



**AgEcon** SEARCH  
RESEARCH IN AGRICULTURAL & APPLIED ECONOMICS

*The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library*

**This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.**

**Help ensure our sustainability.**

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search

<http://ageconsearch.umn.edu>

[aesearch@umn.edu](mailto:aesearch@umn.edu)

*Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.*

# **Rice mountain**

## **Assessment of the Thai rice pledging program**

**Risti Permani and David Vanzetti**

The University of Adelaide and Australian National University

Contributed paper at the 58th AARES Annual Conference,  
Port Macquarie, New South Wales, February 4-7, 2014

# Thai rice policy

- 50% price premium to local producers
- Large build-up of stocks
- Hoping to drive up world prices
- Prices fell instead
- Stocks deteriorate in quality

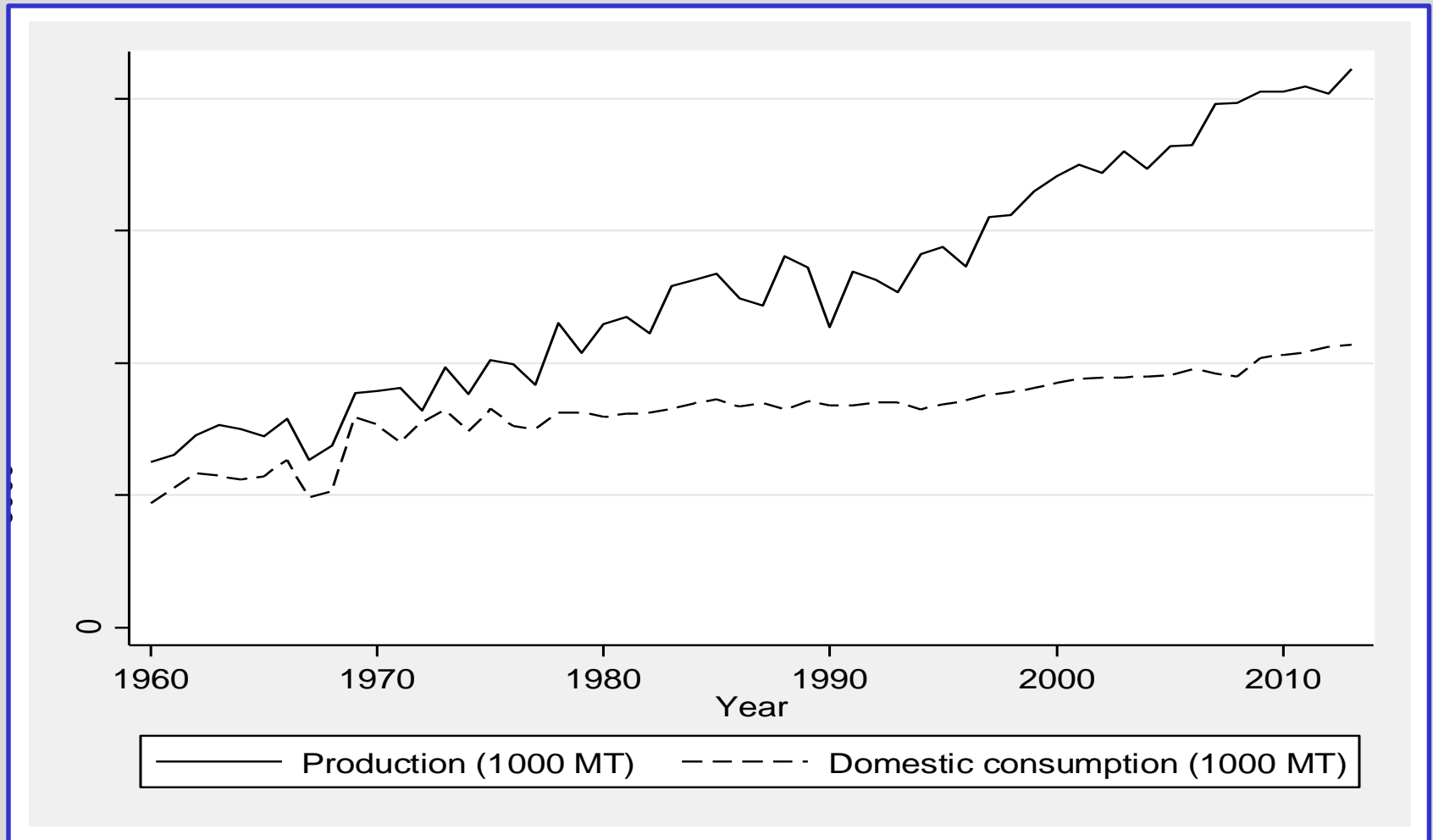
- The industry
- The policy
- Analytical framework
- Results
- Implications



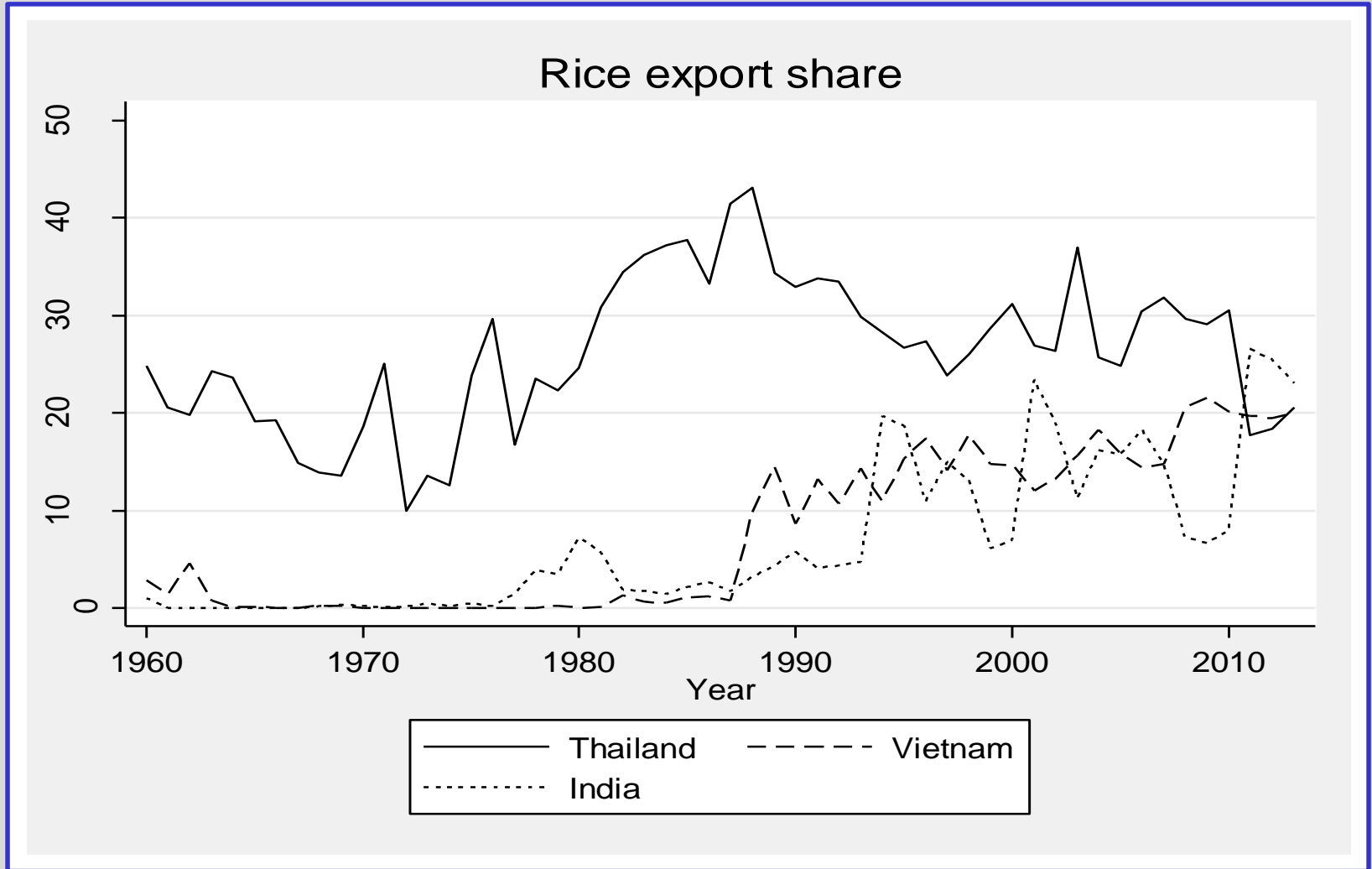
# The industry

Production (kt)	20,262
Imports (kt)	200
Exports (kt)	10,647
Consumption (kt)	10,300
Ending stocks (kt)	5,615
Prices \$/t	486

# Production and consumption

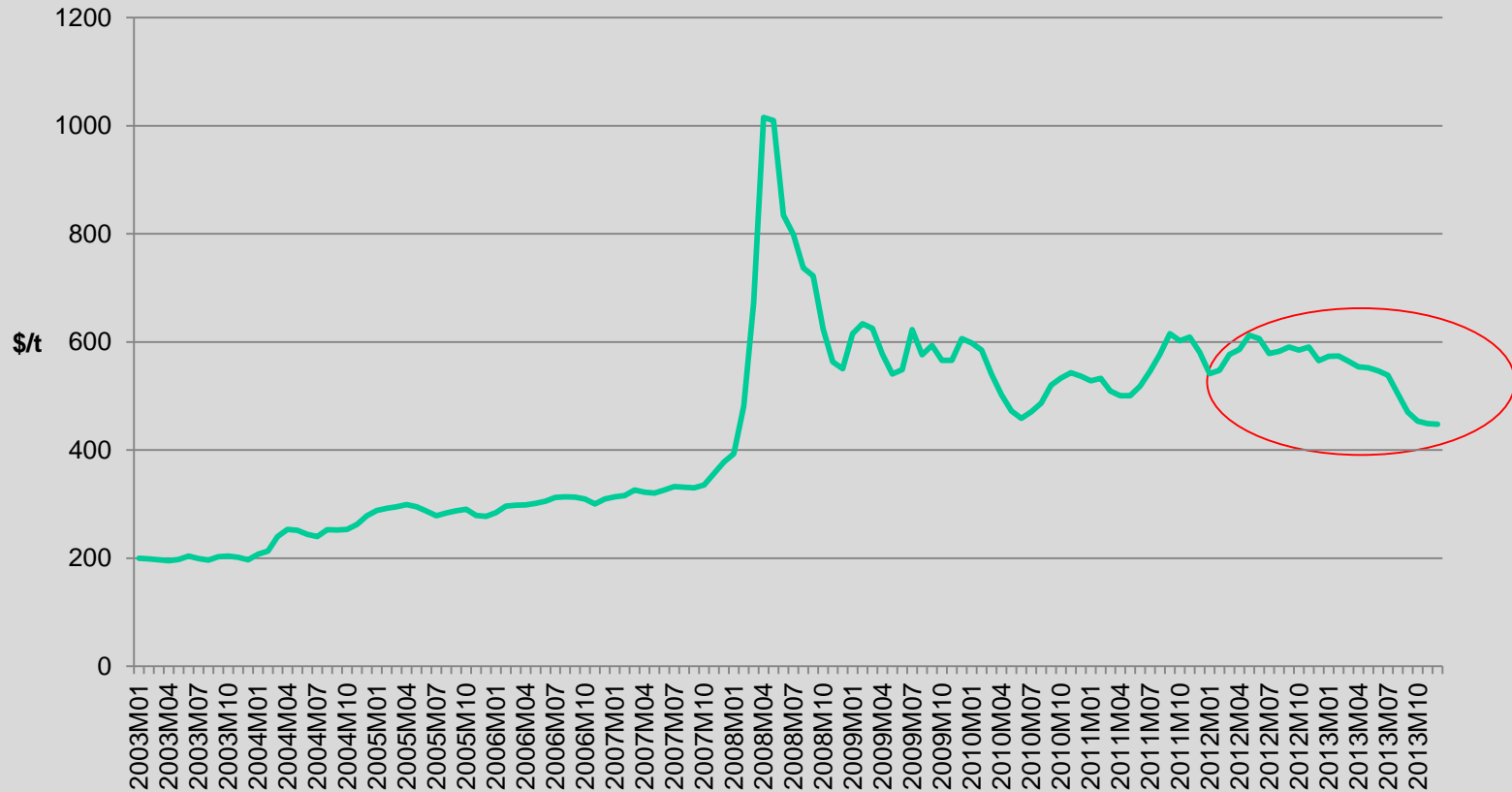


# Declining export share



# Falling export prices 2003-2013

## Thai rice price



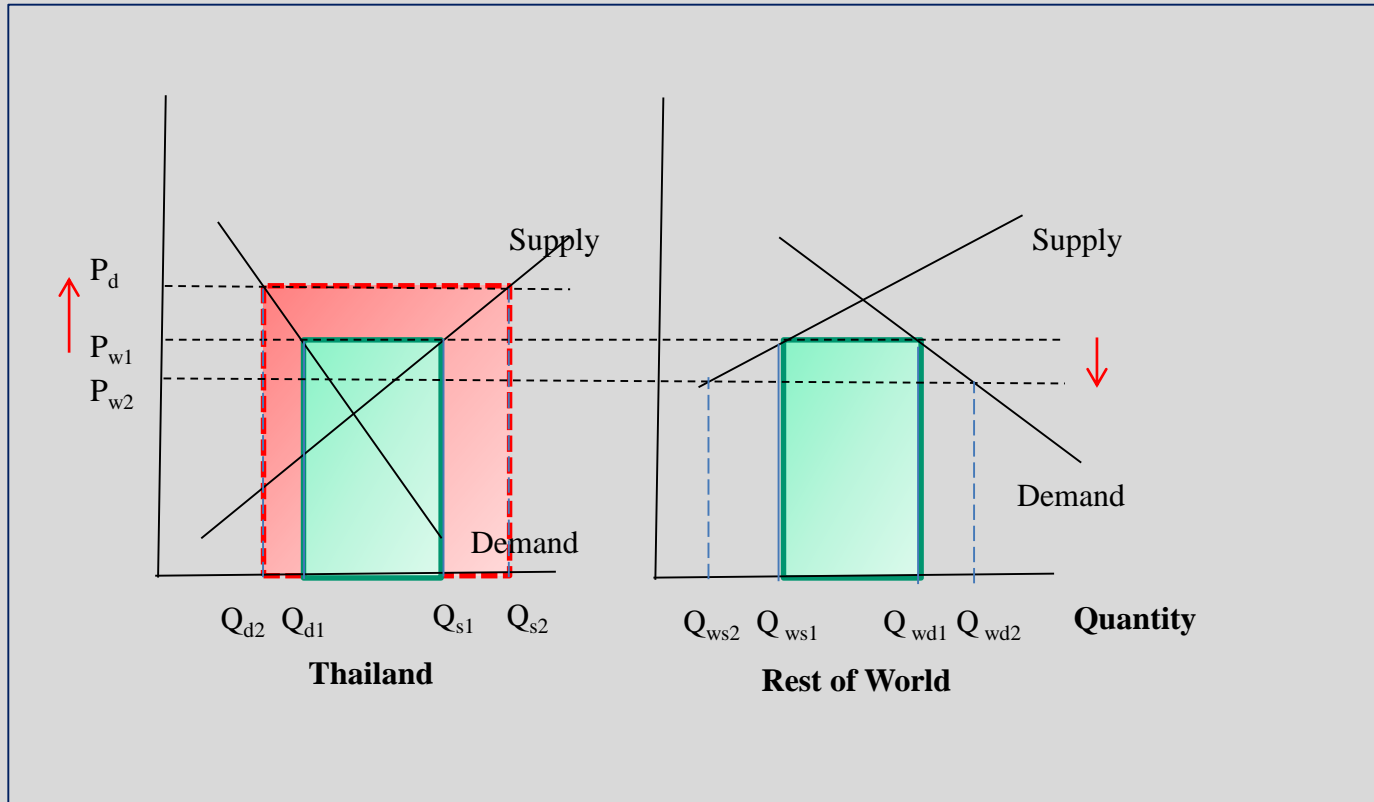
Rice, 5 percent broken milled white rice, Thailand nominal. Source IMF



- Single commodity partial equilibrium model
- Non-linear
- Ten regions
- Dynamic
- Stochastic
- Stocks, private and public



# Domestic floor price



- Pledging scheme

50% increase in floor price

- Stock purchase

Government buys 10 mmt over each of three years.

- Stock sell-off

Government sells 18% of current stock per year over five years

- Farmer income support

Decoupled cash transfers to poor farmers

# Results

		Baseline	Pledging scheme	Stock purchase	Stock sell-off	Producer support	
Output	kt	20.3	22.7	23.0	22.5	20.3	↑
Consumption	kt	10.3	9.4	9.3	9.5	10.3	↓
Exports	kt	10.0	13.2	3.7	18.5	10.0	↑
Stocks - private	kt	2.8	0.0	-	1.1	2.8	↓
Stocks – Govt	kt	2.8	2.8	30.0	2.8	2.8	↑

# Price effects

		Baseline	Pledging scheme	Stock purchase	Stock sell-off	Producer support
Domestic price	\$/t	567	805	870	792	567
World price	\$/t	520	505	555	497	520



# Welfare change

		Pledging scheme	Stock purchase	Stock sell-off	Producer support	
Consumer surplus	\$b	-2.4	-3.0	-2.2	-	↑
Producer surplus	\$b	5.1	6.6	4.8	3.1	↓
Govt revenue	\$b	-3.8	-5.2	-5.4	-3.1	↑
Speculative profits	\$b	0.3	2.9		-	↓
Welfare	\$b	-0.8	-9.9	1.7	-0.0	↑

- Policy failed because:
  - Storage is expensive (17%)
  - Competing exporters (Vietnam and India) responded
- Govt stocks crowd out private stocks
- Benefits leak to foreign consumers
- Decoupled targeted income support preferred



# The End



- Demand

$$D = aP^b$$

- Supply

$$S = cE(P)^d$$

- Expected price

$$E(P) = w_1 P_{(t-1)} + w_2 P_{(t-2)} + w_3 P_{(t-3)}$$

- Price linkage

$$P = t + e Pw$$

- Private

$$EPS = \rho(E(P)-P) + OPS$$

$$\text{where } \rho = (1-f-g)\sigma S/P$$

- Government

$$EGS-OGS = \lambda(P_{min}-P) \text{ if } P < P_{min}$$

$$= \lambda(P_{max}-P) \text{ if } P > P_{max}$$

$$= 0 \text{ if } P_{min} > P > P_{max}$$

Market clearing

$$D-S+OPS+OGS-EPS-EGS=0$$

Welfare

$$W=CS + PS + GR$$

Risk aversion

$$t_i = -0.5 [\sigma_i^2/P_i^* (s_i (\eta_i - r_i) - \beta_i)]$$