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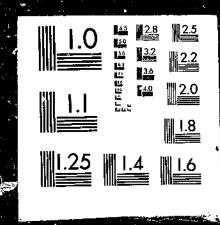
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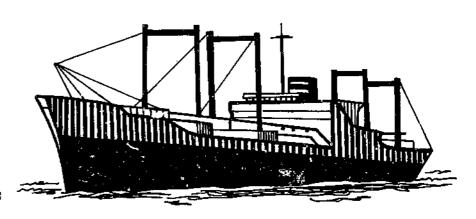
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OCTOBER 1963

FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES



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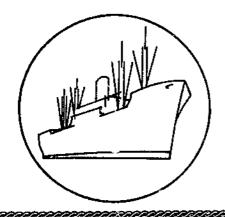
- Trade with the Soviet Bloc
- Export Highlights, July-September
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Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch Development and Trade Analysis Division Economic Research Service



FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL TRADE

OF THE UNITED STATES

Digest

President Kennedy's announcement on October 9 that export licenses would be granted for shipments of wheat and other agricultural commodities to the Soviet Union and other Eastern European countries may raise U.S. agricultural exports to the European Soviet Bloc to the highest level since World War II, when the USSR received huge Lend-Lease and UNRRA aid. Sales of 4 million metric tons to the Soviet Bloc at the current export price would total over \$250 million, more than double the 1961-63 average value of \$118 million for U.S. agricultural exports to the Bloc but not as high as the \$562 million average for 1943 and 1944. The Soviet Union's extraordinary wheat purchases this year stem from a serious decline in output there, due to production failures, adverse weather, and the breakdown of the Communist system of agricultural production. The USSR has accounted for about one-half of total wheat and flour exports to the European Soviet Bloc in the past 3 years. Russia's overall wheat purchases this year will make it the world's largest wheat importer whereas it normally is the world's third or fourth largest exporter.

* * * * * *

First-quarter agricultural exports in fiscal year 1963-64 are estimated at \$1,248 million, 8 percent larger than a year ago. Gains occurred in wheat, dairy products, lard, tallow, soybeans, protein meal, and tobacco while exports of fruits, feed grains, and vegetable oils were smaller than a year ago. Wheat and cotton export prospects point to a record export year. With the possibility of wheat sales to the Soviet Bloc, the outlook is even better. Unfavorable weather has reduced wheat output in Europe and the Soviet Union. The foreign situation also indicates added U.S. cotton exports this year, especially since the export program has now been expanded to permit exports of cotton from CCC stocks at prices competitive in world markets.

* * * * * *

Agricultural imports in July-August 1963 totaled \$682 million, 9 percent more than a year ago. Supplementary (partly competitive products were up 18 percent while complementary (noncompetitive) commodities were 2 percent smaller. Imports of boneless beef and cane sugar dominated this year's expansion. Boneless beef is used in meat products such as frankfurters, prepared hamburgers, and luncheon meat -- products much in demand among American

consumers. The volume and value of cane sugar imports rose disproportionately, with volume up 9 percent because of larger domestic distribution and value up 47 percent because of short supplies and higher prices abroad.

* * * * * *

Asia was the major destination area of exports under Government-financed programs in calendar year 1962, taking 46 percent, followed by Europe, 22 percent; Africa, 21 percent; and Latin America, 10 percent. Program exports to African countries have increased rapidly since 1959 to \$311 million in 1962, only slightly below those to Europe. The 10 leading countries receiving program exports were India, United Arab Republic -- Egypt, Yugoslavia, Turkey, Pakistan, Brazil, Korea, Poland, Taiwan (Formosa), and Indonesia. Government-financed exports to these countries totaled \$1,513 million, nearly two-thirds of all program shipments. The 10 major dollar markets were Canada, Japan, United Kingdom, West Germany, the Netherlands, Italy, Belgium-Luxembourg, Spain, France, and Venezuela. Commercial sales for dollars to these countries totaled \$2,628 million, three-fourths of U.S. dollar sales of agricultural commodities. Dollar sales to the 6 Common Market countries accounted for a third of the total.



SPECIAL in this issue

U.S. TRADE WITH THE EUROPEAN SOVIET BLOC

by

Alex D. Angelidis and Robert L. Tontz 1/

On October 9, President Kennedy announced that export licenses would be granted to U.S. private traders for sales of wheat, feed grains, and other agricultural commodities to the Soviet Union and various Eastern European countries under specified conditions.

On October 11, the Department of Commerce, Office of Export Control, announced that it would issue export licenses in an estimated total quantity of 4 million metric tons of wheat or wheat flour equivalent for export to the European Soviet Bloc countries of Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany including the Soviet Sector of Berlin, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Rumania, and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR). At the same time, the Commerce announcement indicated that Outer Mongolia was included on the approved list of countries along with the 10 European Soviet Bloc countries. Licenses would not be issued, however, for wheat or wheat flour exports to Communist China, North Korea, or the Communist-controlled area of Viet-Nam.

Among the specified conditions for export of wheat and wheat flour equivalent are:

- -- Sales are to be made at prevailing world prices.
- -- Payment is to be made in U.S. dollars or gold.
- -- Terms of sale are to be cash or normal commercial credit.

The Office of Export Control also announced that license applications covering price-supported agricultural commodities or subsidized agricultural commodities, other than wheat and wheat flour, will be considered for approval for exportation to the above specified Eastern European countries and Outer Mongolia. Among other commodities, these include barley, corn, grain sorghums, oats, rye, cotton, vegetable oils, and tobacco. The Department of Commerce has already approved export licenses to ship corn to Hungary.

1/ International Economist and Chief, respectively, Trade Statistics and Analysis Branch, Development and Trade Analysis Division, ERS.

If sales of 4 million tons materialize, it would mean that U.S. exports of farm products to the Soviet Union would be the largest since the multi-million-dollar shipments of agricultural commodities under the Lend-Lease and UNRRA (United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration) programs during and following World War II.

Moreover, Russia's wheat purchases this year will make it the world's largest wheat importer whereas normally it is the world's third or fourth largest exporter.

Shipments of commodities to Russia and various other Eastern European countries are scrutinized to see that they comply with the Export Control Act of 1949, as Amended. This Act authorizes the use of export controls to further U.S. foreign policy objectives and to control exports of commodities in short supply in the United States or export of those that could be detrimental to this country's national security. At present, these controls include an embargo on shipments to Communist China and North Korea, and broad controls on shipments to the USSR and other Soviet Bloc countries, including Cuba.

The 10 countries listed above together with Poland make up the European Soviet Bloc. However, exports to Poland are not subject to the licensing requirements applicable to the other Bloc countries.

U.S. agricultural exports to the European Soviet Bloc in the last 3 fiscal years ranged from \$89 million in 1961-62 to \$162 million in 1960-61 (table 2). Most of these shipments were Public Law 480 sales to Poland for zlotys. Excluding shipments to Poland, exports to the Bloc ranged from \$17.2 million in 1962-63 to \$18.9 million in 1960-61.

Sales of 4 million metric tons at the current export price would total over \$250 million. This is more than double the 1961-63 average value of \$118 million for U.S. agricultural exports to the Bloc including Poland, and more than 13 times the average \$18.3 million value for the Bloc excluding Poland.

The Soviet Union's massive world market wheat dealings of recent weeks tend to underscore the serious decline in the Bloc's grain output, due to production failures, adverse weather, and the breakdown of the Communist system of agricultural production. Canada has agreed to sell the Soviet Union nearly 240 million bushels of wheat; and Australia, about 60 million. The size of Russia's purchases from these countries suggests that the Russian supply gap is larger than generally realized. The request for purchases from the United States further emphasizes this deficiency.

In general, U.S. agricultural exports to the European Soviet Bloc excluding Poland are relatively insignificant, accounting for less than 0.5 percent of average U.S. farm exports in the past 3 fiscal years. Agricultural imports from the Bloc excluding Poland are even smaller, averaging \$5 million in the past 3 years, or less than one-eighth of 1 percent of U.S. farm imports. On balance, this two-way trade is about 3 to 1 in favor of exports.

Table 1 .-- U.S. foreign trade with the U.S.S.R., 1960-61 through 1962-63

Year	U	.S. exports	:	U	.S. imports	:	U.S. trade balance		
beginning : July 1 :	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural
·	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	ars :	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	ars :	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	lars
1960-61: 1961-62: 1962-63 <u>1</u> /:	54,436 22,583 12,121	11,282 9,555 3,087	43,154 : 13,028 : 9,034 :	22,778 17,916 16,902	1,279 1,479 1,316	21,499 : 16,437 : 15,586 :		10,003 8,076 1,771	21,655 -3,409 -6,552

^{1/} Preliminary.

Table 2.-- U.S. foreign trade with the Soviet bloc $\underline{1}$ /, 1960-61 through 1962-63

Year :				U.S. imports			U.S. trade balance		
beginning : July 1 :	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri-	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural	Total	Agricul- tural	Nonagri- cultural
:	<u>T</u> h	ousand doll	<u>ars</u> :	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	ars :	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	lars
: 1960-61: 1961-62: 1962-63 <u>2</u> /:	118,967	162,249 88.589 102,740	62,159 : 30,378 : 21,357 :	78,414 80,864 76,820	35,840 38,169 31,829	42,574 : 42,695 : 44,991 :	•	126,409 50,420 70,911	19,585 -12,317 -23,634

^{1/} Includes Albania, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland and Danzig, Rumania, and U.S.S.R.

2/ Preliminary.

Although U.S. agricultural exports to the Bloc countries have exceeded their prewar levels, they remain far below their wartime peaks, when huge shipments were made under the Lend-Lease and UNRRA programs. The \$18.3 million export average for the past 3 years compares with averages of \$6.6 million in 1935-39, \$373 million in 1942-46, and \$562 million in the 2 peak years 1943 and 1944.

Germany is excluded from the prewar data, but East Germany is included in data for the past 3 years. Exports to Germany in 1935-39 averaged \$43 million, but it is not known how this was divided between East and West. Exports to East Germany in 1961-63 averaged \$2 million, and those to West Germany, \$361 million.

Lend-Lease and UNRRA exports to the USSR alone from 1941 through 1946 totaled \$1,747 million, consisting principally of meats (\$767 million), eggs and egg products (\$281 million), vegetable oils (\$132 million), butter (\$109 million), and grains (\$60 million). Grains included \$2.3 million of wheat and \$42.9 million of wheat flour.

Agricultural imports from the Bloc excluding Poland have been below prewar years. The past 3 years' average of \$5 million compares with \$10 million in 1935-39. Data for the past 3 years include East Germany; previous data exclude Germany. Imports from East Germany during the past 3 years have been negligible; imports from West Germany have averaged \$29 million. Those from Germany in 1935-39 averaged \$7.1 million.

Aside from Poland, the principal market for U.S. farm products in the European Soviet Bloc in fiscal year 1962-63 was Latvia, which took \$6 million worth, chiefly cattle hides. Other leading countries were Czechoslovakia, the USSR, East Germany, and Hungary. U.S. farm exports to these countries in 1962-63 ranged from \$1.9 million for Hungary to \$3.5 million for Czechoslovakia (table 3).

On the import side, the USSR led the list with U.S. imports amounting to \$1.3 million, mainly cotton linters and licorice root. Czechoslovakia was the only other European Bloc country from which the United States imported over \$1 million worth of farm products in 1962-63.

Last year's U.S. agricultural exports to the Soviet Union amounted to \$3.1 million, down substantially from the \$10 million in 1961-62 and the \$11.3 million in 1960-61. Soviet purchases of U.S. inedible tallow last year dropped to \$437,000 from over \$9 million in each of the 2 previous years. Aside from tallow, U.S. sales to the USSR in the past 3 years included hides and skins and live animals. In 1962-63 seed beans were also shipped. Agricultural imports from the USSR included cotton linters, licorice root, bristles, essential oils, sausage casings, and vegetable preparations (table 4).

In recent years, Poland has been the principal European Soviet Bloc outlet for U.S. agricultural exports. Last year, U.S. shipments of farm commodities to Poland accounted for over 80 percent of the U.S. total to the European Soviet Bloc and at the same time imports from Poland represented nearly 90 percent of U.S. imports from the area. In 1962-63, the leading exports were wheat, grain sorghums, and cotton, followed by barley, inedible tallow, cottonseed

Table 3.-- U.S. foreign agricultural trade with the Soviet Bloc, 1960-61 through 1962-63

:	U	.S. exports	;	T	J.S. import	s :	U.S. trade balance			
Country :	Year	beginning J	uly 1	Year	beginning	July 1	Year b	eginning J	uly l	
:		: 1961-62 :	1060 62	·	: : 1961-62	1062 62	: : 1960-61 : :	1961-62 :	1962-63 <u>1</u> /	
:	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	ars	<u>Tł</u>	ousand dol	lars	<u>Th</u>	ousand doll	<u>ars</u>	
: Albania:	0	0	0	: : 29	109	102	-29	-109	-102	
: Bulgaria:	6	6	91	: : 948	976	861	-942	-970	-770	
: :.Czechoslovakia	3,147	4,029	3,492	: : 1,667	1,023	1,049	1,480	3,006	2,443	
: : East Germany	1,827	1,728	2,452	: 8	6	13	1,819	1,722	2,439	
: Estonia:	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	
: Hungary:	461.	499	1,887	: 802	492	371	: -341 :	7	1,516	
: :	1,889	2,816	5,976	: 0	0	114	: : 1,889	2,816	5,862	
: :: Lithuania	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	: 0	0	0	
: Poland & Danzig. :	: : 143,384	69,740	85,585	: 29,588	33,589	27,748	: : 113,796	36,151	57,837	
Rumania	253	216	170	: : 1,519	495	255	: : -1,266	-279	-8 5	
U.S.S.R	: 11,282	9,555	3,087	: : 1,279	1,479	1,316	: : 10,003	8,076	1,771	
Total	: : 162,249	88,589	102,740	: 35,840	38,169	31,829	: : 126,409	50,420	70,911	

l/ Freliminary.

Table 4 .-- U.S. foreign agricultural trade with the U.S.S.R. and Poland, 1960-61 through 1962-63

U.S.	. exports			: : U.S	. imports			
•	Year b	eginning J	July 1	Country	Year beginning July 1			
Country and commodity		1961-62	1962-63 <u>1</u> /	and commodity	1960-61 :	1961-62	1962-63 <u>1</u> /	
	The	usand doll	ars	:	The	ousand doll	ars	
U.S.S.R.: : Live animals: Hides & skins: Tallow, inedible:	116 1,178 9,957	130 244 9,176	121 1,696	:U.S.S.R.: : : Licorice root: : Essential oils: : Sausage casings:	121	360 121 8	40 8 72 55	
Seed beans: Other agri. products.: Total	0 <u>31</u> 11,282	0 5 9,555	50	: Bristles, sorted, : bunched, etc: : Cotton linters:	514	294 623	138 504	
Poland and Danzig: : Nonfat dry milk:	1,246	0	0	: Vegetables & preps: : Other agri. products.: : Total	68_	28 45 1,479	58 81 1,316	
Hides & skins: Tallow, inedible:	1,033 2,702	493 4,394		:Poland and Danzig:	29	129	135	
Cotton, unmfd: Barley grain: Corn grain:	30,911 12,047 2,973	16,492 5,687 0	5,700	: Caraway seed: : Casein or lactarene .: : Canned cooked hams		2,098	837	
Grain sorghums: Rice, milled: Wheat grain:	4,134 0	0 2,237 28,166	16,795 766	: & shoulders: : Other meats: : Hides & skins	2,330	24,707 3,022 1,269	18,059 5,483 908	
Soybeans	1,025	479	0	: Bristles, sorted, : bunched, etc	: 246	220 1,169	417 914	
oils	1,500	4,979 18 6,366	0	: Feathers, crude : Poppy seed : Chicory, crude, dried	: 249 : 175	263 243	195 255	
Other agri. products.: Total	1,686	429 69,740		: Other agri. products.		469 33 . 589	545 27,748	

^{1/} Preliminary.

and soybean oil, corn, rice, and hides and skins. Wheat made up about two-fifths of the agricultural exports to Poland in the past 3 years and one-half in 1960-61.

Most agricultural exports to Poland were made under Public Law 480, nearly all foreign currency sales under Title I. Meats, including canned cooked hams and shoulders, equaled 84 percent of U.S. agricultural imports from Poland in 1962-63. Other products were feathers, casein, hides and skins, bristles, poppy seed, caraway seed, and chicory (table 4).

Supplying countries have furnished Soviet Bloc and other Communist countries from 8 to 11 million metric tons of wheat including flour annually during the last 3 fiscal years. The Soviet Union has been the chief supplier, followed in 1962-63 by Canada, Australia, the United States, France, and Argentina (table 5).

The USSE accounted for approximately three-fifths of total wheat and flour exports to the European Soviet Bloc countries and as much as two-fifths of all wheat and flour exports to Communist countries in the last 3 fiscal years. Generally exports of wheat and flour from the Soviet Union went to most member countries of the Bloc. U.S. exports went principally to Poland, with a small amount to the USSE. Shipments from Canada went to Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Albania along with East Germany and the USSE.

Leading European Soviet Bloc importers of wheat and flour were Poland, East Germany, and Czechoslovakia. These 3 countries accounted for over 70 percent of total imports by the European Soviet Bloc in the last 3 years.

Outside the European Soviet Bloc, the supplying countries' wheat markets were Yugoslavia, Communist China, North Korea, and Cuba. The United States has supplied Yugoslavia with nearly all of its imports. Canada and Australia have furnished Communist China with substantial quantities, supplemented in the last 2 years by additional amounts from Argentina, France, and the USSR. The USSR has supplied Cuba's import needs.

Table 5.--Exports of wheat including flour to the U.S.S.R. and other Communist countries: Quantity by supplying country, fiscal years 1960-61 through 1962-63

Fiscal year and supplying country	:Albania:	Bulgaria	Czecho- slovakia	East Germany	: :Hungary:		:Rumania:U	n.c.c.	elamia	: Total : :Eastern : :Europe :	tirac	North Korea	: Cuba :	Total
1960-61: United States: Canada Australia Argentina France U.S.S.R Others	64.1 28.6 29.4 112.0	87.0	330.4 1,020.0 7.5 1,357.9	1,296.0 2/	373.0 37.7	1,120.h 63.3 220.0 135.2	000 metric	2/ 204.4 61.3	385.7 1.3 54.4	662.2 28.6 1.3 29.4 3,109.0 296.1	780.8 1,158.3 10.4 1,949.5	76.1 150.0 40.5	23.7 .3 146.0	1,553.7 1,466.7 1,263.0 1.3 29.7 3,405.0 347.0
1961-62: United States: Canada Australia Argentina France U.S.S.R Others	57.2 25.0 	10.4 93.0 68.2	881.0 5.0 886.0	271.0 .8 1,3h1.0 1,612.8	61.0 114.3	467.0 426.2 594.0 99.5 1,586.7	.3	167.5		25.0 10.4 1.3 2,970.0 478.8	1,967.7 1,928.1 88.3 198.8 100.0 384.1	34.1 140.0 133.2 307.3		1,527.0 2,722.1 1,987.2 98.7 200.1 3,618.0 996.1 11,149.2
1962-63 1/: United States Canada Australia Argentina France U.S.S.R. 3/ Others	: : : 62.1	100.0	119.6 900.0 1,019.6	1,200.0	173.4 11.6 185.0	556.7 386.0 338.9 500.0		2/ 2/	1,221.4	574.4 2,700.0 22.3	1,677.7 2,150.0 98.0 869.7 100.0 120.0 5,015.4			1,778.1 2,183.3 2,150.0 98.0 1,444.1 3,351.0 142.3

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Source: Summarized from statistics compiled by the Foreign Agricultural Service as presented in U.S. Department of Agriculture Press Release 3387-63, Washington, D. C., October 10, 1963.

^{1/} Preliminary.
2/ Less than 50 metric tons.
3/ Partially estimated.



Export Highlights

JULY-SEPTEMBER 1963

Agricultural exports rose 8 percent in July-September 1963 over the like period a year earlier. Estimated at \$1,248 million, they were \$90 million above the \$1,158 million for the same months in 1962. The current year's figure includes actual exports of \$818 million for July-August and an estimate of \$430 million for September. Gains occurred in wheat, dairy products, lard, tallow, soybeans, protein meal, and tobacco while exports of cotton, fruits, feed grains, and vegetable oils were smaller than a year earlier (table 6).

Foreign developments in recent months are likely to significantly affect the level of U.S. agricultural exports during the remaining months of fiscal year 1963-64. Of particular importance has been the drastically reduced wheat production in Europe and the Soviet Union. Prospects point to a substantial increase in wheat imports by Russia and other Bloc countries. A 300 million bushel decline in Western Europe's wheat output and the sharply lowered quality of the wheat harvest are likely to expand demand for U.S. wheat. An expected upturn in cotton textile cycles in Western Europe and Japan and a decline in foreign production due to lower yields are expected to stimulate demand for U.S. cotton. The CCC cotton export program has been expanded to make U.S. cotton competitive with similar foreign fiber. Continued economic growth in industrialized countries, although at a slower rate, and record levels of gold and dollar holdings by most major buyers of U.S. products will also improve U.S. agricultural exports. The United States continues to make agricultural commodities available to newly-developing countries short of gold and dollars under various Government-financed programs. Food-for-Peace exports are likely to remain at about the levels of the past 2 years. Export payments again will make it possible for a number of commodities to compete with foreign products in world markets.

U.S. agricultural exports to the European Economic Community will probably expand in 1963-64 because of the EEC's larger wheat and cotton import requirements. Exports of commodities subject to the EEC Common Agricultural Policy system of variable import levies are not expected to decline as much as they did last year, when these levies were first imposed. However, additional commodities, mainly pork variety meats, burdened with higher import duties in September may result in some export declines. Feed grain exports may not be as high as the past 2 years because large quantities of feed wheat and feed grains are available in the Common Market.

Table 6.--U.S. agricultural exports: Value by commodity, July-September 1962 and 1963

•	July-	September	_:
Commodity :	1962	1963 <u>1</u> /	: Change
:	Milli	ion dollars	: Percent
Animals and animal products: :			:
Dairy products 2/	33	55	: +67
Fats, oils, and greases	35	46	: +31
Hides and skins	23	19	: -17
Meats and meat products:	18	21	: +17
Poultry products:	20	19	: - 5
Other:	15	17	: +13
Total animals, etc. $2/\dots$	144	177	: +23
- ب			¯:
Cotton, excluding linters	108	106	: -2
Fruits and preparations:	78	74	: - 5
Grains and preparations: :			:
Feed grains, excluding products:	165	146	: -12
Rice, milled	25	27	: +8
Wheat and flour	269	310	: +15
Other	23	16	: -30
Total grains, etc	482	499	- + <u>1</u>
;			:
Oilseeds and products:	۲,	1.ď	. ar
Cottonseed and soybean dils 3/:	53	145	: -15
Soybeans:	61	85 \ \ \	· +39
Other	27	43	<u>+59</u>
Total oilseeds, etc. 3/	141	173	+23
Tobacco, unmanufactured	119	121	· : +2
Vegetables and preparations:	31	32	· +3
Other	55	66	: +20
Total exports	1,158	1,248	+8

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / Partly estimated. $\frac{1}{2}$ / Excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations of butter and ghee, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

^{3/} Excludes Title III, P.L. 480 donations, which are included in "Other" agricultural exports.

Exports of nonvariable levy commodities to the EEC are likely to increase, mainly because of an expected rise in its cotton needs. Reduced cotton exports the past 2 years mostly reflected larger foreign production and smaller consumption. Now, however, foreign production is down somewhat, and consumption is increasing.

Animals and animal products. Exports of animals and animal products in July-September 1963 were 23 percent ahead of a year earlier. This year's value of \$177 million compared with \$144 million a year earlier. The substantial gains occurred in dairy products, lard, and tallow. In addition, exports of meat and meat products were slightly greater, reflecting mainly stockpiling in the EEC in anticipation of higher duties on pork variety meats in September. Larger exports of dairy products mainly reflected increased shipments under Government-financed programs, notably nonfat dry milk and butter. In addition, exports of GCC butter at competitive prices were made to Western Europe during this period. The volume of hides and skins exported was up slightly, but lower prices reflecting larger world output resulted in a value decline of \$4 million. The United Kingdom is taking more U.S. lard this year, principally because supplies from other areas, especially Western Europe, are short. Expanded use of tallow in feed manufacturing stimulated larger tallow exports. U.S. tallow production continues high and prices are favorable.

Cotton. Exports of cotton, excluding linters, totaled 807,000 running bales in July-September 1963 compared with 767,000 bales for the same months a year earlier. The relatively low level of exports this year reflected a change in the CCC export program that slowed shipments temporarily. The new CCC program became effective August 1 and permits exports of cotton from CCC stocks at competitive prices. In 1962-63, the export payment of $8\frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound was limited to exporters of privately-held stocks. Exports of cotton for the remainder of fiscal year 1963-64 are expected to advance substantially because of smaller production in the foreign free world and larger consumption in both Western Europe and Japan. Additional gains in U.S. exports could come about if major world importers of cotton rebuild stocks from the current low levels.

Grains and preparations. Among the grains and preparations, exports of wheat and flour totaled 173 million bushels in July-September 1963 compared with 148 million for the like period a year earlier. Poor crops in Western Europe and the Soviet Bloc have stimulated foreign demand for wheat and flour. U.S. exporters are expected to supply unusually larger amounts of wheat to both the Soviet Union and other Bloc countries as well as to their usual outlets in Europe. Production in Western Europe was about 300 million bushels below last year, and the harvest was of low quality, with much of the wheat sprouting in the field. Exports to Japan, the top U.S. dollar market for wheat last year should continue to expand in the coming year because of poor grain crops there.

Exports under Government-financed programs, mainly Title I of Public Law 480, will continue at the levels of the past 2 years. Substantial amounts of these shipments will move to India, Brazil, Pakistan, and other developing countries.

Feed grain exports totaled an estimated 2.9 million metric tons in July-September 1963 compared with 3.6 million a year earlier. Import requirements in Western Europe are less this year. Western Europe's unusually wet season during the past summer forced farmers to feed much of the wheat harvest because of high

moisture content. In addition, the wet weather improved pastures. And barley production was higher this year than last. Exports, nonetheless, are expected to continue to benefit from continually expanding livestock industries in Western Europe and Japan, limited competition from other major foreign suppliers, and abundant U.S. supplies available at attractive prices.

Rice exports were up slightly in July-September. They totaled 4.1 million bags in 1963-64 compared with 3.6 million a year earlier. Much of it moved under Government-financed programs, mainly to the newly-developing countries of Asia. In recent years, rice exports have increased to Africa.

Fruits and preparations. July-September exports of fruits and preparations were slightly below a year earlier. Short U.S. supplies of fresh fruits and processed citrus products will limit U.S. exports in the coming year. However a much larger U.S. raisin output should improve raisin exports. Higher prices for canned peaches and fruit cocktail will place them in a less favorable competitive position, especially in Western Europe.

Oilseeds and products. Exports of oilseeds and products continued to advance in July-September 1963 over the previous year. Substantial increases occurred in soybeans and protein meal while exports of vegetable oils were somewhat below the level of the previous year. Exports of oilseed products have been responding to the increased foreign demand for protein meal, especially in the industrialized countries of Europe and in Japan, and to the limited output in Communist China for export. Availability of U.S. soybeans may limit the soybean export level from the United States. Soybean carryover on October 1 was only 10 million bushels.

Soybean exports increased to 32 million bushels this July-September from 24 million a year earlier. At the same time, protein meal exports increased to 330,000 tons from 256,000 a year earlier. Combined shipments of soybean and cottonseed oils declined to 378 million pounds from 497 million a year earlier.

Tobacco. Exports of unmanufactured tobacco reached about 153 million pounds in July-September 1963 compared with 147 million a year earlier. This year, the U.S. crop contains much high-quality tobaccos desired by foreign importers. Encouraging U.S. exports in 1963-64 will be relatively low supplies in major Western Europe importing countries, somewhat smaller production in some producing countries, and continued increase in tobacco use in both Europe and Asia.

Vegetables and preparations. Exports of vegetables and preparations in July-September 1963 totaled \$32 million, \$1 million above the same months a year earlier. Exports of dry edible teans and peas to Europe and Latin America increased, reflecting reduced crops in both areas. In addition, shipments of fresh vegetables to Canada, and processed vegetables to Western Europe continued heavy. Foreign demand for vegetables and preparations is expected to continue strong in the 1963-64 season.



Import Highlights

JULY-AUGUST 1963

U.S. agricultural imports for consumption in July-August 1963 rose to \$682 million from \$626 million for the same 2 months a year earlier (table 7). The 9 percent rise resulted from larger imports of meats and meat products and cane sugar. Changes for other commodities about offset each other. Supplementary (partially competitive) imports totaled \$404 million this year compared with \$341 million last year, an increase of 18 percent. Complementary (noncompetitive) imports of \$278 million were 2 percent below the \$285 million a year earlier.

Supplementary imports. The sharp rise in supplementary imports in July-August reflected mainly the continued increase in imports of boneless beef and cane sugar. Smaller gains were noted for hides and skins, fruits and preparations, grains and preparations, oilbearing materials and products, and tobacco.

U.S. demand for boneless beef for manufacturing meat products such as frank-furters, prepared hamburgers, and luncheon meat continues strong. In addition, production in Australia and New Zealand has advanced sharply in recent years, making more world meat available for exports. High U.S. prices encouraged Australia, New Zealand and other countries to ship more beef to the United States.

Sugar imports rose 9 percent to 836,000 short tons in July-August 1963 compared with 766,000 for the same months a year earlier. However, value rose 47 percent to \$126 million. Higher prices caused most of the increase in value, reflecting relatively short world supplies. Greater sugar imports mainly reflect increased domestic distribution of sugar in the past year.

Complementary imports. Complementary imports declined 2 percent in July-August, mainly from less cocoa beans and crude natural rubber.

U.S. importers have been purchasing smaller quantities of cocoa beans in recent months because of high prices. Manufacturers relied more on larger cocoa bean inventories, which were built up in 1961 and 1962 when prices were unusually low because of record world output.

Rubber imports declined by one-fourth in July-August from a year earlier, reflecting a sharp decline in imports from Indonesia.

July-August imports of carpet wool rose to \$26 million from \$15 million a year earlier. This gain results from increased mill activity and inventory replenishment in the United States.

Table 7.--U.S. agricultural imports for consumption: Value by commodity, July-August 1962 and 1963

:	Jul	Ly-August	<u> </u>
Commodity :	1962	1963	Change
	<u>Milli</u> c	on dollars	Percent
Supplementary			
Animals and animal products:		•	• •
Animals, live	7	6 :	: -14
Dairy products	9	8	: -11
Hides and skins:	10	11	: +10
Meats and meat products:	88	103	: +17
Wool, apparel	15	13	: -13
Other	7	7	; 0
Total animals, etc	136	148	+9
·			•
Cotton, excluding linters:	19	17	: -11
Fruits and preparations:	13	<u>1./4</u>	: +8
Grains and preparations:	5	6 :	+20
Nuts and preparations	11	11	. 0
Oilseeds and products	23	27	: +17
<u>-</u>	86	126	. + <u>1</u> .7
Sugar, cane	16	17	+6
Tobacco, unmanufactured		7	0
Vegetables and preparations:	7 25	31	+2h
Other	341	70/r	+18
Total supplementary	241	404	***************************************
Complementary :			
Panana	13	1 <i>)</i> .	; : +8
Bananas	154	155	+ <u>1</u>
Cocoa beans	154 28	16 :	-43
Rubber, crude, natural	40	30	-25
Tea	9	8 :	-11
Wool, carpet	15	26	+73
Other	26	29	+12
Total complementary	285	278	-2
Total imports	626	682	+9



Government Program Export Highlights

CALENDAR YEAR 1962

Exports under Government-financed programs decreased to \$1.5 billion in calendar year 1962 from \$1.6 billion in 1961 and were 30 percent of total agricultural exports, which exceeded \$5 billion for the second consecutive calendar year. Increases in shipments for foreign currency under Title I, donations under Title III, and long-term supply and dollar credit sales under Title IV were offset by decreases in donations under Title III, barter under Title III, and AID programs.

Sales for dollars, on the other hand, increased to \$3.5 billion from \$3.4 billion the previous year and were 70 percent of the total. Increased dollar sales were principally in feed grains, which rose \$274 million from 1961, and in oilseeds and products, which increased by \$122 million. Much of the overall gain was offset by a decrease of \$300 million in cotton sales. Most of the increase in feed grain exports was to Western European countries. Increased competition from larger supplies of cotton in foreign-producing countries was the major factor accounting for the decline in U.S. exports of this commodity. Dollar exports of wheat and flour and of animals and products also declined, while rice, fruits and vegetables, and other agricultural commodities increased.

Asia continued to be the largest recipient (46 percent) of Government-financed exports (table 8). Countries of Asia also purchased for dollars one-fifth of all dollar exports of U.S. agricultural commodities during the period. One half of all agricultural exports to Asia were program exports and the other half sales for dollars. India, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Taiwan(Formosa), Indonesia, and Israel were major destinations for exports under programs. Dollar sales to Japan, second to Canada as a dollar market, made up nearly two-thirds of all dollar sales to this region.

Europe ranked second as a recipient of Government program exports -- 22 percent of the total. Program exports to Yugoslavia, Turkey, and Poland accounted for two-thirds of program shipments to the area. Dollars sales to Europe were more than half (55 percent) of all dollar exports. The United Kingdom ranked third as a dollar customer, after Canada and Japan. Britain was followed by West Germany, the Netherlands, Italy, Belgium-Luxembourg, Spain, and France. Dollar exports to the six Common Market countries totaled \$1,126 million, nearly a third of the U.S. total.

Government-financed exports to Africa in calendar year 1962 surpassed \$300 million for the first time. Program exports to this area topped \$100 million in 1959, increased to \$239 million in 1961 and to \$311 million in 1962, which accounted for 21 percent of all program exports and only slightly below

program shipments to Europe. Tunisia, Algeria, the Republic of the Congo and Ruandi-Urundi, and British East Africa and Tanganyika also received substantial exports under Government programs. Although dollar sales to this area were only 2 percent of total dollar shipments, these exports increased to \$64 million in 1962 from \$42 million during the preceding year.

Nearly 10 percent of exports under Government programs were to Latin American countries. Brazil was the principal recipient among the 27 countries in the area that received Government-financed exports. Dollar exports to this area were 8 percent of total dollar sales. Venezuela and Mexico were the principal dollar markets, but Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Peru, Jamaica, and Trinidad and Tobago each purchased \$10 million or more of U.S. farm products in 1962 for dollars.

Exports to Oceania, primarily dollar sales to Australia and New Zealand, were over 1 percent of total dollar sales.

Exports under loans and guarantees extended by the Export-Import Bank for the exportation of cotton amounted to \$83 million in 1962, nearly double those of 1961. Purchases under the CCC credit sales program rose to \$64 million from \$26 million the previous year. Purchases of corn, wheat, and grain sorghums rose by \$27 million, \$7 million and \$4 million, respectively, from 1961 (table 9).

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Table 8 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports, value, by country of destination, calendar year 1962

	<u> </u>	Pu	blic Law 480	<u> </u>		:P.L. 87-195	; Total	: Fotal :	
:	Title I	Title II	Title	TTT	· Title IV	: Sec. 402	:agricultural		
:		::		; 	Long-term	-: sales for	•	: exports :	: Total : agricultural
Country		: Famine :	Foreign		supply and	: foreign	: under	: outside : specified :	exports
:		: and other :	donations	: Barter	dollar cred	: currency,	: specified : Government		-
;	-	: emergency :	1/	: <u>2</u> /	it sales	: and econ.	: programs	:programs 4/	
	currency	: relief :	: <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	: Thousand o	dollars	: programs	·hrostania -	<u>'</u>
					Inousand (MOTTALS			
North America	:						1.00	733 800	ť33 810
Canada	; -			420			420	511,292	511,712
Greenland	:					=		 62	63
Miquelon & St. Pierre Isls	: 			1			1		
Tctal	:			421	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		421	511,354	511,775
Latin American Republics and	: :								
Canal Zone	:								- 61 -
Argentina	:							2,840	2,840
Bolivia	: 6,217	69	730	758		71	7,845	1,621	566
Brazil	: 51,524	7,334	7,792	11,041			77,691	16,780	94, 171
Canal Zone								806	806
Chile			3,042	98	7,134		11,953	15,058	27,011
Colombia	: 4,407		7,286	1,790			13,483	10,494	23,977
Costa Rica	:			238			238	4,576	14,814
Cuba								331	331
Dominican Republic			2,244		864		3,108	6,803	9,911
Ecuador	: 676	84	921			¬	1,681	4,429	6,110
El Salvador	:		1,033	774	491		1,568	5,880	7,448
Guatemala	:		726	1,521		==-	2,247	8,252	10,499
Haiti	:		636	1,577			2,213	6,290	8,503
Honduras	:		171	31			202	3,487	3,689
Mexico	:		6,833	896			7,729	55,664	63,393
Nicaragua			البارة و 1 - البارة و 1	21,9			1,363	3,441,3	4,806
Panama, Republic of	:		367				367	9,926	10,293 395
Paraguay			209	<u>5/</u>			209	186	
Peru.,	: 2,464	429	1,529	5,701	1,764		11,687	10,479	22,366 3,682
Uruguay	: 1,105		315				1,420	2,262	64,994
Venezuela	:		933 _	212			1,145	63,849	04,994
Total Latin American	:	5 21/	A-7 A-3 3	-1/	30 orto	72.1	al 6 al.o.	000 1.64	379,805
Republics and Canal Zone.	: 68,072	7,916	3,7.911.	24,126	10,253	71	146,349 	233,1456	319,005
Other Latin America	:							_	
Bahamas	:			l			1	7,820	7,821
Barbados	:			4			ft	2,096	2,100
Bermuda	:							5,547	5,547
British Guiana	;		<u>l</u> 42	7			49	3,548	3,597
British Honduras	:		260	576			836	1, շկկ	2,080

--Continued

Table 8 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports, value, by country of destination, calendar year 1962 - Continued

· ;		Pu	blic Law 480)		:P.L. 87-195	: Total	Total :	
:	Title I	: Title II	: Title	ΙΠ	: Title IV	: Sec. 402		lagricultural:	
Country	Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emergency relief	Foreign donations	Barter 2/		: aid <u>3</u> /	exportsunderspecifiedGovernmentprograms	: specified :	
; =: ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	:				Thousand do	llars			
; 	•								
ther Latin America (continued):								49	49
French Guiana			33				33	501	5 3 4
French West Indies									
Jamaica			1,132	256			1,388	10,327	11,715
Leeward and Windward Isls		5	178	13			196	1,637	1,833
Netherlands Antilles								8,712	8,712
Surinam			63	3			66	2,562	2,628
Trinidad and Tobago			19	1			20	11,252	11,272
Total Other Latin America:		5	1,727	861			2,593	55,295	57,888
Total Latin America	68,072	7,921	37,638	24,987	10,253	71	148,942	288,751	437,693
:	-								
urope :	:			_				_	
Austria	:	6/ -49	10	12,274			12,235	10,891	23,126
Azores	:							556	556
Belgium and Luxembourg	:			707			707	131,047	131,754
Bulgaria	:							6	6
Cyprus	:	5,917	50				5,967	7/ -2,247	3,820
Czechoslovakia								3,897	3,897
Denmark				1,243			1,243	62,469	63,712
Finland				553			1,436	15,298	16,734
France			220			1,570	2,744	83,601	86,345
Germany, East.						×97,0		1,663	1,663
			127	4,391		839	5,357	385,774	391,131
Germany, West			121	4,,,,,,			1000		1,028
Gibraltar								1,028	
Greece			7,211	10		6 79	13,617	4,355	17,972
Hungary							- 01 0	154	1514
Iceland	,					291	1,840	1,576	3,416
Ireland				5,380			5,380	31,422	36,802
Italy (incl. Trieste)	:	1,054	12,763	2,387	₩	6/ -1 40	16,064	160,052	176,116
Latvia	: ~~~							և,886	և,886
Malta and Gozo	:		6c			===	60	276	336
Netherlands	:	-,		554			554	365,275	365,829
Norway	:			1,133			1,133	ىلبا7,7ل	38,877
Poland and Danzig			4,994	1,508			62,316	22,222	84,538
Portugal			4,192	556	10,602		15,350	8,533	23,883
Shimania								256	256
Spain			4,689	4,473	****	2,551	11,760	86,973	98,733
Sweden	· 41	***	4,009	ر ₄ 41و4		2,25⊥	11,00	ىلىل8.6ل	46,814
Augretti ****************								40 - 041	tin ortit

Table 8 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports, value, by country of destination, calendar year 1962 - Continued

		Pul	olic Law 480)		P.L. 87-195	: Total	: Total :	
:	Title I	Title II			: Title IV			lagricultural	
Country :	Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emer cy	: : Foreign	: :Barter : 2/	supply and dollar credit sales	sales for foreign currency, and econ.	exportsunderspecified	: exports :	Total agricultural
	:				Thousand d	ollars			
Switzerland	67,787	11,347	2,405	 14,241	 	932	82,471 14,241	61,554 <u>7</u> / -1,372 393,313	61,554 81,099 407,554
RepublicsYugoslavia	: 8/		6,3h2	2,952	16,020	2,063	83,292	6,128 3,103	6,128 86,395
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Europe	188,666	18,269	43,063	52,362	26,622	8,785	337,767	1,927,377	2,265,144
:	:								
<u>Asia</u>	:		_				0	570	579
Aden			9 69				9 69	70 70	139
Afghanistan								ի52	<u>17</u> 52
Bahrein, State of								1,087	1,087
Burma			97				168	306	474
Cambodia			6	38		1,255	1,299	10	1,309
Ceylon			16بار3				6,727	_ ,772	7,499
Goa, Damao and Diu		-01		2		n==	2	7/-2	אריים אומי מוליל
Hong Kong	8/ 1,186	786	2,063	521			4,556	37.699	42,255 296,149
India	8/240,695	2,664	16,303 269	6,735			266,397 43,687	29,752 708	395ءليا
Indonesia, Republic of		2,431	3,611				12,579	15,269	27,848
IranIraq		2,471		7			7	3,262	3,269
Israel		=	1,036	15,392			lo,189	17,816	58,005
Japan			2,417	25,501			34,688	ևև6,674	481,362
Jordan		3,190	1,155	21			4,366	6,585	10,951
Korea, Republic of		17	با33,8			654	72,213	20,194	92,407
Kuwait	:			7			200	4,628 128	4,635 350
Laos			513 70	9 50			222 90	6,233	6,323
Lebanon			229				229	23	252
Macao			613	77			65 <u>ĺ</u> 4	6,673	7,327
Nansei and Nampo Isls.,n.e.c.		301	2,056				2,357	8,812	11,169
Nepal		38					38	7/ -38	
Pakistan		573	2,800			1,276	81,871	9,129	91 ,0 00
Palestine			´					2	2
Philippines, Republic of			4,722	91		387	23,580	31,962	55,542
Saudi Arabia								10,155	10,155
Singapore, State of and British Borneo	: <u>8</u> / 13		298				311	5,421	5,732 Continue

Table 8 .-- U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports, value, by country of destination, calendar year 1962 - Continued

	:	Pul	olic Law 480			P.L. 87-195	(: Total	: Total :	
	: Title I	: Title II	: Title	III :	Title IV	: Sec. 402	agricultural	agricultural:	Total
Country	: Sales : for : foreign : currency	Famine and other emergency relief	-	: : Barter : 2/	Long-term	: and econ.	<pre>: under : specified : Government</pre>		agricultura exports
	•	·			- Thousand	iollars			
sia (Continued)	:								
Southern and Southeastern	<u>-:</u>						66	7/ -65	1
Asia, n.e.c	4,863 36,332	6,067 2,947 1,495	66 52 7,149 45 4,326	7l46 12	2,825	6,237 4,395	11,728 55,502 45 34,181	4,071 16,755 10,177 2,457	15,799 72,257 10,222 36,638
	:			49,173	2,825	14,204	697,837	697,747	1,395,584
Total Asia	549,232	20,509	61,894	47,117	2,02)	14,1204	C7 <u>1</u> 3°51		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Australia British Western Pacific Isl: French Pacific Islands New Guinea New Zealand and Western Samoa Trust Territory of the Pacific Isls			6	526 262			526 6 262 208	37,169 529 879 293 6,此5 345	37,695 535 879 293 6,707
Total Oceania	:		<u>5</u> 71₁	788			1,002	45,660	46,662
Africa Algeria Angola		19,156	9,259 	6 	 		28,421 	5,913 1,700	34,334 1,700
British East Africa and Tanganyika	!	11,577	316			3,370	15,263	7/-6,741	8,522
British West Africa and Sierra Leone Cameroon, Federal Republic Carary Islands	of:		10 8 5	կ 25 774	 		112 30 774	504 667 2,759	616 697 3,533
Congo, Rep. of and Ruanda- Urundi Ethiopia French Somaliland	: 9,206	3,954 299	2,361 384	332 10	1,k00	1,119	15,853 3,202 10	5,649 <u>7</u> /-425 190	21,502 2,777 200

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Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports, value, by country of destination, calendar year 1962 - Continued

		Pub	lic Lau 45)		P.L. 87-195	: Total	: Total :	
•	Title I :	Title II	Title	e III	: Title IV		agricultural	l:agricultural: - exports	Total
Country :	Sales : for : foreign : currency :	Famine and other emergency relief		Barter 2/	Long-term supply and dollar cred- it sales	: currency, : and econ.	exports under specified Government programs	outside specified	agricultum exports
					Thousand of	lollars			
rica (Continued)			415	59			474	10,478	10,952
LiberiaLibye		6/ -2	623 122	16	603 		1,2l ₁ 2 120	5,723 1,207	6,965 1,327
Madeira Islands		<u>-</u>	 173				173	691 81	691 254
Mauritius and Dependencies	12,194	2,096	50 6,809	2 970		3,262	52 25 ,331	17կ 8,455	226 33,786
Morocco			156	244 166			355 5147	1,390 6,306	1,634 6,628
Nigeria, Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland, Fed.	:		7	100			7	608	615
of Seychelles and Dependencies							1,901	7 7/ - 908	7 993
Somali, Rep. South Africa, Rep. of	·	1,861 	1⁴8 1⁴6				_ 148	14,987 108	15,035 108
Spanish Africa, n.e.c Sudan	2,812		8				2,820	890	3,710 33,235
Tunisia United Arab Rep. (Egypt		22,152	1,042				37,926	7/ -4,691	171,218
Region)	124,038	21,037	16,058	2,121			163,254	7,964	
(French West Africa) Western Equatorial n.e.c.	4,783	1,826	326	1,513		h,016	12,464	589	13,053
(French Equatorial Africa). Western Portuguese Africa,	:		41				1 11	7	148
n.e.c Unidentified Africian	: :			51			51	128	179
countries	;		800				800	-800	
Total Africa	167,765	83,956	39,151	6,293	2,003	11,767	310,935	63,610	374,545
Country of destination not reported		9/12,495		10/3,421			15,916	-15,916	
Total	: : 973,735	143,150	181,960	137, կկ5	41,703	34,827	1,512,820	3,518,583	5,031,403

1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P. L. 480.

2/ The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P. L. 480; and other legislation.

3/ Mutual security programs principally sales for foreign currency. Includes occan cransportation and all the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively short period. transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively short periods. (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.

5/ Less than \$500.

6/ Net adjustment from a previous period.

7/ The non-comparability of the data available for the reporting of Government-financed programs may affect the reliability of the totals for any country, but the discrepancies are most apparent when exports under Government programs exceed total exports. These excesses may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences in valuation procedures. Exports under Title II are shown in this report at cost to C.C.C., whereas these shipments are at times reported to the Bureau of the Census at market value.

8/ Under agreements with Burma and Indonesia, raw cotton was exported to third countries for processing, in exchange, processed goods are exported to the agreement country. The Title I values shown for the above-mentioned countries do not include the value of the raw cotton exported to third countries as follows:

Agreement County	Value (Thousand dollars)
Burma	31 31
Indonesia	8,899
Total	8 <u>,930</u>

The cotton not included in the values for the agreement countries is included in the Title I value for the processing countries as follows:

Processing Country	Agreement Country	Value (Thousand dollars)
India	Burma	31
India	Indonesia	30
Hong Kong	Indonesia	1,186
Japan	Indonesia	6,770
Singapore	Indonesia	13
Yugoslavia	Indonesia	900
Total cotton process	ed in third countries	8 , 930

Bonations through the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for the relief of Palestine refugees.

10/ Documents showing country of destination were not received by the Barter and Stockpiling Division, FAS. As these documents are received, country figures will be adjusted to include the above value.

Table 9.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by country, calendar year 1962 1/

ort-Import Bank cans and medium erm guarantees 2/ Thouse	1,8 1,8 1,/-	3 3/ rs 534 838 861 838 778 320 123 142 639 896	: credit : sales 2,534 1,808 861 1,838 778 320 4/-123 142 639 896
Thouse	2,5 1,8 1,8 1,4	rs 534 808 861 838 778 320 1123 1142 639 896	2,534 1,808 861 1,838 778 320 4/-123 142 639 896
	2,5 1,8 1,8 1,/-	534 808 861 838 778 320 1123 1142 639	1,808 861 1,838 778 320 <u>4</u> /-123 142 639 896
	1,8 1,8 1,/-2	808 861 838 778 320 123 142 639 896	1,808 861 1,838 778 320 <u>4</u> /-123 142 639 896
	1,8 1,8 1,/-2	808 861 838 778 320 123 142 639 896	1,808 861 1,838 778 320 <u>4</u> /-123 142 639 896
	1,8 1,8 1,/-1	861 838 778 320 123 142 639 896	861 1,838 778 320 <u>4</u> /-123 142 639 896
	1,8 1,/-1	838 778 320 123 142 639 896	1,838 778 320 <u>4</u> /-123 142 639 896
	<u>1</u> 4/-3	778 320 123 142 639 896	778 320 <u>4</u> /-123 142 639 896
	<u>1</u> 4∕−1	320 123 142 639 896	320 <u>1</u> 1/-123 11 ₄ 2 639 896
	<u>1</u> 4/-1	123 142 639 896	<u>ц</u> /-123 142 639 896
	- I 6	142 639 896	— 142 639 896
	- I 6	142 639 896	6 <u>3</u> 9 896
	8	396	896
	9,6	593	9.693
		-/-/	/ 5 ~ / /
2,945	3	353	3,298
		98	98
]	130	130
			297
	19,1	142	19,142
	4/	/-6	4/-6
		911	- 911
	4,8	382	4,882
	3,6	574	3,674
2,945	29,1	₄ 81	32,426
			1,094
5/80,020	21,5	595	101,615
80,020	22,6	589	102,709
	,		•
	1,7	767	1,767
	- 3	359	359
	2,	126	2,126
82.965	63.9	989	146,954
	5/80,020 80,020	19, 19, 1, 2,945 2,945 29,1 5/80,020 21, 80,020 22,0 1, 2,	98 130 297 19,142 4,766 911 4,882 3,674 2,945 29,481 1,094 5/80,020 21,595 80,020 22,689 1,767 359 2,126

^{1/} Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency).

^{2/} Includes disbursements during the period under Export-Import Bank loans (in which U.S. commercial banks participated at their own or at Export-Import Bank risk) and disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium term guarantees against political and/or financial risk.

^{3/} Purchases during the period.

^{4/} Net adjustment from a previous period.

^{5/} Included in the above amount is \$19.9 million for cotton under a credit of \$125 million for agricultural and other commodities to Japan. The total disbursed for agricultural commodities except cotton is not available.

Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by cosmodity, August and July-August 1962 and 1963

		1	Augus	t 1/		July-ingust 1/				
	Unit	Quant			lue	: Quant		Ve1		
commontry experted	. —— .		1963	1962	1963	1962	<u> 1963 t</u>	1952 1	1963	
anibuls and anibal products		: Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars		Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 <u>dollars</u>	
Animals, live: Cattle	No.	: 1	3	452	1,256	: 2	5	824	2,226	
Poultry, live -			_			i • 2.260	4,412	630	1,383	
Baby chicks	No.	: 1,099	2,097 399	294 107	656 124		800	190	248	
Other		:2/	2/	236.		: 2/		1,050 2,694	608 4,465	
Total animals, live	;	:		1,089		;		£ 107 <u>6</u>	нцол	
Dairy products:	, ₇ ,	: 418	2,291	351	1,156	: 1,025	3,904	856	1,952	
Anhydrous milk fat	Th.	± 514	6,526	216	2,500		10,624	312	4,763	
Cheese, including donations	Lb.	: 607	1,099	286	445		2,146	556	826 1,774	
Infants' and distatic foods, chiefly milk .:	Lb.	1,431	1,567	1,030	820	2,550	3,441	1,755	_	
Milk - Condensed sweetened	Lb.	£,137	9,294	976	1,753		14,461	1,895	2,940 3,056	
Dried whole	Lb.	1,852	4,705	1,276 933	2,186 543	2,492	6,450 7,985	1,731	1,238	
Evaporated, unsweetened, incl. donations Nonfet dry, including donations	: Lb.	: 6,148 : 77,658	3,425 106,394	6,968	8,469	166,554	218,404	14,071	18,099	
Other	: 	2/	2/	326	315	:_2/	2/	721 23,646	603 35,251	
Total dairy products	:	·		12,362	18,587	: 		27,040		
Fats, oils, and greases:	!	: 34,512	64,798	3,086	5,477	: 72,755	117,185	6,566	9,877	
Lard	: LD. : T.h	; 34,512 ; 217	574	21		: 442	604	42	52	
Other edible fats, oils, and greases	Lb.	t 537	589	100		914	1,244	170	193 17,667	
Tallou, inedible	ι μo.	: 122,446	122,075	7,904	7,796		272,880 43,2 <u>89</u>	15,590 1,751	3,133	
Other inedible fats, oils, and greases	: Lb.	15,040 172,746	15,174 203,210	1,157	1,156 14,574		£35,202	24,119	30,922	
Total fats, cils, and greases	; LD.	t 172.110	203,210	,(2)10		:				
Heat and meat products: Beaf and weal	: • Th	: 2,426	2,677	1,144	1,083	4,278	1,624	2,070	1,983	
Fork accessors to the second s	: Lb.	5,410	6,528	1,658	1,861		14,665	3,551	4,377	
Saugage casings	: LD.	1,70%	2,447	1,144	1,192		£,322	2,296 3,942	2,098 4,709	
Veriety meets	: Lb.	9,587	12,735	1,927 385	2,481 763_		24,168 2,364	837	1,012	
Other (including meat extracts)	; Lb.	20,030	1,021 25,408	6,258	7,020		50,143	12,696	14,179	
Total meat and products (except poultry).	: 20.	1 <u></u>			<u> </u>	:				
Foultry products: Eggs, dried, frozen, otherwise preserved	: Lb.	365	597	331	632	961	1,143	923	1,233	
Figs in the shell -	1	•	607	4 2 6	547	1 839	1,216	854	1,224	
Other	: Doz.		402	45	134	: 2/,2	820	91	272	
Poultry meat -	:	1	13,360	3,811	3,646	33,198	25,445	8,915	6,657	
Chickens, fresh or frozen	I LD.	1,894	3,534	652	1,312	3,866	4,821	1,337	1,802	
Turkeys, fresh or frozen	Lb.		287	109	105		800	233 552	287 878	
Canned	; LD.	<u> </u>	2,294	258	512		3,591	12,905	12,353	
Total poultry products	.:	:		5,632	6,888	1		129707	Continued	

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Table 10.— U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, August and July-August 1962 and 1963 - Continued

1	:		Angus			July-August 1/				
Commodity exported + 1	Unit :					Quent			lue	
<u> </u>		1962	1963 :	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	
	1			1,000		:		1,000	1,000	
ther animal products:	:		Thousands	<u>collara</u>	dollara	Thousands	Thousands	<u>dollare</u>	dollers	
Feathers, crude		-	120	164		268	199	316	222	
Gelatin, edible			259	648		: 611	514	1,355	1,200	
Hair, raw or dressed, new			995	197	235		1,924	317	472	
Hides and skins, raw (except furs) 3/:			1,133	8,506	6,609	,	2,091	16,024	12,336	
Honey			3,798	208	583		5,342	322	875	
Wool, unmanufactured:	C.Lb.	: 889	, 800	799	758		1,524	1,345	1,466	
Other	- :	2/	2/	1,249		2/	2/	2,676	2,275	
Total other animal products	;			11,771	9,951			22,355	18,846	
:	2	ŀ				:				
Total animals and animal products:	;			49,280	59,397			98,415	116,016	
:	:	ì				:				
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS :	1	l				:				
Cotton, unmanufectured:	1	!				:				
CottonR	.Bele:	139	274	19,547	35,894	: 603	457	<i>8</i> 5,368	60,902	
Linters	.Bale:	10	28	344	762	18	61	717	1,702	
Total cotton and lintersR	Balet	149	302	19,891	36,656	621	518	86,025	62,604	
1	1					:				
Fruits and preparations:		:				:				
Canned - :		:				:				
Fruit cocktail	Lb.	15,723	13,525	2,312	2,132	24,519	20,685	3,669	3,229	
Peaches		56,023	31,745	5,955	3,511		35,541	6,564	4,011	
Pears		699	566	110	106	•	954	250	175	
Pineapples	lib.	20,370	10,050	2,857	1,475		20,678	4,303	2,963	
Other	Th.	2,678	2.878	490	537		4,853	886	892	
Total canned fruits	Lh :	95.493	58,76/	11,724	7,761		82,711	15,672	11,270	
Dried -	20, 1	771677	701100	- 1 1 1 No.	71.01					
Prunee	T.B.	7,243	5,336	1,539	1.042	11,483	9,766	2,464	1,963	
Raisins and currents		5,981	6,102	1,044	1,095		12,260	2,066	2,195	
Other		1.531	747	551	293		1,319	904	506	
Total dried fruits	The s	14,755	12,185	3,134	2,430		23,345	5,434	4,664	
Fresh -	то.		Likites	7,174	2,42,70	20,40,	-2,,24,2	27424	- 4,1554	
Apples	Th.	4,040	3,549	381	346	7,190	6,138	630	593	
Berries		1,136	1,198	252	256		3,632	936	736	
Grapefruit	SID. I	9,044	5,689	547	468		15,820	1,164	1,356	
Grapes		15.207	16,449	1,664	2,136		25,449	3,051	3,452	
Lemons and limes		7,180	37,940	458	3,303		68,508	1,569	6,058	
Oranges and tangerines		40,350	37,166	3,428	3,544		25 . 565	7,277	6,168	
baars	7h -		2,346	673	290		3,110	1.042	363	
	Lb.	7,118	32,889	1,582	1,710		90,205	4,485	4,880	
Total fresh fruits		111.307	137,226	5,025	12,053		298,427	20,154	25,606	
Fruit juices -	4U,	· 	12/4440			2001720	E 7 17 54 E 1	20,10	22,000	
Grapefruit	Go1	: 356	200	205	203	=	643	750	641	
Orange					1,284	.,	2,431	3,616	3,570	
			513	1,508	1.153		2,582	2,877	2.876	
Other			977	1,421					7,08	
Total fruit juices			1.690	3,134	2,640		4,656	7,243	7,60, 717	
Frozen fruits (including specialties):		2,547	1,833	356	366		3,440	695	685	
Other		_2/	2/	418		:_2/	2/	759		
Total fruits and preparations		:		27,791	25,724	:		49,957	50.029	

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Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, August and July-August 1962 and 1963 - Continued

			August	: 1/	t		July-Aug	18t 1/	
	Unit :	Quent		Val	100 1	Quant		Val	1963
Commodity exported	1	19621	1963	1962 1		1962	1963	1962 1	1,000
				1,000	1,000 1		Thousanda	1,000 dollars	dollars
Grains and preparations:	:	Thousands	<u>Thousands</u>	dollars	dollara :	Thousands	Thompanao	**********	
Feed oreins and products -					3 050 .	0.155	5,462	11,397	5,153
Rarley grain (48 lb.)	Bu. :		4,019	5,921	3,858 :	9,455	62,082	80,584	84,761
Corn grain, including donations (56 lb.) .:	Bu. t	32,871	26,527	39,543	36,748 1	66,198 19,122	14,851	21,494	18,081
Grain goromma (56 lb.)	DU. 1	9,513	5,974	10,519	7,613 : 759 :	7,025	2.646	4.947	1.881
Cote grain (32 lb.)	։ ՄԱ, 1	6.972	1.145	3,499	48,978		2,112	118,422	109.876
Total faed grains	M.TOD	1,257	930	59,482	40.970		447	1,221	913
Barley malt (34 lb.)	: Bu. :	210	210	620	109		6,506	300	277
form multa and hominy	Lb.	6,87 7	2,552	127			670	3,749	2,845
Commest and corn flour, incl. donations.	LUME.	(10	314	3,014	1,364 :		10,753	675	886
Competends	. 44V-		5,397	316	433 1	4,244	1,423	607	205
Cotmost, greats, and rolled 08to	* PD*	· ~ 10/0	525	3.17	<u> </u>		2,190	124,974	115,002
Total feed grains and products	H.Ton	1,320	966	63,906	51,396 :	2,567	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Rice =	;	1			/ 5/2	: 	341,250	16,303	22,945
Filled, including donations	: Lb.	86,214	96,967	6,087	6,762		439_	1.	41
Paddy or rough	: Lb.	16_	325		31		341,535	16,307	22,986
Total rice (milled basis)	Lb.	86,218	96,988	6,038	6,765		261,222 1,141	4,548	1,460
Rys grain (56 lb.)	Bu.	1,062	503	1,507	640	3,594	1,141	41770	.,4
Wheat and flour, including donations -	1				:		100 050	143,572	179,168
Wheat grain (60 lb.)	· Bu.	41,146	47,868	75,394	87,766	79,243	102,757	26,153	24,230
Wheat flour, wholly of U. S. wheat	: Cut.	3,597	3,054	14,878	14,036		5,420		203,398
Total wheat and flour	. Pos.	49.419	54,893_	90,272	101,802		115,223	169,725	723
Total wheat and light,	t lb.	742	987	308	379		1,844	594	2,761
Bakery products	. ~~.	2/	2/	654	1,605		2/	1.335	346,330
Other	•	·		162,735	162,587	<u> </u>		317,933	740 330
Total grains and preparations	1	·				•			
Oilseeds and products:	•	:				•			
Oils, edible and inedible -	:	1				. ~	20 729	10,143	5,203
Cottonseed oil	ı Lb.	15,686	23,724	2,196	3,160		39,738	31 <u>1923</u>	18,956
Soybean oil	.: Lb.	: 137,526	87,005	13,289	10,420		168,192 26,521_	2,577	3,571
Other	. Lb.	8.937	12,538	1.287	1.741			44,643	27,730
Total oils (except essential)	. Lb.	162.149	123,267	16,772	15.321		234,451	44,04	<u> </u>
Oilseeds -	•	:				:	934	1,034	2,164
Flaxmeed (56 lb.)	. Bu.	: 122	488	386	1,444		728	42,548	69,434
Soybeans (60 lb.)	.: Bu.	t 8,434	11,766	21,646	2.3-22	16,558	26,020	1,516	5,514
Other	.: Lb.	16.092	94,510	835	4.087	29,848	125,180	45,098	77,112
Total oilseeds				22,367	36,790			070ء لرية	
TOTAL DITREBUR secesses essesses	1	:				1	22.5	12,686	17,646
Protein meal (cilcake and meal)	. S.To	nt 94	104	7,081	8,147			102,427	122,486
Total cilseeds and products	.:			46,720	60,258	:		102,421	122,400
TOTHI OFFERROR with Produces **********	1					:			
Tobacco. unmanufactured:		;	_			. 4000	6,554	5,980	5,421
Burley	.t Lb.	2,173	4,645	1,716	3,872			1,703	1,392
Circo (mornor	-: MD-	4~1	258	1,043	492			797	1,467
LIGHT MINUSHI	.: LD.	707		495	, ,	1,450		42,968	45,541
Bank Mand Ventuality and Tennespee		20.000	31,218	22,527	26,332				1,376
Table Almad Yantocker and Tennesses	.1 Lb.	27,378	2,,						
Dark-fired Kentucky and Tennesses	.1 TD.	2100110		1,215	236			1,844	
Tambo Clark Yank walker and Tennesses	.: Lb.	2100110	314		236 734 32,255	: 3,420	3,572	1,507 54,799	1,434 56,631

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Table 10.-- U. S. agricultural exports: Quantity and value by commodity, August and July-August 1962 and 1963 - Continued

			August	. 1/			July-Aug	ist 1/ Valu	<u></u>
		Quant		Valu	e1	Quant			1963
Commodity exported : U	init 1,			1962	1963 . 1	1962	1963 1	1962	
	Ł		1703 1	1.000	1.000 1			1,000	1,000
	;	Thousands	Thousands	dollars	dollara	Thousands	Thousands	<u>dollara</u>	<u>dollara</u>
egetables and preparations:	:	-14-4			1	45 201	16,519	3,316	4,039
Canned -	ra.	7,281	6,057	1,560	1,387	15,294	2,778	429	526
Asparagus	10		1,181	227	22/ :		3,880	270	325
C	,,,		1,111	136	104 1			376	386
Tamaka (Mica	mr		1,107	212	22/. :		1,886	29	14
Tomoto nesta and mires	no ,	106	64	14	8 ;	220	105	1,192	1.041
Tometo deuce for cooking DUFD0888	,	4.836	4,161	768	548	8,004	7,882	5,612	6,331
Ohbon	nn	15,759	13,681	2,917	2,495	30,230	33,050		5,749
Takat sannad marakat Aliateta takan sansan sansan t	uv		13,327	1,445	1,120	61,322	75,327	4,548	7,147
The wine house including donations	PD	19,028		472	728	21,049	13,748	1,295	987
Dry, ripe pess (excluding cow and chick)	Lb.	6,767	9,849	4,4		1			
DL			(020	137	230		11,378	291	544
Tottuno	Lb.	3,493	6,032	125	191		12,359	361	566
Onione	Lb.	1	3,838	208		35,900	51,911	1,036	1,113
Potatoes, white	Lb.	7,150	3,249			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	18,711	1,424	1,910
Potatoes, white	Lb.	3,813	6,277	281		26,784	25,697	1,582	1,495
Tomatoes	Lb.	9,255	8,954	583	542	92,460	120.056	4,694	5,628
Other	I.b	26,560	28,350	1,334	1,542	2 202	3,910	724	767
Total fresh vegetables	Th.	1,756	2,148	417		3,575		1,276	1,149
Frozen vegetables (including specialties) .:	tt.	1.280	976	535		1 2,589	2,468	850	434
Round and wegetables, debydrated	DD.	505	251	329	216	1,300	514	2,240	2,458
Tonatable secondinos	No.	2/	2/	1,271	1,180_	1 2/	2/		23,503
Athon	_	!		8,720	3,161	1		21,239	23,700
Total vegetables and preparations	_	•				<u>:</u>			
		:				1			e n:1
Other veretable products:		1	2,433	1,987	3,050	3,173	4,405	4,162	5,241
Coffee	Lb.	1,520	479	337	421	, 810	924	564	848
Describe Trate Chide	TID.	422	589	966	1,228	1,217	1,116	1,996	2,342
Wasantiel mild. natural assessment to see the					6,238	•	196	9,388	11,762
Foods and fodders (except cilcake and meal):	⇒.10I	1: 0.	100	۷,990 703	690		200	1,427	1,27
Playaring simps for beforeses	GET*	4 114	117		657		937	3 99	76
U		ن د	782	202		2/	2/	586	69
Nursery and greenhouse stock		1 2/	2/	300	694	6,688	9,348	3,035	1,46
Muts and preparations	Lb.	2,960	3,835	1,614				1,515	2,17
Seeds, field and garden	Lb.	: 4,925	7,726	724	1,141	, 1,023		394	39
Spices	Lb.	330		170	193	•	2/	7,077	13,87
Other, including donations		1 2/	2/	L,400	8,626	1 2/		30,543	40,84
Other, including constitute				16,461	23,319			,,,,,,,,	
Total other vagetable products		·				\$		662,983	702,42
		:		310,169_	348,960			0021702	TORPA
Total vegetable products		: 				1			
•	•	:				:		are other	gad 11
		•		359.449	408,357	1		761,398	818,44
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS	1	·				1			0.0/4.0
	:	ī		1,302,743	1,476,193			2,592,272	2,861,24
TOTAL HONAGRICULTURAL EXPORTS	:	·		1000 147		1			
	1	1		1,662,192	1,884,550	·		3,353,670	3,679,68
TOTAL EXPORTS, ALL COMMODITIES	z ——	:	<u> </u>	1,002,172	1,0041770				

Preliminary.
 Reported in value only.
 Excludes the number of "other hides and skins," reported in value only.

Table 11.— U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, August 1962 and 1963 and July-August 1962 and 1963

	:	·		st 1/		: July-August 1/				
SUPPLEMENTARY	: Unit						t1tv	Va]		
JULI LETENTIALE		: 1962	1963	1962	; 1963	1962	1 1963 1	1962	1963	
	-	: Thousands	Thousands	1,000 <u>dollara</u>		: Thousands	Thousands	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	
Cattle, dutiable	. N-	32	17	3,409	1,621	. 54	42	5,574	3,637	
Cattle, free (for breeding)	. 115.	: 32	2	530	499		3	•	•	
Agrees thes (for obserring) ************	: NQ.	. 1		261			ì	1,010	1,068	
Horses	: ND.	: <i>2/</i> ,	<u>2/</u> 3/	201	279	3/	٦/	682 142	780 129	
Other (including live poultry)	:	:_3/					-3/	7.408		
Total animals, live	:	<u></u>		4,268	2.471	: -		7,408	5,614	
	;	:				•				
airy products:	:	:				•				
Butter	: Lb.	: 44	98	18		60	125	24	45	
Chesse -	:	:				:				
Blue-mold		: 343	179	168	89		374	357	182	
Cheddar		: 39	18	17	7		106	25	57	
Edam and Gouda		: 567	317	248	137		622	3 92	270	
Pecorino	Lb.	1,221	454	605	197	2,241	1,529	1,085	66	
Swiss	Lb.	; 1,543	1,266	819	651	2,719	2,687	1,459	1,390	
Other		1,405	1,525	759	738	2,960	4,170	1,479	1,65	
Total cheese		5,118	3,759	2,616	1,819	9,614	9,488	4,797	4,22	
Casein or lectarene		11,018	8,715	2,004	1,571		17,369	3,789	3,11)	
Other		3/	3/	4	56		3/	5	225	
Total dairy products		: 		4,642	3,478			8,615	7,60	
voor mrij bromteep stetsetterttert	: —	' 		1,5012	9,0	:	~ ~~~~	-,	,,,,,,,,,,,	
ides and akins, ray (except furs):	•	•				•				
Calf skins	. Th	729	650	433	251	1,590	1,363	908	554	
		424	1,662	68	156	-,	3,485	192	361	
Cattle hides		2,369			1,530					
Goat and kid skins			2,483	1,358		•	4,529	2,405	2,851	
Sheep and lamb skins		: 4,669	3,324	1,805	1,447		10,873	2,927	4,576	
Other 4		2,971	2,643	1,318	1,168		5,790	3,085	2,500	
Total hides and skins, raw	: Lb.	11,162	10,762	4,982	4,552	20,341	26,040	9,517	10,84	
	:	•				:				
Beef and weal -	: :	:				: :				
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	ı Lb.	: 105,214	104,942	32,591	32,570		202,911	52,562	63,812	
Other		: <u>8,070</u>	11,205	2,669	3,474		23,381	5,332	7,405	
Total beef and veal		: 113,284	116,147	35,260	36 044		226,292	57,894	71,217	
mutton, goat, and lamb	: Lъ.	: 6,587	4,954	1,362	1,117	10,610	11,939	2,124	2,690	
Pork -	:	:				:	•			
Fresh, chilled, or frozen	: Lb.	2,449	2,867	973	1,077	5,339	5,505	2,086	1,989	
Hams and shoulders, canned cooked	Lb.	10,971	9,234	7,872	6,652		23,381	15,713	16,397	
Other		2,966	2,229	1,546	1,325		5,438	2,854	3,035	
Total pork		16,386	14,330	10,391	9.054		34,324	20,653	21,421	
Sausage casings		37	3/	1,558	1,814		3/	2,909	3,450	
Other (including meat extracts)		9,018	7,252	2,678	2,194		13.923	4,481	4.388	
Total meat and products (except poultry).			- 1,202	51,249	50,223		10,720	88,061	103,166	
were must brosness (aveche bourer?)?	:	: 		U292-17	00,220			00,001	,100	
oultry products:	:	•				:				
	. 12	· n/	2/ 2	./	0/		0/	, ,	n/	
Eggs, dried, frozen, otherwise preserved	i PD*	: <i>4</i>		2/	2/	: 1	2/		2/	
Eggs in the shell			36	35	49		67	63	89	
Poultry neat		10	. 2	38	2		10	45	23	
Total poultry products	:	I		73	51			109	112	

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Table 11.— U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, August 1962 and 1963 and July-August 1962 and 1963 - Continued

C314 443			Augu	ust 1/	1	1July-August 1/				
	: Unit	Quant	tity :	t Va	lue :	Quant	tity:	Ve.		
SUFFIMALITANI	<u> </u>	1962	: 1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	
		•		1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000	
Wool, unpanufactured (except free in bond):	:	<u>Thousands</u>	<u>Thousands</u>	dollars	dollars		Thousands	<u>dollara</u>	dollers	
40 ¹ s to 56 ¹ s			1,424	927	858 :		3,128	1,638	1,866	
Finer than 56's			5,379	5,247	3,727 :		11,689	11,355	7,858	
Other wools	G.Lb.:	1,425	1,532	1,148	1,348		3,731	2,482	3,377	
Total wool, unmamufactured	: G.Lb.	11,668	8,335	7,322	5,933	24,428	18,548	15,475	13,101	
Other animal products:	:	;			,					
Bones, hoofs, and horns, unmanufactured	L.Ton	. 7	3	426	206	12	В	768	446	
Bristles, a red bunched, or prepared			417	582	1,376		747	1,326	2,326	
Fats, oils, greames, edible and inedible			3/	39	82		3/	63	114	
Feathers, crude		300	221	469	396		491	848	918	
Gelatin, edible			560	258	284		1,234	517	594	
Hair, unmanufactured		1,129	1.143	857	684		2,084	1,390	1,311	
Honey		471	132	53	26		52	129	84	
Other		: 3/	3/	921	808		3/	1.726	1.709	
Total other animal products	:	• <u></u>		3,605	3,862			6.767	7,502	
road oner miture brodeses tetteresses	:	' :				:				
Total animals and animal products	:	1 <u> </u>		76,141	70,570			135.952	147.940	
VEGETABLE PRODUCTS	:	:				: :				
Cotton, unmanufactured (480 lb.):	:					•				
Cotton	· Bala	1 B9	79	18,328	16,554	90	82	18,504	16,822	
Linters	: Bala	. 12	23	396	456		46	862	1,027	
Total cotton and linters	: Bale	101	102	18,724	17,010		128_	19,366	17,849	
1002 0000 001 111000 11111111111	1	:				:				
Fruits and preparations:	1	1				1				
Apples, green or ripe (50 lb.)	: Bu.	: 11	7	31	19	: 30	21	93	86	
Berries	: Lb.	3,159	7,501	457	1,056	: 6,651	12,410	1,009	1,870	
Dates	: Lb.	: 0	406	0	56	: 101	541	12	70	
Figs	: Lb.	: 71	473	6	65	: 1,149	1,766	71	129	
Grapes (40 lb.)	:Cu.Ft.	. 0	5	0	22	1 13	20	28	86	
Melons	: Lb.	451	530	17	15	4,248	1,375	53	26	
Olives in brine			814	1,890	1,224	2,145	1,781	3,805	2,828	
Oranges, mendarin, canned			4,746	1,114	976	: 11,252	10,155	2,164	2,089	
Pineapples, canned, prepared or preserved .	Lb.	8,819	9,893	1,111	1,154	: 18,572	18,296	2,258	2,118	
Pineapple juice	Gal.		394	294	141	: 627	1,035	357	375	
Other	±	3/	3/	1,222	2,061	: 3/	3/	2,663	4,334	
Total fruits and preparations	·			6,142	6,789	1		12,513	14,011	
20007 220202 mrs hrob-rasions statement	•		•			1				
Grains and preparations:	:	:				:				
Barley grain (48 lb.)	: Bu.	; 155	359	248	504	356	629	525	864	
Barley malt	Lb.	: 10,035	10,466	597	509		20,551	1,446	1,035	
Corn grain (56 lb.)	. Bu.	91	186	150	302		208	278	339	
Oats grain (32 lb.)	.: Bu.	110	272	90	215		888	148	693	
Rice	Lb.	2,272	298	125	21		315	220	23	
Rve grain (56 lb.)	.: Bu.	122	2	134	2		2	134	2	
Wheat grain for domestic use (60 lb.)	Bu.	170	231	282	425	: 185	253	. 309	463	
Wheat flour	.: Lb.	. 8	2	2/	2/	1 8	, 2	2/	2/	
Other	.:	:3/	3/	1,313	1,298	: 3/	3/	2,336	2,178	
Total grains and preparations	.: —			2,939	3,276			5,396	5,597	
Dr Lrahamanan							-		Continued	

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Table 11.-- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, August 1962 and 1963 and July-August 1962 and 1963 - Continued

Commoditive imposited		'		st 1/		July-August 1/				
Commodity imported SUPPLEMENTARY	Unit	Quant	ity1	Ve]		Quant		Val:		
SUPPLEMENTARI		1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	
1				1,000		:		1,000	1,000	
Nuts and preparations:		Thousands	Thousands	dollare	dollars :	Thousanda	<u>Thousands</u>	dollara	dollara	
Almonds	Lb.		0	0	0		Q	0		
Brazil outs	Lb.	4,370	4,766	910	877		7,596	1,457	1,459	
Caphew nuts	Lb.	5,836	7,241	2,296	2,738	12,809	13,997	4,963	5,487	
Coconut meat, fresh, frozen, or prepared:	Lb.	13,224	12,880	1,517	1,593 :	21,124	23,797	2,384	2,912	
Pistache muts	Lb.	1,844	358	725	192	3,837	1,222	1,608	652	
Ctho-		3/	3/	224	292	: 3/	3/	436	471	
Total mits and preparations		***	-4*	5,672	5,692	:		10,848	10,98	
total mara and bisherarions		·		<u> </u>						
1		•				:				
Dilaceds and products:		•				!				
Gils, edible and inedible -	T h	2,276	1,340	1,107	709	3,430	2,153	1,670	1,13	
Cacao butter	Du.		855	421	303		2,319	848	90	
Carnauba wax	II.	9,128	12,903	1,051	1,404		18,697	1,530	2,07	
Castor oil	PD.		46,181	2,454	4,889		84,833	3,965	8,96	
Coconut oil		26,132		4,454 967	838		4,275	2,106	1,79	
Olive oil, edible:	LD.	: 3,462	2,160 723	90 <i>1</i>	68		723	2,105	-1.6	
Palm oil	Lb.	: 28				•	11,935	1,619	1,48	
Palm kernel oil:	Lb.	; 7,358	6,025	752	757			541	1,90	
Tung pil	Lb.	: 981	2,064	371	718		5,386	1,936	73	
Other:	Ի ₽•	8,114	1,628	1,164	385		3,282		19,07	
Total oils (except essential):	Lb.	58,428	73,879	8,291	10,071	98,191	133,603	14,223	19,07	
Oilseeds -		:				1			/ 50	
Copra:	Lb.	47,622	56,448	3,073	4,099		88,816	7,386	6,52	
Sesame seed	Lb.	1,091	1,116	162	201		1,870	420	35!	
Other		: 3/	3/	209	195		3/	424	33	
Total oilseeds				3,444	4,495	:		8,230	7,21	
10/97 07186902 ************************************		·				:				
	Th	13,961	3,719	410	118	22,245	15,514	654	48	
Protein meal (oilcake and meal)	TO.	,,,,,,		12,145	14,684			23,107	26,77	
Total oilseeds and products		·				1				
		1				1				
Sugar and related products:	a m	: : 317	410	35,438	61,867	755	836	86,432	126,21	
Cane sugar	9.100	. 20 0⊐⇒	21,592	2,424	3,725		48,021	5,095	7,77	
Molasges unfit for human consumption:	ual,	: 22,377	3/	206	584		3/	605	1,13	
Other:		:_3/			66,176			92,132	135,11	
Total sugar and related products:		:		38,068		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
:		:				:				
Vegetables and preparations:		:	1.144	325	600	1,761	2,167	949	1,12	
Canned mushrooms	Ľb.	: 585	1,166		258		6,023	824	- 68	
Canned tomatoes, tomato paste and sauce:	Lb.	4,802	2,204	470			0,020	QET	-	
Fresh or dried -	:	:				1 204	225	9	2	
Cucumbers	Lb.	: 13	59	1	4			209	37	
Garlic	Lb.	: 873	1,776	160	258		2,648	209 224	19	
Onions	Lb.	2,124	1,227	100	69	•	3,373		19	
Potatoes, white	Lb.	: 0	0	0	0	•	0	44	8	
Tomatoes, natural state	Lb.	996	622	96	65	•	847	130	_	
TOWNEDCE: HARMING BARRE	Lb	2,473	2,976	54	74	: 2,951	3,093	64	7	
Turnips and rutabagas	Lb.	784	903	144	135	: 1,468	1,950	259	30	
Pickled vegetables	Th.	11,914	21,296	478	843		34,971	890	1,37	
Tapioca, tapioca flour, and cassava	ъQ.	: 3/	3/	1,665	1,575		3/	3,008	3,13	
Other		: 3/		3,493	3,881			6,610	7,36	
Total vegetables and preparations:		·			0,002	 			Continue	

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Table 11.-- U. S. agricultural imports for consumption: Quantity and value by commodity, August 1962 and 1963 and July-August 1962 and 1963 - Continued

	: :		Augu	st 1/		July-August 1/				
Commodity imported	. Unit	Quant		Val	10 :	Quant	ity :	Val		
Supplem wtart	t 1		1963	1962	1963	1962	1963 1	19621	1963	
	: 1			1,000	1,000			1,000	1,000	
Other veretable products:	•	Thousands	Thousands	dollara	dollars	Thousands	<u>Thousands</u> 3/	dollara	dollara	
Feeds and fooders (except cilcake and meal):		3/	Thousands	813	886 :	3/	<u>3</u> /	1,640	1,76	
1990B and 100mars (except offcore and meer).	· ·		<u> </u>	0	1:		2	0	:	
Hops	:		2	398	216	7	6	1,105	80:	
Jute and jute butte, unmanufactured	7 1,10D;	1 612	1,772	1,885	2,025		3,740	4,001	4,29	
Malt liquors	; LEL.	1,613		1,884	1,337		55,968	1,933	1,35	
Nurstry and greenhouse stock	: No.	77,129	55,123		1,539		3/	1,327	2,70	
Seeds, field and garden	: :	. <u>3</u> /	3/	608			5,287	542	54	
Spices	ıLb, :	2,403	2,433	303	287			16,429	17,10	
Tobacco, unmanufactured	: Lb.	14,123	14,231	9,000	8,565		29,088		7.4	
Wines	: Gal.	984	1,023	3,521	3,685		2,074	6,643		
Other	:	: 3/	_3/	809	1,040		3/	1,439	2,40	
Total other vegetable products	:			19,221	19,581		400	35,059	38,4	
toopt order askesome bineman tittings	•					1				
W 4-94.19				106,404	137,089	:		205,031	256,1	
Total vegetable products	:	· 		200, 14.		1				
	:	: 		182,545	207.659	•		340,983	404,0	
TOTAL SUPPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	:	·		102,040	201,039	<u> </u>				
	1	1				•				
	1	:				•				
COMPLEMENTARY	1	•				*	500 360	12,702	14,2	
Bananas	: Lb.	282,122	307,248	6,358	7,244		593,360		155,0	
Coffee (including into Puerto Rico)	: Lb.	: 263,882	249,894	83,271	76,722		517,057	153,665		
offee essences, substitutes and adulterants.	: Lb.	514	555	576	704		973	823	1,2	
locos or cacso besns	Th.	1 51,348	38,035	9,984	8,551	: 138,761	70,266	27,571	16,0	
POCOS OF CACAO DESIGN	. Th		10,418	1,225	1,275	16,141	18,492	2,563	2,5	
Cocca and chocolate, prepared	T.	7,197	4,450	1,427	1,942		9,277	3,144	3,9	
Drugs, herbs, roots, stc	ים וים,		3/	1,890	1,930		3/	3,815	3,8	
Essential or distilled oils		: 3/		3,554	3,293		27	5,863	6,8	
Fibers, ummanufactured	.: L.Ton	17	13				128,581	39,851	29,7	
Ribber, crude	.: Lb.	79,307	70,960	19,136	16,476		647	4,727	4,1	
Silk, raw	: Lb.	3 545	418	3,002	2,654			5,563	5,2	
Spices	ı Lb.	5,609	7,618	1,941	2,789		14,881			
Ten	· Lb.	10,245	7,717	4,527	3,529		17,210	9,296	7,5	
Wool, unmanufactured (free in bond)	G Ch		20,184	9,728	11,313	29,701	48,366	14,674	26,2	
Other complementary agricultural products		. 3/	3/	403	434	: 3/	3/	804	8	
orner combiementary afticultural binduces	.:	· 				:			-	
THE PARTY OF THE P	•			147,022	138,856			285,061	277,	
TOTAL COMPLEMENTARY IMPORTS	,:			141,012		:				
	3	•				-				
	:	;		000 6/5	346,515			626,044	681,6	
TOTAL AGRICULTURAL IMPORTS	.:	1		329,567	340,315			020,077		
	1	1				:		2,073,035	2,303,4	
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL IMPORTS	.:	t		1,041,162	1,133,639	<u> </u>		2,013,033	2,000,	
SATURE TAXABLE AND ADDRESS AND ASSESSED ASSESSED.	•	***************************************				:				
DARLE TURNING 122 CONMODITIES	•			1,370,729	1,480,154	:		2,699,079	2,985,1	
TOTAL IMPORTS: ALL COMMODITIES	.,	š		_,_,_,						

^{1/} Preliminary.
2/ Less than 500.
3/ Reported in value only.
4/ Excludes the weight of "other hides and skins", reported in pieces only.

Table 12.-- U. S. agricultural exports and imports for consumption: Value by country, July 1963

		Agricul	turel		1	Agricultural				
Country		!	Importa			: Imports				
	Exports	Total	: Supple-:	Comple- mentary		Exports :	Total	Supple~ : mentary :	Comple- mentary	
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollers	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	:	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	
reenland	0	C	0	0		252	77	0	7'	
	•	·	•		Sweden	1,246	264	21 i	5	
anada:	61,131	10,711	10,243	798		1,005	145	144		
	0.,.,.	,		-	Denmark	3,711	5,875	5,871		
iquelon and St. Pierre Is:	2	0	0	0	United Kingdom:	19,242	2,040	1,221	81	
2440202 034 204 224740 20417	~	_			Ireland	1,472	1,391	1,341	5	
atin American Republica:					Unidentified W. Europe 2/.:	2	0	C		
Mexico	5,390	11,773	9,286	2,487	: East Gormany	213	0	0		
Guatamala	1,126	3,802	2,386	1,416	Austria:	379	130	127		
El Salvador	502	4,961	53	4,908		974	120	120		
Honduras	361	2,350	258	2,092		8	16	14		
Nicaragua:	263	1,949	1,353	596		3,673	878	792	6	
Costa Rica	391	4,125	1,294	2,831	Finland	1,225	116	103	1	
Panama, Republic of1	907	1,234	27	1,207	: Estonia:	0	0	0		
Cuba:	2,202	330	330	0	: Letvia	0	0	Đ		
Raiti		1,327	398	929		0	0	٥		
Dominican Republic:		16,913	14,669	2,244	: Foland and Danzig:	7,749	3,604	3,593	1	
Colombia	1,893	18,027	425	17,602	: U.S.S.R. (Russia)	2,032	54	51		
Venezuela:	3,788	82/	33	791		1	2	2		
Ecuador		4,365	80	4,285	: Spain:	9,306	2,688	2,561	12	
Peru	1,438	5,494	2,959	2,535		614	286	248	3	
Bolivis	501	113	50	63	: Gibraltar:	1	0	0		
Chile	2,609	102	96	6	: Malta and Gozo:	6	D	0		
Brazil	7,844	37,530	5,067	32,463	: Free Territory of Trieste.:	0	5	. 5		
Paraguay	454	1,071	1,047	24	: Yugoslavia	1,838	1,032	989	1	
Uruguay	50	1,003	968	35		0	8	0		
Argentina	64	11,2/,2	8,289	2,953	Greece:	1,980	2,180	2,179		
Total L. A. Republics:	32,883	128,535	49,068	79,467	: Rumania	0	0	0		
- t					: Bulgaria:	, O	33	30		
Other Latin America: :					: Turkey	1,141	4,581	4,525	!	
British Honduras:	162	387	381	6		10	51	51_	1/	
Canal Zone:		0	0	0		58,080	25,576	24,178	1,39	
Berrada:		0	0	0						
Bahamas		4	1	3						
Jamaica		2,684	2,532	152						
Leeward and Windward Is:		102	8	94		65 106	c 151	, agr	1.0	
Barbados		18	18	0		28,498	5,451	4,385	1,0 1	
Trinidad and Tobago		539	186	353		10,823	549	389		
Netherlands Antilles		1/	0		: France	5,440	5,485	5,021	44 2	
Prench West Indies		4,863	4,734	129			2,400	2,171		
British Guiena		0	0	0		17.386	3,993	3,663	2,2	
Surinam		22	0	22		81,140	17,878	15,629		
French Guiena		0	0	0	-					
Falkland Islands	C_		0	0.						
Total Latin America:	37.311	137,154	56.928	80.226	: Total Europe	139,220	43,454	39.807	3.6	
TOTAL PACTE SECULCH ****!			720		· TARRY THEORE		421424		ontinue	

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Table 12.— U. S. agricultural exports and imports for consumption: Value by country, July 1963 - Continued

Country :		Agricu	lturel			Agricultural			
		1	Importe			1	1	Imports	
	Exports	1 Total	: Supple-			1 Exports	Total	: Supple- :	
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000		1.000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Ania: :	<u>dollara</u>	dollars	dollars	dollars	: Australia and Oceania - Con.	dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars
Syrian Arab Republic:	34	505	36	469	: New Zealand and W. Samoa .	: 369	24,056	15,088	8,968
Lebanont	324	468	288	180	: British W. Pacific Is	. 2	7,,,,,	,,,,,,,	D1700
Iraqt	177	78	1/	78	: French Pacific Islands		š	1	,
Irant	662	1,284	1,126	158			ń	'n	4
Israel	9,520	147	147	1/	: Total Australia and	·			
Palestine	0	0	Ö		: Oceania	2.097	46,176	37,056	9,120
Jordan	775	1	0	1		<u> </u>	401110	717000	74120
Kuwait	364	C	0	0	Africas	:			
Saudia Arabia:	934	О	ō	D	Morocco	2.618	92	27	60
Other Arabia Pan. States .1	29	48	10	38	: Algeria		44	1/ 2/	65
Adont	120	, 10	,0	0	· Word of a contract described	750	3		44
State of Bahrain:	116	Ď	Ö	e	: Tunisia	100	0	0	3
Afghanistan	31	135	20	115		121	26	0	0
Goa, Damso, and Diu	, t	,,,	e e		: United Arab Rep. (Egypt) .	8,084		22	4
India	36 .893	9.542		0		2,232	33	16	17
			8,375	1,167		: 802	0	Û	0
Pakistan	5,591	1,259	772	487		: 30	0	0	0
Mebal	0	n 	Q	0			309	18	291
Ceylont	133	2,472	1	2,471	: Other W. Equatorial Africa.	: 5	7	0	7
Burma	1,065	7	7	0		: 1,437	1,714	14	1,700
Theilandt	289	2,243	529	1,714	: Ghana	278	1,694	0	1,694
Viet-Nam	4,061	15	0	15	: Federation of Nigeria	t 791	2,712	262	2,450
Laos	74	0	0	ſ1	: British West Africa	: 18	10	G	10
Cambodiat	234	249	O.	249	: Madeira Islands	1 142	2	2	n
Federation of Malaya:	B36	7,011	220	6,791	: Angola	533	2,938	15	2,923
Singapore, State of:	622	150	22		: Other W.Portuguese Africa.	382	13	o'	13
Republic of Indonesia:	2,164	5,211	103	5.108	Liberia	1.559	1,188	Ö	1,188
Rep. of the Philippines:	5.069	28,107	27.668	439	Republic of the Congo	7,704	3,341	207	3,134
Macaot	16	-0,.01	27,000	ó	. Republic of the congo	: 7,104	22	22	2,124
Other Southern & S.E. Asia.:	o,	Õ	Ů.	ő	: Someli Republic	. 103			-
China (incl. Manchuria):	ñ	ű ű	0	0	: Ethiopia	1 103	2,477	163	2,314
Outer Mongolia	0	469	469	_	: French Somaliland		0	0	0
Aret Londotta	e e			0	: Seychelles & Dependencies.		15	0	15
North Korea	-	0	0	0	: Mauritius & Dependencies .		1	0	_ 1
Korea, Republic of:	9,226	109	109	.0	: British East Africa	167	6,791	12	6,779
Hong Kong	2,998	193	165	28	: Mozambique	47	494	282	212
Taiwan	8,357	1,274	981		: Malagasy Republic	. 10	560	0	560
Japant		3,741	2,152	1,589		1,507	8,167	8,066	101
Nansel and Nampo Islands .:	1,685			Ü.	: Rhodesia & Nyasalani Fed	19	289	56	233
1					1				
Total Asia	139,228	64,718	43,200	21,513	: Total Africa	t <u>31,098</u>	32,942	9,184	23,758
Australia and Oceania: 1					1	I			
Australia	1,647	22,050	21,967	B 3	1				
New Guinea	0	57	. 0	57	TOTAL ALL COUNTRIES	410,087	335,155	196,418	138,737

^{1/} Less than 2500.
2/ Not available by countries.

Explanatory Note

U.S. foreign agricultural trade statistics in this report include official U.S. data based on compilations of the Bureau of the Census. Agricultural commodities consist of (1) nonmarine food products and (2) other products of agriculture which have not passed through complex processes of manufacture such as raw hides and skins, fats and oils, and wine. Such manufactured products as textiles, leather, boots and shoes, cigarettes, naval stores, forestry products, and distilled alcoholic beverages are not considered agricultural.

The trade statistics exclude shipments between the 50 States and Puerto Rico, between the 50 States and the island possessions, between Puerto Rico and the island possessions, among the island possessions, and in-transit through the United States from one foreign country to another when documented as such through U.S. Customs.

EXPORTS The export statistics also exclude shipments to the U.S. armed forces for their own use and supplies for vessels and planes engaged in foreign trade. Data on shipments valued at less than \$100 are not compiled by commodity and are excluded from agricultural statistics but are reflected in nonagricultural and overall export totals in this report. The agricultural export statistics include shipments under P.L. 87-195 (Act for International Development), principally sales for foreign currency; under P.L. 83-480 (Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act), and related laws; and involving Government payments to exporters. (USDA payments are excluded from the export value.) Separate statistics on Government program exports are compiled by USDA from data obtained from operating agencies.

The export value, the value at the port of exportation, is based on the selling price (or cost if not sold) and includes inland freight, insurance, and other charges to the port. The country of destination is the country of ultimate destination or where the commodities are to be consumed, further processed, or manufactured. When the shipper does not know the ultimate destination, the shipments are credited to the last country, as known to him at time of shipments from the United States, to which the commodities are to be shipped in their present form. Export shipments valued \$100-\$499 are included on the basis of sampling estimates.

Imports for consumption consist of commodities released from U.S. Customs custody upon arrival, or entered into bonded manufacturing warehouse, or withdrawn from bonded storage warehouse for consumption. The agricultural statistics exclude low-value shipments from countries not identified because of illegible reporting, but they are reflected in nonagricultural and overall import totals in this report.

The import value, defined generally as the market value in the foreign country, excludes import duties, ocean freight, and marine insurance. The country of origin is defined as the country where the commodities were grown or processed. Where the country of origin is not known, the imports are credited to the country of shipment.

Imports similar to agricultural commodities produced commercially in the United States and others that are interchangeable in use to any significant extent with such U.S. commodities are supplementary, or partly competitive. All other commodities are complementary, or noncompetitive.

Further explanatory material on foreign trade statistics and compilation procedures of the Bureau of the Census is contained in the publications of that agency.

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