million in the like period a year earlier. Foreign demand for U. S. soybeans has increased greatly because of the rise in foreign consumption, little change in foreign output of other oilbearing materials and vegetable oils, and the lack of soybean supplies in Communist China for export. Many importing countries prefer soybeans to vegetable oil owing to the strong demand for the byproduct oilcake and meal for livestock feed. Western Europe, Japan, and Canada continued to be the major foreign markets for U. S. soybeans.

Less vegetable oils moved under Public Law 480. Edible vegetable oil (soybean and cottonseed oil) exports in July-March totaled an estimated 963 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 1,123 million in the previous year. The decline was in exports under Title I of Public Law 480.

FRUITS AND Fruit and fruit product exports were smaller. Exports of fruits and preparations in July-March of 1960-61 are estimated to have totaled \$185 million, down by 4 percent from 1959-60. Fresh oranges and apples showed the principal declines. Fewer oranges were available for export following weather damage to the Florida crop. Larger production of apples in Europe weakened demand for U. S. fruit in that important market. Exports of dried and canned fruits increased, reflecting smaller foreign production and some further trade liberalization, respectively.

Smaller exports of vegetables reflected reduced demand for dried beans. Exports of vegetables and vegetable products are estimated to have totaled \$89 million, 18 percent below the level of a year ago. Dry edible beans and white potatoes contributed to most of the decline. Bean exports dropped by one-third as demand fell off from 1959-60 when both Spain and France imported large quantities. White potato exports were down by one-half mainly as the result of fewer Canadian purchases following the larger Canadian crop. Cuba also purchased less U. S. potatoes in July-March of 1960-61 than a year ago.

ANIMALS AND
ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Exports of animals and animal products showed little change.
They totaled an estimated \$445 million in July-March of 1960-61, slightly above the comparable period a year earlier. Exports of variety meats, poultry meat, and hides and skins rose while those of animal fats and dairy products fell.

Exports of variety and poultry meats continued to rise. July-March variety meat exports of an estimated \$20 million in 1960-61 were 29 percent ahead of a year ago. U.S. variety meats are in strong demand in Western Europe to supplement locally produced meats. Exports of poultry meat in July-March

totaled \$41 million in 1960-61 compared with \$30 million in 1959-60. Poultry meat exports were encouraged by the plentiful U. S. supply available for export at relatively low prices, intensive market development programs for U. S. poultry, and the rising standards of living in the industrialized countries. Principal markets for both variety and poultry meats are in Western Europe.

Exports of hides and skins rose sharply. They totaled an estimated \$62 million in July-March this year compared with \$53 million in the previous year. A higher rate of slaughter in the United States has made a large supply available for export. Exportable supplies in some of the other major competing countries - Australia and Argentina - were relatively low.

Exports of dairy products continued below the levels of a year earlier. Dairy product exports totaling an estimated \$93 million in July-March of 1960-61 were 4 percent below exports in the comparable period a year earlier. Most of the decline occurred in butter exports, which were unusually large in 1959-60 when Western Europe imported large quantities to supplement a short supply due to drought. Exports of nonfat milk solids increased somewhat this year as more was shipped under Government-financed programs.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-February agricultural imports were 9 percent below a year earlier. Agricultural imports in July-February totaling \$2,403 million in fiscal year 1960-61 were \$227 million less than the \$2,630 million in the like period a year ago. Declines occurred in both complementary (noncompetitive) products and supplementary (somewhat competitive) products.

Crude natural rubber dominated in complementary import decline. July-February imports of complementary items totaled \$1,220 million in 1960-61 compared with \$1,360 million a year earlier. Over 60 percent of the complementary decline was accounted for by smaller imports of crude rubber. This decrease represented mainly a slowing down in the U. S. economy earlier in the fiscal year, increased use of synthetic rubber, and selling of surplus rubber from strategic stockpiles as world prices exceeded 30 cents a pound.

Lesser declines took place in imports of coffee, carpet wool, and hard fibers. Lower prices resulted in most of the value decline in coffee imports. Smaller imports of carpet wool reflected a decline in U. S. consumption and heavier reliance on inventories.

Beef and veal accounted for nearly half of the 7 percent decline in supplementary imports. Imports of supplementary commodities in July-February totaled \$1,183 million in 1960-61 compared with \$1,270 million for the like period a year earlier. Over four-fifths of the supplementary decline was in beef and veal imports, which fell from \$152 million to \$116 million. Main reasons for the decline in U. S. imports were increased marketings of domestic cattle in the United States and reduced beef supplies in Australia where there was a buildup of cattle herds.

Other declines were in hides and skins, apparel wool, and sugar. Increased domestic production and lower U. S. prices for hides and skins made the U. S. market less attractive to foreign producers. The past year's slowdown in business activity and increased use of synthetic fibers produced a decline in apparel wool imports.

February 1961 agricultural imports were 19 percent below a year ago. Agricultural imports in February totaling \$276 million were \$67 million less than in February 1960. The decline reflected sharp decreases in imports of crude natural rubber, coffee, apparel wool, and sugar.

U. S. agricultural imports by country of origin, July-January

	:	1959-60)	:	1960-61	
Country	4 4		3		:Comple-	
	:menta	ry:mentary	: Total	mentary	mentary	Total
	: 1/	: =/	:	: =	: 4	:
	:			dollars		-
Brazil		286	315	35	256	291
Colombia	21	167	167	<u>3</u> /	165	165
Philippines	: 134	6	140	129	5	134
Mexico	-	26	77	91	24	115
Canada		1	112	96	2	98
Dominican Republic		21	34	50	21	71
Indonesia	_	76	77	1	69	70
Cuba		2	206	60	1	61
New Zealand		16	72	40	21	61
Australia	: 80	<u>3/</u> 10	80	59	<u>3/</u> 13	59
Peru			22	37	13	50
Netherlands	: 39	11	50	41	9	50
Fed. of Malaya	: 3/ : 29	71	71	3/ 28	48	48
Argentina		19	48	28	18	46
India	: 25	17	42	26	15	41
Ecuador		36	36	<u>3/</u> 35	39	39
Italy		3	36	35	2	37
Turkey	: 34	3	37	35	1	36
Guatemala		36	36	3/	33	33
Other	262	367	629	284	337	621
	I manufacture of	,100				
Total	:1,113	1,174	2,287	1,047	1,079	2,126
•	•					

^{1/} Supplementary products are somewhat similar to or interchangeable with domestic products. 2/ Complementary imports are generally not competitive with domestic products. 3/ Less than \$500 thousand.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: February 1960 and 1961 and July-February 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

DOMESIIC EXPORIS: Fe	EXPOR	IS: February 1960	and 1961	and July-rebruary	ruary 1959-60	and 1960-61			
And the second s			February				July-February		
o partode Artonisio		1960 :	1961	1960	1961	1959-60 :	1960-61	1959-60 s	1960-61
		••	-	1,000	1,000	-	*	1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands :	Thousands	dollars :	dollars	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars
Cheese*	: Tp. :	911	: 669	383 :	348 :	11,752;	5,391	4,556 :	2,691
Evaporated milk* 8	. Th.	5,941 :	3,968 :	8 026	615 :	67,605;	74,498 :	10,456;	11,862
Dried whole milk s	. Lb.	3,380 :	1,308;	1,599 :	812 :	18,258 :	13,776 :	10,155 :	7,404
Nonfat dry milk*	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	23,411 :	50,198 :	2,514 :	4,778 :	334,210 :	380,068	35,278 :	41,210
Eggs, in the shell s	Boz.	1,471 :	1,056 :	1,068	1,170 :	14,985:	11,189 :	7,869 :	7,841
Hides and skins 3/	No.	1,015;	1,069 :	7,874:	6,496:	5,464 :	8,638	46,092 :	54,620
Beef and veal, total 4/	• q	2,158:	2,786 1	861 \$	1,269 :	20,690 :	21,455 :	7,943 :	8,485
Pork, total 4/ 8	. d.	5,515	6,682;	1,606;	2,108;	49,067 :	48,549 :	14,128:	14,759
Variety meats 5/	. di	11,346;	9,871 :	2,162;	2,284 :	72,291:	83,435 :	14,207:	18,383
Poultry, canned, fresh or frozen 4/ :	P P P	10,305;	12,895 :	2,530:	3,490:	99,291 :	132,109;	26,805;	37,829
Lard	i Lb.	50,260:	39,997	4,376:	5,172:	449,391:	357,199:	41,236:	39,199
Tallow, edible and inedible :	Lb.	124,598 :	102,766:	8,387 :	7,051:	1,015,175;	936,439 :	72,931	60,549
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) . :	Bale:	839 \$	845 :	105,900	111,021 :	4,174:	4,947:	505,449:	658,085
	Lb.	27,590 :	15,407 :	2,295 :	1,412 :	146,419 :	103,971	12,175 :	9,268
Oranges and tangerines, fresh	r og	41,488 :	29,904 :	2,944:	2,959:	325,958 :	223,332:	23,104:	19,276
Prunes, dried triber trib	Lb.	7,225 :	3,549 :	1,731 :	948 :	61,465:	57,100;	14,535 :	14,698
	Lb.	8,486:	9,399 :	1,187 :	1,402:	64,261:	98,471:	10,794 :	13,481
Fruits, canned 6/	i ib.	18,906;	13,848 :	2,781 :	1,984:	250,076 :	266,220:	34,962 :	36,371
Orange juice	Gal.:	1,806 :	873 :	2,812;	1,643:	8,463 :	7,940:	14,476 :	13,935
Barley, grain (48 lb.) 8	Bu. :	9,033 :	7,311;	10,019;	7,652:	84,421:	56,820:	88,301:	61,332
Corn, grain (56 lb.)*	Bu. :	16,797 :	18,877 :	22,755 :	23,354 :	146,702:	160,853:	189,668 :	200,963
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu. :	8,817:	3,927	10,168;	4,330:	72,985 :	62,180;	81,155;	69,144
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu. :	1,794 :	2,603 :	1,561;	2,016 :	33,144:	20,348;	23,565 :	15,037
Rice, milled, excludes paddy* :	The s	211,829;	174,248:	14,311:	10,945 :	1,226,269 :	1,433,484:	79,951 :	93,191
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	88	693 :	120 :	795 :	3,797 :	3,813:	4,781:	4,059
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)* 8	Bu.	40,081 :	57,202;	66,993 :	1 886,66	236,317;	351,428:	402,215:	604,040
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* :	Bag :	3,781 :	4,315 :	15,853:	17,593;	25,625 :	28,222 :	106,550:	117,713
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.) ;	Ton :	58 \$	44 :	3,845 :	2,785 :	108	518 :	46,280:	31,633
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu. :	22 :	2 \$	75 :	7 :	7,628 :	3,423 :	24,586 :	10,511
Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.) s	Bu. :	7,698 :	10,179:	17,759 :	24,411:	90,387 :	107,598 3	205,448;	245,518
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc ;	. ch.	56,416 :	43,904 :	5,833 :	5,522 :	606,499 8	654,455 :	67,327:	72,592
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc ;	r Pp.	78,650 :	23,936 :	8,618 :	3,119 :	430,741 :	243,482 :	55,011:	28,591
Tobacco, unmanufactured :	Tp.	25,452 :	24,674 :	19,423 :	18,087 :	361,523:	398,614:	272,153 :	307,195
Beans, dried*	r Pe	17,199:	12,271 :	1,503;	1,018;	288,025 :	183,282:	22,605 :	14,385
Peas, dried (except cowpeas and chickpeas) :	r Cp.	12,545 :	10,993 :	735 :	713 :	155,201:	133,474 :	10,092	8,856
Potatoes, white,	°q;	14,133 :	3,854 :	379 :	125 :	179,503:	92,501	4,851	2,458
Vegetables, canned 6/ 8	r Tp.	7,126 :	5,386 1	1,095 :	872 8	61,275 :	59,571:	9,308	9,431
Other agricultural commodities	'	••	••	44,101;	46,021:	**	-	388,597	369,733
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	••	••	399,126:	426,318 :	••	••	2,989,595 :	3,336,328
	••	••	••	••	••	••	•• (300
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	••	••	1,160,060:	1,232,679	•• •	•• •	9,037,982	10,032,295
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES		•• ••	•• ••	1 550 186 :	1 658 997 1	• •	• ••	12,027,577:	13,368,623
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES SEED AS A SECOND TOTAL SECOND	44 000	h+ 0.6	" hickory	ond chine"	wind outer of bottoner	1	Droduct watcht	5	Includes beef and
or export. 3/ d other variet	ts, fre	frozen	Product weight.	/9/ /9/	Includes only clas	"€	separately in Table	200	monthly
"Foreign Agricultural Trade".		7		1					
* includes 'rood exported for relief or charity by individuals	oy mar	all a	saronada angarid	•					
Compiled from official records. Bureau of the Census.	sus.								

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): February 1960 and 1961 and July-February 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

	*			February	ırv	1		-v[III]	-/ July-February	
Commodity imported	: Unit:		Quantity		Value		s Qua	Quantity.	s Value	ne
	***	1960	••	1961		1961	1959-60	: 1960-61	: 1959-60	
SUPPLEMENTARY	••			**	1,000	1,000		••	1,000 1	1,000
	••	Thousan	ands 1	Thousands:	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	: dollars :	dollars
Cattle, dutiable	. No. :		65 :	° 69	6,395 :	5,804	361	••	: 39,104 :	38,405
Casein or lactarene	. Tp.	0,9	5,028 :	5,125 :	1,192 :	874	53,368	••	10,466	10,561
Cheese		4,0	1,333 :	6,822 :	2,125	2,678	42,241	••	21,162 ;	24,138
Hides and skins	r Lb.	9,572	. 7.5	6,572 :	4,448 3	3,126	96,145	12,881	\$ 48,074 \$	34,210
Beef and veal, total 2/	r Tp°	33,120	50.	31,029 :	11,362 :	10,936	435,376	326,315	151,840 :	115,935
Pork, total 2/	: Tp. :	14,2	,246 :	12,693 :	9,714 :	8,442	: 106,151		••	73,680
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	: Tp. :	4,1	,105 :	1,832:	813 :	475	34,619	••	: 7,484 :	6,944
Sausage casings	Lb.	1,1	,146 :	1,023 :	932 :	834	9,815	••	••	8,546
Wool, unmfd., excl. free, etc. (actual weight)	: TP.	13,6	.646 :	9,346	10,097	900,9	1 90,684	: 66,848	••	47,189
Cotton unmfd. excl. linters (480 lb.)	Baler		6 : 4/	••	, 605	24	125	116	19,244 :	20,720
	Ton		9	60	1,966	086	47	15	7,756 :	3,952
Olivee in brine	(3a) .	1.0	. 238 :	1,193 :	1,522 :	1,723	8,935	10.097	12,447 :	12,738
Dineapples canned prepared or preserved	1 b.	12,372	72 3	7,584	1,355 :	883	74,163	•	8,553 8	8,043
Barlow grain (AR 1h.)	200	i i	574	14 :	782	20	11,283	•	•	9,433
Opte crain (30 lb.)	Bi	(232 *	116	297	140	1,363	••	1,374 :	823
_	P. G.	7	780	849	1.368 :	1,355	4,383	. 4.	7,106	7,257
MIGGEY GLALII (OO LD)	• •	3/		• •	685	1,35		/6 *	5,343 1	3,649
Nite and monetime.	• •	ગેલ	ગે	• •	7 501	4 225	س ارد	ગેલ	47,094	48.250
Nuts and preparations			•	12 006	4,004	4,22			. 43,324 .	38 510
Copra	• or :	, ,	: 00/	45,600 :	4,200	7, 701	404,002	240,042	5 40,097 6 ED A10 6	50,010
Vegetable oils, rats, and waxes, expressed	r rp.	•	401 :	* You (C)	0,000	1,193	102,155	340,007	3 00,410	407,620
Seeds, field and garden	••	જો	•	••	1,041 :	1,400	ક આ - - -	ક કો	••	000 000
Sugar, cane (2,000 lb.)	: Lon :	9	398	345	42,398 :	37,843	10, 7	2,004	: 200,000 :	076,087
Molasses, unfit for human consumption	: Gal.:	26,0	, 076	15,018	2,350 :	1,176	166,116	250,302	17,108 :	21,032
Tobacco, unmanufactured	: Tp.	12,7	,730 :	15,061 :	9,524 :	9,741	103,373	••	1 81/.c/. :	76,038
Tomatoes, natural state	r Tp.	73,4	449 :	38,901 :	5,476 :	2,676	157,158	107,639	: 12,384 :	7,972
Other supplementary	••'			04	24,653 :	23,983		•	204,304	216,985
Total supplementary	••		**	••	157,065 :	136,112			: 1.269.901 :	1,183,036
COMPLEMENTARY	••		••	••	••		••	••	••	
Silk, raw	: Tp. :	(1)	376 :	275 :	1,595 :	1,241	4,925	s 4,218	••	18,151
Wool, unmfd., free in bond (actual weight)	: Tp. :	17,2	,292 :	16,024 :	8 300 °6	8,415	137,408	: 127,416	••	68,617
Bananas	:Bunch:	5,260	: 09	4,173 :	6,951 :	600,9	35,494	34,278	••	46,561
Cocoa or cacao beans	: Tp. :	40,3	14:	69,424:	11,570 :	16,764	294,424	387,428	1 63,371	96,834
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)	: Tp. :	284,1	,141 :	227,511:	101,781 :	76,594	1 2,027,097	1,988,062	: 710,842 :	674,053
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc	: Tp.	4	431 :	334 8	740 :	603	3,033	2,911	5,432 :	5,221
Tea	: Tp°	11,4	,416:	7,734 :	5,424 :	3,870	14,552	s 69,182	••	34,079
Spices (complementary)	: Tp. :	11,7	, 796 ;	4,711 :	5,825 #	2,858	62,323	: 43,604	••	22,521
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :			. 2	634 :	825	8	14	: 06:6	6,301
Sisal and henequen (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :		11:	9	1,815 :	1,219	: 79	: 62	13,101 :	CII,21
Rubber, crude	: Tp. :	91,7	725 :	59,956 :	32,694 :	15,348	808,779	: 575,570	: 267,365 :	182,013
Other complementary	••		**	0-0	7,718 :	6,415		••	58,259 :	53,086
Total complementary	••		00	00	186,047 :	140,161	24	••	: 1,360,025 :	1,219,552
	٠		00	••	343,112 :	276,273		••	2,629,926	2,402,588
	••		••	••	••	4	••	••	7 504 015 .	000 022 9
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES			•• •	•• •	945,477 :	760,287			: CIV,40Ce/ :	0,110,090
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES			• ••	• ••	1,288,589	1,036,560			: 10,134,841 :	9,181,478
1/ Preliminary. 2/ Product weight. 3/ Reported in value only	in val	se only.	4/ Less	s than 500.						

Official Business

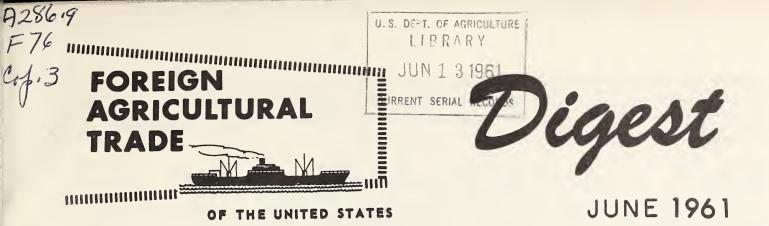
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- Continued from page 5 -

Imports from Cuba fell sharply in July-January. Of the \$161 million decline in U. S. agricultural imports in July-January of 1960-61 from the like period last year, Cuba alone accounted for \$145 million. This substantial drop in imports from Cuba reflected a change in U. S. import policy for sugar following the deterioration in relations with that country. Import value declines were also noted for the Federation of Malaya, Australia, New Zealand, Brazil, Canada, the Philippines, and Indonesia. Crude natural rubber accounted for the decline in imports from Malaya and Indonesia while Australia and New Zealand shipped less wool and beef to the United States this year. Somewhat lower prices for coffee and cocoa beans contributed to the value decline in imports from Brazil. Coconut oil and copra predominated in the decrease in takings from the Philippines. Canada shipped less cattle to the United States in the early part of fiscal year 1960-61. Partially offsetting the declines from these areas were increases in imports, primarily sugar, from Mexico, the Dominican Republic, and Peru.



Growth Through Agricultural Progress



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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS

Value of U. S. agricultural exports in July-April of fiscal year 1960-61 is estimated 12 percent ahead of a year earlier. Exports of farm products were an estimated \$4,220 million, up \$454 million from the \$3,766 million for the same period in 1959-60. This year's figure includes actual exports of \$3,806 million for July-March and an estimate of \$444 million for April. Sharp increases in exports of wheat and cotton accounted for over 90 percent of the 10-month gain. Moderate advances occurred in soybeans, tobacco, animal products, and rice. The overall gain was limited somewhat by declines in exports of vegetable oils, feed grains, and vegetables and preparations. Fruits and preparations remained close to the high level of a year earlier.

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity, July-April

by commoditi	by dury	Whi II	
Commodity	1959-60	1960-61	1/ Chg.
	Million	dollars	Pct.
Cotton	692	865	+25
Grains & feeds 2/			+17
Wheat & flour 2/.		956	+36
Feed grains 2/3/			- 3
Rice, milled 2/		1 2 1	+8
Tobacco, unmfd			+12
Veg. oils & seeds	1 1 -	452	+2
	21.0	291	+21
Soybeans Ed. veg. oils 4/.		117	-20
	- ' '	211	0
Fruits & preps. 2/.		101	-15
Vegs. & preps. 27		507	+3
Animals & prods.2/.			-9
Fats & oils	-1		+18
Meats & prods			+26
Hides & skins			
Dairy products 2/			
Other	: 109	111	
Total	: 3,100	4,220	+T.C
1/ Partly estima	tea. 2/	Includes	Cottos
relief. 3/ Exclud	ies produ	cts. 4/	COULOII-

seed and soybean.

based on the first 3 quarters, these shipments totaled an estimated \$1,165 million in July-March of 1960-61 compared with \$910 million in the corresponding 9 months of the previous fiscal year. Foodfor-Peace exports accounted for nearly three-fifths of the total gain in this period. Sharp increases occurred under Public Law

480, especially Title I (sales for

Agricultural exports in April are estimated slightly larger in 1961 than in 1960. April 1961's estimate of \$444 million compared with actual shipments of \$388 million a year earlier. Increases occurred in feed grains, animal products, and cotton; declines, in vegetable oils and wheat. Other major commodities showed little change.

July-March shipments under the Food-for-Peace Program were up 28 percent. According to information

foreign currency) and Title II (famine and other emergency relief). There were declines in CCC barter and Mutual Security exports. Wheat, including flour, cotton, and nonfat dry milk led the increase. Shipments of vegetable oils declined.

Fiscal year exports are now estimated at \$4.9 billion. For the year ending June 1961, U. S. exports of farm products are estimated at \$4.9 billion. This would be a new record in both value and volume. Impressive records will be set for wheat and wheat flour, soybeans, tallow, variety meats, poultry meat, and hides and skins.

Cotton exports in July-April totaled an estimated 6.5 million running bales in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 5.6 million in 1959-60. The increase reflected principally continued high cotton consumption abroad, relatively low levels of cotton stocks in other major producing countries, and plentiful supplies of U. S. cotton available for export at competitive prices. Exports for the fiscal year as a whole are likely to total about 7 million bales, about 6 percent more than in 1959-60. Registrations under the current season's payment-in-kind program were 6.2 million bales as of May 12 compared with 6.5 million for the like period last year. Exports in the remainder of the fiscal year are expected to be sharply lower than earlier in the year. Exporters have been selling cotton at substantial discounts for export after July 31, when the payment-in-kind export payment rate will be increased.

Wheat and wheat flour exports during July-April were 136 million bushels ahead of a year earlier. July-April wheat and wheat flour exports are estimated at 548 million bushels in 1960-61, 33 percent ahead of the comparable 412 million in 1959-60. Over half moved under Title I of Public Law 480, a major instrument of the U. S. Food-for-Peace Program. More dollar sales were made to Western Europe and Japan. Western Europe had to import more grain this year than last following a poor harvest. Japan is using more U. S. hard wheat as the result of market promotion efforts. Wheat and wheat flour exports for the year ending in June 1961 are now estimated at 650 million bushels, the highest on record.

July-April rice exports advanced sharply. Exports of milled rice in July-April totaled an estimated 19.2 million bags compared with 16.6 million a year earlier. About three-fifths of the rice moved under the Food-for-Peace Program, primarily Title I Public Law 480 sales for foreign currency to Asia. Approximately half of domestic rice production has been shipped abroad in recent years.

July-April feed grain exports were slightly below the record rate of a year ago. Exports of 10.2 million short tons in July-April were 200 thousand below comparable shipments in 1959-60. Western Europe, taking about two-thirds of the feed grain exports, bought somewhat less this year because of the large supply of feed wheat available there. Increases in exports to Asia and Canada offset some of the reduction in shipments to Western Europe.

TOBACCO Exports of tobacco were larger despite increased foreign trade barriers.

Unmanufactured tobacco exports in July-April of fiscal year 1960-61

were an estimated 441 million pounds (declared export weight), 9 percent ahead of exports of 404 million pounds in the like period a year earlier. Exports were encouraged by the large 1960 crop of above average quality, relatively stable prices for U. S. tobacco, and the continuing rise in foreign cigarette consumption. A further rise in exports was hindered by increased trade barriers against U. S. leaf.

VEGETABLE OILS

Exports of soybeans continued at a record rate despite sharp

price rises. July-April exports totaling an estimated 125 million
bushels in fiscal year 1960-61 were 18 percent above the record

level for the comparable period a year ago. Prices for soybeans have increased
by 45 percent since harvest time. Exports have been reflecting the continued rise
in foreign consumption especially in industrialized countries and the smaller
exports of soybeans by Communist China. Soybeans are preferred over vegetable
oils in many countries because of the strong demand for oil cake and meal for
livestock feed.

Vegetable oil exports were down substantially. July-April exports of edible vegetable oils (soybean and cottonseed) totaled an estimated 1,019 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 1,282 million in 1959-60. About 58 percent moved under Title I of Public 480 this year against 45 percent last year.

FRUITS AND

Little change occurred in exports of fruits and preparations.

VEGETABLES

Exports of fruits and preparations totaled \$211 million in July-April of fiscal year 1960-61, about the same as in the previous year.

Exports of fresh apples and oranges were down considerably while those of dried and canned fruits were above the like period a year ago. Weather damage to the Florida crop resulted in fewer oranges available for export. Smaller quantities of U. S. apples were marketed in Western Europe because of the large apple production there. Reduced foreign output of dried fruits encouraged U. S. exports.

Dried beans led the decline in exports of vegetables and preparations. Exports of vegetables and preparations are estimated to have totaled \$101 million in July-April of fiscal year 1960-61, down \$18 million from a year earlier. Exports of dried edible beans and peas led the decline, declining by \$8 million and \$1 million, respectively. Western Europe had better crops this year while Cuba lacked foreign exchange. Potato exports were sharply reduced, too, reflecting the large crop in Canada and the Cuban situation.

ANIMALS AND
ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Exports of animals and animal products increased slightly.

July-April exports of animals and animal products totaled an estimated \$507 million in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with the same 10 months a year earlier. Exports of most animal products, except animal fats, were up.

More variety and poultry meats went to Western Europe. Exports of variety and poultry meats to Western Europe have increased substantially, encouraged by relatively low U. S. prices, ample U. S. supplies available for export, and rising standards of living in Western Europe. Variety meats showed a 31 percent rise over a year ago, and poultry meat, 40 percent.

Smaller foreign supplies of hides and skins stimulated exports. July-April exports of hides and skins totaled an estimated \$73 million in 1960-61 against actual shipments of \$58 million in the comparable period a year earlier. The higher rate of U. S. slaughter has made more hides and skins available for export. Other major suppliers, especially Australia and Argentina, exported less.

Exports of dairy products are now ahead of a year earlier. Exports of dairy products in July-April of 1960-61 of \$106 million were slightly above the level of the comparable period of the previous year. Food-for-Peace shipments of nonfat dry milk rose substantially. Exports of butter were sharply below the high level in 1959-60, when Western Europe imported large quantities following a drought.

Lard and tallow exports continued below last year's level. July-April exports of lard totaling an estimated 426 million pounds in 1960-61 were down by 135 million from the like period a year earlier; and tallow exports of 1,217 million were down by 101 million. Increased prices of lard and tallow have made these commodities less competitive in world trade.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS

Agricultural imports continued below those of a year ago. July-March agricultural imports totaling \$2,748 million in fiscal year 1960-61 were 8 percent below the \$2,994 million in the comparable period a year earlier. Imports have been running behind in 6 of the past 9 months. About two-thirds of the decline occurred in complementary (non-competitive) imports, with the remainder in supplementary (somewhat competitive) items. Supplementary and complementary products each accounted for about half of the total.

Beef imports predominated in the supplementary decline. July-March imports of supplementary products totaling \$1,361 million decreased by \$88 million from the previous year. Substantial declines occurred in beef and veal, hides and skins, apparel wool, and sugar while smaller declines were noted in dutiable cattle, jute, barley, vegetable oils and oilbearing materials, and tomatoes. Imports of pork, molasses, and cheese showed slight gains.

Increased domestic production of beef contributed to smaller imports. Imports of beef and veal in July-March declined from 468 million pounds (product weight) in 1959-60 to 369 million in 1960-61. Value fell by \$32 million, or 36 percent of the overall supplementary reduction. The decline reflected mainly the increased domestic cattle marketings, smaller foreign supplies available for export, and lower U. S. prices. Australia and New Zealand were the primary sources for beef imports.

Domestic market for hides and skins and apparel wool has not been attractive for imports. Imports of hides and skins in July-March of 88 million pounds in 1960-61 were 23 percent below the 115 million in the like period of the previous year. Increased domestic production along with lower prices made the

U. S. market less attractive to foreign producers. A 10 percent decline in imports of apparel wool reflected a slowdown in business activity and increased use of synthetic fibers.

Crude rubber accounted for nearly two-thirds of the complementary decline.
July-March imports of complementary products fell to \$1,387 million in 1960-61
from \$1,545 million in 1959-60. Imports of crude natural rubber declined
substantially, and there were smaller decreases in coffee, carpet wool, bananas,
tea, and hard fibers like abaca, sisal, and henequen. The only major commodity
to increase was cocoa beans.

Crude natural rubber imports were down 28 percent in volume. Rubber imports totaled 640 million pounds in July-March of 1960-61 compared with 895 million for the same 9 months a year earlier. Most of the decline reflected the slowdown in business activity in the early months of the fiscal year. In addition, the increased use of synthetic rubber and the selling of surplus rubber from strategic stockpiles (as world prices exceeded 30 cents a pound) also contributed to the decrease.

Coffee imports showed little change from a year earlier. July-March imports of coffee totaled 2,284 million pounds in 1960-61, about the same as the 2,294 million in the comparable period a year ago. Value fell by 4 percent, reflecting somewhat lower prices. Latin America supplies some four-fifths of the coffee consumed in the United States.

Lower prices resulted in a sharp increase in imports of cocoa beans. July-March imports of cocoa beans of 460 million pounds in 1960-61 were 36 percent ahead of the 339 million for the same months in the previous year. Lower prices, however, limited the value increase to 8 percent.



Growth Through Agricultural Progress

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EXPORTS :
DOMESTIC

DOMEST1	C EXPOR	DOMESTIC EXPORTS: March 1960	and 1961	and July-March 1959-60		and $1960-61 \frac{1}{1}$			
	••		March				July-March		
Commodity exported	: Unit:	Quantity	П	Value	N.	Quantity	ty	Value	/7 a
	*	1960	1961	1960	1961	1959-60	1960-61	1959-60	1960-61
	••	**		1,000	1,000	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	1,000	1,000
		1 nousands	Thousands	dollars :	dollars	100 Sands	1 nous and 5	4 OOB	3 182
Formulation and the second and the s	T. P.	8,250		1.315	685 :	75,856 :	78,884	11,771	12,547
	i d	3,687	1,353	1,709	877 :	21,945 :	15,129	11,864	8,280
Nonfat dry milk*	9	29,047	59,955	2,973	5,833	363,257	440,023 :	38,251	47,043
	: Doz.:	1,514:	1,671 :	1,170:	1,384 :	16,498:	12,860:	9,039 :	9,225
Hides and skins 3/	: No. :	939 :	1,516 :	6,941:	9,288:	6,403:	10,154:	53,033 :	63,908
Beef and veal, total 4/	· Ib.	2,201:	2,370:	\$ 868 °	1,006;	22,891:	23,824:	8,842:	9,492
Pork, total 4/	: Tp. :	7,828 :	4,579:	1,998;	1,471 :	26,896:	53,128;	16,127:	16,230
Variety meats 5/	: I.b. :	8,782:	10,539	1,693:	2,525:	81,073:	93,974:	15,900:	20,907
	: Tp. :	10,587:	14,670:	2,806:	3,965:	109,878:	146,779:	29,611:	41,793
Lard	· Tp·	55,506 :	33,899 :	4,963 :	4,557 :	504,897:	391,098	46,199:	43,756
Tallow, edible and inedible	: Tp. :	141,011:	140,214:	9,093 :	6,686	1,156,185:	1,076,653;	82,024 :	70,235
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) .	: Bale:	167	842 :	66,260	112,794:	4,942;	5,789:	£02,009	770,879
	: Tp. :	11,375;	7,771 :	878 :	695 3	157,795 :	111,742:	13,053;	9,964
and tangerines, fresh	· Tp.	47,898;	30,565	3,539;	3,075 :	373,857 :	253,897:	26,643;	22,351
Prunes, dried	· Tp.	4,674 :	4,890 :	1,164:	1,178 :	66,138;	61,991:	15,699 :	15,876
Raisins and currents	· Tp.	6,405:	14,512;	881 :	2,319:	10,666 :	112,984:	11,675:	15,800
Fruits, canned 6/	. Th.	18,374:	32,577	2,665 :	4,528 :	268,449:	298,798 :	37,626 :	40,899
uice	: Gal.:	1,162 ;	1 696	1,867:	2,171:	9,625 :	8,909	16,344:	16,106
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	8,429 :	5,498 :	9,575 :	5,597:	92,850:	62,318:	1 92,876	66,929
Corn, grain (56 lb.)*	Bu. :	14,808 :	30,076 :	19,575 :	38,060:	161,509:	190,929:	209,243:	239,023
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	5,007 :	4,922:	5,540 :	5,373 :	77,993 :	67,102:	86,695 :	74,517
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	1,759 :	2,182:	1,540 :	1,571:	34,903:	22,530 :	25,106 :	16,609
Rice, milled, excludes paddy*	: Tp.	216,885 :	239,314:	16,122:	13,723 :	1,443,154:	1,672,798:	96,073 :	
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	: 08	743 :	109	872 :	3,877 :	4,556 *	4,889	4,932
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu.	42,936 :	61,370:	72,153:	106,176:	279,253 :	412,798 :	474,368	710,216
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :	4,457 :	5,392;	17,724:	24,389:	30,082:	33,614:	124,274 :	142,102
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	: Ton :	41:	53 ;	2,760 :	3,462:	749 :	571:	49,039 :	35,095
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	2 8	7	ω ;	-	7,630 :	3,423 1	24,593	10,512
Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu.	7,168:	8,481:	16,506 :	22,341:	97,556 :	116,079	221,955	267,860
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc	. Tp.	52,332:	11,717:	5,095 :	1,507 :	658,830	666,172	72,423	74,099
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc	r P°	42,317:	24,332:	4,547 :	3,241:	473,058 :	267,814:	59,558	31,832
Tobacco, unmanufactured		27,754:	28,740:	20,334 :	21,673	389,277 :	427,354:	292,487	328,869
Beans, dried*		12,229:	10,575 :	1,035 :	3 066	300,255	193,857	23,640 :	15,375
Peas, dried (except cowpeas and chickpeas)	r Tp.	15,677:	15,703:	972 :	1,059 :	170,878	149,177	11,004 :	9,910
Potatoes, white	d.	26,269 :	8,101:	165 :	252 :	205,772;	100,602:	2,615 °	2,711
Vegetables, canned 6/	: Tp. :	9,349 :	4,860 :	1,421:	1092	70,624:	64,431 :	10,729:	10,190
Other agricultural commodities		••	**	45,806:	49,914:	-	-	434,403	419,643
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	•	••	388,052:	469,489:	••	••	3,377,648 :	3,805,817
	••	••	••	1 245 047 .	3 434 244 •	•• •	••	10.383.028 1	11,466,539
IOIAL NONACRICULIURAL CUMMODIILES		•• ••	• •	**********	1,101,211	• ••	•	*	
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES	• ••	•	•	1,733,099:	1,903,733:	*	••	13,760,676;	~l
1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weigh	udes th	ht of "	other hides and s	kins"	, reported in value only. 4/ Product weight.	e only. 4/P	Product weight	≥ Serie	ludes beef and the monthly
pork livers, beer tongues, and other variaty mea	LS, ILT	sn or irozen.	Product Wear	ગ	ומפס לדווס כפסו	ago oncome con	מדמה ל דייי	1	,

pork livers, beer tongues, and ounce reserve, more, early be strained and private agencies... * Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): March 1960 and 1961 and July-March 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

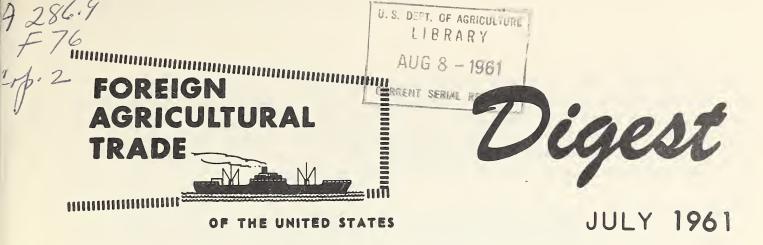
Official Business

- 8 -

U. S. exports as a percent of production for principal agricultural commodities, fiscal years 1954-60 average

•			Exports	•	U.Š.	: Share of	e Pille
Commodity :	Unit:	fisca	1 years 1954	-60:		: production	n
:	:		average		1953-59 average		
:		-Mil	lion units -		-Million units-	-Percent ·	===
		-					
Rice (milled basis):	Cwt.		15.2		35.7	43	
Tallow:	Lb.	1	,229.6		3,077.3	40	
Dried whole milk:	Lb.		39.2		105.1	37	
Wheat:	Bu.	1/	391.6		1,090.6	36	
Dry edible peas:	Cwt.	_	1.2		3.3	36	
Nonfat dry milk:			521.3		1,494.0	35	
Cotton:			4.6		13.6	34	
Hops.	Lb.		14.9		43.2	34	
Soybeans:	Bu.	2/	139.9		433.7	32	
Dried prunes:	Lb.	_	91.1		305.7	30	
Tobacco (farm sales weight) .:	Lb.		548.6		1,982.1	28	
Cottonseed:	Ton	<u>3</u> /	1.4		5.6	25	
Raisins:	Lb.		93.6		399.1	23	
Rye, grain:			5.4		25.3	21	
Lard			522.9		2,558.7	20	
Barley, grain:			73.4		389.1	19	
Flaxseed:			6.7		36.5	18	
Grain sorghums:			54.4		361.0	15	
Dry edible beans:			2.6		17.2	15	

Includes grain equivalent of flour.
Includes bean equivalent of oil.
Includes seed equivalent of oil.



Issued monthly by Economic Research Service, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. Free within U.S. on request. Also available are monthly and yearly Foreign Agricultural Trade Statistical Reports, containing detailed statistics on quantity and value of exports and imports.

EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS (July-May)

Agricultural exports moved at record rate in July-May of fiscal year 1960-61. Exports of farm products are estimated at \$4,578 million, up \$430 million (10 percent) from the \$4,149 million for the same period in 1959-60. This year's figure includes exports of \$4,200 million for July-April and an estimate of \$378 million for May--a record for both value and volume in an 11-month period. Two commodities--wheat and cotton--contributed over 90 percent to the overall gain. Besides these substantial advances, there were moderate

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity, July-May

: 1960-61 1/:Chg. :1959-60 Commodity :Million dollars Pct. +18 761 897 Cotton.... Grains & feeds 2/..: 1,558 1,800 +16 1,061 +33 Wheat & flour 2/. : 796 489 Feed grains 2/3/. 499 Rice, milled 2/... 125 128 +2 363 +13 Tobacco, unmfd..... 320 514 +4 Veg. oils & seeds..: 492 +17 273 320 Soybeans..... Ed. veg. oils 4/. 161 139 -14 Fruits & preps. 2/.: 223 -3 229 Vegs. & preps. 27... 134 111 -17 537 550 +2 Animals & prods. 2/ 171 154 -10 Fats & oils.... +16 105 122 Meats & prods....: 6L +20 Hides & skins.... 77 Dairy products 2/Other 2/.... 113 114 +1 +2 118 120 Total..... : 4,149 4,578 +10

1/ Partly estimated. 2/ Includes private relief. 3/ Excludes products. 4/ Cotton-seed and soybean.

gains in soybeans, tobacco, animal products, and rice.
Somewhat offsetting the overall improvement were declines in vegetable oils, feed grains, vegetables and preparations, and fruits and preparations.

Agricultural exports in May are estimated slightly smaller in 1961. May's export estimate of \$378 million in 1961 was only 1 percent below actual shipments of \$383 million in 1960. Increases occurred in wheat, feed grains, vegetable oils and oilseeds, and animal products; declines, in cotton and vegetables and preparations.

sharply reduced in recent months, totaled 700 thousand bales more this year. Cotton exports in July-May of fiscal year 1960-61 totaled an estimated 6.8 million running bales compared

with 6.1 million for the same period a year earlier. Developments behind the increase were continued high consumption abroad, relatively low stocks in other major producing countries, and plentiful U. S. supplies available for export at competitive prices. Exports since April were smaller as the result of sales, at substantial discounts, for shipment after July 31, when the payment-in-kind export rate will be increased.

GRAINS AND FEEDS Large quantities of wheat moved under Food-for-Peace programs in 1960-61. July-May wheat and wheat flour exports are estimated at 607 million bushels in 1960-61 compared with 465 million in the like period a year ago. About 70 percent of the wheat moved under Food-for-Peace programs this past year. Principal recipients under these programs were India, Pakistan, UAR-Egypt, Brazil, and Poland. Dollar sales also contributed to the substantial export increase. Japan and Western Europe purchased more wheat for dollars in the past year. Western Europe imported more high-quality wheat for milling after last year's poor harvest. Competitive pricing of U.S. wheat and market development projects were successful in expanding exports to Japan.

Rice exports to Asia were up sharply. July-May exports of milled rice totaled an estimated 20.6 million bags in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 18.5 million for the comparable period a year earlier. Shipments were particularly heavy under the Food-for-Peace programs, which accounted for about three-fifths of total exports. Foreign markets have provided an outlet for about half of U.S. rice production in recent years.

Feed grain exports, up in recent months, reflected less foreign competition. July-May exports of feed grains totaled an estimated 11.2 million short tons, slightly above the ll.1 million in the same period a year earlier. Exports have run ahead of a year earlier since March as supplies from other producers became limited. Western Europe, which takes about two-thirds of the total, purchased less this past year because of the large supply of feed wheat available there. Exports to Asia, especially Japan, India, and Israel, increased over a year ago. Corn accounted for the overall export increase while exports of the other feed grains—oats, barley, and grain sorghums—dropped below the levels of a year ago.

TOBACCO July-May tobacco exports were well ahead of a year ago. Unmanufactured tobacco in July-May of 1960-61 totaled an estimated 475 million pounds compared with 427 million in the like period a year earlier. Foreign sales were stimulated by the large 1960 crop of above-average quality, relatively stable prices for U. S. leaf, and a further rise in foreign cigarette use. Flue-cured leaf accounted for about 82 percent of total exports. More and higher trade barriers against U. S. leaf limited further increases in exports.

VEGETABLE OILS

Soybean exports in July-May headed for a new record.

July-May exports of soybeans amounted to an estimated 135

million bushels in 1960-61, 15 million bushels above the
record rate of a year earlier. Major foreign markets were Japan, the Netherlands, Canada, and West Germany. Japan took about 28 percent of U. S. exports this July-April; the Netherlands, 17 percent; Canada, 13 percent; and West

Germany, 13 percent. Generally-rising foreign consumption of vegetable oils, reflecting higher standards of living in industrialized countries and the lack of exportable soybeans in Communist China contributed most to the record rate of U. S. exports. In addition, there was a strong demand for oilcake and meal in many countries. Practically all of the soybeans were sold for dollars. Further gains in soybean exports this past year were limited by U. S. stocks.

Higher prices for vegetable oils weakened exports. Exports of vegetable oils in July-May totaled an estimated 1,194 million pounds in 1960-61 compared with 1,419 million in the like period a year earlier. Western Europe postponed purchases because of higher U. S. prices. Exports under Foodfor-Peace programs (Title I of Public Law 480) were somewhat larger in 1960-61.

FRUITS AND
Exports of fruits and preparations were down slightly. JulyVEGETABLES
May exports of fruits and preparations totaled an estimated
\$223 million in 1960-61, \$5 million below a year earlier.

Most of the decline was in fresh apples and oranges. Orange output was
hit by weather damage to the Florida crop. Apple exports weakened in the
face of increased output in Western Europe. Larger exports of dried fruits,
due to smaller foreign output, offset some of the overall decline.

Exports of vegetables and preparations declined 17 percent. Exports of vegetables and preparations are estimated to have totaled \$111 million in July-May of 1960-61, \$22 million below the level of a year earlier. A considerable drop in exports of dried beans, primarily to Western Europe and Cuba, accounted for most of the decline. Western Europe had better crops last year while exports to Cuba were limited by a lack of dollar purchasing power and the break in diplomatic relations. Potato shipments also declined sharply, reflecting a large crop in Canada and the Cuban situation.

ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Exports of animals and animal products were slightly

higher. July-May exports of animals and animal products

totaled an estimated \$550 million in 1960-61 compared

with \$537 million for the same months a year earlier. There were sharp

increases in variety meats, poultry meat, and hides and skins. Animal

fats were down substantially while dairy products were close to year-earlier

levels.

Western Europe bought most U. S. variety and poultry meats. Total exports of variety meats showed a 16 percent, and poultry meat a 25 percent, increase over a year ago. Shipments were stimulated by rising standards of living in Western Europe and ample, attractively-priced U. S. supplies.

Exports of hides and skins were up sharply. July-May exports of hides and skins totaled an estimated \$77 million in 1960-61 compared with shipments of \$64 million a year earlier. Exports were encouraged by larger U. S. supplies at relatively low prices and by the smaller output in other major producing countries, especially Australia and Argentina.

Exports of dairy products held firm. Exports of dairy products in July-May are estimated at \$114 million in 1960-61, about the same as in the comparable period a year earlier. Exports of nonfat dry milk under Foodfor-Peace programs rose substantially. Butter exports were sharply below 1959-60 when Western Europe took sizable amounts following a drought.

Higher prices for lard and tallow reduced exports. July-May exports of lard totaling an estimated 442 million pounds were down 169 million from the like period a year earlier; and tallow exports of 1,317 million were down by 140 million. Because of higher U. S. prices for lard and tallow, foreign users have turned to other U. S. fats and oils.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS (July-April)

July-April imports ran nearly \$300 million less this year. July-April agricultural imports of \$3,033 million in fiscal year 1960-61 were 9 percent smaller than the \$3,330 million value of a year ago. Both supplementary (competitive) and complementary (noncompetitive) products contributed to the 10-month decline. Nonagricultural imports, meanwhile, registered a loss of \$987 million, falling 10 percent to \$8,430 million from \$9,417 million in the 10-month period under review.

Nearly 60 percent of July-April drop hit complementary items. July-April complementary imports dropped to \$1,528 million in 1960-61 from \$1,704 million in 1959-60. The \$176 million reduction accounted for nearly three-fifths of the overall agricultural decrease. By far the largest single decline was in crude natural rubber, but the quantity and value of other items such as carpet wool, tea, spices, and abaca, or manila, also fell. Imports of sisal and henequen were smaller in quantity, but higher prices held up the value. Lower coffee prices weakened the value of coffee imports although the quantity was slightly larger. There was a substantial increase in both the quantity and value of cocoa beans.

About 40 percent of July-April import loss was in supplementary commodities. July-April supplementary imports decreased to \$1,505 million in 1960-61 from \$1,626 million in 1959-60. The \$121 million reduction accounted for about two-fifths of the overall agricultural drop. About half of the decline occurred in beef and veal and in cane sugar, with smaller declines in the quantity and value of hides and skins, apparel wool, jute, barley, vegetable oils and waxes, and fresh tomatoes. Less cotton was imported, but higher prices strengthened the value. More dutiable cattle and copra were imported but at lower prices in the past year.

IMPORIS (FOR CONSUMPTION): April 1960 and 1961 and July-April 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

			April				July-April		
Commodity imported	: Unit:	Quantity	. 1	Value	- 1	Quantity		Value	10
	••	1960	1961 :	1960	1961	1959-60	1960-61	വ	
SUPPLEMENTARY	••			1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
Cattle, dutiable	 No.	Inousands:	I housands 72 :	<u>dollars</u> :	dollars 5,208	Inousands :	Inousands 558	54,224 :	48.764
Casein or lactarene	: Tp. :	8,137 :	7,964 :	1,534 :	1,359	72,729 :	73,795 :	14,204	13,772
Cheese	: Tp. :	4,738:	6,621:	2,210:	2,954	52,224 :	61,814:	26,012 :	29,822
Hides and skins	: Tp. :	13,991:	12,789 :	7,336:	5,442	128,587 :	101,204 :	63,958 :	46,663
Beef and veal, total 2/	. rp. :	45,933 :	53,493 :	16,144:	19,442	514,197	422,412 :	179,452:	150,636
Pork, total 2/	: Tp. :	15,448:	12,618 :	10,728:	8,426	134,054	139,565	89,619	94,332
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	: Tp° :	6,419 :	9,344:	1,313:	2,317	45,201:	44,637 :	9,594:	10,821
Sausage casings	: Tp. :	1,187:	1,182;	901:	626	12,340 :	13,538 :	9,116:	10,735
Wool, unmfd., excl. free, etc. (actual weight)	: Pp. :	10,282:	12,580:	8,167:	8,349	115,307:	94,242 :	81,981 :	64,941
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (480 lb.)	: Bale:	.	e m	323 :	421	133 :	122 :	20,020 :	21,565
	: Ton :	9	1:	916	553	64 8	19 :	10,323:	5,683
•	: Gal.:	.43	: 096	- 6	1,333	11,583 :	12,297 :	15,653 :	15,824
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved	: Tp.	8,982	6,689 %	1,036	825	90,913	86,679 :	10,529:	10,073
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	71 3	680	105:	855 1	12,514:	8,332 \$	16,376	10,546
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	131 :	162:	168:	120	1,634	1,082 :	1,715:	1,172
	Bu.	775 \$	630 :	1,265 :	1,065	5,905 8	6,672 :	9,705 :	10,819
		••		: 269	489			6,879 :	4,677
Nute and preparations				4.812 \$	4.533	3/6	, m	57,191	57,901
	. Th.	66 107	45 47] :	4,30£ 4	3,000	584.591	640.381	55,008	45,198
VOSO+1710 0417 40+0 000 10000 000000000000000000000000		. OV CA	27 150		730,3	407 070	416 526 :	76 280	65,082
Cools field and company and workers copiesses	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		_	. 000	0,100 0,100 0,100 1,000	3/ 4219712	3/ 110,020	17 088 1	11 248
Succession (2000 1h.)			2000	1,290 ·	25,673	* 009 °	3, 331	309,240	364,979
TPhine	101	. 704	220 6	. 701601	20,00		. 100,000	0 35 3C	25 FO.
Molasses, untit for human consumption	. Cal.	62,714 :	25,475	4,620	2,727	209,144	290,407	20,300	20,002
Tobacco, unmanutactured	· rp·	7	14,048 :	60166	9,604	129,109 s	134,070	94,002 6	212,00
Tomatoes, natural state	: Tp. :	48,755:	34,069:	3,589	2,701	282,111 :	192,326	21,334 :	14,309
Other supplementary	!	••	••	28.191:	27,550	••	••	260,808 :	274.299
Total supplementary	**	••	••	177,519;	142,994	•••	**	1,626,211;	1,504,635
COMPLEMENTARY	١	••	••	••		••	••	••	
	: Tp. :	\$ 260	383 :	2,232 :	1,747	5,969 8	5,058 :	23,613:	21,961
Wool, unmfd., free in bond (actual weight)	: Lb. :	15,759:	18,271:	8,990 :	9,537	177,616 :	164,032 :	62,690 :	87,733
Bananas	:Bunch:	5,314 :	5,064 :	7,793 \$	7,401	45,908 :	44,479 :	64,547 8	61,182
	: Tp. :	51,053 :	87,932 :	13,4,2 :	19,594	390,486 8	548,691:	119,422 8	132,794
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)	: Tp. :	218,006 :	235,024 :	75,023 :	75,801	2,512,649 :	2,517,324 8	881,173 :	845,836
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc	: Tp. :	353 :	425 :	566 \$	624 3	3,877 :	3,573 :	6,857 :	6,305
Tea	: Tp. :	9,536:	8,997	4,597 :	4,554	95,681 :	88,810 :	46,395 :	43,999
Spices (complementary)	: Tp. :	9,780 :	: 206.9	6,446 \$	2,898	81,255 :	57,970 \$	36,690	29,156
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :	4 8		2,033 :	833	8		11,959 :	8,430
-44	: Ton :	. 9	** &	1,082 :	1,424	94 8	: 62	15,708 :	15,233
	: Tp. :	81,409 :	55,067 :	30,350:	13,223	976,621 :	694,953 1	329,105 :	210,984
Other complementary	••	••		6,374 :	4,688	**	***	72,629;	64,602
Total complementary	١	••	••	158,978 :	142,324	**	**	1,703,788 :	1,528,215
	١		••	336,497 :	285,318	••	••	3,329,999 8	3,032,850
	**	••	••	••		••	••	••	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	•• •	•• •	•• •	: 062,606	760,355	••	••	9,417,231:	8,429,627
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES	• ••	• ••	• ••	1,246,287:	1,045,673	•	••	12,747,230:	11,462,477
t weight. 3/	in valu	e only.							

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: April 1960 and 1961 and July-April 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

		anionio part 1200	direct direct	Taraba dans	-	7 10 00	[frach - v [til	ori 1	
Commodity exported	. Unit:	Ouantity		Value	Je 2/ 8	Quantity		Value	le 2/
	!	1960	1961	1960		1959-60	1960-61	1959-60	1960-61
	-	••	••	1,000	1,000	••	••	1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousands:	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Cheese*	: I.b. :	107	571 :	329 :	306	13,232 :	6,918 :	5,237 :	3,488
Evaporated milk*	Lb.	5,623 :	12,951:	8 698	2,043 :	81,479 :	91,834 :	12,640 :	14,590
Dried whole milk	I Lb.	4,446 :	2 006	2,097 :	615 :	26,391	16,028 :	13,961 :	8,895
Nonfat dry milk*	d	14,531	45,534	1,545 :	4,888 :	377,788	485,557	39,796 :	51,931
_`	1 Doz. 1	1,688 :	1,018	1,250	1,063 s	18,187	13,879	10,289 :	10,288
Hides and skins 3/	s No. s		1,000 s	4,997	6,456	7,157 8	11,153 :	58,030	70,364
Beef and veal, total 4/	: ip. :	•	2,582 :	1,049 :	1,041 ;	25,530 8	26,406	1,891	10,033
Pork, total 4/	r Lb.		4,876 :	1,945	1,422 8	63,974 :	58,004 :	18,071	17,651
Variety meats 5/	: Ip. :		8,394	1,414 :	1,922 :	88,165	102,368	17,314 :	22,830
Poultry, canned, fresh or frozen 4/	i Lb.		13,825	4,986 :	3,790 :	127,808	160,605	34,597	45,584
Lard	. ip.	56,154 :	26,065 :	5,061 :	3,330	561,051 :	417,163 :	51,261:	47,085
Tallow, edible and inedible	Lb.	160,752 :	120,785 :	10,528 :	9,178 :	1,316,937	1,197,438 :	92,552 :	79,412
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) .	Bale:	1 699	584 :	86,659	78,483 :	5,610 :	6,372:	691,668 :	849,149
Apples, fresh	: I.b. :	9,230 :	6,785 :	634 :	542 :	167,025 :	118,527 :	13,687 :	10,505
	I.b.	47,681 :	36,858 :	3,401 :	3,373 :	421,538 :	290,756 :	30,044 :	25,724
Prunes, dried	: -q-:	3,556 :	2,907 :	893 :	8008	69,694 8	64,897 :	16,592 :	16,675
Raisins and currants	r Lb.	5,508	5,224 :	833 8	\$ 288	76,174 8	118,207 :	12,508 :	16,687
Fruits, canned 6/	. q.		19,582 :	3,498 :	2,867 :	291,945	318,379 8	41,124 8	43,766
uice	: Gal.:	1,704 :	1,093 :	2,804 :	2,060 :	11,329	10,002	19,148 :	18,166
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu. s	5,662 :	8,206 8	6,566 :	8,390	98,512 :	70,524 :	104,442:	75,323
Corn, grain (56 lb.)*	Bu. :		24,661 :	21,133 :	31,440 :	177,770	215,590	230,376 :	270,463
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu. s	6,692 :	6,574 8	7,599 1	7,308 :	84,685	73,676	94,293 8	81,825
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu. :	-	626 :	2,718:	451 :	38,005 :	23,156 :	27,824 8	17,060
Rice, milled, excludes paddy*	r Tp.	212,487 :	190,104:	16,107 :	10,667 \$	1,655,641 :	1,862,902 :	112,180 :	117,070
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu. s		1,223 :	140 :	1,569 :	3,977 :	5,780	5,029	0,500
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu.	54,475 :	49,225 8	660,06	85,225	333,728	461,886	300,467	150,004
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :	3,814 :	3,541 :	14,980 :	15,925	33,896	37,155	139,254	128,026
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	1 Ton	* EE	. 72	2,350 8	1,578 t	182 :	1 16G	51,389 ·	30,002
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.		7/ 7/61	1 4 8	: COO [C	7,631 3	3,423	24,597	10,013
Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu. s		1,001	18,325 8	21,002 8	100,083	123,730	240,200	200,002
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc	rp.	1 0/6,66	60,541 :	9,522 8	, 200,	108,800	224 520 3	6 C46,18	41 088
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc			00,710 8	0,130	9,230	322,934	354,529 AEC AEA :	201,130	246 722
Tobacco, unmanufactured		14,000 s	10 860	847	1,000	308,687	206,719	24.487	16,466
DEGLISS OF THE COMMON AND THE COMMON			11,625	8 026	823 :	186,250	160,801	11,984 :	10,738
Peds, or red (except compeas and christians)	i q		16,130	1,532 :	453 :	249,596	116,732	7,147 8	3,164
Venetables, camped 6/	- q		3,951 :	1 092	553 \$	75,538	68,382 8	11,489 8	10,744
Other partoultural commodities and		••		45,439 :	47,985 8		8	479,843 1	467,750,
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES				388,498 8	394,141 :	••	••	3,766,146 :	4,200,286
	••	••	**	••	••	00	••	••	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	••	••	1,417,363:	1,293,369	•• •	••	11,800,391;	12,759,580
	00 (••	•• •	1 805 861	1 687 510	•• •	•• ••	15.566.537 \$	16,959,866
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES		2 7 7 7		V 12	1,020,100,1	,	Droduct watcht.	5/ Inc.	s beef and
<pre>1/ Freliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the Weight of nork livers. beef tongues. and other variety meats. fresh or frozen.</pre>	ts, fres	h or frozen.	orner mides and s	/9	Includes only classes show	les umous ses	classes shown separately in Table	301	onthly
"Foreign Agricultural Trade". 7/ Less than 500.				ì					
* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals	by indiv	and	private agencies"	٠,,					



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID

Official Business



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FOREIGN

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE

OF THE UNITED STATES

U.S. DUT. OF ASSIGNMENTS

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AUG 2 4 1961

CURRENT SERIAL RECORDS

Digest

AUGUST 1961

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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS (Fiscal Year 1960-61)

U. S. agricultural exports set new records in both value and volume in fiscal year 1960-61. Exports of farm products totaled \$4,944 million, \$429 million (10 percent) more than the \$4,515 million in the previous year. Last year's value was 5 percent larger than the previous record of \$4,728 million in 1956-77, when exports were stimulated by the Suez crisis. The quantity of exports also set a new record, surpassing 1959-60, the previous high year, by about 10 percent.

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity, fiscal year

Commodity	1959-60	1960-61	Chg.
	:Million	dollars	Pct.
Cotton	: 826	937	+13
Grains & feeds 1/	:1,693	1,949	+15
Wheat & flour 1/.		1,150	+32
Feed grains 1/2/.		531	-2
Rice, milled 17		132	-3
Tobacco, unmfd	: 342	384	+12
Veg. oils & seeds		551	+1
Soybeans	: 300	344	+15
Ed. veg. oils 3/.	: 178	146	-18
Fruits & preps. T/.	25 0	253	+1
Vegs. & preps. 17	: 150	127	-15
Animals & prods 1/.	583	613	+5
Fats & oils	: 185	175	-5
Meats & prods		137	+21
Hides & skins	: 69	83	+20
Dairy products 1/	: 127	131	+3
Other		130	+2
Total		4,944	+10
1/ Includes prive	te relief	2/ 1	ashu far

1/ Includes private relief. 2/ Excludes
products. 3/ Cottonseed and soybean.

Substantial increases in wheat and cotton accounted for over 90 percent of overall value gain. Increases occurred also for soybeans, tobacco, hides and skins, poultry products, and meat. Feed grains, rice, fruits and preparations, and dairy products changed relatively little. Major reductions in value were in animal fats, cottonseed and soybean oils, and vegetables and preparations.

June exports were slightly below a year earlier. Agricultural exports in June totaled \$348 million in 1961 compared with \$367 million in the previous year. The reduction was largely due to smaller shipments of cotton. Export declines occurred also in rice, soybeans, and vegetable oils.

Exports for dollars were equal to the record level of 1951-52. Agricultural exports for dollars reached \$3,402 million in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with \$3,213 million in the previous year. Dollar exports represented nearly 70 percent of all agricultural exports last year. Wheat, corn, soybeans, cotton, and tobacco showed the largest increases over 1959-60. Dollar sales were up also for poultry meat, variety meats, and hides and skins.

Government program shipments accounted for 30 percent of the export gain. Government program shipments increased to \$1,542 million in 1960-61 from \$1,314 million in the previous year. Wheat and flour made up over half of the program total in 1960-61 and accounted for nearly three-fourths of the increase, but cotton and rice also gained. Less feed grains and vegetable oils moved under aid programs. Country data are not yet available, but indications are that aid shipments increased substantially to Asia, mostly to India and Pakistan. Large quantities probably also went to developing countries such as UAR-Egypt, Spain, Poland, Indonesia, Brazil, and the Republic of Korea.

Japan replaced the United Kingdom as the No. 1 market. This is certain although June country data are not yet available. Agricultural exports to Japan increased to \$520 million in July-May of fiscal year 1960-61 from \$440 million in the same 11 months of 1959-60. The United Kingdom, traditionally the best market for agricultural products, dropped to second place, taking \$451 million in July-May of 1960-61 compared with \$441 million in the previous year. Significant gains were in exports to Canada, India, Italy, Poland, Spain, Pakistan, Philippines, and Taiwan.

U. S. agricultural exports for dollars and under Government export programs, fiscal years 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

Exports	:1959-60 :1960-61 1/
-	Million dollars
Dollar sales 2/	3,201 3,402
Government program	s3/1,314 1,542
Total	4,515 4,944

1/ Partly estimated.

2/ Dollar sales: unassisted commercial transactions, sales for credit for relatively short periods, sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and sales involving export payments in cash or in kind.

3/ Government programs: Public Law 480 sales for foreign currency, barter, and donations; Mutual Security Program. Includes sales involving export payments in cash or in kind.

Further implementation of the trade policies of the European Common Market contributed to the export decline to West Germany, the Netherlands, and France. Smaller exports to Venezuela reflected its worsened balance of payments position due to reduced oil sales.

COTTON Cotton exports were the second highest in over a quarter-century.
Cotton exports, excluding linters, increased to 7 million running bales in fiscal year 1960-61 from 6.6 million in the previous year. Last year's shipments went principally to Western Europe, Japan, India, Canada and Mong Kong.

Exports were encouraged last year by the continued high cotton consumption abroad, the relatively low levels of cotton stocks in other major producing countries. and the plentiful supplies of U. S. cotton available for export at competitive prices. Exports slowed somewhat in the last quarter as there were increased sales for shipment after July 31, when the payment-in-kind export rate was to go up. Five million bales of the cotton exports last year

were sold for dollars.

U. S. agricultural exports by country of destination

	July-Ma	37	
Country	: 1959-60	: 1960-61	: Change
		on dollars	Percent
Japan	410	520	+27
United Kingdom	र्मग्र	451	+2
Canada	36 6	71071	+10
India	249	322	+29
West Germany	346	301	-15
Netherlands	306	296	- 3
Italy	141	20 0	+42
Poland	86	142	+65
Spain	54	136	+152
Belgium & Lux.	121	124	+2
France	112	107	-4
Pakistan	58	101	+74
UAR-Egypt	90	96	+7
Venezuela	87	76	-13
Korea	67	70	+4
Brazil	62	64	+3
Philippines	54	63	+17
Taiwan	49	63	+29
Mexico	55	56	+2
Switzerland	46	54	+17
Other	949	949	0
Total	4,149	4,595	+11

GRAINS AND FEEDS Wheat exports exceeded previous record by over 100 million bushels. Exports of wheat and wheat flour totaled 660 million bushels in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 511 million in the previous year and the prior record of 549 million in 1956-57. Last year, 335 million bushels moved under Title I of Public Law 480 alone. India was the largest recipient of U. S. wheat—all under the Government programs. Large shipments under these programs were made also to other countries such as Pakistan, Egypt, Brazil, and Poland. At the same time, however, there was a substantial increase in dollar wheat exports to Western Europe, mainly to supplement milling supplies following the low quality of the European harvest in 1960.

Feed grains dipped below the record of the previous year. Exports of feed grains (excluding products) amounting to 12.1 million short tons in fiscal year 1960-61 were only slightly below the 12.3 million tons in 1959-60. Western Europe, which takes about two-thirds of the total, purchased less because of the large supply of feed wheat available from the low quality harvest there. In addition, the United Kingdom in the latter part of 1960-61 took large quantities of barley from the USSR and France. This situation depressed the price of feed grains to the lowest point since prewar days. Exports to Asia, especially Japan, India, and Israel, increased over the previous year. Last year's exports of corn reached record levels while shipments of oats, barley, and grain sorghums fell below the high levels of the previous year.

Rice exports were slightly larger last year. Exports of milled rice totaled 21.3 million bags in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 20.2 million in 1959-60. Lower prices produced a value decline last year compared with 1959-60. About two-thirds of the rice moved under Government export programs, mostly under Title I, Public Law 480. Foreign markets have been an outlet for about half of U. S. rice production in recent years. U. S. rice exports have remained high despite the large increase in world production, especially in Asia.

TOBACCO Tobacco exports made sizable gains. Exports of unmanufactured tobacco amounting to 503 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 were 10 percent above the 457 million in 1959-60. Foreign sales were encouraged by the large 1960 crop of above-average quality, relatively stable prices for U. S. leaf, and a further rise in foreign cigarette use. Some four-fifths of U. S. leaf exports were flue-cured.

Soybean exports of 143 million bushels set a new record.

AND OHSEEDS Soybean exports totaling 143 million bushels in fiscal year 1960-61 were 11 million above the record export level in the previous year. Larger exports were made to Belgium, West Germany, and the United Kingdom, more than offsetting lower quantities to the Netherlands and France. Japan continued to be the best foreign market for U. S. soybeans by taking about 41 million bushels last year. Developments which contributed most to the record level of exports last year were the increased foreign consumption of vegetable oils, the lack of soybeans for export by Communist China, and increasing use of protein meal for prepared livestock feeds. Foreign production of vegetable oils has increased at a relatively slow pace in recent years.

Soybean and cottonseed oils fell below the record level of the previous year. Exports of vegetable oils (soybean and cottonseed) totaled 1,226 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 1,601 million in 1959-60. Higher prices for U. S. oils as well as apparently larger stocks in Europe tended to discourage purchasers somewhat this past year. Oil shipments made under Government programs were smaller.

Fruit exports showed little change last year.

Fruit exports of \$253 million in 1960-61 were about the same as in the previous year. Declines in fresh oranges and apples were offset by increases in canned and dried fruits. Exportable supplies of oranges were relatively small during the past year because of weather damage to the Florida crop. Fewer apples were marketed in Western Europe because production there was exceptionally large. Heavy exports of dried fruits reflected smaller crops in competing countries.

Vegetable exports were 15 percent smaller. Exports of vegetables and preparations dropped to \$127 million from \$150 million in the previous year. Most of the decline occurred in dried beans and peas destined for Western Europe and Cuba. Western Europe needed less imports owing to its improved crop situation while shipments to Cuba fell because of the deterioration in relations with that country and the lack of dollar

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: May 1960 and 1961 and July-May 1959-60 and 1960-61 $\underline{1}/$

	••		Mav		••		July-May	Mav	
Commodity exported	· Unit:	Quantity		Value	e 2/ s	Quantity		Value	e 2/
		1960	1961	1960	1961	1959-60	1960-61	1959-60	1960-61
	-	••		1,000	1,000		**	1,000	1,000
	**	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars
Cheese*	: Tp. :	1 689	708	327 :	354 :	13,921	7,626 :	5,564 :	3,842
Evaporated milk*	: Tp. :	5,932 :	12,069	946 :	1,941 :	87,410:	103,903;	13,587:	16,530
Dried whole milk	: Tp. :	2,787 :	219 :	1,378;	150 :	29,178;	16,247;	15,339;	9,045
Nonfat dry milk*	· Tp.	29,489 :	79,482 :	3,716 :	8,403 :	407,277;	565,039	43,512 :	60,334
Eggs, in the shell	1 Doz.	1,469:	1,378;	1,020;	1,103;	19,656	15,257;	11,308;	11,391
•	No.	795 8	\$ 366	6,043 :	6,350;	7,952 1	12,145 :	64,074;	76,714
Beef and veal, total 4/	: .di	2,062 :	2,591	799 1	973 1	27,592 :	28,997 :	10,690 :	11,506
Pork, total 4/	Lb.	5,948	3,930 :	2,144;	1,163;	69,922	61,934	20,215	18,815
LC.	Th.	7,986	9,966	1,580 ;	2,336 1	96,151	112,334	18,893	25,165
	. I.b.	10,746	18,824	3,065	4,963 :	138,555	179,428	37,663	50,546
puel	I.b.	49,825	41,003 :	4.678	4,909	610,876	458,166	55,939 1	51,994
Tallow, edible and inedible	I.b.	139,646	129,907	9,180 :	9,562 :	1,456,583	1.327.346	101,732	88,974
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales)	Bales	524 :	387 1	69,082 :	52,132 :	6,134	6,759	760,750	901,281
	Lb.	7,883 :	6.018	909	009	174,908	124,545 :	14,293 :	11,105
	Lb.	56,848	52,789 :	4,077 :	4,742 :	478,386 :	343,544 :	34,122 :	30,466
	I.b.	2,784	4.202 :	664 :	1,085 :	72,478 :	1 660,69	17,255 :	17,760
	I Tp.	3,102 :	2,132	438 8	374 :	79,276	120,340	12,946 :	17,061
	I.b.	21,385 1	25,000 1	3,181 :	3,469 :	313,331	343,379	44,305 1	47,234
inice	Gal	1,337	1,326 8	2,054 8	2,802 :	12,665	11,328 :	21,201	20,968
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu. s	7,980 :	8,284 1	8,193 1	8,490 :	106,493 :	78,808 :	112,635 :	83,812
Corn. grain (56 lb.)*	Bu. s	17,841	23,816	23,460 :	29,727	195,611	239,406 :	253,836 :	300,190
Grain sordhums (56 lb.)	Bu. s	8,292 8	6,396 1	9,348	7,717 :	92,977	80,072 :	103,642:	89,541
Oats. grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	1,779 :	2,630 1	1,360 :	1,763 :	39,784 :	25,786 :	29,184:	18,822
Rice, milled, excludes paddy*	Lb.	194,157 :	200,812 :	12,570:	11,416:	1,849,799 :	2,063,714:	124,750 :	128,486
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu. s	968	1,516 :	1,306 :	1,502 :	4,945 :	7,295 1	6,335 1	8,002
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu. :	47,344:	53,149 :	80,565 1	91,581:	381,072:	515,034 :	645,032 :	887,776
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :	2,617	3,639 :	10,602:	14,572 :	36,513 :	40,794 :	149,856 :	172,599
Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	Ton :	38 1	43 8	2,544 :	3,193 :	820 :	634 :	53,933 :	39,746
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu. :	315 :	2,099 1	983 :	6,384:	7,946 :	5,522 :	25,580;	16,897
Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu. :	14,267 :	11,440:	32,798 :	33,184:	119,949:	135,170:	273,079 :	322,045
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc	t Pp :	109,760:	22,061:	10,860:	3,246 1	868,565 1	751,199 :	92,805 :	85,108
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc	r Tp.	27,816	37,893 :	2,989 :	2,606 :	550,750 :	372,422 :	67,745 :	46,694
Tobacco, unmanufactured	: Tp. :	23,437 :	23,647:	17,654 :	17,171:	427,074:	476,110 :	319,607	363,893
Beans, dried*	r Pp. r	40,389 :	18,894 :	3,207 :	1,400:	349,076 :	225,613;	27,694 :	17,866
Peas, dried (except compeas and chickpeas)	i Lb.	12,154 :	9,101;	752 1	577 :	198,403:	169,902:	12,736	11,315
Potatoes, white	i Lb.	57,114:	42,510 :	1,909 :	1 606	306,710:	159,242	9,057	4,073
Vegetables, canned 6/	: Tp. :	7,115 :	9,105 :	1,092;	1,724:	82,653 :	77,486 :	12,581	12,468
Other agricultural commodities	**	**	••	45,419 1	47,602 3		••	525,260 1	515,396
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES			•	382,589 :	395,175 :	••	••	4,148,735:	4,595,460
		••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES		•• •	•	1,392,980:	1,330,233:	•• •	•• •	13,193,372;	14,089,814
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES			•• ••	1,775,569 :	1.725.408 :	• ••	• ••	17,342,107	18,685,274
1/ Day 1 (minor) / At allow of occurs 2/ Evel:	doc tho	aht of	Wathan hidae and	chine	renorted in value	only. 4/	Product weight.	2	Includes beef and
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1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight of "other nides and sames, says."
pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen. Product weight. 6/ Includes only classes shown separately in "Foreign Agricultural Irade".
Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: June 1960 and 1961 and July-June 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

Lb. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		1961 : 1, Thousands : dol 504 : 11,765 : 2,781 : 68,526 : 1,294 :	1960 : 1,000, : dollars : 288 :	1961 : 1,000 :	Quantity 1959-60 :] Thousands : 7	1960-61	1959-60 : 196 1,000 : 1	1960-61	
1	**************************************			1961 : 1,000 : 1011ars :	1959-60 :	1960-61	1959-60 :	1960-61	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	**************************************	8 40=04		1,000 :	Thousands	 i	000	1,000	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	**************************************	8 40404		dollars :	Thousands				
	633 : 633 : 634 : 635 :	504 : 765 : 781 : 294 : 294 : 3	288 :			Thousands	dollars	dollars	
Lb	9,386 : 2,525 : 937 : 760 : 3,58 : 137 : 8,137 : 10,362 : 62,724 : 12,527 : .	11,765 : 2,781 : 68,526 : 1,294 :	1 510	586	14,554 :	8,130 :	5,851	4,132	
Lb	2,525 : 937 : 760 : 937 : 760 : 3,58 : 8,137 : 10,362 : 62,724 : 12,527 : 12,527 : 9	2,781 : 68,526 : 1,294 :	2 OTC T	1,897 :	\$ 26,797	115,668;	15,104 :	18,428	
Lb. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	56,400 : 937 : 760 : 760 : 3,583 : 8,137 : 10,362 : 62,724 : 12,527 :	68,526 : 1,294 :	1,493 :	1,559 :	31,703 :	19,028 :	16,833 :	10,604	
Doz	937 : 760 : 2,142 : 3,583 : 8,137 : 8,137 : 62,724 : 12,527 :	1,294 :	7,554 :	6,394 :	463,677 :	633,565 :	51,066 :	66,728	
	760 : 2,142 : 3,583 : 8,137 : 10,362 : 62,724 : 12,527 :		704 :	955 *	20,593	16,551	12,013 :	12,345	
1	2,142: 3,583: 8,137: 10,362: 62,724:	926	5,223 :	6,041 :	8,712 1	13,104 :	69,297	82,755	
r rb	3,583 : 8,137 : 10,362 : 62,724 :	2,458 :	874 :	934	29,734 :	31,455 :	11,564 :	12,440	
Lb	8,137 : 10,362 : 62,724 :	6.387	1.264 :	1.943 :	73,505 #	68,321	21,478 :	20,758	
	10,362 : 62,724 : 12,527 :	10,124	1,724 :	2,263 :	104,288	122,458	20,618	27,429	
1 Lb. 1 11	62,724 : 12,527 :	24 680 .	2,838 :	6.906	148,917	204, 108	40,501	57,453	
. 1 Lb. 1	12,527 :	31,894	6,041	3.525	673,600 *	490,059	61,980 :	55,520	
	170671	138.372	7.493 *	11,706	1.569,109	1.465.718 :	109,225	100,681	
. Bales	500	250 :	64,932 :	35,874	6,636	7,009	825,682	937,155	
frosh a constant of the second	2.807 :	3,115 *	264	342 :	177,715 :	127,660 :	14,558 :	11,448	
and tangerines, fresh 1D. 1	58,154 :	63,735 :	4.430 :	5,322 \$	536,540	407,279 :	38,552 1	35,788	
I.b.	3,375 #	3.640 :	826 *		75,853 :	72,739 :	18,081	18,715	
and currents and currents and currents are a larger and currents are a	2,915 :	3,175 #	452 3	546 :	82,191	123,514 :	13,398	17,607	
	17,323 :	21,838 1	2.699 \$	3.226 :	330,653 :	365,217	47,004 3	50,460	
	1.497	1,279 :	2.354 :	2,853	14,162 :	12,607 \$	23,555 #	23,821	
B. B.	7 708 :	4.267	7.838	4.680	114.291	83.075	120,473 :	88,492	
	19,156	21,390 :	24.739	26,207	214.767	260,797	278,575	326,397	-0
	47,130	. 000,43	5 507 :	7 320	97,791	86.393 :	109,169 8	96,861	
	4,014	080	0,025	. 103	40 400	06,00	30 00	10,443	
i bue i	3,019 8	200 2	7,840 :	170	43,402	20,700	136,020	130 466	
TO STORY	2 770 67	400	260	3 00% 60	2,023,173 a	7 7 7 7 3 3 4	430,221	0 154	
s eng s	321 8	1 824	200	402.8	007,0	677,1	. 020	064 200	
••	36,904 8	45,802 :	61,245 :	19,544	417,976	158,000	100,278 5	307,320	
Bag s	2,907 :	2,516 :	12,614 8	10,446	39,420	43,310 :	162,470 3	183,040	
••	47 :	\$ 69	3,019 :	5,168 :	867 8	703	56,953	44,913	
Flaxseed (56 lb.) Bu. :	379 :	1,441:	1,282 :	4,309 :	8,326	6,963 1	26,861	21,206	
Bu. :	11,829:	7,732 :	26,612:	21,796 :	131,778 :	142,903 :	299,691	343,842	
: Lb. : 1	71,143:	84,391 :	16,185 :	11,486 :	1,039,709 :	835,591 :	108,990	96,594	
••	10,120 :	17,592 :	1,152 :	2,735 1	260,870	390,014 :	: 168,89	49,459	
: Tp. :	29,574 :	27,283 :	22,244 8	20,484 :	456,647 :	503,393 :	341,851 :	384,377	
: Tp. :	37,016 :	6,828 :	2,810 :	574 :	386,092 :	232,441 :	30,504 :	18,440	
: Tp. :	13,311	7,547 8	774 :	488 :	211,714 :	177,449 8	13,510 :	11,803	
: Tp. :	96,137 :	71,495 :	2,609 :	1,439 8	402,846 :	230,737 :	11,666 :	5,512	
Vegetables, canned 6/ 15	15,292 :	12,120 :	2,615 :	2,487 :	97,945 :	89,607 :	15,196 :	14,955	
Other agricultural commodities :	••	**	47,682 :	50,459 :	**	••	572,941 :	565,349	
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES :		••	366,605 :	348,205 :	••	••	4,515,340:	4,943,665	
	••	••	••	••	••	••	••		
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES :	••	1,3	1,336,632;	1,329,649 :	•• •	•• •	14,530,003:	15,419,463	
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES		1,1,7	1,703,237	1,677,854:	• ••	• ••	19,045,343 :	20,363,128	
lidec the water	ht of "	other hides and sk	reno	rted in value	onlv. 4/	Product weight.	5/ Includes beef	s beef and	

1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight of "otner names and same, survey. 2/ At place and other variety meats, fresh or frozen. Product weight. 6/ Includes only classes shown separately in Table "Foreign Agricultural Trade".
"Foreign Agricultural Trade".
* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): May 1960 and 1961 and July-May 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

₩ ₩ ₩		1	Men West	المام	20-00-0	ייי בירייים בי	To Mary Lett	, in o	
Commodity imported	: Unit:	Quantity				s Quan		Value	ne
	•	1960	1961	1960		: 1959-60 : 19	19-0961	1959-60	19-0961
SUPPLEMENTARY		••		1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
	••	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	: Thousands	: Thousands	dollars :	dollars
Cattle, dutiable	: No. :	* 9L	57 :	6,919		\$ 592	1 615	61,143	52,800
Casein or lactarene	: Tp. :	7,565 8	9,287	1,414 8	1,510	80,295	83,082	15,618	15,282
Слевѕв	: Tp. :	4,670 8	5,186 :	2,059 :	2,481	\$ 56,894	1 666,999	28,071	32,303
Hides and skins	: Tp.	16,201	12,660 :	7,571 :		144,787	113,864	71,528 :	52,169
Beef and veal, total 2/	: Pp. :	36,220 :	41,635 :	13,247		\$ 550,416	1940,464 s	192,698 :	165,814
Pork, total 2/	: -qT :	14,646 :	12,176 :	8,607		148,700	151,742	98,226	102,076
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	: Tp. :	3,706 :	5,324 :	777 :		106,84	: 49,962 s	10,365	12,187
Sausage casings	t Lb.	1,132 :	1,375 :	956		13,472	14,913	10,042	11,741
Wool, unmfd., excl. free, etc. (actual weight)	· Tp.	7,429	11,608 :	5,883		122,735	105,850	87,865	72,117
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (480 lb.)	: Bale:	# H	9	126 :	912	134	128	20,146	22,477
Jute and jute butts, unmfd, (2,240 lb.)	Ton :	* 9	1 :	8 879	516	07	8 02 8	11,203 :	6,199
Olives in brine	: Gal.:	1,587 :	1,213 :	1,891 :	1,660	13,170	: 13,510 :	17,544 8	17,484
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved	: Tp. :	7,325 8	12,026	903	1,339	98,238	102,86	11,433 :	11,412
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	1,113	1,867 :	1,513 :	2,409	13,626	10,199	17,889 :	12,955
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	101 :	91 8	116 :	89	1,735	1,172	1,831	1,262
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	388	361 8	8 th9	574	6,293	1,034 1	10,349	11,394
Feeds and fodders	••	3/ 8		105 8	019	्रि :	. 3/	7,284 8	5,347
Nuts and preparations	••	3	* 	6,125 :	5,128	ें जि	जि	63,317 8	63,029
Copra	: I.b. :	69,922	79,632 :	6,627 8	5,075	: 654,513	720,013	61,636 8	50,273
Vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, expressed	: Tp. :	39,414 :	44,388	7,577	6,781	s 467,386	1, 460,915	83,857 :	71,863
Seeds, field and garden	••	ः श	<u>.</u>	821	804	હો	Si :	17,909 :	12,052
Sugar, cane (2,000 lb.)	Ton :	541 :	352 *	57,948 :	38,815	* 4,231	3,683	457,187	403,794
Molasses, unfit for human consumption	: Gal.:	58,352 :	25,587	4,609,4	2,572	327,495	322,054 8	29,959	20,00°
Tobacco, unmanutactured	97	13,00	17,404 8	20,00	10,154	\$ 142,115	8 47T,07T 8	104,321	102,450
John currilementany	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* TOO' #2	3 Off).	3 140,5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	300,1(2	. 200,002 .	23,374	300,047
Total and land to the supplemental to the supp				180 180	150,031			1 Rok Kon	1 657 500
10tal Supplementary			•	100,400	#10°201#			7,000,070	1,021,100
CATE TENENT AND	· ·	305	50)	י אוא ו	166 0	eye y	, r r	95 20 AC	opc 1/0
SILK Faw coccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoccoc	. CD.	2002	1000	1,017	4,55,1	101, 101	י מקט נטר ז	600	2626+2
	LD.	13, (00 :	1,030	277	0,000 0 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0 0,000 0	171,104	50,001	703,002	1621
	spanch:	6 67 67 6 67 67	80.069	16 720	160,00	158 561	637 05h	136 751	840 04r
Coffee (inc) into Diento Dico)		2 000 OTC	207,103	80,300	74,345	2,752,849	2 174, 447, 0 3	963,502	920,181
Coffee exceptes, substitutes, etc.	q q	382	151	1049	224	4,259	3,724 8	7,497 :	6,529
	r cp.	10,588	9,331	5,159 8	4,609	106,269	s 98,141 s	51,554 8	148,608
Spices (complementary)	· Trp.	6,866	7,919	3,939 :	3,438	1 88,121	: 65,889 :	40,629 8	32,594
	: Ton :	2	20	1,275 :	681	12 21	20 8	13,233	9,111
Sisal and henequen (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :	9	6	1,100 :	1,703	100	* 88 *	16,809	16,936
Rubber, crude	: Tp. :	71,720 :	66,912	26,815	15,463	1,048,340	161,864 :	355,920	226,447
Other complementary		••		י ארול ראר	ראל רולר			1 865 205 1	1, 669, 966
TOTAL ACDICULTIDAL COMMONITES	··'·			341 897	204.625			3.671.896	3.327.475
one of it down or it is a second of the seco	• •	• ••	• •					*	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	•	• ••	• ••	911,237 :	893,983	••	•	10,328,467 :	9,323,610
TOTAL ALL COMMON THES		•• •	•• •	1.253.13h	1,188,608			14.000,363	12,651,085
				・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	20060262				
1/ Freilminary. 2/ Froduct Weight. 3/ Reported in Value of	TDA UT	e only.							

Compiled from official records, Bureau of the Census.

Official Business

purchasing power. The Cuban situation along with the large potato crop in Canada contributed heavily to the sharp reduction in potato exports last year.

ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Exports of animal products continued to expand last year.

Exports of animals and animal products, including USDA

donations, totaled \$613 million in fiscal year 1960-61,

5 percent above the \$583 million in the 1959-60 period. Exports of hides and skins, poultry meat, and variety meats were stimulated by plentiful supplies available in the United States at relatively low prices and by increased foreign demand. Exports of dairy products were about equal to the level of the previous year. Lard and tallow exports fell considerably, reflecting a drop in U. S. production of lard and higher prices for tallow. About half of U. S. tallow output is sold abroad, primarily to Italy, Japan, and the Netherlands. Principal markets for U. S. lard were the United Kingdom and Cuba.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS (July-May)

July-May imports were down 9 percent in 1960-61. U. S. agricultural imports for consumption fell to \$3,327 million in July-May of fiscal year 1960-61 from \$3,672 million in the corresponding period of 1959-60. The decline occurred in both supplementary (somewhat competitive) and complementary (noncompetitive) commodities. To some extent, the reduced level of imports was associated with the general economic recession in the past year and with the lower prices for many agricultural products because of heavy stocks. Last year's recession also affected nonagricultural imports, which were \$1 billion below the level of 1959-60.

July-May imports of complementary agricultural commodities totaled \$1,670 million in 1960-61 compared with \$1,865 million in 1959-60. Crude natural rubber accounted for two-thirds of the total complementary decline. Smaller declines were registered in coffee, spices, carpet wool, bananas, and tea. More cocoa beans were imported.

Supplementary agricultural imports declined to \$1,658 million in July-May of 1960-61 from \$1,807 million in 1959-60. Chief declines were in cane sugar, beef and veal, cattle, apparel wool, copra, and vegetable oils.



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SEPTEMBER

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HIGHLIGHTS EXPORT

Agricultural exports were 9 percent larger this July-August than last. U. S. agricultural exports totaled an estimated \$745 million in July-August 1961 as compared with \$686 million a year earlier. This year's figure includes exports of \$350 million for July and an estimate of \$395 million for August. Increases were mainly in wheat, cotton, tobacco, and livestock products while exports of feed grains, rice, soybeans, and cottonseed and soybean oils registered the principal declines. Exports of fruits, vegetables, and preparations showed relatively little change. Export prospects for all

U. S. agricultural exports. by commodity, July-August

1960 1961 1/ Commodity Chg. : Million dollars Pct. +25 102 127 Cotton.... 256 274 +7 Grains & preps. 2/: Wheat & flour 2/: 147 +31 192 Feed grains 2/3/: 84 63 -25 Rice, milled 27.: 11 -27 Tobacco, unmfd....: عليا 49 +11 Oilseeds & prods..: -22 106 83 Soybeans....: 53 43 -19 Ed. veg. oils 4/: 38 23 -39 Fruits & preps. 2/: 44 山 +7 Vegs. & preps. 2/.: +5 21 22 +29 Animals & prods.2/: 94 121 +50 Fats & oils....: 28 42 Meats & prods...: 26 +37 19 Hides & skins ...: 12 15 +25 26 Dairy prods. 2/.: 23 +13 25 Other: 22 +14 745 Total....: 686

1/ Partly estimated. 2/ Includes private relief. 3/ Excludes products. 4/ Cottonseed and soybean.

of 1961-62 will be announced at the National Agricultural Outlook Conference in November. General indications are that exports of farm products in 1961-62 will continue at or near the high level of 1960-61.

Japan is now the top foreign market for U. S. farm products. Japan has replaced the United Kingdom as the nation's No. 1 foreign market for farm products, as indicated in the Digest for August, which gave details on 1960-61 exports and country totals for the first ll months of the year. (See page 2 for preliminary 12-month totals.) The United Kingdom is traditionally the best overseas market. Exports of agricultural products to Japan increased to \$553 million in fiscal 1960-61 from \$441 million a year earlier. Exports to the United Kingdom, now the second best market, fell to \$466 million in

1960-61 from \$474 million in the previous year. There were substantial gains in exports to Canada, India, Poland, Spain, Pakistan, Philippines, and Taiwan. Further integration of the trade policies of the Common Market contributed to the export decline to West Germany, the Netherlands, France, and Belgium. However, these countries had imported larger quantities of U. S. products in 1959-60 to supplement reduced agricultural production because of drought. Exports to Venezuela declined somewhat in 1960-61 because of its worsened balance of payments position due to reduced oil sales.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS (Fiscal year 1960-61)

Agricultural imports in fiscal year 1960-61 were the smallest in 11 years. U.S. agricultural imports for consumption amounting to \$3,642 million in fiscal year 1960-61 were 9 percent below the \$4,010 million in the previous year. The volume of imports fell by 4 percent in the past year. The decrease, to a large extent, was due to the slowdown in U.S. business activity. The decline was about equally divided between supplementary (somewhat

U. S. agricultural exports by country of destination, fiscal year

Country: 1959-60: 1960-61: Change : Million dollars Percent +25 441 553 Japan....: United King-: **L166** 474 dom....: -2 455 四0 +11 Canada....: 278 346 +24 India....: 324 -4 Netherlands.: 339 322 -14 West Germany: 374 214 +38 155 Italy....: 157 Spain...: 66 +138 144 +55 Poland....: 93 Belgium &...: 134 -3 Luxembourg: 130 112 -6 119 France....: +54 Pakistan...: 69 106 94 100 +6 UAR-Egypt...: 95 83 -13 Venezuela...: 75 74 +1 Korea...: Philippines.: 60 71 +18 65 Brazil 70 +8 57 Taiwan....: 67 +18 59 62 Mexico...: +5 51 58 +14 Switzerland .: Other..... 1.020 ,029 +1 4,944 Total....: 4,527 +9

competitive) and complementary (noncompetitive) items. Supplementary and complementary commodities continued to account for about equal shares of the agricultural imports accounted for 26 percent of total imports for consumption.

Supplementary import value declined by 8 percent last year. Imports of supplementary commodities totaled \$1,811 million in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with \$1,979 million in the previous year. This was the lowest level in 4 years. Volume fell by 7 percent. Major value reductions occurred in dutiable cattle, beef, hides and skins, apparel wool, cane sugar, and vegetable oils. Slight gains were noted for cheese, pork, cotton, and tobacco.

Lower prices were a big factor in complementary value decline. Complementary imports fell to \$1,831 million in fiscal year

1960-61 from \$2,031 million in the previous year. The 10 percent value decline left these imports at the lowest level in 11 years. Volume was down by 2 percent. Crude natural rubber accounted for two-thirds of the total complementary value decline. Smaller value declines were registered in coffee, spices, carpet wool, bananas, and tea. Imports of cocoa beans increased, reflecting a substantial break in prices.

Twenty countries supplied over 70 percent of the U. S. agricultural imports in fiscal year 1960-61. The value of agricultural imports from the top 20 countries last year ranged from \$471 million for Brazil to \$55 million for Ecuador. Imports from Cuba fell to \$73 million from \$422 million in 1959-60, reflecting the deterioration in relations with that country. Previously, Cuba supplied a large portion of the sugar consumed in the United States. Other declines were in Brazil, Canada, New Zealand, Indonesia, Australia, Federation of Malaya, India, Turkey, Guatemala, and Ecuador. Crude natural rubber accounted for the decline in imports from the Federation of Malaya and Indonesia, while New Zealand and Australia shipped less

U. S. agricu	ultural			country	of origin		ar
	*		59-60		:	1960-61	
Country						en-:Complem	en-:Total
	: tary	1/:	tary	2/:	: tary	l/: tary	2/:
				- Million			
Brazil	: 46	5	486	5 53	2 56	419	5 471
Colombia			266	260	5 1	259	260
Mexico	: 118	3	68	3 186	5 194	66	5 260
Philippines	: 235	5	12	2 24	7 239	10	249
Canada	: 181		3	3 18	156	3	3 159
New Zealand		5	31	120	81	33	3 114
Dominican Republic	: 20)	42	2 6:	2 81	30	111
Indonesia		L	131	13	2	101	106
Australia	: 113	3	1	11	102	3/	/ 102
Argentina	: 52	2	36	5 8	53	3	2 85
Netherlands	: 66	5	.18	8	4 66	11	4 80
Peru	: 17	7	11	ų 3:	L 62	17	7 79
Cuba	: 42:	2	2	2 42	72]	
Fed. of Malaya		L	111	11	5 1	70	
India	: 4	1	37	7 8:	1 41	29	70
Turkey	: 62	2	1	1 6	61		2 63
Ghana	: ()	40) 40	0 0	59	59
Guatemala	: 3/	/	59	5	9 1	50	
Italy	: 5	2		5 5'	7 53		+ 57
Ecuador	: 3/		58	3 5	3 1	51	+ 55
Other	: 45	7	605	1,06	2 488	573	
Total	: 1,982	2	2,035			1,831	

1/ Supplementary products are somewhat similar to or interchangeable with domestic products. 2/ Complementary imports are generally not competitive with domestic products. 3/ Less than \$500 thousand.

beef to the United States. Lower coffee prices contributed to the decline in the value of imports from Brazil and Colombia. Canada shipped less cattle to the United States. Somewhat offsetting these declines were increases in imports, primarily sugar, from Mexico, the Dominican Republic, and Peru.

SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS Number of dutiable cattle imports showed little change in the past year. Dutiable cattle imports totaled 636 thousand head in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 629 thousand in the previous year. Value declined 16 percent. Imports have been relatively high in recent years, reflecting the strong domestic consumer demand for beef. In addition, many U. S. ranchers and feeders purchased stocker cattle from Canada and Mexico to convert relatively low-priced grain into beef. The number of cattle imported tends to fluctuate widely with grazing conditions and the beef price differential in the United States and exporting countries.

Imports of beef and veal declined from the record level of a year earlier. Beef and veal imports declined to 532 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 from the record of 593 million in the previous year. Australia and New Zealand were the major foreign suppliers of beef and veal to the United States. The decline in U. S. imports reflected the increase in domestic cow slaughter, and a decline in exportable supplies of beef in Australia. Practically all of the beef imported by the United States was the boneless manufacturing type used by processors to make meat products. Imports of all beef and veal in the past year accounted for about 5 percent of U. S. civilian beef consumption.

Pork import volume was unchanged from previous year's level. Imports of pork totaled 166 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61, the same as a year earlier. Value increased slightly. Canned hams and shoulders accounted for over two-thirds of the pork imports. These products have a relatively stable market in the United States and generally sell at higher prices than the corresponding domestic products. Poland, Denmark, and the Netherlands were the principal suppliers of canned hams and shoulders. The rest of the pork imports consisted of fresh meat coming mainly from Canada.

U. S. market for hides and skins has not been attractive for imports. Imports of hides and skins at 128 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 were 20 percent below the 160 million of a year earlier. The bulk of the decline occurred in cattle hides, which are produced in large volume in the United States. A substantial increase in U. S. production along with a sharp break in U. S. prices made the U. S. market less attractive to foreign producers. In addition, production in some of the major exporting countries fell considerably in the past year.

The recession contributed to a decline in imports of apparel wool. Apparel wool imports totaled 117 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 133 million in the previous year. About half of the wool required for

apparel use is imported. The principal foreign sources we. Australia, Union of South Africa, and Uruguay. U. S. wool needs were down somethy in the past year, reflecting the recession in the United States. The increase in imports of woolen textiles and greater use of synthetic fibers also contributed to the decline in apparel wool imports.

Sugar imports fell sharply from the record level of the previous var. U.S. imports of cane sugar totaling 4 million short tons in fiscal year 1960-61 were 15 percent below the 4.7 million record of 1959-60. This substantial decline was mainly because domestic deficits were not reallocated to Cuba. As a result of the deterioration in relations with Cuba, the United States did not allocate any of the U.S. sugar quota to that country during the past fiscal year. In prior years, Cuba not only received the bulk of the sugar quota assigned to foreign producers, but also shared in the redistribution of domestic deficits. Large stocks and larger mainland production also contributed to lower U.S. sugar imports in the past year.

U. S. imports of tobacco expanded further. Imports of unmanufactured tobacco increased to 165 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 from 157 million a year earlier. U. S. cigarette manufacturers increased output over the previous year and used more oriental-type leaf in their blends. In addition, there was some increase in imports of cigar leaf.

Lower prices stimulated imports of copra. Imports of copra rose to 792 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 from 724 million a year earlier. However, value fell by 19 percent because of lower prices. Owing to its special properties, the demand for coconut oil has increased in recent years. While the use of coconut cil in making soap has declined somewhat in the last few years, the demand for this oil for food processing and industrial uses has increased. The strong demand for copra meal on the West Coast also encouraged a high level of imports.

Vegetable oil imports declined by 6 percent. U. S. imports of vegetable oils totaled 491 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 524 million a year earlier. Most of the decline occurred in coconut oil and castor oil. Imports of palm kernel oil and palm oil increased. Imports of palm kernel oil were stimulated by the removal of the 3-cent processing tax a year ago.

Imports of cotton totaled 137 thousand bales in fiscal year 1960-61. This level was about equal to imports in the previous year. With the exception of short, harsh Asiatic cotton, imports are regulated by quotas. The long-staple quota is 95 thousand bales for an August 1 - July 31 year, while the short staple quota is 30 thousand bales for a September 20 - September 19 year.

Imports of feed grains declined slightly. Imports of oats and barley declined in the past fiscal year, reflecting larger supplies and relatively low prices in the United States. Imports of wheat increased slightly in the past year. The decline in imports of feed and fodder represented smaller imports of oil cake and meal, reflecting the large U.S. supply and Mexico's smaller supply.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: July 1960 and 1961 1/

DOWESTIC EXPOR	: :	11 1900 and	Jul	v	
Commodity exported	:Unit:	Quant			ie 2/
	: :		1961		: 1961
	: :	:			: 1,000
	: :	Thousands:	Thousands	•	•
Cheese*	:Lb. :				
Evaporated milk*					
Dried whole milk		•	· ·	•	
Nonfat dry milk*		•		•	
Eggs, in the shell		*	•	•	•
Hides and skins $3/\ldots$:No. :	•	· ·	•	
Beef and veal, total 4/	:Lb. :		•	•	•
Pork, total <u>4</u> /	:Lb. :	•	6,000		
Variety meats 5/	:Lb.	•	•		•
,	:Lb. :	•	•	•	•
Poultry, canned, fresh or frozen 4/.		•	•	•	•
Lard		•		•	•
Tallow, edible and inedible		· ·			: 14,018
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters	: :				:
(running bales)				•	•
Apples, fresh	:Lb. :	,	•		
Oranges and tangerines, fresh	:Lb. :	•		•	•
Prunes, dried	:Lb. :	4,193 :	•	•	
Raisins and currants	:Lb. :	•	•		
Fruits, canned 6/					•
Orange juice			The state of the s	•	•
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	:Bu. :	5,717:	3,395 :	5,972	•
Corn, grain (56 lb.)*	:Bu. :	15,881 :	17,117 :	20,550	: 21,152
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	:Bu. :	9,687 :	2,583 :	10,853	: 2,785
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	:Bu. :	1,991 :	1,437 :	1,514	: 920
Rice, milled, excludes paddy*	:Lb. :	152,529:	95,176 :	9,909	: 5,464
Rye, grain (56 lb.)	:Bu. :	1,007 :	169 :	982	: 173
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	:Bu. :	37,548 :	50,688	64,180	: 87,677
Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb)			The state of the s		: 13,453
Cil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb)	_	•	•	•	
Flaxseed (56 lb.)				,	
Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.)					
Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc		•	•	•	•
Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc.			•	•	
Tobacco, unmanufactured			•		
Beans, dried*					
Peas, dried (ex. cowpeas & chickpeas)			•		
			•		
Potatoes, white			•		•
The state of the s		10,065 :	8,439 :	1,539 43,498	•
Other agricultural commodities					
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES .	:	•		358,530	: 350,425
TOTAL NON-COLOUR TIPLE COUR	:	:	•	1 202 060	1 066 056
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMM	:	:	•	1,323,869	:1,266,856
MOMAL ALL GOLDON	:	:	:	1 (60 000	.1 (17 001
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES		Evoludes th			:1,617,281

1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", reported in value only. 4/ Product weight. 5/ Includes beef and pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen. Product weight. 6/ Includes only classes shown separately in Table 2 of the monthly "Foreign Agricultural Trade".

* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): June 1960 and 1961 and July-June 1959-60 and 1960-61 1/

				June	6				July-June	lune	
Comm.;dity imported	. Unit:		Quantity			Value	••	Quantity		Value	Je.
	٠	15	1960	1961	1960		1959-60	s 09	1960-61	1959-60	19-0961
SUPPLEMENTARY	••		••	••	1,000	1,000		-		1,000	1,000
	••	Thousan	sands :	Thousands:	dollars	dollars	: Thousands	spue :	Thousands:	dollars	dollars
Cattle, dutiable	. No.		37 :	21 8	4,019	1,780	••	629	636 :	65,162:	54,586
Casein or lactarene	: Tp. :	7	13,103 :	8,791	2,648	1,482	••	93,398 :	91,874 :	18,266 :	16,764
Cheese	: Tp. :		4,494 :	7,488:	2,165	3,061	••	61,388:	74,487 :	30,236	35,364
Hides and skins	: Tp. :	7	15,666:	13,645	7,798	5,932	••	160,454 :	127,509 :	79,326 :	58,101
Beef and veal, total 2/	: Tp. :	4	43,044 :	67,594	15,532	: 23,012	••	593,460 :	531,640 :	208,230 :	188,825
Pork, total 2/	: Ip. :	7	17,329 :	14,426 :	11,392	9,864		166,029 :	166,167 :	109,618 :	111,940
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	: Tp. :		3,716 :	7,117 8	756	1,845	••	52,623 :	57,079 8	11,121 :	14,032
Sausage casings	: Ib.		1,400 :	1,539 :	1,335	1,195	••	14,872 :	16,452 :	11,377 :	12,936
Wool, unmfd. excl. free. etc. (actual weight)	: Tp.	7	0,370 :	11,106 :	266,9	7,329	••	133,105 :	116,956 :	94,861 :	79,446
Cotton unmfd. excl. linters (480 lb.)	: Bale:	l	2 :	6	190	1,287	••	136 :	137 :	20,335	23,764
	Ton :		m		456	\$ 472	••	73 \$	21 :	11,658 :	6,671
	: Gal.:		1,257	1,392 :	1,493	1,846		4,426 :	14,903 :	19,037 :	19,330
Pineannles, canned, prepared or preserved	Lb.	7	18,820 :	10,611	2,087	1,370	: 11	117,058 :	109,315	13,520 :	12,782
Barley arain (48 lb.)	Bu.		640 :	1,198 :	842	1,513	••	14,266 :	11,397 :	18,731	14,468
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.		74 :	86 3	83	. 91	••	1,809 :	1,259 :	1,914 8	1,353
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)	Bu.		948 \$	954 :	1,475	1,553	••	,241 :	7,988	11,824 :	12,947
Feeds and fodders		3/	•		369	579	: 3/	••		7,653 :	5,926
Nite and preparations		ગેલ	•	ો જ	6.204	4,431	ار سار	س		69,520 :	67,460
	1. b. 1	i)	69.708	71.837	5,919	4,580	1	724.222 :	791,850 :	67,555 8	54,853
	4	ייי	7,000	20 860	0 405	7 810		523.967	490.784	93,263	77,681
Vegetable Olis, Ides, dild Wakes, expressed	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, / c	, 200,00		537	710,0	/6 .			18,446	12,77
Seeds, Lett and garden		2]	461 .	242	700 07	37 006	ગે	600	4 025 :	507 122 :	440,890
Sugar, cane (2,000 LD.)	: 10u :	•	401 :	347	\$56.64 000 0	060676	, ,		040	2716100	30,000
Molasses, untit for human consumption	cal.	۷ -	40,313 8	20,909	2,828	2,833		307,606 :	349,022	32,780	115 476
lobacco, unmanuractured		-	14,702 8	14,049 8	100,01	10,030		200,077	200,920	23 694 •	15 113
lomatoes, natural state	· CD		3,160 :	908	320	70000	ю (, Tee 600	. 610,002	23,034	CTT OCC
Other supplementary	'		••	*	26,928	23,831				318 830	320,101
Total supplementary	'		•	•	172,303	153,684	•	-	••	1.978.995	1. Shirts
COMPLEMENTARY	••		••	••			••	••	••	ee (0,00
Silk, raw	: Tp. :		559 :	445 :	2,321	2,050	••	6,922 :	6,037 :	27,549 8	26,343
Wool, unmfd., free in bond (actual weight)	: Tp. :	(1	21,909 :	16,239 :	12,667	8,749	••	213,312 :	198,109 :	116,269 :	105,199
•	Bunch:		5,766 :	4,647 :	8,270	: 6,417	••	57,211	54,671 :	80,629 :	75,606
Cocoa or cacao beans	: Ip.	7	0,756 :	96,740 :	17,526	: 17,887	••	529,320	734,694 :	153,687	166,934
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)	: Tp. :	24	244,783 :	271,478 :	81,461	\$ 91,637	2,99	997,632 :	3,015,925	1,044,963	1,011,818
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc	: Tp. :		434 :	348 :	782	: 457	••	4,693 :	4,072 \$	8,279	986,9
Tea	: Ip. :		9,940:		4,800	3,805	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	116,209 :	105,840 :	56,355	52,412
Spices (complementary)	. Tp.		4,998 :	7,290 :	3,328	2,990	£6 *	್ನ	73,179	43,957	35,585
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :		.	ະ ດ່	980	1,064	••	67 5	5 E	13,820	10,173
Sisal and henequen (2,240 lb.)	: Ton :		7 8	80	1,338	1,530	••	107		18,140 *	18,40/
Rubber, crude	: Tp. :	7	70,804 :	78,048	26,791	18,234	1,119	,145 8	839,912 :	382,711 8	244,681
Other complementary	••'		**	••	6,340	6.406		••	••	85.049	086.07
Total complementary	•••		••	••	166,210	161,226	*		•	2,031,414 :	1.831.192
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••		••	••	338,513	314,910		••	••	4,010,409 :	3,642,385
	••		••	••		•	••	••	••		100
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES			•• •	•• •	957,060	874,074	•• ••	•• •	•• ••	11,285,528	10,197,685
TOTAL ALI. COMMODITIES			• ••	• ••	1,295,573	1,188,984	• ••	••	••	15,295,937	13,840,070
7/ Product motob+ 3/	in wal	100 01									
1/ Freilminary. 2/ Froduct Weight. 3/ Reported in Value Only.	TII A GT	110 01	۸•								

Compiled from official records, Bureau of the Census.

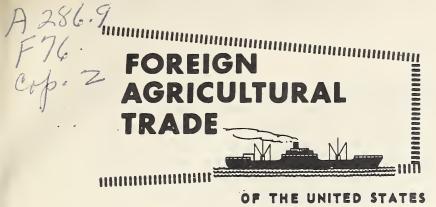
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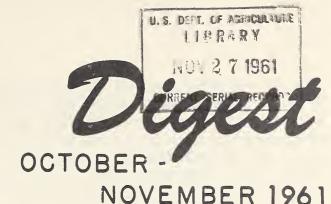
COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS Coffee imports were slightly larger in volume last year. Imports of coffee totaled 3,016 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 2,998 million a year earlier. The value fell by 3 percent in response to somewhat lower prices. Coffee prices have been depressed in recent years because of large surplus stocks in many producing countries. Production has expanded by 56 percent since the 1951-55 period while consumption has increased only by 31 percent. Over 35 percent of the production increase has occurred in Africa. Latin America supplies some four-fifths of the coffee consumed in the United States.

Lower prices resulted in a sharp increase in imports of cocoa beans. Imports of cocoa beans amounting to 735 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 were 39 percent above the 529 million imported a year earlier. Because of lower prices, the value gain was only 8 percent. The principal suppliers of cocea beans were Ghana, Brazil, Nigeria, and the Dominican Republic.

Carpet wool imports were slightly smaller. Imports of carpet wool totaled 198 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 compared with 213 million a year earlier. The decrease in imports stemmed from a drop in U. S. mill use during the recession and greater reliance on accumulated stocks. Nearly all of the carpet wool used in this country is imported.

Business slowdown resulted in a substantial decline in rubber imports. Crude natural rubber imports fell to 840 million pounds in fiscal year 1960-61 from 1,119 million in the previous year. Most of the decline reflected the effects of the recession. In addition, the increased use of synthetic rubber and the selling of surplus rubber from strategic stockpiles (as world prices exceeded 30 cents a pound) also contributed to the reduction in imports.





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EXPORT HIGHLIGHTS

U. S. agricultural exports totaled an estimated \$1,595 million in July-October of 1961-62 compared with \$1,489 million a year earlier. This year's figure, including exports of \$1,103 million in July-September and an estimate of \$492 million for October, was 7 percent ahead of 1960-61. Increases predominated in cotton, wheat, and animal products. Exports of fruits, tobacco, and soybeans showed relatively little change in value. Somewhat limiting the overall value gains were declines in exports of feed grains, rice, vegetable oils, and vegetables.

U. S. agricultural exports, by commodity. July-October

by common to	9 0000	0000001	
Commodity	1960		Chg.
•	Milli	on dollars	Pct.
Cotton:	186	242	+30
Grains & preps. 2/:	556	605	+9
Wheat & flour 2/:	335	429	+28
Feed grains 2/3/:	167		-16
Rice, milled 27.:	33	17	-48
Tobacco, unmfd:	177	183	+3
Oilseeds & prods:	189	175	-7
Soybeans	103	100	- 3
Ed. veg. oils 4/:	49	45	-8
Fruits & preps:	98	95	- 3
Vegs. & preps. 2/.:	42	38	-10
Animals & prods. 2/:	192	208	+8
Fats & oils:	55	59	+9
Meats & prods:	46	.50	+9
Hides & skins:	24	28	+17
Dairy prods. 2/.:	42	46	+10
Other 2/	49	49	+0
Total	1,489	1,595	+7
	4	/ 494	

1/ Partly estimated. 2/ Includes private relief. 3/ Excludes products.
4/ Cottonseed and soybean.

Indications are that U. S. farm exports this fiscal year will set another record. They are expected to total \$5.1 billion compared with 1960-61's \$4.9 billion. Volume also will be at a new high. Gains are expected in wheat and flour, soybeans, vegetable oils, fruits, vegetables, and animal products. Exports of feed grains will show little overall change. Declines are expected in cotton, rice, and tobacco.

COTTON Cotton exports will remain high despite large foreign inventories. U. S. exports of cotton, excluding linters, totaled an estimated 1.7 million running bales in July-October of 1961-62 compared with 1.4 million for the same months a year earlier. Major development in the higher exports in the early part of fiscal year

1961-62 was the movement of cotton purchased before August 1, 1961, but not shipped until after that date, when the export payment was increased to $8\frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound from 6 cents in the previous season. The continued high level of cotton consumption in most industrialized free world countries also encouraged July-October exports. The export total for fiscal year 1961-62 as a whole is expected to be about 5.7 million bales compared with 7.0 million in the previous year -- the second highest level in over a quarter of a century. Main reason for the lower level this year is increased dependence on previously-accumulated inventories abroad.

GRAINS July-October wheat export gain set pace for the year. Exports of wheat and wheat flour totaled an estimated 240 million bushels in July-October of 1961-62, nearly one-fourth above the 194 million for the same months a year earlier. The gain was principally due to larger shipments under Title I of Public Law 480 to wheat-deficient areas such as Brazil, Yugoslavia, Spain, and Egypt. India continued to be the largest recipient of U. S. wheat under Title I although its takings were somewhat below the past year's record rate because of increased output there. Wheat and flour exports in fiscal year 1961-62 are presently estimated at 675 million bushels, up 13 million from last year's record. Lower production in Western Europe is expected to stimulate exports for dollars to this area, while exports under Government programs also are likely to be somewhat larger generally.

U. S. exports of feed grains will be firm although European output is up this year. Feed grain exports in July-October of 1961-62 of 3.0 million metric tons were about 14 percent below the 3.5 million shipped in the like period a year earlier. Most of the 4-month decline occurred in exports to Western Europe, which takes about three-fourths of total U. S. feed grain shipments. Exports for the full year are expected to be about equal to last year's total of 11.5 million tons. U. S. feed grain exports continue to benefit from the steady growth of the livestock industry in Western Europe, although this year's substantial increase in production there, particularly in France, will tend to limit any further expansion in U. S. exports of feed grains to this area.

Continuing decline in rice exports accompanies reduced U. S. stocks. Rice exports in July-October of 1961-62 totaled an estimated 2.8 million bags (milled basis) compared with 4.9 million for the like period a year earlier. Principal development in the recent decline was the loss of the Cuban market, which took substantial quantities of U. S. rice during this period in prior years. Moreover, India last year took a large quantity of rice under Title I of Public Law 480. Exports to all areas during fiscal year 1961-62 are likely to total 19-20 million bags compared with 21.6 million a year earlier. The year's reduction will be in exports under Government programs as sales for dollars are expected to continue at the level of last year. The export decline for the year as a whole will reflect mainly the continuous reduction in U. S. carryover stocks since August 1, 1956, as well as the loss of the Cuban market in the past year. August 1 carryover stocks in terms of milled rice were 22.4 million bags in 1956 whereas stocks on that date in 1961 were only 6.9 million bags.

Tobacco exports will remain high in 1961-62. U. S. exports of unmanufactured tobacco totaled 228 million pounds (declared export weight) in July-October of 1961-62, about 3 percent above a year ago. Tobacco exports have been benefiting from increased consumption in foreign countries and from the large U. S. production of high quality leaf. Exports for fiscal year 1961-62 will probably be slightly below last year's 504 million pounds. The high level will be maintained in the face of increased competition from expanding production abroad, improving foreign stock positions, and continuing trade barriers.

OILSEEDS AND PRODUCTS

U. S. soybean exports in fiscal year 1961-62.
U. S. exports of soybeans are estimated at 38 million bushels in JulyOctober of 1961-62, somewhat below the 45 million in the like period a
year earlier. This drop was due to relatively short supplies of soybeans
along with higher prices in the United States and the anticipation of
lower-priced new-crop beans beginning late in September 1961. However,
exports for the fiscal year 1961-62 as a whole are likely to be 10 percent above the record level of 143 million bushels last year. Supplies
of beans for export will be plentiful during the current fiscal year
with the 27 percent increase in U. S. production. Relatively small ex-

ports of soybeans from Communist China will again contribute to the excellent foreign demand for U. S. beans. The strong demand for oil

and protein meal in Europe continues to encourage exports.

Strong demand abroad will continue to stimulate

Vegetable oil users abroad need more U. S. supplies in 1961-62. July-October exports of edible vegetable (cottonseed and soybean) oils totaled 328 million pounds in 1961-62 compared with 438 million in the previous year. The decline resulted from higher prices and smaller exports under Government-financed programs. Exports during all of fiscal year 1961-62 will probably be somewhat higher than in the past year, primarily because of smaller olive oil crops in the key countries of Spain and Italy and increased programing to countries such as Pakistan and Turkey.

Smaller deciduous crop in Europe suggests larger

U. S. exports of fruits and preparations in 1961-62.

July-October exports of fruits and preparations totaled an estimated \$95 million, about the same as in the previous year. Shipments during all of fiscal year 1961-62 are likely to be 10 percent above the level of a year ago. The smaller production of deciduous fruits in Europe is expected to stimulate U. S. exports of fruits to this area.

Relaxation of trade barriers may expand exports of vegetables and preparations. July-October exports of vegetables and preparations totaled an estimated \$38 million in 1961-62, about 10 percent below the level of the previous year. The decline was dominated by smaller exports of dry edible beans. Exports to the top 3 markets -- Mexico, Cuba, and United Kingdom -- were down sharply in the first quarter. However, total exports in all of 1961-62 will probably be somewhat larger than a year ago, in part as a result of recent reductions in trade barriers.

ANDMALS AND PRODUCTS Exports of animal products will make further gains in 1961-62. July-October exports of animals and animal products totaled an estimated \$208 million in 1961-62, an increase of 8 percent over the \$192 million a year earlier. All products increased with the exception of lard. Exports for the fiscal year as a whole will be somewhat above the level of the previous year, with increases expected to set new records for hides and skins, poultry meat, and variety meats. Improved living standards in Japan and Western Europe have resulted in a stronger demand for animal protein while larger exportable supplies in the United States along with lower prices are encouraging exports. Lard exports, reflecting increased hog slaughter, will about equal last year's 490 million pounds. A slight increase is indicated for exports of inedible tallow and greases, and they may reach a new record.

IMPORT HIGHLIGHTS

July-August imports of agricultural products showed little change this year. Imports of agricultural products for consumption in July-August of 1961-62 totaled \$648 million, \$4 million above the relatively low level for the same months a year earlier. Imports of supplementary (competitive) items increased during this period while those of complementary (non-competitive) items declined. Nonagricultural imports of \$1,843 million were 6 percent ahead of the July-August level of the previous year, reflecting improved business conditions in the United States.

Lower prices contributed most to value reduction for complementary imports. July-August complementary imports totaled \$290 million in 1961-62 compared with \$313 million in the previous year. The largest decline occurred in crude natural rubber, which fell to \$37 million from \$57 million. Most of the decline resulted from lower prices as the quantity showed little decline. Coffee imports also were lower, reflecting the depressed surplusladen world market. Lower prices stimulated imports of cocoa beans during this period.

Supplementary imports in July-August were 8 percent ahead this year. July-August supplementary imports rose to \$358 million in 1961-62 from \$331 million a year earlier. The gain occurred in three commodities -- dutiable cattle, beef and veal, and cane sugar. More dutiable cattle were imported from Canada due to a drought there this past summer. The gain in beef imports represented lower U. S. production of manufacturing-type meats and the continued strong demand for processed meats in this country. Larger sugar imports this year reflected some recovery from last year's reduced level due to reallocation of Cuba's quota among domestic and other foreign suppliers.

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: August 1960 and 1961 and July-August 1960 and 1961 1/

1

Thousands Thousa	1960 1960	1961 1 1,000 1 1,000 1 1,000 1 1,100 1 1,100 1 1,100 1 1,100 1 1,100 1 1,100 1 1,000 1	Thousands 1 1,365 20,811 24,095 194,741 194,003 194,741 194,366 17,285 194,125 241,508 17,876 17,876 17,876 17,486 194,953 11,486 11,48	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1960 i 19	1,000 dollars 3,094 2,166 14,714 1,585 14,821 14,821 17,744 3,517 4,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 22,991 1,554 10,560 1,554 10,550 10,550 10,550
## Thousands 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1,000 1,000 1,700 1,180 6,716 7,284 7,284 1,593 2,299 6,065 6,065 8,973 8,973 1,010 1,	Thousands 1,365 20,811 2,4095 20,811 2,4003 1,876 2,1876 2,829 2,41,508 2,7876 2,876	Thousands: 1,337: 19,112: 3,615: 137,630: 2,435: 1,998: 4,6288: 71,094: 314,499: 951: 6,292: 89,399: 9,029: 9,674: 1,771:	1,000 dollars 647 3,289 2,524 11,688 2,068 12,372 12,372 1,743 2,089 4,170 7,788 9,855 15,741 101,926 6,283 1,927 1,499 1,499 1,499 1,499	1,000 1,000 726 3,094 2,166 1,585 14,714 1,585 12,551 7,274 7,274 12,551 13,605 7,466 7,466 7,286 1,554 10,850 8,522 11,554 11,554 10,850 8,522 11,554 11,554 11,554 10,850 8,520 10,850
### ated milk		1,700 1,700 1,180 6,716 7,284 7,284 1,593 2,299 6,065 8,973 8,973 1,010	Thousands 1,365 20,811 4,095 94,741 4,003 1,876 7,285 18,678 26,829 94,125 241,508 7,876 83,106 7,769 10,769 10,768 11,486	Thousands 1,337 19,112 3,615 137,630 2,435 1,998 4,264 11,143 21,585 46,288 71,094 314,499 951 6,292 89,399 9,029 9,674	4011305 647 647 3,289 2,524 11,688 2,068 12,372 1,743 2,089 4,170 7,788 9,855 101,926 6,283 1,927	1,585 1,094 1,585 1,585 1,585 1,704 3,517 4,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 7,466 1,554 10,850 3,540
### ### ### ### ### #### #### #### #####		1,180 1,180	1,365 1 20,136 2 20,741 2 4,003 1 1,876 1 2 2 4,003 1 1,876 1 2 2 4,003 1 1,876 1 2 2 41,508 1 2 2 41,508 1 2 2 41,508 1 2 2 41,508 1 2 2 41,508 1 2 2 2 41,508 1 2 2 2 41,508 1 1 1,486 1 1 1,486 1 1 1,486 1 1 1,486 1 1 1,486	1,337 1,337 1,337 1,530 2,435 1,998 1,264 11,143 21,585 46,288 71,094 314,99 9,029 9,029 9,029 82,802 1,771	3,289 12,524 11,688 2,068 12,372 11,743 2,089 2,1089 2,1089 2,089 2,109	3, 004 3, 004 2, 166 14, 714 1, 585 1, 104 3, 517 4, 522 12, 551 7, 274 7, 274 133, 605 7, 466 7, 466 7, 466 1, 554 10, 850 3, 540 6, 125
ated milk* whole milk* whole milk* in the shell and skins 3/ and skins 3/ and skins 3/ total 4/ y canned, fresh or frozen 4/ unmfd,, excl. linters (running bales) and currants canned 6/ y and currants canned 6/ y and currants canned 6/ y and (48 lb.) y grain (36 lb.)* and (2,000 lb.)* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* be defered canned (60 lb.)* and (23 lb.) buse except canned (60 lb.) buse except canned (60 lb.) canned (60 lb.)* can		1, 200 1, 100 1, 100 1, 100 1, 284 1, 284 1, 299 8, 652 1, 200 1, 100 1,	1,362 20,811 4,005 1,876 1,876 1,876 1,285 18,678 26,829 26,829 24,125 7,886 7,876 1,876 1,876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,7876 1,99 1,99 1,99 1,99 1,99 1,99 1,99 1,9	1,337 19,112 3,435 1,998 1,998 1,998 11,143 21,585 46,288 71,094 314,499 9,029 9,029 9,029 1,771	3,289 : 2,524 : 11,688 : 12,372 : 1,743 : 2,089 : 4,170 : 7,788 : 9,855 : 101,926 : 6,283 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 3,744 : 11,474 : 1,449	3,044 2,166 14,714 1,585 14,821 1,704 3,517 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 1,554 10,850 3,540
ated milk* whole milk un the shell un the shell and veal, total 4/ total 4/ conned, fresh or frozen 4/ unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) grain (56 lb.) grain (56 lb.) united, excludes paddy* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.) but in the shell conned (60 lb.) conned (1,180 1,180 1,180 1,284 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,503 1,010	20,911 3 4,095 4,095 4,095 1 1,876 1 1,876 1 1,876 1 1,876 1 1,876 1 1,876 1 1,876 1 1,7876 1 1,7876 1 1,7876 1 1,7876 1 1,788	13, 112 137, 615 1,998 1,998 1,998 11,143 11,143 11,094 11,094 314,99 46,288 71,094 314,99 9,029 9,029 9,029 1,771	2,524 11,688 2,068 12,372 1,743 2,089 7,788 9,855 15,741 101,926 6,283 1,927 1,927 1,927 1,927 1,499 1,499 1,499	2,094 2,106 14,714 1,585 14,821 1,704 3,517 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 1,554 10,850 3,540
dry milk* dry milk* in the shell dry milk* in the shell not veal, total 4/ total 4/ total 4/ y meats 5/ y, canned, fresh or frozen 4/ in unmfd, excl. linters (running bales) fresh and tangerines, fresh cand tangerines, fresh dried dried dried dry milk* 1b. 39,666 2,034 4,278 1b. 10,153 1b. 10,146 11,113 3,035 and tangerines, fresh cand dried dr	eo e	1,180 7,716 7,284 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,010	4,095 4,095 4,095 4,095 4,095 1,006	2,015 137,630 1,998 1,998 11,143 21,585 46,288 71,094 314,999 9,029 9,029 9,029 82,802 1,771	1,524 11,688 2,068 1,743 1,743 2,089 7,788 9,855 15,741 101,926 6,283 1,499 1,499 1,499 1,499 1,499	2,150 14,81 14,821 1,704 1,704 12,521 133,605 7,274 22,991 133,605 1,554 1,554 10,850 6,125
dry milk* in the shell and skins 3/ and skins 3/ and veal, total 4/ nd veal, total 4/ nd veal, total 4/ nd veal, total 4/ y canned, fresh or frozen 4/ unmfd, excl. linters (running bales) fresh and tangerines, fresh y and currents canned 6/ grain (56 lb.) and (60 lb.)* but in the shell canned (colles) and currents canned 6/ but in the shell canned 6/ canned canned 6/ canned 6/ canned 6/ canned 6/ canned 6/ canned 6/ canned canned 6/ canned	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	7, 756 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,593 1,010 1,010 1,010 1,054 1,143 1,245 1,245 1,245 1,245 1,245 1,245	74, 741 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2,435 1,2,435 1,2,435 1,1,044 1,1,094 1,1,094 1,1,094 1,1,094 1,1,094 1,095 1,	11,088 2 2,068 1 1,743 1 2,089 2 2,089	14,714 1,585 14,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,286 1,554 10,850 6,125
in the shell and skins 3 and vais total 4 total 6 to	oo	7,284 1,593 2,299 2,299 2,299 2,299 2,209 1,010 1,054 1,410 1,410 2,124 2,209	4,003 1 1,876 1 4,285 1 18,678 2 241,508 1 7,876 1 1,876 1 1,000 1 1,000 1 1,486 1 11,486 1 11,486 1 11,486 1 1,486 1	2,435 1,998 1 11,143 1 21,585 1 46,288 1 71,094 1 314,499 1 6,292 1 89,399 1 9,029 1 82,802 1 1,771 1	2,068 12,372 12,372 1,089 4,170 7,788 9,855 101,926 6,283 1,927 1,499 7,629	1,383 14,821 1,704 3,517 4,522 12,551 7,274 7,276 7,466 7,466 1,554 10,560 3,540 6,125
and skins 3/ and veal, total 4/ y meats 5/ i.b. 10,535 lb,146 lb,1976 lb,1976 lib, 109,764 lib, 20,35 dried dried dried y and tangerines, fresh lib, 3,764 lib, 3,764 lib, 3,035 and tangerines, fresh grain (26 lb.)* wholly of U.S. wheat (100 lb.)* wholly of U.S. wheat (100 lb.)* lb, 34,579 lb, 34,579 lb, 369 lb, 3731 lb, 369 lb, 3731 lb, 369 lb, 360		7,284 1,9593 2,2993 2,2993 2,407 8,652 8,652 1,010 1,010 1,054 1,430 1,410 1,245 1,410 1,245 1,410 1,245 1,410 1,4	1,876 : 4,366 : 7,285 : 18,678 : 26,829 : 241,508 : 7,876 : 83,106 : 7,769 : 10,769 : 2,148 : 2,148 : 11,486 : 11,486 : .	1,998	12,372 1 1,743 1 2,089 2 2,089 2 4,170 2 2,089 2 2,089 2 2,089 2 2,089 2 2,099	14,821 1,704 3,517 4,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
total 4/ total 4/ total 4/ total 4/ weats 5/ y, canned, fresh or frozen 4/ y edible and inedible unmfd, excl. linters (running bales) fresh canned 6/ canned 6/ grain (48 lb.) grain (56 lb.) grain (56 lb.) wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* edible bl. bl. 25/56 3,035 3,035 3,035 3,035 3,035 3,051 1,095 1,005		951 1,593 1,	4,366 : 7,285 : 18,678 : 26,829 : 94,125 : 241,508 : 7,876 : 7,876 : 10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : :	4,264 11,143 121,585 46 288 171,094 171,094 171,094 171,094 171,094 171,094 171,094 171,15	1,743 : 2,089 : 4,170 : 7,788 : 9,855 : 15,741 : 6,283 : 1,927 : 1,927 : 1,927 : 1,927 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 3,774 : 11,774 : 11,774 : 11,774 : 11,774 : 11,774 : 11,774 : 1,927 : 11,499 : 1,927	1,704 3,517 4,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
total 4/ y meats 5/ y meats 5/ y canned, fresh or frozen 4/ unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) tresh and tangerines, fresh canned 6/ y canned 6/ grain (56 lb.) grain (56 lb.) wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) by canned (2/ conned (2/ conned (3/ conned (3/ conned (4/ conned (5/ conned (5/ conned (6/ conn		1,593 2,299 2,005 8,055 8,052 2,017 1,010 1,010 1,054 1,410 1,410 2,1245 1,410 2,020 1,020 1,410	7,285 : 18,678 : 26,829 : 94,125 : 241,508 : 789 : 789 : 7876 : 83,106 : 7,769 : 10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : :	11,143 : 21,585 : 46,288 : 71,094 : 314,499 : 6,292 : 69,399 : 9,029 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771	2,089 : 4,170 : 7,788 : 9,855 : 15,741 : 101,926 : 671 : 671 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 1,499 :	3,517 4,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,466 2,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
y meats 5/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,299 6,065 8,973 8,973 250 1,010 1,054 1,410 1,410 2,1245	18,678 : 26,829 : 94,125 : 241,508 : 789 : 787 : 7876 : 83,106 : 7,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : 11,486 : .	21,585 : 46,288 : 71,094 : 314,499 : 951 : 6,292 : 9,029 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771 : 1,	4,170 : 7,788 : 9,855 : 15,741 : 101,926 : 671 : 671 : 1,499 : 7,699 : 3,742 : 11,474 : 11,47	4,522 12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,286 1,554 10,850 6,125
y, canned, fresh or frozen 4/	+0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +0 +	6,065 2,417 2,417 2,417 1,010 1,054 1,17,245 1,17,245 1,27,245 1,27,245 1,410	26,829 : 94,125 : 241,508 : 789 : 7876 : 83,106 : 7,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : 11,486 : .	46, 288 : 71, 094 : 314, 499 : 951 : 6, 292 : 89, 399 : 9, 674 : 82, 802 : 1, 771 :	7,788 : 9,855 : 15,741 : 101,926 : 671 : 671 : 1,927 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 3,742 : 11,774 : 11,77	12,551 7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
edible and inedible Lb. 109,764 : 113 : 114	ee ee ee ee ee ee ee ee ee	2,417 8,973 8 8,652 3 3,143 8 1,010 8 1,054 8 1,410 8 1,410 8	94,125 : 241,508 : 789 : 787 : 83,106 : 7,769 : 10,769 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : 11,486 :	71,094 : 314,499 : 951 : 6,292 : 89,399 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771 :	9,855 : 15,741 : 101,926 : 671 : 671 : 671 : 1,927 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 3,742 : 11,774	7,274 22,991 133,605 7,466 7,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
edible and inedible unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) . Bale: 113; fresh s and tangerines, fresh dried canned 6/. canned 6/. grain (56 lb.)* sorghums (56 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* grain (56 lb.)* sprain (60 lb.)* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) sexcept canned (60 lb.)* by the stand oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)* sexcept canned (60 l		8,973 88,652 3 250 1 1,010 1 1,054 1 1,410 2,124 2,7,7	241,508 : 789 : 7876 : 83,106 : 7,769 : 10,769 : 10,769 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : 11,486 : .	314,499 : 951 : 6,292 : 89,399 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771 :	15,741 101,926 671 671 671 671 671 1,927 1,499 7,629 3,744 11,774 11,774	22,991 133,605 580 7,466 2,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) . Bale: 113: fresh. dried. dried. canned \(\bar{b} \). canned \(\bar{b} \). juice. canned \(\bar{b} \). grain (48 lb.) grain (48 lb.) sorghums (56 lb.)* milled, excludes paddy* milled, excludes paddy* cand (100 lb.)* grain (50 lb.)* milled, excludes (100 lb.)* sorghums (56 lb.) milled, excludes (100 lb.)* sorghums (56 lb.) milled, excludes (100 lb.)* sorghums (50 lb.)		88,652 250 : 3,143 : 1,010 : 1,054 : 1,054 : 1,410 : 2,124 : 2,026 : 2	7,89 : 7,876 : 83,106 : 7,769 : 10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : :	951 a 6,292 b 89,399 c 9,029 c 9,674 c 82,802 c 1,771 c 1,771 c 1	101,926 : 671 : 671 : 671 : 1,927 : 1,927 : 7,629 : 3,744 : 11,774	133,605 7,466 7,466 2,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
fresh and tangerines, fresh tried and tangerines, fresh and tangerines, fresh and currants and conned 6/2 and co	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	250 3,143 1,010 1,054 7,245 1,410 2,124	7,876 : 83,106 : 7,769 : 10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : :	6,292 : 89,399 : 9,029 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771 :	671 : 671 : 1,927 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 3,744 : 11,774 : 11,474 : 11,7	580 7,466 2,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
and tangerines, fresh dried dried canned 6/ canned 6/ canned 6/ grain (48 lb.) grain (56 lb.) grain (56 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* grain (50 lb.) milled, excludes meal (2,000 lb.) grain (50 lb.) grai		3,143 in 1,010 in 1,054 in 1,410 in 2,124 in 2,6 0.00 in 1,410 in 2,6 0.00 in 1,410	83,106 : 7,769 : 10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 : :	89,399 : 9,029 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771 :	6,283: 1,927: 1,499: 7,629: 3,742:	7,466 2,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
dried 1b. 17,903 : s and.currants 1b. 17,903 : luice 1b. 17,903 : grain (48 lb.) 1b. 1955 : sorghums (56 lb.) 1b. 1965 : grain (56 lb.) 1b. 1969 : grain (56 lb.) 1b. 1969 : grain (60 lb.) 1b. 1969 : wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* 154 : grain (60 lb.)* 159 : ed (56 lb.) 13902 : sorghums (56 lb.) 159 : hyprance (60 lb.) 159 : sorghums (56 lb.) 159 :	•• •• •• •• ••	1,010 1,054 : 7,245 : 1,410 : 2,124 :	7,769 : 10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 :	9,029 : 9,674 : 82,802 : 1,771 :	1,927 : 1,499 : 7,629 : 3,742 :	2,286 1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
s and currants . canned 6/ . canned 6/ . grain (48 lb.) . grain (56 lb.)* . sorghums (56 lb.) . grain (56 lb.) . sorghums (50		1,054 : 7,245 : 1,410 : 2,124 : 2,039 : 3	10,768 : 54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 :	9,674 8 82,802 8 1,771 8	1,499 : 7,629 : 3,742 : 11,774 :	1,554 10,850 3,540 6,125
canned 6/ juice grain (48 lb.)* grain (56 lb.)* milled, excludes paddy* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) wholly of U. S. wheat (2,000 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) scrept canned (60 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) scrept canned (60 lb.)* lb. i 34,579 scrept canned (60 lb.)* lb. i 34,579 lb. i		7,245 : 1,410 : 2,124 :	54,953 : 2,148 : 11,486 :	82,802 :	7,629 : 3,742 : 11,774 :	10,850 3,540 6,125
Juice		1,410 : 2,124 :	2,148 : 11,486 :	1,771 :	3,742:	3,540
grain (48 lb.) grain (56 lb.)* sorghums (56 lb.) grain (32 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* grain (50 lb.) wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* e and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.) ed (56 lb.) sorght canned (60 lb.)		2,124 8	11,486 :		11,774 :	6,125
grain (56 lb.)* sorghums (56 lb.)* grain (32 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* rain (56 lb.) rain (56 lb.) shouly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* red (56 lb.) shouly of U. S. wheat (2,000 lb.)* red (56 lb.)	•• •	26,029 :		5,334		
Sorghums (56 lb.) grain (32 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* rain (56 lb.) rain (60 lb.)* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) ed (56 lb.) sorcept canned (60 lb.) except canned (60 lb.) sorcept canned (60 lb.)	•	- /30°07	35,906	38,592 :	46,226 1	47,181
grain (32 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* rain (56 lb.) grain (60 lb.)* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* ed (56 lb.) ed (56 lb.) so wheat (2,000 lb.)* rain (60 lb.)* so wheat (100 lb.)* rain (60 lb.)* so wheat (100 lb.)* so wheat (•	5,005	20,056	7,072	22,050 \$	7,790
milled, excludes paddy*	••	270 :	5,722 8	1,805 :	4,236 :	1,191
Bu. : 34,579 : Bag : 3,051 : 55 : Bu. : 13,902 : 1.	••	3,597 :	227,671 :	151,510:	15,422 :	6,061
Bu. : 34,579 : 3,051 : 1 on : 55 : 1 Bu. : 13,902 : 1 or 231 : 1 or 24 : 1 o	••	193 :	1,161	345 8	1,157 :	366
# Bag # 3,051 # 55 # 18u # 13,002 # 13,002 # 150	••	79,260	72,127	95,374 :	122,928	166,938
# Ton # 55 # 231 # 231 # Bu. # 13,902 # 15.00	765 : 1	14,656 1	5,435 1	7,376 :	23,814:	28,109
: Bu. : 231 : : Bu. : 13,902 :	••	3,383 :	94 :	: 26	5,811 :	7,222
: Bu. : 13,902 :	318 :	975 :	\$ 658	844 8	2,734 8	2,820
. 14 . 10E 660 .	••	17,758 :	23,112 :	14,611	53,174 8	38,936
1 600°C6T 1 °GT 1		10,220:	276,251 :	136,007	30,08	18,210
: Tp. :	••	2,279 :	61,743	26,325	7,818 :	3,963
: Lb. : 37,771:	s 29,	27,688 :	58,331	64,701	44,226 8	49,527
: Lb. : 37,806 :	2,	264 :	63,225 :	: 15/,11	4,094	8/8
: Lb. : 15,173:	••	737 :	26,144:	26,092	1,432 :	1,691
: Lb. : 11,535 :	••	267 :	59,433 :	74,990 :	1,531 :	1,578
Vegetables, canned 6/ 6,720:	720: 1,528:	1,302:	19,770 :	15,159	3,067 :	3,093
	: 42,286 :	46.688 :	**	*	85, 783 8	91,303
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES : :	327,096;	385,763;	••	••	685,626 8	736,188
••	••	**	••	••		200
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES :	1,265,408;	1,247,509 :	•• •	00 01	2,589,277	2,514,305
STITIONMODITAL STATES	1,592,504:	1,633,272;	•	•	3,274,903 :	3,250,553

1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place of export. 3/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", repursed in variety in Table 2 of the monthly
pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen. Product weight. 6/ Includes only classes shown separately in Table 2 of the monthly
"Foreign Agricultural Trade".
* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

DOMESTIC EXPORTS: September 1960 and 1961 and July-September 1960 and 1961 1/

December Part Par		••		Septembe	nber	•••		July-September	tember	
## we district the first frozen by the first f	Commodity exported	. Unit:	Quanti		Λ	ue 2/ s	Quanti	£	Value	ue 2/
Thousands		••	: 0961	1961	1960	1961	1960			1961
Thousands Decision		••	••	••	1,000	1,000	••	••	1,000	1,000
rated milit* L. 5,57 4,599 1,002 720 2,000 1,999 1,499 1,490 1,490 1,499 1,490		••	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousands :	Thousands :	dollars :	dollars
in the shell state	Cheese*	: rp. :	969	699	322 :	362 :	2,000 :	1,999 :	: 696	1,088
We will be w	Evaporated milk*	: Tp. :	6,237 :		1,002 :	720 :	27,048	23,621	4,290 :	3,815
in the shell that the shell box 1,824 77,769 3,777 5,032 19,539 13 and adaly white shell box 1,823 17,769 3,777 5,022 5,823 13,178 17,002 1,002 1,003	Dried whole milk	: Tp. :	1,734 :		1,000	823 :	5,830 :	* 768 7	3,533 :	2,989
## and sking 3 100 1839 742 992 6521 2793 2,773	Nonfat dry milk*	. Ib.	27,824:		3,757 :	5,033 :	122,565 :	195,399	15,445 8	19,747
toward with the state of traces of of	Eggs, in the shell	1 Doz 1	1,829 ;	742 :	992 8	622 8	5,832 :	3,178 :	3,060 :	2,207
total \$\frac{4}{2}\$, total \$\f	Hides and skins 3/	No. s	863 :	875 8	5,042 :	, 066,9		2,873 :	17,414	21,212
ty, redail 4	Beef and veal, total 4/	I Lb.	2,756:		1,068 :	926		7,027	2,811	2,660
ry, canned, fresh or frozen 4	Pork, total 4/	F Lb.	7,103 :		1,908 :	1,744 :	14,388 :	16,934 :	3,997	5,261
The control, freeh or frozen 4	Variety meats 5/	: Ib. :	11,373 :		2,357 8	1,813 :	30,051	30,207 :	6,527 8	6,335
whe edible and inactible 1.0. 92,309 12/784 4/513 5/222 136,444 99,2678 12/375 137,444 99,2678 12/375 137,444 99,2678 12/375 137,444 99,2678 12/375 137,445 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 137,444 99,277 12/375 13/375 14/375 12/375 13/375 14/375 12/375 13/375 14/375 12/375 12/37	fresh or frozen 4/	: Ib. :	22,279 1		875.9	5,859 :	49,108	66,825	14,336	18,410
w, edible and inetble	Lard	Lb.	42,319 :		4,513 :	2,222	136,444	92,878	14,368	967.6
res and tangerines, fresh in junida, excl. linters (running bales) 18a1e 11g 11g 12g 12	Tallow, edible and inedible	Lb.	92,260 :		6,016		333,769	442,275	21,757 :	31,774
s, fresh and tangerines, fresh b. 11,001. 9,910 979 876 18,889 15,203 15,203 15,204 15,204 15,504 10,514 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,5134 110,513 12,905 10,510 10,510 13,707 133,707	Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (running bales) .	: Bale:	193 8		25,855 :		982 :	1,273 :	127,781	178,107
es and tangerlnes, fresh	Apples, fresh	Lb.	11.014		6/6		18,889 8	16,203 :	1,650	1,427
s, duried	Oranges and tangerines, fresh	Lb.	22,029		1,844 :	2,685	105,134	119,953	8,127 8	10,151
ns and currants	Prunes, dried	Lb.	766.99		1,782	, ווס, ו	14.763 :	12,985 *	3,708	3,297
s, canned 6/ s, ca	Raisins and currents	lb.	27,670 :		3,393 :	7/26	38 / 30	15,28/ 1	7,892	2,528
e jute	Fruits cannot 6/	I b	710,07		י טיילי סר		• 021 781	133 707	2/06# 2/06#	2000
grain (56 lb.)* grain (50 lb.)* grain			. ביני		. 594 -	1 444 c	. 04164CI	. 101	. 601601	119674 5 005
grain (56 lb.)* grain (56 lb.) grain (50 lb.)* grain (O. Carigo July (70 1)	D: Cal.	1,000		L 2000	1,000 ,	5 L29 6	, 100°,	, 676,0	7,500
grain (32 lb.)	Datey grant (40 10)	e one	5 46°6		10166	. 040.44 . 070.4	50°679 5	9,321	47,241	10,715
grain (50 Lb.) grain	Corn, grain (50 Lb.)*	e Pne	13,024 8		17,432 8	27,125	49,530	170,10	63,659	74,306
grain (32 lb.) milled, excludes paddy* milled, except compositions grain (52 lb.) milled, except commodities milled, excludes paddy* milled, excludes paddy* milled, excludes paddy* milled, excludes paddy* grain (50 lb.)* grain (50 lb.	Grain sorghums (56 Ib.)	Bu.	9,920 8		10,666 s	7,716 8	29,976 :	14,015:	32,716	15,506
milted, excludes paddy* milted, excludes paddy* milted, excludes paddy* ygrain (56 lb.)* ygrain (60 lb.)* ygrain (60 lb.)* wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* yard (56 lb.) wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* yard (56 lb.) wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)* yard (56 lb.) and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)* sed (56 lb.) and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.) Bu. 8,164 3,557 18,617 2,595 16,11 327 18,161 132 9 and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.) Bu. 8,164 3,557 18,617 2,137 18,617 19,368 17,14 306,576 16,762 13 18 and oil-cake meal (60 lb.) and oil-cake meal (60 lb.) Bu. 8,164 13,759 1,767 1,14 306,576 16,762 13 18 co, unmanufactured refined, etc. Lb. 14,795 11,795 1,795	Oats, grain (32 Ib.)	Bu.	5,297		3,857 :	2,812 :	11,020	5,629 :	8,093 8	4,002
Typin (56 lb.) Typin (50 lb.)	Rice, milled, excludes paddy*	r rp.	80,319 8		5,172 :	3,326 :		204,081	20,594	12,387
Bu. 1 48,550 1 43,762 1 83,997 1 80,666 1 120,678 1 139,137 1 206 1 14,921 1 11,227 1 8,948 1 9,985 1 38 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Rye, grain (56 lb.)	Bu. s	167	-				\$07	1,672 8	866
Beg i 3,513; 2,609; 14,921; 11,227; 8,948; 9,985; 38 Ton: 68; 35; 4,167; 2,595; 161; 132; 9 Bu.: 123; 30; 387; 103; 982; 874; 3 Bu.: 8,164; 3,557; 18,617; 9,358; 31,276; 18,168; 71 Bu.: 30,325; 31,622; 3,615; 4,174; 306,576; 167,629; 33 Lb.: 14,795; 13,759; 1,76; 66,234; 66,566; 141,253; 146,418; 110 Lb.: 20,286; 20,186; 1,470; 1,426; 46,430; 46,278; 2 Lb.: 7,369; 2,657; 1,205; 1,265; 28,440; 22,418; 1,265; 1,265; 28,440; 22,418; 1,265; 1,	Wheat, grain (60 lb.)*	Bu. s	48,550 8					٠.	206,925	
Fon i 68 : 35 : 4,167 : 2,595 : 161 : 132 : 98	Flour, wholly of U. S. wheat (100 lb.)*	Bag :	3,513 1	V				٠.	38,735 :	
Bu. 123	Oil cake and oil-cake meal (2,000 lb.)	: Ton :	8 9	35 :			191	135 :	9,977 :	
Bu. ; 8,164; 3,557; 18,617; 9,358; 31,276; 18,168; 71; 1b. ; 30,325; 31,622; 3,615; 4,174; 306,576; 167,629; 33; 1b. ; 14,795; 13,759; 1,767; 2,118; 76,538; 40,084; 99; 1b. ; 82,922; 81,716; 66,234; 66,566; 141,253; 146,418; 110; 1b. ; 20,286; 20,186; 1,470; 1,426; 46,430; 46,278; 2,540; 1b. ; 20,286; 20,186; 1,470; 1,426; 46,430; 46,278; 2,567; 1,267; 1,287; 1,287; 1,289; 1,28	Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu. s	123 :	30%		103 :			3,121 :	
1b. 30,325 31,622 3,615 4,174 306,576 167,629 33 1b. 14,795 13,759 1,767 2,118 76,538 40,084 9 1b. 14,795 13,759 1,767 2,118 76,538 40,084 9 1b. 82,922 81,716 66,234 66,566 141,253 146,418 110 1b. 33,446 19,536 2,540 1,566 96,671 31,287 7 1b. 20,286 20,186 1,470 1,426 46,430 46,278 2 1b. 7,369 2,657 1,205 1,265 28,440 22,418 128 1b. 369,443 366,478 1,055 1 1,055 1,593,153 1,055 1 1,055 1,599,631 1,4869 1 1,594,420 1,599,631 1,4869 1 1,594,420 1,599,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,599,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,599,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1 1,065 1,4869 1,4869 1,4869 1 1,065 1,699,631 1,4869 1,4869 1 1,065 1,065 1,4869 1,4869	Soybeans, except canned (60 lb.)	Bu. s	8,164 :	3,557 :	18,617				11,791 :	78,295
1b. 14,795 13,759 1,767 2,118 76,538 40,084 9 1	Soybean oil, crude, refined, etc	F Tp.	30,325 :	31,622;	3,615 :			167,629	33,712 :	
1b. 82,922 81,716 66,234 66,566 141,253 146,418 110 1b. 33,446 19,536 2,540 1,566 96,671 31,287 7 1b. 20,286 20,186 1,470 1,426 46,430 46,278 2 1b. 7,369 2,657 1,205 1,265 28,440 22,418 4 1b. 8,671 7,259 1,205 45,796 1,055 22,418 1,055 1	Cottonseed oil, crude, refined, etc	F Lb.	14,795 :	13,759 :	1,767 :			\$ 780°07	9,585 :	
Lb. i 33,446 i 19,536 i 2,540 i 1,566 i 96,671 i 31,287 i 1b. i 20,286 i 20,186 i 1,470 i 1,426 i 46,430 i 46,278 i 1b. i 7,369 i 2,657 i 1,205 i 1,265 i 28,440 i 22,418 i 1,265 i 1,265 i 28,440 i 22,418 i i 1,224,977 i 1,233,153 i i i i 1,524,420 i 1,599,631 i i i i 1,594,420 i 1,599,631 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Tobacco, unmanufactured	t Lb.	82,922 :	81,716	66,234 :			146,418 :	110,460:	116,093
Lb. : 20,286 : 20,186 : 1,470 : 1,426 : 46,430 : 46,278 : 2,657 : 2,457 : 1,265 : 28,440 : 22,418 : 1,265 : 28,440 : 22,418 : 22,418 : 369,443 : 366,478 : : : : 1,224,977 : 1,233,153 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Beans, dried*	I.b.	33,446 :	19,536	2,540 :			31,287 :	7,234	2,444
Lb. 7,369 2,657 1,247 1,205 28,440 22,418 1	Peas, dried (except cowpeas and chickpeas)	Lb.	20,286 :	20,186	1,470 8				2,903 8	3,118
Lb. : 8,671; 7,259; 1,205; 1,265; 28,440; 22,418; 42,354; 45,796; 1,2640; 22,418; 1,234,423; 366,478; 1,233,153; 1,24,977; 1,233,153; 1,24,420; 1,599,631; 1,24,420; 1,	Potatoes, white	: Ib. :	7,369 :	2,657	247 :	. 82			1,778 :	1,655
42,354; 45,796; ; ; 369,443; 366,478; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Vegetables, canned 6/	Lb.	8,671	7,259	1,205 ;	1,265;			4,272:	4,357
369,443; 366,478; ; ; ; 369,443; 366,478; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	Other agricultural commodities	••	••	**	42,354 8	45,796 :	••	**	128,138;	137,756
COMMODITIES: : : 1,224,977 : 1,233,153 : : : : : : 1,594,420 : 1,599,631 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	۱ 	••	••	369,443 :	366,478 :	••	••	1,055,069 :	1,102,666
COMMODITIES; ; ; 1,224,977 ; 1,233,153 ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;		••	••	••		••	••	••	••	
; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES	••	**	••	1,224,977:	1,233,153 :	••	••	3,814,255 :	3,747,518
6h • 1 TCO646C6T 2 N24646C6T 2 2 2 3	OTT TE COLLOG 114 14 TOT	••	••	•	* 007 / 703 -		•• •	•• •	, 860 32/.	7.850.187
	IOLAL ALL COMMUNITIES			*	1974944C0 E		• .		4 400 6 700 6 70	- 1000

1/ Preliminary. 2/ At place or expose.
pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen.
pork livers, beef tongues, and other variety meats, fresh or frozen.
"Foreign Agricultural Trade".
* Includes "Food exported for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies".

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RTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): August 1960 a
ORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): August 1960 a
PORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): August 1960 a
IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): August 1960 a

				August	st			July	July-August	
Commodity imported	: Unit:		Quantity		Value	ae ae	. Quantity		Value	ne
	••	1960	**	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	
SUPPLEMENTARY				••	1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
	••	Thousar	sands :	Thousands :	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Cattle, dutiable	. No.		00	80	1,333 8	8,855	21	66	2,846	12,993
Casein or lactarene	og :	7,0	431 8	7,642 :	1,239 :	1,364	14,665	21,463	2,820	3,818
Cheese	r Po	4	382 :	5,829 :	2,297 :	2,566	7,812	192,6	4,017	4,569
Hides and skins	• • •	2,6	. 44	8,861 :	4,656 :	4,185	22,850	22,638	10,487	10,632
Beef and veal, total 2/	eq.	70,1	735 :	83,922 :	25,618 :	28,238	122,453	151,242	44,338	51,387
Pork, total 2/		13,5	227 8	13,199 :	8,610 :	8,604	28,811	s 27,161 a	19,066	17,772
Mutton, goat and lamb, fresh or frozen 2/	r Tp°	5,853	353 s	3,383 :	1,413 :	807	12,336	8 9,040	2,902	2,245
Sausage casings	. T.b.	1,0	368 :	1,294 :	1,150 :	1,134	2,639	2,854	2,175	2,360
Wool, unmfd., excl. free, etc. (actual weight)	Lb.	8	510 :	9,517 :	7,861:	6,426	15,510	21,690	12,816	14,417
Cotton, unmfd., excl. linters (480 lb.)	: Bale:		2	92 :	16,965 :	19,262	91	s 63	17,038	19,379
Jute and jute butts, unmfd. (2,240 lb.)	Ton :		1 :	1 :	141 :	170	ო •	. 2	430	624
Olives in brine	: Gal.	•	388	167	1,662 :	981	2,762	\$ 2,734	3,270	3,636
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved	Lb.	15,2	266 3	11,580 :	1,765 :	1,324	28,704	23,628	3,309	2,785
Barley, grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	1-	714 \$	1,557 :	865 :	2,006	1,224	3,251	1,542	4,075
Oats, grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	7	102 :	74 :	100	98	175	149	182	163
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)	Bu.		271 \$	245 :	466 \$	339	492	284	816	405
nd fodders	••	3/	80		357 :	320	્રે કો	ે જો	969	943
Nuts and preparations	••	ોહ	***	3	5,795 :	5,993	(m)	ار اردا	11,495	10,081
Cobra	: Ib.	49,1	••		3,688 :	2,999	132,359	129,808	10,293	8,163
Venetable oils, fats, and waxes, expressed	I Lb.	35,7	,756	48,195 :	6,062 :	7,435	77,519	102,853	13,320	15,253
Spede, field and darden		3/			628	774	3/	3/	1,144	1,890
Sugar, cane (2,000 lb.)	Ton 1) 1	354 * 7	419 :	39,542 :	45,920	804	698	89,589	95,593
Wolsees unfit for himse consumption	. Gal	44.5	543 :	30, 183	4.016	2,957	94.396	\$ 52,756	8,041	5,234
Tobacco upmanufactured	i d	14.4	4.480	15,931	11,196 :	10,911	25,787	28,383	19,251	19,589
Towatee paties ctate	4	1,697	597	2,468 :	103 :	217	2,703	3,996 :	181	326
		, f	• •	• •	24.760 :	25, 739	20167		48.557	777
Total amontant accessors	• •				172 308 +	180 612			330 621	358 100
lotal Supplementary					112,000	107,016			200000	
			000	* 007	2 O A R	0	1 407		700 7	4 670
•	° c	, ,	2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	2 2 2 2 1	4,040	2,890	1,497	1,00,1	0,384	10,49012
	e .	of QT	: 0ca 6	10,020	2,401 :	8,004	660°CS	38,192	19,910	19,132
	:Bunch	4,943	343	4,172 s	6,506	6,108	880.6	8,526	12,442	12,42/
	• • • • •	2,070	26.6	1 000,000	11,028 1	13,728	80,929	170,783	22,309	04,440
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Kico)	• •	702	2 2	230,011	91,737 :	11,132	483,964	402,443	103,173	150,453
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc	• 01 :		2/4 :	300	1,00,1	488	11/	08/	1,240	1,032
Tea	្នំ ភ្នំ :	ر رون رون	132 :	8,914 :	4,185 :	4,255	17,718	17,744	8,226	8,5/4
Spices (complementary)	9 1	ດ		2 006.60	3,370 8	3,076	9,103	12,441	50,00	2,212
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	. Ton		 .	⇒ ∘	1 481 8	1,0/2	7 4		3,060	2,013
sisar and neneduen (2,240 lb.)	uor :	- (• •	0 000	1,010	1,410	C1 (1)	107	600,62	2,770
Rubber, Crude	r Pe	26,88	1,69,	13,001	32,740 8	18,474	152,771	149,/02	11,451	37,077
Cruer comprementary			1		170 00	1 42 100			313.436	290.161
Total complementary					244 600	222 401			644.057	648.270
IOIAL AGRICULIURAL COMMODIIMES				• •	* 600°ttb	104 6000				
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES			• ••	• ••	900,728 :	916,707			1,746,116	1,842,727
O LA SPA MOTERIO A A PART A PROPERTY OF			•• •	•• •	3 045 227 8	000		•• •	2 300 173	2 490, 997
OWWOLLIES		ŀ	-	•	1,5243,337	1,230,100			212(2/267	217/01/20
1/ Freilminary. 2/ Froduct Weight. 3/ Reported in Value on	TII ABT	ne oury.								

Compiled from official records, Bureau of the Census.

IMPORTS (FOR CONSUMPTION): July 1960 and 1961 1/

IMPORTS (FOR CONSONIA	11011)	. 5017 1700	and 1901	5/	
	:		Ju]	Ly	
Commodity imported	:Unit	Quant	ity	V a.	lue
	:	1960 :	1961	1960	: 1961
SUPPLEMENTARY	:				: 1,000
	:	: Thousands:	Thousands	•	
Cattle, dutiable	-				
Casein or lactarene	:Lb.				•
Cheese	:Lb	•	•		
		•	•	•	•
Hides and skins	:Lb.	•	•	•	•
Beef and veal, total 2/	:Lb.	•	•	•	•
Pork, total 2/	:Lb.	•			•
Mutton, goat & lamb, fresh or frozen 2/			5,657	•	•
Sausage casings	:Lb.	: 1,271 :	1,561	1,025	: 1,226
Wool, unmfd., excl. free, etc.	:	:	:		:
(actual weight)	:Lb.	7,001 :	12,173	4,955	: 7,991
Cotton, unmfd., ex. linters (480 lb.)	:Bale	1:	1 :	73	: 117
Jute & jute butts, uninfd. (2,240 lb.)			1 :	289	: 453
Olives in brine				1,609	: 2,655
Pinearples, canned, prep. or pres			•		•
Barley, grain (48 lb.)					
Oats, grain (32 lb.)			•		
Wheat, grain (60 lb.)					
			- /	338	
Feeds and fodders					
Nuts and preparations			3/	5,700	
Copra			•		_
Vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, exp.			, ,	•	•
Seeds, field and garden		: 3/ :			
Sugar, cane (2,000 lb.)	:Ton	450 :		•	: 49,673
Molasses, unfit for human consumption	:Gal.:	49,852	22,573	4,025	: 2,277
Tobacco, unmanufactured	:Lb.	: 11,307 :	12,452	8,054	: 8,678
Tomatoes, natural state			1,528	59	: 110
Other supplementary		-		23,795	: 24,032
Total supplementary				158,313	
COMPLEMENTARY					1
Silk, raw	,	•			: 1,782
Wool, unmfd., free in bond (actual	•	. 557 .		2,007	• 1,102
	alb d	10 040	01 520	10,515	: 11,067
weight)		•	•		
Bananas		,		•	•
Cocos or cacao beans			•	•	
Coffee (incl. into Puerto Rico)				•	
Coffee essences, substitutes, etc					
Tea			•	•	
Spices (complementary)	:Lb.	3,758:	6,475		-
Abaca or Manila (2,240 lb.)	:Ton	1:	2 :	685	: 944
Sisal and henequen (2,240 lb.)	:Ton	7 :	9 8	1,451	: 1,580
Rubber, crude			76,701	24,706	: 18,604
Other complementary				5,866	•
Total complementary		:		141,135	
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES .				299,448	
TOTAL TOTAL OUT THE CONTROL OF THE C					:
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL COMM	•	•		845,388	926,021
TOTAL HOMAURICULIURAL COMMI		•			•
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES	•			1,144,836	1 240 889
TOTAL ALL COMMODITIES				1,144,000	1,240,009
1/ Preliminary, 2/ Product weight, 3	R/ Pone	antod in wal	ue enlar		

^{1/} Preliminary. 2/ Product weight. 3/ Reported in value only.