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## MILK PRODUCTION INVESTIGATION - SUMMER PERIOD. APRIL-SEPTEMBER 1947.

Group	T.T. & Attested A	Acredited and Ordinary
Number of Farms	ol	41
COST PER GALLON IN PENCE	D. noo	Dungo
Purchased Foods: Concentrates Other	Pence. 2.9 0.3	2.4 0.2
Home Grown Foods: Concentrates Hay Straw Roots and Green Fodder Silage	1.1 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.4 0.1
Grazing	2.1	1.9
TOTAL FOODS	7.4	6.5
Labour	6.0	5.0
Miscellaneous	2.5	1.9
GROSS FARM COSTS	15.9	13.4
(excluding Depreciation		Committee .
CREDITS		
Calves Manurial Residues	0.6	0.5
NETT FARM COSTS (excluding Depreciation	15.1	12.8
AVERAGE YIELD PER COW	280 gals.	303 gals.
% DRY COWS	21.7%	19.2%
QUANTITIES OF FOODS FED PER CO	Cwts.	Cwts.
Concentrates: Purchased Home Grown Total Hay Straw Roots and Green Fodder Silage	4.8 2.1 6.9 3.1 0.9 4.2 0.8	4.0 1.8 5.8 2.7 1.2 7.1 0.9

#### Page 2.

# MILK PRODUCTION INVESTIGATION FOR THE YEAR TO 30th SEPTEMBER, 1947.

### COSTS AND RETURNS PER GALLON IN PENCE

Group <u>T</u> .	T. & Attested	Accredited and Ordinary
Number of Farms	31	41
FOODS Purchased Home Grown Grazing	Pence 4.6 6.1 1.0	Pence 4.0 6.0 1.1
TOTAL FOODS	11.7	11.1
Labour: Employees Family	4.8 1.2	3.9 1.7
TOTAL LABOUR	6.0	5.6
Miscellaneous	2.7	2.1
Herd Replacement	3.4	3.1
GROSS FARM COSTS	23.8	21.9
CREDITS Calves  Manurial Residues	0.7 0.3	0.3 <u>0.6</u>
TOTAL CREDITS	1.0	0.9
NET FARM COSTS	22.8	21.0
NET FARM RETURNS	30.6	26.5
SURPLUS (+)	7.8	5.5
AVERAGE YIELD PER COW PER ANNUM IN GALLONS	590	578
COWS:- Percentage in milk suckling dry	76.4 2.0 21.6	75.5 2.3 22.2
	100.0	100.0
COSTS AND RETURNS PER COW IN £.	ų, •	£•
Total Foods Labour Miscellaneous Herd Replacement	28.7 14.7 6.6 8.5	26.7 13.6 5.1 7.5
GROSS FARM COSTS CREDITS: Calves Manurial Residues	58.5 1.8 0.7	52.9 1.6 0.7
NLT FARM COSTS	56.0	50•6
NET FARM RETURNS	75.3	63.9
SURPLUS (+)	19.3	13.3

## Notes on Methods of Calculating Certain Items in the Costs of Milk Production.

#### Home Grown Foods

The charges for the main home grown foods have been based on cost of production data, e.g.

Oats	,	213. 8.	6d	per	ton		
Seeds Lay		24. 2.	6d	11	11		
Meadow Hay		25.17.	Od.	57	11	,	
Mangolds		21.11.	0d	17	17		
Kale		£1. 8.	6d	17			
7.1 0 7 1	-						

Minor foods have been charged at "Feeding Value".

#### Labour

Manual labour of the farmer and his wife upon milk production have been charged at equivalent rates per hour to hired labour.

General Farm Expenses have been charged to milk production in the same propertion to the whole as the direct manual labour on the dairy herd is to the total cost of all direct manual labour including that of the farmer and his wife.

Manurial Residues of Feeding Stuffs have been calculated in accordance with the recommendations of the Scott-Watson Committee, i.e. upon the Nitrogen, Phosphate and Potash content of the foodstuffs. No charge has been made for litter and therefore no credit under manurial residues.

#### Return for all Milk

The returns from milk have been made up as follows:-

Wholesale and semi-wholesale milk at the net amount received - i.e. the amount credited to the bank adjusted for P.R. levies, fees for Milk Recording and Artificial Insemination.

Milk sold to schools and retail at guaranteed pool prices plus quality premiums.

Milk to Employees and Farmhouse at rates recognised in the Wages Orders.

Milk fed to livestock at Cost.

#### Herd Replacement

The method of valuing cows at the end of the year has been changed for 1946/7 and the following are the general lines of procedure:-

- (1) No change in the size of herd. The total valuation of the herd remains unchanged unless there has been a substantial improvement in quality.
- (11) Increase in size. Additional animals are valued between cost and average value of cows disposed from the herd during the year and allowing for any improvement in quality.
- (111) Decrease in size. The last in first out principle is adopted bearing in mind that this applies to animal of similar quality.

The cost of herd replacement has been included in the full year statements only.

### Code for Certain General Information included on the Primary Return

(a)	Type of Milk Producer Wholesale	Code
	Wholesale with level Delivery Producer Retailer	2 3
(b) <sub>,</sub>	Grade of Milk Tuberculin Tested only Accredited only Ordinary (ungraded)	1 2 3
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Tuberculin Tested and Attested Accredited and Attested Attested only	4 5 6
(c)	Milk Recording Senior Scheme Junior Scheme Private	1 2 3
(d)	Type of Housing Specially constructed cowhouse Farm building converted to cowhouse Open yards with milking parlour """ no """	1 2 3 4
· · · · · ·	Out of doors (all year round) with bail or parlour Out of doors (all year round) with no bail or parlour	5
(e)	Method of Cooling Milk Surface Cooler	1
i je	Churn Immersion Refrigeration No cooling arrangement	2 3 4
(f)	Water Supply	
	Piped public supply " private supply - adequate " private supply - inadequate Well Stream Roof	1 2 3 4 5 6
(g)	Method of Sterilising Dairy Equipment Boiling Water Steam Approved hypochlorite solution	1 2 3

Agricultural Economics Department, U.C.N. School of Agriculture, Sutton Bonington, Loughborough. April, 1948.