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Dining Out: Separate Eating Places Keep Customers Happy, Suppliers Busy

Michael G. Van Dress

DINING OUT: Separate Eating Places Keep Customers Happy, Suppliers Busy, by Michael G. Van Dress, National Economics Division, Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. AIB-459

ABSTRACT

Separate eating places, the largest segment (in numbers and earnings) of the foodservice industry with more than 231,000 establishments, served 90 million customers daily and grossed \$58.4 billion in meal and snack sales in 1979, an 81-percent surge (after adjusting for inflation) from 1966. By 1985, these establishments, whose earnings are based on onpremise or immediate consumption, are expected to increase sales by another 18 percent. Separate eating places employ more people than any single retail business in this country. A combination of rising incomes, smaller households, a more mobile population, and the trend toward convenience in eating has expanded eating away from home.

Keywords: Foodservice industry, eating places, away-from-home eating, food markets, industry structure, equipment, nonfood supplies.

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PREFACE

This analysis is based on a survey conducted by the International Foodservice Manufacturers Association (IFMA), Michael J. Licata, President. Primary objectives were to obtain information on industry structure and organization, the quantity of foods received, use of foodservice equipment and nonfood supplies, and other characteristics of establishments that make up the industry.

Leadership in organizing and coordinating the survey was provided by Reuben R. Cordova, formerly Executive Vice President, IFMA; William S. Ash, formerly Market Resarch and Planning Director, Durkee Foods Division of SCM Corporation; and J. C. Heithaus, Market Research Director, Hobart Corporation. Other contributors, as members of IFMA's Market Research Committee, were John Hofer, Technomic Consultants; Charles Lehman, formerly with Chef's Pantry, Inc.; Arthur Skulstad, formerly with Kraft, Inc.; Malcolm Knapp, Malcolm M. Knapp, Inc.; Ronald Klimek, formerly with CFS Continental, Inc.; and Robert Schmitz, formerly with American Can. Data were gathered by Audits and Surveys, Inc., under the direction of Dexter Neadle and Nagesh Gupta.

Thomas Stafford and Barry Ford of the U.S. Department of Agriculture designed and developed the sample upon which the survey was based; Kenneth King, USDA, was responsible for data processing systems and programming; and James Carlin, USDA, was editor. Michael G. Van Dress directed the Department's efforts and provided consultation on methodology and procedures during the conduct of the survey.

Statistics are provided on numbers of establishments by kind and size of business and primary type of food service offered. Using these establishment characteristics as major classifications, detailed information is shown on product movement, equipment inventories, and use of nonfood supplies.

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SUMMARY

Separate eating places, the largest segment of the foodservice industry, have more outlets (231,000), serve more customers (90 million daily), and gross more in meal and snack sales (\$58.4 billion in 1979) than any other industry segment. Fastfood firms will likely maintain their strong position in the separate eating place category and continue drawing business from unaffiliated, traditionally full-service restaurants, although that outlook is tempered by sales slippages in 1980 and 1981. Real sales in 1982 were up from the 1979 level, however.

The foodservice industry employs more people than any single U.S. retail business, boosted by the sharp upturn in away-from-home eating, which began in the early sixties. Separate eating places obtain most of their revenue directly from meal and snack sales. The category excludes places where food service is not the major activity, such as a coffee shop at a department store, an airport restaurant, or a school cafeteria.

This report traces the upward spiral of dining out at separate eating places and its effect on labor trends, equipment and supplies sales, and food buying by owners and consumers.

Rising incomes have drawn the American diner away from home. Smaller households, increased mobility, and convenience in eating have also shaped the consumer preference for dining out. The 81-percent increase (after adjusting for inflation) in meal and snack sales that marked the period 1966-79 will continue to advance by a projected 18 percent by 1985.

Real income will probably rise in the eighties, adding to restaurant trade. However, the industry will likely expand at a slower rate than it did in the 1966-79 wave of development. Steeper food, labor, and energy costs may lift menu prices, blunting sales somewhat. The expansion trend, especially in fast-food enterprises, may be slowed by a glut of establishments in some areas. In 1979, fast-food restaurants accounted for a third of all eating places, up about 14 percent from 1966; meantime, restaurants offering primarily sitdown service declined by 13 percent.

Industry response to competition in the eighties likely will be price cutting; heavy advertising, including coupons, games, premiums, and other promotions; improved menus; remodeling; added services; and mergers and acquisitions. These methods favor corporate franchises and chains, which feature large advertising budgets, sophisticated marketing techniques, and regional or national identities.

GLOSSARY

Avoirdupois weight—The system used to report estimated quantities of products received. The unit of weight is the pound of 16 ounces. Liquid measures, such as pints, quarts, and gallons, are converted to pounds.

Food service—The dispensing of prepared meals and snacks intended for onpremise or immediate consumption, except for the following products when other solid foods are not available: candies, popcorn, pretzels, nuts, and drinks. Further, vended foods qualify as food service only when tables or counters are available in the immediate area and a person with records of food receipts is present at the establishment.

Primary type of food service—A single method of serving, selling, or dispensing meals and snacks considered most important by the operator. If operators were uncertain about the primary type of food service offered, they were asked to indicate that type which produced the greatest amount of sales. They are:

Cafeteria type: operations in which people perform a selfservice function in the process of obtaining meals and snacks for onpremise or immediate consumption. Excluded are food-vending operations.

Counter purchase: operations in which meals and snacks are purchased at the counter but normally eaten elsewhere in the establishment.

Counter service with waiter/waitress: operations which provide sitdown service at counters.

Drive-up windows/carryout/delivery: operations in which carryout orders, purchases at drive-up windows, or delivery service is the primary source of revenue.

Table/booth with waiter/waitress service: operations which provide sitdown service at tables or booths.

Other: operations not classified in any of the above groups. These establishments may provide such services as banquet facilities, catering, and food vending.

The term "fast foods" is used to discuss collectively establishments that offer services such as drive-up, carryout, or delivery, and those that offer counter purchase with seating or stand-up facilities elsewhere in the establishment.

<u>Separate eating places</u>—Retail business establishments whose primary function is the sale of prepared food for onpremise or immediate consumption.

Size of operation—A measure based on annual dollar sales of food and nonalcoholic beverages. "Retail value" and "sales" are used synonymously in this report and the term "food" includes "non-alcoholic beverages."

Dining Out: Separate Eating Places Keep Customers Happy, Suppliers Busy

Michael G. Van Dress*

INTRODUCTION

Separate eating places make up the largest segment of the food-service industry, accounting for 57 percent of the retail value of all meals and snacks purchased away from home for onpremise or immediate consumption. Meal and snack sales represent the major source of revenue, unlike foodservice establishments in other industry segments that provide food service as an adjunct to their main business. Moreover, separate eating places offer traditional types of food service, such as table, counter, or cafeteria services as well as services not generally offered by other eating places such as fast foods and drive-up windows. Separate eating places also are a major market for foodservice equipment and supplies and employ more workers than any single retail enterprise.

BACKGROUND AND PROCEDURE

This report presents information on food movement, the structure and organization of separate eating places, equipment inventories, and use of nonfood supplies. Data generally are classified by the establishment's primary type of food service and firm size. Measures of change that occurred since the surveys in 1966 and 1969 also are presented.

Data are based on a national sample of foodservice establishments in the 48 contiguous States. Personal interviews and Food Item Recording Booklets were used to collect the data. Interviewers surveyed 2,272 establishments, most of which were separate eating places. Interviews were scheduled each month between November 1978 and October 1979 (callbacks continued through January 1980) to reduce the potential effect on annual estimates of food use due to seasonal differences. Annual sales draw from the most recent period for which data were available prior to the interview. For the most part, sales estimates cover the period July 1978 to July 1979. All other estimates reflect information as of the date of the scheduled interview.

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Information from the current survey sometimes is compared with findings from studies conducted in 1966 and 1969; however, differences in estimates between periods may be due, in part, to differences in sample design and to other sampling and nonsampling errors. Measures of reliability were not computed for estimates derived from the current survey as they were for estimates from the 1966 and 1969 surveys. In those surveys, measures of reliability were reported in the form of coefficients of variation. For the 16 major food groups in the 1969 survey, the coefficients for separate eating places ranged from 3.9 percent (at one standard deviation) for sugar and sweets to 10.4 percent for seafood. The sugar and sweets standard deviation indicates that the chances were 95 out of 100 (at two standard deviations) that the true quantity would be within 7.8 percent, plus or mimus, of the estimated quantity. (Additional detail on sample methodology and data collection is provided in the appendix.)

FOOD SERVICE IN PERSPECTIVE

The retail value of food served away from home in 1979 amounted to \$102.4 billion, with 169 million persons served daily. This total represents a compound annual increase in real sales of 3 percent and in persons served of 2.7 percent since 1966, the first year data were accumulated. In current dollars, the annual increase in sales jumped an estimated 10.5 percent. Consumers' willingness to spend more of their food dollar away from home was triggered by rising per capita income, an increase in the number of multiple-earner households, a trend toward smaller households, a more mobile populace, and the national inclination to purchase greater convenience.

Both the public sector and the institutional sector of the away-from-home market have been growing. Public eating places exist primarily for profit and account for 75 percent of the retail value of all food consumed away from home. A public eating place is either a separate entity earning revenue mainly from sales of meals and snacks, or a part of a larger facility whose foodservice sales are less than other revenues (for example, a snack bar in a bowling alley or a coffee shop in a department store). Separate eating places account for about 75 percent of the retail value of meals and snacks sold in the public sector; other eating places which are part of larger public facilities account for the remaining 25 percent.

Foodservice establishments in the institutional sector support the main business, and are usually, though not always, nonprofit (for example, hospitals and homes for children). The typical institution serves more people than does a public eating place. But the number of institutions is small compared with the number of public eating places and institutions account for only 25 percent of the retail value of all food consumed away from home. Schools and hospitals, the largest markets in the institutional sector, account for 33 percent and 15 percent, respectively, of the value of institutional food purchases and for 9 percent and 4 percent, respectively, of total foodservice industry purchases.

SURVEY FINDINGS

Separate eating places, the largest segment of the foodservice industry, have more outlets, serve more consumers, and gross more from meal and snack sales than any kind of business—public or institutional—in which food service is available:

Industry sector	Retail fo	od value
	Mil. dol.	Percent
Public establishments Separate eating places Other public eating places	76,962 58,382 18,580	75.2 57.0 18.2
Institutional establishments	25,447	24.8
Industry total	102,409	100.0

Number of Separate Eating Places

In 1979, 231,018 separate eating places were open for business, which was 14.5 percent more establishments than in 1966 (app. table 1). The relatively modest increase in the number of establishments obscures phenomenal changes that occurred in the structure and organization of separate eating places during that period: changes in foodservice delivery systems and menu specialties; the growth of franchise firms and large chains; and the rapid decline in restaurant diners. The effects of these changes on farmers, processors, manufacturers, and distributors differed substantially, according to market and product.

Primary Type of Food Service

Five distinct types of food service accounted for 99.6 percent of all separate eating places in 1979: tables or booths with waiter/waitress service; counter service with waiters/waitresses; counter purchases where food is eaten elsewhere in the establishment; drive-up windows, carryout, or delivery services; and cafeterias. Miscellaneous types, classified under "other," accounted for the balance.

Establishments offering sitdown service take orders for meals and snacks from patrons who are seated. These included establishments that provided waiter/waitress service at tables or booths, and establishments, such as diners, that provided this service at counters. Cafeterias and fast-food places provided their patrons little, if any, sitdown service.

Sitdown service restaurants accounted for 60 percent of foodservice establishments in 1979. While the number of restaurants that provided this service dropped 6 percent between 1966 and 1979, eating places that did not provide sitdown service, such as fast-food outlets, jumped 76 percent.

Establishments that offered sitdown service at tables or booths remained the primary type of food service for 52 percent of the separate eating places in 1979, about the same proportion as in 1966 (the number of these establishments actually increased 20

percent during the period). However, the number of establishments that offered sitdown service at counters dropped 63 percent—from about 46,000 in 1966 to 17,000 in 1979. And the proportion of separate eating places that offered sitdown service at counters declined from 23 percent in 1966 to 7 percent in 1979. This trend will likely continue, although the rate of departure is expected to be less rapid than the change experienced between 1966 and 1979.

Since 1966, both cafeteria and fast-food service gained substantially in number, up 25 percent and 82 percent, respectively. The proportion of separate eating places that primarily dispense fast foods increased from 23 percent in 1966 to 37 percent in 1979.

The 1966 and 1979 surveys regarding fast foods cannot be compared directly because of definitional differences, but the large increase in fast-food establishments points to substantial real gains.

The increase is confirmed by statistics from the U.S. Bureau of the Census. In 1977, refreshment places (commonly referred to as fast-food places by the foodservice trade) accounted for 38.8 percent of eating places (SIC 5812), up about 14 percentage points from 1966. Growth in fast foods outpaced other industry segments and was nearly double the Nation's 44-percent increase in per capita income between 1966 and 1979.

Fast-food outlets offer a more limited menu of foods than the wider choice generally available in restaurants that provide waiter/waitress service at tables, booths, and counters. The trend toward more outlets featuring limited menus and fewer outlets with broader menus is expected to continue, and this trend will have a mixed impact on food demand. Farmers and manufacturers who produce ingredients that are frequently used in food by fast-food places, such as cheese, buns, and pickles, should benefit, while those who produce commodity ingredients that are infrequently used, such as butter and fruit, may experience a softening in demand. However, the limited offerings of fast-food places are gradually giving way to a somewhat broader menu concept. This trend likely will also continue. The addition of the salad bar with its variety of vegetables, the increase in breakfast offerings, and the tendency of hamburger outlets to offer chicken, pork, and fish items is changing the mix of foods served away from home. To participate fully in the growing foodservice market, farmers and their marketing representatives will need to respond to the specific product, packaging, and delivery specifications required of large-scale foodservice buyers.

^{1/} Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes were developed by the Office of Management and Budget as a statistical tool. The code classifies industries as economic units which produce goods and services. SIC 5812 is the code for retail establishments that derive revenue mainly from the sale of meals and snacks for onpremise or immediate consumption.

Firm Size

Single-unit firms are the most numerous and claim the largest share of separate eating place sales. But their share in both categories declined rapidly after 1966. Single-unit firms accounted for 70 percent of the outlets in 1979, down almost 20 percentage points in 13 years. Multiunit firms increased from less than 11 percent of the establishments in 1966 to 30 percent in 1979. Chains (firms with 11 or more outlets) constituted about 14 percent of all establishments in 1979. Census statistics reflect a similar trend toward fewer single-unit firms. In 1972, single-unit firms made up 85 percent of eating places. By 1977, the single-unit share dropped to 80 percent, an average drop of one percentage point per year. The decrease in single-unit firms contrasted with an increase in outlets of chains, from 8 percent in 1972 to nearly 13 percent in 1977. These statistics understate the importance of larger firms in the marketplace, because many establishments classified as single-unit firms actually are affiliated with larger firms through franchise arrangements.

Chains and franchise firms exercise cost advantages over independents in many critical areas such as product and market development, advertising and promotion, centralized purchasing and inventory, accounting, and administrative controls and technologies. Costs borne by the independent alone are distributed over all outlets of the chain.

Franchise Association

The nationwide proliferation of fast-food outlets that mass produce and mass serve a limited variety of items, coupled with the rapid decline in independent diners featuring individual menus and waiter/waitress service, has spawned marked uniformity and consistency of quality in food service across America.

Many fast-food outlets are affiliated with a franchise firm. Franchise operations closely parallel those of large corporate chains by displaying trademarks, uniform identification symbols and storefronts, and standardized products and prices. Franchising enables the parent firm to expand its operation with only a limited capital investment, and enables an independent owner to enter the foodservice business with limited experience and managerial information. But a franchise is likely to require a sizable investment and tends to restrict managerial discretion in procurement, products sold, and sales practices.

The franchisee, who actually owns and operates the business, agrees to provide specific uniform products, services, and practices in the operation of the business. A franchisor outlet is owned and managed directly by the parent firm.

One out of every four separate eating places was associated with a franchise firm in 1979 (app. table 2). In the 1966 survey, at least 86 percent were single-unit firms and not affiliated. An undetermined additional percent of multiunit outlets also had no affiliation, but data from the 1966 survey were not delineated to show them. Franchising grew markedly during the 13-year interim, although the 1966 and 1979 data were not tabulated in the same detail and format to enable direct comparisons.

Separate eating places that were not associated with a franchise firm tended to dominate in the services not generally offered by franchise outlets (app. table 3). For example, 66 percent of the outlets with a franchise affiliation provided fast-food service, but only 27 percent of the operations without affiliation offered this type of service. Sitdown service at tables and booths was the primary type operated by 31 percent of the affiliated establishments and 70 percent of those not affiliated. A slightly higher proportion of unaffiliated establishments provided cafeteria service.

Except for cafeteria service and drive-up, carryout, or delivery service, the proportion of establishments offering the various types of food service was about equally divided between franchisee operator and franchisor owner. However, franchisees operated twice as many establishments with drive-up window, carryout, or delivery service as the primary type. Franchisors ran most cafeteria service outlets.

Menu Specialty

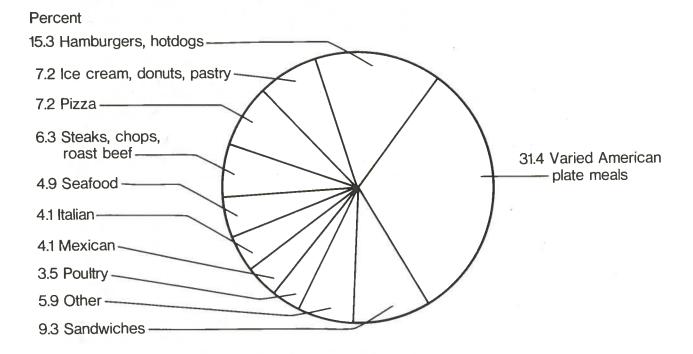
The importance of varied American plate meals as a menu specialty of separate eating places declined substantially between 1966 and 1979. "Varied American plate meals" are defined as a meat, poultry, or fish entree; a vegetable or grain—usually a form of potato or rice; and a salad or serving of fruit. The menu is frequently rotated.

Although the varied American plate meal was still the dominant food specialty of about 31 percent of the separate eating places in 1979, its importance declined about 11 percentage points from 1966 when 40 percent of the establishments reported it as their specialty (app. table 4). Italian foods also declined in importance, from 5 percent to 4 percent. While these specialties declined, others became more prominent in 1979 versus 1966, including steaks, chops, and roast beef, up to 6.3 percent from 4.6 percent; seafood, up to 4.9 percent from 2.1 percent; and poultry, up to 3.5 percent from 3 percent (fig. 1).

Direct comparisons with the 1966 survey data cannot be made for establishments serving Mexican foods, pizza, hamburgers or hotdogs, and ice cream, donuts, and pastry because of definitional differences, although some of these specialties were widely sold in 1979. For example, 25 percent of separate eating places specified hamburgers, hotdogs, and sandwiches as house specialties. Pizza or ice cream, donut, and pastry specialties were each mentioned by more than 7 percent of the establishments. Mexican foods were house specialties of 4 percent.

Menu specialties differed between the franchised and non-franchised separate eating places. In 1979, the varied American plate meal was the specialty of 38 percent of the nonfranchised establishments but only of 12 percent of the franchised outlets. Thirty percent of franchise places specialized in hamburgers and hotdogs, but only 10 percent of the nonaffiliated establishments offered those specialties. Franchised outlets served more pizza, 16 versus 4 percent; more ice cream, donuts, and pastry, 12 versus 6 percent; and more poultry, 8 versus 2 percent.

Separate Eating Places: Distribution by Menu Specialty, United States, 1979



Figures may not add to 100% because of rounding.

Menu specialty changes mirrored proportional increases in separate eating places that offered specialized, limited menus as well as similar decreases in establishments that specialized in varied American plate meals. This likely influenced the amounts and types of foods served away from home. For example, demand may strengthen for cheese, flour, tomatoes, and meat toppings if the number of pizza shops and total sales grow.

Sales of Food and Nonalcoholic Beverages In the 1979 survey, separate eating places registered \$58.4 billion in sales of food and nonalcoholic beverages, a 360-percent increase from 1966 (app. table 5). Compounded annually, the increase amounted to 12 percent in current dollars and 4.7 percent after adjusting for inflation.

Primary Type of Food Service

Separate eating places that provided sitdown service notched 56 percent of sales in 1979, a substantial decline from the 73 percent of sales in 1966 (app. table 6). The proportion of sales at establishments offering this service at tables or booths declined from 61 to 51 percent, while sales at counterservice establishments declined from 11 to 4 percent.

Fast-food establishments scored the greatest gains, offsetting the decline of sitdown-service places. The proportion of sales at sitdown-service restaurants decreased 17 percentage points between 1966 and 1979, and sales at fast-food outlets jumped 18.5 percentage points. Although definitional differences

existed between the surveys regarding the classification of fast-food service, the upward trend was verified by the Census Bureau. Between the 1967 and 1977 censuses, fast-food sales, as a proportion of eating place sales (SIC 5812), rose 18.6 percentage points. Sales at restaurants, lunchrooms, and caterers fell 19.2 percentage points.

Firm Size

Multiunit firms in 1979 accounted for more than half of all sales dollars for meals and snacks registered at separate eating places, but made up only 3 of every 10 establishments (app. table 7). Dollar sales and the number of establishments of multiunit firms, as a proportion of the totals for eating places (SIC 5812), rose 18 and 10 percentage points, respectively, between 1967 and 1977. During the same period, the percentage of sales at chain outlets more than doubled from 13.6 in 1967 to 27.6 in 1977.

The trend toward chain outlets rather than mostly single-unit firms (independents) is expected to continue, but at a declining rate. Because a greater mix of products may be purchased by independents, farmers that produce a wider variety of commodities likely would benefit from an increase in single-unit firms.

Establishment Size

The importance of larger foodservice establishments as outlets for food and nonalcoholic beverages is apparent when establishments are classified by establishment size. For example, approximately the largest 10 percent of all eating places accounted for 47 percent of food sales; 18 percent made 64 percent of sales; and 34 percent showed 82 percent of sales. Establishments with revenues of from \$600,000 to \$1,249,999, annually, registered combined sales of \$18.3 billion, or 31 percent of total sales. Establishments in this size of business category had greater total sales than any other group of establishments. In the 1966 survey, 57 percent of sales were made by the largest 17 percent of all establishments, and the top 37 percent accounted for 78 percent of sales.

Average establishment size, as measured in constant dollars, has increased substantially since 1966. Sales per establishment increased 58 percent between 1966 and 1979. In 1979, sales per establishment for single-unit firms were only two-thirds as large as the average for all establishments and less than one-third as large as the average chain outlet (app. table 8). Because the 1966 survey did not report sales by firm size, a measure of change between the survey periods is not available. Data are available, however, from statistics published by the Census Bureau, which indicate that sales per establishment for singleunit firms (SIC 5812) (although still only about one-third as large as outlets of chains) grew faster than chain outlets. Real sales per single-unit firm rose 7 percent between 1967 and 1977. Sales per individual chain outlet decreased marginally. Several factors could account for this. The number of chain outlets nearly tripled during the 10-year period, but singleunit firms increased by less than 3 percent. Varying degrees of time are involved before new establishments realize their full potential. Further, a decrease in the number of establishments

that were not affiliated with a franchise firm, such as small-volume diners, likely was offset by an increase in higher volume, single-unit firms that were affiliated.

Cafeteria establishments averaged higher sales than those that provided other types of food service in both the 1966 and 1979 surveys. Fast-food places, in third position in 1966, took second position in 1979, ahead of establishments that provided sitdown service. Fast-food places, with average sales per establishment nearly doubling between 1966 and 1979, registered the highest growth rate after adjusting for inflation.

Franchise Association Separate eating places maintaining a franchise association registered sales of nearly \$25 billion, based on the 1979 survey. In the division between franchisee/franchisor-operated establishments, franchisees had slightly more sales at 54 percent. Much of this difference stemmed from proportionately higher sales in franchisee-owned establishments that offered drive-up, carryout, or delivery service as the primary operation as well as in establishments that offered sitdown service at counters.

Total sales of franchisor firms tended to increase as firm size increased. The opposite was true for franchisee firms. Sales of franchisor firms, as a percentage of total sales of such firms, ranged from 7 percent for single-unit firms and 23 percent for firms with 11 to 50 units to 44 percent for firms with 250 or more units. Comparable figures for franchisee firms generally decreased from 27 percent for single-unit firms and 14 percent for firms with 11 to 50 units to 2 percent for firms with 250 or more units.

The Census Bureau states that average establishment sales for all eating places (SIC 5812) increased when intervals of firm size increased. When classified in the same manner, data from the 1979 survey confirmed this aggregate tendency. However, when establishments were further delineated by franchise association, the relationship was less apparent. Establishment sales for franchise firms with 4 to 10 outlets averaged more than that for chain establishments. In addition, franchisor firms with 2 to 3 units had marginally higher average sales per outlet than firms with at least 250 establishments. A similarly clouded relationship existed when affiliated establishments were classified by primary type of food service. For example, franchisee establishments with sitdown service averaged higher sales than those with cafeterias, but the opposite was found for outlets operated by franchisor firms.

Menu Specialty

Establishments specializing in varied American plate meals accounted for \$1 of every \$3 spent for meals and snacks at separate eating places. Combined with hamburgers and hotdogs (the next most important menu specialty), the varied American plate meal accounted for more than half of total sales. Seafood establishments and separate eating places specializing in steaks, chops, and roast beef ranked third and fourth, respectively.

Data changes in establishment size from 1966 to 1979 were based on changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for food away from home and adjusted for inflation. The CPI sets retail prices for all meals and snacks but does not specify the price of a menu specialty. Thus, the adjustment is only an approximation. Further, direct comparisons could not be made for establishments specializing in Mexican foods, pizza, hamburgers and hotdogs, and ice cream, donuts, and pastry because of definitional differences between the two surveys. Of the remaining five menu specialties, establishments specializing in varied American plate meals and seafood posted the largest real gains with average growth rates of 57 percent and 69 percent, respectively. Poultry establishments realized a gain of 25 percent, and average sales of places that specialized in Italian foods or steaks, chops, and roast beef each gained about 8 percent. An increase in establishment size between 1966 and 1979 for places serving varied American plate meals was accompanied by a decrease in number of establishments, indicating an exodus of smaller firms, probably independents, from the business. Census Bureau data show a drop of 10 percentage points between 1967 and 1977 in eating places (SIC 5812) that are single-unit firms.

Quantity of Foods Received

In 1979, separate eating places received 29 billion pounds of food, up 35 percent from the 21 billion pounds received in 1969 (app. table 9). During this 10-year period, the most current industry survey showed factors other than growth and structural change affecting foodservice operations and their food offerings. The period saw a stronger demand by eating place patrons for lighter foods, so fruit and salad bars became widespread. Prepared foods were, at times, substituted for dishes prepared by experienced chefs or otherwise used by eating places to expand or make attractive other meal and snack offerings. And use of breakfast products increased when more eating places made this meal available.

Each food product was assigned to 1 of 20 major groups. Together, they reflect the total mix of foods that move through the foodservice delivery system. They are: dairy products and ices; fats and oils; flour and cereal products; bakery products; beef and veal; pork; other red meats; variety meats; meat products; poultry and eggs; fish and shellfish; sugar and sweets; vegetables; fruits; juices, ades, and drinks; beverages; soups, gravies, and sauces; prepared foods; nuts and snacks; and condiments and seasonings.

One measure of the relative importance among food groups is the percentage of the total quantity of all foods received. Prominent major food groups that ranked one through four, respectively, in both 1969 and 1979 were vegetables, dairy products and ices, bakery products, and beef and veal. The fats and oils group, in fifth position in 1979, up from eighth in 1969, increased its ranking more than any other major food group. Other groups that increased their standing included flour and cereals; meat products; soups, gravies, and sauces; prepared foods; nuts and snacks; and condiments and seasonings. All but two major food groups—juices, ades, and drinks and

beverages—displayed increases in quantities received. Decreased purchases of carbonated bottled drinks and regular coffee and increased purchases of beverage fountain syrup and instant coffee accounted for a drop in the total quantity of the beverage group. Receipts for 12 groups rose more than the average percent rise for all foods; 4 of these had increases that topped 100 percent during the 10-year period—flour and cereal products; meat products; soups, sauces, and gravies; and nuts and snacks.

Sixteen individual foods accounted for half of all the food received: white fluid milk, potatoes, flour, beverage fountain syrup, bread, ground meat, cheese, shortening, buns, and eggs topped the list, each accounting for more than a billion pounds. Steak, lettuce, cream, tomatoes, crackers, and roasts each contributed over 600 million pounds.

Primary Type of Food Service

Sitdown-service establishments at tables or booths used slightly more than half the quantity of all food and nonalcoholic beverages received in 1979 by separate eating places, almost unchanged from 1969. These establishments were heavy users of products from the fruit, beverage, and juice, ade, and drink groups—accounting for between 5 and 10 percentage points more than that posted for all foods—and were even heavier users of fats and oils, seafood, and prepared foods totaling at least 10 percentage points for these food groups. Sitdown—service establishments cut back on products from the dairy and ices group by 5 to 10 percentage points, and decreased purchases of condiments and seasonings, nuts and snacks, and sugar and sweets by 10 percentage points or more than that posted for all foods (app. table 10).

The distribution of food groups in sitdown establishments that offered table or booth service changed little between 1969 and 1979. Only three groups differed by three percentage points or more. Fats and oils increased from 7 to 10 percent and bakery products from 8 to 14 percent. Vegetables decreased from 23 percent in 1969 to 18 percent in 1979.

Fast-food places, the second largest market for food in 1979, purchased 37 percent of the total quantity received by separate eating places, up from about 26 percent 10 years earlier. Much of the increase resulted from proportionately greater purchases of dairy products and ices, meat products, sugar and sweets, nuts and snacks, and condiments and seasonings. Fast-food places, a major market for condiments and seasonings, nuts and snack foods, and sugar and sweets, accounted for more than half of all purchases of each of these major food groups. They used proportionately less fruit, pork, lamb, and varietals (liver, heart, and tripe, for example).

The quantity of food used in cafeterias rose 63 percent between 1969 and 1979, and the mix of foods used changed more than that of any other primary type of food service. Other food services experienced quantity decreases in only one or two major food groups, but cafeterias experienced decreases in six food groups. Cafeterias showed a 62-percent drop in lamb purchases, a 35- to

45-percent decrease in other meat products (pizza toppings, hot-dogs, luncheon meats, for example), juices, beverages, and condiments and seasonings and a 19-percent decline in prepared foods. Changes in these food groups were offset by increased use of soups, sauces, and gravies, flour and cereals, varietals, fruits, and nuts and snacks. Although only 7 percent of the quantity of all foods moved through cafeterias, these establishments accounted for 39 percent of the use of varietals, 23 percent of fruits, and 18 percent of soups, sauces, and gravies.

Establishment Size

The proportion of the total quantity of food receipts in 1979 ranged from 6 percent for establishments with sales of more than \$1.25 million yearly to 19 percent for those annually grossing \$600,000 to \$1.25 million. Establishments in other sales intervals each accounted for from about 14 percent to 17 percent of food receipts. The total market for food in any sales interval is determined by the number of outlets and the sales size of establishments in the interval. For example, 18 percent of all establishments grossed \$350,000 or more in food sales annually, and accounted for about 40 percent of the quantity of foods received, but approximately half of all establishments grossed under \$100,000 and earned 32 percent of food receipts. Nevertheless, small establishments (those with less than \$40,000 in food sales) can be an important market for certain foods. For example, this group accounted for only 15 percent of all foods, yet sold 50 percent of the peanuts received.

A relationship existed between establishment size and the average quantity of food received per establishment. All establishments averaged 111,000 pounds annually, ranging from 68,000 pounds for establishments with sales of less than \$40,000 to 444,000 pounds for establishments with sales of at least \$1.25 million annually. Considerable variation existed among products by size of business, because of the diversity of foods received, differing memu specialties, and types of food service offered by establishments.

Inventory of Equipment

Equipment manufacturers had to react and adjust to changes in traditional methods of food handling, preparing, and serving between 1966 and 1979.

Demand for foodservice equipment is a function of many factors, including availability of and wage rates of foodservice personnel, the types of foods and services offered by eating places, and the cost of equipment. Energy conservation efforts of foodservice management and the relative energy efficiency of equipment also may affect demand. Changes at any time in one or more of these factors or in the total number of eating places could substantially affect the potential market for a given type of equipment. However, the number of pieces and types of equipment available in foodservice establishments could determine the quantity of food purchased and stored, the forms in which it is purchased, and the extent to which it is processed by the retail outlet. Such changes not only influence equipment demand but also provide manufacturers with opportunities for design changes and product and market development.

Data were obtained on more than 150 items of equipment used by separate eating places to receive, store, prepare, cook, and serve foods and beverages and for sanitation and maintenance (app. table 11).

The number of microwave ovens was very low in 1966, but leaped 2,500 percent from 3,800 units to 100,000 units in 1979. Infrared ovens, also with a small base of fewer than 4,000 units in 1966, gained more than 500 percent to 21,000 units by 1979. Carbonated beverage dispensers rose 65 percent to 316,000 units during the 13 years, reflecting changes in packaging and delivery systems and methods of dispensing and serving this product.

Toaster demand apparently was affected by a significant increase in fast-food systems and a decrease in establishments that provided sitdown service at counters. Although the total market rose 22 percent between 1966 and 1979, popup toasters increased only 8 percent, 6 percentage points less than the increase in the number of establishments, while conveyor toasters rose 372 percent, increasing from 4 percent of all toasters in 1966 to 14 percent in 1979. But popup toasters still dominated the market.

The number of handtrucks and dollies increased more than 50 percent after 1966, reaching 111,000 units by 1979. Cafeterias, while accounting for only 3 percent of all separate eating places, used 10 percent of the handtrucks and dollies. The inventory of walk-in refrigerators rose from 93,000 to 169,000 during the 13-year period. For the most part, use of this item by the various types of food service was about equal to the proportion of establishments represented by each type of food service.

Fifty-two percent of separate eating places that offered sitdown service at tables and booths used 80 percent of the warewashers. Cafeteria systems, 5 percent of the total market for all warewashers, had 21 percent of the market for continuous conveyor, straight-flight warewashers. Fast-food outlets provided little market potential for warewashers.

Use of Nonfood Supplies

Use patterns for nonfood supplies varied among separate eating places by type of food service and type of product. Use of permanent dinnerware by all separate eating places ranged from 36 to 37 percent for creamers and sugar bowls to 57 to 61 percent for coffee pots and cups and glasses (app. table 12). Products in these groups were used by a significantly higher proportion of establishments offering sitdown or cafeteria service compared with those that provided fast-food service.

Disposable plates or bowls were used by about 57 percent of the fast-food places and by a similar proportion of establishments with cafeteria systems. A substantial proportion of establishments that offered sitdown service also used these products. About 68 percent of separate eating places used 6- to 14-ounce cold drink cups, and 43 percent used the 15-ounce size or larger. Of course, a significantly higher proportion of fast-food places used these products. Loose disposable tableware was available in

52 percent of the establishments; only 9 percent of establishments provided tableware wrapped in plastic bags.

Three of four separate eating places used foil as food wrap; a slightly higher proportion of fast-food places wrapped with wax paper rather than foil. Plastic wrap was used by 60 percent of all establishments. More establishments provided single-ply luncheon napkins than any other type of paper napkin. The soft wound, paper towel was the most common variety offered by most establishments.

FOODSERVICE EXPECTATIONS

As real income rises, consumers will likely increase spending on food away from home. However, the rapid rate of expansion in separate eating places since the early sixties appears to be yielding to slower growth. Higher food, labor, and energy costs in the past several years, reflected in higher prices to consumers, slowed the trend toward eating out.

In addition, the increased costs of other goods and services, which compete for consumers, also may have slowed the growth of the foodservice industry. In fact, sales of meals and snacks at SIC 5812 eating places in 1980 and 1981, after adjusting for inflation, fell below 1979 levels. More recently, real sales in 1982 were up about 5 percent from 1979.

Fast-food firms probably will continue drawing business from traditional unaffiliated full-service restaurants and diners, some of which can be expected to leave the industry. Industry strategy in the face of slower growth is likely to include price cutting; bigger advertising budgets for coupons, games, premiums, and other promotions; innovative menus; remodeling of store interiors; added services; and further mergers and acquisitions. As the competition for business intensifies, an increase may be expected in head-to-head advertising in which the characteristics of one firm's product are compared directly with those of its competitors.

Compounded annually, the increase in meal and snack sales at separate eating places between 1966 and 1979 amounted to 12 percent. The increase, after an adjustment for inflation, amounted to 4.7 percent. If this rate of growth should continue into the midelighties, real sales at separate eating places will rise 35 percent from 1979. However, many variables affect away-from-home eating, such as meal and snack prices and household size. Income, of course, is especially vital. But whether changes in income and other variables will influence food service in subsequent years as it has since 1966 is unknown. Based on findings from other studies, estimates of income elasticity for meals and snacks away from home ranged from 0.55 to 1.16 with most estimates falling between 0.81 and 0.89. Assumptions and

^{2/} Eastwood, David B., and John A. Craven. "Food Demand Savings in a Complete, Extended, Linear Expenditure System," American Journal of Agricultural Economics. Vol. 63, No. 3, Aug. 1981, pp. 544-549.

time periods underlying these estimates likely account for the differences among them. For estimating growth in meal and snack sales in the mideighties, an elasticity of 0.85 was used (the midpoint between 0.81 and 0.89), meaning that a 10-percent increase in real income is associated with an 8.5-percent increase per capita in meal and snack expenditures, other things remaining equal. Using this approach, and with an assumed increase in income to \$4,924 per capita by 1985, and a concurrent increase in population to 238.8 million, real sales of meals and snacks may rise by 18 percent, about half the expected increase based on the rate of growth between 1966 and 1979.3/

^{3/} Ten-year baseline.

APPENDIX-Methodology

Sample

The survey sought information on food and nonalcoholic beverages, industry structure and organization, and economic and physical characteristics of establishments that provided food service.

The sample design was a stratified, two-stage probability proportional to size sample. Stratification centered on four census regions and, within these, on six zones based upon degrees of urbanization defined as:

Zone 1—Core counties of large metropolitan areas containing the primary central city of a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) with a population of at least 1 million;

Zone 2--Fringe counties of large metropolitan areas without the central city of an SMSA and a population of at least 1 million;

Zone 3--Counties of medium metropolitan areas included in an SMSA with a population of 250,000 to 999,999;

Zone 4--Counties of small metropolitan areas included in an SMSA with a population of less than 250,000;

Zone 5--Counties of nonmetropolitan urbanized areas having an aggregate urban population of at least 20,000 and not part of an SMSA; and

Zone 6--Counties of nonmetropolitan rural and less urbanized areas having an aggregate urban population of less than 20,000 and not part of an SMSA.

In the first stage of the design, where the county was the primary sampling unit, each county within a zone was randomly selected with a probability proportional to its 1970 population. Thus, a county with a large population was more likely to be selected than a county with a small population, and some counties with above—average populations were selected more than once. Using a systematic sample, a total of 200 selections of 179 unique counties represented the contiguous United States. Each selection served as a cluster of establishments for interviewing purposes.

In the second stage of the design, where the establishment was the primary sampling unit, foodservice establishments within each county were drawn at random from name and address lists obtained primarily from State, county, or municipal officials who issued licenses or permits or who inspected foodservice facilities. If a county was selected more than once, new subsamples were used with each selection.

For each of 200 selections, a primary sample, as well as a secondary and tertiary sample, was drawn. The secondary and tertiary samples stood independently to accommodate potential refusals, out-of-business operations, and closures. Where possible, each sample contained a hospital, a college or university, and 14 additional establishments representing other sampled kinds of businesses which provided food service.

Hospitals were randomly selected with probability proportional to the number of inpatients in a county. Colleges and universities were randomly selected with probability proportional to student enrollment. Records from the former U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare provided lists of hospitals and colleges and universities. The 14 additional establishments were selected systematically and with equal probabilities within the primary unit. Thus, 16 establishments plus alternatives when available constituted each segment of 200 clusters.

Field procedures included all eligible establishments in the primary sample, with the exception described in the next paragraph, before drawing establishments from the randomly listed secondary and tertiary samples. An eligible establishment provided meals and snacks and had its own kitchen(s) or food preparation area(s) and records of foods received, although its records may have been maintained elsewhere. A food-vending service became eligible if facilities were available in the immediate area for eating and if a person with food records was at the establishment. Personal interviews and self-administered Food Item Recording Booklets (see the Data Collection Section) were used to collect the information. Normal cutoff procedures for nonresponse were followed. Of the 8,770 establishments, interviews contacted 6,256 establishments, and, of these, 2,272 provided the detailed information required. Thus, about 1 of 3 eligible respondents participated in the survey.

The random selection included 15 outlets of a large foodservice firm in the primary sample, but authorization could not be secured to contact these outlets to obtain scheduled interviews. Because of the size of this firm and its unique operation, alternate establishments were not selected as substitutes. Instead, analysts constructed an establishment profile and imputed for scheduled interviews as required.

Interviews were scheduled over 12 months to minimize the potential effect of seasonal factors on annual estimates of food usage. Establishments within each cluster were assigned the same reporting period that was randomly assigned to the cluster. Within each stratum, clusters were systematically selected where possible to assure that interviews covered each geographic region and urbanization zone during each interviewing period.

Selected counties accounted for 43 percent of the population in the first stage of the probability design. Interviewed hospitals made up 11 percent of the inpatients located in the selected counties in the second stage; universities accounted for 18 percent of student enrollment. All additional kinds of businesses accounted for 1 percent of interviews. The sampling rates were different for each cluster, and within clusters, for hospitals, institutions, and other businesses. Individual rates, in conjunction with appropriate adjustments, resulted in the following expansion formulas:

U.S. totals: $T = \frac{24}{\Sigma} T_i$, i=1

Estimation

$$T_i = \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} T_{ij}$$
 and,

$$T_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^{m} \frac{A_{ij} \cdot B_{ij} \cdot X_{ijk}}{n_i},$$

where:

i = stratum or an urbanization zone within a region.

j = county unit selected within a stratum.

k = establishment in a county.

 n_{i} = number of county units selected in stratum i.

 $A_{ij} = \frac{\text{population in stratum i.}}{\text{population in county j}}$

$$B_{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} INBUS \\ \frac{1}{TRIED_{j}} \cdot TNUM_{j} \end{pmatrix} \div M_{j}$$

 $TRIED_j$ = all establishments from the sample list in county j that were contacted, whether they served food or not (includes refusals and ineligibles).

 $TNUM_j$ = total number of establishments on the sample list for county j.

m_j = number of eligible establishments with completed questionnaire information in county j.

Xijk = response to particular questions on questionnaire.

The number of establishments in INBUS $_j$, TRIED $_j$, TNUM $_j$, and m $_j$ would be replaced by the number of inpatient days when projecting all data for hospitals, as well as replaced by the number of students enrolled when projecting all data for colleges and universities other than the number of such establishments.

Sampling and Nonsampling Variation

Survey estimates are based on a probability sample, which is one of a large number of potential similar samples that may have been selected using the same design. Although an estimate based on one sample likely differs from that of any other sample from the same design, the average of estimates from all such samples is probably close to the estimate derived from a complete enumeration of the population, other things being equal.

A second cause of differences between survey estimates may result from comparing estimates derived from samples which are based on different size and design characteristics, such as an estimate from the 1966-69 survey, and one from the current survey.

Other types of errors in a survey estimate can be attributed to the problems in collecting and processing data: (1) inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; (2) mistakes in following instructions and in recording, editing, or coding the data obtained; (3) errors in response; (4) difficulties in definition and differences in the interpretation of terms and questions; and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and estimation for missing data.

As in most surveys, nonsampling errors may vary with the nature of the question being addressed. For example, less nonsampling error would be expected for an estimate based on a simple "YES" and "NO" question regarding availability of food-vending machines than would be expected for a more detailed and difficult question regarding how much milk and chocolate drink earned in vended food sales.

Participation bias could mar estimates of establishments of the same type which have similar size and menu characteristics. To the extent that large establishments tended to participate more frequently than small establishments, estimates associated with size of operation were biased upward. Conversely, if pizza outlets tended not to participate as often as establishments with other menu specialties, estimates associated with foods, equipment, and supplies used by pizza outlets would be biased downward.

Data Collection

Personal interviews and self-written Food Item Recording Booklets were used to collect the data. Monthly interviews began in November 1978 and ended in October 1979 to cut down on vagaries due to seasonal differences. One-twelfth of the 200-county selections were surveyed during the middle 2 weeks of each month.

Procedure

Each interview included a personal interview, a food purchase diary, and a final interview when the diary was picked up. Personal interviews insured that the foodservice establishment met the study definition. Establishments that met the criteria received a Food Item Recording Booklet. The respondent recorded all food purchases for the establishment during a consecutive 7-day period. The initial interview ascertained classification data and information on economic and operational characteristics of establishments, such as menu specialty, franchise affiliation, firm size, meals served, and years in operation.

Followup personal interviews checked the Food Item Recording Booklet and obtained other required information on equipment, nonfood supplies, energy, number of workers, sales, and selected components of cost. Interviewer Training

Field supervisors and interviewers received briefings on the survey objectives, conduct of the interview, and workings of survey instruments. Trained field supervisors used a detailed instruction booklet and conducted personal briefings. Field materials and instruction booklets were mailed to supervisors before the meetings. Each local supervisor, in turn, personally briefed the interviewers. When new interviewers were hired, their hiring and training was conducted by a full-time salaried regional field supervisor. When more than one cluster of interviews focused on a particular location, the same group interviewed each cluster.

Quality Control

Local supervisors first checked completed questionnaires to monitor the quality of data collected in the field. As a standard procedure, about 25 percent of each interviewer's completed interviews was validated by telephone. The field supervisor validated much of the data, but at least 10 percent was reviewed by the headquarter's staff.

Quality control in the coding and editing operation included a check for the completion of all questionnaires and check-coding of 10 percent of each coder's work by the coding supervisor. The keypunching operation that transferred data from questionnaires to punch cards was verified by a second person, followed by a computer consistency check of all information, which included checking the punched responses for consistency within established coding and editing procedures. Where inconsistencies were found, the original questionnaire was inspected, and corrections in coding and punching inserted.

Commodity Reviews

USDA commodity specialists reviewed food volume estimates from this survey. Reviews were based on their personal knowledge of commodities as well as other available data, including findings from a 1969 survey of the foodservice industry and consumption and use data for agricultural products.

In general, reviewers found the survey estimates reasonable. As with any survey in which thousands of estimates are generated, some selected estimates likely deviated from expected values. Some reviewer comments follow:

Bakery products, flour and cereals, and fats and oils--"We do not find any items that appear unreasonable," although "precise data to check against" are not available.

Red meats--"...generally confirmed the numbers as far as possible."

Dairy products and ices—"We do not have a good basis for judging the numbers, especially the specialty items...the estimated volume of milk...is probably underestimated from 2 to 4 percent...cheese...is probably overestimated from 3 to 5 percent."

Poultry--"Estimates for the quantity of chicken are somewhat lower than expected, by about 30 percent."

Other estimates that deviated from expected quantity values on the high or low sides include:

High

Low

beverage fountain syrups

carbonated soft drinks

instant coffee

mixes and bottled water

carrots

potatoes

beets

lettuce

canned peas

celery

lima beans

frozen peas

frozen asparagus

sauerkraut

broccoli

brussels sprouts

spinach

cauliflower

1emons

cucumbers

AUDITS & SURVEYS, INC. One Park Avenue New York, New York 10016

PROJECT #4860 1978 - 1979

> 5-1 6-0

AWAY-FROM-HOME FOOD STUDY SCREENING/CALL RECORD FORM

FOR	01	FICE	USE	01	ILY
		(7-	8)		
NOV	_	01	APR	_	06
DEC	-	02	MAY	_	07
JAN	_	03	JUN	_	08
FEB	_	04	JUL	_	09
MAR	_	05	AUG	_	10
			OCT	_	11

INTERVIEWER'S NAME	9- 10- 11- 12- 13- 14-
INTERVIEWER'S # 15- 16- 17- 18- 19-	CITY
P.S.U. # 20- 21- 22-	STATE
	DATE: MONTH DAY YEAR
NAME OF ESTABLISHMENTSTREET ADDRESSCITY OR TOWN	
PHONE NUMBER STATE AREA CODE PHONE NUMBER	ZIP CODE
Hello, I'm from Audits & Survey organization and would like to speak to the Manager or	s, Inc. a national market research owner of this establishment.
INTRODUCTION TO MANAGER/ADMINISTRATOR/OWNER	
Hello, I'm of Audits & Surveys, study of the food service establishments to determine these establishments.	Inc. We are conducting a national the various types of foods served by

1.	Is food service available here in this establishment; by food service, I mean the availability of prepared YES []23-1 meals or snacks intended for on NO [] -2 premise or immediate consumption.
2.	Does this food service operation YES []24-1 NO [] -2 kitchen at this location?
IF	"YES" TO BOTH Q.1 AND Q.2 SKIP TO STATEMENT.
	IF "NO" TO Q.1 AND/OR Q.2, ASK Q.3: 3. Are there any food vending machines within the establishment that dispense sandwiches, soups or prepared foods other than snacks (candy, nuts, pretzels and/or drinks)? YES []25-1 READ INSTRUCTIONS BELOW AND CONTINUE WITH STATEMENT IF ESTABLISHMENT MEETS BOTH CRITERIA NO [] -2 THANK RESPONDENT AND TERMINATE
	IF "YES" IN Q.3 CHECK OR ASK THE RESPONDENT THE FOLLOWING: a. Does this establishment have tables, booths or counters available in the immediate area for eating food?
	YES [] NO []
	b. Is a person with records of the foods vended normally at this establishment?
	YES [] NO []
	IF THE ESTABLISHMENT DOES NOT MEET BOTH OF THE ABOVE CRITERIA, THAT IS, "YES" TO BOTH "a" AND "b", THANK RESPONDENT AND TERMINATE INTERVIEW.
	IF THE ESTABLISHMENT MEETS BOTH CRITERIA, CONTINUE WITH STATEMENT.
In	ATEMENT rould like to talk to the person who is responsible for food and equipment rohases for this establishment:
REC THI	CORD NAME OF THE PERSON BELOW AND READ INTRODUCTION. IF MANAGER/OWNER IS PERSON RESPONSIBLE TO BUY, RECORD HIS NAME BELOW AND CONTINUE WITH Q.4.
	NAME OF FOOD BUYER
	NAME OF EQUIPMENT BUYER
	TRODUCTION TO BUYER:
Hel a s	from Audits & Surveys, Inc. We are conducting study for the food service industry to determine the kinds of establishments rving food all over the United States. HAND HIM/HER THE INTRODUCTORY LETTER

AND CONTINUE WITH Q.4.

Now, I would like to ask you some questions about this food service establishment.

- 4. First, is this food service operation or drinking place best described as: (READ STATEMENTS AND MARK ONLY ONE).
- A separate eating or drinking place (not operated as a part of any other kind of business)?

[]26-1 SKIP TO Q.9

b. Operated as a part of some other kind of business (including plants or factories)?

[]-2 ASK Q.5

KIND OF BUSINESS - Commercial	(27	-28)	KIND OF BUSINESS - Non-Commercial		
A drug store	[]	01	A hospital:	(2	7-28
A department/variety/discount store	[]	02	A government owned hospital	,-	,
A candy, nut or confection store	[]	03	a. Federal	•] 30
A gasoline service station	[]	04	b. State	-] 31] 32
A retail bakery store	[]	05		•	
A hotel/motel/tourist court	[]		A privately owned/non-government hospital	(33
A bowling, billiards or pool hall	[]		A residential care facility:		
		- •	Publicly supported	•	1 34
A drive-in motion picture theatre	[]		Commercially operated for profit Operated by a charitable organization or	[] 35
A dinner theatre	[]	09	and the second s	(1 36
A commercial sports establishment	[]	10			
A private membership golf or country			A nursing and personal care facility:		
club·····	[]	11	Government		
A private membership tennis or racket club	[]	12	a. Nursing homes with health careb. Nursing homes without health care	•) 37] 38
A public golf course	[]	13	Non-Government		
An amusement park	[]	14	a. Nursing homes with health care	ſ] 39
A sporting or recreational camp	[]	15	b. Nursing homes without health care	ĺ] 40
An office building	[]	16	A college, university, professional 2		
A plant or factory	f 1	17	school, or junior college (higher YEARS	[] 4]
A civic, social or fraternal association			learning) (completion of 12th grade OR is an entrance requirement) - one 4		
or club without on-premise lodging	[]	18	is an entrance requirement) - one 4 of 2,000 accredited schools YEARS	ı	1 42
Other civic, social or fraternal association or club with on-premise			Other - trade schools, etc] 43
lodging available	[]	19	A religious organization/convent/retreat, etc.	,	1 4
Delicatessen	[1]	20	A Teligious organization/convent/fetfeat, etc.	ι] 44
An Airport	[]	21	A community program (job training, etc.) -		
Other commercial non-institutional			(Not included in any of the above)	[] 4:
business (DESCRIBE)	[]	22	Other non-commercial institutional facility (DESCRIBE		
				[] 46

OTHER BUSINESSES

Movie theatres (except drive-ins	3		
and dinner theatres))	
Elementary & Secondary schools.	[]62	1	
Military reservation	[]63	1	
Child day care services	[]64	THANK	
Correctional institutions	[]65	RESPONDENT	6
Boarding houses	[]66	TERMINATE	
A grocery store	[]67		
A church or synagogue	[168	1	
Fraternity/sorority/residential		1	
house	[]69	J	

TAKE BACK CARD A

6. Are	there	AS PART OF SOME OTHER KIND OF BUSINESS IN Q.4, As any other food service facilities in this establic own kitchens or food preparation areas?	
11.		YES []29-1 ASK Q.7 NO []-2 SKIP TO Q.:	10
7.	Do th	IN Q.6, ASK: hese other food service facilities maintain theing records?	r own food pur-
		YES []30-1 ASK Q.8 NO []-2 SKIP TO Q. YES" IN Q.7, ASK:	10
	8. WI	hat are the names of the other food service oper stablishment? (RECORD BELOW)	ations in this
	8a• 1	FOR EACH AREA LISTED, ASK: Who is responsible f food items for (<u>INSERT AREAS</u>)? (RECORD NAME OF	or purchasing the PERSON BELOW).
	_	Q.8 AREAS Q.8a PERSON RESPONSIBLE FO	R FOOD PURCHASIN
1	2		
	3		3
9. HAN foo	D RES	EATING OR DRINKING PLACE IN Q.4, ASK: PONDENT CARD "B" AND SAY: Here is a list of var vice operations. Which one category would best vice operation? (MARK ONE)	
	1.	Restaurant (full menu provided with waiter/waitress service and patrons seated)	[]32-1
	2.	Ice cream, frozen custard stand	[] -2
	3.	Fast-food or refreshment place providing limited menu of food items (hamburgers, steaks, seafood, chicken, pizza, pancakes, etc.)	[] -3
	4.	Cafeteria	₂ [] -4
	5.	Social caterer (banquets, weddings, etc.)	[] -5
5	6.	Mobile food service (ice cream, sandwiches, snacks, and meals distributed from trucks or other vehicles)	[] -6
	7 •	Drinking place (tavern, bar, night club, etc.)	[] -7
	8.	Other (SPECIFY)	[] -8
			33-

ASK EVERYONE

Now I'd like to know about the food services offered by this establishment.

10a. Here is a list of various types of services offered by different food operations. (HAND RESPONDENT CARD C)
Please go through the list and tell me which of these services are offered by this food operation? (MARK
ONE OR MORE BELOW)

IF MORE THAN ONE BOX IS CHECKED, ASK:

10b. Which one of these is the primary type of food service offered? (MARK ONE BELOW)

	Q.10a SERVICES OFFERED	Q.10b PRIMARY SERVICE (48-49)
Table/booth with waiter/waitress service	[]34-1	[] 01
Eat at counter with waiter/waitress service	[]35-1	[] 02
Counter purchase (seating elsewhere in establishment)	[]36-1	[] 03
Counter purchase (stand-up facilities)	[]37-1	[] 04
Cafeteria type service	[]38-1	[]05
Room service	[]39-1	[] 06
Banquet facilities	[]40-1	[] 07
Catering	[]41-1	[]08
Carry-out	[]42-1	[]09
Food vending machine	[]43-1	[] 10
Drive-up window	[]44-1	[] 11
Delivery services	[]45-1	[] 12
Other (SPECIFY)	[]46-1	[] 13

47-

TAKE BACK CARD C

11.	Which of	the	following	statements	best	describes	this	food	service	operation.
-----	----------	-----	-----------	------------	------	-----------	------	------	---------	------------

- 1. A food service facility that is owned by a firm that also franchises independent outlets []50-1
- A food service facility that is associated with a firm that franchises but, that is NOT OWNED by it
 -2
- 3. A food service facility that is neither owned by nor identified with a firm that franchises [] -3
- 12. Is this food service operation under contract to feed either employees, patients, inmates, passengers or students within this establishment?

YES []51-1

NO []-2

13. How many years has this particular food service operation at this location been under the present ownership?

MONTHS # YEARS (54-55)

14. What is the menu specialty of this food service operation? (MARK ONE)

	(56-57)		
VARIED AMERICAN PLATE MEALS	[] 01	CHICKEN OR TURKEY	[]08
ITALIAN FOODS	[] 02	PIZZA	[] 09
FRENCH FOODS	[] 03	HAMBURGER, HOT DOGS	[] 10
ORIENTAL FOODS	[] 04	SANDWICHES	[] 11
MEXICAN FOODS	[] 05	ICE CREAM	[] 12
STEAKS, CHOPS, ROAST BEEF	[] 06	OTHER (SPECIFY)	[] 13
SEA FOODS	[] 07		

15. In total, how many eating places are operated by the owner(s) of this eating facility? (MARK ONE)

	(58-59)		
1	[] 01	51-100	[]08
2	[] 02	101-249	[]09
3	[] 03	250-499	[] 10
4-5	[] 04	500-999	[] 11
6-10	[] 05	1,000 OR MORE	[] 12
11-25	[]06	(IF DON'T KNOW)	
26~50	[] 07	(GET BEST GUESS)	

16. I am going to read a list of different food items. As I read a category, please tell me if this establishment has purchased any products in that category within the past two months. (READ LIST AND MAKE SURE TO CHECK "YES" OR "NO" FOR EACH CATEGORY.)

	Q.16 PURCHAS	ED
Red Meats and Red Meat Products -		
Excluding Prepared Food Mixtures	YES	NO
A. Hamburger or ground meat (excluding ground pork		(A)
sausage & chopped sirloin)	[]60-1	[]-2
B. Beef and veal; steaks, ribs or roasts	[]61-1	[]-2
C. Any other beef or veal cuts or products	[]62-1	[]-2
	[]63-1	[]-2
E. Any other pork cuts or products	[]64-1	[]-2
F. Bacon	[]65-1	[]-2
G. Hams	[]66-1	[]-2
H. Hot dogs, weiners, sausages, luncheon meat,	[]67-1	[]-2
I. Lamb or mutton	[]68-1	[]-2
J. Game meat; large and small	[]69-1	[]-2
	[]70-1	[]-2
L. Meat pizza toppings	[]71-1	[]-2
	Red Meats and Red Meat Products - Excluding Prepared Food Mixtures A. Hamburger or ground meat (excluding ground pork sausage & chopped sirloin) B. Beef and veal; steaks, ribs or roasts C. Any other beef or veal cuts or products D. Pork; chops, steaks, ribs or roasts E. Any other pork cuts or products F. Bacon G. Hams H. Hot dogs, weiners, sausages, luncheon meat, I. Lamb or mutton J. Game meat; large and small K. Liver, heart and other varietals	Red Meats and Red Meat Products - Excluding Prepared Food Mixtures A. Hamburger or ground meat (excluding ground pork sausage & chopped sirloin) B. Beef and veal; steaks, ribs or roasts []60-1 C. Any other beef or veal cuts or products []62-1 D. Pork; chops, steaks, ribs or roasts []63-1 E. Any other pork cuts or products []64-1 F. Bacon []66-1 G. Hams []66-1 H. Hot dogs, weiners, sausages, luncheon meat, []67-1 I. Lamb or mutton []68-1 J. Game meat; large and small []69-1 K. Liver, heart and other varietals []70-1

II.	Poultry and Eggs	YES	NO
	A. Chickens (whole and half)	[]72-1	[]-2
	B. Turkey (whole and half)	[]73-1	[]-2
	C. Other poultry and small game fowl (whole and half)	[]74-1	[]-2
	D. Chicken, turkey and other poultry parts	[]75-1	[]-2
	E. Processed poultry	[]76-1	[]-2
	F. Eggs and egg products	[]77-1	[]-2

5-2 6-0

III.	Fish/Shellfish	YES	NO
	A. Whole finfish (not including shellfish)	[] 7-1	[]-2
	B. Processed finfish including patties, squares, sticks and blocks	[]8-1	[]-2
	C. Cut finfish (includes steaks and fillets	[]9-1	[]-2
	D. Canned, bottled, dried finfish or finfish products	[]10-1	[]-2
	E. Shellfish	[]11-1	[]-2
	F. Other seafood and marine specialties (including seafood blend, caviar, roe, frogs legs, etc.	[]12-1	[]-2

Q.16 PURCHASED

Vegetables	YES	NO
A. Fresh/refrigerated vegetables	[]13-1	[]-
B. Fresh shredded, sliced, diced, vegetables		
or vegetable salad mix	[]14-1	[]-
C. Frozen vegetables (does not include frozen		
potatoes)	[]15-1	[]-
D. Canned vegetables	[]16-1	[]
E. Dried or frozen potatoes or potato products	[]17-1	1
F. Dried miscellaneous vegetables	[]18-1	[]-
Fruits and Fruit Type Pie Filling	YES	NO
A. Fresh/refrigerated fruits	[]19-1	[]
B. Frozen fruits	[]20-1	[].
C. Canned fruits	[]21-1	[].
D. Dried fruits	[]22-1	[].
E. Fruit type pie filling	[]23-1	
Juices and Miscellaneous Non-Carbonated Drinks	YES	NO
A. Single strength	[]24-1	[].
B. Liquid, freeze dried, or frozen base concentrate		[].
C. Cold drink, powder mix	[]26-1	[]
	[]27-1	
D. Cold drink, syrup mix	12/-1	
D. Cold drink, syrup mix	1 12/-1	
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage	1 121-1	
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water	YES	NO
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks		NO
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups	YES	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks	YES []28-1	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups	YES []28-1 []29-1	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups	YES []28-1 []29-1	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water	YES []28-1 []29-1	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups	YES []28-1 []29-1 []30-1	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups	YES []28-1 []29-1 []30-1 YES	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups A. Canned and condensed and dried soups	YES []28-1 []29-1 []30-1 YES []31-1	NO []
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups A. Canned and condensed and dried soups B. Soup bases or bouillon	YES [] 28-1 [] 29-1 [] 30-1 YES [] 31-1 [] 32-1	NO []:
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups A. Canned and condensed and dried soups	YES []28-1 []29-1 []30-1 YES []31-1	NO []:
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups A. Canned and condensed and dried soups B. Soup bases or bouillon	YES [] 28-1 [] 29-1 [] 30-1 YES [] 31-1 [] 32-1	NO [].
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups A. Canned and condensed and dried soups B. Soup bases or bouillon	YES []28-1 []29-1 []30-1 YES []31-1 []32-1 []33-1	NO []-
Carbonated Soft Drinks, Beverage Fountain Syrups, Cocktail Mixes, Bottled Water A. Carbonated soft drinks B. Beverage fountain syrups C. Cocktail mixes and bottled water Soups A. Canned and condensed and dried soups B. Soup bases or bouillon C. Vending soups - soup kits	YES [] 28-1 [] 29-1 [] 30-1 YES [] 31-1 [] 32-1	[]-

Q.16 PURCHASED

aker	y Products	YES	NO
Α.	Bread (fresh, refrigerated dough, dry mix, frozen bake and serve, frozen thaw and serve and any other form)	[]36-1	[]-2
В.	Rolls, buns, biscuits, muffins, bagels (fresh, refrigerated dough, dry mix, frozen bake and serve, frozen thaw and serve, and any other form)	[]37-1	[]-2
C.	Pancakes, waffles, French toast, soft pretzels, breading, croutons, bread sticks, crepes, blintzes, dumplings (fresh, refrigerated dough, dry mix, frozen bake and serve, frozen thaw and serve, and any other form)	[]38-1	[]-2
D.	Cakes, pastry, pies, doughnuts, pie shells, pizza crust (fresh, refrigerated dough, dry mix, frozen bake and serve, frozen thaw and serve and any other form)	[]39-1	[]-2
E.	Cookies, crackers, cones, poptarts (fresh, re- frigerated dough, dry mix, frozen bake and serve, frozen thaw and serve and any other form)	[]40-1	[]-2
F.	Miscellaneous products used in baking	[]41-1	[]-2

XI.	Flour, Cereal, Pasta and Other Grain Products	YES	NO
	A. Flour, includes corn meal, cracker meal, and matzo meal	[]42-1	[]-2
	B Hot breakfast cereals	[]43-1	[]-2
	C. Cold breakfast cereals and breakfast bars	[]44-1	[]-2
	D. Rice and barley products	[]45-1	[]-2
	E. Noodles, macaroni and spaghetti products	[]46-1	[]-2

XII.	Da	iry	Products, Ices and Dairy Product Substitutes	YES	NO
			Fluid and dry milk, dry milk products, cream and cream substitutes and whipped topping	[]47-1	[]-2
			Ice cream, custard, sherbet, ice milk, yogurt and ices	[]48-1	[]-2
	- 1	C.	Cheese: natural/processed/imitation/cream/cottage	[]49-1]-2
	Ī	D.	Butter	[]50-1]-2

XIII. Shortenings, Fats and Oils,		
Salad Dressings and Mayonnaise	YES	NO
A. Deep fry shortenings, fats and oils	[]51-1	[]-2
B. Grill or pan frying shortenings, fats and oils	[]52-1	[]-2
C. Salad oils/cooking oils	[]53-1	[]-2
D. Margarine	[]54-1	[]-2
E. Salad dressings and mayonnaise	[]55-1	[]-2
F. Cake, pastry and icing shortenings and other fats	[]56-1	[]-2

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XIV.		770	
	Including Olive and Pickle Products	YES NO	
	A. Seasonings, including salt and pepper	[]57-1 []-2	
	B. Herbs and spices	[]58-1 []-2	
	C. Catsup, mustard, vinegar, horseradish	[]59-1 []-2	
	D. Olives	[]60-1 []-2	ļ
	E. Pickles and relish	[]61-1 []-2	
	F. Cooking wine and sherry	[]62-1 []-2	
	the substitute Configuration asset to the Configuration and the Co		
XV.	Jelly, Jams, Peanut Butter, Candy,	1157	
	Gelatin, Puddings and Cream Desserts	YES NO	1
	A. Jam, jelly, preserves and peanut butter	[]63-1 []-2	1
	B. Gelatins	[]64-1 []-2	1
	C. Puddings and cream desserts, non fruit pie fillings	[]65-1 []-2	
	D. Non vending candy and marshmallows	[]66-1 []-2	1
			1
XVI.	Syrups, Fountain Toppings, Honey, Sugar	YES NO	
****	A. Table syrup, molasses and honey	[]67-1 []-2	1
	B. Fountain syrups and toppings	[]68-1 []-2	
	C. Dry sugar, liquid sweeteners and sugar	1 100 1 1 1 1	1
	substitutes	[]69-1 []-2	
	Substitutes	[] 0 3 - 1 1 - 2	1
WUTT	Nuts and Charles (abdass protects at a)	YES NO	
WATT.	Nuts and Snacks (chips, pretzels, etc.)		ר
	A. Nuts	[]70-1 []-2	1
	B Chips, pretzels, popcorn, etc.	[]71-1 []-2	1
WITTT	Coffee Too Coope	YES NO	
XVIII.			7
	A. Coffee, coffee substitutes	[]72-1 []-2 []73-1 []-2	-
	B. Tea		-
	C. Cocoa	[]74-1 []-2	J

XIX.		YES NO	٦
	A. Geriatric and baby foods	[]75-1 []-2	-{
	B. Other health and diet foods	[]76-1 []-2	_
			5-3
			6-0
XX.		YES NO	-
	A. Hors d'o euvre/appetizers	[] 7-1 []-2	
	B. Salads and salad type mixtures	[] 8-1 []-2	
	C. Sandwiches	[] 9-1 []-2	
	D. Prepared meat meals or entrees with beef or		7
	veal	[]10-1 []-2	
	E. Prepared meat meals or entrees with poultry or		7
	pork	[]11-1 []-2	
	F. Other prepared meat meals, entrees, pizza or		1
	side dishes with or without meat, poultry or		
	seafood	[]12-1 []-2	
	searoon searoon	146-4 1-6	

As part of this overall study of the out-of-home food industry, we have to obtain information on the food receipts of each establishment for one week. The information we need about the food items you purchase includes weight, quantity, description of smallest buying unit, etc. In order to make this task as easy as possible for you, I have a few questions to ask.

17. First, based on how you keep your records, would it be easier for you to provide a record of your food receipts for the past week, or would it be easier to supply this information for the coming week?

PAST WEEK []13-1

COMING WEEK []-2

18. In the course of operating this establishment, are any preprinted reports or summaries prepared which provide the specific types of information stated above on food receipts, or from which you can derive the specific information for any period of time such as a week, month or any other time period?

YES []14-1 ASK Q.19

NO []-2 SKIP TO Q.22

IF "YES" IN Q.18, ASK:

19. For what time period is that report prepared?

WEEKLY []15-1 MONTHLY [] -2 OTHER (SPECIFY) [] -3

20. Does the report contain... (READ LIST AND MARK ONE.)

All the food items you purchase []16-1 ASK

Most of the food items you purchase [] -2 Q.21

Only major items you purchase [] -3 SKIP TO

Just a few items [] -4 Q.22

IF "ALL" OR "MOST" ITEMS IN Q.20, ASK:

21. Would it be convenient for you to give us a copy of your latest report?

YES []17-1 SEE INSTRUCTIONS NO []-2 GO TO Q.22

INSTRUCTION:

IF "YES" TO Q.21, REQUEST A COPY OF THAT REPORT, AND MAKE APPOINTMENT FOR SECOND VISIT WITHIN THE NEXT FEW DAYS, BUT MAKE SURE THE
REPORT IS PREPRINTED (SEE NOTE ON PREPRINTED REPORTS).

IN THE MEANWHILE, CHECK THE REPORT AND MAKE SURE IT HAS THE INFOR-MATION REQUIRED IN THE RECORDING BOOKLET. IF AT LEAST THE TOTAL QUANITY RECEIVED OF EACH ITEM CAN BE OBTAINED FROM THE REPORT, COM-PLETE THE QUESTIONNAIRE DURING THE SECOND VISIT.

IF THE CORRECT INFORMATION CANNOT BE OBTAINED, PULL OUT DETAIL SHEETS FOR CATEGORIES MENTIONED AS NOT PURCHASED, LEAVE A RECORDING BOOKLET AT THE SECOND VISIT, AND MAKE APPOINTMENT FOR A THIRD VISIT.

BE SURE TO ASK Q'S 22-26.

NOTE ON PREPRINTED REPORTS:

WE WILL NOT ACCEPT HANDWRITTEN RECEIPTS. IF HIS REPORTS ARE HAND-WRITTEN, PULL OUT DETAIL SHEETS FOR CATEGORIES MENTIONED AS NOT PURCHASED, LEAVE A RECORDING BOOKLET AND MAKE AN APPOINTMENT FOR SECOND VISIT.

ASK EVERYONE

22. About how many weeks per year is this establishment open?

23. As a usual practice, which of the following meals do you serve? (READ LIST AND MARK "YES" OR "NO" FOR EACH TYPE.)
Q.23 YES NO Q.24 Breakfast []20-1 []-2 (24-26) Lunch []21-1 []-2 (27-29) Dinner []22-1 []-2 (30-32) Snacks []23-1 []-2 (33-35)
FOR EACH MEAL TYPE SERVED "YES" IN Q.23, ASK: 24. About how many persons do you serve (INSERT TYPE) to on a typical day? (RECORD NUMBER ABOVE FOR APPROPRIATE MEAL.)
25. During the past year what were your food costs (excluding paper and cleaning supplies) as a percent of gross sales?
%(36-37)
26. Approximately what are your weekly food costs?
\$(38-41)
INTERVIEWER: IF "NO" IN Q.18 OR Q.21 DO THE FOLLOWING:
PULL OUT THE DETAIL SHEETS FOR THE CATEGORIES MENTIONED AS NOT PURCHASED "NO" TO Q.16
HAND RESPONDENT RECORDING BOOKLET AND SAY:
I am going to leave a booklet with you to record the various items you might receive in the <u>next seven days</u> and detail sheet for various categories, listin items in each category. At the end of each day, please list all the items received using the detailed sheets. For each item listed please indicate the quantity, description of the buying units and container type.
INTERVIEWER: MAKE SURE RESPONDENT UNDERSTANDS CLEARLY AS TO WHAT TO RECORD ABOUT EACH ITEM IN THE RECORDING BOOKLET, AND,
HOW TO USE THE DETAILED FOOD LISTING SHEETS.
I shall come back after a week and pick up the recording booklet.
INTERVIEWER: RECORD BELOW THE TIME AND DATE TO PICK UP THE BOOKLET. THANK RESPONDENT FOR HIS/HER COOPERATION.
MONTH
DATE
DAY
TIME

INTERVIEWER NOTE: A SEPARATE QUESTIONNAIRE IS REQUIRED FOR EACH FOOD SERVICE OPERATION MENTIONED IN Q.8. YOU ARE TO INTERVIEW THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR EACH OPERATION SEPARATELY.

INTERVIEWER: BE SURE TO RECORD THE RESULTS OF EACH CALL IN THE CALL RECORD GRID BELOW.

RESULTS OF CALL	1ST CALL	2ND CALL	3RD CALL	4TH CALL
INTERVIEW COMPLETED	[]42-1	[]43-1	[]44-1	[]45-1
INTERVIEW REFUSED OR INCOMPLETE	[] -2	[] -2	[] -2	[] -2
FOOD SERVICE AVAILABLE ESTABLISHMENT INELIGIBLE	[] -3	[] -3	[] -3	[] -3
ESTABLISHMENT INELIGIBLE NO FOOD SERVICE AVAILABLE	[] -4	[] -4	[] -4	[] -4
SEASONALLY CLOSED, INTERVIEW COMPLETED	[] -5	[] -5	[] -5	[] -5
SEASONALLY CLOSED, INTERVIEW REFUSED OR INCOMPLETED	[] -6	[] -6	[] -6	[] -6
SEASONALLY CLOSED, WILL OPEN (MONTH) (WILL COMPLETE LATER)	[] -7	[] -7	[] -7	[] -7
OUT OF BUSINESS (VACANT)	[] -8	[] -8	[] -8	[] -8
OTHER (DESCRIBE)				
	[] -9	[] -9	[] -9	[] -9

AUDITS & SURVEYS, INC.
One Park Avenue
New York, New York 10016

PROJECT #4860 August 1978

5-0	1
6-4	

AWAY FROM HOME FOOD STUDY QUESTIONNAIRE

NTERVIEWER'S NAME _				SAMPLE	I.D.			9- 10-	
NTERVIEWER'S #				DATE					= =
				DATE _	MO	NTH	_	DAY	YEA
	TIME 1	INTERVIEW	BEGAN:						
	TIME 1	INTERVI EW	ENDED:						
	TOTAL	TIME:							

NAME OF RESPOND	ENT								
TITLE									_
NAME OF ESTABLI	SHMENT								-
									_
ADDRESS									_
CITY/STATE									
CITY/STATE		CITY		_		ST	ATE		- -
12									
TELEPHONE # (ARRA CO)		क्टा व	PHONI	p 4			
	MILLIA OU	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		1566	LUONI				- 1

INTRODUCTION TO RESPONDENT:

Thank you for your cooperation. In order to complete the information, I would like to ask you a few questions about various types of dinnerware and equipment used by this food service establishment at this location. I assure you this won't take long.

YES []13-1 ASK Q-:	2.	NO []-2 SKI	P TO Q.6
IF "YES" IN Q.1, ASK: 2. In total how many vendition?			food service op
	(14-15)		
HAND RESPONDENT CARD D AND 3. Which of these items ar how many machines carry	e sold through this item? (MARK AS MANY AS	MENTIONED.)
	ITEMS Q.	# OF	Q.5 Z OF
ITEMS	CARRIED	MACHINES	ANNUAL DOLLAR
Soups and other hot canned items	[]16-1	(17-	-18) 7 (19
Milk and chocolate drink	[]21-1	(22-	-23)% (24
Soft drinks	[]26-1	(27-	-28) % (29
Sandwiches	[]31-1	(32-	-33) % (34
Ice Cream	[]36-1	(37-	-38) % (39
Fruits	[]41-1	(42-	-43) % (44
Candy and packaged confections	[]46-1	(47	-48) % (49
Crackers, cookies, cakes	[]51-1	(52	-53) % (5
Coffee, tea, cocoa	[]56-1	(57	-58)% (5
Other food products (SPECIFY)	61	-1(62	-63)% (6
TAKE BACK CARD "D"			
4. What is the total annuatobacco and non-food is	al dollar volu	me for food/bev	erage items excluge machines?

FOR EACH FOOD/BEVERAGE ITEM SOLD THROUGH VENDING MACHINES, ASK:

5. About what percent of total food/beverage dollar volume through vending machines is accounted by (INSERT ITEM)? (RECORD PERCENT ABOVE AND REPEAT Q.5 FOR ALL ITEMS CHECKED IN Q.3)

Now, I would like to ask a few questions about permanent dinnerware and tableware used by this food service operation.

IF NO PERMANENT DINNERWARE AND TABLEWARE USED MARK THE BOX HERE []70-1 AND SKIP TO Q.10.

6. First, let's talk about permanent dinnerware. As I read an item please tell me how many of that item does this operation presently own? (READ EACH ITEM LISTED BELOW AND RECORD NUMBER FOR EACH ITEM. IF NOT OWNED CHECK "NONE".)

		NUMBER OWNED BY TYPE						
PERMANENT DINNERWARE	Q.6 TOTAL O	CHINAWARE	GLASS CLEAR/ GLASS CERAMIC	METAL	HEAVY DUTY PLASTIC/			
Plates Including Salad Platters			5-0 6-5					
Under 6 inches	#(71-73) NONE []	(74-76)	(7-9)	(10-12)	(13-15)			
Over 6 inches	NONE []	(19-21)	(22-24)	(25-27)	(28-30)			
Oval Platters	#(31-33) NONE []	(34-36)	(37-39)	(40-42)	(43-45)			
Bowls								
Under 8 ounces	NONE []	(49-51)	(52-54)	(55-57)	(58-60)			
8 ounces or more	(61-63) NONE []	(64-66)	(67-69)	(70-72)	# (73-75)	5-		
Saucers	MONE []	(10-12)	(13-15)	# (16-18)	(19-21)	6-		
Cups/Mugs	MONE []	# (25-27)	(28-30)	(31-33)	(34-36)			
Glasses	#(37-39) NONE []		(40-42)	# (43-45)	(46-48)			
Coffee Pots	MONE []	# (51−52)	(53-54)	# (55–56)	# (57 - 58)			
Water Pitchers	#(59-60) NONE []	(61-62)	(63-64)	# (65-66)	(67-68)			
Creamers	(69-70) NONE []	# (71-72)	(73-74)	(75-76)	# (77 - 78)	5-4		
Sugar Bowls	(7-8)	(9-10)	(11-12)	# (13-14)	(15-16)	6-		

Now let's talk about the type of permanent dinnerware that you own.

FOR EACH ITEM OWNED, ASK:

- 7. How many of (INSERT ITEM) that you own are chinaware, how many of these are glass clear or glass ceramic, how many of these are metal, and how many are heavy duty plastic or wood? (RECORD NUMBER FOR EACH TYPE ABOVE UNDER Q.7.) (REPEAT QUESTION 7 FOR EACH ITEM OWNED.)
- 8. Now, thinking about permanent tableware, please tell me which of the following items are used by your establishment. (READ EACH ITEM LISTED BELOW AND MARK "YES" OR "NO" FOR THAT ITEM.)

	Q.8					
TABLEWARE	YES	NO				
Knives	17-1	1 1-2				
Forks	[]18-1	[]-2				
Spoons	[]19-1	1 1-2				

9.	In total, about	how many settings of	stainless steel	tableware o	does this	operation
	own and how many	settings are silver	plated?		7	

STAINLESS	STEEL	/	(20-22)	SILVER	PLATED		(23-25)
-----------	-------	----------	---------	--------	--------	--	---------

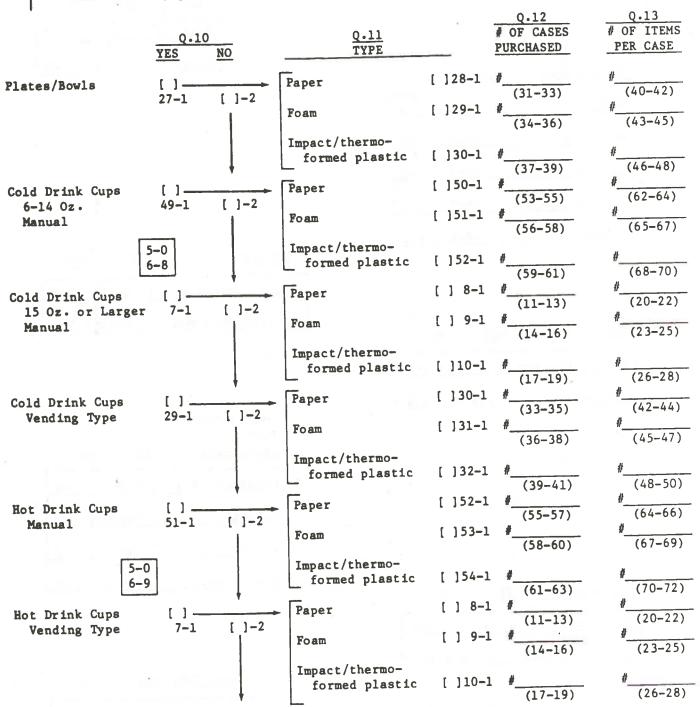
Now, let's talk about disposable dinnerware and beverage containers.

IF NO DISPOSABLE OF ANY KIND USED, MARK THIS BOX []26-1 AND SKIP TO Q.14.

10. As I read the list of various types of disposable items, please tell me if your operation uses that item. (READ LIST AND MARK "YES" OR "NO" FOR EACH ITEM).

FOR EACH ITEM CHECKED "YES" IN Q.10, ASK:

- What type of material are these (INSERT TYPE) made of? (MARK AS MANY AS APPLY).
- About how many cases of (INSERT ITEM AND MATERIAL) are purchased annually? 12. (RECORD BELOW) .
- And how many pieces are there in each case of this item? (RECORD BELOW) 13.



14.	Now, I'd like like yours. P LIST AND MARK	lease te	ill me w	hich of t	he fo	ms that are used	i in oper	rations 1. (REAL
	Disposable Tableware	YES	<u>NO</u>					
	Bagged Setting	[]29-1	[]-2					
	Loose	[]30-1	[]-2					
						Lids	YES	<u>NO</u>
						Plastic	31-1	[]-2
	Food Wraps	YES	NO			Paper	[]32-1	[]-2
	Foil	[]33-1	[]-2					
	Wax Paper	[]34-1	[]-2					
i,	Dry Wax	[]35-1	[]-2					
	Freezer Wrap	[]36-1	[]-2					
	Plastic Wrap	[]37-1	[]-2					
					Ca	artons	YES	NO
					Si	ingle Sandwich	[]38-1	[]-2
L.	Bags/Sacks	YES	NO		Pa	rtial/Full Meal	[]39-1	[]-2
	Single Portion	[]40-1	[]-2					
	Carry-Out	[]41-1	[]-2	,				
						Cylindrical Food		
						Containers	YES	NO
						Condiment Size	[]42-1	[]-2
						3-4 0z.	[]43-1	[]-2
						5-8 Oz.	[]44-1	[]-2
	Popcorn Cups	YES	NO			Over 8 Oz.	[]45-1	[]-2
	18-24 Oz.	[]46-1	[]-2					
	32 Oz. Or More	[]47-1	[]-2			Total Mile	WEG.	
						Food Tubs	YES	NO

All Sizes []48-1 []-2

15. How about paper napkins, toilet tissue and other paper disposable items? Please tell me which of the following types you use. (READ LIST AND MARK "YES" OR "NO" FOR EACH ITEM)

- FOR EACH ITEM CHECKED "YES" IN Q.15, ASK:

 16. About how many cases of (INSERT ITEM) are purchased annually? : (RECORD NUMBER BELOW)
- 17. How many items are there in each case? (RECORD BELOW)

	Q.15	Q.16	Q.17	
1	TYPE USED	# OF CASES	# OF ITEMS	
	YES NO	PURCHASED	PER CASE	
Paper Napkins			~	
Cocktail	[]49-1 []-2	# (50-52)	# (53-55)	
Single Ply Luncheon	[]56-1 []-2	# (57-59)	# (60-62)	
Dinner	[]63-1 []-2	# (64-66)	# (67-69)	5-1
Cocktail	[]70-1 []-2	# (71-73)	# (74-76)	6-0
Multi-Ply { Luncheon	[] 7-1 []-2	° # (8-10)	# (11-13)	
Dinner	[]14-1 []-2	# (15-17)	# (18-20)	
Toilet Tissue				
Single-Ply	[]21-1 []-2	# (22-24)	# (25-27)	
Multi-Ply	[]28-1 []-2	# (29-31)	# (32-34)	
Flat/Interfold	[]35-1 []-2	# (36-38)	# (39-41)	ľ
Paper Towels				
Roll (Kitchen/Soft Wound)	[]42-1 []-2	# (43-45)	# (46-48)	
Roll (Washroom/ Hard Wound)	[]49-1 []-2	# (50-52)	# (53-55)	
2 Panel - (Single Fold)	[]56-1 []-2	# (57–59)	# (60-62)	
3 Panel - (Single or Multi Fold)	[]63-1 []-2	# (64-66)	# (67-69)	
3 Panel - (Center Fold)	[]70-1 []-2	# (71-73)	# (74-76)	5-1
Paper Placemats	[] 7-1 []-2	# (8-10)	# (11-13)	
Paper Table Cloths	[]]14-1 []-2	# (15-17)	# (18-20)	
Paper Tray Covers	[]21-1 []-2	# (22-24)	# (25–27)	
Disposable Trays And Other Serviceware	[]28-1 []-2	# (29-31)	# (32-34)	

Now I would like to ask a few questions about various types of equipment used by this food service operation.

18. First, please tell me how many of the following receiving and storage equipment are in operating condition on the premises. (READ LIST AND RECORD NUMBER. IF NONE, RECORD "0".)

	Refrigerators	_38	Freezers	
TYPE:		IN OPERATING CONDITION	ТҮРЕ	IN OPERATING CONDITION
1. Re	ach-In Full Size	#(35)	1. Reach-In Full Size	<i>₫</i> (39
2. Wa	lk-In	(36)	2. Walk-In	(40
	ach-In (Counter or Undercounter Height)	đ(37)	3. Reach-In (Counter or Undercounter Height)	#(41
4. Mo	bile Carts	(38)	4. Mobile Carts	#(42

OTHER RECEIVING AND STORAGE EQUIPMENT

IN OPERATING
CONDITION

1. Receiving Scales # (43)

2. Hand Trucks And Dollies # (44)

3. Ingredient Bins - Mobile # (45)

19. Now please tell me the linear footage (including walk-in refrigerator storage) for the following types of shelving. (READ LIST AND RECORD NUMBER. IF NONE, RECORD "O".)

SHELVING:			LINEAR I	FOOTAGE
Portable 4	- Wire		#	(46~48)
	(- Solid		#	(49-51)
	- Wire		#	(52-54)
Stationary			!	(55-57)
	- Other	Solid	*	(58-60)

20. How about food preparation equipment? About how many of the following food preparation equipment do you have in operating condition? (READ LIST AND RECORD NUMBER. IF NONE, RECORD "O".)

TYPE OF EQUIPMENT	# IN OPERATING CONDITION		TYPE OF EQUIPMENT	# IN OPERATING CONDITION		
1. Bread Slicer		(61)	12. Breading Machine	,	(72)	
2. Meat Slicing Machine		(62)	13. Dough Divider and Rounder		(73)	
3. Power Meat Saw	,	(63)	14. Ice Making Machines		(74)	
4. Tenderizing Machine		(64)	15. Portion Control Scales	,	(75)	
5. Patty Maker, Automatic	#	(65)	16. Work Table Tops or Cutting Boards	•	(76)	
6. Meat Chopper		(66)	17. Sinks, Stainless or Other	0	(77)	
7. Vegetable Cutter, Dicer, Slicer, Stationary Bowl, Powered	Ħ	(67)	18. Tray Make Up Conveyor	0	(78)	
8. Vegetable Cutter, Dicer, Slicer, Rotating Bowl, Powered	#	(68)	19. Waffle Irons	,	(79)	
9. Vegetable Cutter, Dicer,		(00)	20. Popcorn Popper	1	(80)	_
Attachment.		(69)	21. Toasters, Pop-Up Type	,	(7)	5-1
10. Peelers		(70)	22. Toasters, Conveyor Type		(8)	
ll. Food Mixers & Beaters	,	(71)			20 00 00	

How many of the following cooking and reconstituting equipment do you have at this location that are in operating condition? (READ LIST AND RECORD NUMBER OF EQUIPMENT USING GAS AND ELECTRICITY. IF NONE RECORD ""O".)

NUMBER IN OPERATING CONDITION

	OPERATING CONDITION				
Ovens:	GAS		ELECTRIC		
1. Deck Type, Roasting and Baking	,	(14)	*	(15)	
2. Convection, Floor or Counter	•	(16)	,	(17)	
3. Convection, Floor or Counter (Roll In)		(18)	,	(19)	
4. Rotary (Reel or Revolving Tray)	#	(20)		(21)	
5. Infra-Red (Quartz, Metal Sheath/Gas Heated		(22)	9	(23)	
6. Low Temperature	*	(24)		(25)	
7. Conveyorized		(25)	*	(27)	
8. Rack Type		(28)		(29)	
9. Pizza	,	(30)		(31)	
10. Electronic (Micro- wave) Plug In 110V	,	(32)		(33)	
11. Electronic (Micro- wave) Plug In 220V		. (34)		(35)	

	OPE	NUMB!	ER IN COND	ITION
Broilers:	GA	s_	ELEC	TRIC
1. Overfired		(52)	,	(53)
2. Salamander		(54)	*	(55)
3. Open Hearth		(56)		(57)
4. Counter top		(58		(59)

Cookers:	GAS		ELEC	TRIC
1. Steam, Atmospheric Pressure	*	(60)		(61)
2. Steam, Deck, Low Pressure (5-8 PSI)		(62)		(63 [°])
3. Steam, High Pressure (12-15 PSI)		(64)	,	(65)

Ranges:	GA	LS_	ELEC	TRIC
1 Light/Medium Duty		(36)	#	(37)
2. Heavy Duty	#	(38)	,	(39)

Kettles:	 AS	ELEC	TRIC
1. Kettle, Steam Jacketed	(66)	,	(67)
Jacketed	 (00)		7.7.

Fryers:	GA	s_	ELEC	TRIC
1 Pressure		(40)	#	(41)
2 Deep Fat, Floor		(42)	*	(43)
3 Deep Fat, Counter	#	(44)	,	(45)
4. Continuous	,	(46)	,	(47)
5. Filter - Built In	*	(48)	#	(49)
6. Filter - Portable		(50)	#	(51)

Miscellaneous:	GAS ELECTRI		CTRIC	
1. Griddles & Grills	1	(68)	#	(69)
2.Braising Pans		(70)	#	(71)
3. Warmer, Food Steam Injected	#	(72)	#	(73)
4. Hot Plates		(74)	,	(75)
5. Sandwich Toaster	,	(76)	#	(77)
6. Rotisseries	,	(78)	,	(79)
7. Corn on Cob Boilers/Cookers		(7)		(8)
8. Holding Case For Deep Fried Pies		(9)		(10)

22. How many of the following sanitation and maintenance equipment do you have in operating condition at this location? (READ LIST AND RECORD NUMBER. IF MONE RECORD "0".)

Ware-Washers		IBER IN IG CONDITION
1. Under Counter		(11)
2. Door Type		(12)
3. Rack Conveyor		(13)
4. Continuous Conveyor, Straight Flight Type	,	(14)
5. Continuous Conveyor, Circular Horizontal Plane		(15)

Glass Washers	NUMBER IN OPERATING CONDITION	N
1. Automatic, Straight Conveyor	(16)	
2. Automatic, Rotary Conveyor	# (17)	
3. Automatic, Door Type	(18)	

Miscellaneous Washers		BER IN G CONDITION
1. Automatic, Pot & Pan		(19)
2. Silver	# 3	(20)
3. Scrapping & Pre-Wash Equipment, Overhead Spray		(21)
4. Laundry Washing Machine		(22)

Waste Equipment	NUMBER IN OPERATING CONDITION	
1. Pulpers, Waste		(23)
2. Compactors		(24)
3. Crushers, Can & Bottle		(25)
4. Disposers, Food Waste, Power	4	(26)

Miscellaneous	NUMBER IN OPERATING CONDITION	
1. Burnishers, Silver, Stainless Steel, Etc.		(27)
2. Boosters, Hot Water, Separate Unit		(28)
3. Exhaust Vent Hoods		(29)
4. Soiled Tray Conveyor System		(30)

Spray Washers		BER IN G CONDITION
1. Kitchen Equipment Spray Washer & Sanitizing Machine - Portable Unit		(31)
 Kitchen & Equipment Spray Washer & Sanitizing Machine - Wall Mount 	,	(32)

Carts	NUMBER IN OPERATING CONDITION		
1. Busing	1	(33-34)	
2. Dishes		(35–36)	
3. Silverware		(37-38)	
4. Tray	#	(39-40)	
5. Rack		(41-42)	

Racks	NUMBER IN OPERATING CONDITION		
1. Dishwasher, Wire		(43-44)	
2. Dishwasher, Plastic		(45–46)	

23. How many of the following holding and service equipment do you have at this location that are in operating condition? (READ LIST AND RECORD NUMBER. IF NONE RECORD "0".)

NUMBER	IN
OPERAT:	ING
CONDIT	LON

Bars - Liquor	CONDITION	
1. Portable (Including Dispenser Bars)		(47)

Bars - Salad	
1. Mobile	(48)
2. Stationary	(49)

Buffet Chafers	
Buffet Chafers	(50)

Buffet Line	
1. Mobile	 (51)
2. Stationary	(52)

Cafeteria Line	
1. Mobile	(53)
2. Stationary	 (54)

Conveyors	
1. Irregular Shape	(55)
2. Straight	(56)

Dispenses - Self Leveli	ng Drop	-In
1. Dishes		(57)
2. Racks/Trays		(58)
Z. RECKS/ITAYS	-	100

Dispensers - Self	Leveling	Portable
1. Dishes	1	(59)
2. Racks/Trays		(60)

NUMBER	IN
OPERAT:	ING
CONDIT	LON

Dispensers		
1. Carbonated Beverages		(61)
2. Cream	1	(62)
3. Hot Chocolate		(63)
4. Iced Tea		(64)
5. Juice		(65)
6. Liquor		(66)
7. Hilk		(67)
8. Other Non-Carbonated Beverages		(68)

Food Carriers - Ports	able	
1. Heated		(69)
2. Unheated		(70)

Food Holding Cabinets	- Statio	nary
1. Heated		(71)
2. Unheated		(72)

Other Holding And Service		
1. Fudge Warmer		(73
2. Hot Wells -		(3)
12" X 20"	#	(74
3. Ice Pans		(7
4. Ice Cream Cabinets	,	(7
5. Nourishment Station (Health Care)	,	(7
6. Shake Machines		(7
7. Soda Fountain	•	(7
8. Soft Serve Machines	,	(8
9. Waitress Service Stations		(7

5-1 6-4

HAND RESPONDENT CARD E AND SAY:

24. Here is a list of various types of energy, please read to me the letter next to the type that is the primary energy source for the following usages at this location? (READ LIST AND WRITE LETTER NEXT TO EACH USAGE TYPE.)

Q.24 PRIMARY	Q.25 SECONDA	RY
8-	14-	NONE []
9-	15-	NONE []
10-	16-	NONE []
11-	17-	NONE []
12-	18-	NONE []
13-	19-	NONE []
	PRIMARY	PRIMARY SECONDA 8- 14- 9- 15- 10- 16- 11- 17- 12- 18-

25. Now, read to me the letter next to the type that is the secondary energy source for the same usages at this location. (READ LIST AND WRITE LETTER NEXT TO EACH USAGE TYPE OR CHECK "NONE".)

TAKE BACK CARD E

26. Approximately what are your total annual energy costs of all types?

\$	(2	0	-2	3)
·		_	_	_	_	,

- 27. What were the total dollars spent in the past 12 months on the following cleaning products? (READ LIST AND WRITE AMOUNT FOR EACH.) PROBE: Just your best estimate will do.
 - 1. Automatic dishwashing detergents \$ (24-27)

 2. Manual dishwashing detergents \$ (28-31)

 3. Dishwashing rinse additives \$ (32-35)

 4. Chemical sanitizers bathroom and food equipment \$ (36-39)

- 7. Laundry cleaning
 additives, such
 as breaks, detergents, bleaches,
 sours, softeners,
 stain removers \$
- 8. Other housekeeping and equipment cleaners \$ (52-55)

an To a world work that have many	# OF WORKERS
28. In a usual work week, how many people in total, aside from pro-	40 OR MORE HOURS
people in total, aside from pro-	PER WEEK(56-57)
prietors and/or partners work at	20-39 HOURS PER
this food service operation? (IF	WEEK (58-59)
NONE, RECORD "O".)	LESS THAN 20 HOURS
	// 0 / 1 1
	PER WEEK (60-61)
	IF FOOD SERVICE OPERATION HAS BEEN
IF FOOD SERVICE OPERATION HAS BEEN	UNDER PRESENT OWNERSHIP FOR LESS THAN
UNDER PRESENT OWNERSHIP FOR ONE	
YEAR OR MORE, ASK:	ONE YEAR, ASK: 29. Could you estimate, based on the
29. During the past year, what were	time you have been in business,
your total gross sales for this	what your annual gross sales for
food service operation (excluding	this food service operation would
sales tax)?	this rood service operation would
	be (excluding sales tax)?
\$ (62-65)	((2 (5)
DON'T KNOW [] ASK	(62-65)
REFUSED [] Q.30	DON'T KNOW [] ASK
	REFUSED [] Q.30
	IF REFUSED/DON'T KNOW IN Q.29, ASK:
IF REFUSED/DON'T KNOW IN Q.29, ASK:	30. HAND RESPONDENT CARD F AND
30. HAND RESPONDENT CARD F AND	30. HAND RESPONDENT CARD I AND
SAY: Which one group would	SAY: Which one group would
you say best describes the	you say best describes the
total gross sales for this	total gross sales for this
food operation excluding	food operation excluding
sales tax?	sales tax?
(66-67)	(66-67)
LESS THAN \$10,000 [] 01	LESS THAN \$10,000 [] 01
\$10,000-\$19,999 [] 02	\$10,000-\$19,999 [] 02
\$20,000-\$29,999 [] 03	\$20,000-\$29,999 [] 03
\$30,000-\$49,999 [] 04	\$30,000-\$49,999 [] 04
\$50,000-\$99,999 [] 05	\$50,000-\$99,999 [] 05
\$100,000-\$299,999 [] 06	\$100,000-\$299,999 [] 06
\$300,000-\$499,999 [] 07	\$300,000-\$499,999 [] 07
\$500,000-\$999,999 [] 08	\$500,000-\$999,999 [] 08
\$1,000,000-\$1,999,999 [] 09	\$1,000,000-\$1,999,999 [] 09
\$2,000,000-\$4,999,999 [] 10	\$2,000,000-\$4,999,999 [] 10
5 MILLION OR MORE [] 11	5 MILLION OR MORE [] 11
TAKE BACK CARD F	TAKE BACK CARD F
IRE BROK OISE .	
31. What were your gross food sales	31. What were your gross food sales
not including alcoholic beverages	not including alcoholic beverages
during the past year?	during the past year?
(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) \$(68-71)	(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) \$(68-71)
	and the state was your food
32. Approximately what were your food	32. Approximately what were your food
costs excluding paper and clean-	costs excluding paper and clean-
ing supplies as a percentage of	ing supplies as a percentage of
gross sales (during the past year)?	gross sales (during the past year)?
(20.20)	(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) %(72-73)
(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) Z(72-73)	(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARIT)
99 That are nour labor sound!! ho-	33. What was your labor payroll be-
33. What was your labor payroll be-	fore deductions as a percentage
fore deductions as a percentage	of gross sales (during the past year)?
of gross sales (during the past year)?	Of Bloom paren (autril and b
(7/ 7E)	(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) %(74-75)
(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) Z(74-75)	(LDI LINE)
34. What was your total annual perman-	34. What was your total annual perman-
ent and disposable dinnerware costs	ent and disposable dinnerware costs
as a percentage of gross sales?	as a percentage of gross sales?
as a percentage of gross sares:	
(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) %(76-77)	(ESTIMATE IF NECESSARY) Z(76-77)
/moraliment of the state of the	*

AWAY-FROM-HOME FOOD STUDY FOOD ITEM DETAIL SHEET

		_	_	_	V	10.00												1000
AGE	Individual Serving/ Package: Portion Control	က	က	ဇ	8	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	က	ဇ	က	ဗ	8
PRODUCT PACKAGE AS RECEIVED (Orcle One)	Regular Consumer Size	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	8	2	2	2	2	5
PRO	Bulk	1		-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	1
~ > 0	**PUDO	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
S NEW	Plastic	3	က	3	3	3	3	က	3	3	3	3	3	က	3	3	3	3
CONTAINER TYPE OF INDIV- IDUAL UNITS (Grote One)	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Veien No.3	1	1	-	1	-	, 	-	-	1	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Presh or Other	5	5	5	2	5	5	2	5	2	5	5	5	5	5.	5	5	2
TYPE (ED	JO JEY	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
ORABILITY TY AS RECEIVED (Gircle One)	Smoked/ Cured	ဇ	3	3	- භ _ු	က	3	3	3	3	၉	က	ဇ	ဧ	9	က	3	က
STORABILITY TYPE AS RECEIVED (Circle One)	/DAUAO DeuO	2	2	2	2	. 2	2	2	2	2	2.	2	2	7	2	2	2	2
S	Prozen	-	7.	1	-	-	-	-	-,	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ON OF	of Smallest Containers/ Package Per Buying Unit																	
DESCRIPTIO BUYING L	Weight/ Size of Smalfest Container/ Packages ("See Inst. C)																	
DESC	Type of Smallest Container (*See Inst. B)			1.														
TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED	Type of Buying Unit ("See Inst. A)																	
TOTAL QUANTITY RECEIVED	Amount Record (Number)																	
DESCRIPTION OF FOOD ITEM	Other Description																	
9	Code																	

^{*}INSTRUCTIONS A. Type of buying unit, i.e.: Pounds, Gallons, Quarts, Pints, Ounces, Cases, Boxes, other.
B. Type of smallest container, i.e.: Cans, Jars, Boxes, Bottles, Pontion Control/Individual Package, other.
C. Weight/Size of smallest container/package, i.e.: Pounds, Gallons, Quarts, Pints, Ounces, other.
When item its received in cars, enter can size, i.e.: #303, #10, etc.

APPENDIX TABLES

TABLE 1 -- SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY FIRM SIZE AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979

	• • •		PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE	OOD SERVICE		
1000	WITH WAITER-	R-WAITRESS	CCUNTER : DRIVE UP	••••	2 L I	TOTAL
1 1 KM 5 1 4 C	TABLE- BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	: EAT : WINDOW. :ELSEWHERE IN: CARRYOUT. : ESTABLISH- :OR DELIVERY : MFNT :	CAFE EKIA RY		
1 UNIT 2-3 UNITS 4-10 UNITS 11-50 UNITS 51-249 UNITS	93.894 10.587 4.263 6.097 3.909	14,578 1,201 1,201 1,48 4,85 6,43	20,006 29,612 7,286 5,103 5,474 2,853 1,606 1,687 628	2 902 3 653 4 551 8 323 8 323	115	161,765 24,945 13,141 12,970 5,555
TOTAL	120.705	17,055	43,053 : 42,120	0 7.074	1,011	231,018

--- = NOT AVAILABLE.

-- SEPARATE EATING PLACES ASSOCIATED WITH A FRANCHISE FIRM, BY FIRM SIZE, 1979 TABLE 2

	SSOCIAT	TIMO	LON	
FIRM SIZE	* FRANCHISOR **	FITTER FRANCE	ASSOCIATED	TOTAL
	ED	OWNED	S	
1 UNIT	13	14,454	80	161,765
2-3 UNITS	934	9	5.94	24.94
4-10 UNITS	•51	746	4.15	3.14
11-50 UNITS	61	.31	40.	12,970
51-249 UNITS	3,214 :	0	. W	5
250 OR MORE UNITS	O		2,302	49
TOTAL	07-140	0	0	;
	4 T 6 /	224801	. 486•0/I	251+018
			•	

-- SEPARATE EATING PLACES ASSOCIATED WITH A FRANCHISE FIRM. BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE. 1979 TABLE 3

_ ≺	ASSOCIATE FRANCHIS	FIRM	: NOT :	
FOOD SERVICE	FRANCHISOR :	L .	A FRANCHISE	TOTAL
HATTED-UATTDESS SERVICE	36	42	118,974	37,76
		7,736	166	
T AT COUNTE	36	68	5 , 0	7,05
NTE			• • •	
ELSENHERE IN	••		••	
STABLISH	: 11,549 :	12,322	: 19,182 :	43 • 053
3	••		••	
· >-		9	M	•
FFTFRT	1,165 :	497	5,412 :	6
OTHER		123	8	• 01
TOTAL	27,142	32.887	170,989	231,018

-- = NOT AVAILABLE.

-- SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE AND MENU SPECIALITY, 1979 TABLE 4

PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE WAITER-WAITRESS SERVICE TABLE-BOOTH	Ŀ	AIT	l ∠	STEAK	< u	
ERVICE]	4	2	250	Z L	Lit
ERVICE	AMERICAN PLATE MEALS	FOODS	FOODS	: CHOPS. :	F00D	TURKEY
ERVIC						
TABLE-BOOTH	61,662	76	934	1.74	•43	•28
OUTSTOCK FAIR	54,996	7,305	6 • 236	•	89432	1,288
THE WOOD IN THE	40	S	\rightarrow	6.0	-	1
COUNTER PURCHASE, EAT :	••		••			••
ELSEWHERE IN :	••		••	••		•••
	3,266	200	19631	: 1,747 :	2,003	2,942
DRIVE UP WINDOW, CARRY- :	••		••	••		
OUT OR DELIVERY	2,333	1,629	-	0	8	3,992
CAFETERIA	5 • 135	•	743	: 466 :	274	
OTHER	343	1	- 1		1	1
••			••			•
TOTAL	72,739	209 6	9,795	14,765	11,397	8,222
			MENU SPI	ALITY		
**		HAMBURGER.		ICE CRE		
	PIZZA	HOTDOGS	SANDWICHES	DONUTS.	OTHER	TOTAL
i •••						
WAITER-WAITRESS SERVICE :	9,174 :	•03	• 35	194	28	37,76
300TH	9,174 :	4 9 9 8	5,904	2,214 :		120,705
EAT	:	• 03	444	946	9	7,05
COUNTER PURCHASE, EAT	• · · ·					•
ELSEWHERE IN	,	1			-	
ESTABLISHMENT	2,610	18,252	6,9203	39337	853	43,053
DRIVE OF WINDOM CARRIE		C	1	ŀ		•
00 - 07 UFLIVE	17644	E NO O	20182	Ω	24155	42,120
CAFFIENTA	1 1 1	Ü	d	!!!!	9	0.6
OTHER	!	C	-		N	• 01
TOTAL	16,705	35,576	21,598	16,766	13,853	231,018

--- = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 5 -- ANNUAL MEAL AND SNACK SALES AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY FIRM SIZE AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979 (THOUSANDS)

	WITH WAITER-WAITRESS	-WAITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP			TOTAL
17KM 5125	TABLE	EAT AT COUNTER	ELSEWHERE IN: ESTABLISH :	WINDOW+ CARRYOUT+ OR DELIVERY	CAFEIEKIA	2	
1 UNIT 2-3 UNITS 4-10 UNITS 51-249 UNITS 51-249 UNITS	17,906,149 2,538,219 2,484,143 3,896,967 2,314,954	1,491,260 474,787 474,787 296 128,597 482,250	3,317,229 2,645,884 1,802,338 1,423,830 759,845	3,923,634 1,241,130 1,673,088 851,255 145,878 663,150	488.184 170.498 64.567 2,096,697 500,183	198,903 38,870 36,900	27,325,359 7,109,388 6,024,136 8,269,045 2,434,174 7,219,689
TOTAL	30,040,103	2,577,190	13,513,633	8,498,135	3,478,057	274,673	58,381,791

--- = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 6 -- ANNUAL MEAL AND SNACK SALES AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES ASSOCIATED WITH A FRANCHISE FIRM, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SFRVICE, 1979 (THOUSANDS)

	SOCIAT	TIMO	FON	
- Y P E	T KANCH	S I I	H I	
DOU SERVI	KANCHING	KANCHISE	H	TOTAL
	. OWNED	OWNED	A FRANCHISE	
			FIRM	
WITH WAITER-WAITRESS	••			
SERVICE	673.	•422•47	4.52	2.617.29
TABLE-BOOTH	• 06	623,59	.834.44	040.10
EAT AT COUNTER	91	798	1,686,8	2.577
COUNTER PURCHASE, EAT			7	
LSEWHERE IN				
ESTABLISHMENT	5,272,840	5,293,629	2,947,164	13.513.633
DRIVE UP WINDOW . CARRY -				
OUT OR DELIVERY	90,26	3 + 8 4	•564•02	•498•13
CAFETERIA	855,181	11	2,512,110	478,05
-	***	36,900	37,77	4 , 6
TOTAL	11,291,860	13,307,615	33,782,316	58,381,791

--- = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 7 -- ANNUAL MEAL AND SNACKS SALES AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES ASSOCIATED WITH A FRANCHISE FIRM, BY FIRM SIZE, 1979 (THOUSANDS)

	E0-		LON	
FIRM SIZE	FRANCHISE FRANCHISOR F	FIRM RANCHISEE OWNED	SHZI	TOTAL
1 UNIT 2-3 UNITS 4-10 UNITS 11-50 UNITS 51-249 UNITS 250 OR MORE UNITS	775,244 1,119,636 639,533 2,540,465 1,273,896 4,943,086	3,645,078 2,722,539 4,484,964 1,878,691 286,855 289,488	22,905,037 3,267,213 899,639 3,849,889 873,423	27,325,359 7,109,388 6,024,136 8,269,045 2,434,174 7,219,689
TOTAL	11,291,860 1	13,307,615	33,782,316	58,381,791

-- AVERAGE ANNUAL MEAL AND SNACK SALES PER SEPARATE EATING PLACE ASSOCIATED WITH A FRANCHISE FIRM, BY FIRM SIZE, 1979 TABLE 8

	ASSOCIAT FRANCHI	WITH A FIRM	NOT ASSOCIATED	
		FRANCHISE	(2)	TOTAL
1 UNIT	87,66	52.	159,974	68,92
2-3 UNITS	34,	81,7	04+90	85,00
4-10 UNITS	54,38	93.	16,46	58,42
11-50 UNITS	: 550,838	9	951,060	
51-249 UNITS	96,3	9	43,16	38,19
250 OR MORE UNITS	300	8493	63,21	1,08
TOTAL	416,029	404,647	197,570	252,715

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places*

Product category	: 1979 : total :	1969 : total :	Percent change
	1,00	00 pounds	Percent
Dairy products and ices	4,428,973.4	3,244,046.2	36.5
Fluid milk	2,059,122.5	1,555,235.1	32.4
Canned milk	2,007.5	15,131.4	-86.7
Dry milk	15,132.3	10,897.7	38.9
Cream	542,446.2	255,494.7	112.3
Cheese	1,254,615.4	294,992.7	325.3
Other	555,649.5	1,112,294.6	-50.0
Fats and oils	2,338,765.6	1,200,516.4	94.8
Table fats	376,801.5	236,807.1	59.1
Shortening and oil	1,477,453.0	656,342.8	125.1
Mayonnaise and salad dressings	484,511.0	298,454.7	62.3
Other	: .1	8,911.8	-100.0
Flour and cereal	: 1,553,205.1	697,705.0	122.6
Breakfast cereal	30,628.1	11,827.3	159.0
Rice	67,030.0	58,653.7	14.3
Dry pastes	: 83,399.9	61,418.6	35.8
Other	: 1,372,147.1	565,805.4	142.5
Bakery products	: 3,720,708.1	2,234,153.0	66.5
Bread	: 724,732.8	585,869.2	23.7
Misc. bread-type products	60,719.1	47,492.0	27.9
Rolls, buns, and muffins	: 1,638,661.0	1,108,359.5	47.8

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places--continued*

Product category	: 1979 : total	: 1969 : total :	Percent change
Bakery products (cont.)	:1,	000 pounds	Percent
Crackers, unsweetened	314,630.8	50,194.5	526.8
Cookies and sweet crackers	16,246.5	14,981.1	8.4
Pastry, Danish, and doughnuts	372,238.9	109,879.5	238.8
Pies	269,301.1	200,513.9	34.3
Cakes	27,966.9	46,717.0	-40.1
Other	296,211.0	70,146.3	322.3
Beef and veal	: 2,340,761.7	2,198,155.2	6.5
Pork	680,071.1	624,216.9	8.9
Lamb	27,833.1	27,268.9	2.1
Variety meats	53,639.7	33,904.8	58.2
Liver	45,954.8	26,844.2	71.2
Other	7,684.9	7,060.6	8.8
Meat products	366,162.4	174,965.1	109.3
Other meats	955.4	•1	**
Poultry and eggs	: 1,417,091.8	1,219,452.3	16.2
Chicken	730,579.3	724,746.5	.8
Broilers and fryers	278,010.3	636,809.1	-56.3
Roasters and stewers	: 12,248.7	26,327.6	-53.5
Chicken parts	: 409,757.8	57,755.5	609.5
Other	7,813.2	3,854.3	102.7
Turkey	: 87,422.6	72,913.1	19.9

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places--continued*

Product category	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	1969 : total :	Percent change
	:1,00	0 pounds	Percent
Eggs	: 579,300.7	402,570.3	43.9
In shell	: 565,140.0	385,876.7	46.5
Other	: 14,160.6	16,683.6	-15.1
Other poultry and fowl	: : 19,789.2	19,222.4	2.9
Fish and shellfish	: : 699,921.7	693,129.3	1.0
Shellfish	: : 275,868.8	346,059.6	-20.3
Shrimp	134,175.5	126,305.4	6.2
Oysters	: 13,736.9	27,008.0	-49.1
Clams	27,082.8	66,374.0	-59.2
Crabs	33,883.3	34,063.6	5
Lobster and crayfish	39,647.5	69,792.0	-43.2
Scallops	27,342.7	17,597.4	55.4
Other	7,968.4	4,919.2	62.0
Other seafood	: 424,052.9	347,069.7	22.2
Sugar and sweets	: 2,185,578.3	1,536,250.9	42.3
Sugar	: 287,195.2	354,508.2	-19.0
Table syrups or honey	: 104,740.4	49,346.0	112.3
Jellies or jams	: : 39,163.2	48,705.3	-19.6
Candy	22,808.3	66,144.4	-65.5
Other	: 1,731,671.2	1,017,547.0	70.2

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places--continued*

Product category	: 1979 : total	: 1969 : total	Percent change	
	: : <u>1</u>	,000 pounds	Percent	
Vegetables	4,978,063.9	4,299,179.4	15.8	
Potatoes, white	1,829,007.0	1,989,644.1	- 8.1	
Potatoes, sweet	13,530.3	22,900.2	-40.9	
Tomatoes	: 425,465.6	506,245.6	-16.0	
Lettuce	: : 569,932.0	493,768.0	15.4	
Parsley	: 10,229.2	3,807.6	168.7	
Celery	: : 32,493.4	72,711.9	-55.3	
Carrots	: 91,543.8	79,327.1	15.4	
Beets	: : 22,765.9	14,099.0	61.5	
Radishes	: : 13,870.5	15,162.1	- 8.5	
Onions	: 268,912.9	308,691.7	-12.9	
Peas	: : 89,301.2	71,991.1	24.0	
Peppers	: : 61,919.1	48,821.6	26.8	
Beans	: 268,333.5	176,982.1	51.6	
Cabbage or sauerkraut	: : 488,410.8	228,182.0	114.0	
Asparagus	: : 4,751.9	5,096.3	- 6.8	
Broccoli	: : 20,945.8	11,642.3	79.9	
Brussels sprouts	1,964.1	1,955.3	•5	
Cauliflower	: 11,894.2	6,628.9	79.4	
Cucumbers	38,549.5	10,913.9	253.2	
Eggplant	; 7,145.5	12,205.6	-41.5	
Endive	: : 1,370.6	2,574.0	-46.8	

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places--continued*

Product category	: 1979 : total :	1969 : total :	Percent change
Vegetables (cont.)	:1,000	pounds	Percent
Mushrooms	: : 154,270.6	24,573.5	527.8
Okra	: 12,954.4	3,631.6	256.7
Pimentos	: : 3,529.0	2,500.5	41.1
Corn	: 163,267.4	63,693.9	156.3
Spinach	: 16,149.9	16,956.5	- 4.8
Greens	: 11,904.3	14,298.7	-16.7
Vegetables, mixed	: 14,131.1	19,239.2	-26.6
Other	: 329,520.4	70,937.1	364.5
Fruits	: 672,588.8	472,295.1	42.4
Lemons	: 178,799.2	58,386.0	207.9
Limes	: 13,392.4	5,881.3	127.7
Oranges	: : 35,372.1	39,038.0	- 9.4
Grapefruit	: : 5,759.2	10,638.9	-45.9
Apples	: 56,781.1	37,604.8	51.0
Applesauce	: 21,109.4	28,043.4	-24.7
Bananas	: 27,293.7	42,056.7	-35.1
Pears	: : 34,665.9	9,007.2	284.9
Apricots	: 1,604.5	3,121.8	-48.6
Cherries	; ; 9,145.3	17,464.6	-47.6
Peaches	: : 41,221.0	30,987.1	33.0
Pineapples	: 39,085.6	24,632.1	58.7
Plums	: : 1,277.3	1,284.8	6
- availed			4

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places--continued*

Product category	: 1979 : total	: 1969 : total :	Percent change
Fruits (cont.)	<u>1,</u> (000 pounds	Percent
Cranberries	. 4,815.9	5,334.7	-9.7
Strawberries	: 40,654.8	23,885.5	70.2
Fruit pie filling	27,458.5	22,211.6	23.6
Other	: 134,152.9	112,716.6	19.0
Juices, ades, and drinks	: : 223,341.1	253,553.1	-11.9
Orange juice	: 77,650.0	105,108.4	-26.1
Grapefruit juice	: 12,941.7	23,352.4	-44.6
Apple juice	; ; 7,238.2	1,602.6	351.7
Pineapple juice	; 7,213.1	3,681.1	95.9
Prune juice	714.8	4,021.8	-82.2
Grape juice	: : 5,336.7	1,615.4	230.4
Tomato juice	25,685.3	61,267.5	-58.1
Cranberry cocktail	: 15,248.6	899.9	-83.1
Other	: 71,312.7	52,004.0	37.1
Beverages	: : 917,270.9	1,429,117.9	-35.8
Coffee	: 265,415.6	250,499.5	6.0
Bean or ground	: : 206,462.7	248,660.4	-17.0
Instant	58,296.1	1,839.1	3,069.8
Other	656.8	N/A	N/A
Tea	: 29,355.2	14,952.4	96.3
Cocoa	34,089.3	49,865.4	-31.6
Other	: 588,410.8	1,113,800.6	-47.2

Table 9--Quantity of foods received at separate eating places--continued*

Product category	: 1979 : total :	1969 : total :	Percent change
	1,000	o pounds	Percent
oups, gravies, and sauces	417,268.0	199,700.3	108.9
Soup	: 158,601.4	108,645.9	46.0
Soup bases or bouillon	: 67,042.3	7,411.8	804.5
Sauces and gravies	: : 191,624.3	83,642.6	129.1
repared foods	: 321,993.5	170,398.4	89.0
Sandwiches	: 27,481.2	5,360.2	412.7
Other	: 294,512.3	165,038.2	78.5
Nuts and snacks	: 307,496.7	72,374.5	324.9
Peanuts	: 12,305.9	7,291.3	68.8
Peanut butter	: 1,785.8	1,938.8	- 7.9
Nuts	6,459.2	18,010.8	64.1
Potato chips or sticks	: 190,242.1	37,767.2	403.7
Other	: 96,703.7	7,366.4	**
Condiments and seasonings	: : 1,350,204.0	700,647.0	92.7
Tomato catsup	: : 314,821.0	249,480.7	26.2
Mustard	: : 131,476.1	57,172.7	130.0
Vinegar	: 28,328.3	35,704.7	-20.7
Horseradish	: 5,297.6	2,051.9	158.2
Pickles	: 286,669.8	221,514.1	29.4
Relish	: 59,285.2	27,050.7	119.2
Olives	: 72,899.4	21,018.2	246.8
Other	: 451,426.6	86,654.0	421.0
Total	: : 29,001,934.1	21,481,029.8	35.0

N/A = not available.

^{*} Estimates are provided for foods when product classifications in 1969 and 1979 are reasonably comparable.

^{**} Exceeds 1,000 percent.

TABLE 10 --- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979
(THOUSANDS)

PRODUCT CATEFORY	Ε	WAITER/WAITRESS :	COUNTER	DRIVE UP			
	TABLE/	EAT AT COUNTER	FORCHASE, EAT ELSE- WHERE IN ESTABLISH MENT	CARRY-OUT OR DELIVERY	CAFETERIA		TOTAL
DAIRY PRODUCTS AND ICES 1/	: 1955546.1	170362.5	1577741.6	502142.0	219206.6	3974.6	4428973.4
FLUID MILK	1031483.8	130541.0	602258.6	137458.5	155630.2	1750.5	2059122.5
WHITE OTHER 2/	882604.0 148879.8	128874.5 1666.5	543579.9 58678.7	122819.0 14639.5	141253.4	1541.4	1820672•1 238450•4
CANNED MILK	1456.5	0.0	0 • 0	3 • O	550.9	0 • 0	2007.5
DRY MILK	7700.2	0 • 0	697.1	2795.1	3722.8	397.1	15132.3
CREAM	363635.6	21611.2	111203.3	28888.3	16896.6	211.2	542446.2
SWEET 3/	: 114156.1	9888.8	69155.4	5692.8	11955.6	211.2	211059.9
SOUR	41204.6	196.1	3549.7	8,12.0	4367.1	0 • 0	57329.5
SUBSTITUTES 4/	208274.9	11526.2	38498.2	15183.5	573.9	0 • 0	274056.8
YOGURT	3614.7	0.0	794.1	L. 66	1582.3	0 • 0	6.090.9
FROZEN MILK DESSERT 5/	50122.1	2682.6	165574.6	71213.8	6436.5	34 . 5	296064.0
ICE CREAM	25267.2	2338.3	10012.5	17911.0	4740.9	0 • 0	60270.0
MILK DESSERTS, OTHER 6/	16961.0	0 • 0	98720.2	121146.5	16475.9	34.5	253338.1
CHEESE 7/	480572.2	15527.8	598583.7	140383.6	17911.3	1636.8	1254615.4
FATS AND OILS	: 1413224.8	78947.4	557099.7	195054.5	86018.0	8421.1	2338765.6
TABLE FATS	326670.3	9228.2	18105.5	6151.1	15381.7	1264.7	376801.5
BUTTER MARGARINE	277400.9	6317.8 29°0.4	9465.3 8640.2	2808°9 3342°2	3507.5 11874.1	250°7 1014•0	299751.1 77050.4
SHORTENING AND OIL 8/	822202.5	54877.7	381622.2	162351.2	51329.3	5070.2	1477453.0

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES. BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

			PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	WITH WAITER/WAITRESS	AITRESS :	COUNTER	DRIVE UP	**************************************	H H H H H H	TOTAL
	TABLE/ BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	PURCHASE EAT ELSE WHERE IN ESTABLISH MENT	CARRY-OUT OR DELIVERY	1		
1 1 5 5 1 3	1	7 7 7	157372.0	26552.1	19307.0	2086.3	484511.0
MAYONNAISE AND SALAD DRESSINGS MAYONNAISE TYPE DRESSINGS	91655.5	13233.8		20208.0 6344.1	10394.9 8912.1	2086.3	267272•1 217238•9
PREPARED SALAU URESSINGS	24438	68841.3	206613.8	257301.3	190126.8	5883.3	1553205.1
	: 641346.9	52809.8	157959.1	216333.7	127727•1	4897.0	1201073.6
DOUD FLOOR MIXES	10459.9	11664.7	36911.9	31225.9	15259.9	0 • 0	105522.4
RRETAKED LOGS TAGES	21613.2	2600.1	835.1	1293.8	3972.4	313.6	30628.1
TOH	3573.2	126.4	166.7	1194.0 99.8	74°9 3897°5	307.5	5442.6 25185.6
VILOS CIEDA AND DANTES 10/	148907.6	1766.7	9763.4	8447.9	42930.7	672.6	212489.0
	•		1		- 4	43.4	67030.0
RICE CORN, CRACKER, AND MATZO MEAL	: 51073.2 : 25825.7	180°7 346°8	2566.1 3608.2 3210.1		12014 21486 9186		54214 • 0 83399 • 9
DRY PASTES 11/ SPAGHETTI AND MACARONI	56571.6	1138.2	214801	3369°2 862°5	6644.1 2451.2	123.0	69994°2 9763°0
RAKFRY PRODUCTS	1968113.3	190195.8	893461.6	525362.0	128517.3	15058.2	3720708.1
/61 Canada	: : 531633.0	24402.8	69523.0	50882.8	47553.8	737.4	724732.8
	20275.8	1484.1	9950.1	28159.4	849.7	0 • 0	60719.1
BIINS AND	. 655780.2	95401.3	603783.0	237668•7	32548.1	13479.6	1638661.0
	1 30005 7	25 926 2		44143.1	3881.2	2968.7	221211.8
ROLLS	350285.2	48732.3	539410.5	15	r=4	9756.0	1121265.0
SUI JUNE STATE OF THE STATE OF	29454.0	13736.4		2761.9 4772.7	0 • 0 0 • 0	61.5	24148 3

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

3			PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	ITH WAITER	l o	COUNTER	DRIVE UP			
	TABLE	EAT AT COUNTER		INDO RRY- OR LIVE	CAFETERIA	0 1 1 1 1 1 1	TOTAL
PANCAKES, WAFFLES, FRENCH TOAST	11197.0	37.9	567.5	1	3152 0	184.5	15277.7
CRACKERS, UNSWEETENED	232421.9	31680.0	7168.1	23486.5	19779.4	6 • 46	314630.8
COOKIES AND SWEET CRACKERS	1272.7	1765.0	5498.8	5683.6	2026.4	0 • 0	16246.5
PASTRY, DANISH, AND DOUGHNUTS 157:	253400.4	19819.6	21402.4	67443.8	9873.5	299.1	372238.9
PIES	97809.0	4388.0	122946.4	38029.7	5912.8	215.2	269301.1
FROZEN	24505.9 73303.1	72.8 4315.2	54299•0 68647•4	1849.5 36180.2	3560.1 2352.7	215.2	84502.5
CAKES 16/	9457.9	4188.2	11853.8	1477.1	0.066	0.0	27966.9
FROZEN OTHER	3284.6 6173.3	0.0 4188.2	4129.5	284.3 1192.8	165°7 824°3	0 • 0	7864.1 20102.8
MISC. BAKERY PRODUCTS 17/	147613.0	2178.1	38601.2	67434.1	2324 • 9	16.7	258168.0
MISC. PRODUCTS USED IN BAKING 18/	7252.4	4850.7	2167.3	4957 • 6	3506.7	30.8	22765.4
BEEF AND VEAL 19/	1184856.5	127043.6	450714.5	312168.4	246799.6	19179.1	2340761.7
STEAK 20/ FROZEN OTHER	349234.8 129581.7 219653.0	36892°4 27792°5 9099°9	91460°7 78769°7 12691°0	43421.7 38084.2 5337.5	82013.9 39900.3 42113.6	7764.1 1766.7 5997.3	610787.5 315895.2 294892.4
ROAST FROZEN OTHER	194917.1 68940.4 125976.7	39283.1 5597.3 33685.8	25628.4 11198.4 14429.9	23306.4 8652.0 14654.4	68692°9 34319°7 34373°2	5379.0 4140.0 1239.0	357206.9 132847.9 224359.1
CURED AND PROCESSED 21/ FROZEN OTHER	20192.1 6745.8 13446.3	5845.8 218.4 5627.4	3349.9 834.1 2515.8	7441.1 86.8 7354.3	6095.2 2150.8 3944.4	0 0 0	42924°2 10035°9 32888°3
See footnotes at end of table.			# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1	0 0 1 0 0 0 1		CONTINUED

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE (THOUSANDS)

			PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	H WAITER/	i o	COUNTER	DRIVE UP	4 H	OTHER	TOTAL
	TABLE/ BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	EAT ELSE ESTABLISHER	CARRY-OUT OR DELIVERY			8 8 9 0 0
BULK BEEF 22/	35095.7	1370.6	196.8	71425.9	19907.2	0 • 0	127996.2
GROUND 23/	565595.6	42588.8	328631.5	162500.1	52775.5	5421.0	1157512.5
BULK 24/	247459.9	10200.9	140741.5	65654.2	28398.6	1743.7	494198.8
SEL TAG	: 314512.9	32347.8	185044.4	80537.7	24323.9	3526.7	640293.5
MISCELLANEOUS 25/	15127.5	576.6	859.2	3296.3	15728.6	0.0	35588.1
	4767.1 10360.4	76.8 499.8	58.2 801.0	418.1	8452°4 7276°2	0 • 0	13772.6
PORK 25/	: 430815.4	43952.7	77010.5	55218.5	71020.4	2053.6	680071.1
	••			0	1.217.1	145.0	74481.7
CHOPS	16682.2	2468e3 76-8	130.1	152 • 3	1882	83.5	6103.3
FROZEN	12904-1	2391.5	6.09	226.2		61.5	18378.4
9	0.0000	6.954	10406.3	7778.1	19121.2	0.0	100633.8
LOINS, ROASIS AND SIEAKS 277 FROZEN OTHER	8868.2 54020.7	439.2	2692.0	209.7 7568.4	3860.8 15260.4	0 • 0	15630.8 85002.9
	32049.9	126.9	944.3	10593.7	1393.1	0 • 0	45107.9
8 V NO 28 V	: 136019.6	11096.5	14070.8	7830.5	13998.7	1076.9	184093.0
	: 125264.0	22059.5	27948.4	22346.6	24704.9	248.4	222571.8
######################################	44882.4	6274.1	20055.8	4382.5	5904.0	583.2	82081.7
OTHER RED MEAT 29/	25131.9	224.2	723.8	1100.7	1647.8	0.0	28828.5
	24136.5	224.2	723.8	1100.7	1647.8	0 • 0	27833.1
VADIETY MEATS 30/	25396.4	760.9	4907.0	1539.7	2	153.7	53639.7
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	t 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	CONTINUED

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

	•• •• ••		PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE .		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	LITH WAITER/	/WAITRESS EAT AT	COUNTER PURCHASE EAT ELSE	DRIVE UP WINDOW+ CARRY-OUT	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		COUNTER	WHERE IN ESTABLISH-	- 1			
LIVER	20590.1	214.9	3581.2	594.4	20781.9	92.3	45954.8
FROZEN OTHER	11589.6 : 9000.5	169.0 45.9	71.8 3509.5	91.8 502.6	20274•1 507•8	0.0	32196.3 13758.5
MEAT PRODUCTS	: 167623.1	10462.2	69764.4	110950.5	6175.2	1187.1	366162.4
MEAT PIZZA TOPPINGS	82832.6	0 • 0	4879.6	17452.4	496.4	0 • 0	105661.0
HOT DOGS AND WIENERS	43906.5	6242.0	47516.2	41448.5	3853.3	1167.0	144133.5
SAUSAGES 31/	34647.1	3504.1	14122.5	24390.1	1523.1	20.1	78207.1
LUNCHEON MEAT	6237.0	716.1	3246.0	27659.5	302.3	0 • 0	38160.8
POULTRY AND EGGS 32/	. 765707.8	95345.2	207521.9	166188.0	179318.5	3010.5	1417091.8
CHICKEN 33/	. 420987.8	8162.9	124481.1	135584.5	39657.8	1705+3	730579.3
BROILERS AND FRYERS	130194.4	1213.1	81250.9	34378.6	30031.2	942.1	278010.3
ROASTERS AND STEWERS	7800.2	166.2	460.2	730.6	3091.5	0.0	12248.7
CHICKEN PARTS	270488.6	5499.0	37934.5	90172.9	4899.6	763.1	409757.8
OTHER CHICKEN 34/	3847.3	17.9	3137.6	780.2	30.2	0 • 0	7813.2
TURKEY 35/	48424.9	5011.7	8475.3	5680.3	19463.5	366.8	87422.6
WHOLE AND HALF	22755.3	1241.6	1827.5	2433.0	17769.5	291.7	46318.7
TURKEY PARTS	18659.5	3564.4	3452.1	1866.9	1524.3	75.1	29142.2
OTHER TURKEY	7010.2	205.6	3182.5	1380.4	169.7	0 • 0	11948.4
EGGS	278591.2	81905.5	74471.2	78	119661.7	888.2	579300.7
See footnotes at end of table.				1			CONTINUED
				61			

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE (THOUSANDS)

			PRIMARY	TYPE 0° FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEFORY	ITH WAIT	AITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
	TABLE/ TABLE/ BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	EAT ELSE- WHERE IN ESTABLISH-	υ 0			
				 		1 0 1 6 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
I Lundo	273023.9	81905.5	74433.0	20553.8	114335.7	888 • 2	565140.0
IN SPEEL	5567.3	0.0	38.2	3229.1	5326.0	0 • 0	14160.6
DINER JOY	446064.9	12934.6	131510.3	38699.6	58302.5	2409.9	699921.7
FINETSH. WHOLE	75202.8	622.2	5820.0	4592.3	2019.8	417.5	88674•6
FROZEN	45476.2	484.1	2107.2	2311.1	1557.2	417.5	52353.3 36321.3
DINETSH CUIT	94582	2493.9	27465.8	11236.8	32837.7	209.7	169126.5
FROZEN	60846.5	2324.9 169.0	26020.9	8946.6 2290.2	26788.7	345.0	125272°7 43853°8
	2,496,2	4007.7	90824.6	15305.	11834.8	16.7	158283.4
FINFISH, PROCESSED 37, FROZEN CANNED	30481.8	1296.2	89954•6 428•0			16.7	15395.2
HV H	234292.8	4164.8	7066.5	7462.8	21424.3	1457.6	275868.8
SHRIMP. WITH SHELL	35679.3	203.8	1380.9	2298.5	5370.6	0.0	44933.1
	. 66599.3	1697.4	2437.5	3634.5	14281.5	592.2	89242.4
	10595.5	1223.3	1055.2	44.9	56.4	761.9	13736.9
2	25056.1	203.8	1072.7	727 •5	22.6	0 • 0	27082.8
7 C	33097.2	284.2	42.8	399.6	7.7	51.8	33883.3
CRABS OR CRAYFISH	37594.8	348.6	0.0	0 • 0	1652.4	51.8	39647.5
· ·	25670.8	203.8	1077.3	357.8	33.0	0.0	27342.7
				1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1		* (4)	CONTINUED

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

SHETS 39/ POUNTER: EXTENSE PORMATER POUNTER: EXTENSE PORMATER POUNTER: PAREER POUNTER POUNTER: PAREER POUNTER POUNTER: PAREER POUNTER POUNTER: PAREER POUNTER POUNTER: PAREER POUNTER POUNTER: PAREER POUNTER		•• •• ••		PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		0
Number N	PRODUCT CATEGORY	1	AITRESS	COUNTER	7 .			
SWEETS 39/ SWEETS 30/		TABLE/ BOOTH	EAT TO COUNTER			C A T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	0 THE R	TOTAL
SWEETS 39/ SWEETS 30/		692	1646.0	333.4	102.1	186.0	ත ව භ	7968.4
NUMBER 40/ RUDES OR HONEY 40/ RUDES OR JAMS 41/ RUDES OR JAMS AND JAMS AND RUDES OR JAMS AND JAMS OR JAMS AND JAMS A	SWEETS	91169	00605	726460.4	44967.	109745.7	2629	2185578.3
FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 42/ 1516-7 5637-4 1671-5 556-8 2491-3 1010-0 190-6 TOPPINGS FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 42/ 53766-7 51.9 57702-5 375701-4 34883-7 9369-3 1.0	SUGAR	0229.	5370.	2859.			2535.5	287195.2
OR JAMS 41/ 52025.3 10187.6 3258.5 2491.3 1010.0 190.6 TOPPINGS 53766.7 2557.9 37938.3 17804.5 81.2 103.5 1 FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 42/ 448100.0 40817.6 577702.5 375701.4 34883.7 9369.3 14 C22097.7 22097.7 51.9 75.0 525.1 58.7 0.0 0.0 WHITE 854048.3 97499.6 467303.4 281877.9 123424.5 4655.2 18 SWEET 43/ 7796.0 0.0 1157.6 758.7 3818.0 0.0 0.0 SWEET 43/ 195679.9 11455.5 123915.5 75119.1 18489.0 0.0 0.0 SWEET 43/ 195679.9 11455.5 123915.5 7519.1 18489.0 0.0 0.0 SWEET 43/ 195679.9 11455.5 11566.6 58423.1 15912.6 557.7 SWEET 43/ 110.6 1166.6 58423.1 15912.6 558.7 558.7 SWEET 43/ 110.5 1166.6 58423.1 15912.6	SYRUPS OR HONEY	4056.	5637.4	1671.5		2408.1	430.5	104740.4
TOPPINGS FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 42/ FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 44/ FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 64/ FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 6	OR JAMS	2025.				1010.0	190 • 6	39163.2
FOUNTAIN SYRUPS 42/ 22097.7	FOUNTAIN TOPPINGS	53766.7	557.		17804.5			112252.2
2623998-1 164903-7 1071931-5 577791-6 524390-7 15048-2 49 • WHITE • SWEET 43/ • SWEET 43/ • SWEET 43/ • SWEET 43/ • SAFET 43/ •	FOUNTAIN SYRUPS	48100.	40817.8	577702.5		34883.7	9369.3	1486574.7
• WHITE • WHITE • SWEET 43/ • SUEET 44/ • SUEET 43/ • SUEET 43/ • SUEET 44/	CANDY	•	51.9	75.0		58.7		22808.3
S. SWEET 43/ S. SWEET 41/ S. SW	VEGETABLES	623998	164903.7	1071931.5	577791.6	524390.7	5048.	4978063.9
S. SWEET 43/ S. SSTOR 40 11455.5 123915.5 75119.1 18489.0 806.6 4 S. SSTOR 40 11445.6 13298.9 16696.0 2576.4 567.7 S. SSTOR 40 11067.9 11067.6 150378.4 46560.7 112107.5 3504.9 5 S. SOR 50 110.3 1105.4 314.1 25.0 666.1 88.3 S. SSTOR 50 10739.8 340.9 S. SSTOR 50 10739.8 340.9 S. SSTOR 50 10739.8 340.9 S. SSTOR 50 10739.8 100.0 S. SSTOR 50 100.0 S. SSTOR			9466416	467303.4	81877.	4	853.	1829007.0
S 195679.9 11455.5 123915.5 75119.1 18489.0 806.6 4 D 55790.6 1047.6 13298.9 16696.0 2576.4 567.7 258.9 358.9 3 129889.4 10407.9 110616.6 58423.1 15912.6 238.9 3504.9 5 245433.8 11946.8 150378.4 46560.7 112107.5 3504.9 5 9110.3 105.4 314.1 25.0 666.1 8.3 20429.1 853.4 649.0 2511.0 8024.2 26.8 54931.2 5880.1 8144.2 2507.5 19739.8 340.9 N 7329.4 0.0 4156.8 299.7 1548.7 0.0	SWEET	7796.0	0 • 0	1157.6	758.7	3818.0	0 • 0	13530.3
D 55790.6 1047.6 13298.9 16696.0 2576.4 567.7 3 129889.4 10407.9 110616.6 58423.1 15912.6 238.9 3 3 129889.4 10407.9 110616.6 58423.1 15912.6 238.9 3 3 1 245433.8 11946.8 150378.4 46560.7 112107.5 3504.9 5 3 105.4 314.1 25.0 666.1 8.3 20429.1 853.4 649.0 2511.0 8024.2 26.8 340.9 5 3 3 4 0.9 3 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TOMATOES	95679.	11455.5	23915.	5119.		806.6	425465.6
245433.8 11946.8 150378.4 46560.7 112107.5 3504.9 5 9110.3 105.4 314.1 25.0 666.1 8.3 20429.1 853.4 649.0 2511.0 8024.2 26.8 54931.2 5880.1 8144.2 2507.5 19739.8 340.9 N 8940.4 0.0 306.0 57.4 2218.6 0.0	CANNED OTHER				16696.0 58423.1	2576. 5912.	567.7 238.9	99977 • 2 325488 • 5
Second Se	LETTUCE	45433.	11946.8	50378.	6560		3504.9	569932.0
20429.1 853.4 649.0 2511.0 8024.2 26.8 54931.2 5880.1 8144.2 2507.5 19739.8 340.9 N 306.0 306.0 57.4 2218.6 0.0 B 8940.4 0.0 4156.8 299.7 1548.7 0.0	PARSLEY	9110.3	105.4	314.1	•			10229.2
. 54931.2 5880.1 8144.2 2507.5 19739.8 340.9 . 7329.4 0.0 306.0 57.4 2218.6 0.0 . 8940.4 0.0 4156.8 299.7 1548.7 0.0	CELERY	0429.	853.4	649.0	2511.0	8024.2	26.8	32493.4
: 7329.4 0.0 306.0 57.4 2218.6 0.0 : 8940.4 0.0 4156.8 299.7 1548.7 0.0	CARROTS	4931.	5880.1	8144.2	2507.5	9739.	340.9	91543.8
	FROZEN	7329.4	000	306.0 4156.8	57.4	2218•6 1548•7	000	9911.4

TABLE 10 --- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979---CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

	•		TXIEIXI				
PRODUCT CATEGORY	1 6	/WAITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
		EAT A		CARRY-OUT : OR : DELIVERY :			0 0 0 1 1
	1	5880	3681.4	2150.5	15972.5	340.9	66686
OTHER	4973.	139	3710.5	152.8	3789.7	0.0	22765
BEETS	7300	894.8	4492.6	78.0	1071.7	33.4	13870.
RADISHES		7162.2	80854.0	30413.8	28985.7	311.9	268912•
ONIONS 44/ FROZEN	3258	349.5	11076.2	2278.6 28135.2	38.2 28947.5	311.9	17000.5
OTHER 45/	- 6	120.6	6936.8	1237.2	24885.7	669.8	89301
PEAS 46/)			16.7	4550 • 4	0 • 0	16664
FROZEN	: 7371.0 : 2559.7	90	193.7	00	853.8	153.7 516.0	3761.0 67701.5
CANNED	. 44346.2	120.0			2144.7	111.6	61919
// 4	39848.2	1241.3	15792•6	2 / 80 • 8			
CANNED	37335.2	62.6 1178.7	629.3	22.4	684.8 1459.8	0.0 111.6	1715 57977
OTHER	172257.5	7213.1	29333.5	11041.1	46879.8	1608.5	268333
BEANS 48/	0656.	601.	1253.6	227.1	5974.6	61.5	18775
		7758.4	6209-5	508.3	32771.8	766.5	140283
GREEN. MAX OR STRING	•	י בי היים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיים מיי	21870	10305.7	8133.4	780.5	108994
RED. WHITE AND BROWN	6 7 U D L e		25363	C.M	41890.3	717.5	488410
CABBAGE OR SAUERKRAUT CANNED 49/	380505.2		889.	3800	12754.6 29135.8	0.0 717.5	22944
OTHER	2/12/200	ש נ	279	0.0	13.1	16.7	4751.9
ASPARAGUS	3288.3	e a CTT					

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECTIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, 3Y PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD, SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

PRODUCT CATEGORY FROZEN CANNED OTHER	WITH WAITER/WAITR						
FROZEN CANNED OTHER		ES	COUNTER	لبط		••••	=
FRO ZEN CANNED OTHER	TABLE/ BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	PURCHASE, EAT ELSE- WHERE IN ESTABLISH-: MFNT	WINDOW. CARRY-OUT: OR DELIVERY	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
F KO ZEN CAN NED OTHER		# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #					0 0 1 1 0
OTHER	1623.7	25.5	26.5	0 0	0.0	0 • 0	1675.
	752.2	0	0 • 0	000	1301	16.7	2307
BROCCOLI	11480.1	30.6	290.1	270.9	8832.4	41.8	20945.
FROZEN OTHER	6223.2 5256.9	30.6	64.7	0.0	8767.1	50 50 40 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	15119.
BRUSSEL SPROUTS	96968		42		• •		1966
CAULIFLOWER	5835.6	61.2	452.3	115.5			96
FROZEN	2450.9 3384.8	0.0	34.0	115.5	1327.5	OIU	
CUCUMBERS	24978.6	3216.4	3357.4	866.9	6113.5	- 40	549
EGGPLANT	3908.3	117.3	92.3	0 • 0	2969.1	58 8 5	7145.5
ENDIVE	814.5	0 • 0	156.0	0 0	381.7	18.4	1370.6
MUSHROOMS 50/	132880.2	832.3	9405.8	7446.8	3443.6	261.9	154270.6
CANNED	: 110720.0 : 21294.3	0.0 812.7	1366.0 7819.8	4614.6 2698.4	1544.7	0.0 261.9	118245.3 34786.0
OKRA 51/	2905.9	456.1	2259.9	455.1	6877.4	0.0	12954.4
FROZEN OTHER	773.4	0.0 456.1	511.7	0.0	6817.2 0.0	0 0 0	8102.3 4624.8
PIMENTOS	3075.9	416.0	0 • 0	5.6	31.6	0 • 0	3529.0
SQUASH 52/	18214.5	246.8	4350.0	103.2	6275.6	50.1	29240•2
FROZEN	2488.1	0.0	97.5	0.0	2553.5	0.0	5139.1

TABLE 10 --GUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

	••••		PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE	L	10
PRODUCT CATEGORY	MITH WAITER/# TABLE/ BOOTH	E A T A T C C OUNTER	ZU & 4 F	DRIVE UP WINDDW. CARRY-OUT OR DELIVERY	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
	14580.3	246.8	4252.5		3722.1	50 • 1	22954 • 9
/ N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	: 93610.3	6552 • 9	8792.9	39788.7	14000.3	522.2	163267.4
FROZEN	8025.4 83225.1	265.8	6199.8 2578.7	38902•2 336•9	8038.9	0.0 522.2	61432°1 98581°1
	9942•1	950.9	678 • U	1569.6	2959.2	50.1	16149.9
	••				7 7	4. 7.5	5784.9
FROZEN	2386.3	220.6	167.1	1253.6	000		- 49
CANNED	5013.3	730.3	511.0	93.8	203.8	16.7	6568•9
GREENS 54/	7827.2	217.2	42.1	934 • 3	2631.4	252.1	11904.3
FROZEN CANNED	3623.9 3714.0	0.0	0 • 0	86.1 419.3	2526.0 46.5	0.0	6236.0 4649.1
VEGETABLE SALAD MIX	47261.7	1645.7	104202.9	25388.7	6349.9	345.0	185193.9
	9326 • 8	530.4	463.9	214.1	3595.8	0.0	14131.1
	3367.8 5763.9	14.5 515.9	66.9	0.0	2569.2 1026.6	0 • 0	6018.4 7792.8
0THER 56/	0.69669.0	1793.9	19020.1	7543.4	17723.8	336.1	115086.3
NZL	726.8 22119.8 38660.2	1173.1 520.8	0.0 2562.5 16446.8	324 °9 3370 °2 3387 °7	2113.0 13955.6 1350.6	0.0 74.3 108.1	3164°7 43255°5 60574°3
	384947.9	30911.5	52085.5	46931.5	156557.3	1155.1	672588.8
CITRUS 57/	186295.9	15993.1	10466.1	8831.2	11984.2	292 • 5	233863.0
	157081.8	5658.6	5578.2 715.5	S	8620•7 155•2		178799.2
LIMES							CONTINUED

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECLIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

	•• ••		FRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	TH WAITER/	i s	COUNTER	ORIVE UP :	1		
	TABLE	EAT AT COUNTER	PURCHASE. EAT ELSE. WHERE IN ESTABLISH.	WINDOW. :CARRY-OUT: OR :DELIVERY ::	CAFETERIA :	OTHER	TOTAL
ORANGE S GRAPEFRUIT	20281.9	8879.1	3197.8	570.4	2350 a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	91.9	35372.1
OTHER FRUIT	198652.0	14918.4	41619.3	38100.2	144573.1	862.6	
APPLES 58/ CANNED	29198.8	493.0	2254 - 9	6277 • 8	18514 - 8	41.8	56781.1
OTHER	20924.0	0.0	1337.0	2204.7	14424.9	41.8	16501.5
APPLESAUCE	8861.7	11.8	1933.6	335.4	9967.0	0 • 0	21109.4
BANANAS	8897.0	2285.7	5387.0	5371.1	5311.2	41.8	27293.7
PEARS	21825.0	0 • 0	3207.6	2329.1	7162.2	141.9	34665.9
APRICOTS		0.0	\$ · \$ 6 5	0 • 0	954.2	150.3	1604.5
CHERRIES 59/	4853.6	318.2	622.8	428.8	2921.9	0 • 0	9145.3
PEACHES	19532.8	1009.6	2885.7	0 * 0	17619.8	173.1	41221.0
PINEAPPLES	18292.4	314.5	4277.9	4358.1	11778.1	64.6	
PLUMS	: 1171.8	0 • 0	0.0	105.5	0 • 0	0.0	1277.3
CRANBERRIES 60/	1193.1	0 • 0	543.5	448.5	2630.8	0.0	4815.9
STRAUBERRIES	16342.1	1529.8	9738.7	7202.7	5623.6	217.9	40654.8
FRUIT COCKTAIL	8214.9	0 • 0	1915.0	110.0	901.6	6.1	11147.7
MIXED FRUIT	1052.8	10.4	447.8	0 • 0.	11146.0	0.0	12657.0
FRUIT PIE FILLING	8116.2	5760.6	5180.2	4405.8	3995.8	0 • 0	27458.5
OTHER 61/	: 51094.1	3184.9	27111.7	6727.5	46046.1	25.0	109789.4

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, 3Y PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

							1
PRODUCT CATEGORY	WITH WAITER/WAITRES	AITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
	BLE/ OTH	EAT AT COUNTER	EAT ELSE- WHERE IN ESTABLISH-	0 0	•••••		
NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	127080.4	25845.7	40244.5	18748.1	10794.3	628.2	223341.1
COLCES AND ONLINE	44892.8	15406.4	11086.8	5362.1	840.6	61.3	77650.0
CANDE COLC. CL.	4.0969	1851.1	2788.6	744.1	597.4	0.0	12941.7
AND THE WORLD	1317.8	4250.3	518.2	68.7	365.7	16.7	6537.3
ADDIE THITE AS	2551.6	2416.3	1357.2	378-5	534.6	0.0	7238.2
AFTEL COLOR CO.	3181.2	58.0	1657.7	72.3	2051.9	192.0	7213.1
	624.5	0 • 0	57.7	32.6	0 • 0	0.0	714.8
PRONE COICE	4544.9	263.4	47.9	81 • 1	399.3	0 • 0	5336.7
TOTAL CENTRAL	16796.4	863.2	4908.6	677.3	2439.7	0.0	25685.3
	7069.4	219.7	1431.7	220.1	723.3	133.6	7.197.
UNER JOICE DO	85	0.0	131.4	0.0	0.0	0 • 0	216.3
APKICOL NECLAR		0.0	38.2	0 • 0	0.0	0 • 0	1104.3
OTHER NECTANO DAY	14901.5	24.8	226.5	32.0	5.3	58.4	15248.6
	5359.0	34.8	482.6	2481.6	218.7	25.0	8601.7
LEMONADE LEMONADE OF PUNCHES 70/	4372.9	224.3	1356.3	396.0	279.9	83 83 81	6712.9
OTHER ADEN DAILNES OF CONTROL OF		18.4	1139.5	299.8	78.7	0 • 0	2806.3
COLD DRINK POSCING		215.0	13015.6	7901.9	2259.2	57.5	35536.2
	506739-7	92729.7	181807.5	97277.1	31768.3	6948•6	917270•9
	93869.7	71572.4	76448.0	12320.6	10991.0	213.9	265415.6

TABLE 10 --GUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

			TALMARI	IFE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	TH WAITE	A I TRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP	-		
	TABLE	EAT AT COUNTER	PURCHASE. EAT ELSE. WHERE IN ESTABLISH.	WINDOW. CARRY-OUT CARRY-OU	CAFETERIA	O THER	TOTAL
BEAN OR GROUND	8773 0 0 4 2 7 7 3 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	64615.4	42275.6	8165.5	1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	213.9	
TEA 72/	14129.0	284	8339	02.		0.0	58296.1
COCOA 73/	20835.9	2750.9	3259.5	5607.7	1389.2	• 9	4089
DRY MIX	15676.7	2750.9	3143.8	631.4	1389.2	246.1	23838.1
CARBONATED SOFT DRINKS	224142.1	15961.8	*87798.9	71867.0	17234.3	0 • 0	417004.1
MIXES OR BOTTLED WATER	153762.9	160.0	5961.2	5078.8	30.8	6412.8	171406.7
SOUPS, GRAVIES AND SAUCES	226760.7	11392.9	55587.2	39830.7	73599.6	10096.9	417268.0
SOUP 74/	83205.4	9829.9	7325.8	14511.6	33775.3	9953.2	158601.4
WITH POULTRY	5860.5	2147.9	2029.2	81.	786.0	2488.3	21693.7
WITH BEEF WITH VEGETABLES	21	2465.6	973	299.	545	0 • 0	856
OTHER	35990.0	1077.0	5880°5 442°3	4897.0 933.2	32005.3 439.1	2488.3	84485.8 43858.2
SOUP BASES OR BOUILLON 75/	20715.6	159.3	8027.3	19.6	38037.0	83.5	67042.3
WITH POULTRY	343.	, e	7923.7		13646.0	41.8	32004.2
WITH MEAT OTHER	8704.2 1064.9	114.2	103.6	15.1	4391. 0.	41.8	Th. 4
GRAVIES 76/	19597.9	297.0	1158.0	1604.6	384.3	0 • 0	23041.8
BROWN	3455.9	257.3	167.4 990.6	81.2	27.1	0 0	4028.6 18275.8
SAUCES 77/	103241.8	1166.7	39076.0	23694.9	1403.0	60.2	168582.6
TOMATO BASE	22123.1	493.6	9719.0	1753.4	241.2	10.0	34340.3

TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES. BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE
(THOUSANDS)

PRODUCT CATEGORY	TER/	WA I TRESS	COUNTER PURCHASE	DRIVE UP	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
	. TABLE/ B00TH	COUNTER	WHERE IN :	OR DELIVERY			8 9 9 1 1 1 1
	81118.7	613.1	29357.0	21941.5	1161.8	50.2	134242.3
OINER OINER	205838.3	13543.4	26403.8	55076.9	14356.0	6174.9	•
COURT OF COU	5455.6	6986.1	570.7	172.2	9.5	6744.2	m
TORSO D'ODGANICATION ATTURES	29999•0	1657.4	7676.7	34761.7	5861.0	0 • 0	79955.8
SALAD ON SALAD THE TAXABLE OF THE SALAD ON SALAD	2549.9	1580.8	8142.9	15207.5	0 • 0	0.0	27481.2
OPPOSITION OF THE OPPOSITION O	152540•3	1285.5	2222.5	4413.2	3714.2	0.0	164175.6
MEALS OR ENTREES	2413.	1999.4	5271.8	446.3	3267.7	0.0	23398.8
PUDDING OR CREAM DESCENS	1771.	34.2	2519.2	76.0	1503.7	30.8	5935.5
GELATIN	107572.7	13109.1	81010.9	99356•6	5921.5	526.0	307496.7
NUTS AND SNACKS		162.6	2481.4	980 • 8	510.6	0.0	12305.9
PEANULS	1444	20.8	31.0	0 • 0	289.8	0 • 0	1785.8
PEANUT BUITER		238.0	1473.3	652.9	949.1	25.0	6459.2
NUTS 80/	67713.7	8748.6	69748.3	41408.9	2622.5	0 • 0	190242-1
TO SAT	27126.4	3939.0	7276.9	56310.9	1549.5	501.0	96703.8
OTHER BI	486315.4	106353.1	501218.8	311134.4	30255.2	1619.0	1356896.0
SEASON INGS	69022	23442.3	131898.3	87892.7	2394 • 5	170.7	314821.0
TOWATO CAISOP		3967.8	66756.6	26883.1	2900.8	250.8	131476•1
MUSTARU		6824.7	102704.6	89950.1	10802.2	153.7	299180.4
SALT 83 /		5140.9	60321 • 8	19430.6	5264.8	307.5	105321.6

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TABLE 10 -- QUANTITY OF FOODS RECEIVED AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRODUCT AND PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE 1979--CONTINUED (THOUSANDS)

	•• •• ••		PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
PRODUCT CATEGORY	LITH WAITER/WAITRESS	/MAITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP			
	TABLE/ BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	PURCHASE. EAT ELSE. WHERE IN ESTABLISH.	WINDOW. CARRY-OUT: OR DELIVERY:	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 9 1 1 1 1 1 0 0		E	
VINEGAR	23199.3	330.2	1903.7	1353.3	1492.5	49.2	28328.3
HORSERADISH	3347.1	58.5	762.5	226.5	903.1	0.0	5297.6
PICKLES	78552.0	65131.0	97017.1	43504.9	2040.4	424.3	286669.8
RELISH, PICKLED	9247.3	554.8	19264.9	24931.2	1518.4	104.5	55621.1
RELISH, OTHER 85/	2752.8	900	408.5	271 • 1	141.3	0.0	3664.1
OLIVES	. 61277.8	10.4	6589.5	3878.1	1118.5	25.0	72899.4
HERBS OR SPICES	6440.6	308.7	696.1	1642.8	355.2	0 • 0	9443.4
OTHER SEASONINGS 86 /	8880.7	485.6	12625.9	2307.9	1125.7	133.0	25558.9
COOKING WINE OR SHERRY	6407.1	7.6	91.4	0 • 0	185.8	0.0	6692.0
TOTAL	: 14587342.0	1358465.1	6913819.1	3856939.4	2175303.0	116757.6	29008626.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10 footnotes

- Includes diet liquids and powders and miscellaneous and unspecified products with a dairy base.
- 2/ Includes buttermilk, chocoloate milk, imitation milk, filled fluid milk, chocoloate mild drink, and other fluid milk.
- 3/ Includes half and half and whipping cream in pressure can.
- 4/ Includes imitation sour cream, cream topping in pressure can, and creamer.
- 5/ Includes ice cream mix, ice milk, custard, Eskimo pies, sherbet, and other frozen milk desserts and ices.
- 6/ Includes prepared shakes, bases and mixes, and eggnog.
- 7/ Includes cottage cheese and imitation cheese.
- 8/ Includes cake, pastry, and icing shortenings and other fats.
- 9/ Includes unpopped popcorn.
- 10/ Includes grits, hominy, barley, and unspecified cereals.
- 11/ Inlcudes unspecified pastes.
- Excludes cornbread. Includes datebread, fruit, nutbread, and spoonbread.
- 13/ Includes croutons, breading, cornbread, toast, bread sticks, and assorted bread and cracker crumbs.
- 14/ Includes bagels and unspecified products of this type.
- 15/ Includes unspecified cones, sweet rolls, turnovers, strudel, and products of this type.
- 16/ Inlcuded under the Frozen category is Boston cream pie and under the Other category, cupcakes and brownies.
- 17/ Includes bakery crusts and shells, soft pretzels, blintzes, cones, crepes, and chow mein noodles.
- 18/ Includes icings, meringue powder, baking chips and baking chocolate, coconut, leavening agents, and miscellaneous other products used in baking.
- 19/ Includes unspecified meats and beef and veal cuts.
- 20/ Includes sectioned and formed beef rools, engineered steaks, and veal chops.
- 21/ Includes corned rounds, pastrami, dried beef, and products of this type.

Table 10 footnotes--continued

- 22/ Includes carcasses and primal and wholesale cuts.
- 23/ Includes meatballs, meat loaf, and unspecified ground meat products.
- 24/ Includes beef crumbles and ground meat with additives.
- 25/ Includes stew meat and short ribs.
- 26/ Includes primal and wholesale cuts, rolls, bellies, scrapple, fatback, pigs' feet, and other products of this type not specified.
- 27/ Includes cutlets and tenderloins.
- 28/ Includes bacon substitutes and texturized vegetable protein bacon bits.
- 29/ Includes venison, rabbit, and other game meat.
- 30/ Includes sweetbread, tripe, tongue, chitterlings, heart, and varietal meats not specified.
- 31/ Excludes pork sausage. Includes salami, pepperoni, brauns-weiger and products of this type.
- 32/ Includes Cornish hens, capons, goose, quail, duck, pheasant, and unspecified poultry.
- 33/ Includes unspecified chicken.
- 34/ Includes canned, dried, cubed, rolled, and ground chicken and products of this type.
- 35/ Includes unspecified turkey.
- 36/ Includes scramble mix, omelet mix, hard-boiled, egg substitute, and other eggs and combinations not specified.
- 37/ Includes other processed finfish in addition to frozen and canned.
- 38/ Includes mussels, abalone, seafood blend, anchovies, lox, cabiar, frog logs, and other seafood and marine specialties not specified.
- 39/ Includes sugar substitutes.
- 40/ Includes molasses.
- 41/ Includes marmalade preserves and fruit butter.
- 42/ Includes malt powder and malt liquid with pump, and syrups and toppings.

Continued--

Table 10 footnotes--continued

- 43/ Includes yams.
- Excludes cocktail onions, seasonings (granules, salt, powder, and juice), and sliced, diced, and chopped onions. Includes onion rings.
- 45/ Includes fresh and mature onions and canned stewed onions.
- 46/ Includes fresh peas. Also includes chickpeas, garbanzos, and blackeyed peas.
- 47/ Excludes diced and dried peppers. Includes sweet and hot peppers.
- 48/ Includes vegetarian beans.
- 49/ Includes Chinese and sweet and sour
- 50/ Includes products in addition to canned and fresh.
- 51/ Includes products in addition to frozen and fresh.
- 52/ Includes products in addition to frozen and fresh; also includes zucchini.
- 53/ Includes products in addition to frozen and canned.
- 54/ Includes products in addition to frozen and canned.
- 55/ Includes products in addition to frozen and canned.
- 56/ Includes products in addition to frozen, canned, and fresh.
- 57/ Includes citrus salad, tangerines, and unspecified products of this type.
- 58/ Includes baked apples and other apple products in addition to canned and fresh.
- 59/ Excludes maraschino cherries.
- 60/ Includes cranberry sauce.
- 61/ Includes avocados, raspberries, grapes, melons, maraschino cherries, compote, raisins, dates, figs, prunes, and other unspecified fruits.
- 62/ Includes orange base.
- 63/ Includes grapefruit base.
- 64/ Includes lemon crystals and base.
- 65/ Includes cider and apple base.

Continued --

Table 10 footnotes--continued

- 66/ Includes pineapple base.
- 67/ Includes grape base and grape-base concentrate.
- 68/ Includes blends, lime, cranapple, and other unspecified fruit and vegetable juices and bases.
- 69/ Includes pear, peach, and other unspecified nectars.
- 70/ Includes fruit, grape, and other unspecified products and bases of this type.
- 71/ Includes coffee substitutes and unspecified products of this type.
- 72/ Includes instant and ice-tea mix.
- 73/ Includes syrup and unspecified products of this type.
- 74/ Includes unspecified soups.
- 75/ Includes unspecified products of this type.
- 76/ Includes unspecified gravies.
- 77/ Includes cocktail, steak, cheese, white sauce mix, and unspecified products of this type.
- 78/ Includes unspecified health and diet products, prepared baby formulas, and fruit and cereal mixtures.
- 79/ Includes pudding pie mix.
- 80/ Includes mixed and unspecified nuts and peanuts.
- 81/ Includes popcorn, pretzels, corn chips, and unspecified products of this type.
- 82/ Includes benzoate of soda, tenderizer, and unspecified products of this type.
- 83/ Includes 50/50 flour salt and seasoned salt.
- 84/ Includes cayenne, white, and red pepper.
- 85/ Includes dill, cauliflower, cocktail onions, corn relish, cherry peppers, and other relish products.
- 86/ Includes onion salt, dehydrated sliced and chopped onions, seasoned tenderizer, garlic salt, celery salt, and other products of this type.

CONTINUED --

TABLE 11 INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT REACH-IN: FULL SIZE COUNTER ONTER HEIGHT WALK-IN MOBILE CARTS FREEZERS, TOTAL REACH-IN: FULL SIZE COUNTER OR WALK-IN MOBILE CARTS WALK-IN MOBILE CARTS WALK-IN MOBILE CARTS	TABLE- BOOTH 486,260 486,260 151,426 100,354 19,353 279,566 177,097 177,097 177,097	E- EAT AT H COUNTER 127 26.052 426 15.905 354 5.789 354 5.48 9097 18,323 9097 18,323 888 8,576	PRIMARY TYPE COUNTER PURCHASE ONE ELSEWHERE IN CAR ESTABLISH— OR D 43,290 45,613 52,269 93,614 19,757 2,212	TYPE OF FOOD ORIVE UP WINDOW. CARRYOUT. OR DELIVERY Number 105.090 54.410 54.410 796 85.482	SERVICE CAFETERIA 31,392 31,392 14,195 7,633 1,149 13,691 13,691 13,691 13,691 13,691 11,053	3,452 3,452 1,275 1,796 1,454 1,454 503 673	798,477 798,477 798,477 250,675 169,055 24,463 502,315 125,602 73,205
STORAGE EQUIPMENT, TOTAL: STORAGE EQUIPMENT, TOTAL: RECEIVING SCALES HAND TRUCKS AND DOLLIES: INGREDIENT BINS, MOBILE:	182,843 51,419 62,692 68,732	12,232 1,6641 5,406	66,327 17,204 22,583 26,540	38,097 7,367 9,574 21,156	52,241 6,068 10,724 15,449	1,059 1,092	84,758 111,589 138,154
SHELVING (LINEAR FOCTAGE) • TOTAL PORTABLE STATIONARY	17,569,212 4,497,057 13,072,155	1,445,881 367,259 1,078,582	7,209,804 2,027,013 5,182,791	4,993,257 1,091,248 3,902,009	873+023 302+820 570+203	149,447 23,356 126,091	32,240,624 8,368,793 23,931,831

. = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 11 -- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--CONTINUED

TABLE - EAT AT ELSEWHER BOOTH COUNTER ESTABLI		WITH WAITE		PRI	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
TABLE— EAT AT ELSEWHERE IN CARRYOUTN CARRYOUTN EAT ELSEWHERE IN CARRYOUTN CARRYOUTN COUNTER ETABLISH— CRARYOUTN CARRYOUTN CARR	EGUIPMENT		0 1 4 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 1	RCHAS			•• ••	** **
TION TOTAL T		ABLE 00TH	EAT A OUNTE	EAT ELSFUFERE I ESTABLISH-	0 6	AFETER	OTHER	TOTAL
TOTAL 1.820.984 164.532 476.107 570.598 1518-5 R MACHINE 6.369 2.11E 1.023 1.534 1.6 S MACHINE 1.0284 2.5 MACHINE 1.0284 2.	FOOD PREPARATION	•••	•••		Number			
RACHINE 6,369 2,118 1,023 1,534 1,55 SAU FACHINE 91,248 11,139 17,437 16,489 6,489 FACHINE 91,248 235 14,14 FACHINE 9,238 2,536 1,341 FACHINE 19,447 16,134 2,529 1,417 2,628 UTTER, DICER, 19,447 16,131 1,417 16,284 11,417 11,	EQUIPMENT, TOTAL	•820 •98·	4 9 53	76,10	70,59	51,58	20,088	: 3,003,898
G MACHINE G MACHINE SAU SAU SAU SAU SAU SAU SAU SA		• 36	,11	9	e RU	, u		,
SAM MACHINE **AUTOWATIC **AUT		1,24	• 13	4	6,48	. 4	1-104	7.95.7
## AUTOMATIC 67328 255 255 151 ## R AUTOMATIC 67328 255 28366 354 28229 35824 2830 ## R AUTOMATIC 67366 354 28229 35826 285 ## R AUTOMATIC 670 28359 11,179 10,836 285 ## 1,511 2,647 10,836 28,931 ## 1,511 2,647 10,836 28,931 ## 1,511 2,647 10,836 28,931 ## 1,511 2,647 10,836 11,652 ## 1,511 2,647 10,836 11,652 ## 2,908 10,638 10,614 10,836 11,699 ## 2,908 10,638 10,614 10,836 11,699 ## 2,908 10,611 10,814 10,914 11,912 10,837 11,912 ## 2,908 10,911 10,814 10,914 11,912 ## 2,908 10,911 10,814 10,914 11,916 11,916 ## 2,908 11,898 10,917 10,848 11,949 ## 2,944 11,898 10,917 10,848 11,949 ## 2,949 11,898 10,917 10,848 11,949 ## 2,949 11,898 10,917 10,848 11,949 ## 2,949 11,898 10,917 10,949 10,911 ## 2,949 11,875 11,949 10,917 10,949 10,911 ## 2,949 11,	FUNER MEAT SAU	98		975	2922	4		15
UTTER, DICER, VERED: UTTER, DICER, VERED:	PATTY MAKER AUTOMATIC	9 K	235	ស •	101	4	316	1,83
UTTER, DICER, WERED: WERED: WERED: WERED: WERED: WERED: WERED: WERED: WERED: BOUL 19.447 16.0 Ted 8 Ted 9 Ted	MEAT CHOPPER	8 36	41 67	- C	9.50	m 0	118	6049
NERED: 19.447 16.356 2.551 11.179 10.336 2.551 2.551 2.540	TTER, DICE			Q.	3 5	•	523	7943
BOWL 19447 160 17679 1677 160 17648 2947 2947 AND BEATERS 90,538 10,511 2,647 12,990 14,350 11,611 2,908 10,518 10,511 2,647 10,613 11,61	SLICER, POWERED:		••	•••				
BOWL BOWL BOWL BOWL UTTER, DICER, 37,689 670 10,648 1,511 5,648 670 7,648 11,651 11,651 11,651 11,651 11,610 11,6	STATIONARY	2,96	• 35	1,17	0.33	5.	0	00.0
AND BEATERS 37,689 : 670 : 7,648 : 5,258 : 5,13 AND BEATERS 90,538 : 8,407 : 12,990 : 14,550 : 11,611 EN AND FEATERS 90,538 : 10,511 : 5,647 : 12,990 : 14,550 : 11,611 EN AND FEATERS 90,538 : 10,611 : 10,214 : 40,499 : 5,048 : 5,048 : 5,048 : 11,977 FROL SCALES 1358,991 : 10,214 : 40,499 : 5,048 : 11,977 FROL SCALES 1358,991 : 10,214 : 12,037 : 6,377 FRON ENS 5,037 : 2,753 : 5,738 : 5,64 : 1,410 : 1,400 : 5,048 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,400 : 1,440 :	i	9 • 4 4	9	19.	•87	96		33.000
AND BEATERS 90.658	UICER							
AND BEATERS 994949 1931 54647 44053 4498 CHINE ER AND G 64601 554 14102 54048 5645 AACHINES RACHINES RACHINES 134900 144350 11961 5945 40499 104250 11961 10499 10499 10966 8861 10499 10499 11997 10499 10499 11997 10499 11997 20006 8861 10498 11997 20004 11997 2004 11997 11998 11997 11998 11997 11998 11998 11999 11999 119991 11998 119997 119997 119991 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997 119997	מקר הסר הסר הסר הסר הסר הסר הסר הסר הסר הס	7 968	67	9.	• 25	913	167	4 .57
PER STAND BEATERS 90.658 8.407 12,990 14,550 11,61 55 AND BEATERS 2,908 109 10,102 55,048 55,049 11,102 5,049 50,066 11,997 10,006 11,997 11,009	- L	40 4	•31	396	4 + 05	98	:	P . 0.3
### Towns	BLA I LK	0,53	940	2 , 9	4 +35	1,61	1,575	947
### 1915 2,284 2,45 1,911 1,921 1,941 1,921 1,941 1,921 1,941 1,921 1,941 1,931 1,941 1,931 1,931 1,931 1,931 1,941 1,931 1,941 1,931 1,941 1,931 1,941 1,931 1,941 1,931 1,94	DOUGH DIVIDED AND	•		1	• 0 •	M	193	0
ACHINES 138.991	ROUNDER	9.60	L	-	0	,		
FROL SCALES 134+101	ICE MAKING MACHINES		ָ 	1101	242	9 4 5	11	13,12
TOPS OR 374,204 : 29,666 : 98,847 : 83,334 : 31,82 CONVEYOR \$5,037 2,753 56,738 56,6 1993 ERS \$4,020 2,753 36,4 19,67 I40,267 18,117 16,284 12,037 6,37 ERS: \$15,889 643 15,741 3,48 ROVER \$2,955 2,9156 19,412 7,991 140,496 2,953 2,9156 19,417 144,496 2,9953 2,9156 19,417 144,497 18,755 18,29 19,417 14,447 18,755 18,29 14,447 18,755 18,417 18,755 18,820 19,417 18,755 18,857 19,417 18,755 18,857 19,417 18,755 18,857 19,417 18,755 18,757 18,417 18,757 18,457 18,757 18,457 18,758 18,757 18,757 18,457 18,758 18,757	S	4 • 10	1240	100	9000	8981	1,026	229,610
FES 374,204 : 29,666 : 98,847 : 83,334 : 31,82 407,192 : 43,141 : 124,824 : 97,282 : 32,44 5,037 : 2753 : 364 : 547 : 1,93 16,454 : 2,753 : 364 : 547 : 1,93 FES 16,889 : 643 : 16,284 : 12,037 : 6,37 ERS: 81,562 : 11,858 : 15,714 : 15,741 : 3,48 ROVER : 24,520 : 2,944 : 9,171 : 5,348 : 2,16 144,496 : 2,953 : 2,136 : 4,207 : 1,441	0)		0 0 0	1691	• 36	45.60
CONVEYOR	CUTTING BOARDS	74,20	9946	8 9 8 4	3 8 33	1 . 82	0	70
FERS 16454 2,753 364 547 1993 FERS 4,020		07,19	3,14	24,82	7,28	2 4 4	3.082	7.96
FES 4,020 2-753 364 547 7 7 7 999 18412 18412 18412 18442 18412 18442 18412 18442 18442 18442 18412 18444		0.0	25	•73	49	1 + 93	1	, M.
PE 140°267 18°117 16°284 12°037 6°37 5°57 5°57 5°57 5°57 5°57 5°57 5°57 5	00000	4 c	9 7 5	9	54	1		2,11
PE 16,889 643 16,284 12,037 6,337 S. S. S. B1,562 11,889 15,714 15,741 3,48 2,16 2,944 9,171 5,348 2,2,16 14,496 2,953 2,135 6,070 2,207 1,441		2	1	<u>-</u> -	•16	. 26	1	5,95
PE 16,889 643 643 12,007 12,007 15,00	POP-UP TYPE	0.26	111	06.7	6	1		
ERS: ROVER 54,9520 54,953 15,714 15,714 5,548 2,954 19,407 14,496 18,755 R29 19,407 19,407 19,407 19,407 19,496 19,407 19,407	CONVEYOR TYPE	6 8 8 8	444	0 0	0000	100	167	193,243
ROVER 24.552 11.858 15.714 15.741 3.448 2.16	COFFEE MAKERS:	•	r	2 2	N 0	9 4 0	N	2 o 0 R
ROVER : 24.520 : 2.944 : 9.171 : 5.348 : 2.16 : 5.348 : 2.16 : 54.965 : 4.651 : 19.407 : 6.412 : 7.999 : 14.496 : 2.953 : 2.136 : 4.259 : 19.41 : 18.755 : 829 : 6.070 : 2.207 : 19.44	SS	•			•	_	•••	
**	AUTOMATIC	1,56	1,85	5 9 7	5.7	4	. 146	2 2 2 0
. 54,965 : 4,651 : 19,407 : 6,412 : 7,999 : 14,496 : 2,953 : 2,136 : 4,259 : 1,41 : 18,755 : 829 : 6,070 : 2,207 : 1,44	L POUROVE	4 + 52	• 94	1	5 9 3	•16		44.152
. 14,496 : 2,953 : 2,136 : 4,259 : 1,41 18,755 : 6,070 : 2,207 : 1,44	ALMOMATIC	è	,	-			••	•
. 18,755 : 6,070 : 2,207 : 1,441	ZANIA!		9 (9940	941	664	2,045 :	5,51
10440 : 20207 : 1044	HOT TEA HRNS	7 7 7	J 0	• 13	-25	941		27,035
•) -	678	• 0 /	• 2 0	• 4 4	118 :	942

- = NOT AVAILABLE.

-- = NCT AVAILABLE.

Number Number Number A 5 9 R 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	•							
AND TITUTING TO TABLE - EAT AT ELSEPHER N. CARAVOUT, CAR		ITH WAITE	-WAITRES	: COUNTER : PUPCHASE	. DRIVE UP	i L	a L 3	14 7 0 7
Number N		TABLE	EAT AT COUNTER	EAT SEWHERE I STABLISH- MENI	WINDOW+ CARRYOUT+ OR DELIVER			
AND 280.471 17.447 50.177 45.286 27.710 4.041 425.138 82.126 21.659 1.016 4.057 1.525 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.656 2.7772 2.656 2.	COOKING AND				Number			
AND 280.471 17.447 50.177 64.265 21.659 1.016 22.6698 2.269 1.173 4.057 4.0	RECONSTITUTING EQUIPMENT:				••••	-		L
82-126 3-02 5-403 6-12 251 251 27-59 115-94 1 251 251 27-59 1 21-26 1 115-94 1 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 251 2	OVENS, TOTAL :	280•471	~	0	5 + 2 R	27,710	• 0 •	25,413
100R OR 216659 1.01F 4.057 5.72 6.41° 5.30 46.655 15.91 12.82 1.028 1.	GAS GAS	2 4 13	10	4.0	938	4 + 26	• 26	1 9 5 9
100 R	FLOOR	1,6	0	ល ១	-			
LLOR OR LLO		6909	25	•17	•77	44	530	0 9 8 5 5 c 1
1,00 k O k		2,10	I.	• 62	222	r. 0		0.
0R. 14.519 0R. 12.53 14.65 16.65	_		• ••			u	00	0
0RE: 1,517 223	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		9 1	4 M	4 4 4	വം	9 1	443
ANTICROMAVE): 223 91 1+018 362 115 1+800 ANTOROMAVE): 223 91 1+450 1444 100+13 ANTOROMAVE): 254796 1. 5 5.251 1.445 BOUTY: 224796 3.4 4.552 116.77 BOUTY: 224796 3.4 1.2433 224133 114.45 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.2433 2.4581 114.45 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.2433 2.4681 114.45 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.2435 3.4681 114.45 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.4 1.2435 3.4681 114.45 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.4 1.2435 3.4 1.2435 3.4 1.445 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.4 1.445 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.4 1.445 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.4 1.445 BOUTY: 264797 3.4 1.4 1.445 BOUTY: 264796 3.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1	ELECTPIC	•				•••	•••	
JARE: 1,734 45 465 424 444 10.73 JARE: 1,430	REVOLVING TRAY):	-			0.1	362	115	980
JRE: 1,4754 6,910 1,692 4444 10,13 JRE: 1,456 45 5 1,269 169 169 169 169 169 169 169 169 169 1	O A O	N I		, d	4	•••		C.
JRE: 1,734	INFRA-RED:			Ċ	9	797	!	2 • 7.8
## TCROWAVE): 19450	GAS	973	រ ពោ ! គា	97F	62	169	1	0,13
11430	ELECIKIC	•			6	- 4	1	• 16
348	GAS	4.	ς ! - !	1 00	18		334	445
11,264 1, 1 698 964 609 334 14,977 10,477 470 115 45,60 17,489 10,434 1, 5 5,551 10,477 4,70 115 45,60 17,469 1, 5 5,551 10,477 1, 5 5,551 10,477 1,645 1,25,60 1,25,60 1,445 11,445 11,173 1,645 11,173 11,173 11,173 11,173 11,173 11,173 11,173 11,173 11,522 11,173 11,1	CONVEXENTE	.)	••	••		4
344 1. 1 698 964 609 334 14,977 10,477 470 115 45,60 10,434 1. 5 5,951 10,477 470 115 45,60 17,89 10,434 1. 5 5,924 4,993 1,645 123 55,97 11,445 128,241 12 1,984 1,445 12,344 1,985 11,17,89 11	GAS			4		149		G
11,264 1, 1 698 964 609 354 14, 1 4, 27	ELECTRIC	344		I				
### S 5.55	RACK TYPE:	_		Φ	496	609	334	4 4
MICROWAVE): 40.531	FLECTRIC	l M	•	CJ	513		1	
MICROWAVE): 60-534 1. 5 5.264 2.220 17.889 WICROWAVE): 40.531 4. 5 6.744 4.993 1.645 123 50.76 V 25.455 1. 21.433 22.133 13.531 1.685 107.00 DUTY: 24.796 7 7 7 4.0954 0.641 1.445 123 444.77 11.173 1 1 2.363 0.561 11.007 1.562 11.77 11.322 2.1 8 2.007 2.688 5.53	PIZZA:	-		رن •	0	. 470	: 115	200
MICROWAVE): 40.531 4, 5 6,744 4,993 1,645 123 50,77 7 9 1,645 17,80	GAS FIFTHETE	- 0		2	24220		1 1	
V 400551 4.9 8,711 5,247 886 41,445					6	49	123	(
DUTY: 24.796 7 4.854 9.641 1,445 123 44.27 44.27 11.173 1 1.562 11.47.80 11.173 1 1.562 11.87.80 11.322 2.18 2.007 2.688 5.53	PLUG IN 116V	ວ ທ		8,711	0	a B		4 4 5
DUTY: 24,796 7 7 4,4954 9.641 1,4445 123 444,27 11,173 1 12,353 9,561 11,007 1,562 11,478 15,78 15,78 11,322 2,18 2,007 2,688				7.42.7	2 • 1 3	3 + 53	• 6.8	α
24,796 7 4,854 9641 1945 11,173 1 11,173 1 12,543 9950 1 11,007 1,562 11,77 11,322 2,18 2,007 2,688 1 563		e U				4	0	4 . 2
809950 3.4 129363 99501 119007 19562 118978 119322 2918 29688 563		4 • 7 9	m	• P 5	9.0	011	1 8	6 0 11
809950 : 5, 4 : 128353 : 24688 : 563 : : 12975	HEAVY DUTY:	1		c	٠٠. م	1.03	• 56	7 . 4
	GAS	9 9 50	***	v v	24638	56	H	100

TABLE 11 -- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES. BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE. 1979--CONTINUED

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TABLE 11 -- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--CONTINE

			FRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
EGUIPMENT	WITH WAITE	R-WAITRESS	COUNTER PURCHASE	i			
	A 0	TAA	ELSEWHERE IN: FSTABLISH- **	: WINDOW+ : CARRYOUT+ :OR DELIVERY	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
10	216.006	13,687	83.225	71,803	14,709	1,052	490.40
PRESSURF, TOTAL DEEP FAT:	5,62		6.488	7 . 8 9	C/I	1	9
FLOOR:							
GAS	57,052	4,5,6,5	27,413	17,464	4 6 8 9 5	476	115,88
COUNTER, TOTAL	: 92,904	1 11 1	• 75	•68		434	(N)
CONTINUOUS: GAS	α		0	. 778	378	1	
ELECTRIC	1,816	205	1980	1,619			6.44
FILTER: BUILT-IN:	••••		••	•• ••	••••	- 21 - 22	••••
GAS	7 6	32E	13	,21	M		
ELECTRIC PORTABLE:	4.070		2,859	2,125	418	-	7 6 0
6 A S	• 52	LI I	•63	7		-	P.C.
ELECTRIC	9,003	001	6+305	5,152		8 8	21.3
BROILERS, TOTAL	72,132	1,810	12,387	3,832	3,184	525	93.8
VERFIRED: GAS		10 4	4	0	1,209	500	32.7
ELECTRIC	S		989	215		1	4 . 43
SALAMANDER:				•••			Li
	26968		\$ C	1	. 124		7,0047
ELECIKIC OPEN HEARTH:		1 t	S S	1 1 1		0 0 1	
GAS	7,322	619	1,315	ر ا ا ا	358	:	15,2
COUNTER TOP	•	5 8 8	9 0 7	1 1 1	8 8 8	1	
CHARBROILERS: GAS	-	-	5	2.2011	. 000	!	9-20
ELECTPIC	60949	104	1,510		190	9	R+61
OKFRS TOTAL	25,380	240.40	12.606	6.501	3,4330	1	40 0 40
STEAM PRESSURE: ATMOSPHERIC:) •) •) })) •		
GAS	: 4.810 :	316	27	199	: 1,182 :		M)
ELECTRIC DECK. LOW (5-8 PSI):	10,813	222	•	1,114	20		14,88
	• 86	232	597	777	M	:	5
	2,946	1,264	2,632	600			a 6 a
GAS (12-15 PS1):	2 853	1	2,276	1,178	271	:	6.57
C+ C+ C+ C+ C+	-	•					

TABLE 11 -- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--CONTINUED

			PRIMARY	TPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
T N H M G H	WITH WAITE	R-WAITRESS	CCUNTER PURCHASE	DRIVE UP		0 10 10 10	F C F
	TABLE- BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	ELSEWHERE IN ESTABLISH- MENT	WINDOW+ CARRYOUT+ OR DELIVERY	A T T T T T T T	2	
KETTLES, STEA⊮ JACKETED, TOTAL	9 9 8 86	466	2,655	Number 1,708	3,172		17,887
MISCELLANEOUS: GRIDDLES AND GRILLS: GASTERY	82°637 37°841	99864	32,544	13,752	4,585	5.1 5.1	143,645 65,318
BRAISING PANS: GAS ELECTRIC	- 00 143	173	1,43,35	4 I	169	715	11,234
•	21,730 38,816	19163 49373	5+012 19+353	2,931 12,679	1,986	1 1	32.822
HOT PLATES: GAS FLECTRIC	, p, c	155	1 1 8 8 9 5 5 9 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1,273	4 506 826	1 50 1 60 1 F1	17,347
SANDWICH TOASTERS: GAS FIFOTRIC	3,322	1,487	674	474	966	1 1	25,470
ω ••		547	119	296	6 4 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
HOLDING CASE FCR DEEP FPIED PIES: GAS ELECTRIC	81,562 24,520	11,858	15,714	15,741	3,480	241	128,636
SANITATION AND MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT: WARE-WASHERS, TOTAL	ο u	2 0 7 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	M M	2,807 1,977	• 38 16	27.3	210
UNDER COUNTER DOOR TYPE RACK CONVEYOR	29,918 20,195	1,939	2,741	 	1,694	1123	12
CONTINLOUS CONVEYOR: STRAIGHT FLIGHT TYPE CIRCULAR HORIZONTAL PLANE	3,985	8 8 9 9 8 8	319		1,164		9 4 6
GLASS WASHERS, TOTAL	: 22•484	1,286	1,973	782	1,002		27.527
AUTOMATIC: STRAIGHT CONVEYOR	• 1		371	211	180		
POTARY CONVEYOR COOR TYPE	10.251	1,286	1,388	571	248	1	13+744

-- = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 11 -- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--CONTINUED

FNEE	WITH WAITE	R-WAITRESS	CCUNTER	DRIVE UP			
	TABLE- BOOTH	EAT AT	ELSEWHERE IN ESTABLISH- MENT	WINDOW. CARRYOUT.	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
		1		Number			
ALSCELLANEOUS WASPERS+		•	•				
AUTOMATIC. POT AND PAN :	5 4 3 9 1	14676	4 000	1/041	297	6.14	062.69
		40.6	382			1	4 9 4 3 6
SCRAPPING AND PRE-WASH :		•••	•••		• • • •		
S O D D T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	18,533	456	1+856	101	1.227	312	22,485
MACHINES	6 • 106		2,263	880	1+272	167	10,688
WASTE EQUIPMENT, TOTAL	23,265	3,262	9,258	8,980	1,519	271	• 55
PULPERS+ WASTE	1+114	156	p. 710		169		14478
CRUSHERS CAN AND		9	-	٢	0		
BOTTLE COOR HARTE.	1,025	1 1		195	147		1,367
POWER TOOD STOLES	28,247	1,993	6+294	1,959	3,578	193	42,264
MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL	•27	13,769	62,195	52.576	18•671	1,127	• 55
. L	2	-	1			145	Hy
SEPARATE UNIT	5,22		7,141	2,386	2,930	145	
EXHAUST VENT HOODS	151,648	11,162	ct.	C .	S.	837	2 • 6 2
SYSTEM SYSTEM	872	;	210	!	687		1,769
SPRAY WASHERS, TOTAL	29,300	922	7,279	3,549	2,220	511	47,781
WASHING AND SANITIZING :							
PORTABLE UNIT	12,723	248	536	1,201	727	238	15,663
WALL MOUNT	6,57	684	6,143	10	6	273	28,118
CARTS, TOTAL	398,277	10+833	8 + 62	11	27,839	5,273	487.968
BUSING	ar u	ល ៖ •	12,676	₽ 4	ক ব	2,517	72.436
SILVERWARE	28,403		55	101	1,597	233	31 • 259
TRAY	119,313	P- 1	10,530	7,517	4+511	1	146,437
RACK	444334	875	• 74	1,835	2,413	1,228	52,478
RACKS, TOTAL	728,742	35,114	62,648	47,065	77,214	28,030	978,813
	9		6,053	12,992	5,625	11,865	231,221
PLASTIC	co	30.959	56,595	0	71,589	16	47,000

--- = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 11-- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--CONTIVUED

TN 3W GT 100 G	WITH WAITE	R-WAITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP			
	TABLE-	EAT AT COUNTER	ELSEWHERE IN: FSTABLISH- MENT	WINDOW CARRYOU OR DELIV	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
HOLDING AND SERVICE				Number			
EQUIPMENT:		i.	4	F 10 7	. 040.01	2 t C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	7 13 4
BARS, TOTAL	119,834	00 70 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	104403	417	u .	345	11,643
E 1 0 0 C	•	>	1	•	••		
VORILE	.58	U)	4	583	9	193	12,633
STATIONARY	25,122	1,052	5.958	0	2,205 :	1	N I
BUFFET CHAFERS	•27	~	571	9	4	3,952	_
							1
w	: 12,823	3,850	672	1		1 u	1/4000
STATIONARY	• 59	1	Ú		σ.	C + C	
CAFETERIA LINES:		••			•		r. r.
MOBILE	1,315	•		1 1	2004		10.440
STATIONARY	•62	324	3,412	1,664	0	1	↑ *
		••				1	
IRREGULAR SHAPE	247	•					1.396
STRAIGHT	0	1	010	1	-		2
T SPINSTRS SPINST		• ••	•	••			
_	: 35,999	:	: 17,318	2,006	9,337	1 1	3994499
DROP IN:		••			,	1	6.0
DISHES	: 23,712	1	277	1,4864	39161		110017
RACKS, TRAYS	• 08	:	16,682	4	0/0		c •
PORTABLE:				1			4
	29402		747			1	4 - 511
RACKS. TRAYS	• 7 9	!	117		r P		1
	N	ď	7.16	00	υ O	198	42,30
DISPENSENCE OF ALL DESCRIPTION OF A PROPERTY	161,716	Р 8	73.48	51,311	10,367	α 6.4	5.7
	יי	, ,	2.42	1.	Š	-	K)
# - C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	, .	> e	2.45	7,487	2,337	123	Ġ.
	, r		.11	6,937	3,574	123	22
- 6	·u	2,053	0,96	4,081	3,633		35,573
) F.		•62	128			6
ZILK ZILK	42,300	4,841	7,516	4,919	2,647	123	4
OTHER NON-CARBONATED			14-670	A	in co	1 1	42+425
0L0 × 0L0 × 0L0 L0	1	3			2		

- = NOT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 11 -- INVENTORY OF EQUIPMENT AT SEPARATE EATING PLACES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--CONTINUED

EGUIPMENT	WITH WAITER-WAITRESS	R-WAITRESS	COUNTER	DRIVE UP			
				WINDOW.	: CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
	TABLE- BOOTH	COUNTER	: ESTABLISH- :	CAPRYOUT.	•••••		
FOOD CARRIERS-PORTABLE: :			*	Number:			
HEATED :	11,682	•	: 2,242 :	1,374	: 299	1,105	17,000
UNHEATED	16,406	;	958	20,234	626	1	39 •577
FOOD HOLDING CABINETS :			•• ••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
STATIONARY:		•	•••			••	
HEATED :	29,974	2,735	: 17,433 :	11,029	: 4,367 :	345	65,883
UNHEATED :	13,601	1,486	* 46444 :	4.071	1,925	167	25,74
••			••		••	••	
OTHER HOLDING AND :			••		••	••	
SERVICE EQUIPMENT: :			••		•.•		
FUDGE WARMERS :	20,144	1,772	: 17,813 :	17,316	: 759 :		57,804
HOT WELLS, 12" X 20" :	56,561	314	: 14,107 :	11,652	8 993		91,62
ICE PANS	45.724	112	35,916 :	3,727	: 1,396 :		P6.875
ICE CREAM CABINETS :	59,278	5,241	13,585 :	14,978	2,112 :		95,194
NOURISHMENT STATIONS :	••		••		••	9	
(HEALTH CARE) :	941	1	•••	-			941
SHAKE MACHINES :	45+727	4,378	: 24,437 :	15,720	: 1,514 :		91 • 776
ODA FOUNTAINS	25,126	3,202	: 119401 :	8,133	: 1,264 :	1 1	49+12
SOFT SERVICE MACHINES :	10,395	19400	: 17,618 :	16,094	832 :	115 :	46 9 4 5 4
WAITRESS SERVICE :	••		••		••	••	
STATIONS	107.231	1,00.1	6.741	3-826	. 2.501		105,500

--- = NCT AVAILABLE.

TABLE 12 -- PERCENT OF SEPARATE EATING PLACES REPORTING NONFOOD SUPPLIES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979

			PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
SEL INDIANCE	WITH WAIT	ER-WAITRESS	i	DRIVE UP			- X4
	TABLE - BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	ELSEWHERE IN ESTABLISH- MENT	WINDOW. CARRYOUT. OR DELIVERY	CAFETERIA	OTHER HER	10 I b I
DEDMANENT DINNEDIARE				Number			
U I WINE NWANE		• • •				•••	
PLATES INCLUDING		•••	•••				
SALAD PLATTERS:	67.35	0.1	2 • 3	1.2	8.7	6.9	
OVER NIX INCHES) TÜ	53.83	16.60	18.62	61.62	: 56.97	54.70
OVAL PLATTERS	64.09	9.3	3.1	0.8	3 • 7	5 .	2 • 6
BOWLS:				1	1	0	4
UNDER EIGHT OUNCES	-4	6.1	• 2	- 1		י ע ע	, M.
EIGHT OUNCES OR MORE	0	7.5	50	•	, c	9 6	1 a
SAUCERS	0	:0 :0	٠ د د	•	7 0 7	9	1 1
CUPS/MUGS	7	9.9	1.4	- 0	. c	9 0	1 6
GLASSES	2	0.6	٠ پ	n c	פי	9 0	8 5
)TS	80 (0.2	,	٠ e	7.7	6.9	. 4 . Cl
WATER PITCHERS	69,99	31.53	70.0	11.05	42.00	44.81	36.00
	o .	† C		2	6 . 6	6.9	7.0
SUGAR BOWLS	-1	9	•	e 1) •	· ·	
L			• •	• ••		•••	
ABLEWARE:			• • •				
2	10°-68	6	1.2	0.5	0.5	9	2 • 2
	1	72,90	23.84	: 20.89	80.52	: 56.97	63.45
N CO d V	89.93	6.4	1.6	5.2	0.5	9	5.9
STAINLESS STEEL		••					•
SETTINGS	: 96.15	. 99,13	: 66.85	: 66.32	93.84	100.00	
SILVER PLATED					ŧ		
SETTINGS	2.71	1.05	89.	i i	TCel	l	
DISPOSABLE DINNERWARE:							
0 1210 (7 0 12 4 4 10	41-16	52.59	56.35	59.21	57.49	58.55	40.71
COLD DRINK CUPS:	1			••	•• (•••	
MANUAL:				٠	•	0	2
• 2	56.32	74.32	89.69	74.20	000	16.52	42.88
15 07. OR LARGER	Н (,		0 0	, M.))	1.4
	6.	1		9	}		
HOT DRINK CUPS:		•1		58.67	50.25	46.98	56.97
VENDING		1.17	1.65	÷ 19	.3	6.5	ij
			+				

- = NCT AVAILABLE.

CONTINUED --

TABLE 12 -- PERCENT OF SEPARATE EATING PLACES REPORTING NONFOOD SUPPLIES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--

			PRIMARY	TYPE OF FOOD	SERVICE		
NONFOOD SUPPLIES	WITH WAITE	ITER-WAITRESS	: COUNTER				
	TABLE- BOOTH	EAT AT COUNTER	EAT EWHERE TABLIS MENT	WINDOW CARRYOU OR DELIV	CAFETERIA	OTHER	TOTAL
DISPOSABLE TABLEWARE:	••••	••		Number			
BAGGED SETTING LOOSE	6.74	16.18 38.43	: : 11.17 : 69.99	10.72 57.73	50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11.67	8 9 8 51 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7
FOOD WRAPS:	•• •• •	•• ••	•• ••				•
FOIL	83.63	9	0.8	6.8	, PC	, C	- 1
MAX PAPER	 	67.51	56.95	56.22	51.15	י קיני	
FREEZER WRAP	32,77	• / ·	φ. c	C C	M 0	10 v	1.5
PLASTIC WRAP	69.28		9	9 6	5.7	0 00	69-10
BAGS/SACKS:		•• ••		••••		** ••	
SINGLE PORTION CARRY-OUT	48.30	54.41	65.85 87.16	13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	57.27	1 0	54.77
POPCORN CUPS:	•• ••		•		•	n • n	0
18-24 02. 32 02. OR MORE	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	!!!	8 1	3.21 •78	1 1	! !	1 000
LIDS:	•• ••						J
PLASTIC PAPER	68.33	80.59 19.18	89.44	85.61 :	79.02	28.68	75.47
CARTONS:	••••						1
SINGLE SANDWICH PARTIAL/FULL MEAL	15.63 36.20	11.67 20.83	28.60 35.14	20.83 :	20°43	19.09	19.73
CYLINDRICAL FOOD CONTAINERS:			•••••	•• ••			
CONDIMENT SIZE	17.25	6	6 • 5	3.1	9	!	4
3-4 0Z.	13.12	7.	500	8.9	7	!	3
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.80	12.66	25.21	5.06 8.52	!!!	12.74
FOOD TUBS	17.94	11.09	24.91	21,25	16.92	!!	10,23
		•			••	•	

TABLE 12 -- PERCENT OF SEPARATE EATING PLACES REPORTING NONFOOD SUPPLIES, BY PRIMARY TYPE OF FOOD SERVICE, 1979--

NONFOOD SUPPLIES	• • •			LANTAL				
NAPKINS:		WAITER	WAITRES	UNTER	DRIVE UP			
Number National Services		MI	EAT A	ELSEWHERE IN ESTABLISH-	. WINDOW. CARRYOUT. OR DELIVERY	CAFETERIA	0 T T H E R	101 AL
SLE PLY: XTAIL VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON					9			
XTAIL VCHEON NUER NUER NUER NUER NUER NUER NUER NUE	••••	•••						
VCHEON VCHEON	• ••	8	7 . 4	8.7	6.3	7.6	4 ·	4.9
TI-PLY: KTAIL KCHEON WER WHER WHER WHER TISSUE: TITISSUE: TITISSUE: TITISSUE: TITISSUE: TOWELS: TO		2 0	4.0	1.2	4 0 4 0	23.07	14.34	2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
CKTAIL CKTAIL CKTAIL CKTAIL CCHEON WCHEON WER TISSUE: TITISSUE: TITI	••••	•• ••						
VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON VCHEON ST 7522 ST 95 79 43.0 TIPPLY TINTERFOLD TIPPLY TOWELS: TOW		• 6	6.	7.2	100	4 0		C -
ET TISSUE: SLE-PLY SLE-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TOWELS: TO		9 6		6 • U	2 4 0 0	22.35	73.49	28.19
ET TISSUE: SLE-PLY SLE-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TI-PLY TOWELS: TOWELS:	• ••	J.	•				•	
SLE-PLY TI-PLY T	JE:	•••						
TI-PLY TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-TI-T	4	-	7.5	7.6	3 . 0	8.1	ິດ	7 . 8
TINTERFOLD TOWELS:	· • •		7.2	7.9	0.5	26.36	44.81	45.73
TOWELS: 1:	••	50	8.7	0	2 • 3	• 4	4	1 • 3
CHEV/SOFT WOUND 48.79 54.89 53.23 58.88 58	***	• • • •						
TCHEN/SOFT WOUND CHARD CHARD		•					•	
SHROOM/HARD WOUND SHALL SHROOM/HARD WOUND ANEL-(SINGLE FOLD) ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: ANEL: A1.71 F.69 A-68 A-68 A-68 A-68 A-68 A-68 A-68 A-66 A-68 A-66	•••	7	4 00	3.	8	6.9	47.28	1.9
ANEL-(SINGLE FOLD) 24.10 : 21.33 : 29.37 : 23.8 ANEL: NGLE OR MULTI FOLD		9	1.2	4 • 0	3.1	31.40		24.13
ANEL: NGLE OR MULTI FOLD 10.30 9.69 6.32 10.11 NTER FOLD R PLACEMATS 7.11 R PLACEMATS 7.12 R TABLE CLOTHS 8.652 1.01 4.68 4.55 R TRAY COVERS 4.07 1.955 1.955 1.956 6.66	FOLD)		1.3	D 0	3.0	ហ		4 • 2
NGLE OR MULII FOLD 14-62 10-17	••••	C	•	ď	K.	7.9		7
R PLACEMATS : 41.71 : 5.69 : 17.23 : 7.11	FOLU	, w	9 6	6.3	0.1	13.84	1	9.04
R TRAY COVERS 4.07 1.95 15.24 6.6		7	9	7.2	•1	19.17	1	27.30
R TRAY COVERS : 4.07 : 1.95 : 15.24 : 6.6	•	,)					
R TRAY COVERS : 4.07 : 1.95 : 15.24 : 6.6	сготнѕ	ູ	•	• 6	ហ្	8 8 1	30.46	5.07
	OVERS	-	6	5.2	9	2.11	19.09	6.46
DISPOSABLE TRAYS AND : 6.23 : 19.68 : 13.28	TRAYS AND :	c1		9.6	3.2	04.6	19.09	10.06

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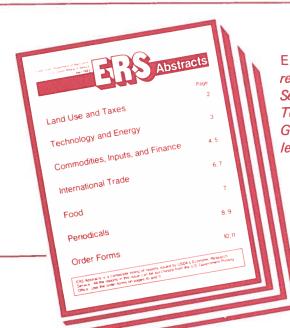
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