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The Cost Effectiveness of Remediating Erosion Gullies in the Fitzroy Basin

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Motivation

- Sediment export to the Great Barrier Reef (GBR) blocks sunlight and prevents the photosynthesis of coral (Brodie et al. 2013).
- The Australian and Queensland governments' have set targets to halt the decline of the GBR (Reef Plan, 2013), which include a 20% reduction in sediment export by 2020.
- Gullies probably make up the largest single contribution to sediment export (Star et al. 2015).
- Cost effectiveness analysis using data from 6 grazing properties in the Fitzroy basin.

Research Questions

 What is the cost of reducing the sediment generated by gully erosion in the Fitzroy by 1m³ per year; and

2. Is there evidence for economies of scale in remediation work, that might be used to target funds more efficiently?

Outline

- 1. The Fitzroy Basin
- 2. What is Gully Erosion?
- 3. Summary of Project Gullies
- 4. Cost Effectiveness Estimates
- 5. Economies of Scale
- 6. Conclusions

The Fitzroy Basin



Source: Managing Fitzroy River water quality, https://www.fitzroyriver.qld.gov.au/about, accessed on 2 November 2015

What is Gully Erosion?



Source: https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/land/soil/erosion/types/, accessed 18 January 2016

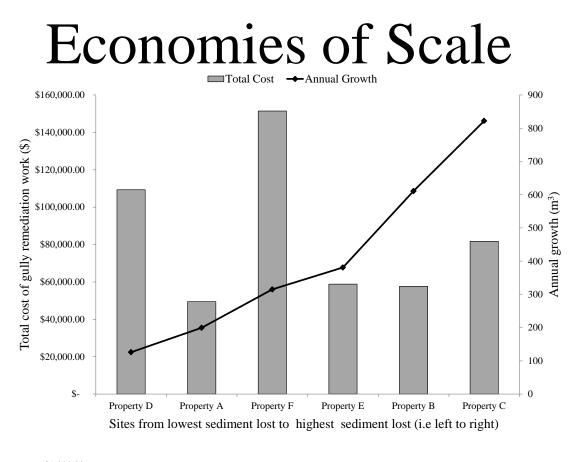
Summary of Project Gullies

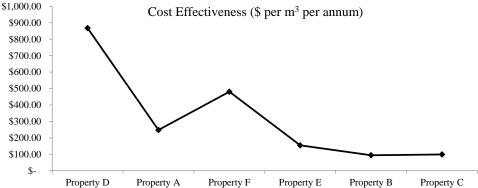
Property	Location	Riparian Gully	Site (ha)	Catchment (ha)	Sediment Lost (m ³)	Annual Growth (m ³)
А	Ogmore	Yes	0.5	31.0	5,320.0	199.5
В	Comet	Yes	12.0	160.0	7,840.0	336.0
			2.0	20.0	5,500.0	275.0
С	Taroom	No	60.0	330.0	9,750.0	507.0
				21.0	5,250.0	315.0
D	Nebo	Yes	7.5	20.0	2,520.0	126.0
E	Springsure	No	4.5	3.0	7,614.0	381.0
F	Clermont	Yes	150.0	20.0	6,300.0	315.0

Cost Effectiveness Estimates

Property	Summary of Work	Total Cost (@ 7% p.a. over 20 years)	Annual Growth (m ³ per year)	Cost Effectiveness (\$ per annual m ³)
A	Some filling and battering, Gravel lip at each gully head, Strategically placed pervious weirs, 1 diversion bank, Fence	\$49,432.88	199.5	247.78
В	Whoa boys on access track, Multiple diversion banks, 5 wire netting silt trap weirs with geo-fabric matting, 2 gravel and geo-fabric matting chutes, Solar power electric fence	\$57,675.85	611#	94.40
С	1 gully silt trap dam, Multiple stick rake lines, 3 diversion banks, Battering of 3 gully heads, Multiple whoa boys, 1 battered rock chute with diversion banks, Solar power electric fence	\$81,727.19	822#	99.42
D	Battering gully head, 1 rock, gravel and geo-fabric matting chute, 2 short diversion banks, 2 large diversion banks, Alternative watering points (troughs, pumps, pipes), Stick rake lines, Fence	\$109,310.68	126	867.55
Е	1 diversion bank, Swales across the gully site, Fence	\$58,817.80	381	154.38
F	1 diversion bank, Batter main gully head, Stick rake lines, Whoa boys on an old laneway, Whoa boys and diversion banks on a new laneway, Fence	\$151,401.52	315	480.64

There are two gully sites on these properties and the annual growth reported here is the total sediment loss from both these sites.





Conclusion

 Estimated costs from ~\$94/(m3/year) to ~\$870/(m3/year); and

 Our results suggest that the cost effectiveness increases for projects that target a larger volume of gully erosion.

References

- Brodie, J., et al. (2013). <u>2013 Scientific Consensus Statement: Land use</u> <u>impacts on Great Barrier Reef water quality and ecosystem condition</u>. Queensland, Australia, The Reef Water Quality Protection Plan Secretariat.
- The State of Queensland (2013). <u>Reef Water Quality Protection Plan:</u> <u>Securing the health and resilience of the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage</u> <u>area and adjacent catchments</u>, Reef Water Quality Protection Plan Secretariat
- Star, M., et al. (2015). <u>Prioritisation of neighbourhood catchments in the</u> <u>Fitzroy Basin</u>. Queensland, Australia, Fitzroy Basin Association Inc.

Questions?