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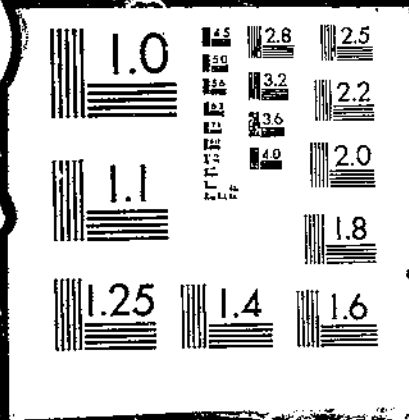
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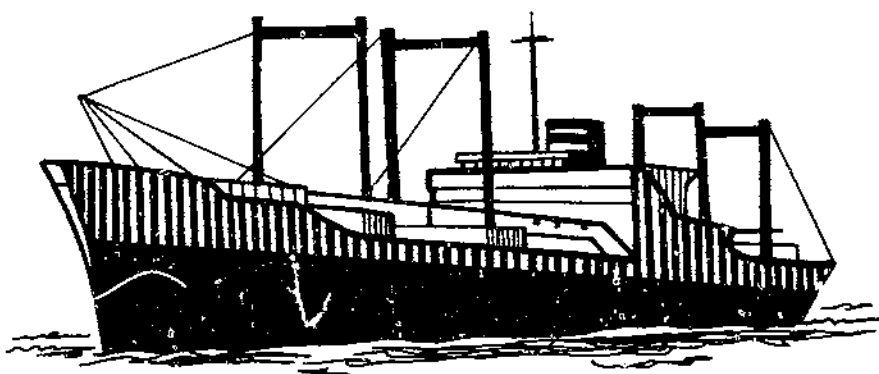
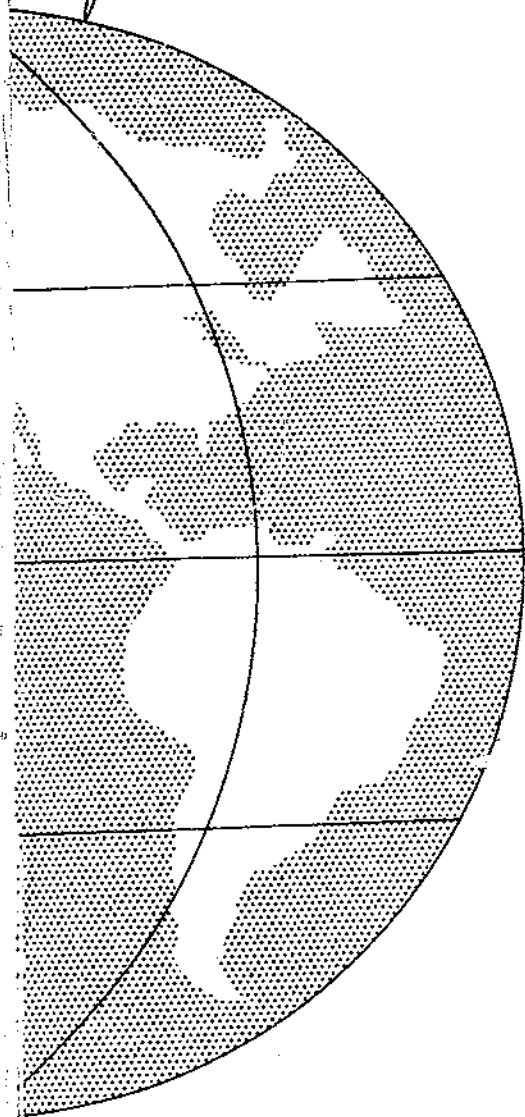
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TRADE

OF THE UNITED STATES



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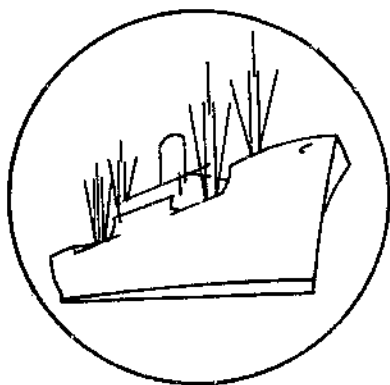
- Agricultural Trade and Balance-of-Payments with OECD Countries
- Agricultural Imports by Country, Fiscal Years 1958-63
- Import Fact Sheet, Fiscal Year 1963
- Export Highlights, July-January
- Trade Statistics, July-December

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Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch
Development and Trade Analysis Division
Economic Research Service



FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES

Digest

The U.S. balance of payments is improving, particularly with the other countries making up the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). This results from successful U.S. cooperation with and by these countries on payments and financial problems, and on international trade. Of immediate importance to our payments balance is access to major commercial markets abroad for U.S. agricultural products. One customs and economic trading union within OECD -- the European Economic Community (EEC) or Common Market -- has already emerged. It is imposing a system of common external tariffs and levies against some products of traditional agricultural exporting countries, including the United States. U.S. exports of certain agricultural products declined 25 percent in 1 year to this market. Further contraction of this market for U.S. products is possible. Restrictive agricultural trade policies, if expanded by the EEC and other OECD countries, could offset gains achieved through past and present cooperative efforts between the United States and other OECD countries to alleviate the U.S. payments problem.

* * * * *

U.S. agricultural imports have changed little since fiscal year 1958. They totaled \$3.9 billion in 1963, compared with \$3.8 billion a year earlier, and were equal to the 1958 figure. However, the originating countries of these agricultural imports have changed gradually. While Latin America continues to be the main source, imports from this area have declined both in total amount and in relative importance. Imports from Canada have declined slightly. On the other hand, takings from Asia and Africa since 1958 have shown a gradual increase. Asia now accounts for nearly one-fifth of U.S. agricultural imports, and Africa, for one-tenth. Imports from Oceania and Europe have also increased.

* * * * *

The Import Fact Sheet is presented for fiscal year 1963. The Fact Sheet summarizes important elements indicating the size and importance of U.S. agricultural imports. In addition, import restrictions are discussed.

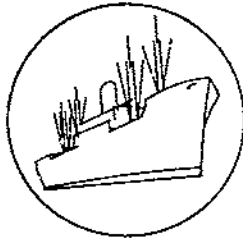
On February 17, 1964, the Secretary of Agriculture announced the signing of agreements between the United States and Australia and New Zealand to limit exports of beef, veal and mutton to the U.S. market this year through 1966.

In the latter year renegotiation of the agreements will be undertaken. Both agreements are of indefinite duration, but may be terminated by either party upon at least 6 months' notice prior to the end of any calendar year. On February 25 a meat agreement was signed between the United States and Ireland along the same line as the agreements with Australia and New Zealand. In announcing the agreements, Secretary of Agriculture Orville L. Freeman stated: "Livestock producers in the United States are now assured that imports of beef, veal, and mutton this year will be limited to approximately the 1962-63 average level, about 5 percent below the record of 1963. Future expansion of beef imports will be far below recent levels. This is the most important result of the agreements."

* * * * *

July-January agricultural exports totaled an estimated \$3,525 million in fiscal year 1963-64, up one-third from \$2,662 million a year earlier. Exports in these 7 months were at an annual rate of slightly over \$6 billion. The increase resulted from significant gains in wheat, cotton, feed grains, soybeans, animal fats, dairy products, and rice. Smaller gains for lard, protein meal, vegetables, and other products also helped. Value declines were noted for such commodities as hides and skins, oats, barley, rye, flaxseed, and vegetable oils.

U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) in July-December 1963 (latest period for which data are available) rose to \$666 million from \$566 million a year earlier. Variable-levy commodities advanced to \$216 million from \$188 million. Commodities not subject to variable levies advanced to \$450 million from \$378 million. Classification of exports into those not subject to variable levies and those subject to variable levies, listed in this report, is designed to show the overall change in trade rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies on exports.



SPECIAL in this issue

U.S. AGRICULTURAL TRADE AND BALANCE OF PAYMENTS WITH OECD COUNTRIES

by

McGehee H. Spears ^{1/}

The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) is comprised of the 6 member countries of the European Economic Community (EEC); the 7 member countries of the European Free Trade Association (EFTA); 7 other member countries including Canada and the United States; and 3 special status countries -- Finland, Japan, and Yugoslavia. ^{2/} These countries, as a group, represent the most important overseas markets for U.S. agricultural products and nonagricultural goods. In recent years markets in these countries took more than half the total value of this Nation's exports of both agricultural and nonagricultural goods. While agricultural exports to OECD countries represented about 15 percent of total U.S. merchandise exports (\$20.5 billion in 1962), the absence of any comparable magnitude of agricultural imports from these countries results in a most favorable U.S. agricultural trade balance with the area. In each of the years 1960, 1961 and 1962, net earnings on agricultural trade with OECD countries totaled around \$2.0 billion and represented two-thirds of total net earnings from all merchandise trade with this group of countries. The importance of the OECD markets for U.S. agricultural products emphasizes the need for continued access to these markets as one means of improving the U.S. balance of payments. The OECD, as an organizational unit, is an important forum where trade and payments problems can be discussed and corrective policies coordinated among the world's leading trading nations.

The Make-Up and Purpose of OECD

The OECD was officially established on September 30, 1961. It succeeded the Organization for European Economic Cooperation (OEEC) which had been formed in 1948 for the purpose of administering Marshall Plan aid and coordinating European recovery.

^{1/} Assistant Chief, International Monetary Branch, Development and Trade Analysis Division, ERS.

^{2/} Finland may have an observer at meetings on maritime transport, timber, pulp and paper, industry and machinery discussions. The Council of OECD voted unanimously in July 1963 to invite Japan to full membership; at this time Japan's admission as a full member is not effective. Japan as a member of the OEEC Development and Assistance Group carried over its membership to the OECD's Development Assistance Committee when the latter was established in 1961. In this paper trade data for Japan are shown but are not discussed in the context of overall United States trade and balance of payments trends with OECD countries. Yugoslavia is a member of certain OECD committee discussions and has observer status in other activities.

The OECD, like its predecessor, continues to be an important forum for international consultations and cooperation among the industrialized countries of Western Europe, Japan, and North America. While Canada and the United States were associate members of OEEC, they are full members of OECD.

The forum seeks: Cooperation among countries with respect to common objectives of economic growth; cooperation in, and coordination of, financial and monetary policies; cooperative extension of economic assistance to developing nations; and the examination of specialized topics in agriculture, science, technology and productivity; and other economic activities. ^{3/}

Numerous activities are in progress. For example, Economic Policy Committee, with 2 working parties, directs its efforts towards policies for promoting economic growth and balance of payments equilibrium. The Development Assistance Committee coordinates economic assistance to developing nations. The Economic Development and Review Committee annually reviews economic conditions in member and special status countries. U.S. participation is based on the recognition that coordinated actions designed to invigorate economic growth and improve payments relationships among countries are dependent upon understanding and cooperation among OECD countries, and between these countries and the developing nations.

The OECD countries may be classified broadly into two groups -- member and special status countries. They may also be classified according to their status as members and associate members of the EEC, EFTA, and as countries not associated with either of these regional organizations. Present OECD countries, grouped according to member affiliation with the EEC and EFTA and associated or independent of these regional organizations, are shown in table 1.

EFTA was established in 1960 as a free trade association committed to coordinating trade policies and gradually eliminating restrictions on trade between member countries by December 31, 1966. As of January 1, 1964, tariffs on industrial goods traded between member countries were 60 percent below 1960 levels.

The EEC is a customs and economic union established by the Treaty of Rome in 1957. It is committed also to dismantling tariffs and restrictions on intra-community trade. During the first EEC transitional period completed on December 31, 1961, initial steps were taken to merge the industrial sectors of the member countries and to reduce internal tariffs and abolish quota restrictions on the intra-trade of industrial goods. Decisions on merging agricultural policies and resolving agricultural trade issues were deferred during the first transition phase. Agriculture is presently under a Common Agricultural Policy instituted at the start of the second phase. By the end of 1967 two years ahead of the original date, tariffs and other restrictions on intra-community trade are to be eliminated.

^{3/} For an extensive discussion of OECD aims and organization structure see The OECD Handbook. 1963.

Table 1.--U.S. agricultural exports to Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development countries: Value by country, average 1957-59, annual 1960-62 and January-June 1963 ^{1/}

Item	1957-59 average	1960	1961	1962	January- June 1963
-- Million U.S. dollars --					
<u>OECD countries 2/</u>					
<u>European Economic Community</u>					
EEC 3/.....	123	137	120	132	55
France.....	78	128	112	86	45
Germany.....	334	355	371	391	162
Italy.....	157	159	236	176	88
Netherlands.....	254	320	318	366	154
Total.....	947	1,099	1,157	1,151	503
<u>European Free Trade Assn.</u>					
Austria.....	24	25	20	23	8
Denmark.....	48	55	49	64	36
Norway.....	28	33	31	39	22
Portugal.....	12	15	20	24	8
Sweden.....	43	46	48	47	13
Switzerland.....	45	54	63	62	22
United Kingdom.....	445	510	431	408	149
Total.....	645	738	662	666	258
<u>Other OECD countries</u>					
Canada.....	361	432	491	512	262
Finland 4/5/.....	10	13	15	16	10
Greece 6/.....	29	16	34	18	16
Iceland.....	3	3	3	3	1
Ireland.....	15	20	22	36	9
Spain.....	111	113	154	98	81
Turkey.....	50	36	70	81	35
Yugoslavia 5/.....	108	34	86	86	102
Total.....	687	667	875	850	516
<u>Total OECD countries 2/</u>	2,279	2,503	2,694	2,667	1,277
Japan 5/.....	383	485	554	481	283
Other.....	1,441	1,836	1,782	1,883	1,058
<u>Total agricultural exports.....</u>	4,103	4,824	5,030	5,031	2,618

1/ The United States is a member of OECD.

2/ Excludes Japan.

3/ Belgium-Luxembourg Economic Union.

4/ Associate member of EFTA since 1961.

5/ OECD special status country.

6/ Associate of EEC since 1962.

Details may not always add to totals due to rounding.

Source: Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States. ERS, November-December 1963.

Agreement was reached by EEC member countries in January 1962 on the first steps leading toward a common agricultural policy for agricultural products. Effective July 30, 1962, the first community-wide regulations were issued for the following agricultural commodities: Wheat, feed grains, flour, poultry and eggs, fruits and vegetables, live hogs, whole hog carcasses, and wine. In December 1963, agreement was reached on the basic elements of instituting EEC common agricultural policies for rice, beef and veal, dairy products and vegetable oils and oilseeds; detailed regulations putting these policies into effect have not been issued but in the process of establishing such regulations questions of pricing, production, marketing and trade between EEC countries and with third countries must be resolved. ^{4/}

Unlike the EEC where common external tariffs and levies are being established against third country suppliers, the EFTA member countries each retain their respective external tariffs and levies on imports from nonmember countries. Although no EFTA prohibitions on agricultural imports from nonmember suppliers have been developed in common, special arrangements have been made for certain agricultural products of member countries to be treated as industrial goods; thus these specific agricultural products benefit from general tariff cuts. These arrangements are made to facilitate overall trade objectives among EFTA countries and for the benefit of those EFTA countries heavily dependent upon exporting agricultural products to other member countries.

U.S. Agricultural Exports to OECD Countries

The member and special status countries of OECD are, as a group, the major market for exports of U.S. agricultural products (see table 1). Agricultural exports to these countries, excluding Japan, averaged \$2.3 billion annually from 1957 through 1959. They totaled \$2.5 billion in 1960, and over \$2.6 billion in both 1961 and 1962. These exports to OECD countries represented over one-half of all U.S. agricultural exports entering world trade in these respective years.

This group of countries represents the major overseas commercial markets for U.S. agricultural products. Except for agricultural exports to Austria, Greece, Turkey, and Yugoslavia, most exports to each OECD country were sold for dollars and moved outside U.S. Government-financed export programs such as P.L. 480. In 1962, agricultural exports to several OECD countries financed under U.S. Government export programs were mostly donated or bartered while exports sold for foreign currencies under P.L. 480 were confined almost exclusively to 3 countries -- Greece, Turkey, and Yugoslavia. Shipments under specified U.S. Government export programs to OECD countries as a group were less than \$300 million in 1962 compared to commercial sales of over \$2.4 billion.

The EEC member countries as a group imported U.S. agricultural products valued at \$1.2 billion in 1962. This was about 20 percent above what they imported 5 years ago, but \$6 million less than in 1961. January-June imports totaled \$503 million in 1963 compared with \$585 million in 1962.

^{4/} Stuart Lerner, "The EEC Rounds Out Its Common Agricultural Policies" Foreign Agriculture, FAS, March 2, 1964, pp. 3-5, and Irwin R. Hedges, The European Common Market and U.S. Agriculture, FAS, December 1962.

The EFTA member countries, as a group, imported \$666 million of U.S. agricultural products in 1962. The United Kingdom imported over 60 percent of agricultural products exported to the EFTA group and is the third leading market for U.S. agricultural exports. The remaining 8 OECD countries, excluding Japan, imported \$850 million -- the principal markets being Canada, Spain, Turkey and Yugoslavia. Exports to the latter 2 countries were sold primarily under Title I, P.L. 480 in exchange for foreign currencies. Canada, in 1962, was the largest importer of U.S. agricultural products (\$512 million). Exports to Japan totaled \$481 million in 1962 compared with \$554 million in 1961; Japan was the second largest recipient of U.S. agricultural products in 1962. ^{5/}

On July 30, 1962, the EEC imposed a common external tariff (the variable import levies) against imports of certain agricultural products. Since then, exports of U.S. agricultural products subject to these levies declined \$115 million, or 25 percent, in fiscal year 1963 compared to similar exports in the previous year. These levies, though not effective during fiscal 1962, were effective for almost all of fiscal 1963. U.S. agricultural exports to EEC member countries as a group and not subject to variable levies totaled \$715 million and \$716 million in these respective years. ^{6/}

The significance of the OECD markets for U.S. agricultural products lies in the favorable impact such exports have on the U.S. trade balance. While the U.S. merchandise trade balance with OECD countries as a group is traditionally in surplus (over \$3 billion in each of the years 1960, 1961, and 1962), the agricultural trade surplus was a most important part of this record of net trade earnings. In 1962, agricultural trade surplus with OECD countries accounted for almost two-thirds of the \$3 billion merchandise trade surplus with these countries. Net earnings from U.S. agricultural trade are one of the major factors in improving the U.S. balance of payments with the OECD countries as well as in other areas.

In 1961, the balance on merchandise trade with all areas, including net earnings on agricultural trade, reached a record high of \$5.4 billion compared with \$4.7 billion in 1960 and \$4.3 billion in 1962 (table 2). The balance was \$2.5 billion for the first half of 1963. Net receipts on merchandise trade with the OECD countries were mainly responsible for these record net trade earnings in 1957 through the first half of 1963. Net receipts from U.S. agricultural trade with OECD countries totaled \$2 billion in 1961 and 1962, respectively, or almost a third of a billion dollars more than average net receipts for the period 1957 through 1959. Although U.S. nonagricultural trade with OECD countries far surpasses in magnitude the value of agricultural trade with these countries, net earnings on nonagricultural trade were particularly low during 1957-59, averaging \$0.7 billion. But, in each of the years 1960, 1961 and 1962, net earnings averaged over \$1.3 billion. Net receipts on nonagricultural

^{5/} Alex D. Angelidis and Dewain H. Rahe, "Regional Distribution of Exports," Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States, ERS, November-December 1963.

^{6/} Dewain H. Rahe, "U.S. Agricultural Exports Up to Asia and Latin America but Down Elsewhere in 1962-63," Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States, ERS, January 1964.

Table 2.--U.S. merchandise trade balance: Value by area, average 1957-59, annual 1960-62, and January-June 1963 ^{1/}

Item	1957-59 average	1960	1961	1962	January- June 1963
-- Million U.S. dollars --					
<u>All areas</u>					
Merchandise trade balance.....	3,461	4,735	5,416	4,334	2,482
Agricultural trade, net.....	135	999	1,340	1,155	699
Nonagricultural trade, net...	3,326	3,736	4,076	3,179	1,783
<u>OECD countries</u>					
Merchandise trade balance.....	2,367	3,391	3,390	3,013	1,753
Agricultural trade, net.....	1,634	1,863	2,014	1,969	951
Nonagricultural trade, net...	733	1,528	1,376	1,044	802
<u>Rest of world</u>					
Merchandise trade balance.....	1,094	1,344	2,026	1,321	731
Agricultural trade, net.....	-1,499	-864	-676	-814	-252
Nonagricultural trade, net...	2,593	2,208	2,700	2,135	983

^{1/} Excludes military grant aid.

Details may not always add to totals due to rounding.

Sources: Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States. ERS, November-December 1963. Balance of Payments Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business (Revised Edition), 1963. Survey of Current Business. U.S. Department of Commerce. June, September and December 1963.

trade with the rest of the world averaged over \$2.4 billion during the period 1957 through 1962. Net receipts on nonagricultural trade or those net earnings on agricultural trade with OECD countries were more than adequate to cover agricultural trade deficits with the rest of the world over the same period.

U.S. Balance of Payments with OECD Countries

The U.S. balance on recorded transactions with the OECD member and special status countries, excluding Japan, improved markedly in 1962 and was in surplus by \$1.3 billion compared to a surplus of \$719 million in 1961. The recorded balance was in deficit by \$863 million in 1960 and averaged this same amount for the period 1957-59 (table 3). In 1962, the reduction in U.S. monetary reserve assets and the increase in liquid liabilities to OECD countries totaled \$739 million; this was an improvement over the \$2.2 billion in 1961; \$2.6 billion in 1960, and an annual average of \$2.1 billion for the 1957-59 period. For the first time in a decade, in 1962, U.S. short-term dollar liabilities to OECD countries did not increase but diminished by \$195 million; a decrease in dollar liabilities to the European OECD countries of \$717 million was offset by a rise in dollar liabilities to Canada of \$522 million. The largest annual increase in such dollar liabilities occurred in 1959 and 1961,

Table 3.--U.S. balance of payments: OECD countries and all areas, average
1957-59, annual 1960-62, and January-September 1963 1/

Item	1957-59 average	1960	1961	1962	January- September 1963
-- Million dollars --					
OECD countries 2/:					
Receipts, total.....	12,945	14,541	15,911	17,344	12,467
Exports of goods and services.....	12,180	14,023	14,549	15,552	11,800
Repayments on U.S. Government loans.....	390	297	915	898	393
Foreign long-term investments in U.S., net.....	375	221	447	3/ 894	3/ 274
Payments, total.....	-13,808	-15,404	-15,192	-16,062	-13,041
Imports of goods and services.....	11,375	12,380	12,252	13,439	10,381
Private remittances, pensions, other transfers, net.....	357	265	278	291	213
U.S. private capital, net.....	1,413	2,366	2,171	1,892	2,053
U.S. Government capital and economic grants, net.....	664	393	491	440	395
Balance on recorded transactions.....	-863	-863	719	1,282	-574
Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas, receipts by area (-)....	-1,206	-1,756	-2,909	-2,021	-1,101
Reduction in monetary reserve assets and increase in liquid liabilities.....	-2,068	-2,619	-2,190	-739	-1,674
Decrease (-) in U.S. monetary assets.....	-1,027	-1,718	-636	-934	-338
Increase (-) in liquid liabilities.....	-1,041	-901	-1,554	195	-659
Increase (-) in foreign holdings of special U.S. Government securities 4/.....	---	---	---	---	-677
All areas					
Receipts, total.....	25,550	27,976	30,313	32,093	23,945
Exports of goods and services.....	24,341	26,974	28,311	29,790	22,873
Repayments on U.S. Government loans.....	752	636	1,274	1,283	721
Foreign long-term investments in U.S., net.....	457	366	728	3/ 1,020	3/ 351
Payments, total.....	-28,488	-31,174	-31,778	-33,254	-26,336
Imports of goods and services.....	21,652	23,205	22,867	24,964	19,402
Private remittances, pensions, other transfers, net.....	738	672	705	736	597
U.S. private capital, net.....	2,963	3,892	4,150	3,273	2,974
U.S. Government capital and economic grants, net.....	3,135	3,405	4,056	4,281	3,363
Balance on recorded transactions.....	-2,938	-3,198	-1,465	-1,161	-2,391
Errors and omissions, net.....	686	-683	-905	-1,025	-64
Overall balance: Reduction in monetary reserve assets and increase in liquid liabilities.....	-2,252	-3,881	-2,370	-2,186	-2,455
Decrease (-) in U.S. monetary assets.....	-736	-2,443	-606	-1,533	-382
Increase (-) in liquid liabilities.....	-1,515	-1,438	-1,764	-653	-1,396
Increase (-) in foreign holdings of special U.S. Government securities 4/.....	---	---	---	---	-677

1/ Excludes military grant aid.

2/ Balance of payments transactions with the OECD countries, except Japan, as listed in table 1, above; also includes transactions with the Vatican City, Bank for International Settlements, European Coal and Steel Community, European Payments Union, European Productivity Agency and the Organization for European Economic Cooperation.

3/ Includes purchases by foreign central banks and Governments of U.S. Government nonmarketable medium term nonconvertible securities denominated in foreign currencies and dollars.

4/ U.S. Government nonmarketable medium term convertible securities denominated in foreign currencies and dollars.

Source: Balance of Payments Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business (Revised Edition), 1963. Survey of Current Business, U.S. Department of Commerce, June, September and December 1963.

rising \$1.6 billion in each year. U.S. monetary reserve assets declined by \$934 million in 1962.

This improvement in the U.S. payments balance with the OECD area reflects the advantages of continuing consultations and cooperation between the major industrialized countries on mutually advantageous financial and monetary policies, and the efforts made by the United States to minimize the disequilibrating effects of large balance of payments deficits on the world's trade and financial system.

Measures taken by the United States to correct its payments imbalance recognize the importance of U.S. transactions with the OECD countries as being most important to correcting the problem.

These measures range from influencing certain international transactions of the U.S. Government to actively promoting an increase in merchandise exports. Measures taken include reducing and offsetting large U.S. military expenditures abroad through procurements in this country and increasing the sale of military equipment to foreign countries; utilizing to the utmost U.S. goods and services in extending economic assistance abroad; and seeking to enact an interest equalization tax, retroactive to mid-July 1963.

Moreover, substantial assistance in reducing the payments imbalance has been obtained through measures worked out cooperatively with the more industrialized OECD countries. These include the cooperative military arrangements mentioned above; receipt of sizable debt repayments, often in advance, from OECD countries; European initiated efforts to improve the functioning of their capital markets; continuing efforts to modify restrictions on multilateral trade; mutual cooperation in extending economic assistance to developing nations; agreement among the 10 leading industrialized countries, reached in December 1961, to lend their currencies to the IMF to insure that sufficient amounts would be available should any of these countries experience payments pressures which would impair the international payments system; and U.S. intervention in the foreign exchange markets. All these factors have helped strengthen the U.S. balance of payments with the OECD countries and the rest of the world.

One factor having a pronounced favorable impact on the Nation's balance of payments with OECD countries is the receipt of scheduled and advance repayments on postwar U.S. Government loans. In the years 1953-1962, repayments by the OECD countries as a group totaled over \$4.5 billion, representing almost 65 percent of total repayments received. In 1961 and 1962, debt repayments by the OECD countries of \$915 million and \$898 million, respectively, made up over 70 percent of total repayments.

Another development further illustrates the close cooperation between the U.S. and other OECD countries. It is the sale abroad of U.S. Government nonmarketable convertible and nonconvertible certificates and bonds denominated in dollars and the currencies of the purchasing foreign central banks and governments. These securities are designed to offer foreign central banks and governments a means for holding dollar reserves in excess of their requirements or needs. Before this innovation, the major industrialized OECD nations with excess dollar

holdings, obtained through large balance of payments surpluses, had the option of holding such excessive dollars either in marketable U.S. dollar securities or converting these dollars into gold which reduced the U.S. gold stock.

Since issued in the fourth quarter of 1962, these special U.S. Government securities have been sold to Austria, Belgium, Canada, Germany, Italy, Sweden and Switzerland. At the end of September 1963, the value of these securities outstanding totaled \$868 million; \$705 million equivalent were denominated in foreign currencies.

The sale of nonmarketable medium-term nonconvertible securities in the fourth quarter of 1962 totaled \$251 million equivalent and represented about one-third of net foreign long-term investments made in this country. In the first 9 months of 1963, the value of nonconvertible securities outstanding, including Export-Import Certificates sold abroad, declined \$42 million. For the same period in 1963, however, foreign holdings of nonmarketable U.S. Government securities convertible on short notice into freely usable cash at the option of the holder rose \$677 million. The sale of this latter type of security represents a cooperative arrangement through which the United States finances part of its balance of payments deficit with foreign central banks and governments. If these convertible securities are considered to be long-term investments in the United States, the balance on recorded transactions with all areas is reduced from \$2.4 billion for the first 9 months of 1963 to \$1.8 billion. The balance on recorded transactions with OECD countries, as a group, becomes a surplus of \$103 million.

Sales of nonmarketable medium-term U.S. Government securities as denominated in the following foreign currencies -- Swiss francs, Italian lire, German marks, Austrian shillings, and Belgian francs -- have maturities of up to 2 years and are considered a second line of defense in maintaining and protecting the dollar in foreign exchange markets abroad during periods of speculative disturbances of a temporary nature. The sale of these securities, when denominated in foreign currencies, generates currency resources without adding to excessive dollar balances abroad. Thus, these sales provide financial resources to supplement present foreign exchange operations, initiated early in 1961, by the U.S. Treasury and Federal Reserve System through reciprocal currency "swaps," (i.e. agreements whereby the United States borrows foreign currency as needed for a brief time, providing in turn to the foreign supplier an equal amount of dollars upon which it may draw).

U.S. monetary authorities through such reciprocal currency agreements with selected foreign monetary authorities may borrow foreign currencies needed for brief periods and then either purchase excess dollar offerings in the exchange markets or purchase excess accruals of dollars already held by European central banks and governments. As of early March 1963, the Federal Reserve System's reciprocal credit, or "swap," network covered 10 European central banks and the Bank for International Settlements. 7/

7/ Reports are made periodically by Charles A. Coombs, "Treasury and Federal Reserve Foreign Exchange Operations," Federal Reserve Bulletins, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, September 1962, March and September 1963.

U.S. monetary reserves since 1961 have consisted partly of convertible foreign currencies, mainly as a consequence of foreign exchange operations using convertible foreign currencies obtained through reciprocal credits and, more recently, through the sale of nonmarketable U.S. Government securities denominated in foreign currencies. Holdings of convertible foreign currencies totaled \$270 million equivalent at the end of the third quarter in 1963, an increase of \$154 million equivalent since these foreign exchange operations began.

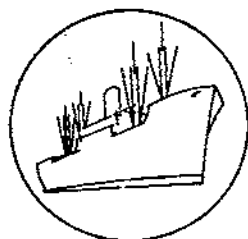
Concluding Observations

The improving U.S. balance of payments, particularly with OECD countries, reflects the continuing importance of U.S. cooperation with other OECD countries on payments problems as well as on international trade and financial problems. The exchange market crises in the early years of the decade have subsided but correcting the U.S. payments imbalance involves continuing international coordination of complex economic policies and goals among OECD countries, and between these countries and the developing nations. Within this organizational framework, cooperative efforts by the OECD countries have already eased the pressures of this Nation's international commitments which were associated a short time ago with record balance of payments deficits. Continued improvement in the U.S. balance of payments will depend upon further corrective actions by the United States and it will also depend upon more cooperation of other OECD countries.

Financial and monetary cooperation between OECD countries is important to the U.S. balance of payments; however, of immediate importance also is the accessibility of major commercial markets abroad for U.S. agricultural and nonagricultural products. One trading area of OECD has already initiated a common agricultural policy and is imposing a system of common external tariffs and levies against countries which are traditional agricultural suppliers. Subsequent to the implementation of a Common Agricultural Policy by the EEC, U.S. exports of certain agricultural products declined by 25 percent. This development opens up possibilities of further contractions of U.S. markets. Restrictive agricultural trade policies as they progress and especially if expanded by other trade areas and countries, or extended because of the EEC broadening of its membership, and associate membership, could offset much of the beneficial progress made possible by past and present cooperative OECD measures operating to alleviate the U.S. payments problem. More extensive and worldwide agricultural trade restrictions could be harmful to net U.S. trade earnings and introduce instability into the international payments system itself. The contribution of U.S. agricultural exports to improving the Nation's balance of payments particularly with the industrialized OECD countries, leads to the conclusion that U.S. agricultural trade must be given high priority among present efforts considered for improving the U.S. balance of payments and the international payments system.

Reserves of OECD countries, excluding Japan and the United States, presently total about U.S. \$33 billion compared with \$18.8 billion at the beginning of 1957. It would seem that U.S. industrial and agricultural exports would expand, particularly in most of these countries. However, instead of an expanding overseas market for U.S. agricultural products the EEC's plans for a community-wide agricultural policy moving toward agricultural self-sufficiency

protected by a system of variable levies against lower-priced imports has already reduced this Nation's agricultural market and U.S. trade opportunities. Although the EEC member countries as a group possess over one-fourth of the free world's reserves, these reserves represent potential purchases of U.S. agricultural products only if they are not "bottled in" by politico-economic trade policies. Such policies, if restrictive enough to accomplish the entire goals of an EEC Common Agricultural Policy, may exercise a lasting adverse effect on the traditional patterns of world and U.S. agricultural trade. Whether this trend will harmonize with the cooperative goals of OECD remains to be seen. Because the OECD countries, and particularly the EEC countries, are the major overseas dollar customers for U.S. agricultural products, this Nation is striving continually to insure that U.S. and other third country interests will be accounted for in the developing agricultural and trade policies of these countries. The goal of expanding multilateral agricultural and nonagricultural trade, together with closer financial and monetary cooperation with other OECD countries, attests to the significance this Nation places on furthering and expanding economic growth among the world's trading nations.



SPECIAL in this issue

U.S. AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS BY ORIGIN, FISCAL YEARS 1958-63

by

Dewain H. Rahe ^{1/}

U.S. agricultural imports for consumption have shown little overall change since fiscal year 1958. Imports totaled \$3.9 billion in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, compared with \$3.8 billion a year earlier and were equal to the 1958 value (table 4).

However, the composition of agricultural imports has changed significantly. Imports of supplementary (partially competitive) products increased to \$2.2 billion in 1963 from \$1.8 billion in 1958. A substantial part of this increase has been in beef, especially from Australia and New Zealand.

On the other hand, imports of complementary (noncompetitive) items fell to a postwar low of \$1.1 billion in fiscal year 1963 compared with \$2.1 billion in 1958. These opposite movements in supplementary and complementary imports have resulted in little overall change in total agricultural imports. The downward movement in imports of complementary commodities mostly results from a sharp decline in prices for many of the primary products, especially for coffee, cocoa beans, rubber, and other products, since the middle 1950's. Increased domestic production of many synthetic products, such as synthetic rubber and man-made fibers, has also influenced imports of such commodities as natural rubber, carpet wool, and raw silk.

Imports by Area

The past 6 years have witnessed a gradual change in the origin of U.S. agricultural imports. While Latin America continues to be the main source of agricultural imports, imports from this area have declined both in total amount and in its share of the total. Latin America supplied 42 percent of U.S. agricultural imports in fiscal year 1963 compared with 53 percent in 1958. Imports from Canada have also shown a slight decline in the past 6 years, dropping to 5 percent of total agricultural imports in 1963 from 7 percent in 1958.

Imports from Asia and Africa since 1958 have shown a gradual increase. Asia now accounts for nearly one-fifth of U.S. agricultural imports, and Africa, for one-tenth. Imports from Oceania have increased in absolute amount and in its

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Table 4.--U.S. agricultural imports: Value by major areas and share of total, fiscal years 1958-63

Area	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
-- Million dollars --						
Latin America.....	2,061	2,025	1,887	1,690	1,606	1,656
Asia.....	704	720	853	701	739	726
Europe.....	409	488	508	506	535	554
Oceania.....	126	207	242	219	302	393
Africa.....	366	323	343	366	381	393
Canada.....	264	241	184	159	204	165
Total.....	3,930	4,004	4,017	3,641	3,767	3,907
-- Percent --						
Latin America.....	53	51	47	47	43	42
Asia.....	18	18	21	19	20	19
Europe.....	10	12	13	14	14	14
Oceania.....	3	5	6	6	8	10
Africa.....	9	8	8	10	10	10
Canada.....	7	6	5	4	5	5
Total.....	100	100	100	100	100	100

share of the total in the past 6 years. In 1958 Oceania supplied only 3 percent of U.S. agricultural imports, but in 1963 the share climbed to 10 percent. Imports from Europe have increased gradually, reflecting larger purchases of specialty and processed products from Europe, especially meats and dairy products.

Latin America

U.S. agricultural imports from Latin America since fiscal year 1958 have declined in both dollar amount and share of total. Imports from this area totaled \$1,656 million in 1963 compared with \$2,061 million in 1958. The decline in coffee prices, beginning in the mid-1950's, has accounted for a substantial part of the decline in the total value of imports from Latin America. This price decline -- by 35 percent in the past 6 years -- affected a commodity, which accounted for 46 percent of U.S. imports from Latin America. Coffee prices alone dropped the value of imports from Latin America by \$338 million since 1958.

Significant in the decline in U.S. imports from Latin America has been the embargo on trade with Cuba imposed in 1961. Prior to the embargo, Cuba was a principal supplier of sugar to the United States, and agricultural imports from Cuba amounted to nearly \$500 million a year.

The embargo on imports of fresh or slightly salted meat from Latin America, because of foot and mouth disease, has also contributed to the overall decline in imports from that area. Total meat imports have doubled in the past 6 years while meat imports from Latin American countries have changed relatively little during the same period. Countries having animals with foot and mouth disease may ship to the United States only meat that has been cooked or otherwise preserved as prescribed by U.S. sanitary regulations.

The principal Latin American countries supplying agricultural products to the United States have been Brazil, Mexico, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Argentina, Peru, Guatemala, and Venezuela. Latin America is the principal supplier of coffee, bananas, cocoa beans, and sugar. In addition, it is an important supplier of carpet wool, tobacco, and fresh vegetables -- the latter during the U.S. offseason.

While Latin America is a net exporter of tropical products, it is a net importer of many agricultural products such as wheat, animal products, feed grains, and rice. Population in Latin America increased to an estimated 225 million in 1963 compared with 200 million in 1958, an increase of 12 percent. During the same period, food production increased only 8 percent.

The United States takes an estimated half of the agricultural products exported from Latin America.

Asia

Agricultural imports from Asia changed little in the past 6 years. Imports of farm products from this area totaled \$726 million in fiscal year 1963 compared with the \$739 million a year earlier and \$704 million in 1958.

Complementary products accounted for 46 percent of overall U.S. agricultural imports. Principal complementary purchases have been rubber, tea, silk, spices, and cordage fibers. Supplementary imports in recent years have made up a larger share of the total because of increased sugar imports from this area, especially from the Philippines. Other imports of supplementary products from this area include copra, vegetable oils, hides and skins, and vegetable fibers.

Imports of crude natural rubber from Asia have declined gradually during the past 6 years. The decline started after World War II with the development of synthetic rubber. Use of natural rubber has declined more sharply in recent years because of the improved properties of synthetic rubber. In the early 1950's, crude natural rubber accounted for nearly two-fifths of total U.S. rubber use, but by 1963 it had declined to a little over one-fourth.

The principal Asian suppliers in the U.S. market were the Philippines, Malaya, India, Indonesia, Japan, Thailand, Taiwan, and Ceylon.

Europe

Agricultural imports from Europe have increased gradually over the past 6 years and were \$145 million larger in fiscal year 1963 than in 1958. They totaled \$554 million in 1963 compared with \$535 million a year earlier and \$409 million in 1958. The United States, though a net exporter of farm commodities to Europe, imports substantial amounts of special-quality cigarette leaf from Greece and Turkey for blending with U.S. tobaccos to develop the taste and aroma desired by U.S. smokers.

The principal European countries supplying agricultural commodities to the United States have been the Netherlands, Italy, Turkey, Denmark, France, Spain, West Germany, Ireland, United Kingdom, and Greece.

Oceania

Imports of agricultural products from Oceania (Australia and New Zealand) rose sharply to \$393 million in fiscal year 1963 from \$126 million in 1958. Imports in 1962 were \$302 million. Australia accounted for 62 percent of the imports from this area, with New Zealand supplying most of the remainder. Imports of beef alone accounted for about 60 percent of the total imports from this area. Boneless beef for manufacturing was the chief meat item, in line with the relatively strong U.S. demand for beef in manufactured meat products such as luncheon meats, frankfurters, and prepared hamburger. The sharp rise in imports of meats from this area got underway after modification of the Australian-United Kingdom meat agreement in 1958 to permit Australia to ship low-grade beef and mutton to any destination, including the United States, without restrictions. The agreement was further modified in 1961 when all destination restrictions were removed on the better-grade meats. Higher prices have encouraged large shipments of boneless beef into the United States. Beef production in Australia has increased about 3 percent since 1958 and in New Zealand, by 9 percent.

Other important imports from Oceania include apparel and carpet wool, sugar, and dairy products.

Africa

Imports of agricultural products from Africa rose slightly in the past 6 years. They totaled \$393 million in fiscal year 1963 compared with \$381 million in 1962 and \$366 million in 1958. About 80 percent of the imports from Africa are complementary products, mainly coffee, cocoa beans, crude natural rubber, and tea. Apparel wool and cane sugar, the principal supplementary products, were supplied by the Republic of South Africa.

Most of Africa's agricultural trade is with European countries. In recent years, Africa has shipped increasing amounts to the United States, especially of coffee and cocoa beans. Thus, many of the products compete directly with imports from Latin America. For certain products such as bananas and other perishable items, Latin America has a comparative advantage because of its nearness to the American market. But for other products (such as coffee, cocoa beans, and crude natural rubber) African producers are able to compete effectively with other suppliers.

Lower prices resulted in only a slight rise in the value of U.S. agricultural imports from Africa. Prices have been on a downtrend in recent years for coffee, cocoa beans, and crude natural rubber -- the most important commodities in African-U.S. trade. In addition, the greater use of synthetic materials has resulted in a decline in demand for some African products, especially crude natural rubber.

Canada

Agricultural imports from Canada, declining in recent years, totaled \$186 million in fiscal year 1963 compared with \$204 million a year earlier and \$264 million in 1958. Nearly all of the imports from Canada are supplementary products, and over half of the imports consist of dutiable cattle and meats. Imports of grains and preparations declined to a 15-year low in 1963, reflecting a strong demand for grain products in most world markets and plentiful supplies in the United States. Most imports of grains from Canada have been high-quality barley for malting purposes. In the past season, the U.S. barley crop was of the high quality desired by the malting industry, and little had to be imported from Canada.

Imports of dutiable cattle from Canada consisted mainly of stockers and feeders imported by U.S. farmers to convert relatively cheap feed into beef. The volume of imports depends upon price relationships between Canada and the United States. In 1963, U.S. imports of dutiable cattle from Canada totaled 451,000 head.

Imports from Canada also include fruits, vegetables, hides and skins, and dairy products.

The volume of U.S. agricultural exports to Canada is more than double U.S. imports from Canada.

Country and country-by-commodity totals are shown in tables 5-8.

Table 5.--U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
	Thousand dollars					
Greenland.....	8	0	0	0	1	0
Canada.....	264,286	241,177	184,163	158,944	203,773	185,530
Miquelon & St. Pierre Islands.....	0	0	3	0	0	0
Latin American Republics:						
Mexico.....	213,331	228,787	186,397	260,436	274,284	257,827
Guatemala.....	70,056	57,490	59,176	57,562	50,759	66,757
El Salvador.....	40,580	46,109	29,640	24,019	36,975	36,869
Honduras.....	23,581	23,035	21,060	32,239	27,227	26,647
Nicaragua.....	21,448	12,705	13,720	24,675	22,361	29,675
Costa Rica.....	30,122	34,631	28,033	39,324	35,719	40,016
Panama, Republic of.....	17,846	16,722	17,972	13,254	13,193	12,129
Cuba.....	442,123	425,822	423,641	72,669	22,659	9,676
Haiti.....	20,480	11,035	11,869	12,581	14,200	18,896
Dominican Republic.....	71,160	59,708	61,513	109,802	93,700	129,077
Colombia.....	324,949	303,007	265,818	260,059	207,445	218,017
Venezuela.....	41,875	31,902	20,305	24,548	14,022	16,673
Ecuador.....	52,120	52,908	57,846	55,431	48,085	65,939
Peru.....	28,306	35,782	30,614	79,146	94,747	84,912
Bolivia.....	1,154	1,836	1,848	1,796	1,695	1,655
Chile.....	4,339	5,904	4,669	4,766	5,411	5,727
Brazil.....	540,117	517,929	531,776	470,542	484,667	451,041
Paraguay.....	2,788	5,870	4,850	6,883	5,935	5,965
Uruguay.....	6,435	14,451	13,264	16,845	20,117	18,161
Argentina.....	96,042	123,899	88,312	81,897	85,702	99,852
Total Latin American Republics.....	2,048,852	2,009,532	1,872,323	1,651,474	1,564,067	1,595,511
Other Latin America:						
Bahamas.....	174	147	1,003	1,692	1,115	1,562
Barbados.....	1,296	575	956	948	1,521	2,354
Bermuda.....	27	16	200	252	183	116
Jamaica.....	2,954	2,980	3,017	15,536	11,713	22,720
Leeward & Windward Islands.....	982	1,391	1,209	1,377	1,001	1,132
Trinidad & Tobago.....	5,269	5,608	4,619	9,142	9,802	8,986
British Honduras.....	158	160	129	241	522	395
French West Indies.....	605	283	173	2,105	7,049	11,640
Netherlands Antilles.....	141	344	187	215	100	67
British Guiana.....	22	440	118	5,432	7,950	10,588
Surinam (Netherlands Guiana).....	286	1,743	2,078	1,221	722	585
French Guiana.....	30	903	147	166	117	1
Falkland Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canal Zone.....	283	258	582	114	47	185
Total Latin America.....	2,061,079	2,024,380	1,886,741	1,689,915	1,605,909	1,655,842
Europe:						
Iceland.....	1,118	984	1,820	731	424	871
Sweden.....	1,434	1,840	2,591	2,380	2,364	2,687
Norway.....	807	959	804	872	983	1,693
Denmark.....	36,175	45,951	43,802	43,908	57,088	63,979
United Kingdom.....	19,602	24,781	27,818	22,228	23,140	28,062
Ireland.....	6,025	18,485	21,144	22,226	27,592	29,652
Netherlands.....	72,847	88,400	84,396	80,114	76,594	78,920
Belgium & Luxembourg.....	6,403	5,800	6,597	8,365	9,266	10,598
France.....	35,975	38,352	42,075	45,487	51,878	50,070
West Germany.....	25,543	28,392	30,153	29,245	29,359	29,152
East Germany.....	12	27	13	8	6	13
Austria.....	432	657	680	648	863	982
Czechoslovakia.....	1,242	1,868	1,678	1,667	1,023	1,049
Hungary.....	596	1,236	1,221	802	492	371

Continued -

Table 5.--U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
	Thousand dollars					
Europe - Continued:						
Switzerland.....	10,086	10,058	10,609	12,289	12,960	12,312
Finland.....	388	707	962	771	966	1,007
Estonia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia.....	0	0	0	0	0	114
Lithuania.....	0	0	13	0	0	0
Poland & Danzig.....	23,409	24,676	28,387	29,588	33,589	27,750
U.S.S.R. (Russia).....	1,581	1,475	1,567	1,279	1,479	1,316
Azores.....	100	118	103	107	98	63
Spain.....	30,434	37,013	36,347	36,537	40,399	36,228
Portugal.....	2,789	3,304	3,170	3,908	4,594	4,145
Gibraltar.....	0	7	1/	13	8	0
Malta & Gozo.....	662	856	1,024	713	698	20
Cyprus 2/.....	---	---	---	---	---	743
Italy.....	48,660	56,261	57,014	57,005	62,132	66,613
Free Territory of Trieste.....	90	4	88	14	11	17
Yugoslavia.....	7,273	7,778	7,686	10,174	9,102	14,035
Albania.....	62	53	77	29	109	102
Greece.....	27,288	28,807	28,926	29,683	29,259	26,925
Rumania.....	279	265	123	1,519	495	255
Bulgaria.....	473	888	690	948	976	861
Turkey.....	47,436	57,945	66,396	62,817	57,425	63,191
Total Europe.....	409,321	487,947	507,974	506,075	535,372	553,796
Asia:						
Syrian Arab Republic.....	7,893	7,476	8,004	4,867	3,222	3,045
Lebanon.....	3,218	2,219	2,741	2,864	3,460	4,108
Iraq.....	12,289	10,516	10,532	7,757	6,785	7,959
Iran.....	22,679	24,906	21,361	15,495	15,496	14,856
Israel.....	533	628	784	713	1,058	1,272
Palestine.....	0	71	0	0	0	0
Jordan.....	0	0	0	17	0	10
Kuwait.....	2	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabia.....	34	22	8	27	10	6
Other Arabia Peninsula States.....	3,166	1,483	775	727	799	617
Aden.....	442	511	201	255	97	61
State of Bahrain.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Afghanistan.....	1,548	2,147	1,899	2,716	737	1,574
India.....	67,392	61,043	81,397	70,311	89,707	72,598
Goa, Damao, & Diu 3/.....	---	---	---	---	---	0
Pakistan.....	25,548	22,398	24,951	21,594	25,092	21,585
Nepal.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ceylon.....	25,104	32,114	37,584	31,652	31,278	32,757
Burma.....	1,855	1,354	612	550	663	453
Thailand (Siam).....	63,267	64,996	67,194	38,351	33,446	35,066
Viet-Nam, Laos, Cambodia (Indochina)-:	17,370	---	---	---	---	---
Viet-Nam 4/.....	---	10,234	6,863	3,631	4,310	2,184
Laos 4/.....	---	0	43	0	0	0
Cambodia 4/.....	---	10,791	10,808	3,000	3,620	5,990
British Malaya -	94,562	---	---	---	---	---
Federation of Malaya 4/.....	---	72,064	114,459	70,964	88,320	100,781
Singapore, State of; Br. Borneo 4/:	---	24,712	19,975	10,220	12,919	8,328
Indonesia, Republic of.....	114,167	101,173	135,173	106,101	84,946	70,797
Republic of the Philippines.....	200,025	225,099	246,744	248,688	243,831	257,445
Macao (Macau).....	11	0	0	0	0	0
Other Portuguese Asia.....	287	398	328	971	661	---
Other Southern & Southeastern Asia...	6	7	1	3	1	0
China (including Manchuria).....	0	6	1/	0	0	2
Outer Mongolia.....	3,004	4,702	4,778	1,821	3,638	2,800
North Korea.....	0	0	0	7	1/	0
Korea, Republic of.....	905	848	1,946	2,340	2,614	3,260

Continued -

Table 5.--U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
Thousand dollars						
Asia - Continued:						
Hong Kong.....	2,096	2,726	2,917	2,390	2,286	2,272
Taiwan (Formosa).....	6,033	6,164	7,747	10,481	33,749	30,083
Japan.....	30,881	29,367	42,616	42,208	46,021	45,906
Nansei & Nanpo Islands.....	0	0	1/	0	1	0
Total Asia.....	704,317	720,175	852,461	700,721	738,767	725,815
Australia & Oceania:						
Australia.....	48,578	78,388	113,657	102,166	168,444	241,767
New Guinea (Australian).....	50	45	67	579	627	2,722
New Zealand & Western Samoa.....	76,430	126,792	126,114	114,666	131,381	146,911
British Western Pacific Islands.....	0	84	2	6	18	1,609
French Pacific Islands.....	399	702	224	176	362	268
Trust Territory of Pacific Islands.....	52	1,265	2,397	1,386	1,493	0
Total Australia & Oceania.....	125,509	207,276	242,461	218,981	302,325	393,277
Africa:						
Morocco.....	1,425	2,098	1,928	3,108	2,256	2,210
Algeria.....	522	724	493	440	138	477
Tunisia.....	1,817	3,696	643	365	573	1,520
Libya.....	1	1/	1	18	1	1
United Arab Republic - Egypt.....	36,463	13,917	12,224	13,418	15,337	13,141
Sudan.....	1,925	913	1,100	929	884	946
Canary Islands.....	3	44	2	1	28	20
Other Spanish Africa.....	20	108	435	836	1	6
Federal Republic of Cameroon.....	6,598	5,151	4,907	5,867	6,633	4,676
Other Western Equatorial Africa.....	1,235	822	1,107	297	1,090	183
Other Western Africa.....	26,686	21,191	21,342	31,223	32,087	27,378
Ghana.....	35,393	44,830	40,168	58,864	56,211	43,424
Federation of Nigeria.....	19,012	25,440	33,360	42,847	45,136	35,573
British West Africa & Sierra Leone.....	2,347	2,325	1,588	2,280	1,060	1,453
Madeira Islands.....	61	82	53	63	41	68
Angola.....	36,797	30,361	27,155	23,610	28,068	38,187
Other Western Portuguese Africa.....	1,972	1,489	843	1,600	1,024	2,232
Liberia.....	23,893	27,165	29,847	27,058	23,656	22,488
Rep. of the Congo; & Ruanda-Urundi.....	52,722	46,518	60,334	38,293	35,878	34,031
Somali Republic -	---	---	---	287	283	200
Somaliland (Italian Admin.) 5/.....	233	314	803	---	---	---
British Somaliland 5/.....	138	357	156	---	---	---
Ethiopia.....	32,966	17,512	24,338	30,078	28,583	32,524
French Somaliland.....	69	245	534	419	437	256
Seychelles & Dependencies.....	22	224	99	88	85	104
Mauritius & Dependencies.....	77	14	9	17	1,415	3,278
British East Africa & Tanganyika.....	50,261	42,052	41,067	50,652	45,051	59,964
Mozambique.....	2,483	2,019	2,750	3,193	3,687	3,676
Malagasy Republic.....	15,774	14,147	12,419	10,592	13,410	17,321
Republic of South Africa.....	13,560	18,627	22,896	19,117	36,270	46,004
The Fed. of Rhodesia & Nyasaland.....	1,148	679	596	885	1,440	1,268
Southern British Africa 6/.....	0	---	---	---	---	---
Total Africa.....	365,623	323,064	343,197	366,355	380,763	392,609
Total all countries.....	3,930,143	4,004,019	4,017,000	3,640,991	3,766,910	3,906,869

1/ Less than \$500.

2/ Prior to 1962 included in Malta, Gozo, & Cyprus.

3/ Prior to 1962 included in Other Portuguese Asia.

4/ Not separately classified prior to 1958.

5/ Not separately classified beginning 1960.

6/ Beginning 1953 included with Republic of South Africa.

Table 6.-- U. S. complementary agricultural imports: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
	Thousand dollars					
Greenland.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canada.....	2,446	2,667	2,727	2,987	3,498	5,881
Miquelon & St. Pierre Islands.....	0	0	3	0	0	0
Latin American Republics:						
Mexico.....	96,898	85,073	67,941	66,405	79,760	62,856
Guatemala.....	69,877	57,371	58,922	56,206	46,037	54,523
El Salvador.....	39,983	45,486	29,276	22,660	35,623	32,232
Honduras.....	23,274	22,563	19,917	29,782	24,125	22,825
Nicaragua.....	18,134	8,323	7,190	12,849	11,071	14,388
Costa Rica.....	29,579	31,850	22,529	32,521	31,717	29,935
Panama, Republic of.....	17,010	15,847	17,474	12,213	12,609	10,953
Cuba.....	13,329	3,074	2,245	1,144	53	0
Haiti.....	18,536	10,116	10,219	6,846	9,182	9,088
Dominican Republic.....	56,095	38,669	41,730	29,370	28,882	29,774
Colombia.....	511,577	302,874	265,564	258,727	199,474	208,986
Venezuela.....	41,550	31,722	20,216	24,346	13,704	16,256
Ecuador.....	51,536	52,381	57,628	54,642	44,071	56,768
Peru.....	17,074	13,658	13,805	17,449	15,862	22,580
Bolivia.....	209	357	718	696	472	671
Chile.....	211	159	103	122	391	142
Brazil.....	496,817	464,949	485,924	414,924	397,735	349,760
Paraguay.....	275	337	758	2,343	661	1,028
Uruguay.....	139	128	247	207	162	240
Argentina.....	28,647	37,009	36,571	32,302	28,794	31,346
Total Latin American Republics.....	1,337,830	1,221,946	1,158,977	1,075,754	980,385	954,351
Other Latin America:						
Bahamas.....	24	18	3	1	11	18
Barbados.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bermuda.....	4	0	52	63	65	10
Jamaica.....	1,581	1,442	1,375	1,178	1,314	1,607
Leeward & Windward Islands.....	561	789	906	659	584	474
Trinidad & Tobago.....	5,121	4,614	4,297	4,311	3,195	3,461
British Honduras.....	69	77	14	132	464	56
French West Indies.....	50	11	12	4	33	262
Netherlands Antilles.....	135	343	186	215	94	67
British Guiana.....	10	206	1	91	6	158
Surinam (Netherlands Guiana).....	286	1,454	1,872	1,221	722	449
French Guiana.....	1	733	144	166	117	0
Falkland Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canal Zone.....	227	254	579	110	47	38
Total Latin America.....	1,345,899	1,231,887	1,168,418	1,083,905	987,037	960,951
Europe:						
Iceland.....	620	635	1,057	406	306	722
Sweden.....	232	110	454	186	90	118
Norway.....	67	80	79	16	11	41
Denmark.....	560	558	448	299	386	174
United Kingdom.....	7,163	10,035	10,850	8,550	7,578	9,793
Ireland.....	569	1,850	1,275	1,398	1,301	1,193
Netherlands.....	13,795	15,809	18,539	14,327	12,931	14,554
Belgium & Luxembourg.....	376	260	584	760	1,034	1,492
France.....	5,981	5,233	6,976	6,479	5,492	5,398
West Germany.....	3,126	3,679	4,378	3,098	2,689	2,402
East Germany.....	2	0	1	0	2	0
Austria.....	71	132	102	83	89	109
Czechoslovakia.....	19	32	93	96	84	116
Hungary.....	21	11	42	15	43	61

Continued -

Table 6.-- U. S. complementary agricultural imports: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
	Thousand dollars					
Europe - Continued:						
Switzerland.....	2,499	1,273	1,491	2,951	1,726	2,511
Finland.....	1	32	3	1	35	16
Estonia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia.....	0	0	0	0	0	114
Lithuania.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poland & Danzig.....	124	149	152	40	168	167
U.S.S.R. (Russia).....	505	445	505	495	487	505
Azores.....	6	9	9	9	29	12
Spain.....	1,086	659	1,470	1,476	1,056	1,235
Portugal.....	483	111	389	897	759	671
Gibraltar.....	0	4	0	12	8	0
Malta & Gono.....	229	313	500	226	328	19
Cyprus 2/.....	---	---	---	---	---	445
Italy.....	3,304	4,043	4,899	3,632	3,194	4,237
Free Territory of Trieste.....	0	0	0	1	2	0
Yugoslavia.....	694	577	897	891	850	932
Albania.....	62	53	77	29	109	100
Greece.....	504	323	378	464	362	659
Rumania.....	25	20	29	44	99	25
Bulgaria.....	316	412	296	149	264	284
Turkey.....	1,112	1,131	4,177	2,174	1,315	2,538
Total Europe.....	43,552	47,978	60,150	49,204	42,827	50,643
Asia:						
Syrian Arab Republic.....	6,113	5,854	6,749	3,975	2,536	2,617
Lebanon.....	730	597	527	734	1,615	1,913
Iraq.....	7,264	6,421	7,749	5,292	4,569	5,303
Iran.....	2,899	2,334	2,366	1,082	1,205	1,124
Israel.....	93	142	120	116	127	180
Palestine.....	0	51	0	0	0	0
Jordan.....	0	0	0	4	0	0
Kuwait.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabia.....	34	18	0	25	10	6
Other Arabia Peninsula States.....	3,147	1,438	754	562	550	518
Aden.....	432	283	189	242	24	52
State of Bahrain.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Afghanistan.....	770	976	1,389	1,126	98	54
India.....	27,348	27,660	37,448	28,985	30,496	26,948
Goa, Damao, & Diu 3/.....	---	---	---	---	---	0
Pakistan.....	9,298	10,640	8,147	9,721	8,347	7,426
Nepal.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ceylon.....	24,946	31,425	36,239	31,606	31,246	32,755
Burma.....	1,799	1,222	383	0	122	0
Thailand (Siam).....	57,542	58,991	60,755	30,465	24,470	27,033
Viet-Nam, Laos, Cambodia (Indochina)-:	17,069	---	---	---	---	---
Viet-Nam 4/.....	---	9,918	6,693	3,474	4,202	1,958
Laos 4/.....	---	0	43	0	0	0
Cambodia 4/.....	---	10,791	10,806	3,000	3,595	5,990
British Malaya -	94,337	---	---	---	---	---
Federation of Malaya 4/.....	---	71,854	113,911	70,190	86,860	98,720
Singapore, State of; Br. Borneo 4/.....	---	24,664	19,799	10,173	12,865	8,170
Indonesia, Republic of.....	112,913	100,169	133,937	104,072	81,139	69,517
Republic of the Philippines.....	13,109	11,534	11,440	9,952	9,551	8,014
Macao (Macau).....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Portuguese Asia.....	30	104	131	23	3	---
Other Southern & Southeastern Asia....	6	7	1	3	1	0
China (including Manchuria).....	0	4	0	0	0	0
Outer Mongolia.....	15	898	844	371	0	33
North Korea.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Korea, Republic of.....	709	473	1,198	1,571	1,758	2,430

Continued -

Table 6.--U. S. complementary agricultural imports: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
Asia - Continued:						
	Thousand dollars					
Hong Kong.....	279	278	354	373	287	314
Taiwan (Formosa).....	3,486	3,053	3,003	3,502	3,034	4,664
Japan.....	21,289	18,647	26,911	25,389	25,958	24,925
Nansei & Nanpo Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Asia.....	405,657	400,446	491,886	346,028	334,660	330,664
Australia & Oceania:						
Australia.....	545	566	400	412	566	504
New Guinea (Australian).....	31	1	67	579	627	2,722
New Zealand & Western Samoa.....	15,508	28,292	30,574	33,809	36,089	35,801
British Western Pacific Islands.....	0	1	1/	3	15	119
French Pacific Islands.....	396	701	222	167	360	264
Trust Territory of Pacific Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Australia & Oceania.....	16,480	29,561	31,263	34,970	37,657	39,440
Africa:						
Morocco.....	163	209	602	1,348	984	748
Algeria.....	229	169	412	363	45	448
Tunisia.....	2	0	1/	1/	11	12
Libya.....	1	0	0	0	0	0
United Arab Republic - Egypt.....	64	15	47	32	124	34
Sudan.....	44	56	116	49	11	36
Canary Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Spanish Africa.....	0	80	435	829	1/	5
Federal Republic of Cameroon.....	6,245	5,151	4,895	5,867	6,290	4,479
Other Western Equatorial Africa.....	1,197	762	1,068	292	1,080	137
Other Western Africa.....	26,104	20,813	20,945	31,072	31,993	27,279
Ghana.....	35,393	44,830	40,168	58,864	56,210	43,424
Federation of Nigeria.....	16,977	22,747	28,566	39,066	41,759	32,388
British West Africa & Sierra Leone.....	2,222	2,165	1,535	2,247	1,002	1,414
Madeira Islands.....	6	5	0	0	0	0
Angola.....	36,366	29,653	26,733	23,191	27,765	37,777
Other Western Portuguese Africa.....	1,859	1,463	801	1,578	1,024	2,227
Liberia.....	23,893	27,165	29,847	27,058	23,655	22,488
Rep. of the Congo; & Ruanda-Urundi.....	43,538	36,299	47,672	28,968	28,352	28,486
Somali Republic -	---	---	---	54	52	2
Somaliland (Italian Admin.) 5/.....	1	4	3	---	---	---
British Somaliland 5/.....	0	3	0	---	---	---
Ethiopia.....	30,353	14,140	21,667	29,148	26,769	30,878
French Somaliland.....	58	245	534	356	401	246
Seychelles & Dependencies.....	22	224	90	88	85	104
Mauritius & Dependencies.....	4	14	1	0	1	5
British East Africa & Tanganyika.....	49,017	40,136	38,915	49,853	44,202	59,342
Mozambique.....	1,409	1,317	1,911	2,205	2,993	2,314
Malagasy Republic.....	15,609	14,020	12,391	10,018	13,131	15,263
Republic of South Africa.....	506	750	726	653	805	783
The Fed. of Rhodesia & Nyasaland.....	80	119	310	377	907	841
Southern British Africa 6/.....	0	---	---	---	---	---
Total Africa.....	291,362	262,554	280,390	313,576	309,651	311,160
Total all countries.....	2,105,396	1,975,093	2,034,837	1,830,670	1,715,338	1,698,709

1/ Less than \$500.

2/ Prior to 1962 included in Malta, Gozo, and Cyprus.

3/ Prior to 1962 included in Other Portuguese Asia.

4/ Not separately classified prior to 1958.

5/ Not separately classified beginning 1960.

6/ Beginning 1958 included with Republic of South Africa.

Table 7.--U. S. supplementary agricultural imports: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
	Thousand dollars					
Greenland.....	8	0	0	0	1	0
Canada.....	261,840	238,510	181,436	155,957	200,275	179,649
Miquelon & St. Pierre Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latin American Republics:						
Mexico.....	116,433	143,714	118,456	194,031	194,524	194,971
Guatemala.....	179	119	254	1,356	4,722	12,234
El Salvador.....	597	623	364	1,359	1,352	4,637
Honduras.....	307	472	1,143	2,457	3,102	3,822
Nicaragua.....	3,314	4,382	6,530	11,826	11,290	15,287
Costa Rica.....	543	2,781	5,504	6,803	4,002	10,081
Panama, Republic of.....	836	875	498	1,041	584	1,176
Cuba.....	428,794	422,748	421,396	71,525	22,606	9,676
Haiti.....	1,944	919	1,650	5,735	5,093	9,808
Dominican Republic.....	15,065	21,039	19,783	80,432	69,907	99,303
Colombia.....	392	133	254	1,332	7,971	9,031
Venezuela.....	325	180	89	202	318	417
Ecuador.....	484	527	218	789	4,014	9,171
Peru.....	17,232	22,124	16,809	61,697	78,885	62,332
Bolivia.....	945	1,479	1,130	1,100	1,223	984
Chile.....	4,128	5,745	4,566	4,644	5,020	5,585
Brazil.....	43,300	52,980	45,852	55,618	86,932	101,281
Paraguay.....	2,513	5,533	4,092	4,540	5,274	4,937
Uruguay.....	6,296	14,323	13,017	16,638	19,955	17,921
Argentina.....	67,395	86,890	51,741	52,595	56,908	68,506
Total Latin American Republics.....	711,022	787,586	713,346	575,720	583,682	641,160
Other Latin America:						
Bahamas.....	150	129	1,000	1,691	1,104	1,544
Barbados.....	1,296	575	956	948	1,521	2,354
Bermuda.....	23	16	148	189	118	106
Jamaica.....	1,373	1,538	1,642	14,358	10,399	21,113
Leeward & Windward Islands.....	421	602	303	718	417	658
Trinidad & Tobago.....	148	994	322	4,831	6,607	5,525
British Honduras.....	89	83	115	109	58	339
French West Indies.....	555	272	161	2,101	7,016	11,378
Netherlands Antilles.....	6	1	1	1/	6	1/
British Guiana.....	12	234	117	5,341	7,944	10,430
Surinam (Netherlands Guiana).....	1/	289	206	1/	0	136
French Guiana.....	29	170	3	0	0	1
Falkland Islands.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canal Zone.....	56	4	3	4	1/	147
Total Latin America.....	715,180	792,493	718,323	606,010	618,872	694,891
Europe:						
Iceland.....	498	349	763	325	118	149
Sweden.....	1,202	1,730	2,137	2,194	2,274	2,569
Norway.....	740	879	725	856	972	1,652
Denmark.....	35,615	45,393	43,354	43,609	56,702	63,805
United Kingdom.....	12,439	14,746	16,968	13,678	15,562	18,269
Ireland.....	5,456	16,635	19,869	20,828	26,291	28,459
Netherlands.....	59,052	72,591	65,857	65,787	63,663	64,366
Belgium & Luxembourg.....	6,027	5,540	6,013	7,605	8,232	9,106
France.....	29,994	33,119	35,099	39,008	46,386	44,672
West Germany.....	22,417	24,713	25,775	26,147	26,670	26,750
East Germany.....	10	27	12	8	4	13
Austria.....	361	525	578	565	774	873
Czechoslovakia.....	1,223	1,836	1,585	1,571	939	933
Hungary.....	575	1,225	1,179	787	449	310

Continued

Table 7.--U. S. supplementary agricultural imports: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
	Thousand dollars					
Europe - Continued:						
Switzerland.....	7,587	8,785	9,118	9,338	11,234	9,801
Finland.....	387	675	959	770	931	991
Estonia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latvia.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lithuania.....	0	0	13	0	0	0
Poland & Danzig.....	23,285	24,527	28,235	29,548	33,421	27,583
U.S.S.R. (Russia).....	1,076	1,030	1,062	784	992	811
Azores.....	94	109	94	98	69	51
Spain.....	29,348	36,354	34,877	35,061	39,343	34,993
Portugal.....	2,306	3,193	2,781	3,011	3,835	3,174
Gibraltar.....	0	3	1/	1	1/	0
Malta & Gozo.....	433	543	524	487	370	1
Cyprus 2/.....	---	---	---	---	---	298
Italy.....	45,356	52,218	52,115	53,373	58,938	62,376
Free Territory of Trieste.....	90	4	88	13	9	17
Yugoslavia.....	6,679	7,201	6,789	9,283	8,252	13,103
Albania.....	0	0	0	0	0	2
Greece.....	26,784	28,484	28,548	29,219	28,897	26,266
Rumania.....	254	245	94	1,475	396	230
Bulgaria.....	157	476	394	799	712	577
Turkey.....	46,324	56,814	62,219	60,643	56,110	60,653
Total Europe.....	365,769	439,969	447,824	456,871	492,545	503,153
Asia:						
Syrian Arab Republic.....	1,780	1,622	1,255	892	686	428
Lebanon.....	2,488	1,622	2,214	2,130	1,845	2,195
Iraq.....	5,025	4,095	2,783	2,465	2,216	2,656
Iran.....	19,780	22,572	19,015	14,413	14,291	13,732
Israel.....	440	486	664	597	931	1,092
Palestine.....	0	20	0	0	0	0
Jordan.....	0	0	0	13	0	10
Kuwait.....	2	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabia.....	0	4	8	2	0	0
Other Arabia Peninsula States.....	19	45	21	165	249	99
Aden.....	10	228	12	13	73	9
State of Bahrain.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Afghanistan.....	778	1,171	510	1,590	639	1,520
India.....	40,044	33,383	43,949	41,326	59,211	45,650
Goa, Damao, & Diu 3/.....	---	---	---	---	---	0
Pakistan.....	16,250	11,758	16,804	11,873	16,745	14,159
Nepal.....	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ceylon.....	158	689	1,345	46	32	2
Burma.....	56	132	229	550	541	453
Thailand (Siam).....	5,725	6,005	6,139	7,886	8,976	8,033
Viet-Nam, Laos, Cambodia (Indochina).....	301	---	---	---	---	---
Viet-Nam 4/.....	---	316	170	157	108	226
Laos 4/.....	---	0	0	0	0	0
Cambodia 4/.....	---	0	2	0	25	0
British Malaya -	225	---	---	---	---	---
Federation of Malaya 4/.....	---	210	548	774	1,460	2,061
Singapore, State of; Br. Borneo 4/.....	---	48	176	47	54	158
Indonesia, Republic of.....	1,254	1,004	1,236	2,029	3,807	1,280
Republic of the Philippines.....	186,916	213,565	235,304	238,736	234,280	249,431
Macac (Macau).....	11	0	0	0	0	0
Other Portuguese Asia.....	257	294	197	948	658	---
Other Southern & Southeastern Asia....	0	0	0	0	0	0
China (including Manchuria).....	0	2	1/	0	0	2
Outer Mongolia.....	2,989	3,804	3,934	1,450	3,638	2,767
North Korea.....	0	0	0	7	1/	0
Korea, Republic of.....	196	375	748	769	856	830

Continued -

Table 7.--U. S. supplementary agricultural imports: Value by country of origin, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country of origin	Year beginning July 1					
	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	1961-62	1962-63
Asia - Continued:						
	Thousand dollars					
Hong Kong.....	1,817	2,448	2,563	2,017	1,999	1,958
Taiwan (Formosa).....	2,547	3,111	4,744	6,979	30,715	25,419
Japan.....	9,592	10,720	15,705	16,819	20,063	20,981
Nansei & Nanpo Islands.....	0	0	1/	0	1	0
Total Asia.....	298,660	319,729	360,575	354,693	404,099	395,151
Australia & Oceania:						
Australia.....	48,033	77,822	113,257	101,756	167,878	241,263
New Guinea (Australian).....	19	44	0	0	0	0
New Zealand & Western Samoa.....	60,922	98,500	95,540	80,857	95,292	111,110
British Western Pacific Islands.....	0	83	2	3	3	1,490
French Pacific Islands.....	3	1	2	9	2	4
Trust Territory of Pacific Islands.....	52	1,265	2,397	1,386	1,493	0
Total Australia & Oceania.....	109,029	177,715	211,198	184,011	264,668	353,867
Africa:						
Morocco.....	1,262	1,889	1,326	1,760	1,272	1,462
Algeria.....	293	555	81	77	93	29
Tunisia.....	1,815	3,696	643	365	562	1,508
Libya.....	1/	1/	1	18	1	1
United Arab Republic - Egypt.....	36,399	13,902	12,177	13,386	15,213	13,107
Sudan.....	1,881	857	984	880	873	910
Canary Islands.....	3	44	2	1	28	20
Other Spanish Africa.....	20	28	0	7	1	1
Federal Republic of Cameroon.....	353	0	12	0	343	197
Other Western Equatorial Africa.....	38	60	39	5	10	46
Other Western Africa.....	582	378	397	151	94	99
Ghana.....	0	0	0	0	1	0
Federation of Nigeria.....	2,035	2,693	4,794	3,781	3,377	3,185
British West Africa & Sierra Leone.....	125	160	53	33	58	39
Madeira Islands.....	55	77	53	63	41	68
Angola.....	431	708	422	419	303	410
Other Western Portuguese Africa.....	113	26	42	22	0	5
Liberia.....	0	0	0	0	1	0
Rep. of the Congo; & Ruanda-Urundi.....	9,184	10,219	12,662	9,235	7,526	5,545
Somali Republic -	---	---	---	233	231	198
Somaliland (Italian Admin.) 5/.....	232	310	800	---	---	---
British Somaliland 5/.....	138	354	156	---	---	---
Ethiopia.....	2,613	3,372	2,671	930	1,814	1,646
French Somaliland.....	11	0	0	63	36	10
Seychelles & Dependencies.....	0	0	9	0	0	0
Mauritius & Dependencies.....	73	0	8	17	1,414	3,273
British East Africa & Tanganyika.....	1,244	1,916	2,152	799	849	622
Mozambique.....	1,074	702	839	988	694	1,362
Malagasy Republic.....	165	127	28	574	279	2,058
Republic of South Africa.....	13,054	17,877	22,170	18,464	35,465	45,221
The Fed. of Rhodesia & Nyasaland.....	1,068	560	286	508	533	427
Southern British Africa 6/.....	0	---	---	---	---	---
Total Africa.....	74,261	60,510	62,807	52,779	71,112	81,449
Total all countries.....	1,824,747	2,028,926	1,982,163	1,810,321	2,051,572	2,208,160

1/ Less than \$500.

2/ Prior to 1962 included in Malta, Gozo, & Cyprus.

3/ Prior to 1962 included in Other Portuguese Asia.

4/ Not separately classified prior to 1958.

5/ Not separately classified beginning 1960.

6/ Beginning 1958 included with Republic of South Africa.

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years

Country and year	Total	Complementary 1/	Supplementary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Total										
1957-58	3,930,143	2,405,396	1,824,747	1,282,161	299,049	162,023	84,251	69,434	45,119	27,755
1958-59	4,004,019	1,975,093	2,028,926	1,102,466	302,116	165,199	111,004	73,035	50,760	34,538
1959-60	4,017,000	2,034,837	1,982,163	1,047,833	382,734	153,568	116,297	81,229	56,378	43,957
1960-61	3,840,991	1,830,670	1,810,321	1,011,532	244,674	166,958	105,199	75,649	52,412	35,585
1961-62	3,766,910	1,715,338	2,051,572	946,525	231,102	139,827	95,742	77,981	57,142	34,499
1962-63	3,906,869	1,698,709	2,208,160	938,790	226,615	128,454	100,552	76,399	60,863	34,176
Brazil (1)										
1957-58	540,117	496,817	43,300	454,169	445	33,908	97	1	152	193
1958-59	517,929	464,949	52,980	411,890	232	43,734	179	57	134	163
1959-60	531,776	485,924	45,852	435,340	224	37,427	85	13	284	1,207
1960-61	470,542	414,924	55,618	380,347	249	25,027	137	13	281	237
1961-62	484,667	397,735	86,932	373,030	493	14,839	490	0	216	943
1962-63	451,044	349,760	101,281	332,888	135	9,237	90	10	242	500
Mexico (2)										
1957-58	213,331	96,898	116,433	79,364	2	5,354	0	1,624	0	1,576
1958-59	228,787	85,073	143,714	66,265	0	2,334	0	2,269	0	2,345
1959-60	186,397	67,941	118,456	55,021	0	2,478	1	1,055	0	2,608
1960-61	260,436	66,405	194,031	55,490	0	1,529	0	700	0	1,785
1961-62	274,284	79,760	194,524	68,123	3	2,567	0	1,253	0	1,229
1962-63	257,827	62,856	194,971	43,328	8/	8,401	0	324	0	564
Philippines (3)										
1957-58	200,025	13,109	186,916	0	21	0	0	0	0	0
1958-59	225,099	11,534	213,565	0	10	0	8	0	0	0
1959-60	246,744	11,440	235,304	0	35	0	0	0	0	0
1960-61	248,688	9,952	238,736	0	13	0	0	0	0	8/
1961-62	243,831	9,551	234,280	0	22	0	0	0	0	8/
1962-63	257,445	8,014	249,431	22	3	0	0	0	0	8/
Australia (4)										
1957-58	48,578	545	48,033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1958-59	78,388	566	77,822	0	0	0	193	0	0	0
1959-60	113,657	400	113,257	0	0	8	192	0	0	0
1960-61	102,168	412	101,756	0	37	0	167	0	0	0
1961-62	168,444	566	167,878	0	0	41	314	0	0	0
1962-63	241,767	504	241,263	0	0	42	228	0	0	0
Colombia (5)										
1957-58	324,949	324,557	392	323,595	0	155	0	733	0	0
1958-59	303,007	302,874	133	300,856	0	224	0	1,733	0	0
1959-60	265,818	265,564	254	265,012	0	82	0	420	0	0
1960-61	260,059	258,727	1,332	258,403	0	32	0	214	0	0
1961-62	207,445	199,474	7,971	199,369	0	31	2	10	0	0
1962-63	218,017	208,986	9,031	208,852	0	57	1	0	0	0
Canada (6)										
1957-58	264,286	2,446	261,840	1	0	0	0	1	549	6
1958-59	241,177	2,667	238,510	2	0	0	0	0	697	4
1959-60	184,163	2,727	181,436	1	10	0	3	0	749	2
1960-61	158,944	2,987	155,957	1	9	0	226	0	790	1
1961-62	203,773	3,498	200,275	1	0	0	192	8/	982	8/
1962-63	185,530	5,881	179,649	12	14	0	147	1	1,363	3
New Zealand (7)										
1957-58	76,430	15,508	60,922	0	0	377	15,051	0	0	0
1958-59	126,792	28,292	98,500	0	0	891	27,312	0	0	0
1959-60	126,114	30,574	95,540	0	0	555	29,905	0	0	0
1960-61	114,666	33,809	80,857	0	0	394	33,296	0	0	0
1961-62	131,381	36,089	95,292	0	0	448	35,505	0	0	0
1962-63	146,911	35,801	111,110	0	0	844	34,848	0	0	0

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years

Country and year	Selected supplementary products									
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats ^{3/}	Fruits, nuts & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials ^{4/}	Tobacco unmd.	Apparel wool	Hides and skins ^{5/}	Grains & preparations ^{6/}	Dairy products ^{7/}	Other supple. and comple. products
Thousand dollars										
Total										
1957-58	492,033	337,446	198,909	146,936	97,230	89,004	46,850	84,273	42,902	424,768
1958-59	504,573	507,056	206,201	166,432	112,328	95,128	72,328	52,779	46,977	401,059
1959-60	507,479	404,773	229,969	172,502	114,882	94,861	79,326	61,032	49,199	420,981
1960-61	440,064	382,442	229,028	144,970	115,583	79,446	58,101	53,265	52,727	393,356
1961-62	471,097	520,954	236,678	147,137	108,667	108,950	68,834	55,157	54,108	422,510
1962-63	547,962	601,459	241,722	155,204	95,497	124,032	55,556	38,570	54,824	426,194
Brazil (1)										
1957-58	0	993	7,178	29,732	0	25	4,533	0	50	8,641
1958-59	1,292	8,837	7,939	26,752	8/	33	5,999	0	138	19,550
1959-60	0	6,364	9,308	21,800	1	323	6,461	0	114	12,825
1960-61	15,157	3,220	11,488	20,218	72	208	3,459	0	26	10,403
1961-62	36,036	8,537	8,814	25,560	232	147	5,013	0	12	10,305
1962-63	59,869	3,876	7,313	23,166	1,045	374	3,617	0	54	8,625
Mexico (2)										
1957-58	7,155	46,992	35,886	2,214	0	0	8	2	8/	32,554
1958-59	9,053	74,800	34,626	1,864	1	0	1	1	8/	35,228
1959-60	7,472	45,063	43,698	1,879	1	1	10	58	8/	27,052
1960-61	86,013	49,633	36,677	1,825	0	0	15	9	0	26,760
1961-62	67,491	67,173	43,072	1,237	43	0	2	145	35	28,911
1962-63	40,642	77,836	50,026	1,627	533	0	10	39	3	34,494
Philippines (3)										
1957-58	94,107	0	19,907	68,193	1,699	0	2	0	0	16,096
1958-59	102,997	0	20,657	84,269	3,097	0	4	8/	0	14,057
1959-60	117,439	0	29,005	84,911	2,709	0	0	3	0	12,642
1960-61	142,326	0	23,384	68,213	3,710	0	31	2	0	11,009
1961-62	144,577	1	19,938	64,482	2,909	0	8/	3	0	11,899
1962-63	143,594	0	19,334	80,783	3,363	0	0	2	0	10,344
Australia (4)										
1957-58	0	5,970	31	233	0	35,146	1,003	1	2,170	4,124
1958-59	0	43,350	120	249	0	26,057	2,711	5	2,093	3,410
1959-60	0	77,386	618	207	0	26,548	2,252	528	1,944	3,974
1960-61	0	72,503	504	217	0	23,017	1,065	43	1,662	2,953
1961-62	8,902	114,954	1,281	324	0	32,641	1,670	3,110	2,585	2,622
1962-63	21,650	161,423	2,312	238	0	47,265	1,127	5	4,034	3,443
Colombia (5)										
1957-58	194	0	5	31	0	8/	74	0	0	162
1958-59	0	0	8/	7	0	0	53	0	0	134
1959-60	23	0	7	8	16	0	28	0	0	222
1960-61	877	0	16	12	368	0	19	0	0	116
1961-62	6,803	0	12	85	938	0	41	0	0	154
1962-63	6,968	0	11	29	1,806	0	38	0	0	255
Canada (6)										
1957-58	89	117,357	18,824	1,137	11	262	3,331	75,814	599	46,305
1958-59	78	129,243	13,056	1,008	29	690	6,226	43,244	448	46,452
1959-60	34	67,737	11,746	715	47	825	5,306	49,178	651	47,159
1960-61	434	48,424	16,272	832	32	645	4,077	42,740	789	43,672
1961-62	59	95,184	13,773	1,217	26	689	4,554	39,253	2,420	45,423
1962-63	368	82,491	14,903	1,684	35	877	3,836	27,550	3,127	49,126
New Zealand (7)										
1957-58	0	33,880	146	655	0	11,908	8,187	0	3,397	2,829
1958-59	0	64,392	328	657	0	11,066	13,552	0	5,684	2,910
1959-60	0	60,276	113	618	0	9,799	15,933	0	5,842	3,073
1960-61	0	50,795	157	654	0	6,288	12,328	0	7,387	3,367
1961-62	0	56,522	270	462	0	9,997	17,340	1	6,981	3,855
1962-63	0	77,487	236	416	0	11,810	11,689	8/	4,571	5,010

Continued -

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Dominican Rep. (6)										
1957-58	71,160	56,095	15,065	26,788	0	21,237	0	2,130	0	8
1958-59	59,708	38,669	21,039	14,698	0	13,590	0	3,606	0	7
1959-60	61,513	41,730	19,783	15,957	0	15,504	0	4,294	0	3
1960-61	109,802	29,370	80,432	13,683	0	7,032	0	3,286	0	3
1961-62	98,789	28,882	69,907	15,762	0	6,753	0	1,249	0	15
1962-63	129,077	29,774	99,303	14,468	0	10,847	0	916	0	3
Malaya Fed. (9)2/										
1957-58	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
1958-59	72,064	71,854	210	0	70,822	0	0	0	6	23
1959-60	114,459	113,911	548	56	112,913	0	0	0	24	224
1960-61	70,964	70,190	774	143	69,328	0	0	0	65	30
1961-62	88,320	86,860	1,460	223	85,510	0	0	0	38	159
1962-63	100,781	98,720	2,061	86	97,764	0	0	0	18	88
Argentina (10)										
1957-58	96,042	28,647	67,395	0	0	0	28,147	0	0	17
1958-59	123,899	37,009	86,890	0	0	0	36,104	0	0	18
1959-60	88,312	36,571	51,741	0	0	0	35,670	0	3	15
1960-61	84,897	32,302	52,595	106	0	0	31,749	0	88	36
1961-62	85,702	28,794	56,908	80	0	0	28,040	0	207	65
1962-63	99,852	31,346	68,506	0	0	0	30,689	0	256	11
Peru (11)										
1957-58	28,306	11,074	17,232	9,464	9	151	0	0	17	18
1958-59	35,782	13,658	22,124	12,211	16	87	0	0	6	9
1959-60	30,614	13,805	16,809	12,331	4	17	0	0	22	7
1960-61	79,146	17,449	61,697	16,446	2	54	8	0	1	12
1961-62	94,747	15,862	78,885	14,842	14	53	0	0	0	10
1962-63	84,912	22,580	62,332	21,100	0	0	0	27	42	14
Netherlands (12)										
1957-58	72,847	13,795	59,052	0	1	33	2,300	0	1,265	792
1958-59	88,400	15,809	72,591	0	32	180	3,521	0	954	677
1959-60	84,396	18,539	65,857	0	3	165	3,533	0	2,050	1,081
1960-61	80,114	14,327	65,787	0	0	21	2,154	0	690	1,154
1961-62	76,594	12,931	63,663	117	0	0	1,222	0	2,065	924
1962-63	78,920	14,554	64,366	8/	0	41	1,992	0	3,828	932
India (13)										
1957-58	67,392	27,348	40,044	617	11	0	5,779	0	14,402	2,113
1958-59	61,043	27,660	33,383	381	222	0	5,857	0	14,879	2,010
1959-60	81,397	37,448	43,949	268	108	0	5,795	0	14,893	9,576
1960-61	70,311	28,985	41,326	1,220	59	0	2,749	0	13,768	5,270
1961-62	89,707	30,496	59,211	973	270	0	1,649	0	15,240	6,738
1962-63	72,598	26,948	45,650	350	48	0	535	0	16,313	4,932
Indonesia (14)										
1957-58	114,167	112,913	1,254	2,830	91,906	97	0	0	6,185	9,569
1958-59	101,173	100,169	1,004	967	78,052	0	0	0	5,589	13,066
1959-60	135,173	133,937	1,236	938	112,940	28	0	0	5,713	12,161
1960-61	106,101	104,072	2,029	1,652	81,851	18	0	0	5,605	13,794
1961-62	84,946	81,139	3,807	5,119	56,482	29	0	0	6,132	11,022
1962-63	70,797	69,517	1,280	8,663	41,008	0	0	0	5,613	12,526
Guatemala (15)										
1957-58	70,056	69,877	179	60,703	0	364	0	5,877	0	201
1958-59	57,490	57,371	119	46,988	0	212	0	5,757	0	220
1959-60	59,176	58,922	254	46,931	0	287	0	6,676	0	247
1960-61	57,562	56,206	1,356	44,661	4	250	0	8,035	0	295
1961-62	50,759	46,037	4,722	40,879	0	164	0	2,827	0	136
1962-63	66,757	54,523	12,234	50,148	13	81	0	1,996	0	158

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Selected supplementary products								Other supple. and comple. products	
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats 3/	Fruits, nuts, & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmf.	Apparel: wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains & preparations 6/		Dairy products 7/
Thousand dollars										
Dominican Rep. (8)										
1957-58	10,075	607	511	11	0	0	6	1,071	0	8,716
1958-59	11,192	1,649	586	36	40	0	35	1,258	0	13,011
1959-60	11,011	2,112	579	67	123	0	100	1,016	8/	10,347
1960-61	68,165	1,549	810	2,126	402	0	0	1,132	7	11,607
1961-62	55,688	969	1,071	2,910	1,443	0	0	1,126	2	11,801
1962-63	86,814	5	901	1,932	2,840	0	0	713	0	9,638
Malaya Fed. (9) 9/										
1957-58	0	0	92	51	0	0	61	0	0	799
1958-59	0	0	213	317	0	0	13	0	0	699
1959-60	0	0	692	0	0	0	69	0	0	637
1960-61	0	0	1,323	0	0	0	134	0	0	933
1961-62	0	0	1,922	0	0	0	128	8/	0	775
1962-63	0	0								
Argentina (10)										
1957-58	0	33,213	1,139	5,666	0	4,865	715	123	9,975	12,182
1958-59	0	55,324	902	3,788	0	6,022	1,956	416	9,174	10,195
1959-60	0	19,447	1,341	3,803	3	6,425	2,648	350	9,349	9,258
1960-61	318	22,635	723	4,266	8	5,358	932	300	8,451	9,927
1961-62	8	24,072	1,231	6,753	52	5,265	1,715	188	6,392	11,634
1962-63	5,378	27,236	1,419	4,273	217	9,570	1,735	445	7,143	11,480
Peru (11)										
1957-58	8,993	1	354	95	0	3,080	800	5	0	5,319
1958-59	11,121	0	303	19	1	4,296	779	56	0	6,878
1959-60	8,590	0	331	10	407	3,630	947	69	0	4,249
1960-61	53,491	0	658	0	264	2,094	755	72	0	5,289
1961-62	68,450	0	798	0	67	3,538	555	107	0	6,313
1962-63	46,930	0	984	0	26	5,642	364	87	0	9,696
Netherlands (12)										
1957-58	398	31,214	1,646	3,012	1	185	1,010	681	2,271	28,138
1958-59	474	37,418	1,702	8,138	88	139	1,224	828	2,690	30,335
1959-60	1	29,113	1,858	7,912	58	75	1,196	791	3,135	33,475
1960-61	1,960	30,956	1,515	5,324	137	46	1,018	725	3,008	31,446
1961-62	511	29,855	2,309	4,149	45	223	1,438	970	3,042	29,724
1962-63	195	32,053	1,892	4,156	55	35	1,234	721	3,335	28,451
India (13)										
1957-58	0	319	26,522	4,360	0	297	4,714	0	0	8,258
1958-59	0	65	22,597	231	0	654	5,536	0	0	8,611
1959-60	0	209	25,800	7,118	0	684	5,923	0	0	11,023
1960-61	0	456	27,433	3,614	10	72	5,808	0	0	9,852
1961-62	24,413	267	22,875	4	8/	42	5,771	0	0	11,465
1962-63	8,576	985	25,439	229	42	28	4,985	8/	0	10,136
Indonesia (14)										
1957-58	0	0	215	174	590	0	275	0	0	2,326
1958-59	0	0	43	215	332	0	230	0	0	2,679
1959-60	0	0	42	169	93	8/	482	0	0	2,607
1960-61	0	0	26	1,652	107	0	244	0	0	1,552
1961-62	0	0	2	2,662	321	0	237	0	0	2,942
1962-63	0	0	13	464	468	0	335	0	0	1,705
Guatemala (15)										
1957-58	0	0	8/	35	0	0	0	0	0	2,876
1958-59	1	0	8/	28	0	0	11	0	0	4,273
1959-60	0	0	10	111	0	0	8	11	0	4,895
1960-61	855	0	45	287	0	0	0	1	0	3,129
1961-62	1,570	2,454	125	275	0	0	0	0	0	2,329
1962-63	6,813	4,669	99	331	0	0	0	0	0	2,452

Continued -

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Total	Complementary 1/	Supplementary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Italy (16)										
1957-58	48,660	3,304	45,356	0	0	0	1,035	0	0	73
1958-59	56,261	4,043	52,218	0	0	0	846	0	0	61
1959-60	57,014	4,899	52,115	0	0	0	1,638	0	0	71
1960-61	57,005	3,632	53,373	0	0	0	989	0	0	43
1961-62	62,132	3,194	58,938	13	0	0	623	0	0	42
1962-63	66,613	4,237	62,376	23	8/	0	594	0	0	36
Ecuador (17)										
1957-58	52,120	51,636	484	18,389	0	12,031	0	21,080	0	0
1958-59	52,908	52,381	527	17,670	0	10,247	0	24,283	0	0
1959-60	57,846	57,628	218	11,975	41	9,849	0	35,513	0	0
1960-61	55,431	54,642	789	14,844	29	12,440	0	26,786	0	0
1961-62	48,085	44,071	4,014	6,812	0	4,523	0	32,211	0	0
1962-63	65,939	56,768	9,171	15,323	66	6,545	0	34,175	0	0
Denmark (18)										
1957-58	36,175	560	35,615	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
1958-59	45,951	558	45,393	0	0	0	0	0	0	28
1959-60	43,802	448	43,354	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
1960-61	43,908	299	43,609	0	0	0	5	0	0	5
1961-62	57,088	386	56,702	0	0	0	24	0	0	0
1962-63	63,979	174	63,805	0	0	0	18	0	0	6
Turkey (19)										
1957-58	47,436	1,112	46,324	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
1958-59	57,945	1,131	56,814	0	0	0	159	0	0	151
1959-60	66,396	4,177	62,219	0	0	0	2,762	0	0	44
1960-61	62,817	2,174	60,643	0	0	0	1,574	0	0	108
1961-62	57,425	1,315	56,110	0	0	0	938	0	0	116
1962-63	63,191	2,538	60,653	0	0	0	880	0	0	81
Br. E. Africa (20)										
1957-58	50,261	49,017	1,244	42,151	0	455	0	0	1,522	32
1958-59	42,052	40,136	1,916	32,608	0	0	0	0	2,040	192
1959-60	41,067	38,915	2,152	27,803	0	0	0	0	2,474	576
1960-61	50,652	49,853	799	36,704	0	0	0	0	2,952	313
1961-62	45,051	44,202	849	29,665	65	0	0	0	3,433	318
1962-63	59,964	59,342	622	47,307	0	0	0	0	3,072	268
France (21)										
1957-58	35,975	5,98	29,994	0	0	0	870	0	8/	148
1958-59	38,352	5,233	33,119	0	0	0	720	0	2	124
1959-60	42,075	6,976	35,099	0	46	0	1,835	0	32	222
1960-61	45,487	6,479	39,008	0	80	0	1,384	0	1	141
1961-62	51,878	5,492	46,386	0	31	0	1,049	0	11	126
1962-63	50,070	5,398	44,672	0	8	0	767	0	4	229
S. Africa. Rep. (22)										
1957-58	13,560	506	13,054	20	0	0	268	0	1	0
1958-59	18,627	750	17,877	70	64	0	365	0	26	0
1959-60	22,896	726	22,170	198	18	0	250	0	72	0
1960-61	19,117	653	18,464	161	54	0	233	0	0	0
1961-62	36,270	805	35,465	235	104	25	238	0	49	1
1962-63	46,004	783	45,221	109	0	0	529	0	30	16
Japan (23)										
1957-58	30,881	21,289	9,592	0	31	0	0	0	1,079	5
1958-59	29,367	18,647	10,720	0	0	0	0	0	941	13
1959-60	42,616	26,911	15,705	0	25	0	0	0	739	15
1960-61	42,208	25,389	16,819	0	25	0	0	0	799	7
1961-62	46,021	25,958	20,063	0	14	0	0	0	800	16
1962-63	45,906	24,925	20,981	0	97	0	0	0	812	7

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Selected supplementary products										Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats	Fruits, nuts, & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials	Tobacco, unmd.	Apparel, wool	Hides and skins	Grains & preparations	Dairy products		
		3/		h/			5/	6/	7/		
Thousand dollars											
Italy (16)											
1957-58	0	1,193	23,760	5,470	1,592	5	237	911	11,050	13,334	
1958-59	0	1,173	14,470	8,094	1,139	10	262	929	10,876	16,401	
1959-60	0	1,356	15,733	5,527	1,240	89	227	1,020	11,838	18,275	
1960-61	0	1,204	17,160	4,751	1,307	17	162	917	13,478	16,977	
1961-62	8/	1,321	20,881	5,064	1,037	7	1,111	993	12,394	19,343	
1962-63	0	1,447	18,691	6,310	1,254	35	1,206	929	13,459	22,529	
Ecuador (17)											
1957-58	1	0	3	29	0	0	9	0	0	578	
1958-59	0	0	3	263	0	0	5	0	0	437	
1959-60	0	0	8/	108	0	0	4	0	0	356	
1960-61	624	0	6	0	0	0	5	0	0	700	
1961-62	3,030	0	7	734	0	0	3	0	0	765	
1962-63	7,975	0	35	406	0	0	3	0	0	1,411	
Denmark (18)											
1957-58	0	26,238	201	347	8/	12	246	236	2,713	6,177	
1958-59	0	33,029	337	1,616	8/	47	629	203	3,147	6,915	
1959-60	0	30,957	251	644	0	46	397	255	3,460	7,772	
1960-61	0	32,113	308	212	153	94	264	522	3,236	6,296	
1961-62	0	42,367	603	373	0	24	174	301	4,355	8,867	
1962-63	0	50,316	232	440	0	47	65	731	4,898	7,226	
Turkey (19)											
1957-58	0	0	3,091	115	42,116	84	316	0	0	1,703	
1958-59	0	0	5,202	171	48,726	323	1,390	0	0	1,823	
1959-60	0	0	7,843	353	50,794	91	1,830	0	0	2,679	
1960-61	0	0	7,122	244	50,391	193	1,712	0	1	1,472	
1961-62	0	0	6,291	522	46,401	117	1,596	0	5	1,439	
1962-63	6,797	0	6,811	269	44,785	133	675	0	0	2,760	
Br. E. Africa (20)											
1957-58	0	0	106	7	0	0	1,078	0	0	4,910	
1958-59	0	0	172	199	0	0	1,483	0	0	5,358	
1959-60	0	0	127	16	0	0	1,942	0	0	8,129	
1960-61	0	8/	213	37	0	0	459	0	0	9,974	
1961-62	0	2	218	6	0	0	430	0	0	10,914	
1962-63	0	0	89	110	0	0	257	0	0	8,861	
France (21)											
1957-58	8/	489	4,442	770	636	1,073	2,117	65	1,961	23,404	
1958-59	1	524	5,054	982	710	1,511	2,665	101	1,885	24,073	
1959-60	8/	654	4,074	1,252	133	2,294	2,564	129	2,104	26,736	
1960-61	2	341	5,708	517	193	2,923	4,090	171	2,631	27,305	
1961-62	1,025	709	5,794	387	154	1,668	4,445	1,323	3,057	32,099	
1962-63	1,197	443	5,119	544	4	1,809	4,377	239	2,805	32,528	
S. Africa Rep. (22)											
1957-58	0	0	59	29	16	11,906	697	0	0	564	
1958-59	0	0	225	121	1	16,538	663	18	0	536	
1959-60	0	0	629	92	0	19,833	1,102	0	2	700	
1960-61	1	0	853	66	8/	16,491	625	24	0	609	
1961-62	447	0	1,102	1,127	0	25,796	887	450	0	1,839	
1962-63	15,699	0	877	554	8	25,267	483	0	2	2,430	
Japan (23)											
1957-58	8/	1,002	5,592	168	8/	543	112	236	4	22,109	
1958-59	8/	548	7,077	169	8/	358	130	284	6	19,841	
1959-60	1	459	11,725	373	8/	367	112	319	2	28,479	
1960-61	0	687	11,963	253	2	1,231	2	356	8	26,875	
1961-62	1	826	14,313	1,210	6	643	59	457	4	27,672	
1962-63	1	1,382	14,328	1,891	0	201	61	491	103	26,532	

Continued -

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Total	Complementary 1/	Supplementary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Ghana										
1957-58	35,393	35,393	0	15	0	35,363	0	0	0	0
1958-59	44,830	44,830	0	0	0	44,078	0	0	0	0
1959-60	40,168	40,168	0	217	10	37,950	0	0	0	0
1960-61	58,864	58,864	0	90	0	58,096	0	0	0	8/
1961-62	56,211	56,210	1	814	2	54,460	0	0	0	0
1962-63	43,424	43,424	0	544	0	42,819	0	0	0	0
Costa Rica (25)										
1957-58	30,122	29,579	543	15,804	100	2,415	0	10,145	0	0
1958-59	34,631	31,850	2,781	16,946	56	4,878	0	8,315	0	0
1959-60	28,033	22,529	5,504	10,052	180	4,080	0	7,610	0	0
1960-61	39,324	32,521	6,803	18,785	148	3,627	0	9,952	0	0
1961-62	35,719	31,717	4,002	18,697	119	1,951	0	10,899	0	0
1962-63	40,016	29,935	10,081	13,317	103	2,789	0	13,592	0	1
Angola (26)										
1957-58	36,727	36,366	431	35,878	0	101	0	0	0	0
1958-59	30,361	29,653	708	29,378	0	0	0	0	0	0
1959-60	27,155	26,733	422	26,075	0	17	0	0	0	0
1960-61	23,610	23,191	419	22,860	0	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	28,068	27,765	303	26,874	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	38,187	37,777	410	37,702	0	0	0	0	0	0
El Salvador (27)										
1957-58	40,580	39,983	597	34,180	0	0	0	0	0	1
1958-59	46,109	45,486	623	39,758	0	0	0	0	0	0
1959-60	29,640	29,276	364	24,908	0	0	0	0	0	2
1960-61	24,019	22,660	1,359	18,881	0	0	0	0	0	1
1961-62	36,975	35,623	1,352	34,619	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	36,869	32,232	4,637	32,175	0	0	0	0	0	1
Spain (28)										
1957-58	30,434	1,086	29,348	0	0	0	0	0	0	42
1958-59	37,013	659	36,354	0	0	21	0	0	0	20
1959-60	36,347	1,470	34,877	0	0	0	754	0	0	77
1960-61	36,537	1,476	35,061	0	0	0	608	0	0	43
1961-62	40,399	1,056	39,343	0	0	0	427	0	0	9
1962-63	36,228	1,235	34,993	0	0	0	500	0	0	87
Nigeria (29)										
1957-58	19,012	16,977	2,035	547	3,306	12,685	0	0	0	70
1958-59	25,440	22,747	2,693	202	5,735	16,388	0	0	0	72
1959-60	33,360	28,566	4,794	92	10,045	18,047	0	0	0	68
1960-61	42,847	39,066	3,781	2	9,786	28,945	0	0	0	65
1961-62	45,136	41,759	3,377	152	11,080	29,953	0	0	0	116
1962-63	35,573	32,388	3,185	19	11,482	20,460	0	0	0	143
Thailand (30)										
1957-58	62,067	57,542	5,725	0	56,436	0	0	0	0	9
1958-59	64,996	58,991	6,005	0	57,671	0	0	0	0	3
1959-60	67,194	60,755	6,439	0	58,923	0	0	0	0	5
1960-61	38,351	30,465	7,886	0	28,070	0	0	0	0	1
1961-62	33,446	24,470	8,976	0	21,598	0	0	0	0	1
1962-63	35,066	27,033	8,033	0	23,835	0	0	0	0	3
Congo, Rep. (31)										
1957-58	52,722	43,538	9,184	36,457	5,506	0	0	0	229	0
1958-59	46,518	36,299	10,219	25,618	8,460	43	0	0	151	10
1959-60	60,334	47,672	12,662	35,126	9,967	0	0	0	457	1
1960-61	38,203	28,968	9,235	21,566	5,899	0	0	0	236	8/
1961-62	35,878	28,352	7,526	21,719	5,846	45	0	0	266	0
1962-63	34,031	28,486	5,545	18,564	9,174	0	0	0	361	8/

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Selected supplementary products									Other supplie. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats 3/	Fruits, nuts, & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco unmd.	Apparel wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains & preparations 6/	Dairy products 7/	
Thousand dollars										
Ghana (24)										
1957-58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
1958-59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	752
1959-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,991
1960-61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	678
1961-62	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	934
1962-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61
Costa Rica (25)										
1957-58	104	258	8/	78	0	0	0	0	0	1,218
1958-59	299	2,333	2	53	0	0	0	0	0	1,749
1959-60	233	5,196	3	32	0	0	0	0	0	737
1960-61	2,388	3,857	1	354	0	0	0	0	0	212
1961-62	2,274	1,429	3	53	0	0	0	0	0	294
1962-63	5,618	4,052	16	67	9	0	0	0	0	462
Angola (26)										
1957-58	0	0	0	226	0	0	0	0	0	592
1958-59	0	0	0	420	0	0	0	0	0	563
1959-60	0	0	0	186	0	0	0	0	0	877
1960-61	0	0	3	259	0	0	0	0	0	488
1961-62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,194
1962-63	0	0	7	129	0	0	0	0	0	349
El Salvador (27)										
1957-58	0	0	8/	469	0	0	0	0	0	5,930
1958-59	0	0	0	150	0	0	0	0	8/	5,901
1959-60	0	0	0	227	0	0	6	0	0	4,497
1960-61	943	0	8/	255	0	0	0	0	8/	3,939
1961-62	810	0	6	306	0	0	0	0	1	1,233
1962-63	4,190	0	18	172	0	0	0	0	0	313
Spain (28)										
1957-58	0	57	20,540	3,553	7	112	180	3	0	5,940
1958-59	0	80	26,492	3,290	419	0	203	0	1	6,487
1959-60	0	64	20,281	8,111	34	3	337	8/	0	6,656
1960-61	0	109	20,717	8,205	47	15	123	8/	9	6,661
1961-62	0	57	24,805	7,962	78	53	81	8/	1	6,926
1962-63	0	9	21,401	5,407	90	7	84	0	2	8,641
Nigeria (29)										
1957-58	0	0	0	20	0	0	1,970	0	0	414
1958-59	0	0	0	99	0	0	2,560	0	0	384
1959-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,752	0	0	356
1960-61	0	0	0	72	0	0	3,633	0	0	314
1961-62	0	0	8/	611	0	0	2,723	0	0	501
1962-63	0	0	0	489	11	0	2,635	0	0	334
Thailand (30)										
1957-58	0	0	5,499	0	0	0	43	12	0	1,268
1958-59	0	0	5,826	0	0	0	9	15	0	1,472
1959-60	0	0	6,185	0	0	0	60	0	0	2,021
1960-61	0	0	7,501	0	0	0	11	1	0	2,767
1961-62	0	0	7,468	0	0	0	35	1	0	4,343
1962-63	0	0	5,967	0	0	0	58	3	0	5,200
Congo, Rep. (31)										
1957-58	0	0	0	8,928	0	0	242	0	0	1,360
1958-59	0	0	0	10,029	0	0	187	0	0	2,020
1959-60	0	0	0	12,489	0	0	153	0	0	2,141
1960-61	0	0	0	9,204	0	0	26	0	0	1,272
1961-62	0	0	0	7,519	0	0	7	0	0	476
1962-63	0	0	0	5,517	0	0	11	0	0	404

Continued -

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Ceylon (32)										
1957-58	25,104	24,946	158	0	6,314	0	0	0	17,101	653
1958-59	32,114	31,425	689	0	7,828	106	0	0	22,228	721
1959-60	37,584	36,239	1,345	0	11,095	49	0	0	23,584	1,022
1960-61	31,652	31,606	46	0	8,328	13	0	0	22,669	303
1961-62	31,272	31,246	26	0	7,383	31	0	0	23,226	291
1962-63	32,757	32,755	2	6	7,029	5	0	0	24,877	491
Ethiopia (33)										
1957-58	32,966	30,353	2,613	30,346	0	0	0	0	0	0
1958-59	17,512	14,140	3,372	14,140	0	0	0	0	0	0
1959-60	24,338	21,667	2,671	21,667	0	0	0	0	0	0
1960-61	30,078	29,148	930	29,148	0	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	28,583	26,769	1,814	26,759	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	32,524	30,878	1,646	30,865	0	11	0	0	0	2
Taiwan (34)										
1957-58	6,033	3,486	2,547	0	0	0	0	0	1,263	0
1958-59	6,164	3,053	3,111	0	0	0	0	0	1,719	7
1959-60	7,747	3,003	4,744	0	0	0	0	0	1,670	1
1960-61	10,481	3,502	6,979	0	0	0	0	0	1,776	1
1961-62	33,749	3,034	30,715	0	0	0	0	0	1,838	2
1962-63	30,083	4,664	25,419	0	47	0	0	0	1,774	2
Nicaragua (35)										
1957-58	21,448	13,134	3,314	18,032	0	0	0	126	0	0
1958-59	12,725	8,323	4,382	8,151	0	59	0	113	0	0
1959-60	13,720	7,190	6,530	6,943	0	36	0	211	0	0
1960-61	24,675	12,849	11,826	11,925	0	89	0	148	0	0
1961-62	22,361	11,071	11,290	8,309	0	0	0	106	0	0
1962-63	29,675	14,383	15,287	9,465	0	13	0	1,261	0	0
Ireland (36)										
1957-58	6,025	569	5,456	0	0	0	558	0	7	0
1958-59	18,485	1,850	16,635	0	0	0	1,842	0	8	0
1959-60	21,144	1,275	19,869	0	0	0	1,230	0	8	0
1960-61	22,226	1,398	20,828	0	0	0	1,361	0	5	0
1961-62	27,592	1,301	26,291	0	0	0	1,269	0	8	0
1962-63	29,652	1,193	28,459	0	0	0	920	0	11	0
West Germany (37)										
1957-58	25,543	3,126	22,417	0	0	0	210	0	0	4
1958-59	28,392	3,679	24,713	0	1	11	650	0	8	41
1959-60	30,153	4,378	25,775	0	0	49	1,013	0	4	15
1960-61	29,245	3,098	26,147	0	1	0	423	0	18	14
1961-62	29,359	2,689	26,670	0	1	0	543	0	30	19
1962-63	29,152	2,432	26,720	0	0	0	433	0	2	14
United Kingdom (38)										
1957-58	19,602	7,163	12,439	0	16	0	2,508	0	740	8/
1958-59	24,781	10,035	14,746	0	48	0	5,709	0	787	27
1959-60	27,918	10,850	16,968	0	37	64	3,003	0	2,384	8/
1960-61	22,228	8,550	13,678	0	13	0	4,116	0	1,308	17
1961-62	23,140	7,578	15,562	0	45	0	3,974	0	748	3
1962-63	28,062	9,793	18,269	8/	21	0	6,698	0	536	5
Poland & Danzig (39)										
1957-58	23,409	124	23,285	0	0	0	0	0	0	112
1958-59	24,676	149	24,527	0	0	0	0	0	0	127
1959-60	28,387	152	28,235	0	0	0	0	0	0	114
1960-61	29,588	40	29,548	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
1961-62	33,589	168	33,421	0	0	0	0	0	0	137
1962-63	27,750	167	27,583	0	0	0	0	0	0	137

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Selected supplementary products							Other supple. and comple. products	
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats ^{3/}	Fruits, nuts, & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials ^{4/}	Tobacco, unafd.	Apparel: wool	Hides and skins ^{5/}		Grains & preparations ^{6/}
Thousand dollars									
Ceylon (32)									
1957-58	0	0	157	1	0	0	0	0	878
1958-59	0	0	483	205	0	0	0	0	543
1959-60	0	0	148	1,197	0	0	0	0	489
1960-61	0	0	38	0	0	0	8	0	293
1961-62	0	0	31	1	0	0	0	0	315
1962-63	0	0	8/	2	0	0	0	0	347
Ethiopia (33)									
1957-58	0	0	60	13	0	0	1,967	0	580
1958-59	0	0	52	0	0	0	2,912	0	408
1959-60	0	0	25	12	0	0	2,346	0	288
1960-61	0	0	0	29	0	0	536	0	365
1961-62	0	0	5	69	0	0	1,258	0	492
1962-63	0	0	3	263	0	0	1,017	0	363
Taiwan (34)									
1957-58	462	2	604	0	0	0	0	23	3,689
1958-59	278	0	681	0	2	0	0	15	3,462
1959-60	308	0	1,985	0	0	0	0	16	3,767
1960-61	2,564	0	3,019	0	0	0	0	21	3,100
1961-62	20,748	0	8,047	0	0	0	1	28	3,085
1962-63	14,211	0	9,182	0	0	0	0	8	4,859
Nicaragua (35)									
1957-58	1,278	0	16	1,551	0	0	0	0	469
1958-59	2,004	713	21	1,407	0	0	1	0	236
1959-60	1,714	2,721	15	1,764	0	0	4	0	312
1960-61	5,241	3,943	29	2,442	0	0	8	8/	879
1961-62	3,981	4,912	100	1,772	0	0	0	0	3,180
1962-63	6,017	7,066	23	1,966	0	0	2	0	3,862
Ireland (36)									
1957-58	0	4,010	88	0	4	217	0	85	1,024
1958-59	0	14,788	143	0	6	151	0	91	1,434
1959-60	1	17,702	129	4	3	182	0	211	1,650
1960-61	1	19,534	95	4	0	50	0	148	1,004
1961-62	350	24,387	141	3	0	176	0	136	1,094
1962-63	1,378	25,264	99	0	0	157	0	183	1,358
West Germany (37)									
1957-58	0	4,826	557	1,024	215	126	797	509	17,054
1958-59	1	4,845	521	1,431	90	181	1,490	416	18,136
1959-60	1	2,732	713	2,088	14	268	1,733	2,171	18,596
1960-61	1	1,624	1,092	2,506	62	55	1,497	884	20,310
1961-62	1	1,187	932	4,093	0	17	1,573	685	19,526
1962-63	0	1,016	838	2,421	5	8/	1,937	414	21,695
United Kingdom (38)									
1957-58	56	492	1,608	644	10	401	927	1,999	57
1958-59	64	667	2,163	1,274	14	468	1,168	2,791	61
1959-60	53	697	2,756	2,304	17	611	1,049	2,848	76
1960-61	306	632	2,792	1,410	15	448	519	3,017	52
1961-62	585	915	3,397	977	15	340	643	3,127	58
1962-63	177	2,514	2,942	2,934	10	777	414	3,420	125
Poland & Danzig (39)									
1957-58	0	21,691	52	232	0	0	270	2	467
1958-59	0	21,200	94	268	0	0	606	8/	1,564
1959-60	0	24,332	419	429	0	0	810	1	1,264
1960-61	1	25,783	252	249	0	0	616	3	1,538
1961-62	0	27,729	487	263	0	0	1,269	1	2,107
1962-63	0	23,543	436	195	0	0	908	19	861

Continued -

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cocoa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Other W. Africa (40)										
1957-58	26,686	26,104	582	12,027	80	13,891	0	0	102	0
1958-59	21,191	20,813	378	10,923	416	9,451	0	0	0	0
1959-60	21,342	20,945	397	11,830	116	8,993	0	0	0	0
1960-61	31,223	31,072	151	16,939	25	14,095	0	0	0	0
1961-62	32,087	31,993	94	19,111	47	12,831	0	0	0	0
1962-63	27,378	27,279	99	13,636	35	13,570	0	0	16	0
Greece (41)										
1957-58	27,288	504	26,784	0	0	0	325	0	0	150
1958-59	28,807	323	28,484	0	0	0	40	0	0	110
1959-60	28,926	378	28,548	0	0	0	108	0	0	150
1960-61	29,683	464	29,219	0	0	0	48	0	0	139
1961-62	29,259	362	28,897	0	0	0	16	0	0	202
1962-63	26,925	659	26,266	0	0	0	82	0	0	454
Honduras (42)										
1957-58	23,581	23,274	307	9,147	0	0	0	12,539	0	8/
1958-59	23,035	22,563	472	7,411	0	0	0	15,001	0	16
1959-60	21,060	19,917	1,143	8,818	29	0	0	10,928	0	12
1960-61	32,239	29,732	2,457	13,198	12	0	0	16,407	0	31
1961-62	27,227	24,125	3,102	6,459	0	0	0	17,421	0	54
1962-63	26,647	22,825	3,822	8,616	0	0	0	13,843	0	11
Jamaica (43)										
1957-58	2,954	1,581	1,373	207	0	0	0	164	0	947
1958-59	2,980	1,442	1,538	196	0	70	0	0	0	927
1959-60	3,017	1,375	1,642	146	0	175	0	0	0	778
1960-61	15,536	1,178	14,358	26	0	141	0	0	0	746
1961-62	11,713	1,314	10,399	24	0	221	0	0	0	851
1962-63	22,720	1,607	21,113	8	0	594	0	0	0	812
Liberia (44)										
1957-58	23,893	23,893	0	112	23,770	11	0	0	0	0
1958-59	27,165	27,165	0	419	26,746	0	0	0	0	0
1959-60	29,847	29,847	0	300	29,543	34	0	0	0	0
1960-61	27,058	27,058	0	323	26,735	0	0	0	0	0
1961-62	23,656	23,655	1	525	23,130	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	22,488	22,488	0	1,174	21,314	0	0	0	0	0
Pakistan (45)										
1957-58	25,548	9,298	16,250	0	0	0	9,255	0	0	0
1958-59	22,398	10,640	11,758	0	0	0	10,518	0	1	0
1959-60	24,951	8,147	16,804	0	0	0	7,856	0	83	6
1960-61	21,594	9,721	11,873	0	0	0	9,680	0	0	0
1961-62	25,092	8,347	16,745	0	0	0	8,289	0	56	0
1962-63	21,585	7,426	14,159	0	0	0	7,417	0	0	0
Haiti (46)										
1957-58	23,480	18,536	1,944	11,294	3	1,517	0	82	0	0
1958-59	11,035	10,116	919	3,940	39	1,325	0	25	0	8/
1959-60	11,869	10,219	1,650	4,215	176	1,298	0	92	0	0
1960-61	12,581	6,846	5,735	1,874	159	420	0	235	0	0
1961-62	14,275	9,182	5,093	5,098	136	316	0	171	0	0
1962-63	18,896	9,088	9,808	4,542	54	289	0	375	0	8/
Uruguay (47)										
1957-58	6,435	139	6,296	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1958-59	14,451	128	14,323	0	0	0	33	0	0	0
1959-60	13,264	247	13,017	0	0	0	162	0	0	0
1960-61	16,845	207	16,638	0	0	0	110	0	0	0
1961-62	20,117	162	19,955	12	0	0	74	0	0	0
1962-63	18,161	240	17,921	69	0	0	121	0	0	0

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Selected supplementary products									Other supple. and comple. products
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats 3/	Fruits, nuts, & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmfcd.	Apparel, wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains & preparations 6/	Dairy products 7/	
Thousand dollars										
Other W. Africa (L3)			196	0	8/	0	322	0	0	68
1957-58	0	0	54	0	0	0	297	0	0	50
1958-59	0	0	5	0	0	0	380	0	0	18
1959-60	0	0	56	0	0	0	67	0	0	41
1960-61	0	0	25	0	0	0	43	0	0	30
1961-62	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	92
1962-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greece (41)			1,390	3,122	21,896	0	0	3	127	275
1957-58	0	0	2,238	633	25,219	0	8/	2	89	476
1958-59	0	0	1,519	238	26,259	0	91	0	69	492
1959-60	0	0	1,565	89	26,901	0	74	8/	144	723
1960-61	0	0	1,773	219	26,452	0	2	8/	138	457
1961-62	0	0	2,296	1,388	22,189	0	9	0	70	437
1962-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Honduras (42)			300	0	0	0	1	0	0	1,589
1957-58	0	5	340	0	0	0	9	0	0	136
1958-59	0	22	304	0	0	0	24	0	0	131
1959-60	0	844	382	0	0	0	10	0	0	161
1960-61	0	2,338	314	0	2	0	3	0	0	210
1961-62	0	2,764	586	0	29	0	8	0	0	397
1962-63	0	3,157	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jamaica (43)			152	118	0	0	44	1	0	1,319
1957-58	0	2	167	45	0	0	67	0	0	1,505
1958-59	0	3	377	0	0	0	90	0	0	1,449
1959-60	0	2	280	11	0	0	72	8/	0	2,215
1960-61	12,044	1	369	0	17	0	65	1	0	2,548
1961-62	7,616	1	489	0	150	0	31	8/	0	2,526
1962-63	18,110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liberia (44)			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8/
1957-58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1958-59	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1959-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1960-61	0	0	0	0	0	0	8/	0	0	1
1961-62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1962-63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pakistan (45)			11	0	0	234	1,816	0	0	14,232
1957-58	0	0	31	0	0	10	1,859	0	0	9,979
1958-59	0	0	0	0	0	13	3,773	0	0	13,221
1959-60	0	0	15	0	0	10	4,030	0	0	7,858
1960-61	0	1	0	0	0	70	3,870	0	0	12,817
1961-62	0	0	0	0	0	94	2,811	0	0	11,252
1962-63	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haiti (46)			4	101	0	0	70	0	0	6,217
1957-58	1,175	0	51	124	0	0	39	0	0	5,260
1958-59	232	0	25	159	8/	0	2	0	0	4,858
1959-60	1,044	0	87	26	0	0	6	0	0	4,749
1960-61	5,025	0	91	155	0	0	8/	0	0	4,655
1961-62	2,918	509	574	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,105
1962-63	6,862	940	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uruguay (47)			0	0	0	2,257	31	0	140	1,134
1957-58	0	2,873	2	0	0	9,805	37	69	71	668
1958-59	0	3,766	0	0	0	9,235	42	0	143	749
1959-60	0	2,933	0	0	0	11,091	11	31	134	787
1960-61	0	4,681	13	0	0	12,981	8	0	394	1,044
1961-62	0	5,591	0	0	0	11,050	2	0	336	1,180
1962-63	0	5,403	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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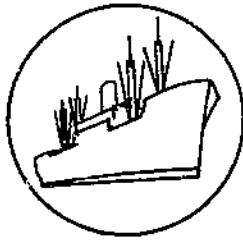
Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Total	Comple- mentary 1/	Supple- mentary 1/	Selected complementary products						
				Coffee	Crude rubber	Cococa beans	Carpet wool	Bananas	Tea	Spices 2/
Thousand dollars										
Malagasy Rep. (48)										
1957-58	15,774	15,609	165	6,871	0	38	0	0	0	7,312
1958-59	14,147	14,020	127	4,424	0	0	0	0	0	7,999
1959-60	12,419	12,391	28	1,949	0	10	0	0	0	8,694
1960-61	10,592	10,018	574	1,908	25	21	0	0	0	6,163
1961-62	13,410	13,131	279	3,527	0	16	0	0	0	7,592
1962-63	17,321	15,263	2,058	4,466	0	16	0	0	0	8,310
Venezuela (49)										
1957-58	41,875	41,550	325	33,147	0	8,187	0	0	0	76
1958-59	31,902	31,722	180	26,097	0	5,154	0	0	0	386
1959-60	20,305	20,216	89	15,815	0	4,288	0	0	0	12
1960-61	24,548	24,346	202	20,719	0	2,578	0	14	0	640
1961-62	14,022	13,764	318	10,906	0	2,191	0	31	0	197
1962-63	16,673	16,256	417	12,597	0	2,610	0	210	0	231
Iran (50)										
1957-58	22,679	2,897	19,780	0	0	0	2,422	0	18	387
1958-59	24,906	2,334	22,572	0	0	0	1,773	0	27	448
1959-60	21,381	2,366	19,015	0	0	0	921	0	7	699
1960-61	15,495	1,082	14,413	0	0	0	217	0	0	341
1961-62	15,496	1,205	14,291	0	0	0	291	0	0	316
1962-63	14,856	1,124	13,732	0	0	0	173	0	0	365
E. W. C. 10/										
1957-58	189,428	26,582	162,846	0	1	33	4,315	0	1,265	1,017
1958-59	217,205	29,024	188,181	0	33	191	5,740	0	956	903
1959-60	220,235	35,376	184,859	0	49	214	8,347	0	2,086	1,389
1960-61	220,216	28,296	191,920	0	81	21	5,134	0	709	1,352
1961-62	229,229	25,340	203,889	130	178	0	3,574	0	2,106	1,111
1962-63	235,353	28,083	207,270	23	8	41	4,523	0	3,834	1,212
E. F. T. A. 11/										
1957-58	71,325	11,075	60,250	71	16	46	2,936	0	740	11
1958-59	87,550	12,299	75,251	204	48	0	5,747	0	787	65
1959-60	89,474	13,813	75,661	3	37	179	3,380	0	2,384	17
1960-61	86,233	12,982	73,251	88	13	34	4,974	0	1,308	25
1961-62	101,992	10,639	91,353	190	45	0	4,676	0	748	13
1962-63	113,860	13,417	100,443	39	41	0	7,595	0	536	18

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural imports: Major countries of origin by commodity groups, specified fiscal years - Continued

Country and year	Selected supplementary products									
	Cane sugar	Dutiable cattle & meats 2/	Fruits, nuts & vegetables	Fats, oils, oilbearing materials 4/	Tobacco, unmf.	Apparel, wool	Hides and skins 5/	Grains & preparations 6/	Dairy products 7/	Other supple. and comple. products
Thousand dollars										
Malagasy Rep. (48)										
1957-58	0	0	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,403
1958-59	0	0	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,640
1959-60	0	0	12	0	0	0	4	0	0	1,751
1960-61	0	0	448	0	0	0	3	0	0	2,027
1961-62	0	0	223	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,052
1962-63	1,923	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,588
Venezuela (49)										
1957-58	162	0	0	111	0	0	3	0	0	189
1958-59	0	0	8/	156	0	0	0	0	0	199
1959-60	0	0	23	23	0	0	4	0	0	140
1960-61	0	0	3	153	0	0	9	0	8/	430
1961-62	0	0	64	168	1	0	0	0	0	464
1962-63	0	0	168	161	0	0	3	1	0	692
Iran (50)										
1957-58	0	0	2,936	51	3	10,579	5,203	1	0	1,079
1958-59	0	0	3,667	66	4	9,660	8,501	0	0	760
1959-60	0	0	3,304	17	2	7,598	7,492	1	0	1,340
1960-61	0	0	2,860	5	1	5,858	5,408	8/	0	805
1961-62	0	0	3,833	74	2	5,447	4,901	8/	11	621
1962-63	0	0	3,596	175	1	4,442	5,217	0	0	887
E. E. C. 10/										
1957-58	444	37,857	21,235	10,437	2,445	1,401	4,639	2,588	15,553	86,198
1958-59	502	43,998	24,635	18,955	2,327	1,907	6,075	2,582	16,044	92,657
1959-60	20	33,923	23,361	17,063	1,445	2,743	5,997	4,461	17,884	101,253
1960-61	2,250	34,145	26,643	13,417	1,699	3,143	6,922	3,242	19,895	101,563
1961-62	1,784	33,072	30,542	13,973	1,236	1,934	8,924	4,902	19,264	106,499
1962-63	2,762	34,970	27,976	13,595	1,318	2,013	9,094	2,917	20,001	111,066
E. F. T. A. 11/										
1957-58	56	26,827	3,310	1,176	10	439	1,564	2,897	9,889	21,337
1958-59	64	33,886	4,923	3,304	14	562	3,048	3,947	10,659	20,292
1959-60	53	31,923	5,106	3,245	32	680	2,646	4,136	11,064	24,589
1960-61	307	32,961	5,702	2,130	168	519	1,865	4,525	11,491	20,123
1961-62	585	43,437	7,660	1,815	15	637	2,894	4,524	12,426	22,327
1962-63	178	53,251	5,744	3,994	10	986	2,086	5,344	12,946	21,112

1/ Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary. All other commodities are complementary. 2/ Includes mainly pepper, vanilla beans, cassia and cassia vera, nutmegs, and caraway seed. 3/ Includes mainly beef and veal; pork; mutton, goat, and lamb; and poultry meat. 4/ Includes mainly coconut oil, castor oil, olive oil, palm oil, carnauba wax, cacao butter, tung oil, and palm kernel oil; also copra, sesame seed, poppy seed, and sunflower seed. Excludes essential and distilled oils. 5/ Includes mainly sheep and lamb skins; goat and kid skins; cattle hides; horse, colt, and ass hides; kip skins; and calf skins. 6/ Includes mainly barley, barley malt, wheat, wheat flour, rye, corn, rice, and oats. 7/ Includes mainly cheese and casein. 8/ Less than \$500. 9/ Not separately classified prior to 1958. 10/ The European Economic Community (Common Market) includes the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg, France, West Germany, and Italy. 11/ The European Free Trade Association includes the United Kingdom, Denmark, Switzerland, Sweden, Norway, Austria, and Portugal.



Import Fact Sheet

FISCAL YEAR 1963

Value of U.S. agricultural imports in fiscal year 1963 was 4 percent above the 1962 value. Imports totaled \$3,911 million in 1963 compared with \$3,762 million in 1962. Quantity of imports increased by 5 percent. Supplementary (partially competitive) imports gained 8 percent in value and 6 percent in quantity while complementary (noncompetitive) items fell 1 percent in value but gained 4 percent in volume. Agricultural commodities accounted for 24 percent of total U.S. imports for consumption in fiscal year 1963.

The United States is the world's second largest agricultural importing country. It accounted for about one-sixth of the world's agricultural imports in 1962. The United Kingdom is the world's leading importer of agricultural commodities, taking about \$5 billion in recent years; and Japan is the world's third largest importer of farm products, taking about \$2 billion in 1962.

Per capita imports of farm products have changed little since the 1920's. In the 5-year period, 1925-29, the United States imported \$19 per capita compared with \$20.75 in fiscal year 1963. The import quantity index rose to 110 (1957-59=100) in fiscal year 1963 from an average of 91 in 1925-29, a rise of 21 percent. The upward movement in world prices for the most part has accounted for the two-thirds rise in value since the late 1920's.

Supplementary commodities accounted for 57 percent of the value of U.S. agricultural imports. During the 1950's, an average of 44 percent of agricultural imports were supplementary commodities. In the past 3 years supplementary imports have risen to over half of the agricultural import total -- due mainly to larger purchases of cattle, meat, fruits, vegetables, copra, and tobacco. Imports of meat and meat products, the major factor in the rise, totaled \$514 million in 1963 compared with \$431 million in 1962. Fruits and vegetables came mostly from Canada and Mexico in greatest amounts in winter and early spring months. Also, imports of commodities such as cheese specialties, certain types of hides and skins, short harsh Asiatic cotton, and various types of oriental tobacco, represented varieties or types not produced in the United States or not produced in enough volume to meet domestic demand. Other important supplementary imports were sugar, vegetable oils, nuts, and grains.

Complementary commodities now represent a smaller share of the value of U.S. agricultural imports. During the 1950's an average of 56 percent of U.S. agricultural imports consisted of complementary items -- those not produced

in commercial volume in the United States. In the last 3 years, such complementary products have accounted for less than half of the agricultural import trade. Major complementary commodities were coffee, crude natural rubber, cocoa beans, carpet wool, bananas, tea, spices, and cordage fiber. A small volume of bananas and coffee is produced in Hawaii.

Over half of agricultural imports come from 10 countries. U.S. imports of agricultural commodities come from more than 125 countries. In fiscal year 1963, 53 percent came from 10 of these countries. These countries shipped half of the supplementary as well as complementary imports taken by the United States. A number of major suppliers were the newly-developing countries with predominantly agricultural economies. Brazil continued to be the major supplier, with \$451 million. Lower prices for a number of complementary commodities have resulted in a substantial decline in the value of imports coming from many countries producing complementary products (table 9).

Imports are unrestricted except for certain products. Legislative authority exists to regulate imports of commodities under specific conditions. For example, when imports materially interfere with marketing quota, price support, or other programs conducted by USDA, the law provides for regulation of such imports under Section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended. Commodities currently controlled under Section 22 are wheat and wheat products; cotton, certain cotton wastes, and cotton produced in any stage preceding spinning into yarn (picker lap); certain manufactured dairy products; and peanuts. Sugar imports are regulated by quotas under the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, to provide a stable market for domestic sugar. The 1962 amendments provide for a larger share of the U.S. market for domestic producers. Moreover, many agricultural imports must meet U.S. requirements of health, sanitation, and quarantine.

But certain supplying countries have placed voluntary controls on shipments of certain products to the United States. These products are Colby cheese, Junex, frozen cream, and meat. The dairy quotas were not in effect during fiscal year 1963 but were placed in effect by supplying countries for fiscal year 1964. Colby cheese will be limited to an estimated 11.2 million pounds, Junex to 2.2 million pounds, and frozen cream to 1.5 million gallons. (Junex is a butterfat-sugar product containing not more than 44 percent butterfat).

Agreements were signed on February 17 between the United States and Australia and New Zealand to limit exports of beef, veal, and mutton to the U.S. market this year through 1966. In the latter year, renegotiation of the agreements will be undertaken. The agreements are designed to prevent future expansion of imports at recent rapid rates, but at the same time they will permit Australian and New Zealand suppliers to share equitably with U.S. domestic producers in the growth of the U.S. market. Australia has agreed to limit its exports of beef, veal, and mutton to 542 million pounds (product weight) in 1964; 562 million in 1965; and 582 million in 1966. New Zealand has agreed to limit its exports of beef and veal to 231 million pounds (product weight) in 1964; 239 million in 1965; and 248 million in 1966. The quantities specified for 1965 and 1966 for meat imports from each country are calculated at an annual growth rate of 3.7 percent.

On February 25 a meat agreement was signed between the United States and Ireland along the same line as the agreements with Australia and New Zealand.

Table 9.--U.S. agricultural imports by country of origin, fiscal year 1963

Country	Supplementary	Complementary	Total
-- Million dollars --			
Brazil.....	101	350	451
Mexico.....	195	63	258
Philippines.....	249	8	257
Australia.....	242	---	242
Colombia.....	9	209	218
Canada.....	180	6	186
New Zealand.....	111	36	147
Dominican Republic...	99	30	129
Federation of			
Malaya.....	2	99	101
Argentina.....	69	31	100
Other.....	951	867	1,818
Total.....	2,208	1,699	3,907

Ireland has agreed to limit its exports of beef and veal to the United States to 76 million pounds in 1964; 70 million in 1965; and 82 million in 1966.

Import duties averaged relatively low for U.S. agricultural imports. About half of agricultural products, including nearly all of the complementary commodities, were free of duty in fiscal year 1963. For the rest, which were dutiable, the ad valorem equivalent of all duties averaged 11 percent. The ad valorem figure for agricultural imports -- free and dutiable -- averaged 6 percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS, 1963

SUGAR 4.7 million short tons valued at \$548 million, mainly from the Philippines, Dominican Republic, Brazil, Peru, and Mexico. Sugar accounted for 14 percent of U.S. agricultural imports. Imports accounted for 47 percent of U.S. sugar consumption. The United States takes almost one-fifth of world sugar imports.

MEATS Beef, 1,021 million pounds, product weight, valued at \$326 million, mainly from Australia, New Zealand, Ireland, Mexico, and Argentina. Pork, 207 million pounds valued at \$130 million, mainly from Denmark, the Netherlands, Poland, and Canada. Total meat imports included manufacturing-type boneless beef, canned (including corned) beef, specialty pork items, and canned hams. Meat imports accounted for 6 percent of total meat consumption and 13 percent of total agricultural imports.

DUTIABLE CATTLE 1.2 million head valued at \$106 million, equal to the level of the previous year. Mexico supplies approximately 60 percent of total dutiable cattle and Canada the remaining 40 percent. Cattle imports were 4 percent of U.S. slaughter and 3 percent of total agricultural imports. Imported dutiable cattle were mainly stockers and feeders imported by U.S. farmers and ranchers for fattening.

VEGETABLE OILS AND OILBEARING MATERIALS Oil equivalent of imports was 1.2 billion pounds valued at \$156 million, principally from the Philippines, Republic of the Congo, Argentina, Brazil, the Netherlands, Italy and Spain. Imports included copra, cacao butter, and coconut, olive, palm, castor, palm kernel, and tung oils. Imports have special characteristics for industrial uses. Imports of oils and oilbearing materials accounted for 9 percent of U.S. vegetable oil consumption and 4 percent of total U.S. agricultural imports.

APPAREL WOOL 198 million pounds, actual weight, valued at \$124 million, up sharply from the previous year, coming mainly from Australia, Republic of South Africa, Uruguay, and New Zealand. The National Wool Act of 1954 has supported prices to encourage domestic production. Output has risen only slightly but smaller use of wool and greater use of synthetics have done more to reduce wool imports from the higher levels of the 1940's and early 1950's. Apparel wool imports account for about two-fifths of U.S. consumption of apparel wool and 3 percent of all U.S. agricultural imports.

TOBACCO 162 million pounds valued at a record \$95 million. Imports, principally from Turkey and Greece, consisted mainly of oriental tobaccos for blending, cigar filler, and scrap. The United States imports one-tenth of the tobacco it uses, and the imports comprise 2 percent of total agricultural imports.

FRUITS AND PREPARATIONS \$93 million, highest on record, mostly specialized commodities or supplements to offseason output. Main sources were Spain, Mexico, Canada, and the Philippines. Imports included brined olives, fresh and canned tomatoes, canned pineapple, and mandarin oranges. Imports were 6 percent of U.S. cash receipts from farm marketings for fruits and 2 percent of U.S. agricultural imports.

VEGETABLES AND PREPARATIONS \$86 million, about equal to the previous year's level but nearly one-fourth above the past decade's average. Half were vegetables imported in winter and spring months, principally from Mexico.

Imports included fresh tomatoes, other fresh vegetables, tapioca and canned tomatoes. Most of the fresh vegetables are imported during the winter months.

Imports were 4 percent of U.S. cash receipts from vegetable marketings and 2 percent of U.S. agricultural imports.

DAIRY
PRODUCTS

\$55 million, principally cheese from Switzerland, Denmark, the Netherlands, New Zealand, and Italy; and casein from Argentina.

Dairy products made up 1 percent of U.S. agricultural imports.

Cheese imports constituted 5 percent of U.S. consumption. Certain cheese imports are regulated by Section 22 quotas.

GRAINS AND
PREPARATIONS

\$39 million, principally barley malt, wheat, and grain by-products.

Total imports of grains and products were at a 15-year low. Wheat and wheat-product imports are regulated by Section 22 quotas.

Imports of grains and preparations were less than 1 percent each of cash receipts from grain marketings and all U.S. agricultural imports.

COTTON

136,000 bales valued at \$24 million, mainly long staple.

Except for short harsh Asiatic cotton, imports are regulated by Section 22 quotas.

Imports of picker lap declined sharply from the previous year, reflecting Section 22 import regulation by the United States.

Cotton imports, mainly from Mexico, Egypt, and Peru, were less than 1 percent each of U.S. consumption and agricultural imports.

COMPLEMENTARY AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS, 1963

COFFEE

3.1 billion pounds valued at an 11-year low of \$939 million, three-fourths from Latin America -- mainly Brazil and Colombia.

Coffee accounted for 24 percent of U.S. agricultural imports. The United States buys about half of the world's coffee exports. The United States is a member of the International Coffee Agreement, which includes both consuming and producing countries as members.

Principal objectives of the agreement are to stabilize coffee prices and to provide a more orderly marketing system for the international movement of coffee.

CRUDE
NATURAL
RUBBER

255 million pounds valued at \$227 million, well below the 1955-59 average, practically all from Asia and Liberia.

Rubber imports accounted for about 6 percent of U.S. agricultural imports.

Crude natural rubber now accounts for around one-fourth of total rubber used in the United States compared with nearly two-fifths in the early 1950's. The United States buys about one-sixth of the world's rubber exports.

COCOA
BEANS

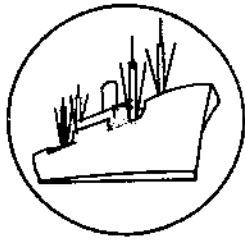
635 million pounds valued at \$138 million, coming principally from Ghana, Nigeria, Dominican Republic, Brazil, Ecuador, and "Other West Africa" (Togo). Cocoa beans equaled 4 percent of U.S. agricultural imports. The United States buys about one-third of the world's cocoa beans.

CARPET WOOL

205 million pounds valued at \$100 million, mainly from Argentina, New Zealand, Pakistan, Syria, and Iraq. Carpet wool makes up 3 percent of total U.S. agricultural imports. Wool accounts for only around half of the surface fibers used in carpet manufacturing because of increased use of man-made fibers.

BANANAS

\$70 million, slightly below the previous year, mainly from Ecuador, Honduras, Costa Rica, and Panama. Bananas accounted for 2 percent of U.S. agricultural imports. The United States buys about one-half of the world's banana exports.



Export Highlights

JULY 1963 - JANUARY 1964

U.S. agricultural exports totaled an estimated \$3,525 million in the July-January period of fiscal year 1963-64, up one-third from \$2,662 million in the same period of 1962-63 (table 10). The figure for 1963-64 includes actual exports of \$2,967 million for July-December and an estimate of \$558 million for this January. A year ago, January exports were \$202 million, an extremely low level because of the longshoremen's strike at East Coast facilities. However, most of the loss in exports in January 1963 was made up by increased shipments in later months. Exports in the first 7 months of 1963-64 were at an annual rate of slightly over \$6 billion.

The increase resulted from significant gains in exports of wheat, cotton, feed grains, soybeans, animal fats, dairy products, and rice. Smaller gains for lard, protein meal, vegetables, and other products also helped. Value declines were noted for such commodities as hides and skins, oats, barley, rye, flaxseed, and vegetable oils.

The significant factors contributing to the export gain have been the relatively poor wheat harvest in the Soviet Union and Western Europe, a slight decline in foreign production of cotton, a change in the CCC program permitting sales of CCC cotton stocks at competitive prices in world markets, and the continued advance in economic activity in the highly industrialized areas of Western Europe and Japan. Exports under Government-financed programs, mainly Title I, P.L. 480, were only slightly higher than the level of a year ago.

U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community (EEC) in July-December 1963 (latest period for which data are available) rose to \$666 million from \$566 million a year earlier (table 11). Exports of commodities subject to the Common Market variable levies rose to \$216 million in July-December 1963 from \$188 million for the like period a year earlier, 15 percent larger.

The increase in exports of commodities subject to variable levies this year resulted from a substantial increase in exports of wheat because of the relatively poor wheat harvest in the EEC, especially in France. Wheat production in the EEC area was estimated to be 205 million bushels smaller in 1963 than in 1962 due to the relatively low quality of the harvest because of an unusually wet season. In addition to the rise in wheat exports, smaller increases occurred in July-December in exports of feed grains, pork, turkeys, canned poultry, and eggs. Exports of other poultry products, especially broilers and fryers -- the main U.S. poultry products exported prior to EEC's imposition of the variable levies -- continued to decline from the high level

Table 10.--U.S. agricultural exports: Value by commodity, July-January 1962-63 and 1963-64

Commodity	July-January		Change
	1962	1963 ^{1/}	
	-- Million dollars --		Percent
Animals and animal products:			
Dairy products ^{2/}	75	110	+47
Fats, oils, and greases.....	71	104	+46
Hides and skins.....	47	45	-4
Meats and meat products.....	44	61	+39
Poultry products.....	40	49	+23
Other.....	33	42	+27
Total animals, etc. ^{2/}	310	411	+33
Cotton, excluding linters.....	250	414	+66
Fruits and preparations.....	176	177	+1
Grains and preparations:			
Feed grains, excluding products....	378	491	+30
Rice, milled.....	78	111	+42
Wheat and flour.....	543	809	+49
Other.....	43	40	-7
Total grains, etc.....	1,042	1,451	+39
Oilseeds and products:			
Cottonseed and soybean oils ^{3/}	91	87	-4
Soybeans.....	242	308	+27
Other.....	83	103	+24
Total oilseeds, etc. ^{3/}	416	498	+20
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	250	294	+18
Vegetables and preparations.....	85	100	+18
Other.....	133	180	+35
Total.....	2,662	3,525	+32

^{1/} Partly estimated.

^{2/} Excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations of butter and ghee, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

^{3/} Excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

Table 11.--U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community: Value by commodity, July-December and August-December 1961-1963 ^{1/}

Commodity	July-December			August-December		
	1961	1962	1963	1961	1962	1963
-- 1,000 dollars --						
<u>Variable-levy commodities ^{2/}:</u>						
Feed grains.....	93,017	138,989	140,875	84,465	116,402	118,871
Wheat grain.....	87,528	23,755	48,209	83,424	22,379	44,142
Wheat flour ^{3/}	9,068	5,496	4,886	7,451	5,411	4,525
Lard.....	1,971	865	819	1,680	856	678
Pork, except variety meats..	223	119	1,799	204	98	1,786
Poultry and eggs:						
Broilers and fryers.....	16,453	8,936	6,490	13,934	6,428	5,646
Stewing chickens.....	4,875	2,298	3,986	3,924	1,575	3,596
Turkeys.....	5,476	5,940	6,799	4,992	5,535	6,449
Other fresh poultry.....	542	269	218	456	209	180
Canned poultry.....	1,279	662	1,087	1,157	558	937
Eggs.....	2,483	832	1,328	2,108	509	991
Total poultry and eggs..	31,108	18,937	19,908	26,571	14,814	17,799
Total.....	222,915	188,161	216,496	203,795	159,960	187,801
<u>Nonvariable-levy commodities:</u>						
Cotton, excluding linters..	93,975	42,866	87,578	88,976	39,154	84,806
Fruits and vegetables.....	42,428	53,071	54,653	35,301	46,490	45,999
Rice, milled.....	7,620	4,696	5,067	6,809	3,208	3,688
Soybeans.....	77,780	93,004	88,617	73,618	85,902	80,615
Tallow.....	17,141	11,250	14,255	13,938	9,807	12,214
Tobacco, unmanufactured....	57,136	58,669	59,250	49,935	44,237	47,920
Variety meats.....	8,305	7,907	10,856	7,068	6,763	9,437
Vegetable oils, expressed..	10,112	4,906	9,964	9,430	4,729	9,232
Other.....	61,043	101,311	4/119,500	51,801	88,430	4/102,500
Total.....	375,540	377,680	4/449,740	336,876	328,720	4/396,411
Total E.E.C.....	598,455	565,841	4/665,236	540,671	488,680	4/584,212

^{1/} Compiled from U.S. Bureau of Census data.

^{2/} Classified for identification of commodities subject to the variable levies which were put into effect on July 30, 1962. The classification is designed to show the overall change in exports of these commodities rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies on exports of these commodities.

^{3/} Exports of wheat flour to Italy include donations under Titles II and III of P.L. 480.

^{4/} Estimated.

in 1961 because of increased import charges by the Common Market. The EEC took more hatching eggs of the efficient, meat-producing breeds developed in the United States to improve its poultry industry.

Agricultural exports to the EEC have been classified into variable-levy and nonvariable-levy commodities for identification purposes. The classification is designed to show the overall change in exports of the commodities rather than to measure the impact of the variable levies on exports.

A 19 percent rise in exports of commodities not subject to variable levies -- to \$450 million from \$378 million -- resulted mainly from the substantial gain in exports of cotton. Cotton exports increased to \$88 million in July-December 1963 from \$43 million for the same period a year earlier. Other increases in the nonvariable-levy commodities included fruits and vegetables, rice, tallow, tobacco, variety meats, and vegetable oils. A slight decline from a year earlier occurred in soybean exports to the EEC in July-December.

Animals and animal products. Exports of animals and animal products in July-January this year were one-third above a year ago. They rose to \$411 million from \$310 million. Most of the increase resulted from larger exports of animal fats, dairy products, meats, and poultry products. The \$35 million advance in dairy products reflected gains in shipments under Government-financed programs as well as sales for dollars. Increased dollar sales included CCC butter sold at competitive prices to butter-short Western Europe.

The gain in meat and meat products reflected increased exports of variety meats and pork. Shipment of fresh pork have increased sharply to both Canada and Western Europe. Western Europe's supplies of pork have been relatively tight in recent months, and import restrictions have been relaxed to encourage imports from other countries, including the United States. The continued abundance of variety meats from increased slaughter in the United States at relatively low prices has encouraged European importers to purchase more to supplement the relatively limited meat supply there.

The 23-percent increase in poultry product exports reflects larger shipments of turkey meat to Western Europe, ready-to-cook chickens to Japan, and hatching eggs to both Western Europe and Japan. Exports of hatching eggs in the first half of fiscal year 1963-64 increased by 36 percent, reflecting the stepped-up demand by poultry producers in foreign markets to upgrade their breeding stocks with fast-maturing, efficient, meat-producing breeds from the United States.

Exports of hides and skins rose to 8.1 million pieces from 6.4 million, but value declined by \$1 million because of lower prices due to increased U.S. slaughter.

Cotton. Exports of cotton, excluding linters, increased to 3.1 million bales in July-January 1963-64 from 1.8 million for the like months a year earlier. Exports this year are benefiting from smaller foreign free world production, a new CCC program that permits exports from CCC stocks at competitive prices, a gain in consumption in Western Europe and Japan, and the relatively small stocks in major importing countries. Combined CCC sales for export and exports registered under the payment-in-kind program totaled over 4.2 million bales as of February 24 compared with 2.5 million under this program a year earlier.

Grains and preparations. Wheat exports have advanced to 457 million bushels in July-January 1963-64 from 295 million a year earlier. The principal factors in the advance have been adverse weather in Western Europe and the Soviet Bloc which substantially limited production in 1963. In addition to dollar exports to Western Europe and the Soviet Bloc countries, the United States continued to export large quantities of wheat to the developing countries under P.L. 480. It is estimated that 234 million bushels of wheat moved under Government-financed programs in July-December, mainly Title I of P.L. 480.

Rice exports advanced sharply to 16.3 million bags in July-January 1963-64 from 11.7 million for the same months a year ago. Most of the rise occurred in shipments under Government-financed programs, mainly to the developing countries of Asia and Africa.

Feed grain exports rose to 9.4 million metric tons this July-January from 7.9 million a year earlier. The rise occurred principally in exports of corn, with some increase in grain sorghums. Exports of oats and barley were below their levels of a year earlier. Exports to the EEC increased slightly and accounted for somewhat over one-third of total exports. Exports of feed grains to Japan in July-December totaled about 1.3 million tons. In recent years, there has been a strong demand for U.S. feed grains in both Western Europe and Japan for use in mixed feeds for poultry and dairy production.

Fruits and preparations. Exports of fruits and preparations in July-January 1963-64 totaled \$177 million, slightly above the level of a year earlier. Increases in dried fruits and fresh lemons were offset by smaller exports of fresh oranges and canned peaches.

Oilseeds and products. Exports of oilseeds and products increased to \$498 million in July-January 1963-64 from \$416 million for the year-earlier period, due to larger exports of soybeans and protein meal. Soybean exports increased to 112 million bushels from 96 million. Value advanced by \$66 million, reflecting in part a price increase over the previous year. Exports of protein meal rose to over 900,000 short tons from 746,000 for this 7-month period a year earlier.

The demand for U.S. oilseeds and products has continued strong because of increased use of protein meal in mixed feeds, continued limited foreign production of oilseeds, especially in Communist China, and increased use of vegetable oils in the developing countries. Foreign output has not been able to keep up with the rapid gain in demand for these products. Soybean supplies from Communist China, once the principal foreign supplier, continued to be available in small volume.

Exports of cottonseed and soybean oils fell to 753 million pounds in July-January 1963-64 from 868 million a year earlier. The decline occurred in both dollar shipments and shipments under Government-financed programs. Most foreign importers have limited their purchases of U.S. oils to current needs because of the uncertain price outlook.

Tobacco. Exports of unmanufactured tobacco totaled an estimated 360 million pounds in July-January of 1963-64 compared with 305 million for the same months a year earlier. Most of the increase resulted from larger purchases by the United Kingdom, West Germany, and the Netherlands. This year U.S. tobacco exports have benefited from the high-quality 1963 tobacco crop, smaller production in some foreign-producing countries, and the relatively low stock position of U.S. leaf in a number of the important world tobacco markets.

Vegetables and preparations. Exports of vegetable preparations in July-January 1963-64 totaled an estimated \$100 million -- \$15 million above a year ago. The increase resulted mainly from stepped-up shipments of dry edible beans for dollars to Western Europe and Latin America. July-January exports of dry beans increased by an estimated 50 percent over a year earlier. In addition, shipments of processed vegetables have increased some to Canada and Western Europe.

Table 12.— U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963

Commodity exported	Unit	December 1/				July-December 1/			
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1962	1963	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS									
Animals, live:									
Cattle	No.	2	2	899	943	10	14	4,035	6,177
Poultry, live -									
Baby chicks	No.	1,800	2,323	531	665	9,389	13,775	2,584	4,153
Other live poultry	Lb.	490	516	123	155	1,526	2,238	514	744
Other		2/	2/	452	747	2/	2/	2,517	2,840
Total animals, live				2,005	2,510			9,650	13,914
Dairy products:									
Anhydrous milk fat	Lb.	894	1,214	575	755	2,811	11,051	2,174	5,401
Butter (except dehydrated)	Lb.	1,532	15,680	464	4,997	4,397	55,265	1,442	19,045
Cheese, including donations	Lb.	6,847	622	2,079	270	15,700	8,939	5,259	2,927
Infants' and dietetic foods, chiefly milk	Lb.	1,356	1,299	735	629	7,564	8,731	4,976	4,771
Milk -									
Condensed sweetened	Lb.	3,616	6,959	861	1,433	25,637	35,508	6,002	7,402
Dried whole	Lb.	910	2,913	626	748	6,739	15,568	3,549	6,707
Evaporated, unsweetened, incl. donations	Lb.	2,622	2,921	373	448	33,843	28,178	5,133	4,016
Nonfat dry, including donations	Lb.	72,940	60,845	7,179	4,653	433,457	547,308	38,096	42,576
Other		2/	2/	266	445	2/	2/	1,825	2,321
Total dairy products				13,158	14,378			68,456	95,166
Fats, oils, and greases:									
Lard	Lb.	15,931	32,740	1,666	3,252	192,527	285,926	18,005	25,321
Tallow, edible	Lb.	487	171	45	21	1,809	1,494	181	148
Other edible fats, oils, and greases	Lb.	547	475	94	106	2,967	3,238	537	551
Tallow, inedible	Lb.	92,394	130,315	5,576	8,542	640,775	833,181	40,218	54,074
Other inedible fats, oils, and greases	Lb.	22,609	28,350	1,466	2,316	88,718	116,496	6,206	9,133
Total fats, oils, and greases		131,968	192,051	8,847	14,237	926,796	1,240,335	65,147	89,227
Meat and meat products:									
Beef and veal	Lb.	2,621	2,443	1,294	1,082	13,972	15,939	6,613	6,583
Pork	Lb.	6,682	16,530	1,985	4,462	33,915	70,431	10,204	20,289
Sausage casings	Lb.	1,401	1,130	971	779	9,223	11,051	6,186	5,749
Variety meats	Lb.	10,396	12,742	2,067	2,655	65,441	79,240	13,020	16,253
Other (including meat extracts)	Lb.	1,117	802	455	344	6,320	5,946	2,669	2,489
Total meat and products (except poultry)		22,217	33,647	6,772	9,322	128,871	182,607	38,692	51,363
Poultry products:									
Eggs, dried, frozen, otherwise preserved	Lb.	166	446	176	435	1,941	2,590	1,874	2,681
Eggs in the shell -									
Hatching	Doz.	617	580	653	591	2,957	4,019	2,934	3,774
Other	Doz.	132	149	57	76	828	2,331	334	886
Poultry meat -									
Chickens, fresh or frozen	Lb.	9,614	12,091	2,710	3,767	82,487	86,330	22,305	22,901
Turkeys, fresh or frozen	Lb.	2,135	1,282	757	497	22,697	23,206	7,862	8,612
Other, fresh or frozen	Lb.	389	398	156	152	2,649	2,460	869	857
Canned	Lb.	628	2,291	192	554	4,317	12,568	1,765	2,059
Total poultry products				4,701	6,072			37,943	42,770

Continued -

Table 12.— U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	July-December 1/							
		December 1/			Value				
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Other animal products:									
Feathers, crude	Lb.	155	152	194	161	921	754	1,099	802
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	402	181	701	481	2,021	1,585	3,914	3,581
Hair, raw or dressed, new	Lb.	419	238	186	114	2,840	3,750	1,095	1,130
Hides and skins, raw (except furs) 3/	No.	820	1,144	5,510	5,711	5,855	6,951	42,626	38,287
Honey	Lb.	1,250	1,169	183	214	11,663	17,999	1,586	2,957
Wool, unmanufactured	C.Lb.	724	720	572	836	5,547	6,601	4,574	7,036
Other				1,218	1,127	2/	2/	7,366	7,180
Total other animal products				8,564	8,544			62,260	60,973
Total animals and animal products				44,047	55,163			282,148	353,413
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS									
Cotton, unmanufactured:									
Cotton	R.Bale:	383	628	51,368	85,685	1,604	2,332	220,199	305,163
Linters	R.Bale:	24	14	783	382	115	151	4,030	4,131
Total cotton and linters	R.Bale:	407	642	52,151	86,067	1,719	2,483	224,229	309,294
Fruits and preparations:									
Canned -									
Fruit cocktail	Lb.	10,390	6,373	1,510	1,092	79,064	82,161	11,652	13,049
Peaches	Lb.	30,455	16,462	3,122	1,841	208,721	152,927	22,155	16,693
Pears	Lb.	700	397	107	76	6,072	3,744	955	710
Pineapples	Lb.	3,324	2,737	476	398	66,981	50,757	9,818	7,264
Other	Lb.	3,567	3,013	574	573	28,410	18,320	4,458	3,387
Total canned fruits	Lb.	48,442	28,982	5,789	3,980	389,248	307,909	49,038	41,103
Dried -									
Prunes	Lb.	8,290	6,703	1,832	1,534	53,213	49,491	11,451	10,269
Raisins and currants	Lb.	6,147	17,738	1,157	3,073	60,421	79,520	11,100	13,813
Other	Lb.	2,410	1,368	842	542	12,484	8,234	4,707	3,230
Total dried fruits	Lb.	16,847	25,809	3,831	5,149	126,118	137,245	27,258	27,312
Fresh -									
Apples	Lb.	30,537	31,105	2,823	2,740	74,289	81,617	6,918	7,662
Berries	Lb.	1,407	1,767	230	310	10,400	9,176	1,815	1,675
Grapefruit	Lb.	14,546	13,601	697	776	78,220	77,168	4,050	5,072
Grapes	Lb.	19,006	14,540	1,909	1,606	175,775	173,009	14,958	15,055
Lemons and limes	Lb.	6,191	4,966	578	426	52,786	119,426	4,246	10,112
Oranges and tangerines	Lb.	34,635	34,975	3,153	3,065	192,662	175,807	15,857	16,560
Pears	Lb.	12,782	4,510	1,157	449	58,537	28,671	5,124	2,853
Other	Lb.	1,036	938	108	129	93,491	106,059	5,590	6,037
Total fresh fruits	Lb.	120,140	106,402	10,655	9,501	736,160	770,933	58,558	65,026
Fruit juices -									
Grapefruit	Gal.	490	425	273	370	2,867	1,911	1,801	1,820
Orange	Gal.	1,237	679	1,955	1,684	6,906	3,589	11,042	8,938
Other	Gal.	842	659	879	722	6,911	6,116	6,382	6,052
Total fruit juices	Gal.	2,569	1,763	3,107	2,776	16,684	11,616	19,225	16,810
Frozen fruits (including specialties)	Lb.	839	617	132	119	9,571	7,731	1,422	1,420
Other				314	280	2/	2/	2,475	2,703
Total fruits and preparations				23,828	21,805			157,976	154,374

Continued -

Table 12.— U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	December 1/				July-December			
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1,000	1,000	1962	1963	1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Grains and preparations:									
Feed grains and products -									
Barley grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	6,283	5,599	7,163	6,423	38,272	28,324	42,717	28,946
Corn grain, including donations (56 lb.)	Bu.	35,505	54,473	44,035	73,425	191,379	233,653	234,294	316,956
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	10,633	12,553	11,769	15,577	56,602	53,704	62,362	65,741
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	750	64	251	56	16,956	3,877	11,785	2,760
Total feed grains	M.Tons	1,314	1,825	63,258	95,481	7,379	7,973	351,158	414,403
Barley malt (34 lb.)	Bu.	289	154	646	314	1,435	1,329	3,165	2,708
Corn grits and hominy	Lb.	2,553	2,356	108	97	17,190	18,066	737	768
Cornmeal and corn flour, incl. donations	Cwt.	348	299	1,545	1,360	2,438	2,728	10,616	10,409
Cornstarch	Lb.	4,658	6,354	381	484	23,911	31,727	2,030	2,630
Oatmeal, groats, and rolled oats	Lb.	5,526	1,704	456	122	15,574	8,694	1,872	729
Total feed grains and products	M.Tons	1,360	1,861	66,794	97,858	7,658	8,270	369,578	431,647
Rice -									
Milled, including donations	Lb.	213,716	356,566	13,743	24,682	972,622	1,183,104	65,416	80,115
Paddy or rough	Lb.	146	16	13	1	3,210	2,852	263	243
Total rice (milled basis)	Lb.	213,811	356,576	13,756	24,683	974,708	1,184,964	65,679	80,358
Rye grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	1,470	1,139	1,976	1,713	11,835	5,728	15,316	7,922
Wheat and flour, including donations -									
Wheat grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	48,820	60,142	90,013	107,278	231,550	341,220	427,311	599,921
Wheat flour, wholly of U. S. wheat	Cwt.	3,606	4,588	16,442	18,911	20,142	20,006	85,386	84,333
Total wheat and flour	Bu.	57,114	70,694	106,455	126,189	277,876	387,233	512,697	684,254
Bakery products	Lb.	891	1,556	388	663	5,190	6,265	2,174	2,813
Other		2/	2/	765	1,006	2/	2/	4,326	6,803
Total grains and preparations				189,734	252,112			569,770	1,213,797
Oilseeds and products:									
Oils, edible and inedible -									
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	31,518	40,811	3,485	4,886	160,344	158,250	20,864	19,439
Soybean oil	Lb.	93,449	41,847	9,000	5,933	641,305	494,469	63,697	56,271
Other	Lb.	12,600	11,737	1,752	1,545	54,301	81,825	8,414	10,985
Total oils (except essential)	Lb.	137,567	94,395	14,237	12,364	855,950	734,544	92,975	86,695
Oilseeds -									
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	71	77	213	238	3,426	2,500	10,577	7,352
Soybeans (60 lb.)	Bu.	18,710	21,850	47,514	60,851	92,389	96,091	232,334	262,530
Other	Lb.	20,589	7,213	1,159	355	126,257	360,182	6,062	15,288
Total oilseeds				48,886	61,528			248,973	285,170
Protein meal (oilcake and meal)	S.Tons	130	148	9,530	12,074	706	758	52,224	60,837
Total oilseeds and products				72,653	85,965			394,172	432,702
Tobacco, unmanufactured:									
Barley	Lb.	3,708	4,071	3,398	3,230	23,542	21,568	20,987	17,566
Cigar wrapper	Lb.	389	119	678	197	2,105	2,322	4,025	6,123
Dark-fired Kentucky and Tennessee	Lb.	4,055	912	2,162	443	11,162	7,534	5,973	3,928
Flue-cured	Lb.	41,066	46,744	34,754	39,611	240,697	273,713	203,403	231,712
Maryland	Lb.	782	1,426	806	1,138	7,211	6,563	5,538	4,755
Other	Lb.	2,448	3,098	790	1,029	13,380	18,586	4,888	5,595
Total tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	52,588	56,370	42,588	45,648	298,697	330,286	244,814	269,679

Continued -

Table 12.— U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	December 1/				July-December 1/				
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value		
		1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	
Vegetables and preparations:										
Canned -										
Asparagus	Lb.	4,153	3,197	967	855	31,015	31,112	6,981	7,799	
Soups	Lb.	1,393	1,054	256	184	7,725	7,399	1,445	1,388	
Tomato juice	Lb.	1,756	1,358	180	148	8,655	10,536	910	968	
Tomato paste and puree	Lb.	1,213	672	259	139	5,664	8,638	1,210	1,759	
Tomato sauce for cooking purposes	Lb.	154	85	20	10	657	426	87	55	
Other	Lb.	6,211	4,540	777	662	30,734	28,979	4,250	4,043	
Total canned vegetables	Lb.	14,880	10,906	2,459	1,998	84,450	87,090	14,883	16,012	
Dry, ripe beans, including donations	Lb.	26,053	41,813	2,421	3,920	295,607	315,232	15,890	25,249	
Dry, ripe peas (excluding cow and chick) ..	Lb.	28,813	28,488	2,006	2,027	137,708	125,154	9,330	8,699	
Fresh -										
Lettuce	Lb.	19,280	19,237	734	1,072	61,987	66,975	2,670	3,372	
Onions	Lb.	20,170	11,668	820	644	54,374	43,164	2,114	2,164	
Potatoes, white	Lb.	7,466	5,998	226	220	79,293	69,309	2,515	1,663	
Tomatoes	Lb.	8,209	10,281	820	925	42,353	53,581	3,957	4,522	
Other	Lb.	36,776	36,841	2,184	2,189	104,099	103,884	6,312	6,305	
Total fresh vegetables	Lb.	91,901	84,025	4,784	5,050	342,106	336,913	17,568	18,026	
Frozen vegetables (including specialties) ..	Lb.	1,900	2,666	331	547	11,164	21,593	2,059	3,738	
Soups and vegetables, dehydrated	Lb.	1,030	1,222	579	509	8,064	6,425	3,615	3,040	
Vegetable seasonings	Lb.	604	446	378	314	3,439	1,722	2,275	1,451	
Other	2/	2/	2/	1,729	1,233	2/	2/	7,826	7,412	
Total vegetables and preparations		---	---	14,687	15,598	---	---	73,446	83,627	
Other vegetable products:										
Coffee	Lb.	2,076	3,385	2,644	3,141	10,895	15,675	13,745	16,578	
Drugs, herbs, roots, crude	Lb.	244	271	309	522	2,099	2,010	2,439	2,877	
Essential oils, natural	Lb.	792	675	1,398	1,626	3,812	3,461	7,064	7,640	
Feeds and fodders (except oilcake and meal): S.Ton:		68	67	3,992	4,377	480	542	28,953	33,467	
Flavoring sirups for beverages	Gal.	79	70	577	577	516	501	3,569	3,373	
Hops	Lb.	3,691	2,791	2,360	1,863	11,062	10,868	6,699	7,297	
Nursery and greenhouse stock	2/	2/	2/	412	461	2/	2/	2,022	2,426	
Nuts and preparations	Lb.	3,805	5,672	1,363	1,843	20,339	41,175	8,893	14,820	
Seeds, field and garden	Lb.	12,897	14,510	5,268	4,788	44,401	55,352	9,761	14,039	
Spices	Lb.	436	350	195	159	2,461	1,591	1,133	1,157	
Other, including donations	2/	2/	2/	5,749	6,318	2/	2/	25,536	45,941	
Total other vegetable products		---	---	22,267	25,715	---	---	113,816	149,655	
Total vegetable products		---	---	417,908	532,911	---	---	2,178,223	2,613,128	
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS		---	---	461,955	588,074	---	---	2,460,371	2,966,541	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EXPORTS		---	---	1,414,877	1,543,544	---	---	7,929,538	8,741,098	
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES		---	---	1,876,832	2,131,618	---	---	10,390,309	11,747,639	

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1/ Preliminary.

2/ Reported in value only.

3/ Excludes the number of "other hides and skins", reported in value only.

Table 13.— U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	December 1/				July-December 1/			
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1,000	1,000	1962	1963	1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS									
Animals, live:									
Cattle, dutiable	No.	200	101	18,913	8,326	754	321	66,999	28,314
Cattle, free (for breeding)	No.	1	2	355	520	9	10	2,991	3,325
Horses	No.	2/	2/	742	871	2	2	2,723	4,229
Other (including live poultry)		3/	3/	58	71	3/	3/	637	323
Total animals, live				20,068	9,801			73,350	36,251
Dairy products:									
Butter	Lb.	75	43	32	21	408	396	172	181
Cheese -									
Blue-mold	Lb.	440	393	220	157	2,224	1,593	1,100	759
Cheddar	Lb.	114	220	32	72	893	1,500	268	484
Edam and Gouda	Lb.	587	858	259	386	3,546	3,636	1,567	1,629
Fecorino	Lb.	2,517	1,616	1,281	999	9,516	7,928	5,058	4,431
Swiss	Lb.	2,186	1,022	1,155	753	10,418	9,364	5,645	5,063
Other	Lb.	2,766	3,927	1,436	1,517	12,543	16,189	5,807	6,698
Total cheese	Lb.	9,610	8,736	4,283	3,924	39,440	40,210	19,445	19,104
Casain or lactarane	Lb.	6,638	9,043	1,177	1,596	45,292	45,560	8,207	8,254
Other	Lb.	3/	3/	27	133	3/	3/	76	814
Total dairy products				5,619	5,674			27,900	28,364
Hides and skins, raw (except furs):									
Calf skins	Lb.	274	415	106	132	2,757	3,117	1,443	1,068
Cattle hides	Lb.	1,081	778	190	105	4,974	7,010	666	798
Goat and kid skins	Lb.	2,105	1,855	1,038	1,287	11,246	12,328	6,245	8,061
Sheep and lamb skins	Lb.	2,931	2,468	746	1,172	18,044	20,892	7,217	9,225
Other 4/	Lb.	2,323	2,223	1,080	1,172	16,209	18,290	7,984	7,501
Total hides and skins, raw	Lb.	7,814	7,841	3,208	3,874	52,230	61,637	23,755	27,053
Meat and meat products:									
Beef and veal -									
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	Lb.	77,640	80,566	25,583	26,565	503,300	568,344	159,412	181,751
Other	Lb.	8,422	9,698	2,619	3,186	47,121	66,104	15,343	21,166
Total beef and veal	Lb.	86,062	90,564	28,202	29,751	550,421	634,448	174,755	202,857
Mutton, goat, and lamb	Lb.	12,668	7,439	2,918	1,805	37,190	29,194	8,282	6,874
Pork -									
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	Lb.	3,350	3,315	1,354	1,298	17,422	17,869	6,793	6,633
Hams and shoulders, canned cooked	Lb.	10,989	12,647	7,847	8,343	65,183	69,756	46,700	47,862
Other	Lb.	3,281	2,619	1,736	1,466	16,908	15,276	8,978	8,275
Total pork	Lb.	17,620	18,581	10,937	11,107	99,513	103,941	62,471	63,270
Sausage casings	Lb.	3/	3/	1,176	1,160	3/	3/	8,099	8,706
Other (including meat extracts)	Lb.	5,340	9,253	1,324	1,216	41,723	45,286	11,413	11,086
Total meat and products (except poultry)				44,557	45,469			265,020	292,753
Poultry products:									
Eggs, dried, frozen, otherwise preserved	Lb.	2/	2/	54	24	1	3	233	247
Eggs in the shell	Doz.	171	26	31	109	675	308	276	200
Poultry meat	Lb.	12	62	65	133	153	191	511	549
Total poultry products									

Continued -

Table 13.— U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	December 1/				July-December 1/			
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
				1,000	1,000	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Wool, unmanufactured (except free in bond):									
40's to 56's	G.Lb.	2,594	2,136	1,420	1,356	10,710	9,056	5,924	5,556
Finer than 56's	G.Lb.	16,730	17,535	9,800	7,733	66,797	37,615	40,091	26,310
Other wools	G.Lb.	2,729	2,682	1,711	2,466	12,206	12,128	9,386	10,885
Total wool, unmanufactured	G.Lb.	22,053	15,353	12,931	11,555	90,213	58,799	55,401	42,751
Other animal products:									
Bones, hoofs, and horns, unmanufactured ...	---	3/	3/	208	181	3/	3/	2,235	1,169
Bristles, sorted, bunched, or prepared ...	Lb.	332	263	874	855	1,577	1,782	3,227	6,700
Fats, oils, greases, edible and inedible ...	---	3/	3/	42	97	3/	3/	207	386
Feathers, crude	Lb.	234	297	459	328	1,422	1,542	2,202	2,310
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	886	496	465	241	4,037	4,079	2,030	1,562
Hair, unmanufactured	Lb.	665	1,322	504	550	4,227	6,533	3,681	4,514
Honey	Lb.	302	100	39	25	2,784	863	315	160
Other	---	3/	3/	876	1,014	3/	3/	4,905	5,174
Total other animal products	---	---	---	3,467	3,751	---	---	19,462	21,675
Total animals and animal products	---	---	---	80,935	80,250	---	---	465,459	449,436
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS									
Cotton, unmanufactured (480 lb.):									
Cotton	Bale	1	1	103	197	120	182	22,356	31,294
Linters	Bale	13	7	253	208	62	84	1,807	2,102
Total cotton and linters	Bale	14	8	356	405	182	266	24,163	33,396
Fruits and preparations:									
Apples, green or ripe (50 lb.)	Bu.	286	344	955	1,050	762	871	2,631	2,950
Berries	Lb.	699	2,054	100	317	16,003	26,757	2,235	4,150
Dates	Lb.	10,226	20,530	1,200	1,292	24,224	35,405	2,507	3,252
Figs	Lb.	221	2,319	28	215	7,225	10,755	232	1,161
Grapes (40 lb.)	Cu.Ft.	2/	19	1	3	43	474	78	1,076
Melons	Lb.	4,539	5,107	202	220	14,274	11,156	498	471
Olives in brine	Gal.	916	954	1,707	1,435	5,643	5,523	10,300	8,454
Oranges, mandarin, canned	Lb.	2,955	1,279	567	262	25,672	23,643	4,966	4,877
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved ..	Lb.	4,656	10,698	574	1,189	47,429	62,330	5,651	7,022
Pineapple juice	Gal.	191	771	112	175	1,220	2,761	1,002	1,044
Other	---	3/	3/	1,491	3,403	3/	3/	2,120	15,160
Total fruits and preparations	---	---	---	6,952	10,120	---	---	32,936	42,843
Grains and preparations:									
Barley grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	371	1,309	506	1,764	1,202	5,568	1,697	6,990
Barley malt	Lb.	8,239	7,644	406	379	65,455	49,551	3,665	2,499
Corn grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	101	81	159	146	462	532	881	941
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	543	363	419	311	1,646	2,160	1,281	1,715
Rice	Lb.	90	74	13	14	4,122	941	243	83
Rye grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	0	0	0	0	203	313	230	455
Wheat grain for domestic use (60 lb.)	Bu.	520	344	1,094	715	1,265	1,041	2,393	2,046
Wheat flour	Lb.	0	0	0	0	2	12	2/	1
Other	---	3/	3/	1,021	1,164	3/	---	8,259	22,240
Total grains and preparations	---	---	---	3,672	4,493	---	---	18,649	22,240

Continued -

Table 13.-- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	December 1/				July-December 1/				
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value		
		1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1,000	1,000	
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	
Nuts and preparations:										
Almonds	Lb.	2/	46	2/	26	70	29	40		
Brazil nuts	Lb.	1,227	1,715	371	460	18,340	12,410	4,608	4,377	
Cashew nuts	Lb.	7,307	6,839	2,820	2,860	26,123	42,661	14,153	16,869	
Cocunut meat, fresh, frozen, or prepared	Lb.	10,459	12,587	1,156	1,550	68,110	77,424	7,564	9,375	
Pistache nuts	Lb.	1,462	952	738	605	8,052	6,872	3,511	3,695	
Other	3/	3/	---	905	801	3/	3/	4,569	5,366	
Total nuts and preparations		---	---	6,650	6,321	---	---	34,434	35,922	
Oilseeds and products:										
Oils, edible and inedible -										
Cacao butter	Lb.	1,912	659	886	357	12,238	6,269	5,615	3,263	
Carnauba wax	Lb.	597	975	240	444	5,054	1,985	2,231	2,338	
Castor oil	Lb.	5,460	9,380	1,059	963	58,318	57,944	6,592	6,057	
Cocunut oil	Lb.	41,447	0	4,013	0	168,044	167,240	16,338	17,791	
Olive oil, edible	Lb.	5,282	3,671	1,560	1,157	28,047	17,027	8,014	6,008	
Palm oil	Lb.	599	3,077	46	259	9,082	3,811	830	369	
Palm kernel oil	Lb.	7,807	3,023	768	566	43,350	41,288	4,568	5,057	
Tung oil	Lb.	2,433	2,667	909	799	6,196	13,681	3,256	4,438	
Other	Lb.	2,353	1,818	551	302	33,400	13,851	4,828	2,630	
Total oils (except essential)	Lb.	72,850	25,270	10,022	4,762	366,729	327,136	52,513	47,591	
Oilseeds -										
Copra	Lb.	52,963	29,998	3,563	2,321	408,271	297,400	26,731	22,072	
Sesame seed	Lb.	1,150	1,071	212	196	7,701	8,954	1,129	1,377	
Other	3/	3/	---	392	206	3/	3/	2,119	1,196	
Total oilseeds		---	---	4,167	2,723	---	---	29,979	24,645	
Protein meal (oilcake and meal)	Lb.	3,805	7,227	116	218	47,695	42,439	1,403	1,306	
Total oilseeds and products		---	---	14,315	7,704	---	---	83,885	73,942	
Sugar and related products:										
Cane sugar	S.Tons	425	437	43,301	68,822	2,544	2,297	278,101	340,833	
Molasses unfit for human consumption	Gal.	17,003	22,308	1,937	3,722	118,899	118,311	13,174	19,951	
Other	3/	3/	---	704	676	3/	3/	2,527	3,750	
Total sugar and related products		---	---	45,942	73,220	---	---	293,802	364,574	
Vegetables and preparations:										
Canned mushrooms	Lb.	219	835	132	447	2,973	6,292	1,641	3,308	
Canned tomatoes, tomato paste and sauce	Lb.	13,340	9,111	1,195	1,168	98,267	65,253	8,023	7,266	
Fresh or dried -										
Cucumbers	Lb.	2,917	6,681	251	502	3,041	6,988	260	531	
Garlic	Lb.	470	824	93	141	5,191	9,024	542	1,420	
Onions	Lb.	3,002	6,474	176	336	8,029	13,258	424	742	
Potatoes, white	Lb.	27,257	11,373	461	307	46,954	28,635	841	834	
Potatoes, natural state	Lb.	9,460	10,476	786	916	11,719	15,149	994	1,321	
Turnips and rutabegas	Lb.	10,196	14,440	212	307	47,016	54,255	553	1,072	
Pickled vegetables	Lb.	1,368	1,057	233	188	5,994	6,729	1,051	1,076	
Tapioca, tapioca flour, and cassava	Lb.	19,966	23,284	768	246	67,235	120,883	2,673	4,500	
Other	3/	3/	---	2,172	2,544	3/	3/	10,932	11,594	
Total vegetables and preparations		---	---	6,470	7,702	---	---	28,734	33,664	

Continued -

Table 13.— U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity,
December 1962 and 1963 and July-December 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	December 1/				July-December 1/			
		Quantity		Value		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
				1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Other vegetable products:									
Feeds and fodders (except oilcake and meal):	—	3/	3/	1,298	2,480	3/	3/	5,864	8,613
Hops	Lb.	2,232	1,530	2,215	1,676	3,257	2,879	3,311	2,850
Jute and jute butts, unmanufactured	L.Ton:	3	4	502	615	29	32	3,922	5,254
Malt liquors	Gal.	1,335	1,369	1,556	1,529	8,746	9,328	10,304	10,583
Nursery and greenhouse stock	—	3/	3/	518	690	3/	3/	10,451	10,354
Seeds, field and garden	—	3/	3/	2,081	1,839	3/	3/	7,487	8,905
Spices	Lb.	6,842	5,646	917	958	21,492	25,227	2,979	3,508
Tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	10,335	12,553	6,170	7,571	78,232	84,084	47,179	50,876
Wines	Gal.	1,437	1,337	5,396	5,394	7,506	8,355	29,157	32,274
Other	—	3/	3/	550	621	3/	3/	3,850	5,627
Total other vegetable products	—	—	—	21,243	23,373	—	—	124,504	138,844
Total vegetable products	—	—	—	105,015	133,402	—	—	647,111	757,025
TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	—	—	—	194,950	213,652	—	—	1,112,572	1,206,461
COMPLEMENTARY									
Bananas	Lb.	227,172	277,142	5,201	7,220	1,603,362	1,738,093	36,216	41,785
Coffee (including into Puerto Rico)	Lb.	336,782	283,769	98,610	90,053	1,675,884	1,699,532	506,408	524,130
Coffee essences, substitutes and adulterants ..	Lb.	628	455	723	501	2,731	2,982	3,006	3,548
Cocoa or cacao beans	Lb.	32,906	47,051	6,260	11,128	238,097	234,595	46,586	53,408
Cocoa and chocolate, prepared	Lb.	8,271	11,751	1,844	1,951	51,005	63,591	10,332	11,110
Drugs, herbs, roots, etc.	—	3/	3/	1,491	1,760	3/	3/	9,104	10,383
Essential or distilled oils	—	3/	3/	2,310	2,044	3/	3/	12,076	11,318
Fibers, unmanufactured	L.Ton:	10	12	2,196	3,575	73	108	15,592	21,791
Rubber, crude	Lb.	81,867	64,085	19,278	13,957	486,621	380,632	115,286	85,875
Silk, raw	Lb.	328	491	1,840	2,692	2,843	2,550	15,376	15,292
Spices	Lb.	7,622	6,520	2,442	2,190	46,306	48,017	17,441	15,355
Tea	Lb.	12,536	8,851	5,935	4,135	65,763	61,081	30,464	27,866
Wool, unmanufactured (free in bond)	G.Lb.	16,095	18,742	7,742	11,353	98,178	107,064	46,775	60,921
Other complementary agricultural products ...	—	3/	3/	518	871	3/	3/	2,964	4,578
TOTAL COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	—	—	—	156,390	153,470	—	—	867,632	887,360
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS	—	—	—	351,340	367,122	—	—	1,980,202	2,093,821
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL IMPORTS	—	—	—	984,100	1,144,455	—	—	6,094,180	6,091,321
TOTAL IMPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES	—	—	—	1,335,440	1,511,577	—	—	8,274,381	8,885,042

1/ Preliminary.

2/ Less than 500.

3/ Reported in value only.

4/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", reported in pieces only.

Table 14.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value
by commodity, 1962 and 1963

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 1/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1962	1963
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS					
<u>Animals, live:</u>					
Cattle	No.	19	23	7,830	10,568
Poultry, live -					
Baby chicks	No.	19,141	27,175	6,133	9,672
Other live poultry	Lb.	2,761	4,043	1,085	1,449
Other	---	2/	2/	6,332	6,439
Total animals, live	---	---	---	21,380	28,128
<u>Dairy products:</u>					
Anhydrous milk fat	Lb.	5,052	15,589	4,092	8,333
Butter (except dehydrated)	Lb.	5,773	57,318	2,000	19,744
Cheese, including donations	Lb.	19,087	33,592	6,920	10,626
Infants' and dietetic foods, chiefly milk	Lb.	15,986	18,002	10,011	10,003
Milk -					
Condensed sweetened	Lb.	47,695	60,069	11,211	13,004
Dried whole	Lb.	13,414	29,810	7,556	12,809
Evaporated, including donations ..	Lb.	66,309	62,900	10,115	8,642
Nonfat dry, including donations ..	Lb.	872,367	1,118,401	75,089	93,793
Other	---	2/	2/	3,722	4,211
Total dairy products	---	---	---	130,716	181,165
<u>Fats, oils, and greases:</u>					
Lard	Lb.	422,089	537,674	40,635	48,531
Tallow, edible	Lb.	5,573	4,403	487	418
Other edible fats and oils	Lb.	6,811	6,135	1,215	1,028
Tallow, inedible	Lb.	1,426,909	1,629,077	91,823	104,059
Other inedible fats and greases ..	Lb.	177,389	250,142	13,319	18,223
Total fats, oils, and greases ...	Lb.	2,038,771	2,427,431	147,479	172,259
<u>Meat and meat products:</u>					
Beef and veal	Lb.	27,113	27,319	12,640	11,839
Pork	Lb.	63,679	138,125	18,603	38,468
Sausage casings	Lb.	18,198	21,021	14,368	12,452
Variety meats	Lb.	124,483	157,870	25,314	31,681
Other (including meat extracts) ..	Lb.	13,652	11,560	5,602	5,084
Total meat (except poultry)	Lb.	247,125	355,895	76,527	99,524
<u>Poultry products:</u>					
Eggs, dried, frozen, or preserved..	Lb.	6,364	5,876	5,299	5,891
Eggs in the shell -					
Hatching	Doz.	6,843	9,906	7,273	9,158
Other	Doz.	1,730	7,685	698	2,767
Poultry meat -					
Chickens, fresh or frozen	Lb.	221,190	154,356	58,734	39,177
Turkeys, fresh or frozen	Lb.	36,853	30,888	12,522	11,393
Other, fresh or frozen	Lb.	5,179	5,332	1,792	1,804
Canned	Lb.	6,893	18,261	2,737	4,476
Total poultry products	---	---	---	89,055	74,666

Continued -

Table 14.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 1/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1962	1963
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Other animal products:					
Feathers, crude	Lb.	1,996	1,521	2,367	1,518
Gelatin, edible	Lb.	3,943	3,401	7,852	7,613
Hair, raw or dressed, new	Lb.	6,497	7,948	2,286	2,378
Hides and skins, raw 3/	Wo.	11,354	12,709	82,900	74,577
Honey	Lb.	13,646	25,035	1,939	4,145
Wool, unmanufactured	CLb.	12,635	14,375	11,225	14,356
Other	2/	2/	2/	16,384	16,054
Total other animal products	---	---	---	124,953	120,641
Total animals and products	---	---	---	590,110	676,383
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS					
Cotton, unmanufactured:					
Cotton	RBle:	3,847	4,359	527,875	576,382
Linters	RBle:	253	362	9,347	10,556
Total cotton and linters	RBle:	4,100	4,721	537,222	586,938
Fruits and preparations:					
Canned -					
Fruit cocktail	Lb.	134,814	149,509	20,259	22,898
Peaches	Lb.	298,859	230,530	32,348	25,210
Pears	Lb.	10,420	8,863	1,694	1,509
Pineapples	Lb.	114,709	86,537	17,321	12,774
Other	Lb.	43,889	38,839	7,043	6,817
Total canned fruits	Lb.	602,691	514,278	78,665	69,208
Dried -					
Prunes	Lb.	92,057	82,940	20,061	17,468
Raisins and currants	Lb.	113,433	109,462	19,168	19,327
Other	Lb.	20,931	14,848	7,868	5,633
Total dried fruits	Lb.	226,421	207,250	47,097	42,428
Fresh -					
Apples	Lb.	176,636	146,641	15,677	13,690
Berries	Lb.	22,159	21,741	4,226	4,362
Grapefruit	Lb.	225,356	159,017	10,569	10,555
Grapes	Lb.	195,189	197,449	17,575	18,265
Lemons and limes	Lb.	152,122	221,619	10,398	19,542
Oranges and tangerines	Lb.	439,490	353,650	36,743	35,355
Pears	Lb.	68,484	40,891	6,129	3,997
Other	Lb.	157,990	183,111	9,680	10,539
Total fresh fruits	Lb.	1,437,426	1,324,119	110,997	116,305
Fruit juices -					
Grapefruit	Gal.	7,915	5,636	4,935	5,067
Orange	Gal.	15,122	9,885	23,996	22,640
Other	Gal.	14,297	13,834	13,328	13,269
Total fruit juices	Gal.	37,334	29,355	42,259	40,976
Frozen fruits (incl. specialties)	Lb.	13,923	14,379	2,278	2,672
Other	2/	2/	2/	4,240	4,582
Total fruits and preparations	---	---	---	285,536	276,171

Continued -

Table 14.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value
by commodity, 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 1/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1962	1963
				1,000	1,000
		Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollars
Grains and preparations:					
Feed grains and products -					
Barley grain (48 lb.)	Bu.	96,943	54,542	115,940	57,161
Corn grain, including donations (56 lb.)	Bu.	427,141	438,983	530,191	591,238
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	109,958	115,917	122,075	138,005
Oats grain (32 lb.)	Bu.	27,969	9,665	19,829	7,533
Total feed grains	Mton	16,161	15,424	788,035	793,937
Barley malt (34 lb.)	Bu.	2,504	2,904	5,546	5,505
Corn grits and hominy	Lb.	35,242	41,842	1,503	1,763
Cornmeal & flour, incl. donations	Cwt.	5,184	4,878	21,645	20,617
Cornstarch	Lb.	47,935	53,862	4,073	4,688
Oatmeal, groats, and rolled oats	Lb.	28,605	14,157	3,526	1,557
Total feed grains and products	Mton	16,730	15,971	824,328	828,067
Rice -					
Milled, including donations	Lb.	2,310,106	2,615,838	152,697	176,184
Paddy or rough	Lb.	8,331	28,370	694	2,034
Total rice (milled basis)	Lb.	2,315,521	2,634,279	153,391	178,218
Rye grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	15,583	14,546	20,358	20,084
Wheat and flour, incl. donations -					
wheat grain (60 lb.)	Bu.	519,979	644,486	942,388	1,146,285
wheat flour, wholly U.S. wheat	Cwt.	47,671	44,369	193,019	183,178
Total wheat and flour	Bu.	629,622	746,535	1,135,407	1,329,463
Bakery products	Lb.	12,029	12,482	4,748	5,300
Other	---	2/	2/	8,283	12,134
Total grains and preparations	---	---	---	2,146,515	2,373,266
Oilseeds and products:					
Oils, edible and inedible -					
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	371,020	363,286	51,320	44,309
Soybean oil	Lb.	1,213,580	1,088,433	133,876	120,101
Other	Lb.	112,758	141,929	19,520	20,525
Total oils (except essential)	Lb.	1,697,358	1,593,648	204,716	184,935
Oilseeds -					
Flaxseed (56 lb.)	Bu.	3,942	3,408	12,350	10,011
Soybeans (60 lb.)	Bu.	160,878	174,703	407,234	471,519
Other	Lb.	193,661	516,624	9,902	24,459
Total oilseeds	---	---	---	429,486	505,989
Protein meal (oilcake and meal)	STon	1,282	1,603	90,996	124,955
Total oilseeds and products	---	---	---	725,198	815,879
Tobacco, unmanufactured:					
Burley	Lb.	40,120	44,497	35,146	35,383
Cigar wrapper	Lb.	4,754	4,606	7,628	10,325
Dark-fired Kentucky and Tennessee	Lb.	17,269	14,172	9,239	7,571
Flue-cured	Lb.	375,398	403,437	303,741	331,171
Maryland	Lb.	10,929	10,744	8,627	7,984
Other	Lb.	20,408	28,028	9,009	10,671
Total tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	468,878	505,484	373,390	403,105

Continued -

Table 14.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commodity exported	Unit	Year ended December 31 1/			
		Quantity		Value	
		1962	1963	1962	1963
		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Vegetables and preparations:					
Canned -					
Asparagus	Lb.	64,107	62,246	14,077	15,100
Soups	Lb.	15,300	15,045	2,811	2,792
Tomato juice	Lb.	21,760	28,359	2,203	2,612
Tomato paste and puree	Lb.	9,983	15,760	2,210	3,167
Tomato sauce (cooking purposes) ..	Lb.	1,395	863	189	113
Other	Lb.	51,514	68,795	7,424	9,403
Total canned vegetables	Lb.	164,059	191,068	28,914	33,187
Dry, ripe beans, incl. donations ..	Lb.	283,756	469,151	22,594	38,512
Dry, ripe peas (excl. cow & chick) ..	Lb.	231,617	236,286	15,101	15,897
Fresh -					
Lettuce	Lb.	163,387	164,450	7,942	7,578
Onions	Lb.	114,075	131,889	5,270	5,988
Potatoes, white	Lb.	227,712	325,912	6,458	7,207
Tomatoes	Lb.	84,308	100,147	8,126	8,975
Other	Lb.	370,695	438,196	23,018	23,325
Total fresh vegetables	Lb.	960,177	1,160,594	50,814	53,073
Frozen vegetables (including specialties)	Lb.	20,735	39,205	3,781	6,895
Soups and vegetables, dehydrated ..	Lb.	15,134	17,456	6,549	7,317
Vegetable seasonings	Lb.	6,546	3,749	4,440	3,092
Other		2/	2/	16,292	14,755
Total vegetables and preparations ..		---	---	148,585	172,728
Other vegetable products:					
Coffee	Lb.	24,384	28,836	29,219	31,653
Drugs, herbs, roots, crude	Lb.	3,448	3,640	3,850	4,362
Essential oils, natural	Lb.	8,308	7,559	15,215	15,564
Feeds & fodders (except oilcake) ..	STon	833	1,015	49,583	62,537
Flavoring sirups for beverages	Gal.	1,136	1,099	7,637	7,014
Hops	Lb.	21,197	19,983	12,564	13,553
Nursery and greenhouse stock		2/	2/	5,743	6,286
Nuts and preparations	Lb.	40,736	68,211	15,574	21,534
Seeds, field and garden	Lb.	84,447	94,303	18,238	23,805
Spices	Lb.	3,841	2,926	2,041	2,273
Other, including donations		2/	2/	67,843	90,880
Total other vegetable products		---	---	227,507	279,461
Total vegetable products		---	---	4,443,953	4,907,548
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS		---	---	5,034,063	5,583,931
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EXPORTS		---	---	16,251,421	17,341,409
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES		---	---	21,285,484	22,925,340

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Reported in value only. 3/ Excludes the number of "other hides and skins," reported in value only.

Explanatory Note

U.S. foreign agricultural trade statistics in this report include official U.S. data based on compilations of the Bureau of the Census. Agricultural commodities consist of (1) nonmarine food products and (2) other products of agriculture which have not passed through complex processes of manufacture such as raw hides and skins, fats and oils, and wine. Such manufactured products as textiles, leather, boots and shoes, cigarettes, naval stores, forestry products, and distilled alcoholic beverages are not considered agricultural.

The trade statistics exclude shipments between the 50 States and Puerto Rico, between the 50 States and the island possessions, between Puerto Rico and the island possessions, among the island possessions, and intransit through the United States from one foreign country to another when documented as such through U.S. Customs.

EXPORTS The export statistics also exclude shipments to the U.S. armed forces for their own use and supplies for vessels and planes engaged in foreign trade. Data on shipments valued at less than \$100 are not compiled by commodity and are excluded from agricultural statistics but are reflected in nonagricultural and overall export totals in this report. The agricultural export statistics include shipments under P.L. 87-195 (Act for International Development), principally sales for foreign currency; under P.L. 83-480 (Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act), and related laws; and involving Government payments to exporters. (USDA payments are excluded from the export value.) Separate statistics on Government program exports are compiled by USDA from data obtained from operating agencies.

The export value, the value at the port of exportation, is based on the selling price (or cost if not sold) and includes inland freight, insurance, and other charges to the port. The country of destination is the country of ultimate destination or where the commodities are to be consumed, further processed, or manufactured. When the shipper does not know the ultimate destination, the shipments are credited to the last country, as known to him at time of shipments from the United States, to which the commodities are to be shipped in their present form. Except for Canada, export shipments valued \$100-\$499 are included on the basis of sampling estimates; shipments to Canada valued \$100-\$1,999 are sampled.

IMPORTS Imports for consumption consist of commodities released from U.S. Customs custody upon arrival, or entered into bonded manufacturing warehouse, or withdrawn from bonded storage warehouse for consumption. The agricultural statistics exclude low-value shipments from countries not identified because of illegible reporting, but they are reflected in nonagricultural and overall import totals in this report.

The import value, defined generally as the market value in the foreign country, excludes import duties, ocean freight, and marine insurance. The country of origin is defined as the country where the commodities were grown or processed. Where the country of origin is not known, the imports are credited to the country of shipment.

Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary, or partly competitive. All other commodities are complementary, or noncompetitive.

Further explanatory material on foreign trade statistics and compilation procedures of the Bureau of the Census is contained in the publications of that agency.