



AgEcon SEARCH
RESEARCH IN AGRICULTURAL & APPLIED ECONOMICS

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
<http://ageconsearch.umn.edu>
aesearch@umn.edu

*Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.*



AARES
AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL &
RESOURCE ECONOMICS SOCIETY

Big Data Applications and Prospects in Precision Agriculture

Tseganesh Wubale Tamirat¹

Robert Farquharson²

¹ University of Copenhagen, Department of Food and Resource Economics

² University of Melbourne, Faculty of Veterinary and Agricultural Sciences

Outline

- Introduction
- Overview of Precision Agriculture in Australia and Europe
- Big data applications in PA: opportunities and challenges
- Implications of Big Data for farm management
- Observations and Remarks

Introduction

- Increasingly competitive markets with rising input costs but declining agric commodity price (declining TOT)
- Climate change, resource supply constraints & changing consumer demand

⇒ Farmers seek for productivity improvement

- technology progress, on-farm innovation, resource allocation (structural adjustment), R&D

⇒ produce high quality products in environmentally sustainable way

⇒ Precision farming: managing spatial and temporal variabilities

Introduction (cont')

- Transformative technological trends:
 - **Internet of Things (IoT)**: cheaper sensors and increased inter-connectivity provide rich-data sources on agricultural production systems.
 - **Big Data (BD)**: analysis of data provides insights for better farm decision making and fast-track research.
 - **E-commerce**: targeting consumer preference
- Ability of applying BD solutions for real-time business decision will be a divide between survival and bankruptcy (Kitikidou and Arambatzis 2015).

Precision Agriculture in Australia

- Australia's agro-climatic conditions, large average farm size and low farm income subsidy provide good conditions for precision farm management (Whelan 2007)
- PA in Australia is dominated by the grains farm
 - use of auto-steering as high as 90% but yield monitor & VRT is low (Bramley and Trengove 2013)
 - VRT for P and N
- Farm Information Systems for horticulture. E.g, <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j-gJQXQoqX0>
- Availability & use of decision support technology platforms is at a low stage

Precision Agriculture in Australia

(cont')

- Research and Robotics at University of Sydney
 - PA Lab
 - Australian Center For Precision Agriculture (CFPA)
- RIPPA(Robot for Intelligent Perception and Precision Application)
- Variable Injection Intelligent Precision Applicator (VIIPA)
 - First Autonomous on-farm field trial –Nov 2015
 - Weed management, animal monitoring & invasive pest management
- Rover Farm Trials <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KGfyuiUgFYQ>
 - Self reconfigurable crop row monitoring
 - Easy to transportation
- LadyBird Real-time targeted Spot Spray with image-based detection

Precision Agriculture in Europe

- Auto steering, controlled traffic farming, yield mapping, VRT (lime, fertilizer, pest), (semi)-automated irrigation management
 - Wide diversity in adoption across EU countries
- So far PF adoption in Europe is regarded as lower than expected
 - high investment cost in equipment
 - high learning cost owing to complexities of the systems (Kutter et al. 2011)
- Now Europe entering the era of PA with combined use of data (EurActiv quoting Phil Hogan, 23 October 2015)

Precision Agriculture in Europe

- Intelligent Robots and Information Systems



Big Data and Precision Agriculture

- An enabler to achieve practical need of PA, i.e., improve farm management decisions
(Brett Whelan, August 2015 to AFI)
- Target consumer needs/markets, e.g, premium markets
- Better align research and development
- Tracing and tracking
- Motivate value adding at farm and latter in the value-chain
- Facilitate embodied technology in farm equipment and hence adoption of PA

Big Data and Precision Agriculture

- Some perceive PA to flourish as 'Big Data Business' (Tien 2012)
- Objective of BD analytics (Tien 2013):
Data → Information → Knowledge → Wisdom
- Many applications in agric retail but not so in production (Sonka and Cheng 2015)
- Example areas of Big Data application in agriculture
 - robotic management
 - decision support systems
- In Europe, Food and Agriculture is identified as one of the seven societal challenges where Big Data is hoped to considerably contribute to the solutions.

Implications of BD for Agriculture

- Prospect for robotic management
 - Labor employment issues
 - Consumers' perception about agric commodities may be influenced
- Make it hard for less efficient farms to survive
- Accompanying technical and managerial capabilities
- Business model for farm consultancy
 - cooperatives vs contractors

What needs to be done?

- New methodologies for automated micro decisions in farm management
- Decision Support platforms for farmers
- Synergy between Small data and Big Data (Cheng 2015)

Remarks:

- BD is not just for Big entities
- Big chances of misled decisions, so invest in farmer/manager expertize

Questions? Comments?

Thank you.