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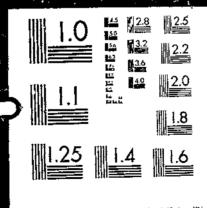
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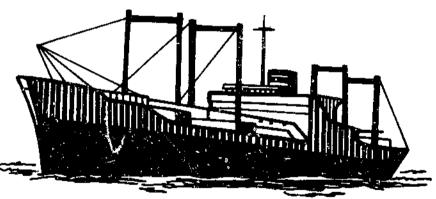
FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE

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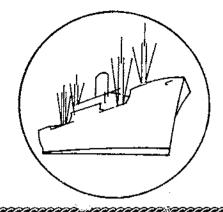
- Commercial Exports for Dollars were Record High in Calendar Year 1965
- U.S. Agricultural Exports to the European Economic Community, Calendar Years 1962-65
- Exports Compared with Imports 1964 and 1965
- ●Export Highlights
- Import Highlights
- Trade Statistics, July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66

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Contents

	Page
Digest	S
in Calendar Year 1965	
Exports Compared With Imports, 1964 and 1965	• 34
Export Highlights	• 37 • 42
Explanatory Note	• 55
Table 1Government Program and Commercial Exports: Value and Percent of Total, Calendar Years 1955 Through 1965	• 6
Calendar Year 1965 Compared With 1964	
Table 4Credit Sale Exports: Value by Country, Calendar Year 1965	
Table 5.~-Leading Dollar Markets and Government Program Outlets: Value by	
Country, Calendar Year 1965	• 1/
Calendar Year 1965 Table 7Government Program and Commercial Exports: Quantity by Com-	
modity, Calendar Year 1965 Table 8Government Program and Commercial Exports: Value by Country,	
Calendar Year 1965 Table 9Value of U.S. Agricultural Exports to the European Economic Com-	
munity by Commodity, 1962-65	- 31
Variable Levies and Other Commodities, Calendar Years 1962 Through 1965.	
Table 11Exports and Imports: Value by Commodity, 1964 and 1965 Table 12Exports: Value by Commodity, July-May 1964-65 and 1965-66	
Table 13Exports to the European Economic Community: Value by Variable Levy and Other Commodities, April 1964-66 and July-April 1963-64 Through	
1965-66	
Table 14Imports: Value by Commodity, July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66 Table 15Exports: Quantity and Value by Commodity, April 1965 and 1966	
and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66	• 45
and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66	
Figure 1U.S. Agricultural Exports to the EEC, Non-variable Levy and	20
Variable Levy Commodities, 1962 Through 1965	• 30

Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch Foreign Development and Trade Division Economic Research Service



FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE

OF THE UNITED STATES

Digest

U.S. agricultural exports totaled \$6,229 million in calendar year 1965, down 2 percent from the record \$6,348 million in 1964. Commercial sales for dollars rose to an alltime high of \$4,777 million, nearly \$200 million above the year-earlier record. Exports of feed grains and oilseeds and products accounted for most of the gain. The continued rise in incomes in Western Europe and Japan has stimulated U.S. exports of agricultural commodities, especially feed grains, soybeans, and protein meal. Abundant U.S. supplies at competitive prices and vigorous market promotion efforts also have contributed to the advance.

Shipments under Government-financed programs totaled \$1,452 million, down 18 percent from 1964, and only 23 percent of total exports. This was the smallest proportion since the beginning of the P.L. 480 program in 1954.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) increased 28 percent from 1962 to 1965. The increase has been more rapid than total U.S. agricultural exports, which were up 24 percent. Feed grains and wheat accounted for the largest share of variable levy commodities exported from the United States. During 1962-64, commodities other than feed grains and wheat that were subject to variable levies accounted for about 10 percent of total U.S. agricultural exports to the EEC. In 1965, however, this share dropped to 7 percent. Principal commodities not subject to variable import levies included soybeans, oilcake and meal, tobacco, fruits, vegetables, and cotton. The Netherlands is the largest market for U.S. agricultural products followed by West Germany, Italy, Belgium-Luxembourg, and France.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural exports exceeded agricultural imports in 1965 for the sixth consecutive calendar year. Agricultural exports, totaling \$6,229 million in 1965, were \$2,141 million larger than imports.

Commercial sales for dollars of \$4,777 million in 1965 were \$2,529 million above supplementary (partially competitive) imports. Nearly half of the imports were complementary (noncompetitive) items such as coffee, cocoa beans, carpet wool, and crude natural rubber.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural exports were estimated at \$6,123 million during July-May 1965-66, up 10 percent from the \$5,567 million for the same months of 1964-65. Exports of agricultural products were estimated at \$543 million in May 1966, up 2 percent from May 1965. Grains and preparations continued to be the major commodity group exported from the United States. Japan is the largest market for feed grains followed by the Netherlands, Italy, the United Kingdom, Spain, and Canada.

Agricultural exports to the EEC totaled \$1,369 million in July-April 1965-66, up 19 percent from the corresponding period a year ago. Commodities subject to the EEC's variable levies totaled \$634 million, 46 percent of total agricultural exports to the EEC. Feed grains and wheat accounted for the increase. Excluding feed grains, wheat, wheat flour, and rye, July-April exports of variable levy subject to variable levies totaled \$735 million, or 21 percent. Agricultural exports not year earlier. Soybeans, oilcake and meal accounted for much of the increase. Other increases occurred in fruits and vegetables, hides and skins, tobacco, and variety meats.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural imports for consumption advanced to \$3,709 million in July-April 1965-66 from \$3,303 million in the same period a year earlier. Over two-thirds of the gain occurred in supplementary (partially competitive) products, mainly dutiable cattle, meats and dairy products, and apparel wool. Complementary products also were up 8 percent in July-April. Imports of bananas, coffee, cocoa beans, and spices were up sharply.



SPECIAL in this issue

HIGHER COMMERCIAL SALES ACCOUNTED FOR NEAR RECORD U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS IN CALENDAR YEAR 1965

by
Eleanor N. DeBlois 1/

U.S. agricultural exports totaled \$6,229 million in calendar year 1965, down 2 percent from the record \$6,348 million in 1964. Commercial sales for dollars rose to an alltime high of \$4,777 million, nearly \$200 million above the year-earlier record. Exports of feed grains and oilseeds and products accounted for most of the gain. Each of these commodity groups totaled more than \$1 billion in 1965. Exports of rice and fruits and preparations rose substantially from a year earlier. Partially offsetting decreases occurred in exports of wheat, cotton, tobacco, dairy products, and animals and products (except dairy). The continued rise in incomes in the industrialized countries of Western Europe and Japan has stimulated U.S. exports of agricultural commodities especially feed grains, soybeans, and protein meal. Abundant U.S. supplies at competitive prices and vigorous market promotion efforts also have contributed to the advance (tables 1 and 2).

Shipments under Government-financed programs, principally under P.L. 480 -the Trade Assistance and Development Act of 1954, as amended -- fell 18 percent
from the 1964 total, to \$1,452 million. Exports under Government-financed programs made up only 23 percent of total exports -- the smallest proportion since
the beginning of the P.L 480 programs in 1954. The average for the 11-year
period was 31 percent. The greatest decline was in shipments under Title I,
sales for foreign currency. Donations under Titles II and III were smaller than
a year earlier. Shipments under the barter program rose nearly one-half and
long-term supply and dollar credit sales authorized by Title IV rose about
one-fourth from those in 1964.

U.S. exports of wheat and flour declined \$348.3 million (133 million bushels) to \$1.184.1 million (720 million bushels) in 1965 from a year earlier. These exports fell 16 percent in volume and 23 percent in value due to a 15-centsper-bushel drop in the average export price of wheat and equivalent of flour. Exports were heavier in the latter half of the year because of a strong foreign

^{1/} International Economist, Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch, Foreign Development and Trade Division, Economic Research Service, USDA.

Table 1 .-- U.S. exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value and percent of total, calendar years 1955 through 1965

: 1955 : through : 1965	1965 :	1964 : :	1963 :	1962 :	; 1961 :	1960 :	1959 :	: 1958 :	1957 :	: 1956 :	: 1955 :	Type of export :
				5	dollars	Million				:		
9,305	867	1,223	. 1/2									•
1,235	94	116	1,163 174	1,010	879	1,015	732	753	762	638	263	Public Law 480:
	160	186	169	143	195	79	56	84	71	102	121	Title T sales for foreign currency
1/1,932	182	123	74	178	155	122	107	159	166	186	188	THE TT dispeter relief
2, -,	104	123	74	137	181	117	175	65	244	372	262	wiels TIT donations
316	123	99	51		_					2,2	202	muala III harter
	1.426	1,747	1,631	42	1							Title TV. long-term supply and Gollai .
	1,420	1,147	1,031	1,510	1,411	1,333	1,070	1.061	1,243	1,298	834	mendit coles
									21275	1,270		Total Public Law 480
1,921	26	23	11									Martin Secretary (ATD), Secs. 402 and 350, :
			11	35	179	157	158	214	318	449	_	anias for foreign currency and economic .
16,485	1,452	1,770								443		nd# 91
	7,475	1,770	1,642	1,545	1,590	1,490	1,228	1,275	1,561	1,747		m . 1 under energited Government
36,251	4,777	4,578							1,,04	1,747		Elmonard programs
	6,229	6,348	3,942	3,489	3,434	3,342	2,727	2,580	2,945	2,423		outpoids about 11PD WOVELLHOUSE
, 521,555	0,223	6,348	5,584	5,034	5,024	4,832	3,955	3,855	4,306	4,170		
					ercent -	1		3,033	4,000	4,170	3,199	financed programs 3/ Total agricultural exports
4 18	14					2						20020
•	1	19	21	2.0	17	21	19	19	17	16	;	Public Law 480:
	3	2	3	3	4	2	1	2	2	15 2	: 8	Title T uples for foreign currency
, ,	,	_	3	3	3	3	<u> </u>	4	4		•	TV-12 77 disaster Teller
, ,	,	2	1	3	4	2	Ī.	7	5	5	. •	TV+1a TTT denations
» 1						_	-	2	5	9	. 8	Title III, barter
<u> </u>		2	1_	1	4/						:	Title IV, long-term supply and dollar
3 40	23	28	29	30	<u>4/</u> 28	28	27	27				credit sales
							<u></u>		28	31	: 26	Total Public Law 480
	- 1										:	Mutual Security (AID), Secs. 402 and 550,
./3	<u>4</u> /	<u>4</u> /	4/	1	4	3	4	_	_		•	sales for foreign currency and economic
							4	6	7	11	; 11	sales for foreign currency and
31	23	28	29	31	32	31	31	**				Total exports under specified Government-
								33	35	42	: 37	financed programs
		72	71	69	68	69	en.				<u> </u>	tinanced programs
00 100	100	100									: 63	Total exports dutaide specifics obvertible
									<u> 1,00</u>	100	100	financed programs
ly-December	in Jul	program	onations	le III d	the Tit		7111				:	Total agricultural exporta
00	100		100	100	100	100	69 100	100			· · <u></u>	Total exports outside specified Government financed programs

^{1/} The addition of \$22 million shipmen's under the barter program and \$20 million under the Title III donations program in July-December 194 brings the total of shipments under these programs since the beginning of P.L. 480 to \$1,954 million and \$1.796 million, respectively.

4/ Less than 2 percent.

^{2/} Values shown are disbursements for exports.

3/ Exports "outside specified Government programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with Governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively short periods, (2) sales of government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.

Table 2.--Exports under specified Government-financed programs, commercial sales for dollars, and total agricultural agricultural exports: Value by commodity calendar year 1965 compared with 1964

	: Exp	orts unde -financed	r : programs :		Commercial for doll		: Total agricultural : exports			
Commodity	1964	1965	Change	1964		Change	1964	1965	Change	
	: ML1	lion doll	ars :	<u>Mi</u> l	llion doll	<u>ars</u>	<u>Mi</u>	llion doll	ais	
heat and wheat flour	: 1,074.8	826.5	-248.3	457.6	357.6	-100.0	1,532.4	1,184.1	-348.3	
eed grains, excluding products	77.0	81.6	+4.6:	778.7	1,052.6	+273.9	855.7	<u>2</u> /1,134.2	+278.5	
ice, milled	: : 73.2	72.1	-1.1	131.5	171.3	+39.8	204.7	243.4	+38.7	
otton	: .: 162.1	114.6	-47.5 :	519.6	371.6	-148.0	681.7	486.2	-195.	
obacco, unmanufactured	:	62.3	+19.6 :	370.1	320.4	-49.7	412.8	382.7	-30.	
ilseeds and products	:	142.7	+14.6	885.3	1,013.8	+128.5	: <u>3</u> /1,013.4	1,156.5	+143.	
airy products	:	84.7	-42.9 :	137.7	111.3	-26.4	: <u>4</u> /265.3	196.0	-69.	
nimals and products, except dairy	: : :: 38.8	30.1	-8.7	578.0	563.6	-14.4	: 616.8	593.7	-23.	
ruits and preparations	:		-0.1	278.5	313.1	+34.6	: : 278.6 :	313.1	+34,	
Vegetables and preparations	: :: 4.9	2.4	-2.5	153.1	153.0	-0.1	: : 158.0	155.4	- 2.	
Other	: .: 40.2	34.9	-5.3	287.9	348.4	+60.5	328.1	383.3	+55.	

+198.7: 6,347.5 6,228.6 -317.6 : 4.578.0 4.776.71/ Exports outside Government-financed programs. 2/ Total exports of feed grains include the estimated value of donations of grain sorghums under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census, as follows: 1965, \$0.1 million. 3/ Total exports of oilseeds and products include the estimated value of donations of vegetable oils under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census prior to January 1, 1965, as follows: 1964, \$12.1 million. 4/ Total exports of dairy products include the estimated value of donations of butter and butteroil under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census prior to January 1, 1965, as fcllows: 1964, \$41.7 million.

Total agricultural

demand for U.S. wheat. Exports of wheat grain to Japan, the leading dollar market, totaled \$109.1 million, about the same as in 1964. Shipments of wheat grain to the European Economic Community (EEC) advanced to \$67.7 million from \$59.2 million in 1964. The USSR purchased 62 million bushels of wheat (\$110.4 million) in 1964, but in \$65, did not import wheat from the United States.

Most of the reduction in exports of wheat under Government programs took place in sales for foreign currencies under Title I. Shipments of wheat to Brazil in 1965 were only about 15 percent of the 1964 total. Exports to Pakistan, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and Korea were lower than a year earlier. Exports to India totaled over 200 million bushels, substantially the same as in 1964. Exports of wheat and grain sorghums to India have been greatly accelerated in 1966.

Yugoslavia, a Title I recipient of U.S. agricultural exports since the beginning of that program through 1964, was the principal Title IV destination for wheat exports in 1965.

Exports of feed grains from the United States rose \$278.5 million to a record high of \$1,134.2 million in 1965. Sharp increases in exports of corn and grain sorghums accounted for the rise. The rapid advance in livestock production in Western Europe and Japan, smaller crops of coarse grains in Western Europe, and reduced exportable supplies of coarse grains in other exporting countries contributed to the increase.

Shipments of corn rose \$180.5 million to \$832.2 million in 1965. Exports to the EEC advanced to \$341.2 million from \$238.9 million a year earlier. Exports to the Netherlands totaled \$105.4 million; West Germany, \$55.8 million; and Italy, \$133.2 million. Exports to Japan, the largest single market, amounted to \$137.4 million, compared with \$89.3 million in 1964. Shipments to Spain rose to \$66.4 million from \$27.8 million.

Shipments of grain sorghums advanced over 70 percent to \$209.0 million in 1965, compared with \$121.9 million a year earlier. Japan was the leading market, purchasing \$70.1 million, nearly double the 1964 total. Shipments to the EEC amounted to \$86.5 million, up about \$25 million from 1964 shipments to the area. Leading destinations in the EEC were the Netherlands, which purchased \$46.6 million of U.S. grain sorghums; Belgium-Luxembourg, \$27.2 million; and West Germany, \$11.3 million.

Only 7 percent of the corn and about 10 percent of the grain sorghum exports took place under Government programs in 1965.

A rise in commercial sales for dollars accounted for the advance of about one-fifth in U.S. exports of milled rice in 1965 compared with 1964. There has been a spectacular rise in exports to Japan, the leading dollar market, from less than \$1 million in 1963 and prior years, to \$12.5 million in 1964 and \$50.8 million in 1965. Other leading commercial markets were Nansei and Nanpo Islands, the Republic of South Africa, Canada, Peru, the United Kingdom, West Germany, and Ghana.

Most of the Government-financed exports took place under Title I. Principal destinations were India, Viet-Nam, and the Philippines.

U.S. exports of cotton totaled \$486.2 million (3.8 million bales) in 1965 compared with \$681.7 million (5.2 million bales) in 1964. Larger exportable supplies in major exporting countries of the Free World, increased competition from man-made fibers, and the working down of stocks in major importing countries were factors contributing to the decline.

Three-quarters of the decrease was in commercial sales for dollars. Japan continued to be the major dollar market, purchasing \$122.5 million of U.S. cotton compared with \$132.3 million in 1964. Based on disbursements, \$75.6 million of the cotton exports to Japan were financed under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank. An additional \$16.9 million of U.S. cotton was purchased under the CCC credit sales program. The cotton industry in Japan began operating under a 6-month restraint program on October 1, 1965, with the objective of bringing about a better balance between supply and demand. Later the industry decided to extend the curtailment program for an additional 9 months. U.S. cotton exports to the EEC totaled \$70.3 million compared with \$189.1 million in 1964 and shipments to the European Free Trade Association (EFTA) fell to \$38.8 million from \$65.6 million a year earlier.

A decline of \$47.5 million in cotton exports occurred in Government-financed programs mostly under Titles I and IV. Exports under the barter program under Title III, P.L. 480, and other legislation were higher than a year earlier. Major destinations for the \$54.9 million of U.S. cotton exported under Title I were Korea, India, the Congo (Leopoldville), and Viet-Nam. India, the Philippines, Colombia, China (Taiwan), Yugoslavia, and Korea were important recipients of cotton under the barter program. China (Taiwan) and Yugoslavia were principal destinations for cotton under Title IV.

U.S. exports of <u>unmanufactured tobacco</u> totaled \$382.7 million (468 million pounds) in 1965 compared with \$412.8 million (514 million pounds) a year earlier. All of the decline was in commercial sales for dollars. A substantial drop in exports to the United Kingdom was responsible for most of the decline in exports of flue-cured tobacco, which fell to \$298.5 million (351 million pounds) from \$325.4 million (396 million pounds) in 1964. Sweden, which imported substantial quantities of U.S. flue-cured and burley in 1964, took a much smaller quantity of flue-cured and no burley tobacco in 1965. Exports of tobacco to the EEC were about the same in 1965 as a year earlier. Shipments to Australia rose 40 percent from 1964.

The United Arab Republic (Egypt), Viet-Nam, and the Congo (Leopoldville) were the major recipients of tobacco under Title I. The United Kingdom, Japan, and West Germany -- among the leading dollar markets for U.S. tobacco -- also received substantial additional quantities under the barter program.

U.S. exports of <u>oilseeds</u> and <u>products</u> amounted to \$1,156.5 million in 1965, exceeding \$1 billion for the second time. Dollar exports made up nearly 90 percent of the total. Rising incomes, which resulted in increased demand for

Livestock products in the leading industrialized countries in turn have stimulated the demand for U.S. feed, including grains, soybeans for crushing, and oilcake and meal.

Exports of soybeans in 1965 reached \$650.1 million compared with \$566.9 million in 1964. Japan was the leading market for U.S. soybeans, purchasing \$153.0 million, nearly one-fourth of the total. Exports to Canada, including an undetermined amount of transshipments through ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway, amounted to \$91.6 million. Shipments to the EEC totaled \$226.3 million, 6 percent higher than a year earlier. Leading EEC markets were the Netherlands, which purchased \$81.9 million; West Germany, \$75.6 million; Italy, \$42.9 million; and Belgium-Luxembourg, \$19.3 million.

A smaller volume of cottonseed and soybean oils was exported in 1965 than a year earlier, but price increases resulted in a rise in value to \$240.6 million from \$220.6 million (including the estimated value of donations under Title III not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census in 1964). Shipments of oilcake and meal totaled \$186.7 million in 1965 compared with \$144.5 million in 1964.

Shipments to India and Pakistan accounted for a large part of the vegetable oils exported under Title I. Shipments to Latin America made up about half the vegetable oil exports under the barter program, including substantial quantities of soybean oil to Argentina and cottonseed oil to Mexico. Morocco received vegetable oils under Title I and the barter program. Yugoslavia was the major recipient of soybean oil under Title IV.

U.S. exports of <u>dairy products</u> totaled \$196.0 million in 1965 compared with the 1964 total of \$265.3 (including the estimated value of donations under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census in 1964). Three-fifths of the \$69.1 million drop in value was in exports under Government programs.

Sharp reductions took place in shipments of butter both in commercial and Government program exports. Demand for U.S. butter in Western Europe was reduced due to the recovery of milk production in that area from the low levels of 1963 and 1964. Exports of anhydrous milkfat also fell sharply from 1964 with most of the decline in donations under Title III.

Exports of nonfat dry milk were reduced less sharply than butter and milkfat products. Smaller exportable supplies in the United States and increasing world production were responsible for the decline. The Netherlands, largest importer of U.S. nonfat dry milk in 1964, had larger stocks at the beginning of 1965. In addition, European production was rising. Government program exports of nonfat dry milk, principally donations under Title III, dropped less than commercial exports.

Viet-Nam was the principal recipient of dairy products under Title I, mostly condensed milk. Donations under Titles II and III, which had consisted of a

large volume of butter, butteroil, and nonfat dry milk in 1964, were limited almost entirely to nonfat dry milk in 1965.

U.S. exports of animals and products (except dairy products) fell \$23.1 million to \$593.7 million from a year earlier. Exports of lard fell to 251 million pounds from 682 million pounds in 1964. Higher U.S. prices and larger supplies in Western Europe contributed to the decline. U.S. exports of inedible tallow declined to 1,998 million pounds from 2,111 million a year earlier. Price increases, however, resulted in a value increase of nearly \$25 million.

U.S. exports of meats and products fell to 346 million pounds in 1965 from 448 million in 1964. Exports of pork fell to 48 million pounds from 133 million a year earlier partly because of smaller exportable U.S. supplies during 1965. Reduced production in Western Europe had stimulated 1964 exports to levels above most recent years.

The decline in U.S. exports of fresh and frozen chickens was partially offset by a rise in shipments of fresh and frozen turkeys.

Exports of U.S. hides and skins rose \$15.8 million to \$108.5 million in 1965. Exports to Japan totaled \$29.1 million. Shipments to the EEC amounted to \$31.6 million, including \$13.9 million to the Netherlands and \$11.0 million to West Germany. Exports to Mexico have risen from \$3.7 million in 1963 to \$7.7 million in 1964 and \$9.2 million in 1965. The USSR purchased \$6.2 million of U.S. hides and skips in 1965.

A substantially smaller quantity of tallow was exported under Government programs than in the previous year, as well as less beef and poultry. No lard was shipped under programs in 1965.

U.S. exports of <u>fruits</u> and <u>preparations</u> rose \$34.5 million to \$313.1 million in 1965 from the previous year. Most of the gain was in shipments of fresh fruits which were nearly \$20 million higher. Exports of most major fresh fruits rose. Oranges were \$6 million above the 1964 total. Exports of canned fruits gained over \$7 million and dried fruits, over \$8 million. The quantity of fruit juices was higher but lower prices for orange juice resulted in a small decline in value. Most of the increase occurred in July-December as a result of increased production of many items.

U.S. exports of <u>vegetables</u> and <u>preparations</u> totaled \$155.4 million in 1965, only slightly below the 1964 total of \$158.0 million. Most of the small decline was in shipments of dry edible beans under Government programs. Shipments of canned vegetables were little changed from the previous year. Exports of dried peas and fresh vegetables were higher than a year earlier.

Exports under credit sales programs. -- Disbursements under Export-Import Bank credits and purchases under the CCC credit sales program totaled \$196.4 million in calendar year 1965, up \$31.4 million from the 1964 total. Nearly all of the increase was in CCC credit purchases of wheat, corn, and grain sorghums (table 3). Credit sales are a part of exports outside Government-financed programs

Table 3.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by commodity, calendar year 1965 $\underline{1}$ /

Commodity	: Export-Import : : Bank loans : :and medium term: : guarantees 2/:	CCC credit sales 3/	: Total credit sales
	: <u>}</u>	fillion dollars	
Wheat		23.0	23.0
Corn	* ************************************	54.9	54.9
Grain sorghums	: :	17.9	17.9
Barley		1.2	1.2
Rice, milled	: .:	0.4	0.4
Cotton	: .: 76.9	20.8	97.7
Tobacco	: .:	0.2	0.2
Tallow	: .: 1.1		1,1
Total	:	118.4	196.4

^{1/} Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plue interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency).

3/ Purchases during the period.

^{2/} Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk.

dollar sales -- in tables 1, 2, 6, 7, and 8 of this report, but are shown separately in tables 3 and 4.

Purchases of corn under the CCC credit sales program rose \$25 million to \$54.9 million in 1965. Purchases for export to Japan and Italy made up nearly three-fifths of the total. Other important descinations included Spain, the Netherlands, Greece, the United Kingdom, and Belgium.

Purchases of wheat totaled \$23.0 million, nearly four-fifths higher than 1964. Wheat was exported to 14 countries under the CCC credit sales program during the year. Lebanon, India, Haiti, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and Chile were the principal countries of destination.

Shipments of cotton under this program totaled \$20.8 million, about three-fifths of the 1964 total. Eight countries received cotton under this program with four-fifths of the cotton going to Japan.

Credit purchases of grain sorghums rose \$8.9 million to \$17.9 million in 1965. Purchases for export to Japan totaled \$16.8 million.

Nearly three-fifths of the CCC credit purchases were for export to Asia, primarily to Japan. Lebanon and India were also important destinations in this area. Purchases for export to Europe made up over a third of the total. Principal countries of destination included Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, and Greece (table 4).

Disbursements under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank totaled \$78.0 million, only \$0.9 million higher than a year earlier. Most of the disbursements were for cotton exports to Japan. Disbursements for tallow were for shipment to Poland.

Exports under Government-financed Programs

Exports under Government-financed programs totaled \$1,452 million compared with \$1,770 million in 1964. Exports under P.L. 680 amounted to \$1,426 million and shipments under AID programs totaled \$26 million. P.L. 480 shipments were the lowest since 1961. Most of the decline was in exports under Title I, which amounted to \$866.4 million compared with \$1,223 million in 1964. Donations under Title II fell more than \$20 million and Title III foreign donations more than \$25 million from a year earlier. Exports under the barter program rose nearly \$60 million and shipments under Title IV were up almost \$25 million from 1964 (tables 6 and 7).

Shipments under <u>Title I</u>, <u>sales for foreign currency</u> fell more than \$350 million from the 1964 total to \$866.4 million in 1965. The most substantial reductions took place in shipments of wheat and flour, corn, barley, cotton, tallow, and vegetable cils. Shipments of grain sorghums were higher than a year earlier.

The major reductions by country in Title I shipments took place to the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Brazil, and Poland. Reductions were over \$100 million, \$90 million, and \$57 million, respectively, from the year-earlier totals.

Table 4.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by country, calendar year 1965 $\underline{1}$ /

	: Export-Import :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	: Bank loans :	CCC credit	: Total
Country	:and medium-term:	sales 3/	: credit sales
•	: guarantees 2/:	pares 3/	: credit saies
		housand dolls	;
Latin American Republics		TOLSAILO HOLLA	10
Chile		1,427	1,427
Ecuador	- -	354	354
Haiti	!	2,955	2,955
Nicaragua		147	147
Total Latin American Republics	•	4,883	4,883
Total Intil Imelian Value 11001111	;		
Europe	:		
Austria	: 569		569
Belgium and Luxembourg	•	1,840	1,840
France		76	76
Greece	- :	4,420	4,420
Italy	!	16,804	16,804
Netherlands		6,851	6,851
Norway		1,840	1,840
Poland and Danzig			1,469
Portugal	•	475	475
Spain		6,016	6,016
United Kingdom		2,755	2,755
Total Europe	2,038	41,077	43,115
10tal Europe	·		
Asia	•		
Hong Kong		883	883
India		5,427	5,427
Japan		51,966	127,614
Korea, Republic of	•	40	40
Lebanon		9,576	9,576
Malaysia		104	104
Nansei and Nampo Islands, n.e.c		30	30
Philippines		1,004	1,236
Thailand	-	860	860
Total Asia	75,880	69,890	145,770
Total Instance	·		
Oceania	:		
Australia	129		129
Total Oceania	129		129
	· 		
Africa	;		
Cameron	:	34	34
UAR(Egypt)	· :	2,476	2,476
Tunisia	· {	79	, 79
Total Africa		2,589	2,589
	·		<u></u>
Total	: 78,047	118,439	196,486
105411111111111111111111111111111111111	,	,	, -

^{1/} Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency). 2/ Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk. 3/ Purchases during the period.

Smaller reductions were noted in exports under this program to Pakistan, India, Turkey, Korea, Iran, Greece, and China (Taiwan). Iran, Greece, and China (Taiwan) received substantial quantities of U.S. agricultural commodities under Title IV in 1965. Title I shipments to Viet-Nam were nearly \$25 million higher than a year earlier. Over \$16 million of Title I exports were destined for Morocco in 1965. Although exports to this country took place in calendar years 1962 and 1963, no shipments went to Morocco under this program in 1964. Shipments under the sales-for-foreign-currency program to Israel and Tunisia rose over \$11 million and nearly \$8 million, respectively, from 1964 (table 8).

Donations for disaster relief and economic development under Title II fell more than \$20 million to \$94.3 million from a year earlier. The reduction was spread over a number of commodities with the largest decrease in shipments of dairy products, which dropped over \$7 million from 1964. The principal recipients in Asia, which received over half of the Title II donations, included Korea, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Viet-Nam, and China (Taiwan). Shipments to Africa made up nearly one-fourth of the total and included substantial quantities to Tunisia, Morocco, and Algeria. About 12 percent of the total went to Latin America. Principal destinations in this area were Brazil, the Dominican Republic, Peru, and Chile. Donations through the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for the relief of Palestine refugees amounted to \$8.6 million during the year.

Donations through U.S. voluntary relief agencies and international organizations under Title III amounted to \$159.6 million in 1965 compared with \$186 million in 1964. The most substantial reductions were in shipments of dairy products: Anhydrous milkfat, butter, and cheese. Donations of nonfat dry milk were reduced moderately from 1964, but this program was maintained without serious interruption in spite of the tighter supply situation in the United States. Donations of wheat and wheat cereal foods were lower, but shipments of vegetable oils rose from the year-earlier total.

More than one-fourth of the total went to Latin America, about one-fifth to Europe, another fifth to Africa, and over one-third to Asia. The total shown by country in table 8 is slightly higher than the commodity total reported in table 6, due to revisions in the data after the preparation of commodity totals.

Shipments under the barter program authorized by Title III, P.L. 480, and other legislation rose nearly \$60 million in 1965 to \$182.3 million. Major increases took place in shipments of tobacco, vegetable oils, cotton, and corn. Exports of dairy products were reduced. This rise in barter shipments, resulting from emphasis on barter procurement abroad for other U.S. agencies, has had a favorable effect on the U.S. balance of payments situation since it saves dollars which otherwise would be used for overseas procurement.

Shipments to Latin America accounted for about three-tenths of total barter exports during the year. Another three-tenths went to Asia. Principal destinations in Latin America were Brazil, Colombia, Peru, Mexico, Chile, and Argentina. Important recipient countries in Asia included India, Israel, Japan, China (Taiwan), the Philippines, and Korea. Exports to Europe under the barter program were nearly one-fourth of the total and included substantial quantities

to the United Kingdom, Portugal, Yugoslavia, and West Germany. Shipments to Africa accounted for about 15 percent of total barter exports. Principal destinations in this area were Morocco, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and the Canary Islands. Exports under the barter program to predominantly dollar markets are in addition to dollar sales of the commodities exported under the program.

Shipments under the <u>long-term</u> supply and dollar credit sales program, authorized by Title IV, P.L. 480, rose to \$123.2 million, the highest calendar year total since exports began under this program in the October-December quarter of 1961. Most of the nearly \$25 million rise from 1964 occurred in shipments of wheat and corn, partially offset by a decrease in cotton exports.

Yugoslavia, China (Taiwan), and Greece were the principal destinations for shipments under this program during the year. These 3 countries were formerly major purchasers of U.S. agricultural commodities under the provisions of Title I, P.L. 480.

Title TV agreements signed since the beginning of the program through December 31, 1965 with the governments of 23 countries totaled \$485 million at market value, excluding ocean transportation. Five additional private trade agreements were signed in calendar year 1965, totaling \$40 million at market value, excluding ocean transportation.

Area Review

U.S. exports of agricultural commodities to Europe in 1965, over 90 percent of which were commercial sales for dollars, totaled \$2,610.4 million, 5 percent less than a year collier. Dollar exports were slightly less than the 1964 total. Exports to the EE totaled \$1,476 million in 1965 compared with \$1,416 million the preceding year. Exports of feed grains to the EEC advanced nearly \$150 million. Shipments of wheat and flour, oilcake and meal, fruits and preparations, and hides and skins were higher. Shipments of cotton were about two-fifths and dairy products nearly three-fifths of the 1964 totals.

Shipments to EFTA fell \$65 million to \$655 million from 1964. U.S. exports of cotton, tobacco, animal fats and oils, and dairy products to this area declined significantly. Shipments of oilseeds, oilcake and meal, feed grains, and fruits and preparations were substantially higher.

Europe included 8 of the top 10 dollar markets in 1965, as well as 1 of the first 10 destinations for program shipments (table 5).

Asia continued to be second to Europe as a dollar market for U.S. farm products and the first area of destination for shipments under Government programs, taking over a fourth of commercial exports and more than three-fifths of program shipments in 1965. Program exports to the area were lower than in 1964, but exports for dollars rose \$236 million. U.S. agricultural exports to Japan, the major dollar market, rose to \$876 million in 1965 from \$720 million a year earlier. Asia included 6 of the leading 10 destinations for program shipments in 1965.

U.S. exports of farm products to <u>Canada</u> totaled \$620 million in 1965, including an estimated \$182 million of transshipments through Canadian ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway. The inclusion of the estimated transshipments ranked Canada

Table 5 .--Leading dollar markets for U.S. agricultural exports and principal countries of destination for Government-financed agricultural exports, calendar year 1965

Country	Sales for dollars	Country	Government-financed export
	Million dollars :	:	Million dollars
Japa n	866	: India	: : 460
Canada	1/000	:: : Pakistan	127
Wetherlands		:: Yugoslavia	: : 86
West Germany	: '	: : : : UAR (Egypt)	80
United Kingdom	207	: : : : Korea, South	77
Italy (Including Trieste)	:	: : Viet-Nam, South	66
Belgium-Luxembourg	:	: : : : Brazil	46
Spain	140	: : : : Israel	45
France	:	: : Mor 306	<u>2</u> /43
Denmark	:	: : Taiwan	40

^{1/} Includes the estimated value of U.S. exports to Canada of grains and soybeans for finishing the loading at Canadian ports of vessels moving through the St. Lawrence Seaway, \$182 million.

loading at canadian ports of vessels moving through the Gr. Manager of exports under Government pro-2/ Government-financed exports to Morocco as compiled from reports of exports under Government programs exceed total agricultural exports as reported by the Bureau of the Census. Such apparent excesses may be due to lags in reporting or to differences in valuation procedures.

second to Japan as a dollar market for U.S. agricultural products. By excluding transshipments, Canada was third following Japan and the Netherlands. Exports to Canada in 1965 were only about \$5 million higher than the 1964 total. The largest increase from 1964 was in shipments of U.S. fruits and vegetables and the most substantial decrease was in exports of cotton.

U.S. exports of agricultural commodities to <u>Latin America</u> fell \$94 million to \$510 million in 1965. Program exports declined \$105 million but exports for dollars gained \$11 million. Brazil ranked seventh as a destination for program exports. Program exports to Brazil totaled \$46 million in 1965 compared with \$141 million a year earlier. The decline took place in exports under Title I which amounted to \$13 million in 1965 compared with \$104 million in 1964. In April 1966, the first Title IV agreement with Brazil was signed by the Secretary of Agriculture. Mexico and Venezuela continued to be the leading dollar markets.

Exports of U.S. farm products to Africa in 1965 declined \$80 million from the year-earlier total to \$310 million. Program exports fell \$82 million but exports for dollars rose nearly \$2 million. A decline in exports under Government programs to the United Arab Republic (Egypt) was primarily responsible for the drop in program exports to the area. The United Arab Republic (Egypt), Morocco, Tunisia, Congo (Leopoldville), Guinea, the Sudan, and Kenya were principal destinations for program exports.

The Republic of South Africa, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Nigeria, Liberia, and Ghana were the principal destinations for commercial exports for dollars.

Shipments of U.S. agricultural commodities to Oceania totaled \$52 million in 1965 compared with \$47 million a year earlier. Exports to Australia, New Zealand, and most other countries of the area were slightly higher than in 1964.

Table 6.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, Calendar year 1965

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		Pub	lic Law 480			P.L. 87-195	: Total	Total :	
*.	Title I	:Title II		III	Title IV	:Agency for	; agricultural;	agricultural:	
•	******	., <u> </u>	· :		Long-term	: Inter-	: exports	: exporta :	
	Sales	: Famine	•		supply and	l: pational			agricultural
Commodity	for	and other				:Development	: specified	; specified :	exports
:		:emergency			credit	: (A.I.D.)	: Government	: Government :	
		: relief		-	sales	:programs 3/	: programs	:programs <u>4</u> / :	
<u> </u>	currency	: rerrer	<u> </u>			dollars			
				•	M11110H	0011919			
:					72 /	0.1	739.0	324.6	1,063.6
Wheat	564.			46.0	72.4				120.4
Wheat flour	32.			0.2	1.0 18.0	-			832.2
Corn:	15.:			14.3				1111	6/209.0
Grain sorghums	11.:			5.3	1.0				76.4
Barley	2.			1.5	1.3			_	16.2
Corn meal		- 1.1	11.7				. 14.0		****
Wheat cereal foods to be			⇔ ,				19.3	8/-0.4	18.9
cooked		- 7/2.3	<u>7</u> /17.0						243.4
Rice, milled	66.	5			4.				486.2
Cotton	54.	9		48.3	9.		' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		382.7
Tobacco, unmanufactured	19.	4		38.8	2.				€50,1
Sovbeans							·		75.9
Cottonseed oil		2 1.8	<u>9</u> /6.8	10.6					4.0
Corronseed off		- 				- •		_	
Linseed oil	51.	0 3.7	7 <u>9</u> /27.3	17.2	7.	9 2.3	109.6	55.1	164.7
Feeds and fodders, except		_	~						
						- 1.8	B 1.8	81.5	83.3
oilcake and meal	•								
Milk, evaporated and	15.	R				- 0.3			
condensed	•								
Milk, whole dried	•	_		0.1		- 5,	/ 58.8		
Milk, nonfat dry	: 2.		-	* -		- <u>5</u>	, 0.1	1 3.4	
Cheese	: 0.	-				•			
Butter	: 0.	_ _		_			- 4.5	5 5.7	10.3
Anhydrous milkfat			•			- 1	4 1.4	4 9.7	11.1
Infants' and dietetic foods	:								
Beef and veal, fresh or	;						- 3.4	4 52.4	55.8
frozen	: 3		-				- 0.7	1 52.8	52.9
Poultry, fresh or frozen		<i>j)</i>				_	6 0.	6 29.6	30.2
Lard	:		_				•	·	179.1
Tallow, edible and inedible	: 12.								
Hides and skins	:					•			
Cattle						-	•		
Seeds							-		-
Beans, dry edible		0.	6 1.5	;·	-	0.	4 2,		
Peas and lentils, dry	:					_		/ 17.7	17.
edible	: :	<u>5</u> /				- - <u>.5</u>		/ 4 1.098.4	_, _
Other agricultural commodities		 				- 1.			
Total agricultural exports	866	.4 94.	3 159.6	1B2.	123	2 26.	1 1,451.	9 4,776.	0,220.

Table 7.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, calendar year 1965

Wheat (60 lb.)	: Sales : for : foreign : currency : : 339,419 : 9,087 : 10,732 : 9,113 : 1,954	:Title II : Famine :and other :emergency : relief 14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293 313	: Foreign :donations : : 1/	Barter	:Title IV: Long-term: supply and: dollar: credit: sales: Thousand 44,429 286	national Development (A.I.D.) programs 3/ units 41 3	agricultural exports under specified Government	: outside : specified : Government :programs 4/	: Total :agricultural : exports :
Wheat (60 lb.) Bu. Wheat flour Cort Corn (56 lb.) Bu. Grain sorghums (56 lb.) Bu. Bariey (48 lb.) Bu. Corn meal Covt Wheat cereal foods to be cooked Lb. Rice, milled Covt Cotton, running bale Bal Tobacco, ummanufactured Lb. Soybeans (60 lb.) Bu	: Sales : for : foreign : currency : : 339,419 : 9,087 : 10,732 : 9,113 : 1,954	: Famine :and other :emergency : relief 14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293 313	: Foreign :donations : 1/ : 1,705 8,781 300 86	23,489 56 10,324	:supply and : dollar : credit : sales Thousand 44,429 286	national Development (A.I.D.) programs 3/ units 41 3	exports under specified Government programs 428,930	: exports : outside : specified : Government :programs 4/	: Total :agricultural : exports :
Wheat (60 lb.) Bu. Wheat flour Cort Corn (56 lb.) Bu. Grain sorghums (56 lb.) Bu. Bariey (48 lb.) Bu. Corn meal Covt Wheat cereal foods to be cooked Lb. Rice, milled Covt Cotton, running bale Bal Tobacco, ummanufactured Lb. Soybeans (60 lb.) Bu	: for : foreign : currency : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:and other :emergency : relief 14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293	: Foreign :donations : 1/ : 1,705 8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	:supply and : dollar : credit : sales Thousand 44,429 286	national Development (A.I.D.) programs 3/ units 41 3	exports under specified Government programs 428,930	: exports : outside : specified : Government :programs 4/	: Total :agricultural : exports :
Wheat flour	: for : foreign : currency : : : 339,419 : : 9,087 : 10,732 : 9,113 : 1,954 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:and other :emergency : relief 14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293	:donations : 1/ : : 1,705 8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	: dollar : credit : sales :- Thousand 44,429 286	Development (A.I.D.) programs 3/ units 41 8	: specified : Government : programs 428,930	: outside : specified : Government :programs 4/	:agricultural : exports :
Wheat flour	: foreign : currency : : 339,419 : 9,087 : 10,732 : 9,113 : 1,954	:emergency : relief 14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293 313	1,705 8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	: sales :- Thousand 44,429 286	programs 3/: units 41 8	Government programs 428,930	: specified : Government :programs 4/	: exports : :
Wheat flour	: Currency : : 339,419 : 9,087 : 10,732 : 9,113 : 1,954	: relief 14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293 313	1,705 8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	: sales :- Thousand 44,429 286	programs 3/: units 41 8	Government programs 428,930	: Government :programs 4/ 221,444	650,374
Wheat flour	: 339,419 : 9,087 : 10,732 : 9,113 : 1,954	14,847 3,523 2,953 1,293 313	1,705 8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	Thousand 44,429 286	units 41	228,930	:programs <u>4</u> /	650,374
Wheat flour	9,087 10,732 9,113 1,954	3,523 2,953 1,293 313	8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	Thousand 44,429 286	units 41 3	428,930	221,444	650,374
Wheat flour	9,087 10,732 9,113 1,954	3,523 2,953 1,293 313	8,781 300 86	28,489 56 10,324	44,429 286	41 3		,	
Wheat flour	9,087 10,732 9,113 1,954	3,523 2,953 1,293 313	8,781 300 86	56 10,324	286	3		,	
Corn (56 lb.)	10,732 9,113 1,954 	2,953 1,293 313	300 86	10,324	286	3		,	
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)Bu. Bariey (48 lb.)Bu. Corn mealCwt Wheat cereal foods to be: cookedLb. Rice, milledCwt Cotton, running baleBal Tobacco, ummanufacturedLb. Soybeans (50 lb.)Bu	9,113 1,954 1,954	1,293	86	10,324			21,741	0 700	
Barley (48 lb.)	; 1,954 ; ; ; 11,871	313					-	,	30,441
Corn meal	: 17 871	313		,,,,,,	883	456	37,293	,	595,750
Wheat cereal foods to be cooked	: : - : 11 871			843	996	11	15,779		5/172,432
cooked	. : 11 871					~~-	3,793	59,997	63,790
Rice, milled	. : 11 871	clin	5,202				3,494	524	
Rice, milled	. : 11 871	6/48,442	6/364,593						7,510
Cotton, running bale:Bal Tobacco, ummanufactured:Lb. Soybeans (50 lb.)Bu		_,,,,,,_	27304,393				413,035	<u>7</u> /-79,692	333,343
Tobacco, ummanufactured:Lb. Soybeans (60 lb.)Bu	e: 404				943	101	12,915	21,162	34,077
Soybeans (50 lb.)	: 29,438		_	381	83	10	878	2,917	3,795
Cottonseed oil	:			54,775	2 ,9 31	1,726	88,870	379,205	
	77,312		0//0 00/			414	414	227,246	468,075
Linseed oilLb.	: 77,342	9,186	<u>8</u> /40,874	82,563		₹,293	217,233	347,583	227,660
Soybean oilLb.	: 388,358	21 000	7-4			548	548	41,188	564,816
Feeds and fodders, except :	. 200,230	21,990	<u>8</u> /153,495	133,449	72,994	15,226	795,512		41,736
oilcake and mealS.T.					•	,	,,,,,,,,,	424,006	1,219,518
Milk, evaporated and	. :					<u>9</u> /	0.1		
condensedLb.						21	<u>9</u> /	<u>9</u> /	2/
Milk, whole driedLb.	: 67,852					70 3	co err		
Milk, nonfat dryLb.	3,996				784	225	68,555	21,944	90,499
Chassa	17,231	29,672	387,053	381		16	4,221	15,816	20,037
CheeseLb.	: 220					24	434,353	428,721	863,074
ButterLb.	: 1,190	<u>10</u> /-1		10			244	6,588	6,832
Anhydrous milkfatLb.	: 1,238	1,554	5,881			2,110	3,309	42,657	45,966
Infants and dietetic foods: Lb.	;		-,				8,673	7,158	15,831
Beef and yeal, fresh or :	:					9,076	9,076	6,926	16,002
frozenLb.	: 11,772								•
Poultry, fresh or frozen:Lb.	: 88			-			11,772	154,326	166,098
Lard.,Lb.	:				198		286	180,469	180,755
Tallow, edible and	•					3,845	3,845	247,027	250,872
inedibleLb.	: 121,941						-		250,072
Hides and skins	:				39,880	51,092	212,913	1,788,961	2,001,874
Cattle	:					422	422	18,559	
SeedsCwt.	!					1	1	53	18,981
Beans, dry edibleCwt.	:					4	4		54
Peas and lentils, dry	:	I	161			31	193	834	838
							193	2,617	2,810
edible :Cwt.	2					2			

Table 6 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, calendar year 1965

1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.

2/ The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other

3/ Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans. legislation.

4/ "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.

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6/ The value shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the value reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the value shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census. 7/ Bulgur wheat \$1.0 million and rulled wheat \$0.1 million ; nder Title II. Bulgur wheat \$12.9 million and rulled wheat \$4.1 million under

8/ The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences Title III.

in classification or valuation procedures. 9/ Reported as soybeam and cottonseed oil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated.

10/ Include the following: Soap stock and fatty acids, \$124,988; other miscellaneous vegetable oils, \$117,213; confectioneries and other sugar products, \$17,041; vegetables, fresh, frozen, or canned, \$79,216; meat and meat products, \$165,082; miscellaneous edible vegetable products, \$188,836; essential oils \$40,486; baby chicks, \$60,021; fruits and juices, except dyied, \$13,939; other fruits, vagetables, and nuts, \$264,637; hops, \$19,366; other miscellaneous grain products, \$266,687; total, \$1,357,512.

Table 7 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, calendar year 1965

1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480. 2/ The berter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation: Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other

legislation.

3/ Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans.

1/4 "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash

5/ The quantity shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the quantity reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the quantity shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the Bureau of the

6/ Bulgur wheat 44,330,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 4,112,000 lbs. under Title II. Bulgur wheat 281,171,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 83,422,000 Census.

1/ The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences lbs. under Title III.

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B/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed vil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated. in classification procedures.

9/ Not available.

10/ Net adjustment from a previous period.

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1955

		- P	ublic law	180		. 87-195: T ec. 402 :egrid		Total : cultural:	
	:	Title II:	Title I		itle IV : Se	c. 402 : Egru	-ompo . eg		Total
Country	Sales for foreign	Famine and other demergency relief	; Foreign :	Barter : 8	credit : an	oreign : u rrency, : spe d econo-: Gove c aid 3/: pr	nder : ov cified : spe rrament : Gov	itside :agr	icultura exports
					Thousand do	ars			
	•					**-		619,699	619,699
orth America	:								
Canada								17	17
Greenland			<u></u>					619,716	619,716
Miquelon and St. Pierre Islands.	:								
Total									
Danublice and	•								7 600
atin American Republics and	:			- ***		120	5,186	2,417	7,600
Canal Zone		v==		5,066	525	1,077	9,054	1,157	10,21
Argentina	6.549	127	434	342	•	569	46,367	12,935	59,30
Bolivia			12,652	15,950					
Brazil		•				1,073	21,130	10,400	31,55
Canal Zone	5,015		7,777	5,252	833	136	18,377	11,202	29,57
Chile	.,;),		5,676	10,055		9	1,200	4,922	6,12
Collombia	: 2,434		350	2		=	-,		
Conto Rica	:				#=M		8,836	15,384	24,2
Chabis	•••	0 217	3.004	1,190	1,618	707	2,613	7,970	10,5
Dominates Republic	••:	· **	653	678	1,217	***		6,422	8,0
Panaday	:		1,266			276	1,634	8,682	10.8
F1 Selwador			508	1,622			2,130	7,523	9,7
Contamble	***		721	1,447		15	2,183	4,063	5,0
Haiti	:			448		76	968	79,675	86.8
Honáuras			444	5,513			7,148		7,1
Mexico	:	_ 998	637		200		1,115	6,084	14,5
Nicaragua			946				96 9	13,533	1,3
Panama			502	467			1,169	221	33,8
Paraguay	: 85	0	319		===	142	9,535	24,331	1,9
Paraguay	:	_ 1,774					795	1,117	75,9
Uruguay	! **						4,176	71,733	7.0,
Venezuela	:	<u></u>	3,930	246				289,771	434.
matal Intin American	:		41,802	54,878	4,193	4,200	144,605	207,112	-,,,,,
Republics and Canal Zone	28,3	31 11,201	41,632				_		
trebeatres	:	•						13,508	13,
an Takka kaariga	:							2,021	2,
Other Latin America Rahamas	: -								6,
Barbados			_	_				6,054	3,
Harbados							268	3,413	
Bermuda			-		***	~==	137	2,178	•
British Guiana			_ 13			e		8	
British Honduras								_	-Continu
Falkland Islands	****							•	

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

1		_	Public Law	480		:P.L. 87-195:	Total	Total	:
3	Title I	: Title II :	Title I	II :	Title IV	: Sec. 402 :	agricultural	agricultural:	:
:		:		:	Long-term	sales for :		exports	: Total
Country :	Sales	. Famine	Foreign :		•	: foreign :	-	outside	:agricultura!
***************************************	for	and other	deputione:	Barter .		: currency, ;			: exports
	TOLETEN	· ciner Berre? ·	1/ :	2/ :		and econo-:	.4	Government	-
	currency	relief .	<i>∃</i> ;	- ;		: mic aid 3/:		: programs 4/	
····		`		<u>`</u>		dollars	DI OF LAND		
Other Latin America (Continued)					Inousano	QUITARS			
French Guiana			4					124	126
French West Indies			63				63	1,880	1,94
= = -:- :- : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		84	1,316	1,317			2,717		
Jamaica			-	1,517			197	2,458	•
Leeward and windward Islands,			197					9,782	
Netherlands Antilles							110	9,704	2,70
Surinam		22	95	2			119		
Trinidad and Tobago			84				2,833		
Total Other Latin America:		106	2,074	1,405		2,749	6,334	69,135	75,46
Makah Tadas Assassa	20 221	11 207	43,876	56,283	4,193	6,949	150,939	358,906	509,845
Total Latin America	28,331	11,307	43,010	30,203	4,173	0,343	130,333	330,700	300,04
turope :	:								
Albania	:							4	4
Austria									
	:	~~~					401		· ·
Azores				401			-		
Belgium and Luxembourg							***	,	_ •
Bulgaria					***			2,507	
Cyprus			79	1			80		
Czechoslovakia	`	he was							
Denmark						. ~~-		83,005	83,00
Estonia									
Finland,,,,,,,,,,,	;			3,774			3,774	15,867	19,64
Prance	:		17	-,			17	140,551	140,56
Germany, East	:							·	
Germany, West	;			4,539			4,539		
Gibraltar	:						7,557	147	-
					10 21				
Greece	2,393	74	3,196	3,884	13,314		22,861		34,03
Hungary				===				-,	-
Iceland	800			20	1,067	7 7	1,894		
Ireland				2,073			2,073	21,661	. 23,73
Italy (incl Trieste)	:		5,590	31			5,621	262,503	268,12
Latvia	:								
Lithuania	:								
Melta and Gozo			377		•		377	507	88
Netherlands	:			1,502			1,502	•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	;						1,501		•
Norway				1 (10					
Poland and Danzig	546	; -	5,391	1,643			7,580		
Portugal	:		2,227	6,084			8,311		
Rumania								2,378	2,37
									Cantinued

--Continued

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

total agricultu			D. 1.74 - T	1.80		P.L. 87-195	: Total :	Total	
1			Public Law		Title IV	Sec lin2	:agricultural:	agricultural:	
:	Title I	Title II:	Title 1	<u>. 4 + </u>					Total
:		;	:	:			- 04.P		agricultural
Country :	Sales	Famine	Foreign :	Barter	- 11	: foreign		specified :	
2	for	and other	donations:		dollar	: currency,	F		-
-	foreign	emergency.	: 1/ :	2/ :	credit			: Government	
,	currency	relief	- E	:	sales	: mic aid 3/	: programs	programs 4/	
		<u> </u>			Thousand	dollars			
					11100000				
Europe (Continued) :			c 002	1,296			8,179	148,516	156,695
Spain			6,883				1,730	40,092	41,822
Sweden				1,730				60,726	60,726
Switzerland				==-			24,071	6,042	30,113
Turkey:	16,163	1,705	3,174			•, •		386,503	398,048
United Kingdom				11,545			11,545	300,303	3245444
Union of Soviet Socialist :								29,267	29,267
Union of Boyles Bootages								•	
Republics			4,605	4,843	76,780)	86,228	16,803	103,031
Yugoslavia		1,779	31,539	43,366	91,161	3,036	190,783	2,419,591	2,610,374
Total Europe	19,902	1,779	31,339	45,500					
:									
Asia	:		15				15	1,644	1,659
Aden				8		. 1	8,043	6/-1,921	6,122
Afghanistan	: 278	<u>5</u> /7,588	168				222	814	1,036
Arabia Peninsula States, n.e.c	:	195	27			•		1,179	1,179
Bahraili							205	6/-66	
Burra			205	1/				419	447
		24	4				28		4,118
Cambodia		248	2,876				3,124	994	• •
Ceylon			-,						
China			267				267	6/-251	16
Gaza Strip									
Goa, Damac, and Diu	:					-	2,401	48,829	51,230
Hong Kong		275	1,481	645				22,613	482,445
India		818	16,990	12,530			459,832		1,644
Indonesia		8/-960	1,229				269	1,375	
Iran		902	1,405		8,55	39	12,413	30,806	43,219
			83	161	6	0	524	2,524	3,048
Iraq	•		390	11,344		_ 18	44,505	39,238	83,743
Israel			570	10,732		=	10,732	865,507	876,239
Japan	·			40		_ 3	1,630		9,518
Jordan	:	48C	1,107			_	-,		
Korea, North							76,659		95,824
Korea, Republic	: 42,651	17,011	8,068	5,777	₩-	-,	/0,037	6,567	6,567
Kuwait	:							379	1,036
IAOS		18	218			- 421	657		
Lebanon		238	92				330		*
			338				338		
Macao			868	366			1,234	13,596	14,830
Malaysia							·		
Mongolia, Outer	:			117	2,60		4,459	19,388	23,847
Nansei and Nampo Islands, n.e.c	:		1,741		•		66	•	
Nepal,	:								
Pakistan	: 107,129	15,207	4,307			- <u>B</u> /-2	126,641	. 13,400	244322

--Continued

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

total agricuit			Public Law	190		:P.L. 87-195	: Total		
		M245 - 77				Sec. 402	:agricultural:	agricultural:	maka?
1	Title 1	Title II	11016 1	 :		: sales for	: exports :	exports :	Total
	Sales	Ramine :			supply and		: under		agricultural
Country		and other	Foreign :	Barter .		currency,	: specified	: specified :	exports
-	foreign	emergenen	donations	2/ :	4044	- and econo-	: Covernment	: Covernment :	
	currency.			_	CI GULO	:mic aid 3/	programs	: programs 4/ :	
	: convency :	remer	<u>:</u> :			dollars	<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>		
	:				Ittousand	GOTTATA			
Asia (Continued) .	: :						22,325	45,840	68,165
Philippines	9,099	337	6,642	6,247			-	20,170	20,170
Saudi Arabia						, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,	,	•
Southern and Southeastern Asia	•							19	19
n.e.C							1,316		4,616
Syrian Arab Republic		631	466	219			20,02		74,309
Taiwan (Formosa)	15,264	3,035	3,211	7,779	10,39		101	_	18,693
Taiwan (ronmosa) Thailand		39	142						74,789
Thalland	56,498	4,425	3,494	22			65,858		2,126,547
Viet-Nam	4-2 200	51,064	55,834	55,987	21,61	2 5,07	5 883,961	1,242,300	2,120,341
Total Asia	: 034,505	34,5-4							
	:						1,042	38,812	39,854
Oceania	:			1,042				·	1,105
Australia			246						2,339
British Western Pacific Islands.				4.7 =					507
French Pacific Islands									
New Guinea								. 0,121	•,
New Zealand and Western Samoa	•							1,646	1,646
Trust Territory of the Pacific	:								
Islands	•		246	1,042			1,28	3 30,004	26,27
Total Oceania	·;————	 							
áfrica	;				=-	_	7 4,69	8 5,777	
Algeria	.:	1,245				-			1,920
Angola	<u> </u>			30				8 6/-10	
British West Africa]:		118		•		35	3 67-100	253
Burundi and Rwands	_: =	. 226						1 1,112	1,113
Cameroon, Federal Republic of			. 1						
Canary Islands	·								
Central African Republic	": -	. 9	7		-	0.1			
Central Miritan Mephoric	: 17,90	3 760	1,669			<u> </u>	1,08		
Congo (Leopoldville)			. 300	784				3 3	
Ethiopia			. 3		-				
Gabon	· · ·	- 145	775	5 18	•				
Ghana			_	}			`` '**	•	
Guinea		•		5		70		· .	
Ivory Coast	• •		7 562	71	8 5,0		6,77		
Kenya				2 2	/ -		 21		
Liberia	•••		=	_			~~ ~~	*	
Libya	• • •	-						66	3 003
Madeira Islands			_						Continued

Table 8 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

			Public Law			:P.L. 87~195:	Total	Total	:
· •	Title I	: Title II	Title	11 1	Title IV		agricultura.	L:agricultural	: · Total
:		:	:		TOTIE-OCTIVE	: sales for :	exports	: exports	agricultura:
Country	Sales	Famine	Foreign:	Barter	supply and	: foreign :	under		exports:
Comitaily	for	and other	donations:		dollar	: currancy :		: specified	
	roreign	*emergency	: 1/ :	<u>2</u> /	credit	: and cono-:		; Government	•
	currency	relief :	: -		sales	:mic aid 3/:	programs	:programs 4/	<u>:</u>
					Thousand	dollars			
rica (Continued)							822	347	1,169
Malagasy, Republic			822				12	12	24
Mauritania			12				72	133	20
Mauritius and Dependencies			72			8,651	43,296	6/-3,502	39,79
Morocco		3,110	6,115	9,034		0,031	43,270	309	30
Mozambique						1	845	8,473	9,31
Nigeria			344			_	2,259	2,451	4,71
Senegal.		35	9 65	1,259			40	6/-16	7,`2
Seychelles and Dependencies			40	- 65		g==		1.789	2,82
Sierra Leone			778	33	225		1,036	6/-113	1,03
Somali Republic		917	227	~~~			1,144	184	25
Somaliland, French			72				72		25,42
Somaliland, Frenchist of		329	57				386	25,038	18
South Africa, Republic of								185	
Spanish Africa, n.e.c	•	508	25	934	m	1	7,599	754	8,35
Sudan		315	1,129				1,444	1,153	2,59 44
Tanzaoia	•	522	123				123	319	
Togo	•	11,859	1,245	236		1,609	27,559	<i>6/-</i> 4,595	22,96
Tunisia		95	79				174	342	51
Uganda		324	8,347	8,047	*		79, 9 21	17,318	97,23
United Arab Republic (Egypt)	: 63,203		504				1,600	<i>6/-</i> 13	1,58
Western Africa, n.e.c	:	1,096	304			===		188	18
Western Portuguese Africa, n.e.c.	:								
Zambia, Southern Rhodesia, and	•		38	w=>			110	2,032	2,14
Malawi	:	72	J0 			21	21	-21	
Unidentified Africa	:				6,250	11,051	216,804	93,179	309.98
Total Africa	: 123,604	21,558	28,740	25,601	0,230	11,001	210,004		
ountry of destination not reported	:	<u>9</u> /8,567	***				8,567	-8,567	
otal all countries	:	94,275	160,235	182,279	123,216	26,111	1,452,342	4,776,295	6,228,6

^{1/} Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.
2/ The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other legislation.

^{3/} AID programs.

[// "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted for mercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind. short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.

^{5/} The Title II value shown for Pakistan include \$2,664,000 for wheat consigned to Pakistan for transshipment to Afghanistan. 6/ The apparent excess of Government-financed exports over total exports may be due to lags in reporting, differences in valuation procedures, or the recording of the export as destined for the country through which transshipment was made. 7/ Less than \$500. 8/ Net adjustment for a previous period. 9/ Donations through the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for the relief of the Falestine refugees.



SPECIAL in this issue

U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS TO THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY, 1962-65

Joseph R. Corley 1

U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) increased more rapidly between 1962 and 1965 than did U.S. agricultural exports to all destinations combined -- 28 percent compared with 24 percent. Exports to the EEC totaled \$1,476 million in 1965 compared with \$1,151 million in 1962. Total U.S. agricultural exports were valued at \$6,229 million in 1965 compared with \$5,034 million in 1962.

This increase in shipments to EEC has occurred despite the incorporation of variable import levies by EEC beginning in 1962. These levies were designed to promote intra-EEC trade by restricting imports of certain competitive commodities from nonmember third countries such as the United States.

As a trade union, the EEC has become an increasingly important customer for U.S. agricultural products. In 1962, it received 23 percent of total U.S. agricultural exports. In 1965, it received 24 percent.

The full short term effects of the variable levy system were not felt in 1962, first year of its imposition. EEC countries had increased substantially their stocks of many of the variable levy commodities prior to the impositions of the levies. In 1963, the share of U.S. exports to the EEC reached a low of 21 percent of total U.S. agricultural exports, then increased to 22 percent in 1964. However, in terms of actual value, exports have shown an increase each year since 1962 over the preceding year.

Total export value of variable levy commodities from the United States declined 6 percent from 1962 to 1963, but then increased yearly through 1965. Overall, U.S. exports of variable levy commodities to the EEC increased 33 percent from 1962 through 1965. Of these commodities, feed grains, wheat, and turkey exports increased while those of broilers, fryers, stewing chickens, pork, lard, wheat flour, and rye decreased.

^{1/} International Economist, Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch, Foreign Development and Trade Division, Economic Research Service, USDA.

Exports of Variable Levy Commodities

Grains and preparations

Of the variable levy commodities exported from the United States to the Common Market, feed grains and wheat accounted for the largest share and made up the bulk of the increase in exports of variable levy commodities in 1964 and 1965. In 1962, wheat and feed grains accounted for 76 percent of the variable levy commodities, but declined to 72 percent in 1964. In 1965, grains increased to 84 percent, and thus accounted for the largest share of the exports of variable levy commodities.

The share of variable levy commodities other than feed grains and wheat exported to the EEC declined in 1965. For the years 1962 through 1964, it amounted to about 10 percent of total agricultural exports to the EEC, but in 1965 it dropped to 7 percent. In value, exports of feed grains and wheat increased to \$539 million it 1965 from \$385 million in 1964. The export value of agricultural commodities other than these 2 types declined to \$103 million in 1965 from \$148 million in 1964.

Two factors have encouraged the increase of feed grains and wheat exports.

(1) Livestock numbers have increased in the Common Market countries, expanding the demand for feed grains and feed ingredients more rapidly than could be met by increased domestic production. Cattle numbers rose 9 percent to 48.3 million head in 1965 from the 1956-60 average of 44.5 million. Hog numbers reached 37.7 million in 1965, up 22 percent from the 31.0 million in 1956-60. Poultry meat production (including chicken, turkey, and geese, ready-to-cook basis) advanced sharply to an estimated 2.5 million pounds in 1965 from 1.5 million in 1960 -- up 67 percent. (2) In addition, EEC grain production has risen more slowly. Feed grain production in 1965 was up from 1964, but below 1963. Although grain production increased in France in 1965, grain production was down in West Germany because of inclement weather conditions which prevented complete sowing of the fall crops in 1964 for winter grain. As a result, production of wheat, rye, oats, and barley were below the 1964 level.

The Netherlands is the largest receiver among the EEC countries of U.S. exports of feed grains. The value of feed grain exports to the Netherlands declined in 1963 from 1962, but by 1965, had increased to \$165.6 million, a rise of 42 percent from 1963. In addition, the Netherlands is the largest recipient of U.S. wheat exports, which have increased 4 percent since 1962. However, the increase in wheat exports has been much less than for feed grains. Much of the feed grains and wheat exported to the Netherlands was transshipped to other countries in the EEC, or to other European countries. U.S. grain exports to Italy are primarily feed grains. Wheat accounted for a small portion -- about 2 percent. Feed grain shipments to Italy were $3\frac{1}{2}$ times greater in 1965 than in 1962, increasing to \$145.6 million from \$41.2 million. U.S. exports of both feed grains and wheat to West Germany have increased, after declining in 1963, because of reduced feed grain purchases.

Agricultural exports to Belgium-Luxembourg totaled \$165 million in 1965, slightly below 1964, but 25 percent above 1962. Feed grains accounted for the largest share. Agricultural commodities subject to variable levies accounted for 52 percent of total agricultural purchases by Belgium-Luxembourg from the United States.

Other Agricultural Products

U.S. exports of other commodities subject to the variable levies have not shown such dramatic increases as have feed grains; some have decreased. The value of U.S. exports of beef, veal, and cattle to EEC countries has increased from \$64,000 in 1962 to \$2.6 million in 1965. Exports of turkeys rose to \$17.5 million in 1965 from \$9.6 million in 1962. Dairy products, although down from 1964, were up substantially to \$30.5 million in 1965 from \$3.6 million in 1962. Exports of rice, rye, wheat flour, lard, poultry (other than turkeys), and eggs from the United States to the EEC have decreased since 1962. Pork and swine (live animal) exports in 1965 were up slightly from 1962, but down substantially from the value of exports in 1964, when a high of \$8.6 million was reached. Poultry and eggs, excluding turkeys, have shown the largest decrease since 1962. Their export value has fallen steadily to \$13.2 million from \$43.9 million in 1962, a drop of 70 percent. Exports of rye dropped to \$1.5 million in 1965 from \$18.7 million in 1962.

Imposition of the variable import levies has discouraged purchases of poultry and eggs by EEC countries. U.S. exports of lard, pork, and swine declined substantially in 1965 from 1964. The reduction in exports of these products from the United States resulted from reduced U.S. production and marketings of hogs in 1965, and reduced supplies. Increased production of hogs in the EEC countries contributed further to the smaller U.S. exports.

Exports of Non-Variable Levy Commodities

U.S. exports of non-variable levy commodities increased to \$834.5 million in 1965 from \$667.9 million in 1962. Although the 1965 value of U.S. exports of non-variable levy products to the EEC countries was up from 1962, the value of exports in 1964 was the highest for the 4-year period. As a share of total exports to the EEC, non-variable levy commodities fluctuated from 58 percent in 1962 to 57 percent in 1965, after reaching a high of 62 percent in 1964.

Principal commodities exported from the United States not subject to the EEC's variable import levies included soybeans, oilcake and meal, tobacco, fruits and vegetables, and cotton. Soybeans accounted for the largest share of non-variable levy commodities. U.S. soybean exports in 1965 were up 39 percent from 1962. Oilcake and meal was up 141 percent for the same period, tobacco was up 1 percent, and fruits and vegetables were up 9 percent. Although cotton accounted for a sizable portion in the years 1962 through 1964, its share and value declined sharply in 1965. From 1964, cotton export value dropped 63 percent.

The increased demand for protein feeds in the EEC countries has contributed to the increased exports of soybeans and oilcake and meal. The decline in cotton exports has resulted from expanding cotton production in Free World countries, as well as from the increased use of man-made substitutes for cotton. Exports of fruits and vegetables from the United States to the EEC countries have ingreased, primarily reflecting the higher incomes and improved living standards.

West Germany was the largest receiver of U.S. exports of non-variable levy commodities. Soybeans, tobacco, and fruits and vegetables accounted for over half the U.S. agricultural exports of non-variable levy commodities to West Germany in 1965. Exports of vegetable oils to West Germany accounted for 63 percent of the total received by the EEC from the United States.

The Netherlands ranked second in receipts of agricultural commodities not subject to variable import levies. The Netherlands was the largest receiver of U.S. soybeans and ranked high as a receiver of fruits and vegetables and tobacco.

France's purchases of non-variable levy commodities were made up primarily of oilcake and meal, cotton, variety meats, and fruits and vegetables.

Italy purchased about 19 percent of the soybeans exported from the United States to the EEC in 1965. In value, U.S. exports of non-variable levy agricultural commodities to Italy were third highest of the European Economic Community.

Soybeans, fruits and vegetables, and oilcake and meal were the principal U.S. commodities not subject to variable levies exported to Belgium-Luxembourg. In 1965, they accounted for 60 percent of non-variable levy exports to Belgium-Luxembourg, up from 53 percent in 1964.

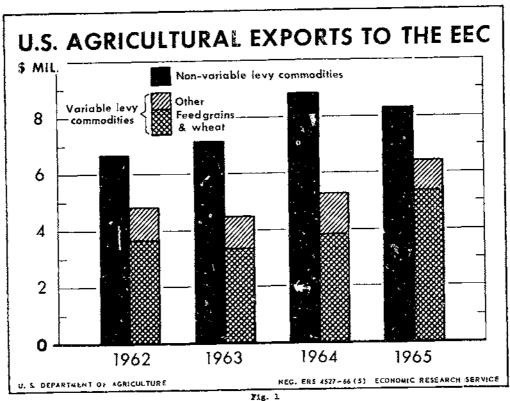


Table 9.--Value of 7.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community, by commodity, $1962-65 ext{ } ext{1/}$

Commodity exported	1962	: : 1963	: : 1964 :	: : 1965				
	<u>1,000 dollars</u>							
Variable levy commodities 2/:								
Feed grains	: : 317,081	275,258	325,972	471,772				
Rice	14,247	13,399	15,378	10,140				
Rye grain	18.709	13,700	5,676	1,463				
Wheat grain	50,603	63,655	59,228	67,674				
Wheat flour	5,553	3,200	1,662	1,207				
Beef and veal (excluding variety	•	3,200	1,002	1,207				
meats) and cattle	64	169	1,326	2,623				
Dairy products	3,603	22,551	54,398	30,473				
Lard <u>3</u> /	2,134	2,543	2,489					
Pork (excluding variety mests) :	-,	2,545	2,407	1,062				
and swine	341	2,067	8,631	224				
Poultry and eggs	53,479	30,613	31,676	377				
Other	16,972	25,864		30,747				
	10,772	23,004	26,523	24,463				
Total	482,786	452,729	532,959	642,001				
Von wordelt - Jon								
Non-variable levy commodities:								
Canned poultry 4/	1,080	1,997	3,902	2 205				
Cotton, excluding linters	105,973	131,557	189,143	3,325				
Fruits and vegetables	91,169	97,314	84,525	70,258 99,615				
Hides and skins	20,560	16,426	27,433					
Oilcake and meal	46,020	61,520	76,637	31,601				
Soybeans	162,320	159,436	213,867	110,736				
Tallow 4/	26,375	25,921		226,201				
Tobacco, unmanufactured	105,543	104,215	34,989	37,222				
Variety meats, fresh, frozen 4/	16,327	21,087	105,824	106,315				
Vegetable oils, expressed	13,161		32,280	34,371				
Food for relief or charity:	14,360	18,405	33,083	35,590				
Other	65,057	10,164	6,354	4,656				
	05,057	70,640	74,881	74,562				
Total	667,945	718,682	882,918	834,452				
<u></u> j=								
Cotal EEC	1,150,731	1,171,411	1,415,877	1,476,453				

^{1/} Compiled from U.S. Bureau of the Census data. 2/ Grains, poultry, and pork were subject to variable levies beginning on July 30, 1962; rice on September 1, 1964; and beef and dairy products on November 1, 1964. The variable levy classification is designed to show overall changes in exports rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies. 3/ Lard for food is a variable levy commodity while lard for industrial use is bound in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) at 3 percent ad valorem. U.S. lard is for food use. 4/ Although canned poultry, tallow, and variety meats are subject to variable levies, the import duties are bound in GATT.

Table 10.~-0.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by commodity, 1962-1965 $\underline{1}/$

		Nether	lands	:	Be	lgium and	Luxemboni	CR .	France			
Commodity exported :	1962	1963	1964	1965	1962	1963	1964	1965	1962	1963	1964	1965
:						- 1,000 d	iollara	 -	~	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>
Variable levy commodities: 2/ :												
Feed grains:		116,952		165,565	60,276	48,385	57,032	72,769	4,671	1,123	3,641	5,53
Rice	2,437	3,284	5,781	2,100	763	2,068	1,766	1,808	507	633	423	1,139
Rye grain:	4,754	7,693	3,418	822	192	118	119	75				-,
Wheat grain:	25,569	21,121	26,627	26,602	6,228	7,233	3,697	6,540	5,238	11,139	8,779	16,122
Wheat flour:	3,707	1,987	1,590	1,131	4	76	15	20	36		16	26
Beef and veal (excluding vari- :	3	26										
ety meats) and cattle: Dairy products:	191	36 6,312	66	509	12		96	104	48	131	820	930
Lard <u>3</u> /	116	88	28,472	17,612	177	4,987	8,056	2,506	347	32	8,997	6,357
Pork (excluding variety meats) :	110	00	183	38	190	257	189	25		8	1	
and swine:	56	895	2,865	89	9	103	700	236	15	825		
:			,	~~	_	200	100	230	13	023	4,446	18
Poultry and eggs:												
Live poultry	31	99	82	79	293	342	316	189			70	105
Broilers and fryers	5,453	3,119	1,760	1,386	5	3		6	5	16	9	31
Stewing chickens	1,186	692	989	605	71	12	5	5	7	15	21	
Turkeys	1,062	1,023	1,590	2,728	46	66	128	143		17	9	17
Other fresh poultry	90 393	43	111	279		2	2	10	3	2	17	10
Eggs		108 5,084	29 4,561	156	297	380	433	234	47	27	1	
Other	9,118	16,822	16,617	5,233	712 1,944	805	884	587	62	77	127	171
Total		180,274	222,358	17,581 237,282	70,507	1,379 65:411	754	1,003	2,431	1,845	2,966	1 286
	2301004	100,2,4	222,330	431,202	70,307	03,411	73,308	85,673	13,355	15,813	30,216	31,581
on-variable levy commodities: :												
Canned poultry 4/	10	33	103	143	5	8	2				4	1
Cotton, excluding linters:	11,916	13,521	13,533	7,438	10,783	12,712	21,531	8,170	28,343	35,608	45,930	18,878
Fruits and vegetables:	21,626	23,174	19,310	23,705	11,971	14,335	13,736	14,235	8,808	14,359	11,954	15,250
Hides and skins	10,171	8,231	10,609	13,932	95	138	228	731	790	795	1,675	1,586
Oilcake and meal:	16,715	14,038	18,447	22,568	6,440	7,580	12,776	13,798	13,759	18,137	21,703	32,227
Soybeans,	59,127	48,653	72,269	81,897	13,488	13,293	22,083	19,337	7.398	9,231	9,508	6,432
Tallow 4/ Tobacco, unmanufactured	6,093	8,321	11,614	17,684	890	1,132	2,749	1,088	365	860	2,101	2,890
Variety meats, fresh, frozen 4/:	16,123	18,209	18,603	22,530	9,743	9,337	9,671	11,218	3,426	3,800	4,681	3,805
Vegetable oils, expressed	6,381	7,020	10,137	11,538	567	536	1,347	1,507	3,423	6,782	12,392	15,568
Food for relief or charity	4,351	10,328	15,976	11,104	136	200	1,186	956	54	93	418	919
retret of clientith	23,082	115 26 701	158	20.200			1	44	69	33	63	20
Othor	23 1182	24,701	32,037	20,390	7,129	7,69?	6,770	8,070	6,555	8,376	8,694	11,411
Other	175 505	76 766	202 201									
Other	175,595	176,344	222,796	232,929	61,247	66,968	92,080	79,154	72,990	98,074	119,123	108,987
Other	175,595				- 	132,379		79,154 164,827			119,123 149,339	

Table 10.--U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by Commodity, 1962-1965 1/ - Continued

Commodity exported :		West Ge	rmany	:		Ita	ly	:	Total EEC			
	1962	1963	1964	1965	1962	1963	1964	1965	1962	1963	1964	1965
:					_	- 1,000 d	ollars				-	
Variable levy commodities: 2/ :												
Feed grains	74,855	44,594	65,787	82,261	41,211	64,204	67,334	145,645	317,081	275,258	325,972	471,77
Rice:	10,534	7,367	7,407	5,091	6	47	1	2	14,247	13,399	15,378	10,14
Rye grain:	13,763	5,687	2,139	566		202			18,709	13,700	5,676	1,46
Wheat grain	11,819	15,901	14,043	15,748	1,749	7,971	6,082	2,662	50,603	63,365	59,228	67,67
Wheat flour:	14	25	22	25	1,792	1,112	19	5	5,553	3,200	1,662	1,20
Beef and veal (excluding vari- :					•	•			-,	•,	-,	-,
ety meats) and cattle:	1	2	57	133			287	947	64	169	1,326	2.62
Dairy products:	507	2,600	2,337	3,076	2,381	8,620	6,536	922	3.603	22,551	54,398	30,47
Lard 3/:	1,828	2,190	2,112	998		~	4	1	2,134	2,543	2,489	1,06
Pork (excluding variety meats) :	-	•	•				_	-	-,201	-15-15	-, 403	2,00
and swine:	244	211	521	33	17	33	99	1	341	2,067	8,631	37
:							,,,	-	3-4	2,007	5,051	3,
Foultry and eggs: :												
Live poultry:	32	40	98	60	434	907	493	947	790	1,388	1,059	1,38
Broilers and fryers:	25,202	7,540	8,761	4,710	36	20	85	173	30,701	10,698	10,615	6,30
Stewing chickens	7,083	5,373	5,367	2,059			2	33	8,347	6,092	6,384	2,71
Turkeys:		7,042	8,393	13,113	228	618	940	1,490	9,624	8,766	11,060	•
Other fresh poultry:		268	539	577		23		62	574	338	669	17,491 938
Eggs	2,486	2,154	1.076	499	220	662	350	1.033	3,443	3,331	1.889	1.922
Total poultry and eggs:		22,417	24,234	21,018	918	2,230	1,870	3,738	53,479	30,613	31,676	30.74
Other		2,967	3,966	1.387	1.964	2,851	2,220	3,206	16,972	25,864	26,523	24,463
Total:		103,961	122,625	130,336	50.038	87,270	84.452	157,129	482,786	452,729	532,959	642,00
	-50,550				301030	07,270		131,123	402,700	432,749	332,735	042,00
Non-variable levy commodities: :												
Canned poultry 4/:	1.045	1,929	3,780	3,176	20	21	13	5	1,080	1,997	3,902	3,325
Cotton, excluding linters:	15,036	35,432	49,092	17,022	39,895	34,284	59,057	18,750	105,973	131,557	189,143	70,258
Fruits and vegetables:	44,428	38,527	35,282	41,329	4,336	6,919	4,243	5,096	91,169	97,314	84,525	
Rides and skins		4,741	10.030	11,001	1,983	2,521	4,891	4,351	20,560	16,426		99,615
Oilcake and meal	8,615	9,722	18,225	30,603	491	12,043	5,486	11,540	46,020	61,520	27,433	31,601
Soybeans		60,207	78,033	75.636	30,777	28,052	31,974	42,899	•		76,637	110.736
Tallow 4/		5,004	6,313	6,055	13,602	10,604	12,212		162,320	159,436	213,867	226,203
Tobacco, unmanufactured:		64,477	67.091	63,605	12.834	•	•	9,505	26,375	25,921	34,989	37,222
Variety meats, fresh, frozen 4/:		6,692	8.017	5,712	12,034	8,392 57	5,778 387	5,157	105,543	104,215	105,824	106,313
Vegetable oils, expressed:		7,157	14,471	22,358	741	627		46	16,327	21,087	32,280	34 371
Food for relief or charity:	225	335	166	73			1,032	253	13,161	18,405	33,083	35,590
Other:		23,249	22,218	26,613	14,066 6.870	9,681	5,966	4,519	14,360	10,164	6,354	4,656
Total		257,472	312,718	303,183		8,617	5,162	8,078	65,057	70,640	74,881	74,562
*****************	£34,4/7	431,412	214,710	202,103	125.634	119,824	136,201	110,199	667.945	718.682	882,918	834.452



SPECIAL in this issue

EXPORTS COMPARED WITH IMPORTS, 1964 AND 1965

The United States is the world's largest exporter and the second largest importer of agricultural products. In total, the United States is a net exporter of agricultural products. Agricultural exports in calendar year 1965 totaled \$6,229 million, down slightly from the \$6,348 million in 1964. In 1965, U.S. exports exceeded U.S. imports by \$2,141 million compared with \$2,265 million in 1964.

Agricultural exports for dollars exceeded supplementary imports in 1965 by a record \$2,529 million. (Dollar sales exclude Government-financed programs while supplementary imports consisted mainly of products like those produced in the United States such as grains, oilseeds and products, animal by-products, tobacco, cotton, fruits, and vegetables). The value of U.S. exports is based on the selling price and includes inland freight, insurance and other charges to the port. The value of imports is defined generally as the market value in the foreign country, excludes import duties, ocean freight and marine insurance. Thus, the import figures exclude the cost of freight, insurance, and other incidental charges to deliver commodities to the market.

For many supplementary agricultural commodities, a 2-way flow occurs. The United States by a wide margin is a net exporter of these products because it is an efficient and low-cost producer of many quality products moving in world agricultural trade. U.S. exports of wheat, feed grains, oilseeds and products, animal by-products, tobacco, cotton, fruits and vegetables exceed imports by a wide margin.

However, the rapid growth and high level of disposable income in the United States has made this country an important market for foreign produced high cost specialty food items. Commodities like specialty canned meats and cheeses --produced domestically -- are being increasingly imported to satisfy the tastes of high income consumers. While these items are similar to domestic products, they normally sell at higher prices than do the comparable domestically produced commodities.

Imports of some items vary considerably depending upon the price level in the United States for similar items. For example, imports of dutiable cattle are generally highest when the U.S. price for feeders and stockers are at high levels and drop to low levels when U.S. prices are down.

In recent years, the United States has been a net importer of certain meats, especially boneless beef for processing because of the consistently strong demand for low-grade lean beef for manufacturing. Imported beef is used to manufacture

Table 11.-- U.S. agricultural exports and imports for consumption: Value by commodity, calendar years 1964 and 1965

:		1964		· · · ·	1965 1/	
Commodity :	Exports :	Imports	Net : + exports : - imports :		Imports	: Net : + exports : - imports
	1,000	1,000	1,000 :		1,000	1,000
EXPORTS AND : SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS :	<u>dollars</u>	<u>dollara</u>	dollara :	<u>dollars</u>	dollars	<u>dollars</u>
Animals, live, including poultry:	36,196	56,014	-19,818 :		116,785	-81,318
Lard:	69,810	2/	+69,810 :		<u>2</u> /	+30,214 +179,096
Tellow	154,354	49 71,452	+154,305 : +21,242 :		72,661	35,867
Hides and skins, raw	92,694 17,152	228,599	-211,447 :		195,840	-1/6,918
Beef, canned, including corned:		26,643	-26,643 :		32,802	-32,802
Pork, canned	1,790	94,263	-92,473 1	1,299	117,546	-116,247
Other meats, excluding poultry:	95,783	61,763	+34,020 :		81,470	+1,666
Poultry meat, eggs and egg products.:	74,127	1,802	+72,325 :		1,292	+68,807
Butter	50,625	362	+50,263 :		385 43,023	+1.9,030 -39,526
Cheese	3,890 20,818	39,492 164	-35,602 : +20,654 :		316	+19,467
Milk, condensed and evaporated:	- /	131	+76,703 :		174	+64,406
Milk, dried, whole and nonfat: Wool, unmfd., excluding free:	3,289	115,431	-112,142 :		157,666	-149,760
Cotton and linters, unmanufactured .:		25,574	+664,516 :		22,670	+472,050
Wheat grain:	1,338,077	5,703	+1,332,374 :		1,457	+1,054,374
Wheat flour:	128,959	161	+128,798 :		224,	+83,285
Rice:	205,620	581	+205,039 :		3,501	+240,554 +1,119,556
Feed grains		20,213	+833,069 :		14,041 21,387	+19,407
Other grains and preparations:		21,9 <u>6</u> 6 2,495	+25,398 : +142,045 :		2,627	+184,046
Other feeds and fodders		19,052	+45,221		16,854	+66,406
Ollsends	609,147	48,514	+560,633 :		60,669	+626,448
Vegetable cils, expressed	4 / 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	109,372	+138,203 :	239,543	113,834	+125,709
Tobacco. unmanufactured	412,832	109,741	+303,091 :		129,813	+252,873
Nuts and preparations	27,160	72,687	-45,527 :		75,219	-31,885 +68,786
Citrus fruits		6,136	+59,483 :		4,447 22,930	+49,085
Other fresh fruits		25,711 8,056	+34,087 : +33,539 :	72,015 49,845	6,853	+42,992
Dried fruits		64,912	+39,503		65,553	+44,336
Canned fruits and juices	_ '	18,951	-11,774		23,080	-14,939
Sugar, cans or best		458,425	-457,466 :	479	440,502	-440,023
Vegetables and preparations		103,356	+53,015 :		115,802	+38,109
Food for relief or charity	1.97,026		+197,026 :		AP/ 235	+189,390
Other supplementary (imports):		278,524	-278,524	_	286,115	-286,115
exports and	:		:	: :		
COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	1			!		
Silk, raw	48	22,456	-22,408	49	19,996	-19,947
Wool, unmfd., free in bond		90,198	-90,198	:	71,176	-71,176
Bananas, fresh	; 0	126,509	-126,509		162,344	-162,344,
Cocoa or cacao beans	34	130,811	-130,777		120,495 1,060,531	-120,495 -1,029,665
Goffee		1,200,281	-1,164,812		57,498	-57,015
Tos.	1,168 2,812	59,735 34,908	-58,567 -32,096		46,586	-42,899
Spices		200,629	-195,063		182,331	-170,959
Other complementary (imports)		120,224	-120,224		118,992	-118,992
Other agricultural (exports)	203,178		+203,178	: 208,167 :		+208,167
	- 			! :		
Total supplementery	<u> </u>	2,096,295		. —	2,247,587	
Total complementary		1,985,751			1,839,949	
Total agricultural	6.347.516	4,082,046	+2,265,470	6,228,637	4,087,536	+2,1/1,101
Total nonagricultural		14,517,814	+5,121,904	20 ,774,698	17,194,287	+3,580,411
Total, all commodities	25,987,234	18,599,860	+7,387,374	27,003,335	21,281,823	+5,721,512

such products as frankfurters, prepared hamburgers, and luncheon meats. In the past year, imports of beef fell sharply as many suppliers shipped their meat to Western Europe where prices were higher. In addition, U.S. production of cow beef was larger than the previous year and U.S. prices were down.

Imports of fresh, frozen, and chilled beef and veal totaled 206 million pounds in January-April 1966, an increase of 30 percent over the same months in 1965. However, beef and veal imports currently are below the level of the adjusted base quota, thus not requiring imposition, at this time, of import controls authorized under P.L. 88-482. For more details of this law see the "Import authorized under P.L. 88-482. For more details of this law see the "Import authorized under P.L. 88-482. For more details of this publication and USDA June 10, 1966 Press Release 1763-66.

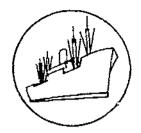
A large part of the fruits and vegetables is imported by the United States during the production off-season, mainly from Mexico and Gentral America. These import products, supplementing U.S. production, help provide American consumers with high quality products throughout the year.

In recent years the United States has obtained about two-fifths of its sugar requirements from imports. Sugar imports are regulated by the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended to stabilize the domestic market.

The United States is a large experter of unmanufactured tobacco. Exports exceeded imports by \$253 million in 1965. Imports of unmanufactured tobacco were mainly oriental tobacco to blend with domestic tobaccos to produce the aroma and taste demanded by U.S. smokers. The United States also has imported large quantities of tobacco for the cigar industry.

Prior to World War II, the United States was a net importer of vegetable oil and oil-bearing materials. However, in 1965 exports exceeded imports by over \$750 million. Imported vegetable oils and oil-bearing materials have special properties for industrial, medical, and food processing not found in U.S.-produced products. Such products include coconut oil, copra, babassu oil, carnauba wax, palm oil, and oiticia oil.

The United States is also a net importer of complementary products -- items either not produced in this country or not in commercial volume -- such as coffee, tea, cocoa beans, carpet wool, silk, crude natural rubber, bananas, and certain hard fibers. The import value of this group fell to \$1,840 million in 1965 from \$1,986 million in the previous year. This decline is a continuation of the trend in recent years, resulting from unusually heavy production and carryover stocks of many items produced in tropical areas, particularly coffee and cocoa beans. Some of these products have been partially displaced in this country by man-made products -- synthetic rubber, nylon, detergents, and plastics.



Export Highlights

JULY-MAY 1965-66

U.S. agricultural exports were estimated at \$6,123 million during July-May 1965-66, up 10 percent from the \$5,567 million for the same months of 1964-65 (table 12). Feed grain exports were \$1,239 million compared with \$836 million a year earlier. Feed grain exports were up 48 percent; corn and grain sorghums accounted for the largest share. Hides and skins also increased substantially, up 37 percent from July-May 1964-65. Other large increases occurred for exports of soybeans, protein meal, fruits and preparations, meats and meat products, and wheat and wheat flour. Smaller increases were in exports of poultry products, rice, vegetables and preparations, and tobacco. Cotton, cottonseed and soybean oil, animal fats, oils, and greases, and dairy products were down from last year.

U.S. exports of agricultural products were estimated at \$543 million in May 1966, up 2 percent from \$533 million in May 1965, but down 2 percent from April 1966. Feed grains and wheat and wheat flour accounted for most of the increase over May 1965. Smaller gains also occurred in exports of meats and meat products, hides and skins, soybeans, and protein meal. Cotton exports continued to decline, and were down about one-third from May 1965. Exports of cottonseed and soybean oil were down to \$13 million in May 1966 from \$23 million. Lesser declines occurred in animal fats and oils, dairy products, fruits and preparations, rice, tobacco, vegetables and preparations.

Grains and preparations continued to be the major commodity group exported from the United States. For July-May 1965-66, they accounted for 46 percent of total agricultural exports. Wheat and wheat flour and feed grains each accounted for about 45 percent of the grains and preparations, and rice and other products accounted for the remaining 10 percent.

Japan continued to be the largest market for feed grains followed by the Netherlands, Italy, the United Kingdom, Spain and Canada. For July-March 1965-66, Japan received feed grain valued at \$173 million. Rice was exported primarily to Japan and Viet-Nam. India continued to be the largest market for wheat and, as of July-March, accounted for over one-third of U.S. wheat exports. Although Japan ranked second as an outlet for U.S. wheat, it continued as the top dollar market for wheat.

Oilseeds and products were up 7 percent from July-May 1964-65. Soybeans accounted for the largest share -- 60 percent -- and increased 20 percent over year-earlier exports. Exports of protein meal, although smaller, increased by

Table 12 .-- U.S. agricultural exports: Value by commodity, July-May 1964-65 and 1965-66

Dairy products 221 +37 fats, oils, and greases 90 123 +37 Hides and skins 102 115 +13 Meats and meat products 62 68 +10 Poultry products 65 68 +5 Other 737 723 -2 Total animals, etc. 2/ 2/ 737 723 -2 Cotton, excluding linters 536 360 -33 Fruits and preparations: 262 297 +13 Freid grains and preparations: 186 1,98 +6 Rice, milled 1,139 1,276 +12 Wheat and flour 58 82 +41 Other 2,219 2,795 +26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 236 174 -26 Cottonseed and products: 2,219 2,795 +26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 236 174 -26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 236 174 -26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 77 7	2017-1101			
Animals and animal products; 197 167 -15 Dairy products 2/ 221 182 -18 Fars, oils, and greases 90 123 +37 Hides and skins 102 115 +13 Meats and meat products 62 68 +10 Poultry products 65 68 +5 Other 737 723 -2 Total animals, etc. 2/ 737 723 -2 Cotton, excluding linters 536 360 -33 Fruits and preparations 262 297 +13 Grains and preparations: 836 1,239 +48 Feed grains, excluding products 186 198 +6 Rice, milled 1,139 1,276 +12 Wheat and flour 58 82 +41 Other 2,219 2,795 +26 Oilseeds and products: 2,219 2,795 +26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 236 174 -26 Soybeans 165 199 -421 Protein meal 77 71 -8 Other 77 71 -8 Other 1,027 1,101 +7 Total oilseeds, etc. 3/ 1,027 1,101 +7 Tobacco, unmanufactured 367 380 446 Vegetables and preparations 280 319 +148	Commodity :	1964-65	-	Change
197		Million	dollars	Percent
Cotton, excluding linters	Fats, oils, and greases Hides and skins Meats and meat products Poultry products	221 90 102 62 65	182 123 115 68 68	-18 +37 +13 +10 +5
Cotton, excluding linters 262 297 +13 Fruits and preparations 262 297 +13 Grains and preparations: 836 1,239 +48 Feed grains, excluding products 186 198 +6 Rice, milled 1,139 1,276 +12 Wheat and flour 58 82 +41 Other 2,219 2,795 +26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 236 174 -26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 549 657 +20 Soybeans 165 199 +21 Protein meal 77 71 -8 Other 71 -8 Other 367 380 +4 Vegetables and preparations 280 319 +14	Total animals, etc. 2/			•
Grains and preparations: 836 1,239 +48 Feed grains, excluding products 186 198 +6 Rice, milled 1,139 1,276 +12 Wheat and flour 58 82 +41 Other 2,219 2,795 +26 Total grains, etc. 236 174 -26 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 549 657 +20 Soybeans 165 199 +21 Protein meal 77 71 -8 Other 1,027 1,101 +7 Total oilseeds, etc. 3/ 367 380 +4 Vegetables and preparations 280 319 +14	Cotton, excluding linters			•
Oilseeds and products: Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/	Grains and preparations: Feed grains, excluding products Rice, milled Wheat and flour	836 186 1,139 58	198 1,276 82	+6 +12 +41
Oilseeds and products: 236 174 Cottonseed and soybean oils 3/ 549 657 Soybeans 165 199 Protein meal 77 71 Other 1,027 1,101 Total oilseeds, etc. 3/ 367 380 44 46 Vegetables and preparations 280 319	Total grains, etc.			:
Total oilseeds, etc. 37 Tobacco, unmanufactured	Soybeans Protein meal	549 165 77	657 199 71	+20 +21 -8
Vegetables and preparations 280	Total oilseeds, etc. 27	:=======		•
5.567 6.123 : F10			319	+14

^{2/} Prior to January 1, 1965, excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations of butter and ghee, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

3/ Prior to January 1, 1965, excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

a similar amount. Cottonseed and soybean oil exports were down 26 percent from July-May 1964-65. Japan was the major market for soybeans followed by the Netherlands and West Germany.

Exports of animals and animal products were 2 percent lower in July-May of this year than the corresponding months in 1964-65. Dairy products and animal fats, oils, and greases were down more than enough to offset increases in hides and skins, meats and meat products, and poultry products. Tobacco, fruits, vegetables and preparations were also above the level of last year.

Exports to the European Economic Community, July-April 1965-66

For the first 10 months of fiscal year 1965-66, U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) totaled \$1,369 million. This was 19 percent above the July-April period a year earlier, and 21 percent above the same months 2 years ago. April 1966 exports totaled \$118 million, up from \$110 million in April 1965, and \$106 million in April 1964.

Exports of gricultural products subject to the EEC's variable levies were valued at \$634 million for July-April 1965-66, an increase of 44 percent over the \$440 million from the corresponding period last year. Feed grains continued to be the predominant commodity subject to variable levies exported to the EEC, and amounted to \$457 million or 72 percent of exports subject to variable levies. Exports of feed grains were 48 percent above the year-earlier level. Large feed grain requirements in the EEC have encouraged increased purchases from the United States. Production of livestock has increased at a rapid rate creating a corresponding demand for feed grains.

U.S. exports of wheat to EEC countries increased sharply from July-April 1964-65 rising over $3\frac{1}{2}$ times. Larger quantities of wheat from the United States have been required because of short wheat crops in EEC countries, particularly West Germany and Belgium. In addition, larger U.S. shipments to the Netherlands for transshipment to other European countries have occurred.

Other products subject to variable levies that have increased over the corresponding period last year were poultry and eggs, rice, rye grain, and lard. Although poultry and eggs increased, turkeys accounted for most of the increase, offsetting declines in broilers and fryers, stewing chickens, and other fresh poultry.

Exports of dairy products to the EEC totaled \$18 million during July-April 1965-66, down 58 percent from the \$43 million of a year earlier. U.S. exports of pork and swine continued to decline, and for July-April of this year, were down 55 percent from last year, and 98 percent from 2 years ago.

Exports of agricultural commodities not subject to variable levies were \$735 million in July-April 1965-66, up 4 percent from July-April of the previous year. Substantial increases occurred in exports of soybeans, up 31 percent and oilcake and meal, up 29 percent. Other increases occurred in exports of fruits and vegetables, hides and skins, tobacco, and variety meats.

U.S. exports of cotton continued to decline and, for July-April 1965-66, totaled \$48 million, down 60 percent from the same months of 1964-65, and 73 percent from 2 years earlier. Vegetable oils were 55 percent below the export value of \$32 million for the same period last year. The decrease in vegetable oils and increase in soybean exports has resulted partially from the expanded oilseed crushing that is occurring in EEC countries, requiring larger quantities of raw oilseeds, and less oilseed products not used as feed.

Of total U.S. agricultural exports to the EEC through April, 46 percent were products subject to variable levies. This was an increase from the same period last year, and up 48 percent from 2 years earlier. Excluding feed grains, wheat, wheat flour, and rye, commodities subject to variable levies have decreased 21 percent from last year and 20 percent from 2 years earlier.

Table 13.--U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by commodity, April and July-April 1963-66 1/

Commodity :		April	:		July-April	
3011031117	1964	1965	1966	1963-64	1964-65	1965-66
:			Thousand	dollars		
Variable levy commodities: 2/						
Feed grains:	29,694	32,006	42,382	238,933	30 9, 082	456,909
Rice:	2,766	1,238	1,127	12,118	7,821	10,963
Rye grain:	899		505	6,329	1,336	1,633
Wheat grain:	3,107	4,030	14,055	78,234	26,017	92,397
Wheat flour:	73	88	110	2,712	1,279	989
Beef and veal (excluding variety:						
meats) and cattle:	57	251	62	351	1,791	1,704
Dairy products:	2,369	340	202	29,336	43,162	18,328
Lard 3/:	248	41	32	2,545	958	1,193
Pork (excluding variety meats) :				,		•
and swine:	261	60	25	9,250	392	177
:				•		
Poultry and eggs: :						
Live poultry:	161	145	174	870	749	1,207
Broilers and fryers	909	625	412	10,318	6,091	5,881
Stewing chickens:	722	228	82	6,697	4,047	1,195
Turkeys:	372	893	284	8,836	11,289	15,696
Other fresh poultry:	29	87	48	321	875	485
Eggs	270	260	222	2,053	1,384	1,891
Total poultry and eggs	2,463	2,238	1,222	29,095	24,435	26,355
		······································	····			
Other	825	2,108	1,643	19,386	24,034	23,196
Total	42,762	42,400	61,365	428,289	440,307	633,844
Non-variable levy commodities:						
Canned poultry 4/	291	451	165	2,325	3,169	2,464
Cotton, excluding linters	11,017	7,826	3,755	173,580	119,061	47,628
Fruits and vegetables	4,145	5,218	5,273	74,782	72,547	84,705
Hides and skins	2,629	2,988	1,104	18,069	21,205	27,108
Oilcake and meal	3,851	6,203	10,225	44,036	84,954	109,473
Soybeans:	18,556	18.956	21,564	161,617	171,467	225,443
Tallow 4/	3,334	2,186	1,321	27,287	28,605	28,565
Tobacco, unmanufactured	9,130	11,082	5,496	85,654	83,043	94,653
Variety meats, fresh, frozen 4/.:	2,042	2,836	2,321	20,731	26,620	29,070
Vegetable oils, expressed:	4,454	2,897	118	25,362	31,715	14,126
Food for relief or charity:	183	•	311	7,360	4,603	,
Other:	3,527	1,545	5/4,830	57,857	62,770	3,759
Total	-	5,825				<u>5</u> /68,131
10641	63,159	68,013	<u>5</u> /56,483	698,660	709,759	5/735,125
Total EEC:	105,921	110,413	<u>5</u> /117,848	1,126,949	1,150,066	5/1,368,969

5/ Preliminary.

^{1/} Compiled from U.S. Bureau of the Census data.

2/ Grains, poultry, and pork were subject to variable levies beginning on July 30, 1962; rice on September 1, 1964; and beef and dairy products on November 1, 1964. The variable levy classification is designed to show overall changes in exports rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies.

3/ Lard for food is a variable levy commodity while lard for industrial use is bound in the General Agraement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) at 3 percent ad valorem. U.S. lard is for food use.

4/ Although canned poultry, tallow, and variety meats are subject to variable levies, the import duties are bound in CATT.

are bound in GATT.



Import Highlights

JULY-APRIL 1965-66

U.S. agricultural imports rose to \$3,709 million in July-April 1965-66 from \$3,303 million in those months of 1964-65. Over two-thirds of the increase was due to larger imports of supplementary (partially competitive) commodities. Complementary (noncompetitive) items also gained in July-April over the previous year, although the increase was smaller than for supplementary imports.

Imports of nonagricultural products increased more than did those of agricultural commodities. Nonagricultural imports advanced to \$15,386 million in July-April 1965-66 from the \$12,835 million the same period the previous year. The high level of economic activity in the United States has been the main reason for the sharp rise in imports of manufactures and raw materials. Imports were up sharply for manufactured goods, machinery, and transport equipment. Also, imports of petroleum, nonferrous metals, and chemicals advanced in the July-April period over the previous year.

SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS

Imports of supplementary products advanced to \$2,034 million in July-April 1965-66 from \$1,748 million for the like months a year earlier. Sharp gains in imports of dutiable cattle, dairy products, meats, and apparel wool accounted for most of the overall gain of this group.

Dutiable cattle imports totaled \$103 million in July-April 1965-66, up \$38 million from the same months in 1964-65. The higher prices for feeder cattle in the United States has encouraged Mexican and Canadian producers to market more cattle in this country. Good feeder steers (550-750 pounds) at Kansas City averaged \$23.82 per 100 pounds in July-April 1965-66 compared with \$19.46 per 100 pounds for the same period in 1964-65. Canada accounted for \$19.46 per cent of the dutiable cattle imported and Mexico the rest. Cattle numbers in Mexico increased by 14 percent and in Canada by 7 percent in the past 5 years.

Purchases of meats and meat products increased 35 percent in July-April 1965-66 to \$443 million. Imports of beef and veal were up 26 percent, pork by 45 percent, and mutton by 190 percent. As in the case of dutiable cattle,

Table 14.--U.S. agricultural imports for consumption:
Value by commodity, July-April
1964-65 and 1965-66

:	July-	April	
Commodity	1964-65	1965-66	Change
:	Million	dollars	Percent
: SUPPLEMENTARY :			*
:			•
Animals and animal products:			ŧ
Animals, live	51	120	¢ +135
Dairy products	56	67	+20
Hides and skins:	58		÷ +12
Meat and meat products:	329	443	: +35
Wool, apparel:	116	146	: +26
Other	38	45	: +18
Total animals and products:	648	886	+37
·-			:
Cotton, excluding linters:	21		: +5
Fruits and preparations:	96	97	: +1
Grains and preparations:	36	34	: -6
Nuts and preparations:	64	70	: +9
Oilseeds and products:	152	150	: -1
Sugar, cane	357	377	: + 6
Tobacco, unmanufactured:	103	105	: +2
Vegetables and preparations:	95	115	: +21
Wines:	54	61	: +13
Other	121	117	: -3
Total supplementary	1,747	2,034	+16
•	-	<u> </u>	:
COMPLEMENTARY :			* *
Bananas, fresh	130	136	+5
Coffee:	908	1,000	÷10
Gocoa beans:	97	115	: +19
Essential oils:	22	26	+18
Rubber, crude, natural:	162	153	: -6
Spices:	33	40	+21
Tea:	48	51	: +6
Wool, carpet:	63	61	: -3
Other:	93	93	: 0
Total complementary	1,556	1,675	+8
Total imports ,	3,303	3,709	+12

higher U.S. prices have encouraged foreign countries to ship increased amounts to the United States in recent months. Foreign suppliers of beef have received somewhat higher prices from sales in the United States than in Europe in recent months. Also contributing to the rise in imports was an 11 percent decline in U.S. pork production in 1965. The increase in pork imports has been accounted for by Canada, Denmark, the Netherlands, and Poland. A 26 percent increase in imports of apparel wool reflected attractive world prices and the high level of mill activity in this country.

The value increase in tobacco imports of \$2 million in July-April resulted from higher prices as quantity fell 7 million pounds. Unfavorable growing conditions in domestic areas producing winter vegetables and fruits stimulated imports of fresh vegetables and fruits in July-April.

COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS

U.S. imports of complementary products totaled \$1,675 million in July-April 1964-65, up 8 percent from the same months in the previous year. Bananas, coffee, cocoa beans, and spices increased substantially. The gain in bananas represented higher prices. The volume of banana imports was about the same as the previous period while the value was up 5 percent. Principal banana suppliers were Ecuador, Honduras, Panama, and Costa Rica.

Coffee imports reached \$1,000 million in July-April 1965-66, up 10 percent from the comparable period a year earlier. The volume of coffee advanced 20 percent to 2,681 million pounds. Lower world prices and larger imports of lower priced African coffees were responsible for the greater gain in volume.

Imports of cocoa beans rose to \$115 million or 19 percent. Imports were stimulated by lower prices during July-April. Principal sources of cocoa beans were Ghana, Nigeria, and Brazil.

Spice imports reached \$40 million, up \$7 million from a year earlier. Unground black pepper and vanilla beans were the principal products advancing during July-April.

Other increases during July-April were noted for herbs, essential oils, hard fibers, and tea. Small value declines were recorded for instant coffee, prepared cocoa, crude natural rubber, and carpet wool.

Table 15.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66

	: :		April			·	July-Ap		
Commedity exported	: Unit:			Va)	ue	Quan	tity :	Val	
	3	1965	: 1966 :	1965 :	1966	: 1964-65	1965-66	1964-65	1965-66
	: :			1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS	: :	Thousands	Thousands	dollars		: Thousands	Thousands	dollara	dollars
nimals. live:	: :			31,1411	*	:			
	:No.	4	3	1,293	1,438	. 38	40	12,619	13,391
			_	.,,	.,			• •	- •
Poultry, live - Baby chicks (chickens)	. Va	2,604	3,624	1,096	1,590	21,429	27,623	7,562	10,147
Daby Chicks (Chickens)	• 110.	2/		180	152		2/	1,831	2,131
Other live poultry		. <i>≨,</i>	2/ 2/	284	453		2/	4,899	4,286
Other		<u>-4/</u>						26,911	29,95
Total animals, live	:			2,853	3,633			40,711	47,70
	: :					:			
iry products:	.16	3,406	1,100	2,174	871	: : 19,384	10.910	11,715	7,59
Anhydrous milk fat, including donations	:LD. :	2 452			• • •				2,30
Butter, including donations		2,857	322	1,171	101		6,445	49,288	
Cheese, including donations		773	393	382	237		5,439	3,499	2,87
Infants' and distetic foods, chiefly milk	:Lb. :	1,609	1,918	1,158	1,251	: 12,818	14,902	8,554	10,11
Milk and cream ~	1 1				_	1			
Condensed and evaporated, incl. donations.	:Lb. :	8,404	8,197	1,902	1,684	: 84,773	83,025	17,982	17,89
Dry, whole milk and cream			954	765	279	: 11,549	16,232	5,482	6,10
Fresh			78	155	112	: 876	821	1,167	1,16
Nonfat dry, including donations	: I.b. :	110,048	63,180	13,615	10,412	. 755,146	677,204	77,626	101,41
Other		2/	2/	535	378		2/	4,035	3,65
Total dairy products				21.857	15.325			179.348	153.12
toest deit. broncess	•	 -			149.45.4	: 			
ate offe and meadant	:					•			
ats. oils. and greases: Lard	.72	38,009	5,462	4,654	783	408,657	151,989	44,534	19,30
	'PD'	20,000) gapus	490,74	707	برتونسيد :	1219707	447//4	1,7,50
Tallow -	•	*****	270	1.5	37		2,694	520	36.
Edible		393		45					129,17
Inedible		215,289	133,164	20,111		: 1,679,778	1,492,797	136,985	
Other animal fats, oils, and greases	.:Lb. :	10,580	10,082	1,179	1,137		146,457	15,751	16,07
Total fats, oils, and greases	:Lb. :	264,271	148,978	25,989	13,618	2,262,611	1,793,937	197,790	164,92
	: :	ł				;			
eat and meat products:	: :					:	nn n/ .	50 /00	40.10
Beef and veal			2,010	1,943	1,385		30,364	22,692	17,48
Pork	.:Լծ, ։	4,177	2,696	1,231	1,031		36,473	16,582	14,42
Sausage casings		934	806	653	714		10,926	6,457	7,53
Variety meats (edible offals)	:Lb. :	17,771	13,630	4,122	3,676	187,314	179,365	40,809	48,49
Other, including meat extracts		1,930	1,747	748	988		19,295	6,151	6,98
Total meet and products (except poultry)		28,831	20,889	8,697	7,794	324,327	276,423	92,691	96,92
process process (more)	1 :					:			
oultry products:	:	:				:			
Eggs, dried and otherwise preserved	:Lh.	290	134	213	127	: 2,579	2,139	2,721	1,34
Eggs in the shell -	1					:		•	
Hatching	Dov	875	1,405	801	1,188	5.992	7,654	6,213	6,83
Other	·Do=	119	364	39	145		6,779	581	2,64
		. ,,,	,,,,,,	37	143	,00,74	0,117	,	~,-4
Poultry meat -		0.255	0.004	2 241	2 262	440.040	100,979	26,051	26,23
Chickens, fresh or frozen	: Lb. :	9,255	8,876	2,344	2,365				
Turkeys, fresh or frozen			1,183	1,042	429		52,703	14,390	18,61
Other, fresh or frozen	Lb.		854	357	310		8,523	2,604	3,00
Canned and otherwise preserved	.:Lb.	2,525	1,345	503	336		16,552	4,480	4,34
Total poultry products				5,399	4,900			57,040	63,01
** *									Continue

Table 15.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

	:	;	April			·	July-ip		
Commodity exported	: Unit	Quant		Val.		·hinn		Val	
	<u>:</u> :	1965	1966 :			1964-65	: 1965-66 :	1964-65 ;	1965-66
	:	:		1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
ther animal products:	: :	Thousands	Thousands	<u>dollara</u>	dollare		Thousands	dollars	dollare
Feathers, crude or dressed		: 204	111	213	144	1,672	1,179	1,421	1,39
Gelatin, edible			135	124	99		1,646	4,935	1,19
Hair, raw or dressed (except wool)			882	135	218		6,290	1,831	1,81
Mides and skins, raw (except furs) 3/		: 1,871	1,314	10,165	11,662		15,618	77,892	108,55
Honey			677	131	116		12,405	1,280	2,03
Wool, ummanufactured			. 633	516	544		7,747	3,390	6,61
Other Assessment of the Assess		:_2/	_2/	2,315	1,767		2/	19,089	19,45
Total other animal products	:	: = =	 _	13.599	14.550	<u> </u>		109,838	141,05
Total animals and animal products	; ;	: '		78,394	59,820	: :		663,618	648,99
	:	:				:			
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS	:	:				:			
otton, umanufactured:	:	:							
Cotton			177	52,449	22,517		2,675	502,030	337,39
Linters				951	834		237	6,113	6,72
Total cotton and linters	:RBale	436_	207	53,400	23,351	4,057	2,912	508,143	344,11
ruits and preparations: Canned -	:	: :				: :			
		7.880	0.721	4 100	1,626	118 660	444 /26	22 226	19.55
Fruit cocktail			9,421	1,178			111,435	22,776	
Peaches		: 11,269	8,741	1,157	937		189,290	22,778	20,64
Pears		: 528	943	95	175		4,922	1,076	98
Pineapples		2,854	2,026	529	340		86,486	11,281	13,2
Other		3,243	2,633	641			56,727	6,051	9.55
Total canned fruits	Lb.	25,774	23,764	3,600	3,591	478,113	448 B60	63,962	64,00
Dried -	. :	;				:			
Prunes		5,525	5,135	1,020	1,073		110,681	16,058	20,4
Raisins (dried grapes)		9,031	7,166	1,470	1,340		109,939	17,543	19,01
Other		1,034	1,036	324	415		16,291	4,740	29.5
Total dried fruits	:Lb.	: <u>15,590</u>	13,337	2,814	2,828	199,328	236,911	38,341	45.39
Fresh -	5			_		:			
Apples			17,128	1,485	1,531		260,989	17,068	23,97
Berries		: 1,307	2,209	344	619		12,873	2,983	3,02
Grapefruit		: 20,507	20,920	1,088	1,326		165,801	8,862	10,0
Grapes		: 1,909	3,652	244	395		255,963	18,954	22,89
Lemons and limes	:Lb.	: 1ፊ,503	25,438	1,300	2,073	: 145,508	210,745	11,953	16,7
Oranges and tangerines		: 44,825	63,301	3,863	5,024		444,804	29,066	35,61
Pears		: 1,055	1,660	108	176		68,582	5,177	6,74
Other		: <u> </u>	3,000	396	352		144,127	7,662	11,17
Total fresh fruits	Lb.	106,505	137,308	8,828	11,496	1,174,093	1,563,884	101,725	130,20
Fruit juices -	:	;				;			
Grapefruit	:Gal.	1,138	287	887	334	3,554	2,454	3,548	2,83
Orange			990	1,671	2,185		7,986	14,388	14,97
Other			<u></u>	963	947		9.556	9,056	9.3
Total fruit juices		2,869	2,188	3,521	3,466		19,996	26,992	27, 11
Frozen fruits		585	595	104	110		15,347	1,241	2,63
Other		2/	2/	346	378		2/	1,122	5.09
						. 4:			

Continued -

Table 15. ... U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

	: :		April	1/	=		July-Adi	Valu	18
O standard	: Unit:	Quant		Valu	:ب	Quant	1ty :	1964-65	
Commodity exported	. 01110	1965 :		1965 :	1966:	<u> 1964-65 :</u>	1965 -66 :		1,000
		<u>:</u>		1,000	1,000 :			1,000	
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars :	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	<u>dollara</u>
rains and preparations:					:			16 616	74,96
Feed grains and products -		3,591	7,576	4,521	9,992 :	41,636	59,707	46,846	
Barley grain (48 lb.)	,; DU.	41,844	64,410	60,550	89,942 :		565,628	579,600	785,31
Corn grain, including donations (56 lb.)	, Du,		24,126	15,313	29,816 :		204,895	114,466	247,38
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	.:bu.	: 12,109 : 29	3,299	36	2,509 :		27,165	2,033	19,46
Onto emote (32.1h)	.:m.		2,462	80,420	132,259 :		21,267	742,945	1,127,13
Total fond grains	.:M.TON	1.449		494	590 :		71,411	3,818	4,5
Walt and flour, including barley malt	.:LD.	7,100	9,355	, 111	154 :		34,142	1,428	1,48
Come mails and hominy	*:rD*	. 25012	3,571		1,140		3,454	15,388	13,7/
Command including donations	uut.	. ,,,,	295	2,103	729		65,642	5,396	6,5
Connetemen		כויהן ט	6,820	643	76 :		12,851	593	99
Oniman menata and rolled data		;	1.397	25			21,684	769.568	1,154,4
Total feed grains and products	:M.Ton	1.502	2,501	83,796	134-948	14,200	211004		
Rice -	:	;		A	** ***	2 240 502	2,519,105	156,393	182,5
Milled, including donations	:Lb.	: 349,340	202,695	24,543		2,210,793	14,679	854_	1,2
Paddy or rough	.:Lb.	403	4,546		393	9,819		157,247	183,7
Total rice (milled basis)	Lb.	349,601	205,650	24,585		2,217,175	2,528,647	2,062	3,4
Rye grain (56 lb.)	· Par	107	1,047	150	1,345	1,575	2,723	2,002	7 14
five grain (56 15.)	.,.bu.		•				4	00/ 608	1,045,2
Wheat and flour, including donations -	· B	: 63,252	77,860	104,691	126,548	: 516,319	645,583	906,635	
Wheat grain (60 lb.)		: 3,757	3,178_	13,930	12,773	29,729	25,754	121,455	103,8
Wheat flour, wholly of U. S. wheat		71,818	85,105	118,621	139,321	584,101	704,301	1,023,090	1,149,1
Total wheat and flour	bu.	1,332	1,436	604	815	13,180	13,749	5,527	6,4
Rekom products	.,:ՆԵ,		2/	3,252	4,471		.2/	17,128	32,9
Other including donations	:	:_2/		231,008	275,995		4-0	1,979,622	2,530,1
Total grains and preparations	:	:		271,000		;			
- •	1	1				•			
Hisemas and products:	•	;				•			
Otto including donations -	:	1	44 400	4 020	1,621	521,285	351,633	68,343	44,
Cattonpand ril	:Lb.	: 45,116	11,193	6,830		: 1,171,257	857,432	145,254	116.
Combons of 1	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	: 106,028	47,785	14,867			191,896	37,806	31,
D+hom	DD,	: 24,644	12,163	4,033	2,485		1,400,961	251,403	192,
Total oils (except essential)	Lb.	: 175,788	71,141	25,730	11,124	: 1.953.558	144001701		
Oilseds -		:				;	2 100	16,815	10,
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	:Bu.	: 0	227	0	556	5,873	3,499	495,744	600,
Soybeans (60 lb.)	:Bu.	: 17,585	20,217	55,152	60,499	174,774	215,462 2/	16,639	23,
Other		: 2/	2/	1,497		<u>: 2/</u>	<u>- 41</u>	529.198	634.
Total oilseads				56,649	62,053	<u>:</u>		727,170	0,41
TOTAL OILSESOS						:		400 000	183.
Protein meal (oil-cake and meal)	·S To	n: 184	250	13,904	19,428		2,374	152,333	1,010,
Protein ment (oil-case and meat)		···		96,283	92,605	<u>:</u>		932,934	1,010,
Total oilseeds and pr ducts		·				:			
	:	:				:		-0 +0s	24
obacco, unmanufactured:	.TL	3.683	2,162	2,602	2,475	: 36,427	40,133	29,471	31,
Burley		: 545	*	1,663	782		3,839	9,174	12,
Many amounter	: 140.	. 343		480	588	17,947	20,994	9,338	10,
Deals Fined Yantucky and Tennessee	:LD.	; 700	2.5	26,158	14,331		311,998	268,665	276,
Zino-oraci	.,.:LD.	2 22,241		601	463		9,351	7,070	7,
Union land		: 004		2,511	1,345			13,921	14,
Other	:LD.	: 4,400		34,015	19,984		420,699	337,639	353,
Total tobacco, unmanufactured	- 1 h	: 42,519	23,191	34,017	17,704	4 (7)			Contin

Table 15	ញ នេះ	agricultur	al exports: July-April 1	964-65 and 1	707-00			July-Apri	1 1/ Value	
April '	1965 N	מל ואס פער				;	Quantit	. <u></u>	1964-65	1 965-59
			April	1/Val	10	:	964-65 i	1965-66	1904-92	1,000
	:_				1966	1_1	<u>466-03</u>		1,000	dollars
	Unit:	Quant	1966 :	1965	1,000	 .		Thousands	dollars	AAAAA
		1965		1,000	1,000	ra : I	ousands	THOUGHTS		8,414
Commodity exported			3.	dollers	dolla	<u> </u>		an cot	12,348	
*	•	Thousands	Thousands	general			50,645	28,526	2,796	3,513
	:	THOUSEN		354		142 :	13,658	15,709	2,353	2,550
Vagetables and proparations:	1	1,352	475	309		334 :	11,433	10,372	294	300
egetables and prepare	ւե. ։	1,770	1,431	171		124 :	111477	1,977	7,711	8,658
Lanneu	th. :	1,288	462			54 :	2,254	59.062		23,435
Cenned - Asperagus Soups Tomato paste and pures Tomato paste and pures	1.h.	779	297	80		874 1	54.945	115,626	25,502	20,727
Semple	13	637	5,416	885		,52B :	132,935	241,094	22,348	15,413
Soups Tomato paste and pures Tomato sauce for cooking purposes	: DU.	7,675	8,081	1,799		,109 :	268,140	2411075	14,730	: >3-42
Tour sauce for cooking party	; LD.	11.731		1,164		050	245,076	234,001		45.007
Tomato sauce for cooking purposes Other conned vegetables	:Lb.	11,159	19,423	1,099	٦	,259			6,056	10,207
Uther vegetables	Lb.	21,117	16,338	.,			130,277	176,924	3,74)	3,889
Other Total canned vegetables Total canned vegetables	:Lb.	£13.111	•	992		1,188 :	1703-11	£6,734	3,856	3,931
Dried beans, inches cow and chick			23,134	,,,	•	290 :	DO 4 1447	115,405		6,877
Dried beans, including donations Dried peas, including cow and chick Dried peas, including cow and chick Fresh Lettuce	47.56	16,952	002	TOT.		674 :	61,020	68,507	7,066	21.950
Presh -	.12	10,943	21,153	يرتع ا		406 :	78,168	313,155.	15,218	46,854
Fresh Lettuce Onions (arcept sweet potatoss)	, LD.	4.98	5 21,132			3,951 :	258.149	-/n 777E	34.951	3,097
Onions Potatoes (except sweet potatoss)	:Lb	6.29	3,004			2077		760,725	200	2,07
Objects Delates	٠ī.h.	49.67	h 01,175	<u> </u>	9	6,509				6,436
Potatoes	11.35	47,01				298	10 520			3,367
Tomacoes	·I.b.	88,84	1.52	9 53		497	13,720	8,033	2 359	1,785
Other Total fresh vegetables Frozen vegetables Total vegetables, dehydrated	1.5	1,10	"	a 103	2	321	. 0,44			13,193
Total fresh Vegevous	13	1,50)2 ''25			125	2,95	2 21	12,001	007
Frozen vegetables Soups and vegetables, dehydrated Soups and vegetables, dehydrated	;60.	1,0	45	. 3	44	1,443	. 2/		124, 218	
Frozen vegetables, dehydrated Soups and vegetables, dehydrated Vegetable seasonings Vegetable seasonings	,,:Lb.	3	B2 '-	1,2	49	1244				
Smith the real	- Ca7		2/	12,3		14,089				***
VARACEUTO SOS	٠٠	<u> </u>					;		1 24,71	27,500
Vegetable seasonings Tomato juice, canned Other Total vegetables and preparations	:	- : -					19,66	., 22,31		
Other and preparations	•••	1				1,296	19,00	7,27	75	6 19.595
TOTAL OBS			388 1,4		729	64.7	1 . 74/	** _ mi	(~ -	
Other vegetable products: Coffee		2,			516	1,94			29,07	. ~~ ~!
Other vegetable products:			N16 `	2.	172	1,74	6:2/,	2/ 2/	10,52	12,678
Coffee berbs, roots, leaves, etc., crude brugs, berbs, roots, natural	,,,:Lt).	የጸለ '	63.7 K.	951	6,71	: 중/	<i>2/</i>	12,69	99 12,525
Colledhe roots, leaves, out.,	:L1	o, : .,	2/ 2/	2,	843	2,55	0 · 2/ 20,9	₁₀₆	6,4	AC 7.30E
Drugo, da	11:-	÷ ≤⁄.	2/		055	1,59		2/	~~ 0	10
Essential of the control of the cont		; <i>&</i> /		,375 ¹ :	819	1.08	37 : <i>4</i>	ms 202.0	···	
PARGS ALL TO THE PARTY AND CAULEY	• T	ъ. :	,010			2.84	57 1 1279	210	±20 4291	
Flavoring	• •	: 2/	,	,663 4	,525	1.9	MA. 06.	,00	nd5 290	~~ ~~ ~~ (C) !
Feeds and fodders (sugars, and extracts Flavoring sirups, sugars, and extracts Hops Mursery and greenhouse stock Mursery and greenhouse stock		h : 32	1777 44	,255 1	,486	'''a	44: 3,	418 0/ 55	0.144	201 451
Mosery and greenhouse soon		5	642	7.00	331	3.8		2/	250.	160 20991-29
Hops Hursery and greenhouse stock Huts and preparations Seeds (except oilseeds)			400	170	738		07:			
(except oilseeds)	1	LD /	2/		9,165	749	<u> </u>		4,369.	399 4,931,155
Seeds							- :		49,272	
Huts and preparations Seeds (except oilseeds) Spices Other, including donations Total other vegetable products		:		-	5,391	492,	500 ;			
Uther, Indiana products	•			<u></u> 41	7,77		1		= =	017 5,580,14
Total other Vegovania	,	1					;			
Total vegetable products						552.	120:			.740 18,092,7C
Total Vegetable Process				55	3,785	7761			16.519	740 18,07511
******		: :								
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS		; ;			31,369	2,005	<u> </u>		- 04 EES	2,757 23,672,8
TOTAL EXPORTS		; ;		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		- ;		211224	
TOTAL AGRICULTURE					nr 16/	2,557	<u>,914 : </u>			
TIPUNIS				2,	85.154					
TOTAL HOWAGRICULTURAL										
- CONTRACTOR	• • • • • •		-							
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES	-									
AV			•	arlv.						

1/ Preliminary.
2/ Reported in value only.
3/ Excludes the number of "other hides and skins", reported in value only.

Table 16 -- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66

<u> </u>			April	1/			July-AD	<u> </u>	
Commodity imported :	Unit:	Quant		Valu	10	Quent		Valu	
SUPPLEMENTARY	unit :			1965		1964-65_1	1965-66 :	1964-65	
		1797		1,000	1.000 :			1,000 <u>dollars</u>	1,000 Collars
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS :	:	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollara	Thousands	Thousands	GOTTOTO	MANAGEM
nimals. live:	:	4.	91	4,888	6,716	466	1,124	37,577	102,93
Cattle, dutiable	No. :	81 2	3	535	798		17	4,947	5,95
Cottle free (for breeding)	No. :			522	1,049		2	7,575	9,19
U-mann	No. :	2 /,	2/ 3/	137	284		3/	938	1.85
Other (including live poultry)	;	3/		6,082	8.847			51.037	119.94
Total animals, live	:			0,002					
Dairy products:			45	ro.	9	: : 573	600	309	32
Butter	Lb. :	88	13	50	•	, ,,,	•••	•	
Change -	:		./0	302	230	_	3,850	1,702	1,93
Blue-mold	Lb. :	598	462		201		2,160	613	73
Chedder	: Lb. :	62	625	3C	201 431		7,359	2,650	3,4
Edem and Gouda	Lb, :	811	944	372 700	433		14,087	9,668	11,8
Pacorino	Lb.	1,079	604	700 906	730		15,331	7,641	B,5
Surface	: Lb. :	1,744	1,365		1,486		35,651	11,982	14.7
Other	:Lb. :	3,600	3,841	1,693	3,511	1 22	78,438	34,256	41,1
Total chaese	: Lb. :	7,894	7,841	4,003			72,852	18,993	22,5
Cassin or lactarene	Lb.	9,124	9,686	2,438	2,454	3/	3/	1,997	3,1
Other	:	: <u>_3/</u>	3/	658_				55,555	67,1
Total dairy products	: :			7,149	6,353				
Hides and skins, raw (except furs):	:					:	4 804	2,579	1.0
Calf skins	t Lb.	521	103	259	73		1,891		2.6
Cattle hides	: Lb.	919	499	162	180		14,835	1,398 10,470	12,1
Goat and kid skins	Lb.	2,744	1,213	2,026	1,092		14,726		34,9
Sheep and lamb skins	Lb.	8,285	7,922	4,580	6,030		53,949	27,428 15,992_	13.7
Other II	; LD.	3.251	2,186	1,498	1,520		25,204	57.867	64.6
Total hides and skins, raw	: Lb.	15,720	11,923	8,525	8,895	112,025	110.605	214801	
hand and made to	:	: :				:			
Meat and meat products: Beef and weal -	:				04 7/5	1 100 314	541,890	156,169	189,5
Fresh chilled, or frozen	: Lb,	: 30,636	57,242	10,230	21,765		99.948	26,091	39
Other	: Lb.	: <u>7.785</u>	7,662	3,001	3,187			182,260	228,
Total beef and weal	: LD.	: <u>38,421</u>	64,904	13,231	24,952			4,940	14,
Mutton, gost, and lamb	Lb.	2,414	8,515	573	2,502	: 20,005	,,,,,,,,	4174-	
Pork -	. 12	3.657	3,882	1,342	1,613	: 33,511	39,734	12,130	17,
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	. Th	20,205	19,427	13.143	14,968			83,528	122,
Hams and shoulders, canned cooked	, ; _D	3.850		2.152	3,120		41,851	17,303	24,1
Other	,; AD,	27,712		16,637	19,701			112,961	163,
Total pork	,; LD.	: 3/	3/	1,813		: 3/	3/	14,638	17,
Sausage casings	·:	7,793		1,484	1,989			14,629	18
Other (including meat extracts)	.;			33,738	51,267	:		329,428	413.
	:	;				:			
Poultry products:	: - Th	1 2/	1,577	1				14	
n 111 a									
Room dried, frozen, otherwise preserved	Do.	. = 42	310	89	198	; 91 6		591	
Eggs, dried, frozen, otherwise preserved . Eggs in the shell	.: Doz.	: 22		1		916 173		1,27 1,032	1,

Table 16 - U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

		 	April	1/			July-Ap	r11_1/	
Commodity imported .	Unit:	Quant		Val:	118	Quant	ity	Valu	16
Supplementary	OUT?	1965	1966	1965	1966	1964-65	1965-66	1964-65 1	1965-66
				1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
Wool, unmenufactured (except free in bond): :		Thousands	Thousands	dollars		Thomsands	Thousands	dollars	<u>dollara</u>
40's to 56's	G.I.b.		5,247	2,727	2,847	26,629	40,037	17,228	22,259
Finer than 56's			18, 6 98	13,406	11,944	113,561	168,662	79,274	105,525
Other wools	G.Lb.		1,641	3,534	1,284		22,724	19.995	18,232
Total wool, unmanufactured	G.Lb.		25,586	19,667	16,075	161,974	231,423	116,497	146,046
10041 BOOL, WEAREN COMMON THREE THREE T						:			
Other animal products:						•			
Bones, hoofs, and horns, unmanufactured:	:	: 3/	3/	116	278		3/	1,665	2,983
Bristles, sorted, bunched, or prepared:		310	308	893	7,166		2,862	9,066	9,295
Fats, oils, greases, edible and inedible:		3/	3/	100		: 3/	2/	1,670	1,459
Feathers, crude	Lb.	264	348	502	4 59		3,290	4,836	5,621
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	613	722	289	371		8,064	2,917	4,149
Hair, unmamufactured	Lb.	965	880	816	568	8,129	8 ,9 81	6,6/3	7,157
Honey	Lb.	2,123	1,310	212	126	7,129	10,527	826	1,049
Other		: 3/	3/	1.194	1,244	: 3/	_3/	9,055	10,835
Total other animal products				4,122	4,290	<u></u>		36,678	42.548
1001 Const minut branch selections						:		_	
Total animals and animal products		· —	,,	79,409	96,136	<u></u>	 _	648.094	<u>885,586</u>
	2	:				:			
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS	:	ŧ				:			
Cotton, unmanufactured (480 lb.):		:				t			
Cotton	Bale	: 4	6	494	797		115	20,649	21,843
Linters	: Bale	: <u>기청</u>	15	360	432		143	3,323	3,686
Total cotton and linters	Bale	19_	21	854_	1,229	: 245	258	24,172	25,529
	3	:				:			
Fruits and preparations:	:			_		:	.	0.000	4 000
Apples, green or ripe (50 lb.)	: Bu.	: 16	17	86	90		384	3,295	1,722
Berries	Lb.	: 14,938	23,895	2,244	4,549		86,731	9,494	17,125
Dates	: Lb.	: 94	28	9	3		29,072	3,573	2,638
Figs	: Lb.	: 1,617	1,813	165	177		19,711	2,065	2,175
Grapes (40 1b.)	Cu.Ft.	: 347	239	747	592		978	2,800	2,001
Melons	: Lb.	: 75,742	49,821	3,116	2,002		121,373	5,437	5,149
Olives in brine	: Gal.	: 1,333	9 01	2,643	1,643	• • • •	9,783	19,554	18,778
Oranges, mandarin, canned	: Lb.	: 8,499	7,182	1,719	1,451		49,934	10,493	10,117
Pineannles, canned, prepared or preserved .:	: Lb.	: 10,834	10,745	1,234	1,250		135,417	13,437	15,513
Pinsapple juice	: Gal.	: 1,193	903	292	245		7,331	2,895	2,004
Other	: —	:_3/	_3/	2,988	1.847			22,895	19,834
Total fruits and preparations	:	:		15,243	13,849	<u>:</u>		95,938	97,056
	:	:				1			
Grains and preparations:	;	:			•			44 000	6.040
Barley grain (48 lb.)	: Bu.	: 119	128	166	176		4,955	11,233	6,919
Barley malt	: Lb.	: 1,843	4,048	90	199		39,914	2,856	1,937
Corn grain (56 lb.)	:Bu.	: 72	46	150	129		754	1,455	1,705
Oats grain (32 lb.)	₄Bu.	: 228	267	221	250		2,798	2,158	2,445
Rice	: Lb.	5,829	2,368	289	101	12,235	54,418	1,111	2,830
Rve grain (56 lb.)	: Bu.	1 124	234	158	50		1,260	2,161	1,171
Wheat grain for domestic use (60 lb.)	:Вu.	: 156	142	309	286		526	1,493	1,051
Wheat flour	: Lb.	: 96	0	1	0		709	3	39
Other	: —	: 3/	_3/	1 270	1,243		3/	13,830	15,658
Total grains and preparations	:			2.654	2,434	<u>: — — </u>		36,300	33,755
0 56									Continued -

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Table 16. — U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

-comported tenturent	. *		Apri	1.1/		·	July-At	oril 1/	Value 4-55 : 1965-66 000 1,000 lers dollars 162 15 7,119 7,03 9,603 31,10 3,372 15,34 6,391 9,28 7,756 6,83 4,403 69,75 6,948 5,72 4,421 4,166 0,861 9,618 8,122 46,692 3,103 11,404 6,386 17,464 5,186 4,500 4,380 4,81 3,492 40,817 2,825 3,841 1,755 2,609 3,072 47,267 1,197 2,624	
SUPPLEMENTARY	: Unit			Va:	lue	: Quan	tity		116	
	<u> </u>	1965	1966	1965	1966	1964-65	1965-66	1964-65	1965_66	
Nuts and preparations: Almonds	t : T.h	: Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars 19	: : <u>Thousands</u>	Thensanda	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollare	
Brezil nuts	• T.h	. 262	518	190	181		286		154	
Cashev nuts	· T.b	: 6,095	6,327	3,227	3,349		20,360			
Coconut meat, fresh, frozen, or prepared	· Lb.	8,495	9,138	1,106	1,267	• • • • •	60,209			
Flatache mute	• T.b.	: 1,890	1,094	1,013	533		113,151			
Uther		: 3/	3/	703	460		17,003 3/		9,286	
Total nuts and preparations	:	:		6.244	5,809					
:	:	:		<u> </u>		·		84,40	69,757	
Oilseeds and products: Oils, edible and inedible -	: :	: :				• :				
Cacao butter	Lb.	: 1,562	885	706	378	14,556	46,053	4 016	e 110a	
Carneuba wax	T.h.	· 1 015	1,186	817	375 :		11,719			
Castor oil	Lb.	: 15,578	6,258	1,372	669		107,449			
Coconut oil	Lb.	51,647	10,387	7,006	1,379		368,328			
Olive oil, edible	Lb.	5,735	4,812	1,749	1,464					
Palm oil	Lb.		3,607	102	368 :		36,739 11,344			
Palm kernel oil	Lb.	8,84.	7,057	1,255	991 :		76,6 96			
Tung oil	T.b.	2,170	2,159	484	450 :					
Other	Lb.	7.070	3.566	1,122	687		20,183 23,371			
Total cils (except essential)	Lb.	95,406	39,917	14,613	6,781		671,882	102 044	4,814	
V1186648		:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			9714271	0/1/002	103,010	99,708	
Copra	Lb.	35,280	50,944	3,326	4,288	536,274	457,577	/3 /02	/n #49	
Segme seed	Lb.	2,791	2,888	385	581 :		23,895		40,017	
Other		:_3/	3/	171	143 :		4/			
Total oilseeds	:			3.882	5,012					
The state of the s					-		 -	40,014	41,401	
Protein meal (oilcake and meal)	Lu.	7,216	11,486	216	333 :		88,383	1 107	2 624	
Total oilsesds and products	 -			18,711	12,126:			152,285	1/0 (00	
B. a.	i				د جند باهند د			174,207	147.277	
Sugar and related products:		:			1					
Cane sugar	S.Tone	327	304	38,561	37,849 :	3,139	3,261	257 2/2	206 001	
Molasses unfit for human consumption	Gal, :	32,633	29,835	3,351	2,249:		208,463			
Other	:	_3/	3/	538	955 :		3/			
Total sugar and related products:	;			42,450	41,053 :			383,190	400,310	
Innatables and announced	:	:			;			2021170	400 510	
epetables and preparations:	_ :	:			:					
Ganned mushrooms	Lb.		1,768	1,153	988 :	7,440	10,161	4.100	5,579	
Canned tomatoes, tomato paste and sauce:	Lb. :	5,880	11,881	717	1,346:		121,730	10,865	13,684	
Fresh or dried -	. :				1	,5.	,,,,,	(0)00,	1),004	
Gucumbers	Lb. :		5,769	350	664 :	74,403	10,206	5,200	5,269	
Garlic	Lb. 1	2,367	2,295	306	384 :	15,335	13,079	1,970	1,769	
Onions	Lb. 4	4,774	9,335	236	484 :	36,937	48,283	1,975	2,964	
Potatoes, white	тр. :		16,389	1,426	581 :	297,362	100,478	8,574	2,793	
Tomatoes, natural state	rp. :	56,221	80,954	6,366	11,696 :		281,294	22,670	41,021	
Turnips and rutabagas	Lb. :	5,321	5,679	139	64 :	92,708	83,904	2,035	1.803	
Pickled vegetables	Tp. :		1,246	318	237 :	15,371	21,676	2,178	2,675	
Tapioca, tapioca flour, and cassava:	Lb. :	36,168	27,645	1,239	921 :	295,966	269,211	9,449	9,044	
Other	:	3/	3/	3,020	3,627 :		3/	25,942	28,584	
Total vegetables and preparations:	:			15,270	20,992 :			94,958	115,185	

Continued -

Table 16.- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, April 1965 and 1966 and July-April 1964-65 and 1965-66 - Continued

	: :		April	1/		Quant	July-Ap	Valu	l 0
Commodity imported	: Unit :		<u>ity :</u> :	Valu	<u> </u>	104 46 4	1965-66	1964-65 1	1965-66
SUPPLEMENTARY	نــــ :	1965	1966 :	1965 +	19661		1707-10	1.000	1,000
	: :			1,000	1,000 :		77aa	dollars	dollara
At	•	Thousands	Thousands	<u>dollara</u>	dollar :	Троизанда	Thousands	15,177	12,783
ther veretable products: Feeds and fodders (except oilcake and meal)		3/	3/	= 1,676	840 t		2/	6,964	7,114
1960s and londers /excels original and	. Th.	356	435	365	361 :	6,484	6,740	7,366	8,101
HopsJute and jute butts, unmanufactured	I. Ton:	. 6	8	1,41 6	1,592 :	45	41		18,183
Jute and jute sutts, unmanutacourse	Gel	1,924	1,755	2,132	1,994:		16,426	18,319	
Malt liquors			3/	284	279 :		3/ 3/	13,950	13,622
Mursery and greenhouse stock		2/	3/	1,195	1,320 :	3/		13,603	15,264
Seeds, field and garden	;	6,391	5,071	982	749 :		56,453	7,265	9,413
Spices	; bu.	. 40 Det2	16,413	9,555	11,652 :		144,974	102,954	104,553
Tobacco, unmanufactured	1 4D.	: 13,773	4 220	5,673	5,387	13,401	14,682	53,511	61,138
Wings	· uale	ت بهور	1,270	1,052	650 :	3/	3/	8,710	7.117
Allan	:	:_3/	_1/	24,330	24,824			248,019	257,288
Total other vegetable products	· -	·		-41779					
	:	1		125,756	122,316			1,099,265	1.148.479
Total vegetable products	: —	:		147,770	124.57.14				
	:	1		205 4f F	218.452	·		1.747.359	2,034,065
TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	.:	: - _		205,165	215,432	<u>. </u>			
		:				•			
COMPLEMENTARY		1					2,864,331	129,932	135,83
Bananas	.÷∴b.	334,101	254,411	15,394	12,279	2,860,583		908,328	999,66
Coffee (including into Puerto Rico)	T.h		260,106	84,035		2,237,588	2,680,957	3,559	3,81
Coffee (including into fuerto acco)	. Th	203	496	243	524		3,399	97,343	115,17
Coffee essences, substitutes and adulterants	7.5	57,174	65,347	9,205	10,065	: 476,389	831,141		14,62
Gocoa or cacao beans	. Th		8,732	1,444	808		102,125	18,300	20,71
Cocoa and chocolate, prepared	, a mp.			2,487	2,396	: 3/	3/	17,982	
Para bombe monte ato	.:	¥ 2/	3/ 3/	2 454	2,348	1 3/	3/	22,240	26,16
Presential or distilled oils	.;	• 21	2 ² 11	2,619	1,824		141	25,953	26,07
Piboso immeriifactiirad	*: P*101	3; ,-	99,301	24,042	18,730	: 833,901	867,314	162,201	152,76
Dubban awida	. LuD.	1103241	372	1,278	2,390		3.254	16,876	19,35
Cill was	. 2 1010			4,334	3,060		86,040	32,630	40,11
Cmi and	. Juy.	, ,,,,,,,,	8,522		6,188		113,675	47,803	50,56
Ton.	4 TIVA		13,778	7,385			119,146	62,880	61,11
Wool, unmanufactured (free in bond)	G.Lb	.: 13,956	12,146	7,444	6,137		2/	10,084	9,23
Other complementary agricultural products	.: —	: 3/		939	561	: 3/		10 10 10	
Ofper combiementary server program broaders	1	:				:		1,556,111	1.675.20
TOTAL COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	.:			163,303	164,532	<u>:</u>		1927	
TOTAL GOTTLEMENTAL INTOICE	:	:				1			
		:			-A- 64.	•		3,303,470	3.709.27
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL DAPORTS		1		368,468	382,984	<u>:</u>		79,0794,0	
MARY Engloduthings torogra effective	•	•				:			45 305 00
	•	:		1,452,193	1,627,782	:		12,835,924	7,202,86
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL IMPORTS	—	1				:			
	:	i .		1,820,661	2,010,766	:		16,139,394	19,095,16
TOTAL IMPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES		:		1,020,001	-14,44,464				

^{1/} Freliminary.
2/ Less than 500.
3/ Reported in value only.
4/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", reported in pieces only.

Table 17.-- U. S. agricultural exports and imports (for consumption): Value by country, July-April 1963-66

		Agricul	tural	:	•	:Agricultural			
Country	:	: Imports :			Country	: Imports			
	Exports :	Total	Comple-: mentary:	• •	соштагу	Exports :	Total	Comple-: mentary:	
		- Thousand	dollars	 [:	Surope - Continued: :		Thousand	iollars -	
Greenland:	. 0	- 6	0	6:	Norway	39.741	2,274	- 66	2,208
Canada:	496,431	215,600	7,857	207,743:	Denmark:	69,751	83,401	224	83,17
Miquelon and St. Pierre Is:		1	1	0:	United Kingdom:	381,524	22,458	7,088	15,370
•				:	Ireland	23,709	9,359	1,183	8,176
Latin American Republics: :				:	Netherlands:	437,566	78,890	9,152	69,738
Mexico	72,510	249,849	62,374	187,475:	Belgium and Luxembourg:	159,768	10,314	1,227	9,087
Guatemala:		61.068	53,024	8,044:	Unidentified W. Europe 1/ .:	0		· -	`
El Salvador		34,162	31,131	3.031:	France:	121,138	57.558	6,863	50,695
Honduras		54,630	49,750	4,880;	West Germany:	406,465	35,061	2,373	32,688
Nicaragua		25,107	13.061	12,046:	East Germany	15,766	212	. 0	212
Costa Rica	,	42,004	33,356	8,648:	Austria	13,575	2,156	64	2,092
Panama		33,692	31,961	1,731:	Czechoslovakia:	35,616	1,842	12	1,830
Ouba		1,983	0	1,983:	Hungary	5,886	502	1.03	399
Heiti		11,437	7,934	3,503:	Switzerland	58,424	10,708	1,463	9,245
Dominican Republic		74,813	20,950	53,863:	Finland	15,323	1,332	28	1,30
Colombia		186,921	178,905	8,016	Estonia	~,,,~	2,7,2	0	_,,,,,
Venezuela		16,739	16,083	656:	Latvia	ű	ñ	ŏ	à
Ecuador		81,234	74,459	6,775:	Lithuania	ň	ž	ž	ć
Peru		70,328	21,792	48,536:	Poland and Danzig	27,889	33,947	169	33,778
Bolivia		1,937	620	, ,	U.S.S.R. (Russia)	19,330	2,400	718	1,682
	. ,		130	1,317:	Azores	559	163	0	163
Chile		5,669		5,539	Spain		38,008	1,752	36,256
		405,051	329,101	75,950		169,498		168	8,491
Paraguay		10,465	2,359	8,106:	Portugal	21,726	8,659		0,471
Graguey		26,393	93	26,300:	Gibraltar	1 <u>/1</u> 853	50 0	43 0	ŕ
Argentina		79,983	17,419	62,564:	Malta and Gozo			7,640	57 DIE
Total L. A. Republics:	389,284	1,473,465	944,502	<u>528,963</u> :	Italy	243,662	64,685	سيدار، 2	57,045
	i			•	Free Terr. of Trieste:	24	30.005		10 (5)
Other Latin America:				:	Yugoslavia:	97,747	19,295	641	18,654
British Honduras		806	327	479:		133	108	67	لبة
Canal Zone		195	195	0:		28,981	31,655	428	31,227
Bermuda		31	Ō	31.	Tumania	3,145	517	85	432
Bahamas		1,725	. 5	1,720	julgaria:	1,805	1,634	355	1,279
Jamaica		12,449	1,962	10,487:	Turkey:	22,986	58,860	1,943	56,917
Leeward and Windward Is:		1,813	1,239	574:	Cyprus	710	932	381	553
Barbados	1,862	1,945	0	1,945:	:				
Trinidad and Tobago		4,191	1,552	2,639:	Total Europe:	2,471,533	580,393	44,819	535,574
Notherlands Antilles	9,027	94	69	25;	:				
French West Indies	1,861	4,953	642	4,311:	<u>Asia</u> : :				
British Guiana	3,373	3,221	42	3,179:	Syrian Arab Republic:	1,163	2,495	್ಕ್ರಂಗ್ರ	420
Surinam	2,913	276	276	0;	Lebanon:	20,916	4,278	,300	2,978
Prench Guiana	114	61	50	11:	Iraq:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	2,205	3,869	2,318	1,551
Falkland Islands	: 8	4	0	4	Iran:	34,681	15,614	1,009	14,60
					Israel:	63,122	1,957	314	1,643
Total Latin America	457,667	1,505,229	950,861	554,368:		7,440	20	19	
					Gaza Strip	13	13	ó	13
Europe:	1			:	Kuwait	4,957	ō	0	Č
Iceland	4,153	549	357	192:	Saudi Arabia	17,087	0	0	Q
Sweden		2,859	222	2,637:			1,276	1,260	16
		~,~,,					-3	-	ontinued -

Table 17.-- U. S. agricultural exports and imports (for consumption): Value by country, July-April 1965-65 - Continued

	1					Agricultural			
(buntry	Agricultural : Imports					:Imports			
	Exports :		Comple-:	Supple-	Country	Exports :	Total :	Comple- :	
	Exports :	Total		mentary:					mentary
Asia - Continueu: :	<u>-</u>	- Thousand	dollars		ifrice - Continued:		Thousand d	oliars O	1
Aden	1,361	30	- O	30:		9,167	1	228	0
Bahrain	1,141	0	0	0:	Other Spanish Africa:	290	228	12,505	533
Afghanistan	5,039	2,600	35	2,565:	Federal Rep. of Cameroon .:	1,016	3,038ء 17	17	٥
Incia	467,840	65,530	24,773	40,757:	Central African Republic .:	4	206	206	ŏ
Goa, Damao, and Diu:	0	0	0	0:	Gabon	97 28	200	200	5
Pakistan	76,026	13,923	3,572	10,351:			28	n	28
Nepal	32	2	0	2:	Senegal:	6,074	10,004	9,977	27
Ceylon	2,428	28,378	28,350	28:	Guinea	5,510	•	35,747	780
Burma	2,668	168	0	168:	Ivory Coast:	3,180	36,527 931	921	10
Theiland:	16,372	13,920	6,033	7,887:	Togo	439	634	154	480
Viet-Nam	80,342	970	679	291:		1,478 6,135	31,425	30,808	617
LEOS	627	416	416	0;	Ghana	8 ,2 20	37,996	34,239	3,757
Cambodia:	403	1,634	1,631	3:		1,631	1,268	1,258	10
Malaysia:	14,738	59,829	56,798	3,031:		55	2,200	2	-0
Indonesia	2,377	106,009	102,907	3,102:		77	139	ō	139
Philippines	59,712	248,574		240,091:		7 010	48,952	48,630	322
Macao	315	52		16:		110	819	815	4
Other S. and S.E. Asia:		255		21:		- 105	52,528	52,524	À
China:	0	0		0:			13,731	9,890	3,841
Outer Mongolia		2,292		2,236:			18,403	18,369	34
North Korea:		0		0: 762:		ent	287	Ó	287
Korea, Republic of:	73,219	7,539		1,673:			42,300	40,067	2,233
Hong Kong:		1,880		19,459:	•		309	297	12
Taiwan		23,599		20,465:		100	40,901	40,767	134
Japan		30,049		.رنبورن :0			9,214	8,767	447
Nansei and Nanpo Islands .:	18,363	18		 ;	Tanzania (formerly Tangan-	-			
	1 420 007	637,189	263,024	374,165			7,324	7,012	31.2
Total Asia:	1,830,007	03/1703	207.024	714,142	Seychelles and Depend	*	266	264	2
	•				Mauritius and Depend		2,077	25	2,052
Australia and Oceania:	34,888	201,399	619	200,780			3,466	877	2,589
Austrelia		3,305		0:		: B15	22,009	20,641	1,368
New Guinea		114,704		89,414:			33,832	2,570	31,262
New Zealand and W. Samos .:		5,919		5,863:			1,400	738	662
British W. Pacific Is		154		1:					
French Pacific Islands	1 7/0	200		0:		277,905	445,374	379,223	66,151
Trust Terr. of Facific Is.	1,102		 -			•			
Total Australia and	46,585	325,481	. 29,423	296,058	:Total all countries	5,580,149	3,709,273	1,675,208	2,034,065
Oceania	40,505	2-2,14			1	:			
10-1	• •			:	E. E. C. (Common Market):	:			
Africa: Morecco	18,906	1,892	2 665	1,227		: 437,566	78,890	9,152	69,738
MOTOCCO	: 14,715	177	-	87			10,314	1,227	9,087
Algeria	11,087	525		525			57,558	6,863	50,695
Tunisia	•		•	2	:	: 406,465	35,061	2,373	
Libya		11,440	·		Itely	: 243,662	64,685	7,640	
Sudan						: 1,368,599	246,508	27,255	219,25
DUCEN	مهمريه د	2,01.							

^{1/} Not available by countries.

Explanatory Note

U.S. foreign agricultural trade statistics in this report include official U.S. data based on compilations of the Bureau of the Census. Agricultural commodities consist of (1) nonmarine food products and (2) other products of agriculture which have not passed through complex processes of manufacture such as raw hides and skins, fats and oils, and wine. Such manufactured products as textiles, leather, boots and shoes, cigarettes, naval stores, forestry products, and distilled alcoholic beverages are not considered agricultural.

The trade statistics exclude shipments between the 50 States and Puerto Rico, between the 50 States and the island possessions, between Puerto Rico and the island possessions, among the island possessions, and intransit through the United States from one foreign country to another when documented as such through U.S. Customs.

EXPORTS The export statistics also exclude shipments to the U.S. armed forces for their own use and supplies for vessels and planes engaged in foreign trade. Data on shipments valued at less than \$100 are not compiled by commodity and are excluded from agricultural statistics but are reflected in nonagricultural and overall export totals in this report. The agricultural export statistics include shipments under P.L. 87-195 (Act for International Development), principally sales for foreign currency; under P.L. 83-480 (Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act), and related laws; and involving Government payments to exporters. (USDA payments are excluded from the export value.) Separate statistics on Government program exports are compiled by USDA from data obtained from operating agencies.

The export value, the value at the port of exportation, is based on the selling price (or cost if not sold) and includes inland freight, insurance, and other charges to the port. The country of destination is the country of ultimate destination or where the commodities are to be consumed, further processed, or manufactured. When the shipper does not know the ultimate destination, the shipments are credited to the last country, as known to him at time of shipment from the United States, to which the commodities are to be shipped in their present form. Except for Canada, export shipments valued \$100-\$1,999 are included on the basis of sampling estimates; shipments to Canada valued \$100-\$1,999 are sampled.

Imports for consumption consist of commodities released from U.S. Customs custody upon arrival, or entered into bonded manufacturing warehouse, or withdrawn from bonded storage warehouse for consumption. The agricultural statistics exclude low-value shipments from countries not identified because of illegible reporting, but they are reflected in nonagricultural and overall import totals in this report.

The import value, defined generally as the market value in the foreign country, excludes import duties, ocean freight, and marine insurance. The country of origin is defined as the country where the commodities were grown or processed. Where the country of origin is not known, the imports are credited to the country of someont.

Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary, or partly competitive. All other commodities are complementary, or noncompetitive.

Further explanatory material on foreign trade statistics and compilation procedures of the Bureau of the Census is contained in the publications of that agency.

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