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Emergent public goods and public private partnerships 2.0

Port Macquarie

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5th Feb 2014

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AARES National Conference

Global, Local, Private, Public: Re-thinking the Categories, Bridging the Gaps





Outline

- Caveats Your theme Emergent public goods The ecology of public and private goods Digital Public Private Partnerships
 - Some new ideas

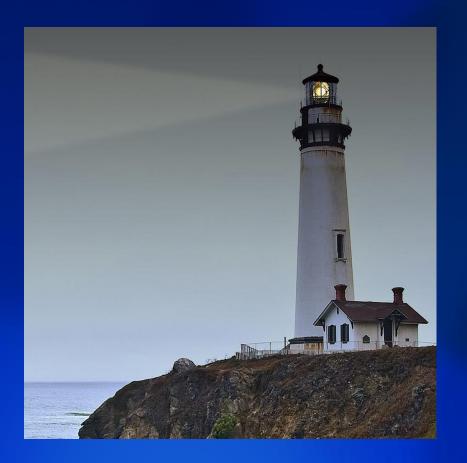
Government as impressario Some thoughts on ag economics applications

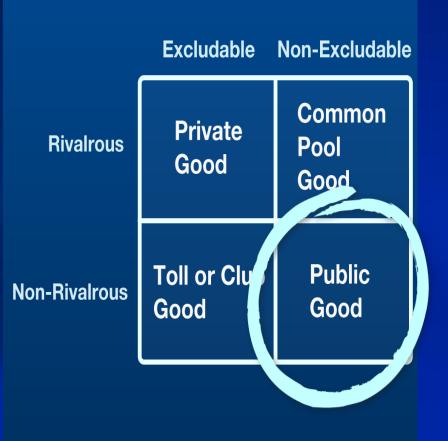


Public goods

Public goods . . . present serious problems in human organisation.

Vincent and Elenor Ostrom - 1977



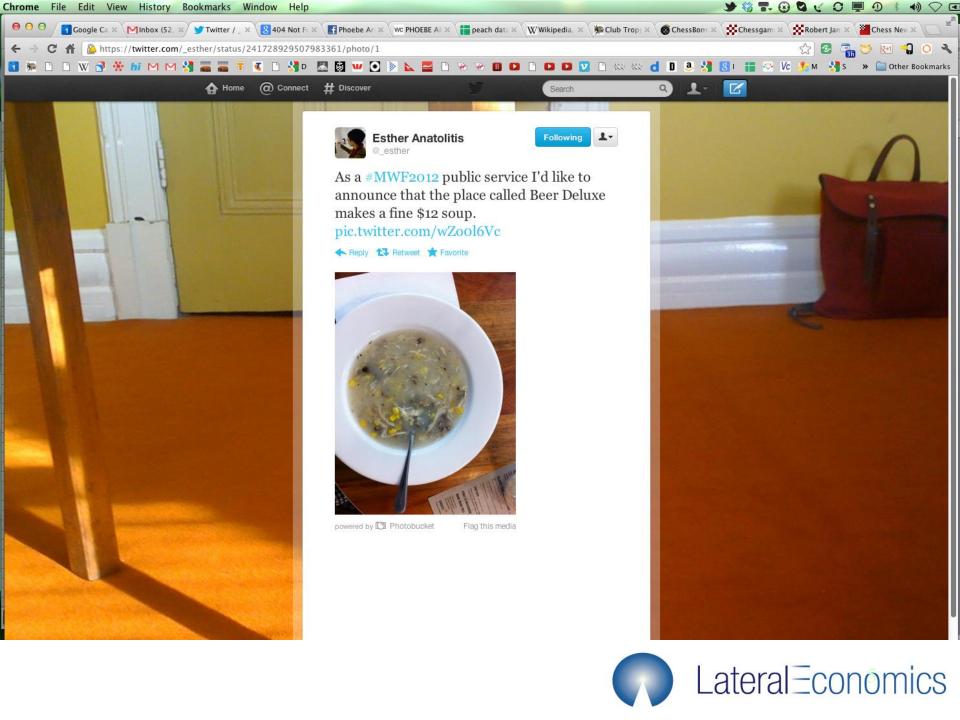




Web 2.0 platforms are public goods:

Google (1998) Wikipedia (2001) Blogs (early 2000s) Facebook (2004) Twitter (2006)





Jefferson's enlightenment dream

He who receives an idea from me, receives instruction himself without lessening mine; as he who lights his taper at mine, receives light without darkening me. That ideas should freely spread from one to another over the globe, for the moral and mutual instruction of man, and improvement of his condition, seems to have been peculiarly and benevolently designed by nature, when she made them, like fire, expansible over all space, without lessening their density in any point, and like the air in which we breathe, move, and have our physical being, incapable of confinement or exclusive appropriation.

Thomas Jefferson to Isaac McPherson, August, 1813

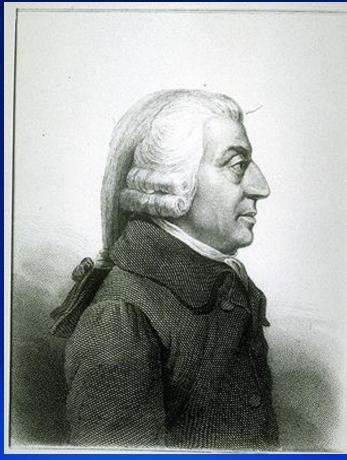


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Adam Smith

Language

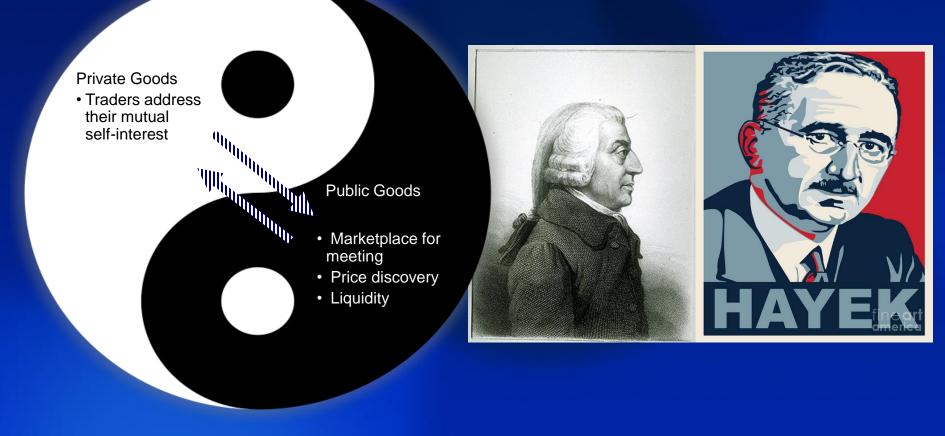
The Theory of Moral Sentiments (1759)

 The social preconditions of markets (Public Goods)

The Wealth of Nations (1776) • Private Goods

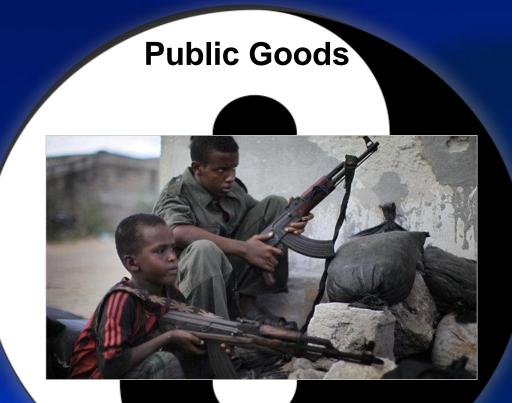


The ecology of private and public goods: Markets





The ecology of public and private goods



Private Goods

[The public good of] Justice . . . is the main pillar that upholds the whole edifice. If it is removed, the great, the immense fabric of human society . . . must in a moment crumble into atoms.

Adam Smith



The ecology of public and private goods

Private goods We look after ourselves



Public goods

- What won't look after itself
- Health
- Nurturing
- Education
- Alleviating
 - Suffering
 - Poverty
- Art
- Religion





We will ever strive for the ideals and sacred things of the city, both alone and with many; we will unceasingly seek to quicken the sense of public duty; we will revere and obey the city's laws; we will transmit this city not only not less, but greater, better and more beautiful than it was transmitted to us.



The fractal ecology of public and private goods

Private goods Individuals Firms Teams

Competition and self-interest



Public goods

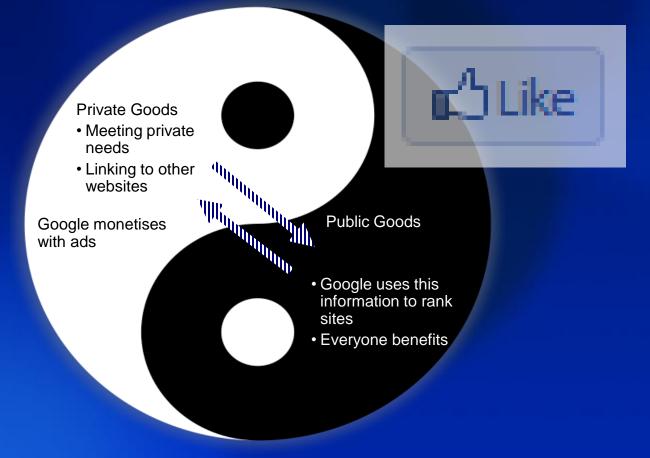
- Governments
- Families
- Civic
 - association
- Philanthropy
- Within 'teams'

Cooperation and group-interest

_ateral Economics



Private and public goods on a platform





The economics of abundance: a new birth of freedom

Public goods as an opportunity

He who receives an idea from me, receives instruction himself without lessening mine; as he who lights his taper at mine, receives light without darkening me.

Thomas Jefferson

Public goods as a problem

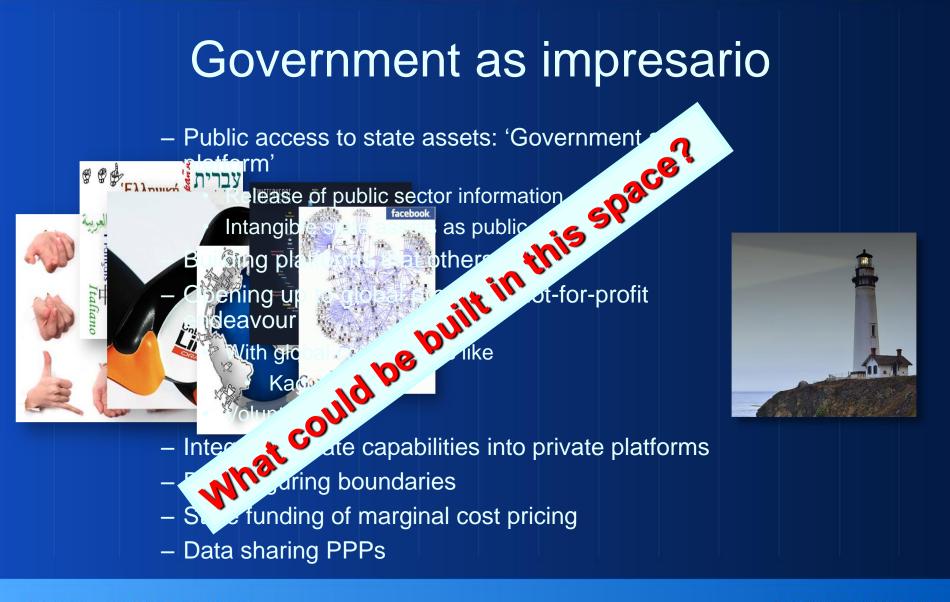
Public goods . . . present serious problems in human organisation.

Vincent and Elenor Ostrom - 1977



Coercively, centrally funded





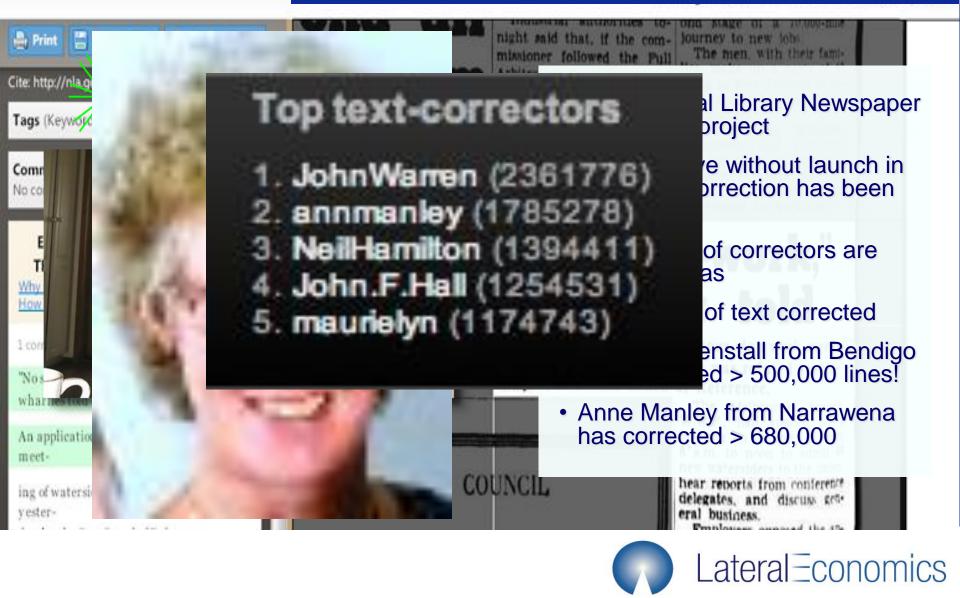
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AUSTRALIAN NEWSPAPERS

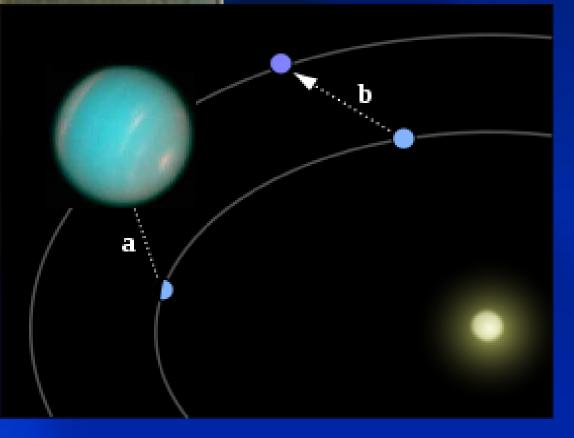
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Public private partnerships



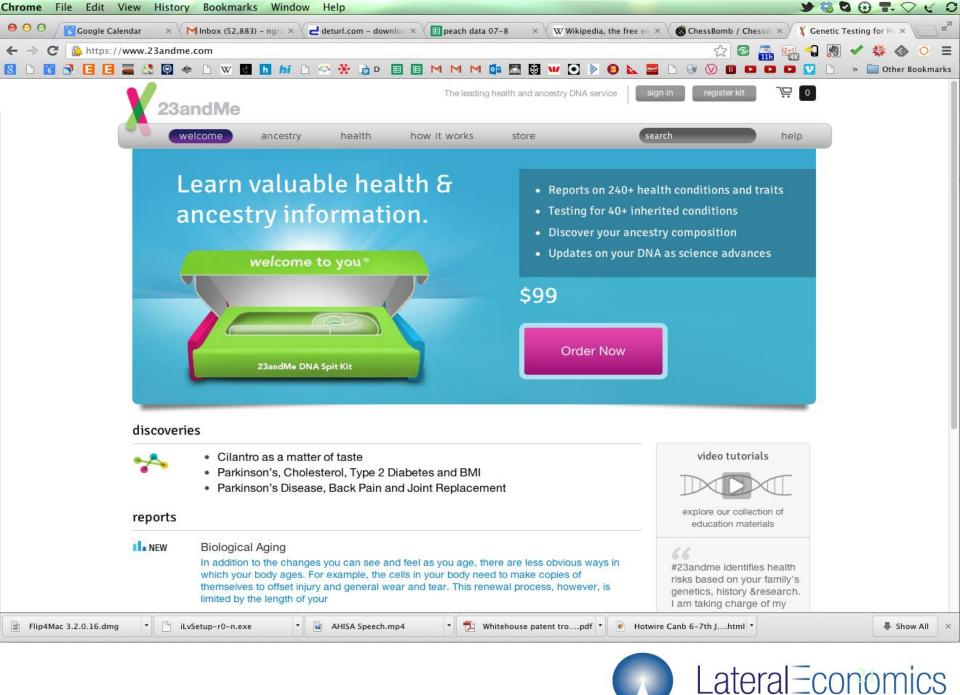


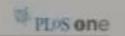












Efficient Replication of over 180 Genetic Associations with Self-Reported Medical Data

Joyce Y. Tung¹*, Chuong B. Do¹, David A. Hinds¹, Amy K. Kiefer¹, J. Michael Macpherson¹, Arnab B. Chowdry¹, Uta Francke^{1,2}, Brian T. Naughton¹, Joanna L. Mountain¹, Anne Wojcicki¹, Nicholas Eriksson¹

Y 23andlile, Inc., Mountain View, California, United States of America, 2Degamment of Genetics, Stanford University, Stanford, California, Linited States of America

Abstract

02:37 / 12:51

While the cost and speed of generating genomic data have come down dramatically in recent years, the slow pace of collecting medical data for large cohorts continues to hamper genetic research. Here we evaluate a novel online framework for obtaining large amounts of medical information from a recontactable cohort by assessing our ability to replicate genetic associations using these data. Using web-based questionnaires, we gathered self-reported data on 50 medical phenotypes from a generally unselected cohort of over 20,000 genotyped individuals. Of a list of genetic associations curated by NHGRI, we successfully replicated about 75% of the associations that we expected to (based on the number of cases in our cohort and reported odds ratios, and excluding a set of associations with contradictory published evidence!. Altogether we replicated over 180 previously reported associations, including many for type 2 diabetes, prostate cancer, cholesterol levels, and multiple scienzals. We found significant variation across categories of conditions in the percentage of espected associations that we were able to replicate, which may reflect systematic inflation of the effects in some initial reports, or differences across diseases in the likelihood of misdiagnosis or mineport. We also demonstrated that we could improve reported diagnoses. Our data suggest that online cohection of self-reported data from a recontactable cohort may be a viable method for both broad and deep phenotyping in large populations.





BIOMEDICINE NEWS

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Why the U.K. Wants a Genomic National Health Service

The U.K. plans to sequence 100,000 National Health Service patients by 2017—in a bold push to be a genomic medicine leader.

By Susan Young on October 25, 2013

By sequencing the genomes of 100,000 patients and integrating the resulting data into medical care, the U.K. could become the first country to introduce genome sequencing into its mainstream health system. The U.K. government hopes that the investment will improve patient outcomes while also building a genomic medicine industry. But the project will test the practical challenges of integrating and safeguarding genomic data within an expansive health service.

Officials breathed life into the ambitious sequencing project in June when they announced the formation of Genomics England, a company set up to execute the £100 million project. The goal is to "transform how the NHS uses genomic medicine," says the company's chief scientist, Mark Caulfield.



Those changes will take many shapes. First, by providing whole-genome sequencing and analysis for National Health Service patients with rare diseases, Genomics England could help families understand the origin of these conditions and help doctors better treat them. Second, the company will sequence the genomes of cancer patients and their tumors, which could help doctors identify the best drugs to treat the disease. Finally, say leaders of the 100.000 genomes project, the efforts could uncover the basis for bacterial and viral resistance to medicines.



MIT Technology Review

WHY IT MATTERS

DNA sequencing is expected to improve medical care, but researchers and health care providers aren't yet sure how to best use genomic data.



Show All

PPPs 2.0

Private sector builds service Public sector contributes its resources

- Networks
- Nudges
- Non-obstruction
- Financial internalisation

Subject to openness and privacy undertakings Much more for each in partnership than alone Australia acquires new research assets



Government as impresario

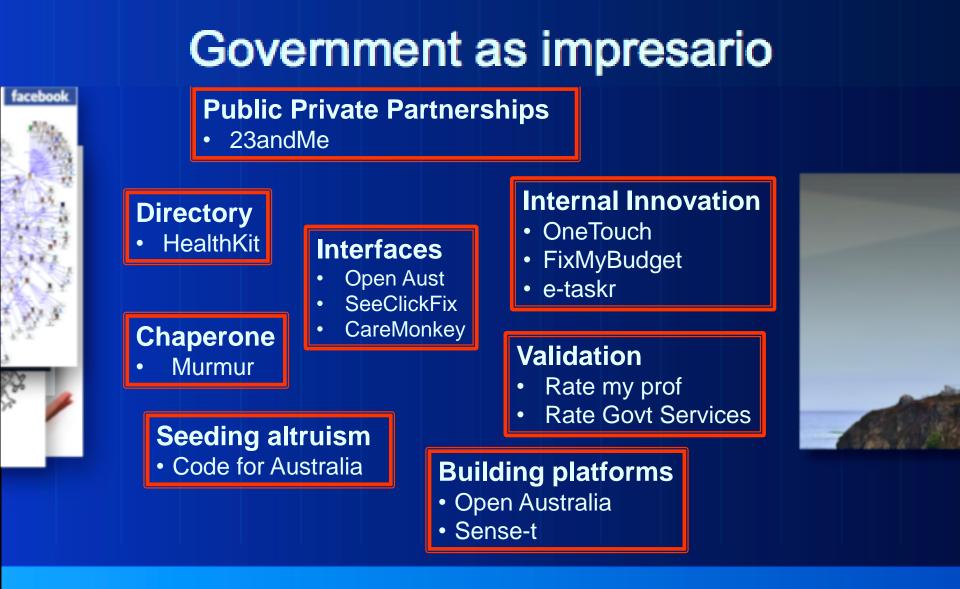




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The art of the PPP

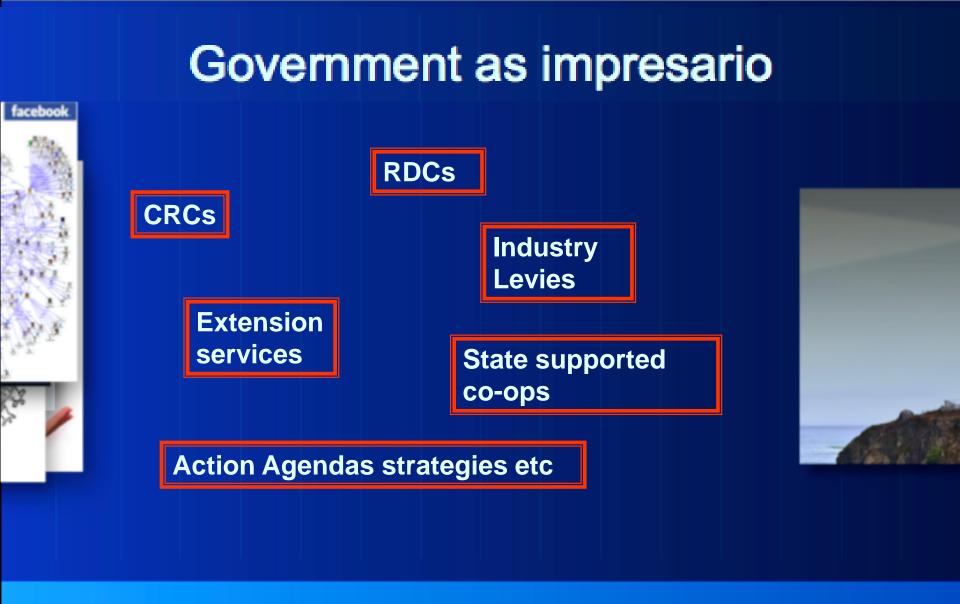
To come up with terms of engagement which

- Play to each sector's strengths
- Including cultural/economic norms/imperatives
- •Within the hard-won traditions of modern liberal democratic government
- •Data PPPs might reinvigorate the search for socially advantageous PPPs elsewhere
- •It's the interface stupid!









← Emergent Distributed on a platform

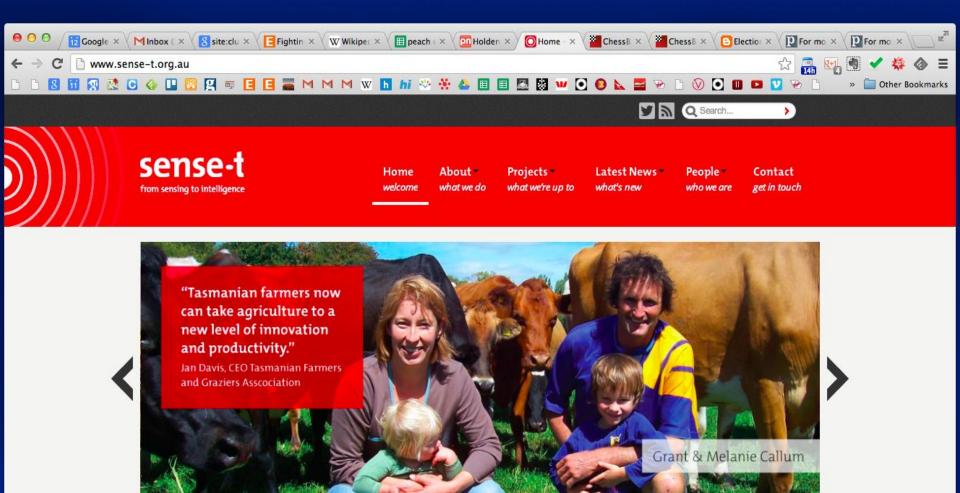
Coercively, centrally funded →





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| | | The right people are rewarded and recognised at ACME | | Neither agree nor disagree | |
| | | Poorer performance is managed well at ACME | | Neither agree nor disagree | |
| | | I receive the training I need to perform my current job effectively | | Strongly disagree | |
| | | I am given good opportunities to improve my skills at ACME | | Disagree | |
| | | I believe there are good career opportunities for me at ACME | | Agree | |
| | | ACME is a great organisation for me to make a contribution to my [field/profession/cause/development] | | Agree | |
| | | I receive appropriate recognition for good work | er i r i s | S | |
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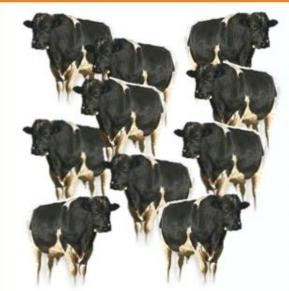
Sense-T is creating the world's first economy-wide intelligent sensor network that integrates different data sources to build a digital view of Tasmania. Sense-T will give business, governments and communities the tools to make

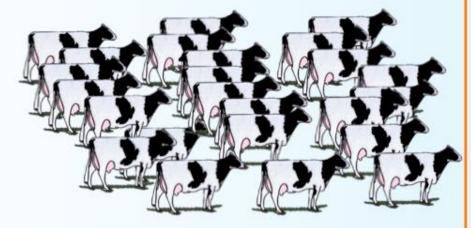












3323 bulls with Australian daughters Australian national reference set 9563 cows deliberately selected

The DNA sample from any bull or cow in this country is now compared against a large reference set







APRIL 2013

Now with genomics!!

Build your herd with confidence.



17/11

Australian **Dairy Herd** Improvement Scheme

The ultimate delivery of DNA technology is such that the catalogue doesn't change it just improves its accuracy. Very simple implementation!







Genotyping cows is as easy as collecting tail hairs

General shot of cows



Dairy Futures CRC

Genomics is having its greatest impact in industries that already have infrastructure for genetic evaluation and is creating payoffs for public, industry and private investors.

Often no one party could achieve the outcomes.

Genomic analyses require lots of infrastructure of capital and skill and the public partnership can't justify doing this alone, and farmers' involvement improves confidence that outcome will be beneficial.



Dairy Futures CRC

Success depends

- public funding
- industry funding and;
- farmers providing access to herds, part-paying for genotyping, and providing access to years of records of on-farm performance from which the analyses can be run that deliver on the desired outcomes of economic development, biosecurity and biodiversity.

This often also requires third parties that have long associations in working with farmers to build this information network (breed societies, local herd improvement businesses).



Individuals and firms

\$ |

The Industry

Government



It's the institutions, it's the interface stupid





