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Prospects for UK Fisheries Post-Common Fisheries Policy
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### Prospects for UK Fisheries Post-Common Fisheries Policy

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The views expressed here are those of the presenter, and do not necessarily represent those of any individual Commissioner or of the Commission as a whole.





# Fisheries as political ammunition in the Leave/Remain debate



### Importance of fishing industry to the UK

- About 11,000 directly employed in fishing sector, half in Scotland. In some Scottish towns, share employed is as high as 40%.
- UK is the world's 15<sup>th</sup> largest exporter of fresh and frozen seafood – in the top 10 for fresh sole, cod, and haddock
- ▶ 2/3 of UK fish exports go to the EU



### How the fishing industry voted

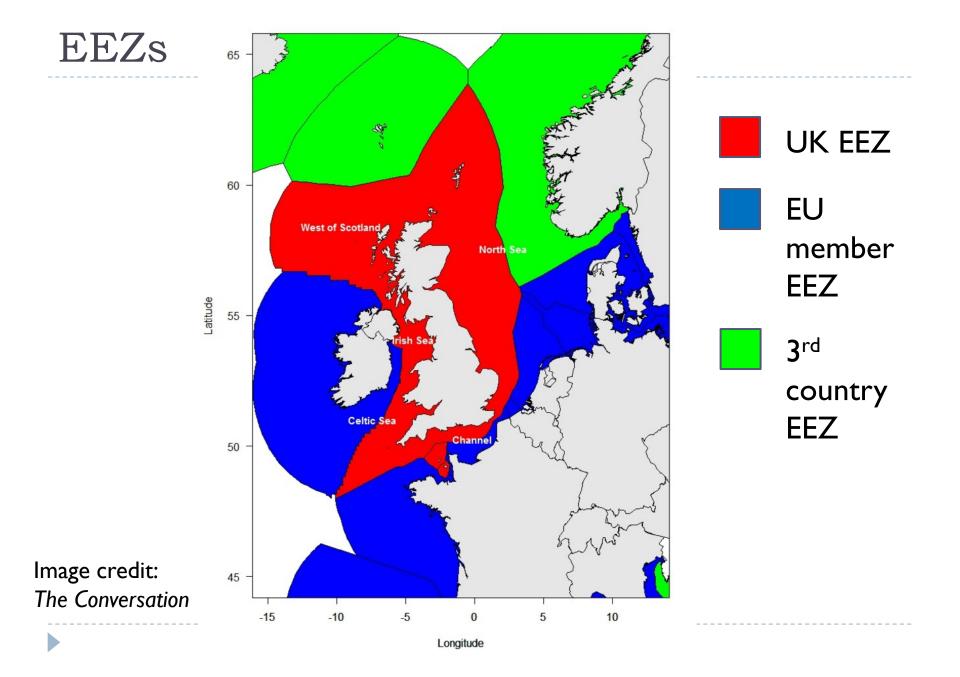
- Survey just before the vote suggested that upwards of 90% of fishermen would vote Leave
- This includes a strong majority of the Scottish fishing industry, in contrast to the vote in Scotland as a whole
- ▶ 3/4 thought that leaving the EU would afford them the opportunity to catch more fish



# Terms to know to understand fisheries policy

- Territorial waters: waters extending from a country's coastline to 12 nautical miles offshore
- Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ): waters extending from 12 to 200 nautical miles off of a country's coast





#### UK fisheries under the CFP

- ▶ EU fisheries have been centrally managed since 1970
- The CFP is designed to allow members to fish in each others' EEZ as if they were domestic to that zone
- I. Total quota levels are set based on science. They are specific to a species and geographic zone (35).
- 2. EU allocates shares of total quota to members based on their historical share of catch
- 3. Quota shares may be traded between members
- ▶ 4. The government of a member country awards shares of the total quota allocation allotted to vessels



# Challenges with current regime from UK perspective

- Objections to the share of UK national quota awarded to foreigners, particularly the Spanish
- Can't independently negotiate with northern neighbors
- Historical basis used for quota allocation may not reflect current interest in fishing certain stocks



#### What might change post-Brexit?

- UK will negotiate new agreements with Iceland, Faroe Islands, and Norway
- UK will need to negotiate with EU to come to an agreement on total allowable catch for migratory stocks
- UK might face tariffs when exporting fish to the EU market. Most EU trade agreements maintain some tariffs on fish products.



#### ...and what likely will not.

- Total quota level for most types of fish caught in UK waters is unlikely to increase
- UK will likely still find it advantageous to sell some access to foreign fleets and the big players will still have advantages over smallscale fishermen
- No quick resolution since the sector is small

