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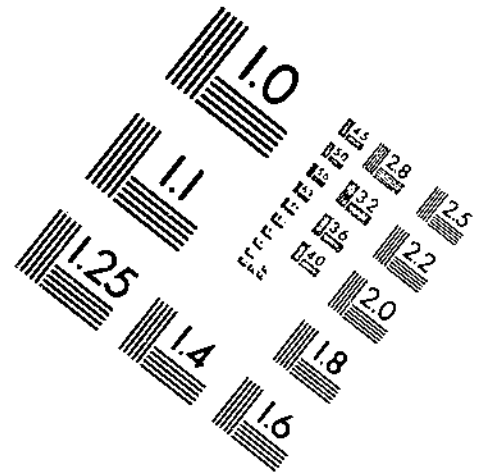
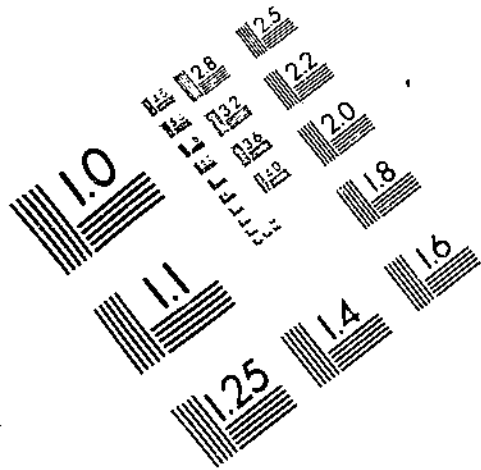
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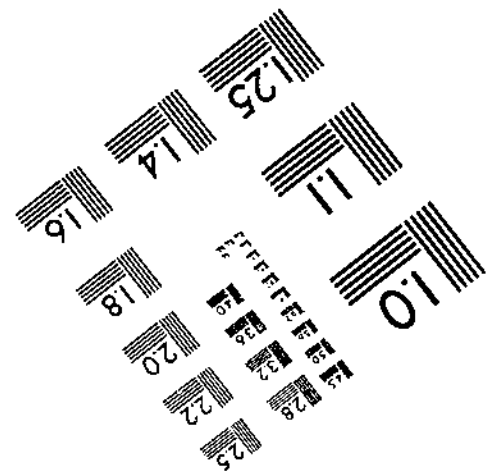
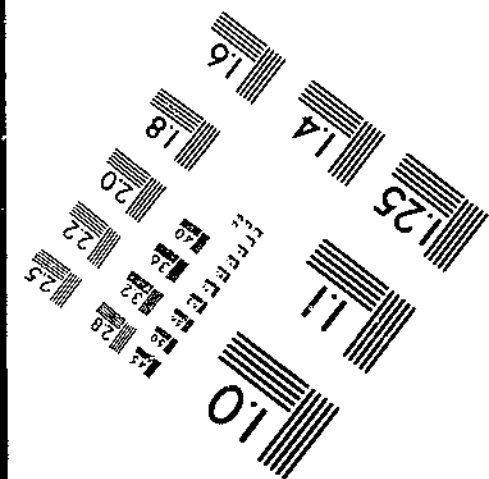
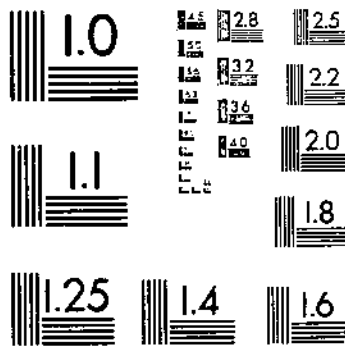
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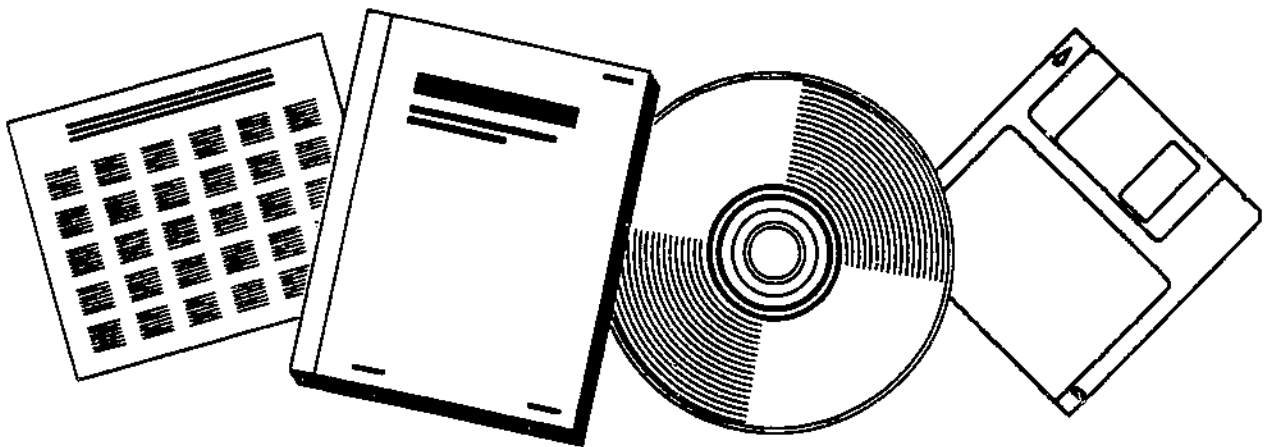
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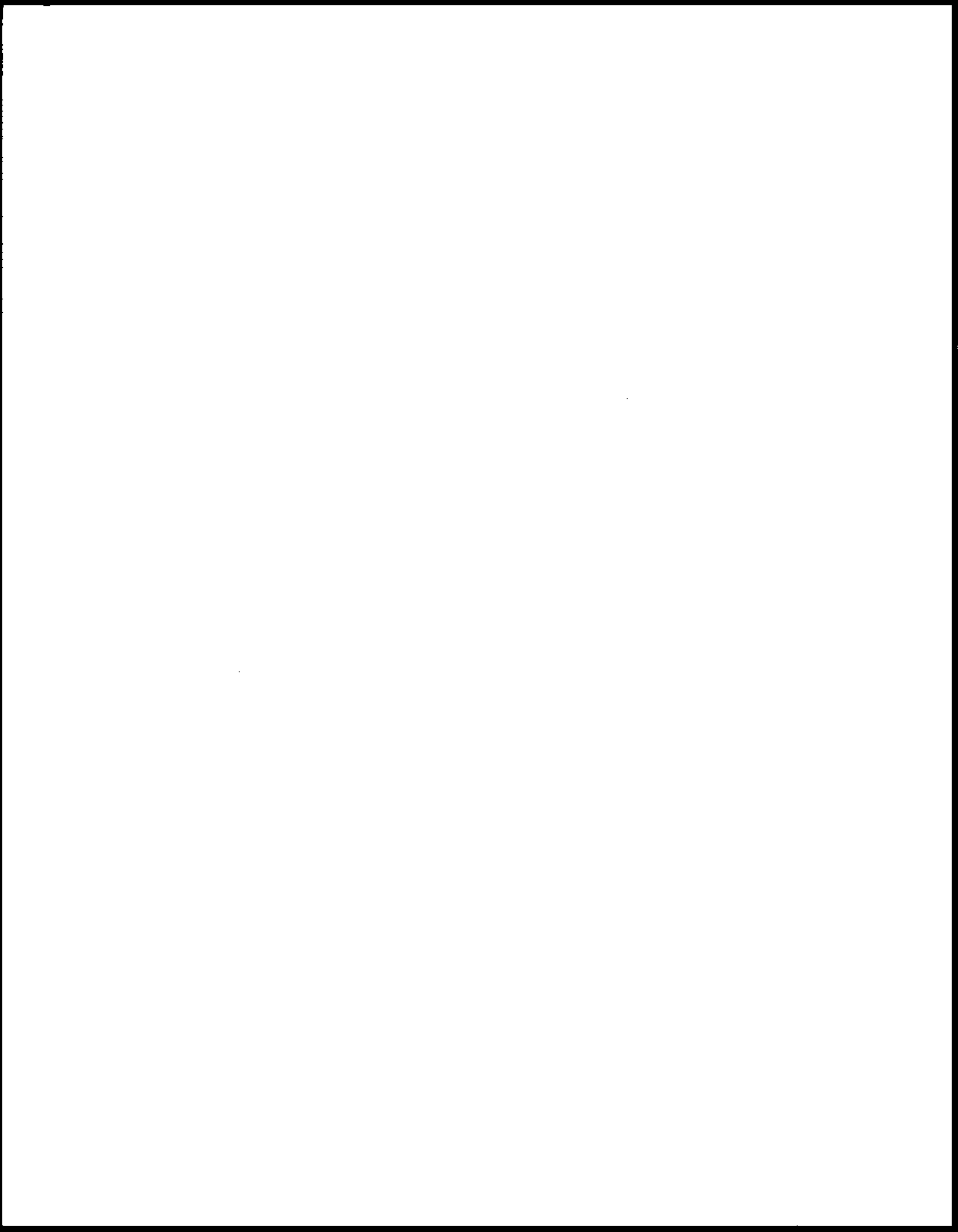
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Annual Data, 1970-94

Judith Jones Putnam
Jane E. Allshouse



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Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1996: Annual Data, 1970-94.

Judith Jones Putnam and Jane E. Allshouse. Food and Consumer Economics Division, Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. Statistical Bulletin No. 928.

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Abstract

This report presents historical data on food consumption, prices, expenditures, and U.S. income and population. In 1994, each American consumed, on average, 63 pounds more of commercially grown vegetables than in 1970; 63 pounds more of grain products; 49 pounds more of fruit; 25 pounds more of caloric sweeteners; 16 pounds more of total red meat, poultry, and fish (boneless, trimmed equivalent); 15 pounds more of cheese; 14 pounds more of added fats and oils; 4 gallons more of beer; 71 fewer eggs; 12 gallons less of coffee, and 7 gallons less of milk. Food prices, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), increased 2.4 percent in 1994. This increase was less than the overall increase in the CPI for the fourth consecutive year. Americans spent \$647 billion for food in 1994 and another \$86 billion for alcoholic beverages. Away-from-home meals and snacks captured 47 percent of the U.S. food dollar in 1994, up from 39 percent in 1980 and 34 percent in 1970. The percentage of disposable personal income spent on food declined from 13.9 percent in 1970 to 11.4 percent in 1994.

Keywords: Food consumption, disappearance data, food use data, food supply, nutrients available for consumption, retail food prices, expenditures

Note: Use of brand or firm names in this publication does not imply endorsement by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Data published this year supersede data published in previous issues.

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Shirley Gerrior, a nutritionist, with the Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP), USDA, wrote the "Nutrients" section of the text and calculated the nutrient data in tables 40-44. Steven Koplín of the National Marine Fisheries Service, U.S. Department of Commerce, provided the information on fishery products. Consumption data for alcoholic beverages came from Matthew Hein of the Beer Institute, Gary Marshall of the Distilled Spirits Council of the United States, Inc., and Jon Fredrikson of Gornberg, Fredrikson, and Associates (wine industry consultants).

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Summary

Americans are slowly, and with fits and starts, shifting their eating patterns toward more healthful diets: more low-fat and nonfat products and leaner cuts of meat. However, a considerable gap still remains between public health recommendations and consumers' eating habits.

ERS food consumption data are based on the amount of food available for consumption in the United States. Estimates of food for human consumption are derived by subtracting measurable uses such as exports, industrial uses, farm inputs, and end-of-year inventories from total supply (the sum of domestic production, imports, and beginning inventories). Accordingly, the data are indirect measures of actual consumption.

While the data suggest Americans are eating more grains, especially in mixtures, they still are not eating the amounts of high-fiber foods, including whole-grain products, legumes, vegetables, and fruit, that are recommended in the latest dietary guidelines. And they are eating more foods that contain large amounts of refined sugars.

In 1994, each American consumed, on average, 63 pounds more of commercially grown vegetables than in 1970, 49 pounds more fruit, 63 pounds more grain products, 31 pounds more poultry, 16.7 pounds less red meat, 71 fewer eggs, and 7 gallons less milk. But Americans also consumed an average of 25 pounds more caloric sweeteners, 15 pounds more cheese, 14 pounds more fats and oils, and 4 gallons more beer.

Increased use of low-fat and skim milk instead of whole milk has been substantial. However, the overall use of milkfat did not fall, because cheese consumption soared. Per capita use of cheese has increased 53 percent since 1980. Chicken and turkey accounted for 33 percent of the total meat consumed by Americans in 1994, up from 23 percent in 1980 and 19 percent in 1970. Red meat accounted for 59 percent of total meat consumed in 1994, compared with 70 percent in 1980 and 74 percent in 1970.

Per capita use of caloric sweeteners reached an all-time high in 1994. Americans consumed, on average, 148 pounds of refined and processed sugars in 1994, 20 percent more than they did in 1980. Annual per capita consumption of regular (nondiet) carbonated soft drinks jumped 43 percent between 1986 and 1994, to 40.3 gallons (645 8-ounce servings). Annual per capita consumption of candy was up 6 pounds from 1980, to 22.1 pounds per person in 1994.

Spice consumption, per capita, totaled a record 2.7 pounds in 1994, up by nearly 1 pound from a decade earlier. The growth in spice consumption reflects a trend toward the use of spices to compensate for less salt and lower fat levels in foods, as well as heightened popularity of ethnic foods from Asia, Mediterranean countries, and Latin America.

Americans spent \$647 billion for food in 1994 and another \$86 billion for alcoholic beverages. Away-from-home meals and snacks captured 47 percent of the U.S. food dollar in 1994, up from 34 percent in 1970. The percentage of dis-

posable personal income spent on food declined from 13.9 percent in 1970 to 11.4 percent in 1994.

Food prices, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), increased 2.4 percent in 1994. The increase was less than the overall increase in the CPI for the fourth consecutive year. Food prices in 1994 rose more at supermarkets and other grocery stores (2.9 percent) than at away-from-home eating places (1.7 percent). Grocery store prices advanced faster in 1994 than in 1993, mainly due to higher prices for coffee, fresh fruits, seafood, cereal, bakery products, and processed vegetables. These price increases were mitigated by lower beef prices and modest price increases for most other commodities.

Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1996

Annual Data, 1970-94

Judith Jones Putnam
Jane E. Allshouse

Introduction

This bulletin revises and updates through 1994 the data published in *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-93*, SB-915, issued in December 1994. It presents historical data on per capita consumption of major food commodities in the United States, including the basic data on supplies and disposition from which the consumption estimates are derived. In addition, information concerning population, income, prices, and expenditures related to food consumption has been assembled to provide a comprehensive and convenient source of data for statistical and economic analysis of food consumption.

The System for Measuring Food Consumption

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's Economic Research Service (USDA, ERS) annually calculates the amount of food available for human consumption in the United States. The U.S. food supply historical series measures national aggregate consumption of several hundred foods. It is the only source of time-series data on food and nutrient availability in the country.

The food supply series is based on records of commodity flows from production to end uses (fig. 1). This involves the development of supply and utilization balance sheets for each major commodity from which human foods are produced (tables 45-92). Total available supply is the sum of production, beginning inventories, and imports. These three components are either directly measurable or estimated by Government agencies using sampling and statistical methods. Production is often measured at the farm

level; for some products, however, primary production measurement occurs at the first level of processing.

For most commodity categories, measurable uses are exports, industrial uses, farm inputs (seed and feed), and end-of-the-year inventories. Human food use normally is not directly measured or statistically estimated. The availability of food for human use is, therefore, a residual after subtracting other uses from available supply. In a few cases, supplies for human food use are measured directly and one of the other use components becomes the residual. This is the case for wheat, in which flour production is measurable and livestock feed use becomes the residual.

The availability of food for human use, which normally is the residual of the commodity supply-utilization table, represents disappearance of food into the marketing system. Hence, it is often referred to as food disappearance. Per capita food consumption usually is calculated by dividing total food disappearance by the U.S. total population, including the Armed Forces overseas, on July 1.

Estimates of consumption (disappearance) are prepared at two levels for most commodities: the primary weight and the retail-equivalent weight. The basic measurement is at the primary distribution level, which is dictated for each commodity by the structure of the marketing system and the availability of data. For some, measurement is at the farmgate. For most commodities that are processed, it is at the processing or manufacturing plant. Once the primary level of distribution has been selected, quantities of all other components in the balance sheet for that commodity are converted to the primary-weight basis, using appropriate conversion factors. For example, the primary distribution level for red meat is the slaughter plant, so all quantities are converted to carcass weight.

Nearly all supply and utilization tables show per capita consumption on a primary-weight basis.

In most per capita food consumption tables (tables 1-39), ERS converts food consumption from primary weight to a retail-weight equivalent, using conversion factors that allow for subsequent processing, trimming, shrinkage, or loss in the distribution system. Fresh beef, for example, loses 30.5 percent of its weight from carcass to retail cuts (table 3).

For some uses, a more desirable basis of computation is boneless weight. ERS has calculated per capita consumption of red meat, poultry, and fish on that basis to facilitate comparisons (table 6). The boneless-weight measure excludes all bones, but includes the separable fat normally sold on retail cuts of red meat.

The Data

Information used in calculating food supplies comes from a variety of government and private sources.

Sources

Information on farm production, stocks, and some processed products (including manufactured dairy products) comes from the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), USDA. Data on flour and fats and oils production come from the Current Industrial Reports of the Census Bureau. Census compiles trade information from Customs Service reports. The Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA, reports sugar use. Finally, ERS uses trade association data when they are available and appropriate.

Usefulness

Food disappearance estimates measure supplies moving through trade channels for domestic consumption. They are neither a direct measure of actual consumption nor of the quantity ingested.

Like many time series, the data are useful as indicators of trends over time. In other words, this series indicates whether Americans, on average, are consuming more or less of various foods over time. The disappearance data are used to measure the average level of food consumption in the country, to show year-to-

year changes in consumption of major foods, to permit calculation of the approximate nutrient content of the food supply, to establish long-term trends, and to permit statistical analyses of effects of prices and incomes on consumption.

The food supply data series measures utilization of basic commodities without identifying all end use products, thereby eliminating the problems—commonly associated with food intake survey data—of decomposing compound foods back to commodity ingredients. It measures food supplies for consumption through all outlets, at home and away from home. It is a long, continuous series, published first in 1941 and extended back to 1909 for most commodities. It is the only data set available for determining long-term trends in supply and consumption by major food groups.

The series covers the spectrum of primary foodstuffs. Hence, it can be used to measure interrelationships between foods and for measuring total food supply and apparent use. It is particularly useful for estimating complete demand systems that measure price and income elasticities of demand in a consistent way.

Limitations

The food supply is usually a residual that makes the supply-utilization commodity table balance. The disappearance method of calculation relegates to the food supply all residual uses for which data are not available, such as miscellaneous nonfood uses, stock changes at retail and consumer levels, and sampling and measurement errors in the estimation of other components of the balance sheet. For example, an increasing proportion of the total turkey supply (especially backs, necks, and giblets) goes into pet foods. But since such use has yet to be officially estimated or entered as a nonfood-use component of the supply-utilization balance sheet, it is included in food disappearance. Thus, this report probably overstates turkey consumption. In contrast, the lack of reliable estimates of game fish supplies means that fish consumption is likely understated.

Food disappearance is often used as a proxy to estimate human consumption. Used in this manner, the food supply usually provides an upper bound on the amount of food available for consumption. Food disappearance estimates can overstate actual consump-

tion because they include spoilage and waste accumulated through the marketing system and in the home. In general, food disappearance data serve more appropriately as indicators of trends in consumption over time than as measurements of absolute levels of food eaten. This is the case so long as changes in food production and marketing practices or consumer behavior over time do not alter the relative disparity between food disappearance and food actually eaten.

The food disappearance series is becoming a less reliable indicator of change over time in ingestion of food fats and oils. While food disappearance reflects trends in fats and oils sold for human food, it probably does not accurately measure food eaten because the waste portion of fats and oils has increased during the past two decades with the growth in away-from-home eating places, especially fast-food places. Foodservice establishments that deep-fry foods can generate significant amounts of waste grease, referred to as "restaurant grease." A 1987 study by SRI, International indicates that used frying fat disposed of by restaurants and processed by renderers for use in animal feeds, pet foods, industrial operations, and for export amounts to about 6 pounds per capita, or about 9 percent of the 1994 disappearance of added fats and oils. A 1993 study estimated that about 50 percent (or more) of deep-frying fat used in foodservice operations is discarded after use and is not available for consumption. For further details on this study, see "Correction of Dietary Fat Availability Estimates for Wastage of Food Service Deep-Frying Fats," *Journal of Oil Chemists' Society* (J. Edward Hunter and Thomas H. Applewhite, 70:6, June 1993). ERS analysts will study the proposed methodology for estimating restaurant grease and confer with producers, the prepared-foods industry, and the fast-food industry to correct the fats and oils data.

Food supply data are aggregates of food obtained from all sources. Retail-weight equivalents measure food availability as if all food were sold through retail foodstores. Much of this food, however, is consumed on farms where produced, or is sold through wholesale channels to restaurants, hotels, other away-from-home eating places, and to schools, camps, hospitals, and other institutions. The food categories tend to be aggregates according to the basic commodity definition—beef, for example. Final product forms and market channel flows are not usually known. Most

available data are concentrated near the farm and primary processing levels. There are little or no data available for many further-processed products, such as bread, other bakery products, and soup. In short, relatively good data exist for many of the ingredients, but not for final products. Anyone interested in domestic food use by households, or in food intake by individuals, should use data from USDA's system of Nationwide Food Consumption Surveys (NFCS), conducted by the Agricultural Research Service.

Annual per capita estimates of domestic disappearance inherently represent an aggregation, over time, over consuming units, over geographical space, and over various product forms. In any aggregation process, certain information is, inevitably, lost or rendered irretrievable. Consequently, per capita disappearance may mask the influence on consumption of seasonal variation and socioeconomic and demographic characteristics such as age, sex, ethnicity, family size, household income, and geographic region. Data from the NFCS and the Consumer Expenditures Survey conducted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics are more useful for measuring the effect of socioeconomic and demographic characteristics on food consumption.

Stocks data are not available for some commodities. Farmer marketings are the only data available for some commodities, and it is assumed that stocks are equal to the proportion of the crop not marketed by the end of the calendar year. For example, the supply-utilization table for dry edible beans uses farmer marketings to estimate stocks. Use of mushrooms for processing is computed without stocks data. The addition of processed mushroom stocks estimates, were they available, probably would have a smoothing effect on food disappearance, making year-to-year changes a little less erratic. In addition, stocks data do not include inventories of wholesalers, retailers, foodservice establishments, and the military because of insufficient data.

The conversion factors used to derive retail weights from primary weights are averages over various varieties and qualities of product and methods of marketing. Though some year-to-year changes have been made in the factors (see "Updated Beef and Pork Conversion Factors"), most conversion factors are constant since 1970 (table 3). As a result, many

changes in quality and yield of product and in marketing procedures go undetected in the consumption estimates at retail.

Annual food supply estimates are subject to revision in conforming to data from the Census of Agriculture and the Census of Manufactures, which are available only in years ending with 2 or 7. For example, estimates of per capita supplies of breakfast cereals for 1988-94 have been revised based on data from the 1992 Census of Manufactures. Current estimates use the annual change in grocery store sales volume of breakfast cereals as statistical movers of 1992 census data.

Additions and Revisions

The food supply data base is continually evolving. Sometimes new information sources permit new series or modification of existing series to better reflect current market conditions. Sometimes traditional data sources are discontinued or substantially changed. ERS has revised USDA's historical food consumption series in recent years to reflect data availability and food distribution as follows.

New and Revised Population Estimates Based on 1990 Census Count

The total population of the United States (including Armed Forces overseas) was estimated to be approximately 261.9 million on January 1, 1995 (table 106), 2.4 million or 0.9 percent over 1994. The yearly gain was the result of a natural increase of 1.6 million (excess of births over deaths) and estimated net civilian immigration of 0.8 million. The rate of population increase in 1993 was 1.0 percent. This compares with an average annual increase in population during the 1970's and 1980's of 1 percent. The baby boomlet is bottoming out. An estimated 3.9 million babies were born in the United States during 1994. That compares with more than 4 million births each year from 1989-93; these are the highest levels of births observed since 1964 (4,027,490), the last year of the 1946-64 baby boom. The average number of births per year in the 1970's and in the 1980's was 3.3 million and 3.7 million.

Table 106 presents estimates for January 1 and July 1, back to 1970, of the (1) total population, including Armed Forces overseas, (2) resident population, and

(3) civilian population. The population estimates shown in table 106 for July 1, 1980-July 1, 1995, are based on the April 1, 1990, population, as enumerated in the 1990 census. The revised population estimates based on the 1990 census count run as much as 1.4 million below the previous estimates used. The revised population estimates, especially for the late 1980's and 1990's, slightly raise estimates of U.S. per capita consumption. For a discussion of the estimating procedure used in deriving these estimates, see Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 1045.

Changes in U.S. Trade Data Reporting

Effective January 1, 1989, the United States joined other countries in adopting a new export and import commodity classification system based on the international Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS). The HS is intended to serve as a universal product nomenclature superseding the Customs Cooperation and the Brussels Tariff Nomenclatures. Many HS commodities are now reported in more detail than under the old Schedule B system, while others have been combined into broader groups. For example, since the number of trade codes for wheat has increased dramatically with the HS, analysts now have far more detail about the types of wheat and wheat products traded, especially wheat imports. Meanwhile, veal trade is no longer reported separately but is combined with beef trade.

The HS also is used to report shipments from the United States to the territories of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Shipments data are reported by the Department of Commerce and, since the adoption of the HS, have become more difficult to obtain on a timely basis. For this reason, ERS has made a change in the supply and utilization tables for red meat, poultry, and eggs that appear in the *Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report* (LDP) and the *World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates* (WASDE). In LDP, shipments to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands are included with domestic rather than nondomestic use, which is consistent with internationally reported supply and utilization data used by the Foreign Agricultural Service of USDA, the United Nations, and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. Unlike the LDP and WASDE reports, this bulletin still includes shipments as a nondomestic use in the estimates for red meat, poultry, and eggs (tables 45-49 and 54-58) in order to

make the quantity of food consumed correspond with the number of consumers. Annual per capita food disappearance estimates use U.S. total population, which does not include residents of the U.S. territories. Nor is the production of the U.S. territories included in the estimates of U.S. production. Because shipments to the territories are excluded from domestic food disappearance, both total and per capita domestic food disappearance estimates in this bulletin may be lower than such estimates in LDP and WASDE.

Format of Meat and Poultry Tables Revised

Several years ago, ERS revised the format of the red meat and poultry per capita consumption tables to enhance comparison of red meat and poultry consumption.

Several meat and poultry consumption series are provided in this bulletin. Consumption of beef and other red meats is reported in three forms: carcass weight, retail weight, and boneless, trimmed weight. Consumption of chicken is also reported in three forms: ready-to-cook (RTC) weight, retail weight, and boneless weight. Consumption of turkey is reported in RTC weight and boneless weight. Consumption of fish and shellfish is reported by the National Marine Fisheries Service on an edible-weight, or boneless-weight, basis. All these series have been reported for many decades except the retail series for chicken (new in 1992) and the boneless, trimmed series for red meat and poultry (introduced in 1986 to facilitate comparison of red meat, poultry, and fish).

Red meat production is reported on a carcass-weight basis (tables 45-49), while poultry meat production is reported on an RTC basis (tables 54-57). The carcass-weight consumption series for beef is largely comparable with the RTC-weight series for chicken (table 4). Beef carcass weight is defined as the chilled hanging carcass, which includes the kidney and attached internal fat [kidney, pelvic, and heart fat (KPH)], but not the skin, head, feet, and unattached internal organs. Pork carcass weight is the chilled, hanging carcass, which includes the skin and feet but excludes the kidney and attached internal fat. RTC chicken weight is the entire dressed bird, which

includes bones, skin, fat, liver, heart, gizzard, and neck. These consumption series were historically associated with wholesale markets for beef, pork, and chicken.

Historically, RTC weight for poultry also sufficed as an estimate of retail weight, because consumers almost always bought whole dressed birds. However, beginning in the 1980's, processing and marketing developments in the poultry industry caused RTC weight and actual retail weight to diverge significantly. Some poultry parts were available in the 1970's, but in the 1980's poultry processors' marketing strategies shifted dramatically, making more cut-up, further processed, and boneless poultry products available. Because of this changing product mix, more bones and some broiler meat (largely from backs and necks) now go to rendering and pet food manufacturing. Thus, the RTC poultry series no longer accurately reflects what consumers buy at retail.

In 1992, ERS introduced a new retail-weight consumption series for broilers (table 5) that excludes the amount of RTC chicken that is purchased by renderers and pet food manufacturers (see the "New Retail Weight Consumption Series for Broilers Developed" section). This new series was developed to improve the estimates of how much chicken is purchased by U.S. consumers. Data were not available to estimate a retail-weight series for "other chicken;" thus, the broiler conversion factors were used for all chicken. ERS analysts are investigating recent market developments regarding turkeys, which may lead to the development of a new retail consumption series for turkey.

The boneless, trimmed series puts beef, chicken, and fish on a fairly comparable basis (table 6). However, the boneless, trimmed beef series does not include certain internal organs such as the liver and tongue; the boneless chicken series does include some of the giblets.

The amount of bone in retail-weight product differs significantly among the meats. Beef at the grocery store currently contains less than 5-percent bone and includes 1/4-inch-or-less fat around the exterior of retail cuts. On a per capita basis, the difference between retail weight (table 5) and boneless, trimmed weight (table 6) for beef is small: for example, 3.4

pounds in 1994. For pork, the difference in 1994 is only 3.2 pounds. In contrast, on a per capita basis, the difference between retail weight and boneless weight for chicken is considerable, 21.4 pounds in 1994.

New Retail Weight Consumption Series for Broilers Developed

In 1992, ERS introduced a retail-weight consumption series for broilers to facilitate economic comparisons with retail red meat series (table 5). The new consumption series more accurately reflects the pounds of broiler meat in the domestic market for human consumption. Conversion factors adjust ready-to-cook (RTC) consumption (table 4) to a retail-cut equivalent. The difference between the RTC and retail consumption is the portion of broiler meat that is diverted to pet food and rendering, and the portion of water lost when whole broilers are cut up. During the cooling process, whole birds absorb water equivalent to about 8 percent of body weight. When whole birds are cut for sale as parts or for further processing, about 35 percent of the water gained during cooling drains out.

The portion of RTC-weight broilers used in pet food production has increased significantly in recent years, whereas very little carcass-weight beef apparently has been so used. As consumer demand for chicken breasts has increased, the less desirable parts, such as necks, backs, and giblets, have become increasingly economical ingredients for pet foods.

Results from the National Broiler Council's biennial processor and distributor surveys provide data on product form and final markets for the products. According to the survey, 87 percent of broilers were sold whole in 1962, but the percentage dropped to only 13 percent by 1993. About 10 percent of the RTC poultry weight (inspected by USDA and certified for human consumption) was sold for pet food in 1993.

Ready-to-Cook Series for Poultry Revised Downward

In conjunction with the development of the new retail series for broilers, revisions were made to the total RTC production series for broilers, mature chicken, and turkeys (tables 54-57). These revisions resolve a problem related to nonfederally inspected production, categorized as "other production" in the supply and

utilization tables published in the *Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report*. "Other production" captures State-inspected production and production for farm use. In the 1960's, the estimates for "other production" of broilers represented 10-16 percent of total RTC production. This share dropped rapidly during the mid-1970's, and by the 1980's and early 1990's represented less than 1 percent. Most State-inspected plants converted to Federal inspection. Production for farm use has been a small fraction of other production. This bulletin shows total production only, not the subcategories.

The previous method for calculating total RTC production appears to have overestimated "other production." It did not adequately capture condemnations from the farm to the slaughtering plants. Large downward revisions in "other RTC production" using the new method, particularly for mature chicken and turkeys, resulted in significant decreases in total domestic disappearance. However, per capita consumption of broilers, mature chicken, and turkeys each usually decreased less than a pound due to revisions.

For more detail about the new methods for estimating "other production" and for changing broiler RTC-weight data to retail-weight, see "Introducing a Broiler Retail Weight Consumption Series," *Livestock and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report* (Agnes Perez, Lawrence Duewer, and Mark Weimar, LPS-53, ERS, USDA, May 1992) and "Revised Retail Broiler Price and Consumption," *Poultry Outlook* (LDP-P-5, ERS, USDA, February 28, 1995). For more detail on the new method for changing broiler RTC-weight data to boneless-weight, see "Adjusting the Boneless-Equivalent Broiler Consumption Series," *Poultry Outlook* (Agnes M. Perez and Lawrence A. Duewer, LDP-P-1, Feb. 28, 1994, pp. 9-11).

Updated Beef and Pork Conversion Factors

Beef production, the basic measurement to estimate beef consumption, is measured at the primary distribution level, or slaughter plant, on a carcass-weight basis. To determine how much of the beef carcass is processed into beef products suitable for sale in grocery stores, in 1962 USDA updated the conversion factor to convert beef carcass-weight data to retail-weight equivalents. Reevaluation of this conversion factor shows that the figure used since 1962 (0.74)

was accurate through 1985 (table 3). The figure indicates that after fat, bone, and other trim have been removed from the carcass, 74 percent of it can be sold at retail. A few years ago, USDA developed a new method for evaluating the conversion factor that accounts for different classes of cattle and adjusts for trends in beef merchandising.

Based on this new method, the conversion factor changed for 1986 (to 0.73), for 1987 (to 0.71), for 1988-90 (to 0.705), for 1990-93 (to 0.70), and for 1994-95 (to 0.695). The figure should be recalculated each year to account for changes such as leaner cattle, closer trimming of fat, and more removal of bone. ERS bases the changes on data from the National Consumer Retail Beef Study and National Beef Market Basket Survey reports by Texas A&M University, various industry reports and contacts, and retail merchandising practices.

The conversion factor estimates the portion of the beef carcass purchased by consumers. The drop in the conversion factor for 1994 represents 4.3 pounds less beef per capita purchased than if 0.74 were still being used. Of this 4.3 pounds, less exterior fat accounts for 2.4 pounds, less bone for 1.4 pounds, and less fat in hamburger and processed beef for 0.5 pound. This decline in the estimate of pounds of beef purchased at retail may not mean an equal change in the actual amount ingested because the fat and bone now removed before retail sale may have been removed before cooking, left in the pan as grease, or left on the plate as table scraps. The conversion factor does indicate that the consumer receives more lean beef per pound of product purchased. For more detail about the new method for changing beef carcass-weight data to retail-weight, see *Reevaluation of the Beef Carcass-to-Retail Weight Conversion Factor* (Kenneth E. Nelson, Lawrence A. Duewer, and Terry L. Crawford, AER-623, ERS, USDA, Oct. 1989) and "Beef Carcass-to-Retail Conversion Factor Updated to 0.695," *Cattle and Sheep Outlook* (LDP-CS-9, ERS, USDA, February 12, 1996). The beef carcass factor for converting boneless, trimmed weight has been updated based on revisions in the retail-weight conversion factor (tables 6 and 45).

Conversion factors used to adjust carcass-weight pork consumption (disappearance) to retail and boneless equivalent weights were revised in 1991 to reflect the trends toward leaner hogs, closer trimming of fat, and

more removal of bone. An examination of merchandising practices indicated that pork consumption, on a retail-weight basis, has been overstated in recent years and boneless-weight consumption understated. Revisions, reflecting changes in the amounts of fat, bone, and skin sold at retail, were made for 1955 through 1990. The 1989 factors of 0.776 (retail weight) and 0.729 (boneless weight) will be used until the next revision. For more detail about the new method for changing pork carcass-weight data to retail-weight and boneless-weight, see "Revisions in Conversion Factors for Pork Consumption Series," *Livestock and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report* (Lawrence A. Duewer, Kevin Bost, and Gene Futrell, LPS-45, ERS, USDA, Jan. 1991).

All Dairy Products Consumption Broken Down by Commercial Sales and USDA Donations

In 1993, we added two breakouts under the all-dairy-products category (tables 11 and 59). One breakout indicates the supply of dairy products to commercial markets and that produced and consumed on farms, converted to a milk-equivalent, milkfat basis. The other breakout indicates dairy products supplied to consumers through Government commodity donation programs.

Data Revisions, Losses, and Substitutions in Vegetables and Fruits

Data losses since 1981 regarding commercial production of fresh and processed fruits and vegetables have been especially challenging. Points of particular interest include:

- Loss of national production estimates between 1981 and 1992,
- Loss of remaining industry-supplied canned-stock data in the late 1980's,
- The underestimate of U.S. fresh fruit and vegetable exports to Canada during the 1980's,
- Normal revisions to data series such as U.S. population.

Overcoming data setbacks and expanding the U.S. per capita vegetable use series. During the past 15 years, the coverage and scope of the series steadily eroded as

basic vegetable data became more scarce. Following the 1981 season, budget cuts forced NASS to stop reporting national production estimates for a number of vegetables, including asparagus (all), cucumbers (all), fresh green beans, artichokes, Brussels sprouts, cabbage (all), eggplant, escarole/endive, garlic, bell peppers, spinach (all), lima beans (all), and beets for processing. National production data were not reinstated for these items until 1992 (with the exception of asparagus and cucumbers for pickles, which were reinstated in 1984).

To monitor as much of the vegetable sector as possible, ERS generated estimates of national production for those commodities dropped from the NASS program in 1982. These estimates were based on data from States that continued to collect production information. In many cases, States that maintained their full vegetable data series in the 1980's accounted for more than half of total national vegetable production estimated in 1981. As a result, the transition back to NASS-supplied, U.S.-production estimates in 1992 did not necessitate any statistical adjustments in 1982-91 ERS estimates, as the 1991 ERS estimates and the 1992 NASS estimates were similar.

In the mid-1980's, the vegetable series contained only 25 commodity categories, compared with 63 in 1965. Recent efforts have expanded coverage to 53 commodity categories. Per capita use figures now cover 398 pounds of vegetables (farm-weight equivalent), compared with 315 pounds in 1990 and as few as 220 pounds in the mid-1980's. Key to this most recent change was USDA's expansion of basic commodity production data in 1992. Fresh vegetable coverage was increased from 9 commodities to 23 commodities. The number of processing vegetables included in the national estimates program (excluding potatoes, mushrooms, and pulses) rose to 16 in 1992 from 9 the previous year. New items never before covered in the per capita use series are radishes, romaine and leaf lettuce, chile peppers, and a miscellaneous-frozen category.

The second challenge to the per capita vegetable estimates program occurred when the National Food Processors Association discontinued reporting of canned stocks for all canning vegetables in the late 1980's. Inventory movements provide year-to-year stability to per capita estimates. If stocks data are dropped out of the estimate, substantial year-to-year variation in the per capita series results.

With this in mind, ERS has been estimating stocks ending on December 31 for canning vegetables based largely on historical relationships between stocks and production. However, the risk of estimation error grows the further out-of-sample the forecast gets. In the interest of accuracy, ERS will soon be forced to discontinue this procedure, and accordingly, drop beginning and ending stocks from per capita estimates of canning vegetables.

Fortunately, the California League of Food Processors, in cooperation with tomato processors, now reports quarterly stocks of processing tomatoes held in California warehouses. These data are useful in determining national supply and use of processing tomatoes, which account for about 70 percent of all vegetables for canning.

A third challenge to per capita vegetable estimates involved U.S. export statistics. From the late 1970's through 1989, U.S. exports of vegetables (particularly fresh vegetables) to Canada were severely understated. The problem became acute by the mid-1980's, with reported U.S. exports of fresh vegetables (such as broccoli) less than half of Canada's estimates.

In January 1990, the Bureau of the Census began replacing U.S. data on exports to Canada with Canadian data on imports from the United States (collected by Statistics Canada). Because Canada is more thorough in collecting import data than the United States is in monitoring exports, there was a substantial jump in U.S. vegetable exports in 1990, especially for fresh vegetables.

Pre-1990 exports required adjustments to reflect the data on actual U.S. exports and per capita use. To modify the per capita series for 1978 to 1989, ERS adjusted the export data for all major fresh vegetables by replacing U.S.-reported exports to Canada with data from Statistics Canada. With higher export figures, the net result was to reduce the estimate of domestic use for most fresh vegetables.

The per capita use series undergoes normal revision to the basic data underlying the series. For example, U.S. population estimates were recently revised back to 1980, which marginally changed per capita use estimates for some items. Some of the most important revisions occur every 5 years when NASS revises U.S. production estimates based on benchmarks from the most recent Census of Agriculture. Other modifi-

cations to data series can occur with changes in methodology or in the event of errors.

New per capita consumption estimates for canned fruits. Beginning in 1990, pack and stock data for a variety of canned fruits were no longer available from several key industry participants and, therefore, the per capita consumption figures for canned fruits were not updated for 1989. In 1992, ERS developed an alternative procedure for estimating canned fruit consumption using data on utilization for canning as reported by NASS (table 19).

Domestic consumption of a commodity, for the designated time period (calendar or crop year), is typically estimated by taking domestic production, adding beginning stocks and imports, and then subtracting ending stocks and exports. Until discontinued in 1990, industry pack and stock data for canned fruit (apples, apricots, sweet and tart cherries, fruit cocktail, peaches, plums and prunes, and olives) were used as the measures of domestic canned production and stocks.

The NASS estimates are now used as the measure of canned fruit production or pack. The fresh weight of fruits used for canning is converted into its product-weight equivalent using standard conversions. There still are no measures of canned fruit stocks. Therefore, stock adjustments are excluded from the per capita calculations. Imports and exports, as in the past, are obtained from U.S. Department of Commerce trade data (in 1992, ERS replaced U.S.-reported exports to Canada for 1978-89 with data from Statistics Canada on Canadian imports from the United States). This same estimating procedure has been used to reestablish per capita consumption measures for apple products (table 23), for grape products (table 24), and for fresh and processed pineapple (table 25).

The transfer from industry to NASS utilization data changed the mix of canned fruit products for which per capita consumption is calculated, reflecting the availability of data. Canned utilization data are estimated by NASS for apples, apricots, cherries, peaches, plums and prunes, and olives. For pears and pineapples, only total processed utilization is reported by NASS and canned pears and canned pineapples are not broken out as separate processed items. In this bulletin, the amount of pears utilized for drying is

subtracted from total processed utilization and the remainder is assumed to be canned. Last year, consumption of canned pineapple and pineapple juice was also estimated. Fruit cocktail had previously been estimated as a separate canned fruit item. However, under the new procedure, all fruits used in canned fruit cocktail are included with the processed utilization for each canned fruit. The old and new procedures provide similar estimates of per capita consumption for apricots, peaches, and prunes and plums. For cherries and pears, the new estimates are more than double the old estimates. The discrepancies could be due to a number of factors, including previous underreporting of the pack by the industry. Also, the NASS processed-pear utilization data include pears canned in fruit cocktail. For canned apples and olives, the new estimates are identical to the old as NASS utilization estimates were used under both the old and new procedures.

Consumption of processed fruit estimated on a farm-weight basis. In the 1993 bulletin, total per capita consumption estimates were derived for citrus and five noncitrus fruits (apples, pineapples, grapes, peaches, and pears). In the 1994 bulletin, strawberries were included. For each fruit, the portion of U.S. production that was utilized for processing was adjusted for imports and exports of processed products on a farm-weight basis. The conversion to farm-weight basis allows the summation of all fruit consumed in various forms (for example, juice, canned sections, and fresh).

Processed products were converted to their equivalent farm weight, which approximates the quantity of whole fruit used to make the product. For example, per capita consumption of orange juice, expressed in single-strength gallons (table 22), was converted to pounds of whole oranges used to produce that amount of juice. Imports and exports of fruit juices and prepared or preserved fruits were converted to farm-weight equivalents, based on U.S. product-yield conversion factors.

Per capita consumption estimates are not actual measures of the amount of fruit consumed in a given year. However, estimates do indicate overall consumption levels, long-term trends, and changes in consumption patterns. For all fresh fruits and most fruit products, consistent stock data are not available. Without accounting for beginning and ending inventories, it is

assumed that fruit is utilized for domestic consumption or export in the year it was produced or imported. Annual consumption estimates are likely to be more variable in the absence of stock data.

Combined fruit and vegetable per capita use. ERS receives many requests for combined vegetable and fruit per capita use. This has been a problem because of differences in estimation and reporting procedures for fruits and vegetables. For example, some commodity supply and use data (such as citrus) must be estimated on a crop-year rather than a calendar-year basis. However, combined fruit and vegetable per capita use is helpful in describing simple trends. In 1994, ERS introduced a combined series estimated on a farm-weight basis (table 15).

Food Consumption Data Revised To Include U.S. Military Use

In 1989, for the first time, per capita consumption of all farm foods except fluid milk and cream were reported on a U.S.-total-population (including Armed Forces overseas) basis. Earlier estimates had reported animal product consumption on a civilian-population basis. Fluid milk and cream estimates use the U.S. resident population. This bulletin no longer adjusts for military consumption in the supply and utilization balance sheets since data on military food use do not reflect all military food purchases or consumption. The data include purchases by the Defense Department's central purchasing office for troop feeding, but exclude local purchases for troop feeding and purchases through commissaries, clubs, exchanges, and civilian distribution channels for personal or household use. The incompleteness of the data tended to distort both military and civilian per capita consumption estimates. For most years, changing the statistical series to represent the total population results in very small changes in per capita consumption. The main exception is the war years of the 1940's, frequently deleted from studies of consumption because of abnormalities created by the war.

Mandated Table on Import Share of Food Disappearance for Selected Foods

Table 92 shows the import share of the food supply for 77 commodities for selected years. Publication of this information is mandated by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988. The act directs the Secretary of Agriculture to compile and report statis-

tics on the total value and quantity of imported raw and processed agricultural products. In addition, statistics on the total quantity of production and consumption of domestically produced raw and processed agricultural products are required.

Statistics on the value and quantity of agricultural imports are published bimonthly in *Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States* (ERS, USDA), while statistics on domestic production and consumption are published annually in *Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures* (ERS, USDA). The mandated table, which reports the percentage of consumption accounted for by imports, will be published each year in these two publications. Adding the table to these publications will facilitate the comparison of the quantity and value of imports with domestic production and consumption.

The import share of domestic food disappearance varies greatly among commodities. Less than 1 percent of eggs, butter, and head lettuce is imported, but imports make up more than 99 percent of the U.S. domestic food supplies of coffee, tea, cocoa, and tropical oils (palm, palm kernel, and coconut). Import shares are calculated from commodity supply and utilization balance sheets. Import share is the quantity imported divided by the quantity available for domestic food consumption.

Determinants of Food Consumption and Demand

Food consumption and prices are determined by the complex interaction of supply and demand. In the short run, supplies are relatively fixed and inflexible, and prices adjust so products clear the market. What is produced is consumed. When supplies go up, price goes down and consumers buy more. Conversely, smaller supplies bring higher prices and smaller purchases. In the long run, farmers adjust production in response to market prices, producing more of higher priced goods and less of lower priced goods. Demand for food in the aggregate is not very responsive to price changes because there is little room for substitution between food and nonfood goods in the consumer's budget. However, demand for individual foods is more responsive to prices as consumers substitute among alternative food commodities. Rising incomes increase expenditures on more expensive

foods as consumers demand more convenience and quality. Short-period changes in consumption reflect mostly changes in supply rather than changes in consumer tastes. Demographic factors, such as changes in household size and in the age distribution of the population, can bring about changes in consumption.

Consumers vote every day in the marketplace with their dollars, and the market listens carefully to their votes. There is continuous feedback from consumers, who respond to the offerings of marketers trying to meet the perceived wants of consumers. Changes in the makeup of the population, lifestyles, incomes, and attitudes on food safety, health, and convenience have drastically altered the conditions facing farmers and marketers of food products. Food manufacturers and distributors have made vigorous efforts to meet changing consumer wants and needs. *Rearranging the Economic Landscape: The Food Marketing Revolution, 1950-91* (Alden Manchester, AER-660, ERS, USDA, Sept. 1992) examines the changes in the marketing of farm and food products since 1950 and the factors that have caused such change.

Food Prices

Retail food prices in 1994, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), averaged 2.4 percent above those in 1993 (fig. 31) (table 93). This increase was only slightly greater than 1993's rise of 2.2 percent, and only slightly less than the 2.6-percent advance in the CPI for all goods and services. Food price inflation in 1994 was smaller than the overall increase in the CPI for the fourth consecutive year. Food prices in 1994 rose more at supermarkets and other grocery stores than at eating places (fig. 32) (table 94). Food prices in grocery stores rose 2.9 percent, and prices for restaurant meals advanced by only 1.7 percent. Grocery store prices of foods advanced at a faster pace in 1994 than in 1993, mainly due to higher prices for coffee, fresh fruits, seafood, cereal and bakery products, and processed vegetables (table 95). Higher grocery store food prices resulted from higher marketing costs, the residual effects of the 1993 Midwestern floods, depleted seafood resources, and a summer frost that devastated the Brazilian coffee crop. These price increases were mitigated by lower beef prices stemming from record cattle slaughter and modest price increases for most other com-

modities. Prices of restaurant meals increased slightly less in 1994 than they had the year before, and by the smallest amount since 1964. These small price hikes were largely due to increased competition between restaurants which produced small menu price increases. Moreover, fast-food sales increased as chains offered special value meals.

Food prices in 1994 rose less than prices for most other consumer products and services (table 93). Among major items in the CPI, housing prices, the largest component, went up 2.5 percent, and transportation went up 3.0 percent, but apparel and upkeep prices dropped 0.2 percent. The largest gain was in medical costs, which climbed 4.8 percent. For further analysis, see *Food Cost Review, 1995* (Howard Elitzak, AER-729, ERS, USDA, March 1996).

Food Expenditures and Income

Food Expenditures in 1994

Americans spent \$647 billion for food in 1994 and another \$86 billion for alcoholic beverages (table 101). Of this \$647 billion spent for food, families and individuals paid 82 percent, governments and businesses spent 17 percent, and 1 percent was produced and consumed at home with relatively little cash outlay (fig. 35) (table 105).

Away-from-home meals and snacks captured 47 percent of the U.S. food dollar in 1994, up from 39 percent in 1980 and 34 percent in 1970. The share of food dollars going for away-from-home meals and snacks has been increasing for more than a century, but because restaurant meals include many more services than food purchased at the grocery store, the shares of value and quantity of food away from home are quite different (fig. 36).

Food Expenditures in Relation to Income

Disposable personal income in the United States totaled \$4,960 billion in 1994, nearly seven times the \$722 billion in 1970 (table 98). Per capita disposable income advanced from an average of \$3,521 in 1970 to \$19,003 in 1994. In real terms (after adjustment for inflation), per capita income increased 41 percent between 1970 and 1994. During the same period, real

food expenditures per capita increased 22 percent, much of it due to the switch to more away-from-home eating.

Although food spending has increased considerably over the years, the increase has not matched the gain in disposable income. As a result, the percentage of income spent for food has declined (fig. 33) (table 98). Food expenditures by families and individuals were 13.9 percent of disposable personal income in 1970, compared with 13.5 percent in 1980 and 11.4 percent in 1994. The decline is the direct result of the income-inelastic nature of the aggregate demand for food: as income rises, the proportion spent for food declines. Expenditures for food require a large share of income when income is relatively low. As income rises, there is more money to spend on personal services and other discretionary items. Some of these additional services are purchased along with food and this explains the increase from 1970 in the percentage of income spent on food away from home (fig. 34). The share of income going for food is often used as an indicator of affluence, of either a family or a nation. The figure has sometimes been misused to prove that food is a bargain. For further analysis, see *U.S. Food Spending and Income: Changes Through the Years* (Alden Manchester, AIB-618, ERS, USDA, Jan. 1991).

The proportion of income spent for food varies widely among households of different sizes and incomes (table 99). Data from the 1993 Consumer Expenditure Survey conducted by the U.S. Department of Labor showed that the percentage of aftertax income spent for food varied from 8.5 percent for households with incomes of \$70,000 or more to 34.8 percent for households with incomes of \$5,000-\$9,999. (Note: Nonmoney income is not included in the Consumer Expenditure Survey but is included in disposable income in table 98.)

Information About the ERS Food Expenditures Data Set

ERS estimates of food expenditures by families and individuals (table 98) differ from the U.S. Department of Commerce estimates of personal consumption expenditures (PCE) previously used to compute the percentage of disposable income (DPI) spent for food. The trend in food expenditures is similar, but the ERS series shows a lower level of spending for food than

does the PCE series, particularly for food consumed at home. The ERS estimate of at-home expenditures is lower partly because it excludes pet food, ice, and prepared feeds, which are included in the PCE estimates. ERS estimates also deduct more from grocery store sales for nonfoods, such as drugs and household supplies, in arriving at the estimate of food purchases for at-home consumption.

ERS also calculates total expenditures for food in the United States (tables 101-105). In comparison, the PCE for food includes only foods purchased by individuals and families using their own funds. It does not include food paid for by business funds, mostly for travel and entertainment expenses, food donated by the Government, and food used in hospitals and other institutions, either where there is no charge or where the charge is not stated separately (as in the case of hospital food service). The ERS measure of total food expenditures includes all food expenditures by consumers, other private sources, and governments. For more detail about the ERS expenditure series, see *Developing an Integrated Information System for the Food Sector* (Alden Manchester, AER-575, ERS, USDA, Aug. 1987).

World Food Expenditures

Table 100 compares average expenditures for food and alcoholic beverages consumed at home in selected countries. The data are computed by ERS mainly from data provided by the United Nations (UN) System of National Accounts. Expenditures data for the United States include the ERS series from tables 98 and 104, and the PCE series.

In table 100, food expenditures are shown as a percentage of total personal consumption expenditures, reflecting individuals' spending on goods and services in the domestic marketplace. Disposable personal income in table 98, on the other hand, includes both personal consumption expenditures and personal savings. Total personal consumption expenditures are used as the basis of international comparison because personal savings is seldom reported in the UN System of National Accounts.

In 1992, the latest year for which comparable information is available, Americans spent only 7.8 percent of their personal consumption expenditures for food to be eaten at home (table 100). This compares with

10.5 percent for Canada and 11.9 percent for the United Kingdom. In less developed countries, such as the Sudan, India, and the Philippines, at-home food expenditures often account for more than 50 percent of a household's budget.

Americans do not have the highest per capita income (the Swiss do). Yet, in relation to total per capita personal consumption expenditures, Americans spend the least on food. Other factors besides income influence food expenditures in developed nations. Thanks to abundant arable land and a varied climate, Americans do not have to rely as heavily on imported foods as do some other nations. The American farm-to-consumer distribution system is highly successful at moving large amounts of perishable food over long distances with a minimum of spoilage or delay. Finally, American farmers have a tremendous wealth of agricultural information and state-of-the-art farming equipment at their disposal, allowing them to produce food efficiently.

Changes in Household Food Consumption and Expenditures During the 1980's

The aggregate food expenditure and consumption data in this bulletin do not reveal how expenditures vary with household size or location. Other sources of data provide additional insights into consumption trends, and this information is available in ERS publications.

Average annual food expenditures in urban households rose from \$985 per person in 1980 to \$1,567 in 1992. Annual spending per person for food consumed at home increased from \$667 to \$1,036 and from \$318 to \$536 for food consumed away from home. This information is from *Food Spending in American Households, 1980-92* (David M. Smallwood, Noel Blisard, James R. Blaylock, and Steven M. Lutz, SB-888, ERS, USDA, Sept. 1994). SB-888 presents information on trends in household food expenditures for major food groups by selected demographic factors for 1980-92. Information is also presented on food price trends. Detailed tabulations are presented for 133 food categories by 10 household socioeconomic characteristics for 1992, the most recent year available. Several measures of food item expenditures and prices are presented. The data are from the 1980-92 Consumer Expenditure Diary Surveys prepared by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Data from the household component of the 1977-78 and 1987-88 Nationwide Food Consumption Surveys conducted by the Human Nutrition Information Service (HNIS), USDA, indicate that annual per capita consumption of dairy products, fats and oils, flours and cereals, bakery products, meats, eggs, sugars and sweets, and fresh vegetables fell during the 1980's. Consumption of poultry, fish and shellfish, juices, and beverages rose. Annual per capita spending, when adjusted for inflation, declined for almost all major food groups. *Changes in Food Consumption and Expenditures in American Households During the 1980's* (Steven M. Lutz, David M. Smallwood, and James R. Blaylock of ERS, USDA, and Mary Y. Hama of HNIS, USDA, SB-849, Dec. 1992) presents information on the quantity and dollar value of food consumption in American households for 1977-78 and 1987-88 by selected socioeconomic and demographic characteristics. The major changes over the decade are tabulated for 64 major food groups and compared with other studies to gain further insights into possible explanations for the consumption shifts. The tabulations are based on reported usage of foods from home food supplies with adjustments for meals eaten away from home.

Changes in Food Consumption and Expenditures in Low-Income American Households During the 1980's (Steven M. Lutz, David M. Smallwood, and James R. Blaylock of ERS, USDA, and Mary Y. Hama, HNIS, USDA, SB-870, Nov. 1993), a companion piece to SB-849, presents information on the quantity and dollar value of food consumption in low-income American households for 1977-78, 1979-80, and 1987-88 by selected socioeconomic and demographic characteristics. Major changes over the decade are tabulated for 65 major food groups and compared with other studies to gain further insights into possible explanations for the consumption shifts. Data are from the low-income household component of the 1977-78, 1979-80, and 1987-88 Nationwide Food Consumption Surveys.

Food Consumption

Red Meat, Poultry, and Fish

In 1994, total meat consumption (red meat, poultry, and fish) reached a record 193 pounds (boneless, trimmed equivalent) per person, 16 pounds above

1970 (fig. 3) (table 6). In 1994, each American consumed, on average, 64 pounds of beef, 49 pounds of pork, 49 pounds of chicken, 15 pounds of fish and shellfish, 14 pounds of turkey, and about 1 pound each of lamb and veal (boneless, trimmed equivalent).

Red meat—beef, pork, lamb, and veal—accounted for 59 percent of the total meat supply in 1994, on a boneless-weight basis, compared with 70 percent in 1980 and 74 percent in 1970. By 1994, chicken and turkey accounted for 33 percent of the total meat consumed, up from 23 percent in 1980 and 19 percent in 1970. Fish and shellfish accounted for 8 percent of total meat consumption in 1994 and 7 percent in 1980 and 1970. In 1994, Americans averaged 17 pounds less red meat, 30 pounds more poultry, and 3 pounds more fish and shellfish than in 1970.

Per capita consumption of beef reached an all-time high of 89 pounds (boneless, trimmed equivalent) in 1976 when beef supplies were at record levels because of liquidation of the Nation's beef herd. It dropped significantly in the late 1970's, remained flat in the early 1980's, and, then, from a 1980's high of 75 pounds per capita in 1985, declined steadily to 61.5 pounds in 1993. In 1994, increasing supplies of beef and declining beef prices spurred a 2-pound increase in per capita consumption of beef, the first increase in 9 years.

In contrast, per capita consumption of chicken, which remained flat in the early 1970's, steadily increased from 26.4 pounds (boneless equivalent) in 1975 to 49.5 pounds in 1994. Similarly, per capita consumption of turkey climbed from 6.5 pounds in 1975 to 14.4 pounds in 1994.

Year-to-year fluctuations in pork consumption are often quite large, but consumption has been fairly stable in the long run. Between 1970-79 and 1980-94, average annual per capita pork consumption increased by less than a half pound on a carcass-weight basis and by less than a pound on a retail-weight basis but increased by nearly 3 pounds on a boneless-weight basis. This apparent incongruity is explained by the trends toward bigger and leaner hogs that provide more meat per pound of carcass weight, closer trimming of fat, and more removal of bone from the retail product.

U.S. per capita seafood consumption for 1994 is estimated at 15.1 pounds, down from a record high of 16.1 pounds in 1987 (tables 7 and 50-53). Despite the 6-percent decline from the 1987 level, average consumption in 1994 was still 22 percent above 1980 and 29 percent above 1970. Between 1970 and 1994, increased consumption of fresh and frozen fish and shellfish accounted for most of the growth, rising 49 percent, while canned products were up 2 percent, and consumption of cured items fell. The 29-percent increase in average seafood consumption from 1970 to 1994 occurred even though seafood prices outpaced those of other protein sources during those years. CPI's for fish, red meat, and poultry climbed 423 percent, 209 percent, and 170 percent, from 1970 to 1994.

Prices explain some of the decline in per capita consumption of beef. Retail prices per pound for chicken and pork have remained well below those for beef. In 1994, consumers paid, on average, \$1.45 per pound for broilers. Retail beef prices, in contrast, averaged \$2.83 a pound, and pork was \$1.92. Between 1986 and 1994, retail prices rose 39 percent for seafood, 38 percent for beef and veal, 25 percent for pork, and 21 percent for broilers (tables 94 and 95). The larger increase in beef relative to broilers partly explains the shift to chicken.

Income changes have done little to strengthen demand for beef in the past decade. Although incomes have grown (tending to strengthen beef demand), they have grown more rapidly in the higher income groups, whose beef purchases are probably not very sensitive to increasing income. USDA's Nationwide Food Consumption Surveys revealed that meat quantities consumed rose with income in 1977-78, but declined in the 1987-88 survey. The decline in beef consumption was steep for all income groups, but especially for the highest income quintile.

In addition to changes in prices and incomes, change has occurred in consumer tastes and, hence, in the demand for beef. Demographic changes (for example, more women working outside the home, and more singles and single-parent families), technological changes (for example, the widening use of the microwave oven), and increasing concern about saturated fat and cholesterol have affected consumer meat choices. Hamburger, which can be prepared quickly,

accounted for about two-fifths of the beef we consumed in 1994, compared with one-fourth in 1970. Purchases of roasts, which take longer to prepare, were down sharply. In addition, a shift has occurred toward eating away from home, especially in fast-food places that emphasize hamburgers and fries and, increasingly in the past decade, chicken and pizza. As total per capita consumption of chicken has increased rapidly since 1980, the share provided by foodservice establishments climbed from 28 percent in 1980 to 45 percent in 1995.

Nutritional concern about fat and cholesterol has encouraged the production of leaner animals and the closer trimming of fat before retail sales. Most retailers now go beyond the quarter-inch trim for red meat cuts to one-eighth inch or closer, and some trim for all visible fat. Most also offer three or four kinds of ground beef with progressively lower fat content (at progressively higher prices). Some ground beef now contains as little as 4-percent fat, which is less fat than is in most ground chicken and ground turkey products. Many new packaged deli meats meet the definition for "lowfat" under the new nutrition labelling rules. A product labeled "lowfat" cannot contain more than 3 grams of fat in a serving.

Major advertising campaigns for beef (and pork) started in the late 1980's, when promotional programs began. Evaluation indicates that beef consumption and prices have been unexpectedly higher since 1987 when changes in income and the prices of other goods are taken into account. For more detail about the success of the beef promotional program, see *Economic Returns of the Beef Checkoff* (Ronald Ward, professor, Food and Resource Economics Department, Institute of Food and Technology, University of Florida in cooperation with the National Cattlemen's Association and National Live Stock and Meat Board, Jan. 1994).

The pork industry has portrayed pork as a light and nutritious alternative to chicken with its "Pork: The Other White Meat" advertising campaign. While pork rated high in convenience and taste, consumers perceived it negatively in terms of fat, calories, and cholesterol. The campaign focused on the industry's leaner cuts and lower fat products. In addition, pork processors are attempting to fully integrate operations—from the production unit to the meat case.

Hormel, the Nation's largest pork processor, introduced a Light & Lean 97-percent fat-free hot dog in 1991, and now has an entire line of meats that are 97-percent fat free. Its Austin hog slaughtering and further-processing operation, which slaughters 12,000 hogs a day, has moved to a 0.10-inch fat trim.

The poultry industry is a good example of an industry that has catered to consumers. Poultry has benefited from a lower real price than beef and from health-related concerns about beef. In addition, the poultry industry has provided scores of new brand-name, value-added processed products for consumers' convenience, as well as a host of fast-food products. Cut-up birds and heavily advertised, branded items became popular in the 1970's. The proliferation of precooked, pan-ready, and other upscale raw products, like boneless breast fillets, also boosted poultry's popularity. Chicken and turkey franks, turkey breakfast sausages, and turkey ham and salami appeal to some consumers concerned about fat. Fresh ground chicken and turkey are marketed as lower fat substitutes for hamburger in spaghetti sauces and other recipes.

World Meat Consumption

The Republic of Maldives, St. Helena, Iceland, Faeroe Island, the British Virgin Islands, Greenland, and Japan are the world leaders in per capita fishery products consumption (table 8). In 1988-90, the typical Icelander consumed an average 203 pounds of fish and shellfish (live weight equivalent) a year, more than 4 times that consumed by the typical American.

In 1995, Hong Kong led the rest of the world with an annual per capita consumption of poultry of 107 pounds, ready-to-cook weight, followed by the United States, 102 pounds; Israel, 97 pounds; and Singapore, 88 pounds (table 9). The U.S. 1995 beef and veal per capita consumption of 99 pounds, carcass weight, put Americans third behind the Uruguayans, 154 pounds; and Argentines, 136 pounds. Many countries, European countries in particular, rank above the United States in per capita pork consumption. The typical Dane, for example, consumes more than twice as much pork as does the typical American. New Zealanders lead in per capita consumption of lamb, mutton, and goat, averaging 56 pounds per person in 1995. Americans averaged 1 pound per person of these meats.

Eggs

U.S. per capita egg consumption fell to a record low of 234 eggs in 1990 and 1991, down from an all-time high of 403 eggs in 1945. Between 1950 and 1990, per capita consumption declined about four eggs per year. But since 1991, per capita consumption inched up each year, reaching 238 eggs in 1994 (tables 10 and 58). During the 1990's, the continuing decline in shell-egg consumption has been more than offset by gains in processed-egg consumption (fig. 6).

Per capita consumption of processed egg products—used mainly in manufactured foods or sold to foodservice operations in liquid form—is projected to double in 1995 from 1982's total of 34 eggs. This 1995 forecast corresponds to 29 percent of total egg use, compared with only 13 percent in 1982. If this trend continues, a third (or more) of all eggs will be consumed in processed form by 2000.

Several factors are behind the steady growth of processed eggs products. The traditional market for processed eggs—as ingredients in foods such as pasta, cake mixes, and other baked goods—has continued to grow. And the increased safety and convenience of liquid egg products is encouraging use of pasteurized egg products in institutional foodservice and restaurants.

Declining wholesale and retail egg prices may have spurred egg use in recent years. The average retail price for a dozen large, Grade A eggs declined from \$1.01 in 1990 to \$0.86 in 1994. Changing consumer attitudes toward eggs may also be responsible. New test results show eggs to contain less cholesterol than previously documented, leading the American Heart Association to increase its maximum recommended consumption from three eggs per week to four. Medical research shows a weaker link between cholesterol consumption and heart disease than had been hypothesized. Also, various research studies indicate that some consumers are relaxing their healthy eating habits and are indulging themselves in more traditional and flavorful foods.

Dairy Products

Per capita consumption of all dairy products in 1994 came to 586 pounds (milk-equivalent, milkfat basis), up 22 pounds from 1970 and down 15 pounds from 1987 (a year in which both commercial sales and

USDA donations were at high levels) (fig. 7) (tables 11 and 59). The level of donations through Government commodity programs in 1994 was considerably below 1987 levels, accounting for 13 percent of butter, 2 percent of nonfat dry milk, and 0.02 percent of cheese (tables 65, 64, and 62). In 1987, the corresponding percentages were 20 percent, 25 percent, and 10 percent. USDA donations of dairy products declined 31 pounds per capita between 1987 and 1994, while commercial sales increased 16 pounds per capita (fig. 7) (table 11).

Per capita commercial sales fell from 540 pounds in 1970 to 522 pounds in 1983, then increased to a high for the 1970-94 period of 572 pounds in 1994. Reasons for the upturn in sales include increased generic advertising of dairy products, reduced relative prices, awareness of the importance of calcium in the diet and of dairy products as a source of calcium, demographic changes in the population, and increased use of dairy products, especially cheese, as ingredients in other foods (pizza, for example).

Annual per capita consumption of beverage milks declined by 56 pounds between 1970 and 1994, to 213 pounds per person (table 12). A sixfold increase in per capita consumption of yogurt since 1970—to 4.7 pounds per person in 1994—partially offset the decline in beverage milks (fig. 10).

The beverage-milk trend is toward lower fat milk. While whole milk (plain and flavored) represented 82 percent of all beverage milk in 1970, its share dropped to 37 percent in 1994 (tables 12 and 37). In 1994, lowfat milk accounted for 49 percent of all beverage milks, and skim milk constituted 14 percent, compared with 14 percent and 4 percent in 1970, respectively. In 1994, skim milk (average fat content, 0.2 percent) was the only beverage milk for which per capita consumption increased; 1-percent milk held steady; while consumption of 2-percent, buttermilk (average fat content, 1.0 percent), and whole milk (average fat content, 3.3 percent) declined.

These changes are consistent with increased public concern about cholesterol and animal fat. However, the decline in per capita consumption of fluid milk also may be attributed to declining numbers of teenage males, an increasing incidence of milk-sugar intolerance among Americans due to the growing ethnic diversity and aging of the population, and increasing preference for soft drinks in the past decade.

Advertising that extols milk's calcium and other nutritional values may have stemmed the declines in consumption of whole milk and total beverage milk.

While Americans are switching to lower fat milk, they are also using more fluid cream products (half and half, light cream, heavy cream, eggnog, sour cream, and dip). Per capita fluid cream consumption jumped from 5.6 pounds in 1980 to 8.1 pounds in 1994 (table 12).

In contrast to steadily declining per capita supplies of fluid milk, per capita cheese supplies show consistent year-to-year increases over the last two decades. Average consumption of cheese (excluding full-skim American and cottage, pot, and baker's cheese) more than doubled from 11.4 pounds in 1970 to 26.8 pounds in 1994 (fig. 8) (table 11). From 1970 to 1994, consumption of cheddar cheese, Americans' favorite cheese, increased 57 percent, per capita, to 9.1 pounds (table 13). Per capita use of Italian cheeses increased more than fivefold during the same period. Per capita consumption of Mozzarella—the main pizza cheese—in 1994 was 7.9 pounds, 6-1/2 times higher than in 1970, making it Americans' second favorite cheese. Average consumption of cottage cheese declined 46 percent from 1970 to 2.8 pounds per person in 1994 (table 11).

If long-term changes in food supplies reflect health concerns, then fluid cream product and cheese consumption trends seem to conflict with fluid milk, yogurt, and red meat-poultry consumption trends. Cheeses tend to be high in fat. However, the growth in cheese use is concentrated in the ingredient and away-from-home markets. Rapidly expanding pizza sales and changes in lifestyles that emphasize convenience foods are probably major forces affecting cheese trends. Meanwhile, industry is responding to consumer concerns about health in recent years by introducing dairy alternatives that are lower in calories, fat, and cholesterol than traditional products.

Fats and Oils

Americans consumed 14 pounds more fats and oils per person (on a fat-content basis) in 1994 than in 1970 (fig. 25) (table 14). A 43-percent increase in use of vegetable fats and oils (mainly, salad and cooking oils and shortening) more than offset a 18-percent decrease in use of animal fats (lard and butter). In

1994, animal fat constituted 17 percent of total fat consumption from food fats and oils, compared with 27 percent in 1970. The switch to vegetable fats and oils reflects increased consumer emphasis on unsaturated fats. The increase in total fats and oils probably results from the greatly expanded consumption of fried foods in foodservice outlets and the increased use of salad oils on salads consumed both at home and away from home.

Average use of salad and cooking oils (table 69) increased by nearly three-fifths (58 percent) from 1970 to 1994, and the average use of shortening (table 68) increased by two-fifths (39 percent). Over the same period, average direct use of lard (table 66) dropped by nearly two-thirds (63 percent), and average use of total table spreads—butter (table 65) and margarine (table 67)—fell 9 percent.

Per capita consumption of edible beef tallow increased elevenfold from 1989 to 1994, to 3.3 pounds per person. As the task of trimming excess fat from retail cuts of beef has shifted since the late 1980's from retailers to large meatpackers, the trimmed fat has become an important byproduct used in the production of edible tallow. Larger supplies of edible tallow have pushed its price to levels very near that for inedible tallow. This may prompt use of edible tallow in the production of nonfood items such as pet food, soap, candles, and lubricants. Low prices also continue to encourage use in baking and frying fats, although a number of major restaurant chains have switched to pure vegetable fats and oils for deep-frying. Refer to the earlier section on "The Data—Limitations" concerning the reliability of the fats and oils food disappearance series as an indicator of change in fats and oils eaten.

Fruits and Vegetables

Total per capita use of commercially produced fruits and vegetables (excluding wine grapes) was 678 pounds in 1994 (farm-weight basis), compared with 566 pounds in 1970 (fig. 11) (table 15). That represents a 20-percent increase in per capita use of fruits and vegetables from 1970-94 (fig. 2).

Total per capita use, adjusted for imports and exports and expressed as farm-weight equivalents, was derived for six citrus fruits (grapefruit, lemons, limes, oranges, tangelos, and tangerines) and six noncitrus

fruits (apples, grapes—excluding wine grapes, peaches, pears, pineapples, and strawberries). Total consumption of these 12 fruits and fresh consumption of 13 other noncitrus fruits, including bananas, was 280 pounds per capita in 1994, compared with 230 pounds in 1970 (fig. 11) (tables 15 and 16).

Total per capita use of 53 commercially produced vegetables (including potatoes, sweetpotatoes, mushrooms, dry edible beans, dry field peas, and lentils) was 398 pounds in 1994 (farm-weight basis), compared with 336 pounds in 1970 (fig. 11) (tables 15, 27, and 29-31).

Per capita use of fruits and vegetables increased 14 percent between 1980 and 1994 (table 15). This 14-percent gain was probably tempered by the fact that fruits and vegetables led in retail price increases from 1980-94 (fig. 12) (table 94). Price increases for fresh fruits and vegetables were roughly double those for processed (fig. 13) (table 95). Despite the bigger price increases for fresh than processed, per capita consumption from 1980-94 increased 21 percent for fresh fruit and declined 0.2 percent for processed fruit (fig. 14). Better quality, increased variety, and year-round availability have boosted consumption of fresh fruits. Per capita consumption of processed vegetables outpaced that for fresh vegetables from 1980 to 1994. Price, convenience, and increasing preference for fast-food eateries and ethnic foods have hiked consumption of frozen vegetables (especially french fries) and canned tomato products (figs. 14 and 24).

Fruits

On a retail-weight basis, fresh fruit consumption gained 24 pounds per capita from 1970 to 121 pounds in 1994; the rise was due entirely to sharp increases in consumption of fresh noncitrus fruits and melons (tables 18 and 26). Per capita use of selected canned fruits declined 21 percent from 1970 to 1994 as use of frozen fruits increased 4 percent during the same period (tables 19 and 20). Strawberries continue to be the most heavily consumed frozen fruit. U.S. per capita dried fruit consumption was 3.1 pounds in 1994, up 15 percent from 1970 to 1994 (table 21).

Per capita consumption estimates for processed apple, pineapple, and grape products have been unavailable since the three industries ceased disclosure of pack and stock data early in the 1980's. However, it is possible to approximate the trend and general level of

consumption over time by using crop utilization data published by USDA, adjusted by imports and exports. The user is cautioned against interpreting these numbers as reflecting actual year-to-year changes in consumption (domestic disappearance), because the data do not reflect year-to-year changes in stocks and thus, can be highly variable between years.

In general, U.S. per capita consumption of fresh and processed apples has trended upward since 1970, but consumption remains highly variable across products (table 23). While per capita canned apple consumption has remained fairly flat over the past 25 years, per capita consumption of apple juice has dramatically increased, surpassing (on a farm-weight basis) fresh apple consumption in several years since 1984. In 1994, apple juice (farm-weight basis) accounted for 43 percent of total U.S. apple consumption, at 21.3 pounds per person, compared with only 20 percent in 1970.

U.S. per capita grape consumption (including wine grapes) increased 42 percent during 1970-94 (table 24). Fresh market use increased 154 percent from 1970 to 1994, and use for juice and wine increased 35 percent and 31 percent.

Per capita pineapple consumption increased 8 percent from 1970 to 1994. U.S. consumers use considerably more processed pineapple than fresh (table 25). In 1994, Americans consumed, on average, 3.2 pounds of canned pineapple, 0.41 gallons of pineapple juice, and 1.9 pounds of fresh pineapple, compared with 3.5 pounds, 0.26 gallons, and 0.7 pound in 1970 (tables 19, 22, and 18).

Per capita consumption of tree nuts (shelled basis) was 2.3 pounds in 1994, compared with 1.8 pounds in 1980 (tables 38 and 75). Consumption of almonds, filberts, pecans, walnuts, macadamias, and pistachios increased from 1970 to 1994, while consumption of other nuts, including Brazil nuts, cashews, and pignolias (Chinese pine nuts) fell.

Per capita juice consumption reached a record-high 8.6 gallons in 1994, up from 5.7 gallons in 1971 (tables 22 and 37). Per capita citrus juice consumption has rebounded from the sharp decline in 1990 that was caused by supply shortages and high prices following the severe December 1989 freeze in Florida.

Vegetables

Total per capita consumption of 22 major commercial fresh vegetables (retail-weight basis) in 1994 was 105 pounds, 2 pounds below 1993's record-high 107 pounds, and 33 percent above the 1970 level (table 28). Between 1970 and 1994, the biggest gains were for onions, up 5.9 pounds per person; bell peppers, 4.1 pounds; tomatoes, 3.0 pounds; cucumbers, 2.3 pounds; broccoli, 2.1 pounds; carrots, 1.9 pounds; and garlic, 1.2 pounds. Americans also ate more Brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, spinach, artichokes, eggplant, and asparagus, while use of celery, radishes, snap beans, and escarole/endive declined. Sweet corn consumption was 7.2 pounds (on-cob basis) per capita in 1970 and 1994.

Per capita consumption of processing vegetables (farm-weight basis) increased 11 percent between 1970 and 1994, as vegetables used for freezing and canning rose 30 percent and 8 percent (table 29). Per capita consumption of vegetables for canning, excluding tomatoes, declined 15 percent during 1970-94. ERS now uses NASS data on production of vegetables slated for processing rather than industry data on the quantity packed, since the NASS estimates are thought to be more complete. Consumption of processed vegetables is now estimated on a farm-weight basis rather than a packed-weight basis.

Per capita consumption of mushrooms (farm weight) increased 192 percent between 1970 and 1994, with most of the growth in the fresh market (table 30). Per capita use of fresh mushrooms was more than six times higher in 1994 than in 1970, whereas use of processing mushrooms only doubled.

Per capita use of fresh potatoes (retail weight) declined 19 percent from 1970 to 1994, as consumption of frozen potatoes more than doubled, to 29 pounds per person (retail weight) in 1994 (table 31). The first year in which, on a farm-weight basis, use of potatoes for freezing surpassed fresh market use was 1990 (fig. 24).

Flour and Cereal Products

Per capita use of flour and cereal products was 199 pounds in 1994, compared with an annual average of 135 pounds in 1970-74, 204 pounds in 1945-49, and 291 pounds in 1909-13 (figs. 15 and 16) (tables 2 and 32). The expansion in supplies reflects ample grain

stocks and strong consumer demand. Much of this growth was product-driven, as (1) consumers gained appreciation for variety bread, (2) fast-food sales of hamburgers and other products made with buns expanded rapidly, and (3) instore bakeries and baking spurred sales.

Flour and cereal products benefit from larger population numbers in older age brackets; per capita spending for cereal and bakery products increases with the age of the householder. In 1992, householders aged 25-34 years old spent \$140 per person per year on average for these products. In contrast, householders aged 35-44 years, 45-54 years, and 55-64 years spent 10 percent more, 24 percent more, and 43 percent more, than did 25-34 year olds.

Wheat is the major grain product eaten in the United States, with wheat flour and other products representing nearly 73 percent of total grain consumption in 1994. However, wheat's share of total grain consumption has declined 8 percentage points since 1980, as rice, corn products, and oats products have gained momentum. Consumption of wheat flour in 1994 was 144.5 pounds per person, up 30 percent from 1970 (tables 32 and 78). Per capita use of durum wheat flour, mainly used in pasta production, doubled between 1984 and 1994, to 14 pounds per person.

Consumption increased for other cereal products as well. Per capita use of corn products (corn flour, cornmeal, hominy, grits, and starch) increased 84 percent from 1980, to 24 pounds per capita in 1994. Per capita use of rice and oats products (rolled oats, ready-to-eat cereals, oat flour, and oat bran) climbed 102 percent and 136 percent, from 1980 to 1994. In contrast, consumption of rye flour has continued to decline.

Between 1980 and 1994, consumption of breakfast cereals increased 53 percent to 18.4 pounds per capita (fig. 17) (table 33). Consumption of ready-to-eat and ready-to-cook cereal in 1994 was 15.5 pounds and 2.9 pounds, compared with 9.7 pounds and 2.3 pounds in 1980. This 53-percent increase in per capita breakfast cereal consumption occurred even as prices for cereals and bakery products have risen much faster than the prices for most other grocery foods (fig. 12). The rise in consumption is attributed to the quest for increased fiber in the diet, to aggressive advertising and health claims by food processors, and to the convenience of these foods for breakfast. The home-cooked, eggs-

and-bacon breakfast has given way to ready-to-eat, "instant" grain-based products.

Caloric and Low-Calorie Sweeteners

Total per capita consumption of caloric sweeteners (dry-weight basis)—comprised mainly of sucrose (table sugar made from cane and beets) and corn sweeteners (notably high-fructose corn syrup, or HFCS)—increased 25 pounds, or 21 percent, during 1970-94 (fig. 2) (table 34). In 1994, each American consumed, on average, a record 147.6 pounds of caloric sweeteners, compared with 122.3 pounds per person in 1970.

A striking change in the availability of specific sugars has occurred in the past two decades (fig. 19). Sucrose's share in total caloric sweetener consumption dropped from 82 percent in 1972 to 44 percent in 1994. In contrast, corn sweetener's share increased from 17 percent in 1972 to 55 percent in 1994. All other caloric sweeteners, including honey, maple syrup, and molasses, maintained a 1-percent share.

Per capita use of sucrose dropped from 84 pounds per person in 1980 to a low of 60 pounds per person in 1986. Since 1986, use of sucrose has increased each year except 1988, 1991, and 1993, reaching 65 pounds in 1994. Much of the displacement of sucrose by HFCS and aspartame has been in soft drinks. Between 1980 and 1994, beverage manufacturers reduced their use of sucrose from 19 pounds to 1 pound per capita. The uptick in sucrose consumption since 1986 reflects increased use by industrial bakers, confectioners, and breakfast cereal manufacturers and by consumers in urban areas populated by recent immigrants, who are likely baking their native foods from scratch.

Use of corn sweetener (HFCS, glucose, and dextrose) rose from 38 pounds per capita in 1980 (dry basis) to a record 81 pounds in 1994, mainly because of HFCS. Use of HFCS, which is significantly less expensive than sucrose, rose from 19 pounds per person in 1980 to 57 pounds in 1994. In 1994, beverages accounted for 72 percent of total HFCS deliveries for domestic food and beverage use, compared with 36 percent in 1980. Use of HFCS in bakery products and processed foods has jumped higher since 1990. Corn sweeteners became economical as a result of abundant corn supplies and low corn prices. Moreover, sales of byproducts—corn oil and corn gluten feed and meal—made

corn sweetener production even less expensive. At the same time, Federal sugar programs maintained high support prices and import quotas on refined sugar. Total corn sweetener use surpassed cane and beet sugar use for the first time in 1985.

Beverages

Between 1970 and 1994, a 115-percent rise in per capita consumption of soft drinks and a 51-percent rise in consumption of selected fruit juices more than offset declines in consumption of coffee and milk, down 37 percent (beverage basis) and 21 percent (fig. 2) (table 37). In 1994, on a per capita basis, consumption of carbonated soft drinks was more than double consumption of milk and 6 times greater than consumption of fruit juice (fig. 23).

Average total use of alcoholic beverages reached a record high of 28.8 gallons in 1981 but has declined steadily to 25.5 gallons in 1994 (fig. 18). Nevertheless, average total use of alcoholic beverages in 1994 is 18 percent higher than in 1970. Between 1970 and 1994, average wine use increased 38 percent, to 1.8 gallons, and average beer use increased 22 percent, to 22.5 gallons. In contrast, average use of distilled spirits declined by nearly a third between 1970 and 1994, to 1.3 gallons per person (a 25-year low).

Spices

The United States is the world's largest market for spices. Moreover, U.S. spice consumption, which includes imports and domestic production less exports, has been on an uptrend for the last decade. The growth in spice consumption reflects population growth, a trend toward the use of spices to compensate for less salt and lower fat levels in foods, and heightened popularity of ethnic foods from Asia, Mediterranean countries, and Latin America. Spice consumption, per capita, totaled a record 2.7 pounds in 1994, up by nearly 1 pound from a decade ago (table 91). Table 91 does not include U.S. production for dehydrated onion and garlic. ERS spice analysts plan to revise the series to include these items next year.

The American Spice Trade Association (ASTA) defines spice as "any dried plant product used primarily for seasoning purposes." Included are tropical aromatics (pepper, cinnamon, cloves, etc.); leafy herbs of

the temperate zone (oregano, basil, sage, etc.); spice seeds (sesame, mustard, caraway, etc.); and dehydrated vegetables used as spices (onion, garlic, chili peppers, etc.).

In terms of statistical data, there are several differences between the USDA's data base as published annually in the Spice Trade Circular and that developed by ASTA. For example, USDA combines fresh and dried ginger trade data while ASTA includes only dried ginger. USDA includes capers in its spice trade statistics; ASTA does not. Conversely, ASTA includes chervil and chives in its spice trade statistics; USDA does not. All in all, the data are largely comparable, and for purposes of a recent ERS report, an effort was made to link the two data sources, to eliminate problem data (for example, capers, candied ginger, and prepared mustard), and to focus on broad trends. For further information, see *The Spice Market in the United States: Recent Developments and Prospects* by Peter J. Buzzanell, Rex Dull, and Fred Gray (AIB-709, ERS, USDA, July 1995). This report assesses trends in U.S. spice trade, domestic spice production, and spice consumption. Also reviewed is the role of ASTA and the U.S. Government in setting standards and regulating the industry. Lastly, this report assesses the outlook for future growth and leading issues confronting the U.S. spice industry.

Nutrients

USDA's Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP) estimates the amounts per capita per day of food energy and 24 nutrients and food components in the U.S. food supply (table 40). Tables 41-44 show the percent of food energy, carbohydrate, protein, and fat contributed from major food groups.

Food supply nutrient estimates are derived from data on the amount of food available for consumption and data on the nutrient composition of foods. The food composition data come from the Primary Nutrient Data Set, a reference nutrient data base from USDA's Agricultural Research Service's National Nutrient Data Bank System. Nutrient values exclude nutrients from the inedible parts of foods, such as bones, rinds, and seeds, but include nutrients from parts of food that are edible but not always eaten, such as the separable fat on meat. Nutrient estimates are based on food disappearance data; thus, they represent nutrients in foods available for human consumption and not actual nutrient intakes by individuals.

Nutrient estimates reflect market conditions, technological developments, up-to-date food composition values, and nutrients added commercially through enrichment and fortification. Nutrient levels and nutrient contributions from major food groups to the U.S. food supply are used to examine historical trends and evaluate changes in the American diet over time. The following is a brief review of trends in macronutrient contributions from major food groups to the U.S. food supply between 1970 and 1990, and trends in micronutrient levels and their sources during the same period of years.

Food Energy

The level of food energy in the U.S. food supply increased from 3,300 calories per capita per day in 1970 to 3,700 calories in 1990 (table 40). This 12-percent increase reflects higher levels of all three energy-yielding nutrients: carbohydrate, fat, and protein. The proportion of calories from carbohydrate increased from 46 to 49 percent while the share from fat decreased from 43 to 40 percent (fig. 26). Protein has consistently accounted for about 12 percent of calories.

In 1970, the meat, poultry, and fish group contributed the most food energy to the U.S. food supply—22 percent, followed by grain products at 19 percent, caloric sweeteners at 18 percent, fats and oils at 18 percent, and dairy products at 10 percent (fig. 27) (table 41). By 1990, grain products contributed the most food energy—23 percent; followed by fats and oils at 19 percent; caloric sweeteners at 18 percent; meat, poultry, and fish at 17 percent; and dairy products at 9 percent.

Carbohydrate

The level of carbohydrate in the U.S. food supply increased from 383 grams per capita per day in 1970 to 452 grams in 1990 (table 40). This 18-percent increase reflects greater consumption of grains, particularly rice, and corn syrup sweeteners.

In 1970, caloric sweeteners contributed the most carbohydrate to the U.S. food supply—40 percent, followed by grain products at 35 percent, vegetables at 10 percent, dairy products at 6 percent, and fruits at 6 percent (fig. 28) (table 42). By 1990, grain products contributed the most carbohydrate—40 percent, followed by caloric sweeteners at 38 percent, vegetables at 8 percent, and fruit at 6 percent.

Protein

The level of protein in the U.S. food supply increased from 99 grams per capita per day in 1970 to 105 grams in 1990 (table 40). This 6-percent increase reflects a considerable increase in grain consumption.

In 1970, the meat, poultry, and fish group contributed the most protein to the food supply—44 percent, followed by dairy products at 20 percent, and grain products at 18 percent (fig. 29) (table 43). By 1990, the meat, poultry, and fish group's contribution to total protein had dropped to 41 percent and the grain group's contribution had jumped to 22 percent. The trend in the proportion of total protein from dairy products remained flat from 1970 to 1990 at 20 percent, but the proportion contributed from whole milk decreased from 9 to 4 percent as the proportions from lowfat milk and from cheese increased from 2 to 5 percent and from 5 to 8 percent, respectively.

Fat

The level of fat in the U.S. food supply increased from 159 grams per capita per day in 1970 to 165 grams in 1990 (table 40). This 4-percent gain in fat reflects the increased use of salad and cooking oils and shortening. Animal sources continued to account for the largest proportion of fat; however, their share declined from 63 to 52 percent while the share from vegetable sources increased from 37 to 48 percent between 1970 and 1990.

Changes in levels of fatty acids reflect the shift from animal to vegetable sources of fat. Polyunsaturated fatty acids increased 19 percent, from 27 to 32 grams per capita per day. Saturated fatty acids decreased by 3 percent, while monounsaturated fatty acids remained about the same. Cholesterol declined 16 percent from 490 to 410 milligrams per capita per day, mostly due to a decline in the use of eggs, red meat, and fluid whole milk.

In 1970, the fats and oils group contributed the most fat to the U.S. food supply—41 percent, followed by the meat, poultry, and fish group at 37 percent (fig. 30) (table 44). By 1990, the fats and oils group's contribution to total fat had jumped to 48 percent and the meat, poultry, and fish group's contribution had dropped to 30 percent. The trend in the proportion of total fat from dairy products remained flat from 1970 to 1990 at 12 percent.

Micronutrients

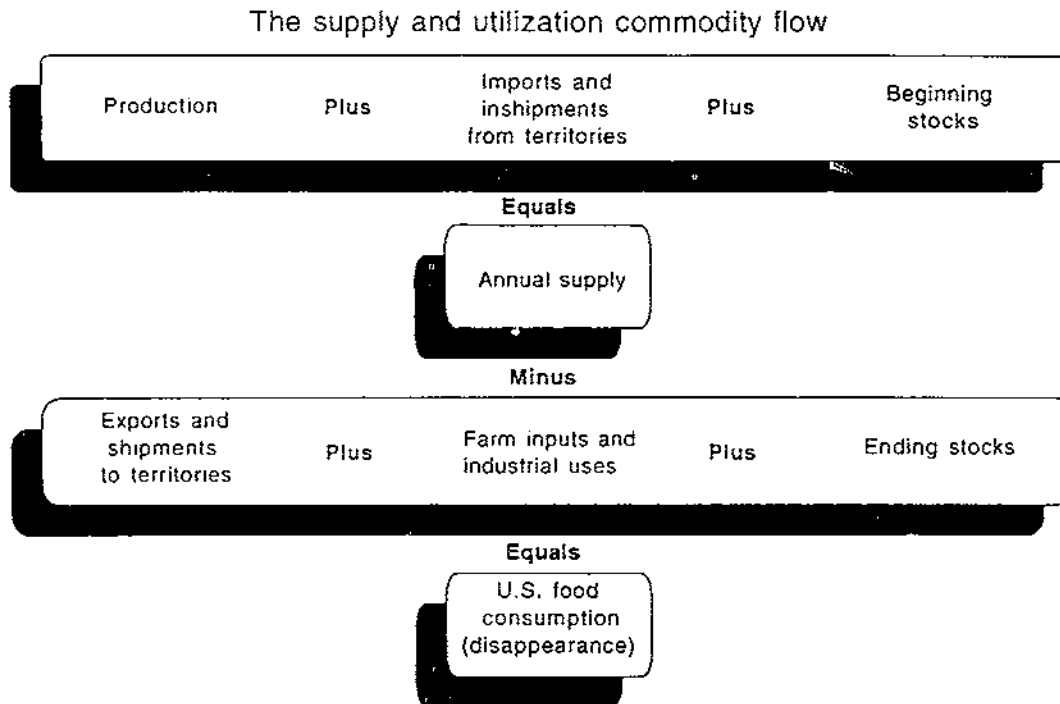
Vitamins A and B12 had lower levels in 1990 than in 1970 (table 40). Vitamins C and B6 levels remained about the same. All other vitamins (thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, vitamin E, and folate) had higher levels. Vitamin A levels decreased by 5 percent from 1,500 to 1,420 retinol equivalents (RE). Decreased use of eggs and meats, particularly organ meats, accounted for the decline in vitamin A. Vitamin A occurs in different forms: retinol, found in animal foods, and carotenes, which are converted to retinol in the human body, together make up total vitamin A. Carotenes increased from 500 to 620 RE. This gain was attributed to the development of varieties of deep-yellow vegetables, which have more carotene than previous varieties. Increased use of broccoli, green peppers, and carrots also contributed to the higher levels of carotenes. The higher level of vitamin E reflects increased use of salad and cooking oils. The increased use of grain products accounts for the higher folate levels. Vitamin B12 levels decreased by 16 percent, mostly because meat, especially organ meat, and egg use decreased.

Even though some of the vitamin levels dropped, the lower values still exceed the recommended dietary allowances for these nutrients. Nutrient levels in the food supply should exceed recommended allowances because further losses from trimming, cooking, plate waste, and spoilage are not accounted for in these values and food is not distributed equally within the population. Per capita values are averages for the population.

Levels of thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, and iron increased by 25, 8, 22, and 25 percent from 1970 to 1990. An increase in the enrichment levels of flour called for by revised Federal standards was primarily responsible for the increases.

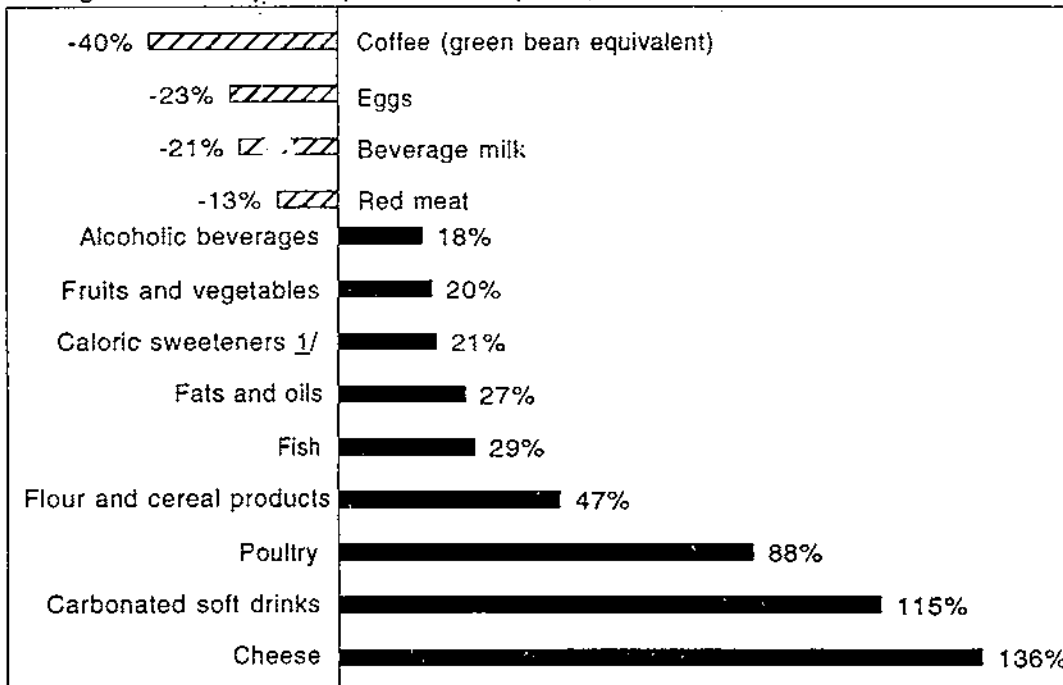
Calcium, phosphorous, magnesium, copper, and potassium levels increased while zinc levels stayed about the same. Increased use of lowfat milks and cheese were primarily responsible for the increased calcium and phosphorous levels. The gain in magnesium was accounted for by the increased use of lowfat milks, poultry, and grain products. The increased copper levels reflect the increased use of grain, soy, and nut products. The gain in potassium was accounted for by the increased use of grain products and noncitrus fruits.

Figure 1
Estimating U.S. food consumption



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

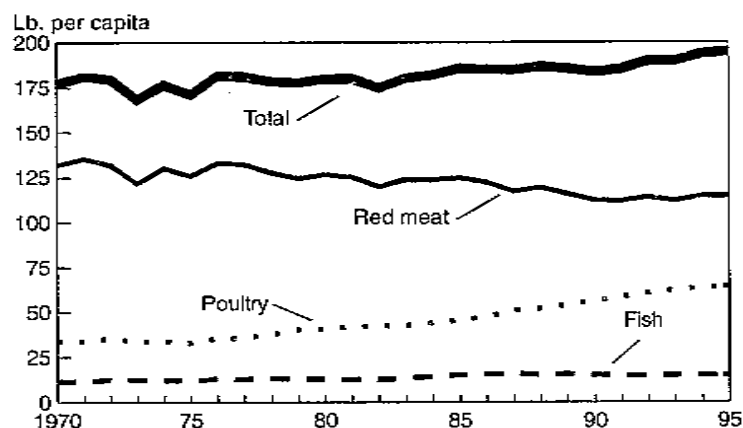
Figure 2
Changes in U.S. per capita consumption, 1970-94



^{1/} Includes caloric sweeteners used in soft drinks.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

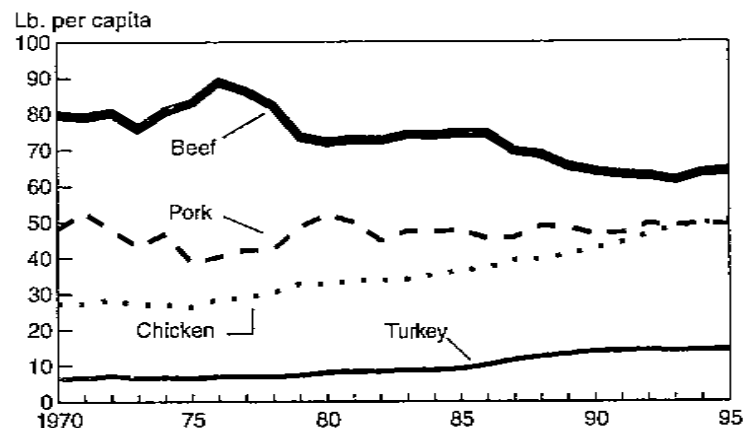
Figure 3
Americans consumed, on average, a record-high level of total meat in 1995 ^{1/}



^{1/} Boneless, trimmed equivalent.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

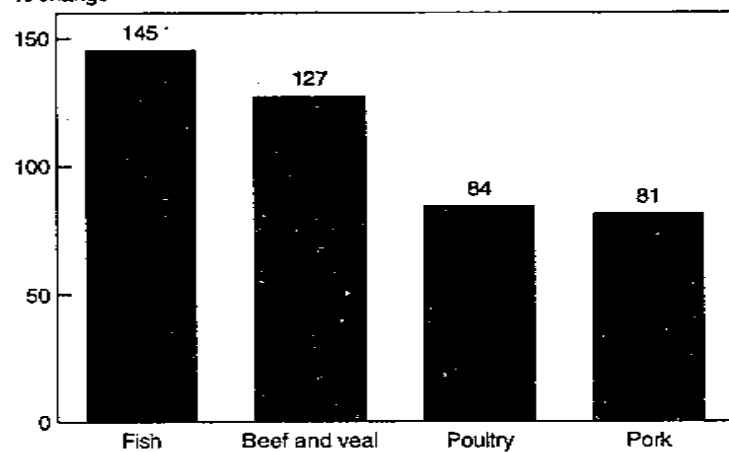
Figure 4
Beef is still America's most popular meat but chicken is gaining ^{1/}



^{1/} Boneless, trimmed equivalent.

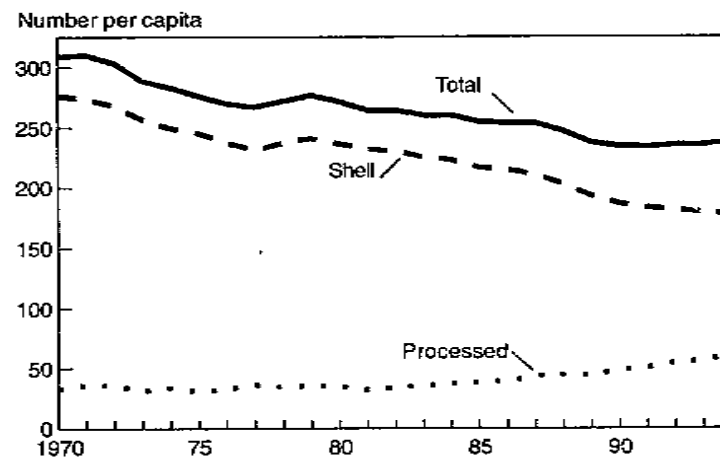
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 5
Meat price increases were largest for fish and beef, 1977-94
% change



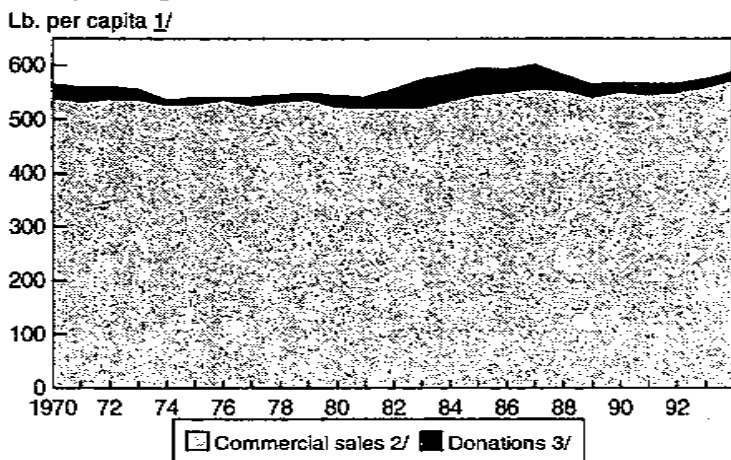
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 6
Long-term decline in total per capita egg consumption levels off in the 1990's



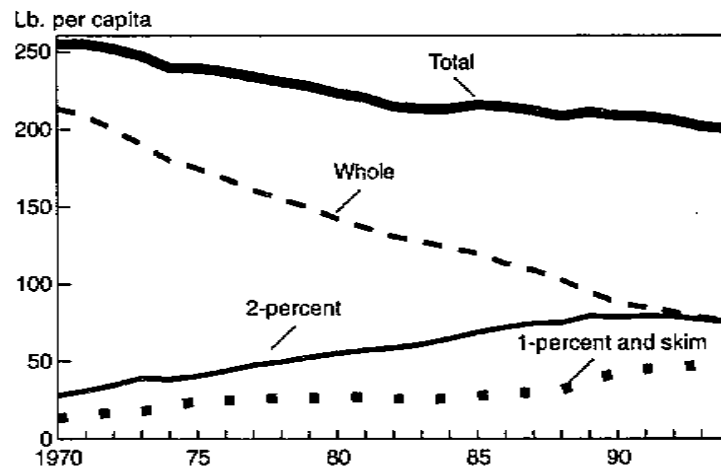
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 7
Commercial sales of dairy products per capita reached a 25-year high in 1994



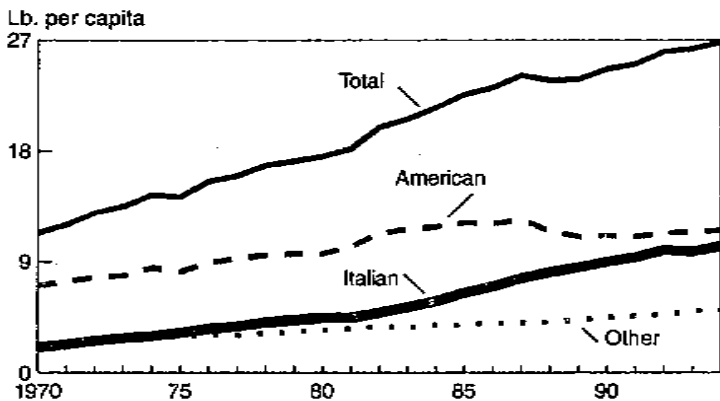
1/ Milk-equivalent, milkfat basis. 2/ Includes milk produced and consumed on farms. 3/ Includes donated butter, cheese, nonfat dry milk, and evaporated milk.
 Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 8
Per capita consumption of plain beverage milk declined 21 percent between 1970 and 1994



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

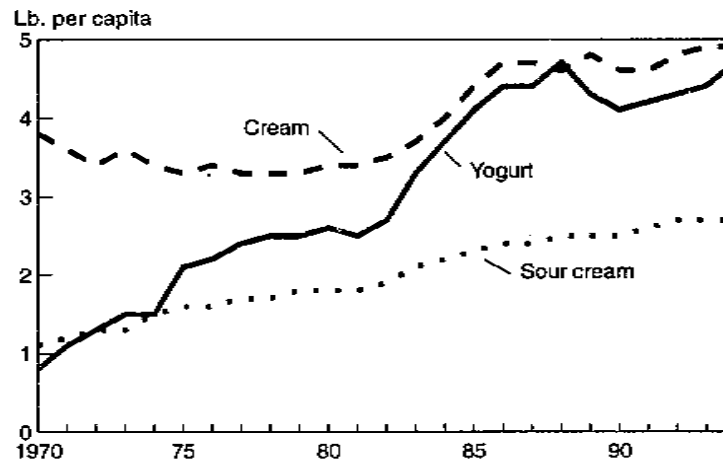
Figure 9
Per capita consumption of cheese in 1994 was 2-1/3 times higher than in 1970 1/



1/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products. Excludes full-skim American and cottage-type cheeses.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

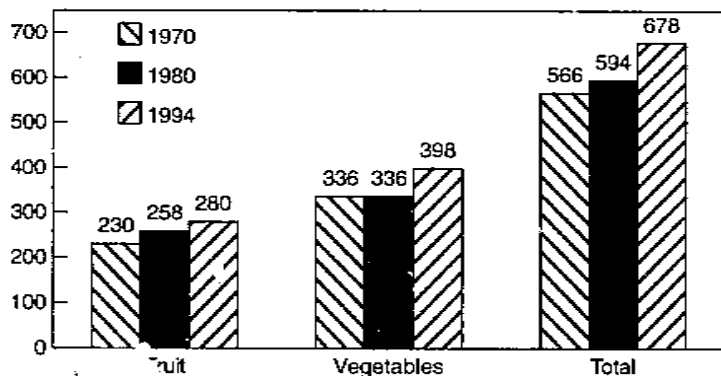
Figure 10
Per capita consumption of yogurt increased sixfold between 1970 and 1994



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 11
Total per capita consumption of fruits and vegetables increased 20 percent between 1970 and 1994 1/

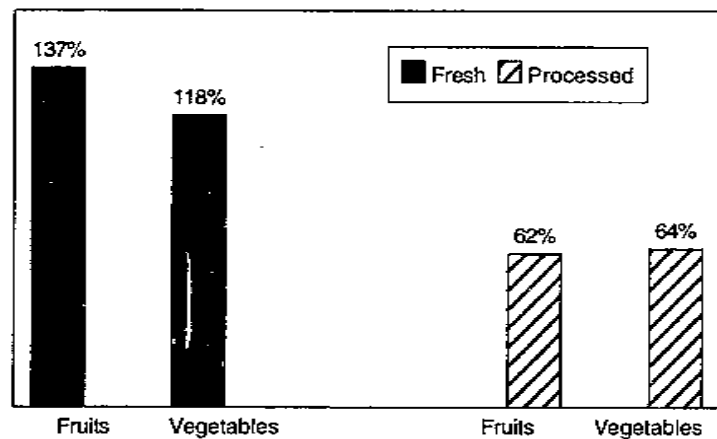
Lb. per capita



1/ Fresh weight equivalent. Excludes wine grapes and produce from home gardens.

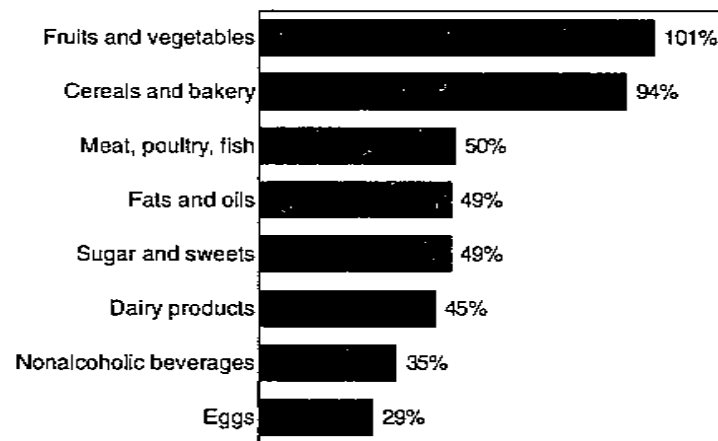
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 13
Price increases for fresh fruits and vegetables were roughly double those for processed, 1980-94



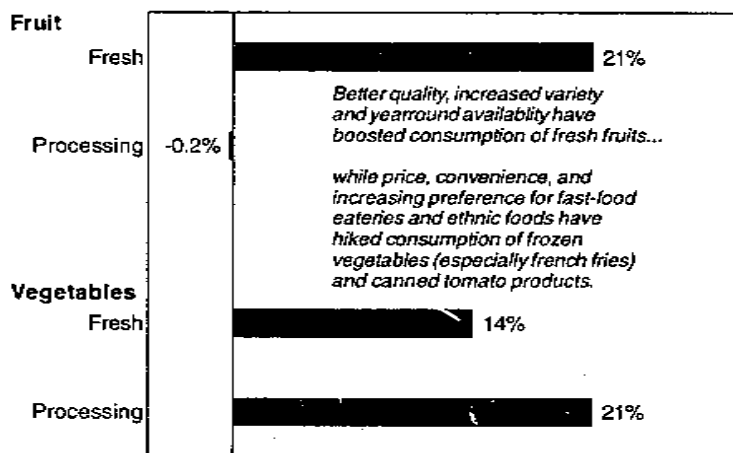
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 12
Fruits and vegetables have led in retail price increases, 1980-94



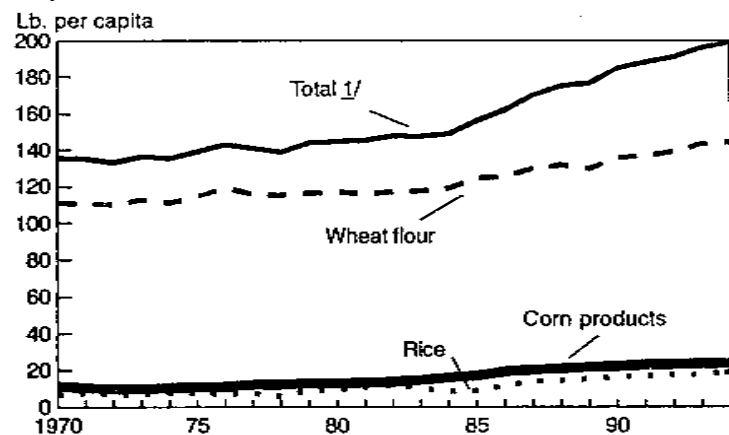
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 14
Changes in per capita consumption, 1980-94



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

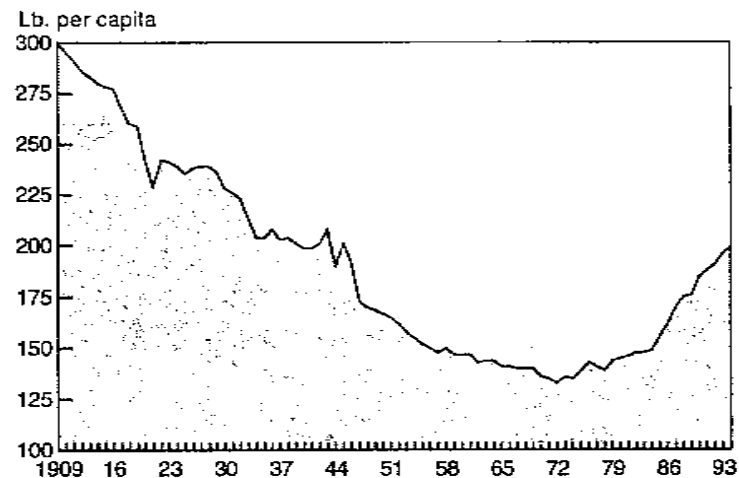
Figure 15
Per capita consumption of flour and cereal products increased 47 percent between 1970 and 1994, to 199 pounds



1/ Includes oat, rye, and barley products.

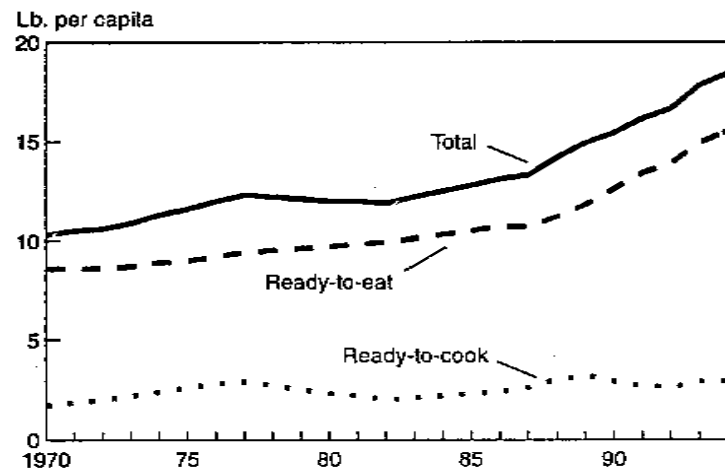
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 16
In 1994, Americans consumed 101 pounds less of flour and cereal products than did their counterparts in 1909



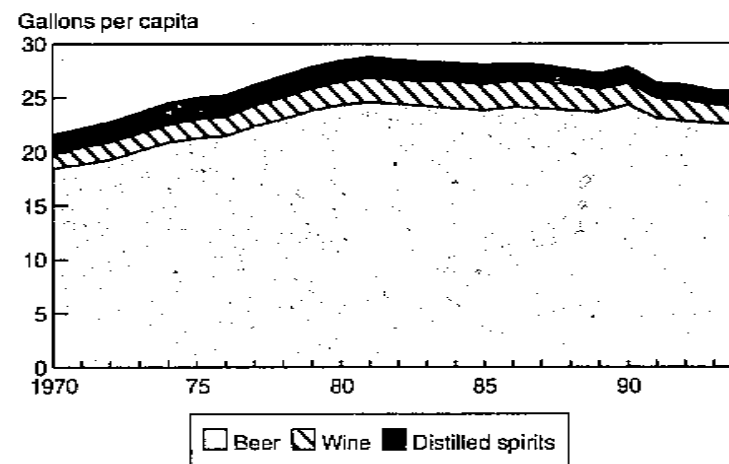
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 17
Per capita consumption of breakfast cereals increased 53 percent between 1980 and 1994, to 18.4 pounds



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

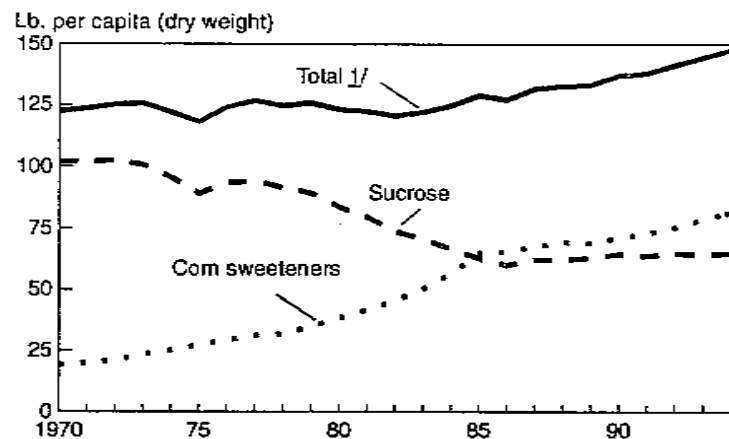
Figure 18
Per capita consumption of alcoholic beverages in 1994 was 11 percent below 1981's record-high level but 18 percent above the 1970 level



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 19

In 1994, Americans consumed more than two-fifths of a pound of caloric sweeteners per person per day

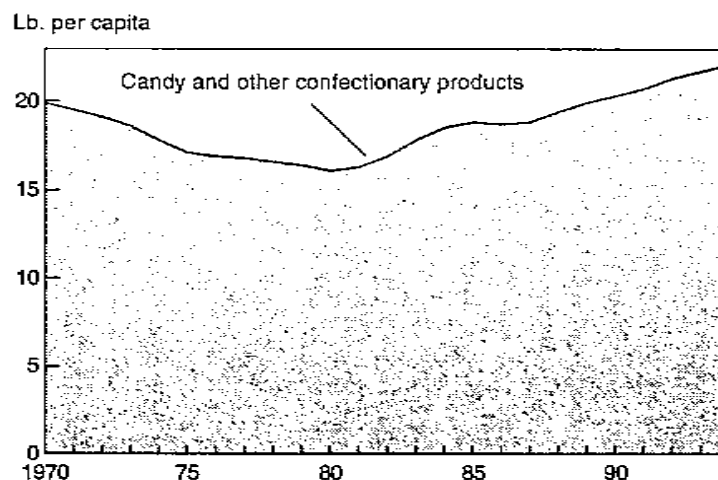


1/ Includes honey, and molasses and other refiner's syrups.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 20

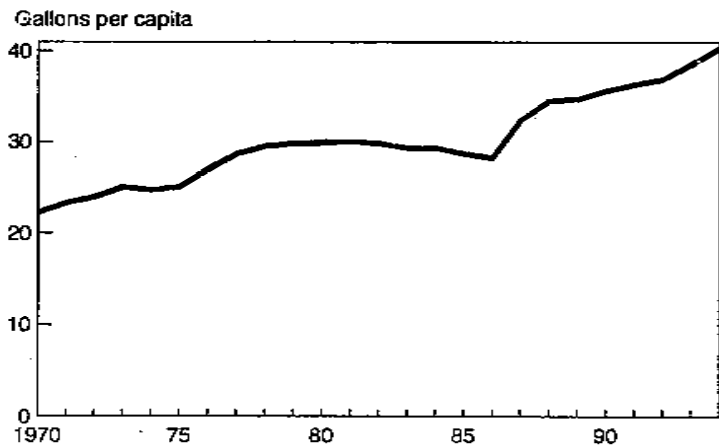
Consumption of candy reached a high of 22 pounds per person in 1994



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 21

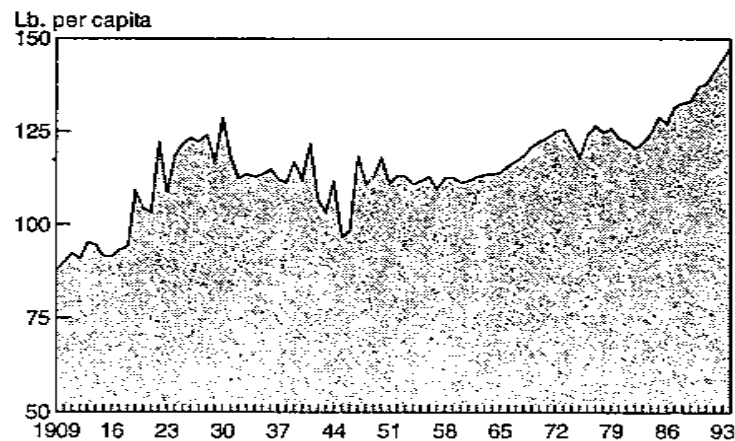
Per capita consumption of regular (nondiet) carbonated soft drinks has increased 43 percent since 1986, to 40 gallons per person in 1994



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

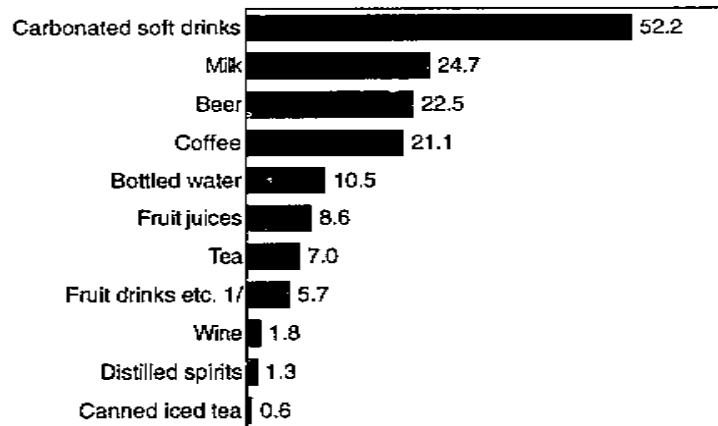
Figure 22

In 1994, Americans consumed 69 percent more caloric sweeteners per capita than did their counterparts in 1909



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

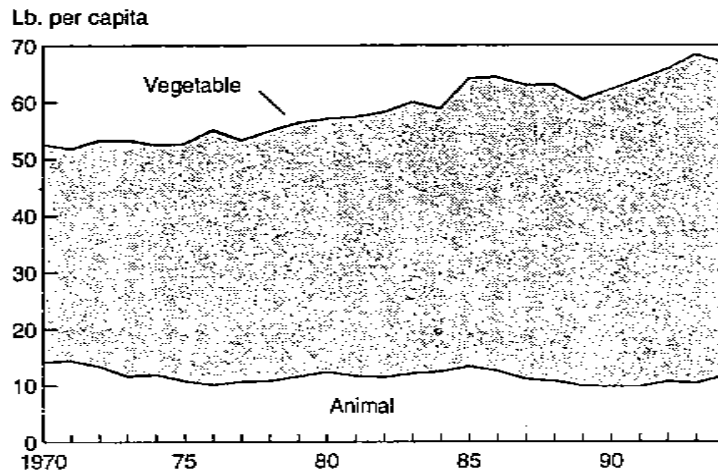
Figure 23
Per capita beverage consumption, gallons in 1994



1/ Includes fruit cocktails and ades.

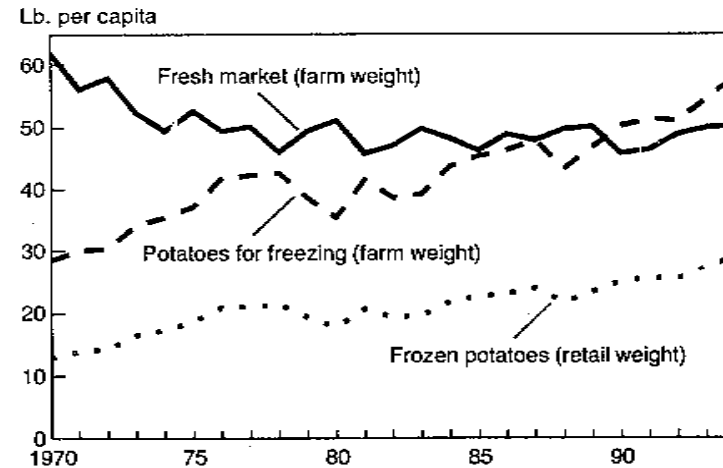
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 25
Vegetable-based products represent an increasing share of total fats and oils consumption



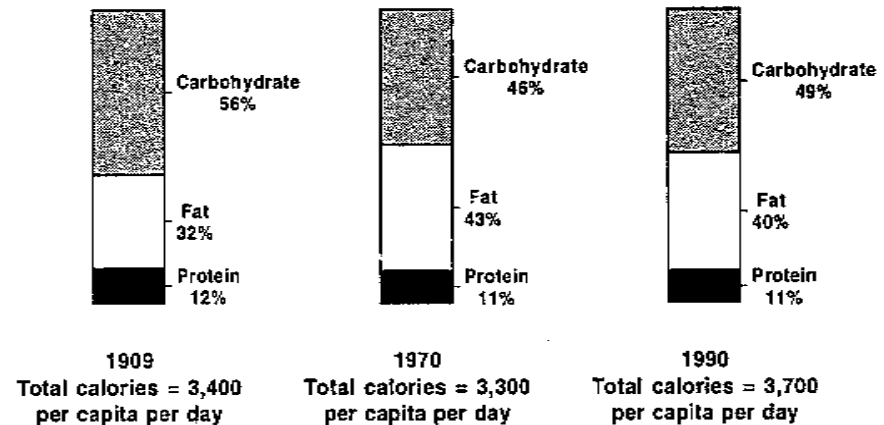
Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 24
Per capita consumption of frozen potatoes (mainly french fries) has more than doubled since 1970



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

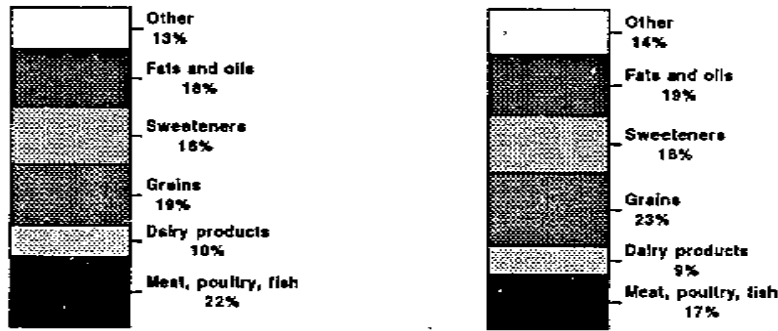
Figure 26
Sources of food energy in the U.S. food supply: Fat consumption as a percentage of total calories has declined since 1970 but remains well above the 1909 level



Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion.

Figure 27

In 1970, the meat group contributed the most calories to the American diet. By 1990, grains led.



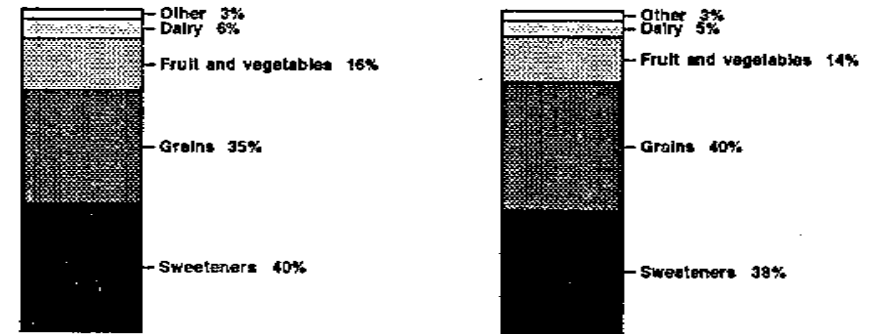
Total food energy = 3,300 calories per capita per day 1970

Total food energy = 3,700 calories per capita per day 1990

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion.

Figure 28

In 1990, grains outpaced sweeteners as the leading contributor to total carbohydrate consumption.



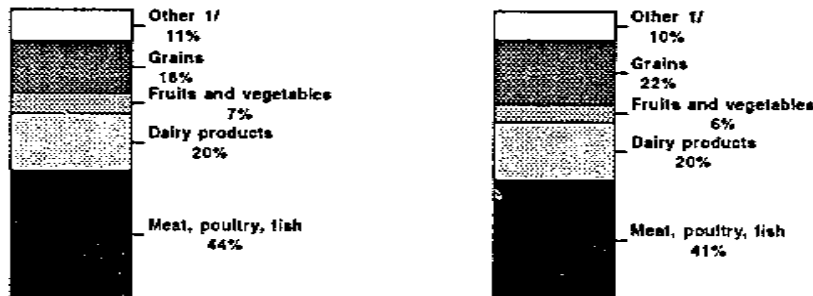
Total carbohydrates = 383 grams per capita per day 1970

Total carbohydrates = 452 grams per capita per day 1990

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion.

Figure 29

A 6-percent increase in protein consumption between 1970 and 1990 reflects a rise in grain consumption.



Total protein = 99 grams per capita per day 1970

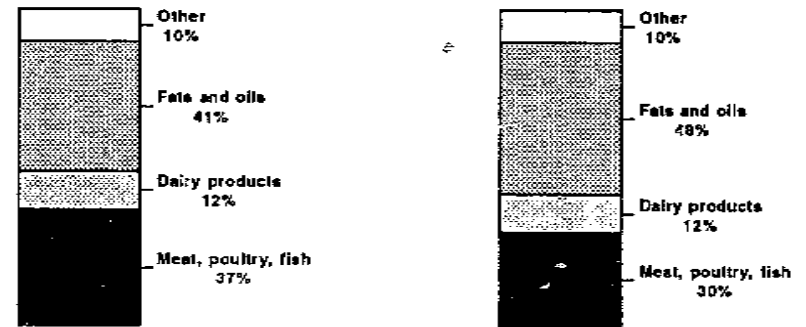
Total protein = 105 grams per capita per day 1990

1/ Includes eggs, legumes, nuts, and soy.

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion.

Figure 30

A 4-percent increase in fat consumption between 1970 and 1990 reflects an increase in the use of vegetable oils.

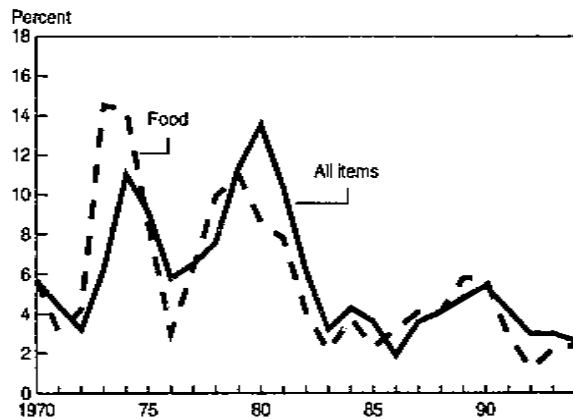


Total fat = 159 grams per capita per day 1970

Total fat = 165 grams per capita per day 1990

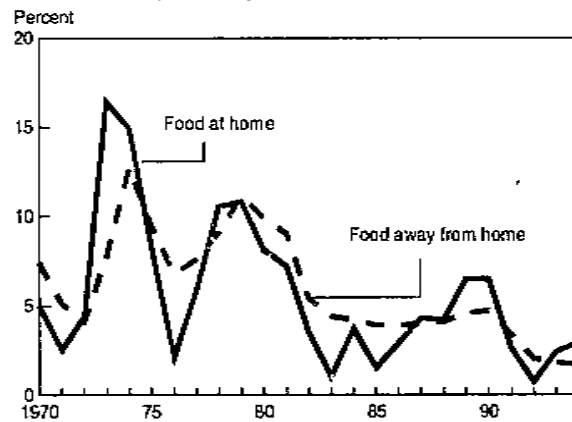
Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion.

Figure 31
Consumer Price Index for all items and food, annual percentage change



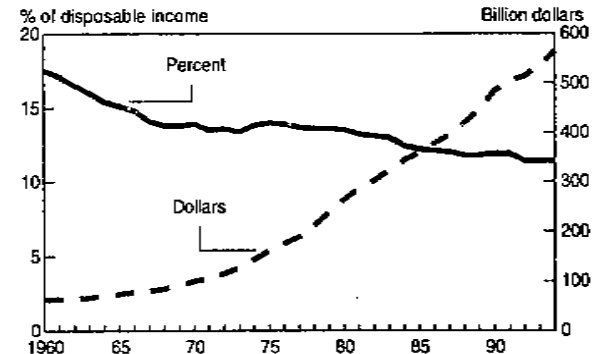
Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Figure 32
Consumer Price Index, food at home and away from home, annual percentage change



Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

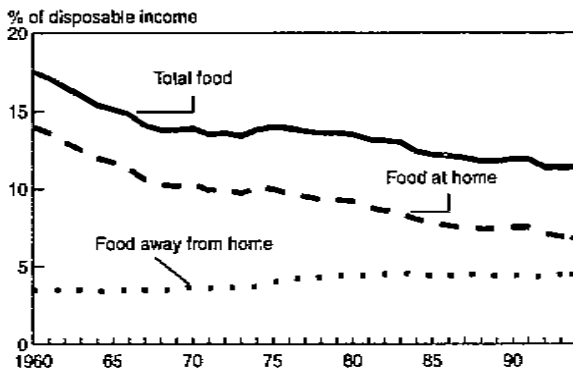
Figure 33
U.S. food expenditures by families and individuals, 1960-94 1/



1/ Total food expenditures have been increasing, yet the percent of income spent for food has been decreasing.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

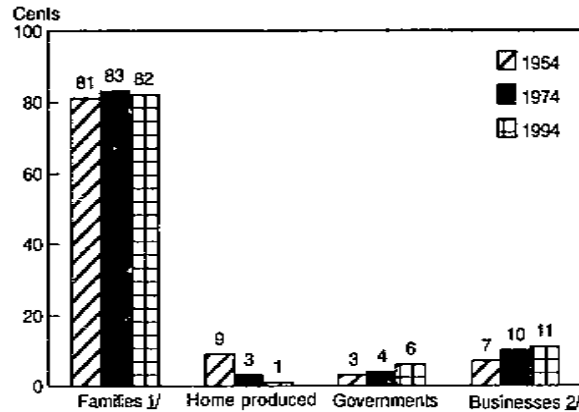
Figure 34
Share of income spent for food 1/



1/ Total food spending by families and individuals declined to 11.4 percent of disposable income in 30 years.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

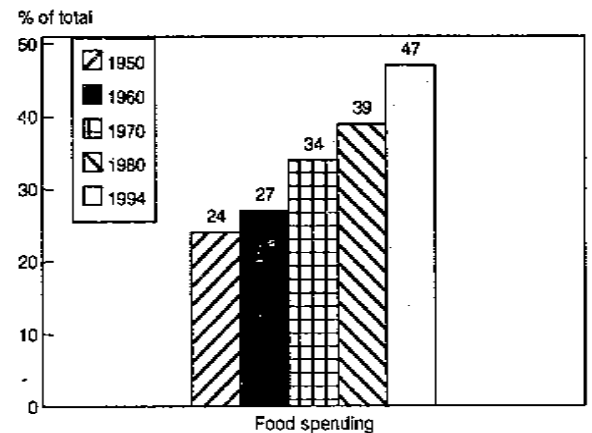
Figure 35
Who pays for food?



1/ Families and individuals. 2/ Includes philanthropic donations.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Figure 36
Away-from-home food expenditures



Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 1--Major foods: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Meat, poultry, and fish 2/ | | | | Eggs 4/ | Dairy products 6/ | Fats and oils 7/ | | | Peanuts 8/ | Flour and cereal products 9/ | Tree nuts 10/ |
|--------|----------------------------|---------------|------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|--|---------------------|
| | Red meat 3/ 4/ | Poultry 4/ | Fish | Total 5/ | | | Animal | Vege- table | Total 5/ | | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 131.7 | 33.8 | 11.7 | 177.3 | 39.5 | 563.8 | 14.1 | 38.5 | 52.6 | 5.5 | 135.6 | 1.7 |
| 1971 | 135.5 | 34.0 | 11.5 | 181.0 | 39.7 | 557.9 | 14.4 | 37.4 | 51.8 | 5.5 | 135.1 | 1.9 |
| 1972 | 131.8 | 35.4 | 12.5 | 179.7 | 38.8 | 559.6 | 13.3 | 40.0 | 53.4 | 5.7 | 133.1 | 2.0 |
| 1973 | 121.8 | 33.7 | 12.7 | 168.2 | 37.0 | 554.8 | 11.6 | 41.7 | 53.3 | 6.0 | 136.3 | 1.8 |
| 1974 | 130.4 | 33.8 | 12.1 | 176.3 | 36.3 | 535.0 | 11.9 | 40.5 | 52.4 | 5.8 | 135.5 | 1.6 |
| 1975 | 125.8 | 32.9 | 12.1 | 170.9 | 35.4 | 539.1 | 10.8 | 41.9 | 52.6 | 6.0 | 139.1 | 1.9 |
| 1976 | 133.0 | 35.5 | 12.9 | 181.4 | 34.6 | 539.7 | 10.1 | 45.0 | 55.1 | 5.6 | 143.0 | 1.9 |
| 1977 | 132.3 | 35.9 | 12.6 | 180.9 | 34.3 | 540.2 | 10.6 | 42.7 | 53.3 | 5.7 | 140.9 | 1.7 |
| 1978 | 127.5 | 37.3 | 13.4 | 178.2 | 34.9 | 544.3 | 10.8 | 44.1 | 54.9 | 5.9 | 138.9 | 1.7 |
| 1979 | 124.4 | 40.1 | 13.0 | 177.6 | 35.5 | 548.2 | 11.5 | 44.9 | 56.4 | 5.9 | 144.1 | 1.7 |
| 1980 | 126.4 | 40.8 | 12.4 | 179.6 | 34.8 | 543.2 | 12.3 | 44.8 | 57.2 | 4.8 | 144.7 | 1.8 |
| 1981 | 125.1 | 42.1 | 12.6 | 179.7 | 34.0 | 540.6 | 11.7 | 45.7 | 57.4 | 5.5 | 145.6 | 1.9 |
| 1982 | 119.8 | 42.2 | 12.4 | 174.4 | 33.9 | 554.6 | 11.4 | 46.8 | 58.3 | 6.0 | 147.9 | 2.2 |
| 1983 | 123.9 | 42.7 | 13.3 | 180.0 | 33.5 | 572.9 | 12.1 | 47.9 | 60.0 | 5.9 | 147.7 | 2.3 |
| 1984 | 123.7 | 44.0 | 14.1 | 181.7 | 33.5 | 581.9 | 12.4 | 46.4 | 58.9 | 6.1 | 148.9 | 2.4 |
| 1985 | 124.9 | 45.5 | 15.0 | 185.4 | 32.8 | 593.7 | 13.3 | 50.9 | 64.3 | 6.3 | 156.3 | 2.4 |
| 1986 | 122.2 | 47.4 | 15.4 | 184.9 | 32.6 | 591.5 | 12.6 | 51.8 | 64.4 | 6.4 | 162.1 | 2.2 |
| 1987 | 117.4 | 51.0 | 16.1 | 184.5 | 32.7 | 601.2 | 11.1 | 51.8 | 62.9 | 6.4 | 170.0 | 2.2 |
| 1988 | 119.5 | 51.9 | 15.1 | 186.6 | 31.8 | 582.5 | 10.8 | 52.2 | 63.0 | 6.9 | 175.0 | 2.3 |
| 1989 | 115.9 | 53.9 | 15.6 | 185.4 | 30.5 | 563.8 | 9.9 | 50.5 | 60.4 | 7.0 | 176.3 | 2.2 |
| 1990 | 112.3 | 56.3 | 15.0 | 183.6 | 30.2 | 568.5 | 9.7 | 52.5 | 62.2 | 6.0 | 184.7 | 2.4 |
| 1991 | 111.9 | 58.4 | 14.8 | 185.1 | 30.1 | 565.6 | 9.7 | 54.2 | 63.9 | 6.5 | 187.8 | 2.2 |
| 1992 | 114.1 | 60.9 | 14.7 | 189.7 | 30.3 | 565.8 | 10.6 | 55.2 | 65.7 | 6.2 | 190.8 | 2.2 |
| 1993 | 112.1 | 62.6 | 14.9 | 189.6 | 30.3 | 574.1 | 10.3 | 58.0 | 68.4 | 6.0 | 195.8 | 2.2 |
| 1994 | 114.8 | 63.7 | 15.1 | 193.5 | 30.6 | 586.2 | 11.6 | 55.2 | 66.9 | 5.8 | 198.7 | 2.3 |

| Year | Selected fruits | | | | Selected juices 12/ | Vegetables | | | Potatoes | | Caloric sweet- eners 16/ | Coffee |
|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|-------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| | Fresh 11/ | Canned | Frozen | Dried | | Fresh 11/ 13/ | For canning 11/ 14/ | For freezing 11/ 15/ | Fresh | Frozen | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 101.2 | 23.3 | 3.3 | 2.7 | NA | 85.4 | 96.4 | 16.6 | 59.3 | 12.8 | 122.3 | 10.4 |
| 1971 | 100.3 | 23.6 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 49.9 | 85.4 | 103.2 | 16.7 | 53.8 | 13.9 | 123.4 | 9.9 |
| 1972 | 94.8 | 21.4 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 54.3 | 86.8 | 99.7 | 16.7 | 55.5 | 14.3 | 125.0 | 10.3 |
| 1973 | 96.5 | 22.0 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 52.7 | 88.7 | 93.3 | 17.7 | 50.3 | 16.4 | 125.6 | 10.0 |
| 1974 | 95.6 | 21.7 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 52.7 | 89.7 | 94.6 | 17.3 | 47.4 | 17.3 | 121.9 | 9.6 |
| 1975 | 101.8 | 21.1 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 57.7 | 88.4 | 93.4 | 16.9 | 50.5 | 18.6 | 118.0 | 9.2 |
| 1976 | 101.5 | 21.1 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 60.6 | 90.9 | 98.9 | 17.0 | 47.5 | 20.9 | 123.9 | 9.4 |
| 1977 | 99.7 | 21.9 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 61.1 | 91.3 | 96.8 | 18.3 | 48.1 | 21.1 | 126.6 | 7.0 |
| 1978 | 103.4 | 20.5 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 56.3 | 89.9 | 91.8 | 17.3 | 44.1 | 21.3 | 124.6 | 7.9 |
| 1979 | 100.1 | 21.6 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 59.1 | 91.2 | 95.7 | 18.0 | 47.4 | 19.3 | 125.7 | 8.6 |
| 1980 | 104.8 | 21.1 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 62.5 | 92.5 | 98.3 | 17.2 | 49.1 | 17.7 | 123.0 | 7.7 |
| 1981 | 103.6 | 18.3 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 64.8 | 90.9 | 93.0 | 17.6 | 44.0 | 20.7 | 122.2 | 7.5 |
| 1982 | 107.4 | 19.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 59.0 | 94.6 | 91.3 | 16.1 | 45.2 | 19.3 | 120.4 | 7.4 |
| 1983 | 110.0 | 17.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 73.2 | 92.5 | 92.5 | 16.9 | 47.8 | 19.6 | 121.9 | 7.5 |
| 1984 | 112.6 | 17.4 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 63.5 | 99.0 | 98.2 | 19.9 | 46.4 | 21.8 | 124.6 | 7.6 |
| 1985 | 110.6 | 18.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 67.5 | 102.7 | 95.2 | 19.6 | 44.5 | 22.7 | 128.8 | 7.8 |
| 1986 | 117.3 | 18.2 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 69.3 | 101.1 | 95.8 | 18.6 | 46.9 | 23.1 | 127.0 | 7.8 |
| 1987 | 121.6 | 18.4 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 71.4 | 108.1 | 95.5 | 19.3 | 46.0 | 23.9 | 131.6 | 7.6 |
| 1988 | 120.9 | 18.1 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 71.7 | 111.7 | 91.2 | 21.1 | 47.7 | 21.7 | 132.7 | 7.3 |
| 1989 | 123.1 | 18.5 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 67.2 | 116.1 | 98.7 | 20.8 | 48.1 | 23.4 | 133.2 | 7.5 |
| 1990 | 116.5 | 18.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 59.9 | 113.9 | 107.0 | 20.4 | 43.9 | 25.1 | 137.0 | 7.8 |
| 1991 | 113.2 | 17.1 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 68.9 | 110.9 | 109.6 | 21.8 | 44.6 | 25.6 | 137.9 | 7.8 |
| 1992 | 123.6 | 19.8 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 63.5 | 116.1 | 107.3 | 21.0 | 46.9 | 25.5 | 141.2 | 7.6 |
| 1993 | 124.9 | 18.0 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 73.1 | 116.2 | 108.3 | 23.0 | 47.9 | 27.2 | 144.4 | 6.9 |
| 1994 | 126.7 | 18.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 75.1 | 113.9 | 104.5 | 21.6 | 48.2 | 28.9 | 147.6 | 6.2 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Data are on a retail-weight basis unless otherwise indicated. Final consumer products from a combination of primary food groups, such as bakery products, are measured and reported in the form of their primary ingredients, such as flour, shortening, and eggs. 2/ Boneless, trimmed equivalent. 3/ Excludes edible offals. 4/ Excludes shipments to the U.S. territories. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Milk equivalent, milkfat basis. Includes butter. 7/ Fat-content basis. Includes butter. 8/ Kernel basis. 9/ Consumption of most items at the processing level. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages, fuel, and sweeteners. 10/ Shelled basis. 11/ Farm weight. 12/ Single-strength basis. 13/ Includes artichokes, asparagus, snap beans, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, escarole/endive, garlic, head lettuce, romaine and leaf lettuce, onions, bell peppers, radishes, spinach, and tomatoes. 14/ Includes asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage for kraut, carrots, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, green peas, chile peppers, spinach, and processed tomato products. 15/ Includes asparagus, lima beans, snap beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, sweet corn, green peas, spinach, and miscellaneous vegetables. 16/ Dry basis.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 2--Selected items: Average annual per capita consumption, selected periods 1/

| Item | 1970-74 | 1975-79 | 1980-84 | 1985-89 | 1990-94 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| Meat, poultry, and fish 2/ 3/ | 176.5 | 177.8 | 179.1 | 185.4 | 188.3 | 189.7 | 189.6 | 193.5 |
| Red meats 2/ 4/ 5/ | 130.2 | 128.6 | 123.8 | 120.0 | 113.0 | 114.1 | 112.1 | 114.8 |
| Beef | 79.1 | 82.8 | 73.1 | 70.5 | 63.0 | 62.8 | 61.5 | 63.6 |
| Veal | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Pork | 47.6 | 42.4 | 48.3 | 47.1 | 48.3 | 49.5 | 48.9 | 49.5 |
| Lamb and mutton | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Poultry 2/ 5/ | 34.1 | 36.3 | 42.3 | 50.0 | 60.4 | 60.9 | 62.6 | 63.7 |
| Chicken | 27.4 | 29.4 | 33.9 | 38.7 | 48.3 | 46.7 | 48.5 | 49.5 |
| Turkey | 6.7 | 6.9 | 8.4 | 11.3 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 14.1 | 14.2 |
| Fish and shellfish 2/ 6/ | 12.1 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 15.4 | 14.9 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 15.1 |
| Fresh and frozen | 7.0 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.3 |
| Canned | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Cured | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Eggs 5/ | 38.3 | 34.9 | 33.9 | 32.1 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.6 |
| All dairy products, including butter 7/ | 554.2 | 542.3 | 558.6 | 586.5 | 572.0 | 565.8 | 574.1 | 586.2 |
| Fluid milk and cream | 270.7 | 256.7 | 239.3 | 238.2 | 230.0 | 230.9 | 226.8 | 225.7 |
| Fluid milk products | 265.6 | 251.3 | 233.3 | 230.7 | 222.1 | 222.9 | 218.7 | 217.7 |
| Beverage milks | 264.3 | 249.0 | 230.4 | 226.3 | 217.7 | 218.6 | 214.3 | 213.0 |
| Plain | 249.8 | 233.8 | 216.8 | 212.3 | 204.9 | 205.9 | 201.7 | 200.2 |
| Whole | 198.6 | 161.6 | 131.7 | 107.6 | 81.5 | 81.4 | 77.8 | 75.8 |
| 2 percent fat | 34.2 | 46.8 | 59.0 | 73.6 | 77.5 | 78.5 | 76.7 | 74.9 |
| 1 percent fat | 4.2 | 13.8 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 20.6 | 21.0 | 20.5 | 20.7 |
| Skim | 12.8 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 15.3 | 25.4 | 25.0 | 26.7 | 28.8 |
| Flavored | 9.3 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.8 |
| Whole | 6.6 | 6.3 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Lowfat and skim | 2.7 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.1 |
| Buttermilk | 5.2 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Yogurt | 1.2 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.7 |
| Fluid cream products | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.1 |
| Cheese 2/ 8/ | 12.9 | 16.0 | 19.5 | 23.5 | 25.7 | 26.0 | 26.3 | 26.8 |
| American 9/ | 7.7 | 9.1 | 10.9 | 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 11.6 |
| Cheddar | 6.0 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.1 |
| Italian | 2.5 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 10.3 |
| Mozzarella | 1.6 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.9 |
| Other 10/ | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Cream and Neufchâtel | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| Frozen dairy products 11/ | 28.1 | 27.5 | 26.7 | 28.1 | 29.2 | 28.9 | 29.3 | 30.0 |
| Ice cream | 17.6 | 17.8 | 17.7 | 17.7 | 16.1 | 16.3 | 15.1 | 16.1 |
| Ice milk | 7.6 | 7.5 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 8.9 | 7.6 |
| Sherbet | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Frozen yogurt | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk 2/ | 10.7 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 8.0 |
| Skim milk | 4.5 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.8 |
| Canned whole milk | 5.1 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| Bulk whole milk | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Nonfat dry milk | 4.9 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| Fats and oils, fat content 2/ 12/ | 52.7 | 54.5 | 58.3 | 63.0 | 65.4 | 65.7 | 68.4 | 66.9 |
| Vegetable fat | 39.6 | 43.7 | 46.3 | 51.4 | 55.0 | 55.2 | 58.0 | 55.2 |
| Animal fat | 13.1 | 10.8 | 12.0 | 11.6 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 11.6 |
| Fats and oils, product weight 2/ | 55.9 | 57.5 | 61.4 | 66.1 | 68.5 | 68.8 | 71.5 | 69.8 |
| Butter | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Margarine | 11.0 | 11.4 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 9.9 |
| Lard (direct use) 13/ | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| Edible tallow (direct use) 13/ | NA | NA | 1.4 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.3 |
| Shortening | 17.2 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 21.9 | 23.3 | 22.4 | 25.1 | 24.1 |
| Salad and cooking oils | 16.7 | 19.5 | 21.7 | 24.6 | 24.9 | 25.6 | 25.1 | 24.3 |
| Other edible fats and oils 14/ | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued--

Table 2--Selected items: Average annual per capita consumption, selected periods 1/--continued

| Item | 1970-74 | 1975-79 | 1980-84 | 1985-89 | 1990-94 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| Fresh fruit 2/ | 93.3 | 96.9 | 102.9 | 113.2 | 115.4 | 117.8 | 119.3 | 120.8 |
| Citrus | 27.0 | 25.7 | 23.9 | 22.9 | 22.4 | 23.5 | 25.1 | 24.1 |
| Noncitrus 2/ | 66.4 | 71.1 | 79.0 | 90.3 | 93.0 | 94.3 | 94.1 | 96.7 |
| Apples | 15.6 | 16.9 | 17.3 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 18.8 |
| Melons | 18.2 | 17.3 | 18.7 | 22.4 | 22.6 | 23.0 | 22.8 | 23.7 |
| Other noncitrus | 50.7 | 54.2 | 61.7 | 71.6 | 74.6 | 75.8 | 75.8 | 77.9 |
| Frozen fruit | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Dried fruit | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 |
| Canned fruit | 22.4 | 21.2 | 18.7 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 19.8 | 18.0 | 18.3 |
| Selected fruit juices 15/ | 52.4 | 59.0 | 64.6 | 69.4 | 68.1 | 63.5 | 73.1 | 75.1 |
| Selected commercial fresh vegetables 16/ | 80.2 | 83.2 | 86.5 | 99.0 | 105.0 | 107.0 | 106.8 | 104.7 |
| Processed vegetables (farm weight) 2/ 17/ | 115.7 | 114.3 | 113.6 | 116.8 | 130.5 | 129.7 | 133.4 | 127.1 |
| Vegetables for canning 2/ | 97.4 | 95.3 | 94.7 | 95.3 | 107.3 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 104.5 |
| Tomatoes for processing 18/ | 63.0 | 62.7 | 62.5 | 64.5 | 75.6 | 73.7 | 76.4 | 75.3 |
| Other vegetables for canning 19/ | 34.4 | 32.6 | 32.2 | 30.7 | 31.7 | 33.6 | 31.9 | 29.2 |
| Vegetables for freezing 20/ | 17.0 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 19.9 | 21.6 | 21.0 | 23.0 | 21.6 |
| Mushrooms | 1.2 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Fresh potatoes | 53.3 | 47.5 | 46.5 | 46.6 | 46.3 | 46.9 | 47.9 | 48.2 |
| Frozen potatoes | 14.9 | 20.2 | 19.8 | 23.0 | 26.6 | 25.5 | 27.2 | 28.9 |
| Sweetpotatoes (farm weight) | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.7 |
| Dry edible beans (farm weight) | 6.5 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| Dry edible peas (farm weight) | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Tree nuts (shelled basis) | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Peanuts (kernel basis) | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.8 |
| Flour and cereal products 2/ | 135.1 | 141.2 | 147.0 | 167.9 | 191.5 | 190.7 | 195.8 | 198.7 |
| Wheat flour | 111.0 | 116.1 | 117.3 | 128.3 | 139.8 | 138.8 | 143.3 | 144.5 |
| Rye flour | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| Rice (milled basis) | 7.2 | 7.4 | 10.1 | 12.8 | 17.4 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 19.0 |
| Corn products 21/ | 10.2 | 11.8 | 14.1 | 19.8 | 23.1 | 23.2 | 23.5 | 23.7 |
| Oat products 22/ | 4.7 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.2 | 9.2 |
| Barley products 23/ | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Coffee (gallons) 24/ | 33.1 | 29.0 | 26.4 | 26.7 | 24.8 | 25.9 | 23.5 | 21.1 |
| Tea (gallons) 24/ | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Cocoa (chocolate liquor equivalent) | 3.2 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.1 |
| Total sweeteners 2/ 25/ | 129.0 | 130.4 | 133.3 | 149.9 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Caloric sweeteners 2/ 25/ | 123.7 | 123.8 | 122.4 | 130.7 | 141.6 | 141.2 | 144.4 | 147.6 |
| Refined sugar | 100.5 | 91.5 | 74.7 | 62.0 | 64.4 | 64.6 | 64.3 | 65.0 |
| Corn sweeteners | 21.7 | 30.9 | 46.4 | 67.3 | 75.8 | 75.3 | 78.7 | 81.3 |
| Low-calorie sweeteners 26/ | 5.4 | 6.6 | 10.8 | 19.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

NA = Not available.

1/ Retail-weight equivalent unless otherwise indicated. 2/ Total may not add due to rounding. 3/ Boneless, trimmed equivalent. 4/ Excludes game meat and edible offals. 5/ Excludes shipments to U.S. territories. 6/ Excludes game fish. 7/ Milk equivalent, milkfat basis. Items shown separately are product-weight basis. 8/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products. Excludes full-skim American, cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. 9/ Cheddar, Colby, washed curd, stirred curd, Monterey, and Jack. 10/ Swiss, brick, Muenster, blue, and other miscellaneous cheeses. 11/ Includes mellowine and nonstandardized frozen dairy products. 12/ Fat content of butter and margarine is 80 percent of product weight. 13/ Direct use excludes use in margarine and shortening. 14/ Specialty fats used mainly in confectionery products and non-dairy creamers. 15/ Single-strength equivalent. 16/ Artichokes, asparagus, snap beans, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, escarole/endive, garlic, head lettuce, romaine and leaf lettuce, onions, bell peppers, radishes, spinach, and tomatoes. 17/ Includes dehydrated onions. 18/ Includes use in such tomato products as ketchup, tomato sauce, and canned tomatoes. 19/ Asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage for kraut, carrots, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, green peas, chili peppers, and spinach. 20/ Asparagus, lima beans, snap beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, sweet corn, green peas, spinach, and miscellaneous vegetables. 21/ Corn flour, meal, hominy, grits, and cornstarch; excludes corn sweeteners. 22/ Oatmeal, oat cereal, oat flour, and oat bran. 23/ Barley flour, pearl barley, and malt and malt extract. 24/ Fluid equivalent. 25/ Dry-weight basis. Includes honey and edible syrups. 26/ Sugar-sweetness equivalent.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 3--Conversion factors used to obtain retail weight from primary weight 1/

| Item | Primary weight basis 2/ | Factor used | item | Primary weight basis 2/ | Factor used |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Red meats: | | | Fresh fruits: | | |
| Beef | Carcass | 3/ | Citrus-- | | |
| Veal | do. | 0.83 | Oranges | Farm | 0.97 |
| Lamb and mutton | do. | 0.89 | Tangerines | do. | 0.94 |
| Pork, excluding lard | do. | 4/ | Tangelos | do. | 0.96 |
| Young chicken (broilers) | Ready to cook | 5/ | Grapefruits | do. | 0.97 |
| | | | Lemons | do. | 0.96 |
| | | | Limes | do. | 0.95 |
| Fish and shellfish: | | | Other fresh fruits-- | | |
| Fresh and frozen | Edible 6/ | 1.00 | Apples | do. | 0.96 |
| Canned | Canned | 1.00 | Apricots | do. | 0.91 |
| Cured | Cured | 1.00 | Avocados | do. | 0.94 |
| Eggs | Farm | 7/ | Bananas | do. | 1.00 |
| | | | Cherries | do. | 0.92 |
| Dairy products: | | | Cranberries | do. | 0.96 |
| Fluid milk and cream | Fluid | 1.00 | Figs | do. | 0.91 |
| | | | Grapes | do. | 0.91 |
| Fats and oils: | | | Nectarines | do. | 0.95 |
| Butter | Processed | 1.00 | Peaches | do. | 0.94 |
| Lard | do. | 1.00 | Pears | do. | 0.95 |
| Margarine | do. | 1.00 | Pineapples | do. | 0.95 |
| Shortening | do. | 1.00 | Plums and prunes | do. | 0.95 |
| Salad and cooking oil | do. | 1.00 | Strawberries | do. | 0.92 |
| Cane and beet sugar | Raw | 0.94 | Canned fruits and juices | Canned | 1.00 |
| Peanuts, kernel basis | Shelled | 1.00 | Dried fruits | Packed | 1.00 |
| | | | Frozen fruits | do. | 1.00 |
| Grain products: | | | Cantaloups and honeydew | Farm | 0.92 |
| Wheat flour | Milled, processed | 1.00 | Watermelons | do. | 0.90 |
| Rye flour | Grain equivalent | 0.80 | | | |
| Rice | Rough basis | 8/ | Fresh vegetables: | | |
| Corn products 9/ | Milled, processed | 1.00 | Dark green and deep yellow | | |
| Oat products 10/ 11/ | Grain equivalent | 0.60 | Broccoli | do. | 0.92 |
| Barley products 11/ 12/ | Grain equivalent | 0.63 | Carrots | do. | 0.97 |
| | | | Escarole/endive | do. | 0.93 |
| | | | Bell peppers | do. | 0.92 |
| | | | Spinach | do. | 0.88 |
| | | | Tomatoes | do. | 0.85 |
| Coffee: | | | Other fresh vegetables: | | |
| Regular | Green bean, roasted | 0.84 | Artichokes | do. | 0.93 |
| Instant | do. | 13/ | Asparagus | do. | 0.91 |
| Tea | Leaf equivalent | 1.00 | Lima beans | do. | 0.92 |
| | | | Snap beans | do. | 0.94 |
| | | | Brussel sprouts | do. | 0.92 |
| | | | Cabbage | do. | 0.93 |
| | | | Cauliflower | do. | 0.92 |
| | | | Celery | do. | 0.93 |
| | | | Corn | do. | 0.92 |
| | | | Cucumbers | do. | 0.92 |
| | | | Eggplant | do. | 0.90 |
| | | | Garlic | do. | 0.81 |
| | | | Lettuce | do. | 0.93 |
| | | | Radishes | do. | 0.97 |
| | | | Onions | do. | 0.94 |
| Cocoa beans | Beans | 14/ 0.80 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Potatoes: | | | | | |
| Fresh | Farm | 0.96 | | | |
| Frozen | do. | 15/ | | | |
| Canned | do. | 0.636 | | | |
| Chips and shoestrings | do. | 0.245 | | | |
| Dehydrated | do. | 0.14 | | | |

1/ These factors, which were based on information from various sources, were first assembled during World War II. Later, they were published in "Conversion Factors and Weights and Measures for Agricultural Commodities and Their Products," SB-362, ERS, USDA, June 1965. Revisions of this publication (SB-616 and AH-697) were published by USDA in March 1979 and June 1992, respectively. Current revisions were based on special industry surveys and appraisals by commodity specialists. 2/ The points in the marketing system at which primary data are obtained. 3/ Factor of 0.74 used from 1962-85, 0.73 in 1986, 0.71 in 1987, 0.705 in 1988-90, 0.70 in 1991-93, and 0.695 in 1994-95. 4/ Conversion factors for the pork retail weight series for 1955-90 were revised in the January 1991 "Livestock and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report" (LPS-45, ERS, USDA). These new factors are in table 48. The 1989 factor of 0.776 will be used until the next periodical revision. 5/ The conversion factor changes in relation to the proportion of ready-to-cook product moving out of the human consumption channel to the pet food or rendering industries. The factor changes from 1.00 in 1978 to 0.881 in 1993-95 and will continue to be updated periodically. 6/ Excludes such offals as bones, viscera, and shells. 7/ Factor of 0.975 used in 1960; thereafter, it was increased 0.003 per year until 0.985 was reached in 1990. 8/ Factor (rice milling rate) estimated each marketing year based on quality of crop (see table 80). 9/ Corn flour, meal, hominy, grits, and corn starch. 10/ Rolled oats, ready-to-eat oat cereal, oat flour, and oat bran. 11/ This factor is a composite; each item in the group has its own factor. 12/ Barley flour, pearl barley, and malt and malt extract used in foods, such as crackers. 13/ Factor of 0.333 used for 1963-73 and 0.40 used for 1974 and later. 14/ Chocolate liquor equivalent (53-percent fat content). 15/ Factor of 0.41 used in 1966; thereafter, it was increased 0.01 per year until .50 was reached in 1975.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 4—Red meat (carcass weight) and poultry (ready-to-cook weight): Per capita consumption, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Red meat (carcass) 3/ | | | | | Poultry (ready-to-cook) 4/ | | | Total 5/ |
|----------|--|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------------|----------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Beef | Veal | Pork | Lamb | Total 5/ | Chicken | Turkey | Total 5/ | |
| Millions | | Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 114.1 | 3.0 | 72.1 | 3.2 | 192.4 | 40.1 | 8.1 | 48.2 | 240.6 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 113.1 | 2.7 | 78.5 | 3.1 | 197.5 | 40.1 | 8.4 | 48.5 | 246.0 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 115.0 | 2.3 | 70.8 | 3.3 | 191.4 | 41.5 | 9.0 | 50.5 | 241.9 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 108.6 | 1.8 | 63.2 | 2.6 | 176.2 | 39.7 | 8.4 | 48.2 | 224.4 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 115.5 | 2.3 | 68.2 | 2.3 | 188.3 | 39.6 | 8.7 | 48.3 | 236.6 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 118.9 | 4.1 | 56.0 | 2.0 | 181.1 | 38.8 | 8.3 | 47.1 | 228.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 127.2 | 4.0 | 58.0 | 1.8 | 191.0 | 41.9 | 8.9 | 50.8 | 241.7 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 123.7 | 3.8 | 60.5 | 1.7 | 189.7 | 42.7 | 8.7 | 51.5 | 241.1 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 117.7 | 2.9 | 60.2 | 1.5 | 182.4 | 44.8 | 8.7 | 53.5 | 235.9 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 105.3 | 2.0 | 68.7 | 1.5 | 177.5 | 48.3 | 9.2 | 57.5 | 235.0 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 103.3 | 1.8 | 73.3 | 1.5 | 179.9 | 48.4 | 10.2 | 58.7 | 238.5 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 104.3 | 2.0 | 69.8 | 1.6 | 177.6 | 50.4 | 10.6 | 61.0 | 238.6 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 103.9 | 2.0 | 62.6 | 1.7 | 170.1 | 51.5 | 10.6 | 62.0 | 232.1 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 106.1 | 2.0 | 66.0 | 1.7 | 175.7 | 52.6 | 11.0 | 63.6 | 239.3 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 105.8 | 2.1 | 65.5 | 1.7 | 175.1 | 54.5 | 11.0 | 65.5 | 240.7 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 106.8 | 2.2 | 66.0 | 1.6 | 176.7 | 56.3 | 11.6 | 67.9 | 244.6 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 107.8 | 2.3 | 62.3 | 1.6 | 174.0 | 58.1 | 12.9 | 71.0 | 245.0 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 103.8 | 1.8 | 62.7 | 1.5 | 169.8 | 61.9 | 14.7 | 76.7 | 246.5 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 102.8 | 1.7 | 67.0 | 1.6 | 173.1 | 63.8 | 15.7 | 79.5 | 252.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 98.1 | 1.4 | 66.4 | 1.6 | 167.5 | 67.5 | 16.6 | 84.1 | 251.6 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 95.9 | 1.3 | 63.7 | 1.6 | 162.5 | 70.4 | 17.5 | 87.9 | 250.4 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 95.2 | 1.2 | 64.4 | 1.6 | 162.3 | 73.5 | 17.9 | 91.4 | 253.7 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 94.7 | 1.2 | 67.9 | 1.5 | 165.3 | 76.8 | 17.9 | 94.8 | 260.1 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 92.8 | 1.1 | 67.1 | 1.5 | 162.4 | 78.9 | 17.8 | 96.7 | 259.1 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 96.2 | 1.1 | 68.0 | 1.3 | 166.6 | 80.5 | 17.9 | 98.4 | 265.0 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 97.0 | 1.2 | 67.5 | 1.3 | 167.0 | 82.0 | 18.3 | 100.2 | 267.3 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Includes processed meats and poultry on a fresh basis. Excludes shipments to territories, as shown in commodity supply and utilization tables. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories.
 3/ Beef-carcass weight is the weight of the chilled hanging carcass which includes the kidney and attached internal fat (kidney, pelvic, and heart fat (KPH)), but not the head, feet, and unattached internal organs. Definitions of carcass weight for other red meats differ slightly. 4/ Ready-to-cook poultry weight is the entire dressed bird which includes bones, skin, fat, liver, gizzard, and neck. 5/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 5—Red meat and chicken (retail cut equivalent): Per capita consumption, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Red meat 3/ | | | | | Chicken | | | |
|--------|--|-------------|------|------|------|-------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| | | Beef | Veal | Pork | Lamb | Total 4/ | Young chicken 5/ | Other chicken | Total 4/ | |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 84.4 | 2.5 | 55.2 | 2.9 | 144.9 | 36.5 | 3.7 | 40.1 | |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 83.7 | 2.3 | 60.2 | 2.8 | 148.9 | 36.3 | 3.8 | 40.1 | |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 85.1 | 1.9 | 54.3 | 2.9 | 144.2 | 38.0 | 3.5 | 41.5 | |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 80.4 | 1.5 | 48.5 | 2.4 | 132.8 | 36.6 | 3.2 | 39.7 | |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 85.5 | 1.9 | 52.4 | 2.0 | 141.9 | 36.4 | 3.2 | 39.6 | |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 88.0 | 3.4 | 43.1 | 1.8 | 136.3 | 36.2 | 2.7 | 38.8 | |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 94.1 | 3.3 | 44.7 | 1.6 | 143.7 | 39.3 | 2.6 | 41.9 | |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 91.5 | 3.2 | 46.7 | 1.5 | 142.9 | 40.1 | 2.6 | 42.7 | |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 87.1 | 2.4 | 46.5 | 1.4 | 137.5 | 42.5 | 2.3 | 44.8 | |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 77.9 | 1.7 | 53.2 | 1.3 | 134.1 | 45.4 | 2.2 | 47.6 | |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 76.4 | 1.5 | 56.8 | 1.4 | 136.1 | 45.2 | 2.1 | 47.3 | |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 77.2 | 1.6 | 54.2 | 1.4 | 134.4 | 46.2 | 2.5 | 48.7 | |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 76.9 | 1.7 | 48.6 | 1.5 | 128.6 | 46.4 | 2.5 | 48.9 | |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 78.5 | 1.6 | 51.3 | 1.5 | 133.0 | 46.9 | 2.2 | 49.1 | |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 78.3 | 1.8 | 51.0 | 1.5 | 132.6 | 48.7 | 2.1 | 50.8 | |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 79.1 | 1.9 | 51.5 | 1.4 | 133.8 | 50.4 | 2.0 | 52.4 | |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 78.7 | 1.9 | 48.6 | 1.4 | 130.5 | 51.4 | 2.1 | 53.5 | |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 73.7 | 1.5 | 48.8 | 1.3 | 125.3 | 54.5 | 2.1 | 56.6 | |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 72.5 | 1.4 | 52.1 | 1.4 | 127.3 | 54.8 | 1.9 | 56.7 | |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 69.2 | 1.2 | 51.5 | 1.4 | 123.3 | 56.6 | 1.7 | 58.3 | |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 67.6 | 1.1 | 49.4 | 1.4 | 119.5 | 59.0 | 1.7 | 60.7 | |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 66.6 | 1.0 | 50.0 | 1.4 | 119.0 | 61.6 | 1.6 | 63.1 | |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 66.3 | 1.0 | 52.7 | 1.3 | 121.3 | 65.3 | 1.6 | 66.8 | |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 64.9 | 0.9 | 52.1 | 1.3 | 119.2 | 68.0 | 1.5 | 69.5 | |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 66.8 | 0.9 | 52.7 | 1.2 | 121.7 | 69.6 | 1.4 | 70.9 | |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 67.4 | 1.0 | 52.4 | 1.1 | 122.0 | 70.9 | 1.3 | 72.2 | |

F = Forecast.

1/ Includes processed meats and poultry on a fresh basis. Excludes shipments to territories, as shown in commodity supply and utilization tables. Comparison data on retail-weight equivalent of turkeys are not yet available. To compare turkey consumption and red meat consumption, use carcass and ready-to-cook or boneless equivalent. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Skeletal meats; excludes edible offals. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Excludes the amount of ready-to-cook chicken going to pet food as well as some water leakage that occurs when chicken is cut up before packaging.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 6--Red meat, poultry, and fish (boneless, trimmed equivalent): Per capita consumption, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Red meat | | | | | Poultry 4/ | | | Fish and shellfish | Total 3/ |
|--------|--|----------|------|------|------|-------------|---------------|--------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | | Beef | Veal | Pork | Lamb | Total 3/ | Chicken 5/ | Turkey | Total 3/ | | |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 79.6 | 2.0 | 48.0 | 2.1 | 131.7 | 27.4 | 6.4 | 33.8 | 11.7 | 177.3 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 79.0 | 1.9 | 52.6 | 2.1 | 135.5 | 27.4 | 6.6 | 34.0 | 11.5 | 181.0 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 80.3 | 1.6 | 47.8 | 2.2 | 131.8 | 28.3 | 7.1 | 35.4 | 12.5 | 179.7 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 75.8 | 1.2 | 43.0 | 1.7 | 121.8 | 27.1 | 6.6 | 33.7 | 12.7 | 168.2 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 80.6 | 1.6 | 46.7 | 1.5 | 130.4 | 27.0 | 6.8 | 33.8 | 12.1 | 176.3 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 83.0 | 2.8 | 38.7 | 1.3 | 125.8 | 26.4 | 6.5 | 32.9 | 12.1 | 170.9 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 88.8 | 2.7 | 40.3 | 1.2 | 133.0 | 28.5 | 7.0 | 35.5 | 12.9 | 181.4 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 86.3 | 2.6 | 42.3 | 1.1 | 132.3 | 29.0 | 6.9 | 35.9 | 12.6 | 180.9 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 82.2 | 2.0 | 42.3 | 1.0 | 127.5 | 30.4 | 6.9 | 37.3 | 13.4 | 178.2 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 73.5 | 1.4 | 48.6 | 1.0 | 124.4 | 32.8 | 7.3 | 40.1 | 13.0 | 177.6 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 72.1 | 1.3 | 52.1 | 1.0 | 126.4 | 32.7 | 8.1 | 40.8 | 12.4 | 179.6 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 72.8 | 1.3 | 49.9 | 1.0 | 125.1 | 33.7 | 8.3 | 42.1 | 12.6 | 179.7 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 72.5 | 1.4 | 44.9 | 1.1 | 119.8 | 33.9 | 8.3 | 42.2 | 12.4 | 174.4 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 74.1 | 1.4 | 47.4 | 1.1 | 123.9 | 34.0 | 8.7 | 42.7 | 13.3 | 180.0 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 73.9 | 1.5 | 47.2 | 1.1 | 123.7 | 35.3 | 8.7 | 44.0 | 14.1 | 181.7 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 74.6 | 1.5 | 47.7 | 1.1 | 124.9 | 36.4 | 9.1 | 45.5 | 15.0 | 185.4 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 74.4 | 1.6 | 45.2 | 1.0 | 122.2 | 37.2 | 10.2 | 47.4 | 15.4 | 184.9 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 69.6 | 1.3 | 45.6 | 1.0 | 117.4 | 39.4 | 11.6 | 51.0 | 16.1 | 184.5 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 68.6 | 1.1 | 48.8 | 1.0 | 119.5 | 39.6 | 12.4 | 51.9 | 15.1 | 186.6 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 65.4 | 1.0 | 48.4 | 1.0 | 115.9 | 40.9 | 13.1 | 53.9 | 15.6 | 185.4 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 64.0 | 0.9 | 46.4 | 1.0 | 112.3 | 42.5 | 13.8 | 56.3 | 15.0 | 183.6 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 63.1 | 0.8 | 46.9 | 1.0 | 111.9 | 44.2 | 14.1 | 58.4 | 14.8 | 185.1 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 62.8 | 0.8 | 49.5 | 1.0 | 114.1 | 46.7 | 14.2 | 60.9 | 14.7 | 189.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 61.5 | 0.8 | 48.9 | 1.0 | 112.1 | 48.5 | 14.1 | 62.6 | 14.9 | 189.6 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 63.6 | 0.8 | 49.5 | 0.9 | 114.8 | 49.5 | 14.2 | 63.7 | 15.1 | 193.5 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 64.1 | 0.8 | 49.2 | 0.8 | 115.0 | 50.4 | 14.4 | 64.8 | 15.1 | 195.0 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Excludes shipments to territories. Boneless equivalent for red meat derived from carcass weight, using conversion factors shown in supply and utilization tables. Boneless equivalent for chicken and turkey derived from ready-to-cook weight, using conversion factors shown in supply and utilization tables. Boneless equivalent or edible weight for fish is calculated by the U.S. Department of Commerce (see fishery products per capita table). 2/ Excludes U.S. territories. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Includes skin, neck meat, and giblets. 5/ Excludes the amount of ready-to-cook chicken going to pet food as well as some water leakage that occurs when chicken is cut up before packaging.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service and U.S. Department of Commerce/National Marine Fisheries.

Table 7—Fishery products (edible weight): Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Fresh and frozen | | | Canned | | | | | | Cured | Total 2/ |
|--------|--|------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|--|------|-----------|-------|-------------|-------|-------------|
| | | Fish | Shellfish | Total 2/ | Salmon | Sardines (pilchards and herring) | Tuna | Shellfish | Other | Total 2/ | | |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 6.9 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 4.4 | 0.4 | 11.7 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 6.7 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 4.3 | 0.5 | 11.5 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 4.7 | 2.4 | 7.1 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 4.9 | 0.4 | 12.5 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 7.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 12.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 6.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 0.5 | 12.1 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 5.0 | 2.5 | 7.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 4.2 | 0.4 | 12.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 5.6 | 2.6 | 8.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 4.2 | 0.5 | 12.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 7.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 4.5 | 0.4 | 12.6 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 8.1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 13.4 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 13.0 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 5.4 | 2.5 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 12.4 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 7.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 12.6 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 12.4 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 8.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 13.3 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 5.6 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 14.1 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 6.2 | 3.6 | 9.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 5.0 | 0.3 | 15.0 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 9.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.4 | 0.3 | 15.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 6.9 | 3.8 | 10.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.2 | 0.3 | 16.1 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 10.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 15.1 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 6.6 | 3.6 | 10.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 3.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 5.1 | 0.3 | 15.6 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 6.0 | 3.6 | 9.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 3.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 5.1 | 0.3 | 15.0 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 5.9 | 3.8 | 9.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 14.8 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 9.8 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 14.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 10.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 0.3 | 14.9 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 10.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 3.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 4.5 | 0.3 | 15.1 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ The figures are calculated on the basis of raw edible meat; that is, excluding such offals as bones, viscera, and shells. Excludes game fish consumption. 2/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: Calculated by ERS from data provided by U.S. Department of Commerce/National Marine Fisheries Service.

Table 8—Fish and shellfish: Per capita consumption, by region and country, 1988-90 annual average 1/

| Region and country | Liveweight | Region and country | Liveweight | Region and country | Liveweight |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|
| | Pounds | | Pounds | | Pounds |
| North America: | | Europe—continued: | | Africa: | |
| Greenland | 177.0 | United Kingdom | 43.9 | St. Helena | 218.9 |
| St. Pierre and Miquelon | 150.1 | Greece | 41.9 | Seychelles | 130.5 |
| Canada | 50.5 | Belgium and Luxembourg | 39.9 | Congo | 79.6 |
| United States | 47.0 | Ireland | 35.3 | Sao Tome | 71.0 |
| Caribbean: | | Switzerland | 28.7 | Gabon | 69.2 |
| British Virgin Islands | 189.8 | Poland | 27.3 | Ghana | 58.2 |
| Antigua | 140.2 | Germany | 26.9 | Senegal | 53.8 |
| Bermuda | 100.5 | Netherlands | 20.3 | Reunion | 53.4 |
| St. Christopher-Nevis | 99.4 | Austria | 19.4 | Angola | 49.4 |
| Guadeloupe | 95.7 | Romania | 16.3 | Ivory Coast | 44.5 |
| Martinique | 92.8 | Former Czechoslovakia | 15.0 | Mauritius | 42.8 |
| Grenada | 76.5 | Bulgaria | 11.7 | Equatorial Guinea | 42.1 |
| Aruba | 72.1 | Hungary | 11.2 | Cape Verde | 37.3 |
| Cayman Islands | 71.4 | Yugoslavia | 9.3 | Gambia | 37.0 |
| Barbados | 65.3 | Albania | 6.2 | Tanzania | 34.0 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 58.0 | | | Togo | 33.3 |
| Bahamas | 54.5 | Near East: | | Comoros | 30.6 |
| Dominica | 47.2 | United Arab Emirates | 55.3 | Sierra Leone | 30.0 |
| Cuba | 42.1 | Oman | 45.9 | Cameroon | 29.5 |
| Jamaica | 41.7 | Israel | 45.4 | Liberia | 29.5 |
| Saint Lucia | 40.1 | Bahrain | 42.8 | Uganda | 28.4 |
| St. Vincent | 23.8 | Cyprus | 33.3 | Namibia | 27.6 |
| Trinidad-Tobago | 23.4 | Qatar | 27.3 | Mauritania | 22.3 |
| Montserrat | 23.1 | Kuwait | 19.6 | Tunisia | 22.3 |
| Dominican Republic | 18.5 | Egypt | 17.0 | Benin | 21.6 |
| Haiti | 9.3 | Saudi Arabia | 14.8 | Malawi | 20.9 |
| Latin America: | | Turkey | 13.9 | South Africa | 20.7 |
| French Guiana | 92.4 | Yemen Republic | 13.0 | Nigeria | 19.6 |
| Guyana | 91.0 | Iran | 9.7 | Zambia | 17.6 |
| Peru | 59.7 | Libya | 6.6 | Madagascar | 17.0 |
| Chile | 51.6 | Jordan | 4.6 | Zaire | 17.0 |
| Panama | 34.0 | Sudan | 3.1 | Guinea | 16.8 |
| Venezuela | 30.9 | Iraq | 2.2 | Mali | 16.3 |
| Mexico | 24.3 | Lebanon | 1.5 | Morocco | 15.2 |
| Ecuador | 20.3 | Syria | 1.1 | Kenya | 13.9 |
| Belize | 16.8 | Afghanistan | 0.2 | Guinea-Bissau | 12.1 |
| Suriname | 15.2 | | | Central African Republic | 11.5 |
| Brazil | 14.1 | Far East: | | Botswana | 10.1 |
| Argentina | 13.4 | Maldives | 291.0 | Algeria | 9.3 |
| Costa Rica | 11.2 | Japan | 158.5 | Chad | 9.3 |
| Uruguay | 8.8 | Hong Kong | 117.9 | Mozambique | 7.1 |
| Colombia | 6.2 | South Korea | 106.0 | Djibouti | 6.2 |
| Paraguay | 6.2 | North Korea | 97.4 | Burundi | 5.7 |
| El Salvador | 4.4 | Taiwan | 86.2 | Zimbabwe | 5.7 |
| Bolivia | 2.4 | Philippines | 78.3 | Burkina Faso | 4.2 |
| Honduras | 2.4 | Macao | 65.0 | Somalia | 3.5 |
| Guatemala | 1.3 | Singapore | 64.8 | Lesotho | 3.3 |
| Nicaragua | 1.3 | Brunei | 63.7 | Niger | 1.5 |
| Europe: | | Malaysia | 60.6 | Rwanda | 0.7 |
| Iceland | 203.0 | Thailand | 45.0 | Swaziland | 0.4 |
| Faeroe Island | 191.4 | Burma | 33.3 | Ethiopia | 0.2 |
| Portugal | 132.7 | Indonesia | 32.6 | Oceania: | |
| Norway | 90.6 | Sri Lanka | 32.2 | Solomon Islands | 131.6 |
| Spain | 83.1 | Vietnam | 29.8 | Fiji | 98.5 |
| France | 68.6 | Cambodia | 22.5 | Western Samoa | 88.8 |
| Finland | 67.5 | China | 20.7 | French Polynesia | 79.6 |
| Sweden | 59.3 | Bangladesh | 16.8 | Vanuatu | 66.6 |
| Former USSR | 54.7 | Laos | 15.2 | New Zealand | 60.6 |
| Denmark | 46.5 | India | 8.2 | Tonga | 53.8 |
| Italy | 45.0 | Pakistan | 3.7 | Papua New Guinea | 50.7 |
| Malta | 44.8 | Mongolia | 2.2 | New Caledonia | 49.2 |
| | | Nepal | 1.5 | Australia | 41.0 |
| | | | | World | 29.3 |

1/ Data for most countries are tentative. Aquatic plants are included where applicable.

Source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1993, vol. 77, Rome.

Table 9--Red meat and poultry: Per capita consumption, selected periods,
by 10 leading countries in 1995 1/

| Country and item | Annual average | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| | 1975-79 | 1980-84 | 1985-89 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 2/ |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | |
| Beef and veal: | | | | | | | | | |
| Uruguay | 170 | 152 | 137 | 126 | 140 | 170 | 142 | 150 | 154 |
| Argentina | 189 | 169 | 172 | 152 | 155 | 150 | 151 | 146 | 136 |
| United States | 122 | 107 | 106 | 97 | 97 | 96 | 94 | 98 | 99 |
| Australia | 142 | 99 | 89 | 84 | 83 | 81 | 78 | 82 | 79 |
| Canada | 108 | 91 | 89 | 83 | 79 | 77 | 74 | 76 | 75 |
| Czech Republic | NA | NA | NA | NA | 84 | 86 | 80 | 74 | 74 |
| New Zealand | 135 | 112 | 89 | 73 | 64 | 63 | 64 | 64 | 65 |
| Brazil | NA | NA | NA | NA | 60 | 57 | 58 | 58 | 59 |
| France | 69 | 69 | 67 | 65 | 66 | 64 | 65 | 59 | 59 |
| Italy | 53 | 57 | 61 | 59 | 59 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 56 |
| Pork: 3/ | | | | | | | | | |
| Denmark | 98 | 116 | 140 | 149 | 143 | 149 | 167 | 146 | 143 |
| Czech Republic | NA | NA | NA | NA | 148 | 149 | 144 | 154 | 131 |
| Belgium-Luxembourg | 92 | 102 | 108 | 102 | 110 | 116 | 118 | 116 | 118 |
| Spain | 47 | 63 | 85 | 105 | 109 | 110 | 118 | 116 | 116 |
| Austria | 98 | 108 | 114 | 115 | 113 | 108 | 112 | 111 | 111 |
| Germany | 108 | 117 | 122 | 118 | 107 | 105 | 107 | 103 | 102 |
| Netherlands | 73 | 82 | 94 | 97 | 96 | 93 | 119 | 97 | 98 |
| Taiwan | 55 | 64 | 83 | 85 | 86 | 86 | 89 | 90 | 93 |
| Poland | 106 | 93 | 99 | 109 | 116 | 119 | 91 | 81 | 87 |
| Ireland | NA | NA | NA | NA | 84 | 85 | 87 | 84 | 84 |
| Poultry: | | | | | | | | | |
| Hong Kong | 45 | 54 | 64 | 74 | 81 | 98 | 86 | 95 | 107 |
| United States | 54 | 64 | 77 | 89 | 92 | 96 | 98 | 100 | 102 |
| Israel | 84 | 95 | 85 | 81 | 85 | 91 | 100 | 96 | 97 |
| Singapore | NA | 70 | 81 | 76 | 81 | 80 | 83 | 87 | 88 |
| Denmark | NA | NA | NA | NA | 29 | 33 | 30 | 78 | 85 |
| Canada | 46 | 51 | 58 | 61 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 68 | 70 |
| Saudi Arabia | 32 | 58 | 62 | 60 | 69 | 71 | 68 | 67 | 65 |
| Taiwan | 24 | 36 | 44 | 51 | 51 | 56 | 61 | 62 | 64 |
| Australia | 34 | 43 | 52 | 54 | 54 | 57 | 57 | 60 | 57 |
| Spain | 44 | 48 | 48 | 51 | 53 | 53 | 52 | 54 | 54 |
| Lamb, mutton, and goat: 3/ | | | | | | | | | |
| New Zealand | 72 | 74 | 84 | 51 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 56 |
| Australia | 45 | 44 | 51 | 50 | 46 | 44 | 44 | 37 | 36 |
| Greece | 31 | 30 | 30 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 33 | 33 |
| Saudi Arabia | NA | NA | NA | 24 | 43 | 42 | 35 | 31 | 29 |
| Ireland | 21 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 20 |
| Kazakhstan, Republic of | NA | NA | NA | 28 | 27 | 23 | 22 | 17 | 14 |
| Spain | 9 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Turkey | 18 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 13 |
| United Kingdom | 17 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Bulgaria | 17 | 19 | 22 | 19 | 19 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 12 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Carcass weight for red meat; ready-to-cook weight for poultry. U.S. figures include shipments to U.S. territories. Annual data for this table are available from Shayle Shagam (202-219-0011). 2/ Preliminary. 3/ U.S. per capita consumption of pork was 68 pounds per person in 1995; lamb and mutton, 1 pound per person.

Source: Computed by ERS from data provided by USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS).

Table 10--Eggs: Per capita consumption, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population July 1 2/ | Shell | | Processed | | Total 3/ | | | | | |
|----------|---|--------|---------------|-----------|---------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|-------|------|
| | | Total | Per capita | Total | Per capita | Farm weight 4/ | | Retail weight 5/ | | | |
| | | | | | | Total | Per capita | Total | Per capita | | |
| Millions | | Number | | | | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | | |
| 1970 | 202.677 | 56,567 | 275.9 | 6,774 | 33.0 | 63,341 | 308.9 | 8,287 | 40.4 | 8,107 | 39.5 |
| 1971 | 205.052 | 56,890 | 274.0 | 7,466 | 36.0 | 64,355 | 309.9 | 8,420 | 40.5 | 8,240 | 39.7 |
| 1972 | 207.661 | 56,162 | 267.6 | 7,442 | 35.5 | 63,604 | 303.0 | 8,321 | 39.6 | 8,147 | 38.8 |
| 1973 | 209.896 | 54,461 | 257.0 | 6,656 | 31.4 | 61,118 | 288.4 | 7,996 | 37.7 | 7,831 | 37.0 |
| 1974 | 211.909 | 53,340 | 249.4 | 7,179 | 33.6 | 60,520 | 283.0 | 7,918 | 37.0 | 7,757 | 36.3 |
| 1975 | 213.854 | 52,993 | 245.4 | 6,608 | 30.6 | 59,602 | 276.0 | 7,798 | 36.1 | 7,642 | 35.4 |
| 1976 | 215.973 | 51,746 | 237.3 | 7,084 | 32.5 | 58,831 | 269.8 | 7,697 | 35.3 | 7,545 | 34.6 |
| 1977 | 218.035 | 50,891 | 231.1 | 7,918 | 36.0 | 58,809 | 267.0 | 7,694 | 34.9 | 7,546 | 34.3 |
| 1978 | 220.239 | 52,796 | 237.2 | 7,645 | 34.3 | 60,441 | 271.5 | 7,908 | 35.5 | 7,757 | 34.9 |
| 1979 | 222.585 | 54,270 | 241.1 | 7,970 | 35.4 | 62,240 | 276.6 | 8,143 | 36.2 | 7,991 | 35.5 |
| 1980 | 225.055 | 53,796 | 236.2 | 7,949 | 34.9 | 61,744 | 271.1 | 8,078 | 35.5 | 7,930 | 34.8 |
| 1981 | 227.726 | 53,407 | 232.2 | 7,401 | 32.2 | 60,808 | 264.4 | 7,956 | 34.6 | 7,813 | 34.0 |
| 1982 | 229.966 | 53,457 | 230.2 | 7,871 | 33.9 | 61,328 | 264.1 | 8,024 | 34.6 | 7,882 | 33.9 |
| 1983 | 232.188 | 52,752 | 225.1 | 8,220 | 35.1 | 60,972 | 260.2 | 7,977 | 34.0 | 7,839 | 33.5 |
| 1984 | 234.307 | 52,659 | 222.8 | 8,819 | 37.3 | 61,478 | 260.1 | 8,043 | 34.0 | 7,907 | 33.5 |
| 1985 | 236.348 | 51,626 | 216.5 | 9,115 | 38.2 | 60,741 | 254.7 | 7,947 | 33.3 | 7,814 | 32.8 |
| 1986 | 238.466 | 51,604 | 214.4 | 9,403 | 39.1 | 61,007 | 253.5 | 7,982 | 33.2 | 7,852 | 32.6 |
| 1987 | 240.651 | 51,106 | 210.5 | 10,512 | 43.3 | 61,518 | 253.8 | 8,062 | 33.2 | 7,933 | 32.7 |
| 1988 | 242.804 | 49,587 | 202.4 | 10,823 | 44.2 | 60,410 | 246.6 | 7,904 | 32.3 | 7,780 | 31.8 |
| 1989 | 245.021 | 47,670 | 192.7 | 10,952 | 44.3 | 58,622 | 237.0 | 7,670 | 31.0 | 7,552 | 30.5 |
| 1990 | 247.342 | 46,566 | 186.3 | 11,992 | 48.0 | 58,558 | 234.3 | 7,661 | 30.7 | 7,546 | 30.2 |
| 1991 | 249.911 | 46,230 | 183.0 | 12,803 | 50.7 | 59,034 | 233.7 | 7,724 | 30.6 | 7,608 | 30.1 |
| 1992 | 252.643 | 46,147 | 180.7 | 13,874 | 54.3 | 60,021 | 235.0 | 7,853 | 30.7 | 7,735 | 30.3 |
| 1993 | 255.407 | 46,232 | 179.1 | 14,547 | 56.4 | 60,780 | 235.5 | 7,952 | 30.8 | 7,833 | 30.3 |
| 1994 | 258.120 | 46,134 | 177.0 | 15,806 | 60.6 | 61,940 | 237.6 | 8,104 | 31.1 | 7,982 | 30.6 |
| 1995 F | 260.651 | 43,795 | 166.5 | 17,837 | 67.8 | 61,632 | 234.3 | 8,064 | 30.7 | 7,943 | 30.2 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Excludes shipments to the U.S. territories. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ A dozen eggs converted at 1.57 pounds. 5/ The factor for converting farm weight to retail weight was 0.97 in 1960 and was increased 0.003 per year until 0.985 was reached in 1990.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 11—Dairy products: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Fluid milk and cream 2/ | Butter | Cheese | | | | | Frozen dairy products | | | | |
|--------|-------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|-------|----------|----------------|-------|-----------------------|----------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | Whole and part-skim milk cheese 3/ | | | Cottage cheese | | Ice cream | Ice milk | Sherbet | Other frozen products 5/ | Total (product weight) 4/ |
| | | | American | Other | Total 4/ | Lowfat | Total | | | | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 275.1 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 4.4 | 11.4 | 0.3 | 5.2 | 17.8 | 7.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 28.5 |
| 1971 | 275.6 | 5.2 | 7.4 | 4.7 | 12.0 | 0.4 | 5.3 | 17.7 | 7.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 28.2 |
| 1972 | 273.6 | 5.0 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 13.0 | 0.5 | 5.4 | 17.6 | 7.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 28.0 |
| 1973 | 269.0 | 4.8 | 7.9 | 5.6 | 13.5 | 0.6 | 5.2 | 17.5 | 7.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 28.0 |
| 1974 | 260.4 | 4.5 | 8.5 | 5.9 | 14.4 | 0.6 | 4.6 | 17.5 | 7.6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 27.7 |
| 1975 | 261.4 | 4.7 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 14.3 | 0.6 | 4.6 | 18.6 | 7.6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 28.6 |
| 1976 | 260.2 | 4.3 | 8.9 | 6.6 | 15.5 | 0.6 | 4.7 | 18.0 | 7.2 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 27.5 |
| 1977 | 257.5 | 4.3 | 9.2 | 6.8 | 16.0 | 0.6 | 4.7 | 17.6 | 7.7 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 27.5 |
| 1978 | 253.9 | 4.4 | 9.5 | 7.3 | 16.8 | 0.7 | 4.7 | 17.6 | 7.7 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 27.3 |
| 1979 | 250.6 | 4.5 | 9.6 | 7.5 | 17.2 | 0.7 | 4.5 | 17.3 | 7.3 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 26.5 |
| 1980 | 245.6 | 4.5 | 9.6 | 7.9 | 17.5 | 0.8 | 4.5 | 17.5 | 7.1 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 26.4 |
| 1981 | 241.8 | 4.2 | 10.2 | 8.0 | 18.2 | 0.9 | 4.3 | 17.4 | 7.0 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 26.5 |
| 1982 | 235.6 | 4.3 | 11.3 | 8.6 | 19.9 | 0.9 | 4.2 | 17.6 | 6.6 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 26.4 |
| 1983 | 236.0 | 4.9 | 11.6 | 8.9 | 20.6 | 0.9 | 4.1 | 18.1 | 6.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 27.1 |
| 1984 | 237.7 | 4.9 | 11.9 | 9.6 | 21.5 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 18.2 | 7.0 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 27.2 |
| 1985 | 241.0 | 4.9 | 12.2 | 10.4 | 22.5 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 18.1 | 6.9 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 27.9 |
| 1986 | 240.5 | 4.6 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 23.1 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 18.4 | 7.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 27.9 |
| 1987 | 238.5 | 4.7 | 12.4 | 11.7 | 24.1 | 1.1 | 3.9 | 18.4 | 7.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 28.2 |
| 1988 | 234.6 | 4.5 | 11.5 | 12.2 | 23.7 | 1.2 | 3.9 | 17.3 | 8.0 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 27.7 |
| 1989 | 236.4 | 4.4 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 23.8 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 16.1 | 8.4 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 28.7 |
| 1990 | 233.4 | 4.4 | 11.1 | 13.5 | 24.6 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 15.8 | 7.7 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 28.4 |
| 1991 | 233.1 | 4.4 | 11.1 | 13.9 | 25.0 | 1.3 | 3.3 | 16.3 | 7.4 | 1.1 | 4.4 | 29.2 |
| 1992 | 230.9 | 4.4 | 11.3 | 14.7 | 26.0 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 16.3 | 7.1 | 1.2 | 4.4 | 28.9 |
| 1993 | 226.8 | 4.7 | 11.4 | 14.9 | 26.3 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 16.1 | 6.9 | 1.3 | 5.0 | 29.3 |
| 1994 | 225.7 | 4.8 | 11.6 | 15.3 | 26.8 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 16.1 | 7.6 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 30.0 |

| Evaporated and condensed milk 6/ | | | | Dry milk products 6/ | | | | Dried whey | All dairy products, milk equivalent, milkfat basis | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|------------|--|------------------|----------|-------|
| Canned whole milk | Bulk whole milk | Bulk and canned skim milk | Total 4/ | Dry whole milk | Nonfat dry milk 6/ | Dry butter-milk | Total 4/ | | USDA donations | Commercial sales | Total 4/ | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 5.8 | 1.2 | 5.0 | 12.0 | 0.2 | 5.3 | 0.2 | 5.8 | 1.4 | 24.2 | 539.6 | 563.8 |
| 1971 | 5.7 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 11.7 | 0.2 | 5.2 | 0.3 | 5.7 | 1.5 | 24.5 | 533.4 | 557.9 |
| 1972 | 5.1 | 1.2 | 4.7 | 10.9 | 0.1 | 4.6 | 0.2 | 4.9 | 1.8 | 21.6 | 538.0 | 559.6 |
| 1973 | 4.8 | 1.1 | 4.2 | 10.1 | 0.1 | 5.3 | 0.2 | 5.5 | 1.8 | 17.5 | 537.3 | 554.8 |
| 1974 | 4.3 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 0.2 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 7.0 | 528.0 | 535.0 |
| 1975 | 3.8 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 8.7 | 0.1 | 3.3 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 10.8 | 528.4 | 539.1 |
| 1976 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 8.5 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 537.5 | 539.7 |
| 1977 | 3.2 | 1.1 | 3.9 | 8.1 | 0.2 | 3.3 | 0.3 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 13.7 | 526.5 | 540.2 |
| 1978 | 3.0 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 7.5 | 0.3 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 10.5 | 533.8 | 544.3 |
| 1979 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 7.4 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 0.2 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 10.7 | 537.6 | 548.2 |
| 1980 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 3.3 | 7.0 | 0.3 | 3.0 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 19.3 | 523.9 | 543.2 |
| 1981 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 7.2 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 18.4 | 522.2 | 540.6 |
| 1982 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 7.0 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 31.4 | 523.1 | 554.6 |
| 1983 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 7.1 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 0.2 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 50.8 | 522.1 | 572.9 |
| 1984 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 3.7 | 7.4 | 0.4 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 46.3 | 535.6 | 581.9 |
| 1985 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 7.5 | 0.4 | 2.3 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 47.4 | 546.2 | 593.7 |
| 1986 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 4.3 | 7.9 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 40.1 | 551.4 | 591.5 |
| 1987 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 8.0 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 44.1 | 557.1 | 601.2 |
| 1988 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 4.3 | 7.8 | 0.6 | 2.6 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 27.3 | 555.2 | 582.5 |
| 1989 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 21.6 | 542.2 | 563.8 |
| 1990 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 7.9 | 0.6 | 2.9 | 0.2 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 16.9 | 551.5 | 568.5 |
| 1991 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 8.2 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 19.3 | 546.3 | 565.6 |
| 1992 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 5.2 | 8.5 | 0.5 | 2.7 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 14.8 | 551.0 | 565.8 |
| 1993 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 5.2 | 8.2 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 15.0 | 559.1 | 574.1 |
| 1994 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 4.8 | 8.0 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 13.5 | 572.7 | 586.2 |

1/ All per capita consumption figures use U.S. total population, except fluid milk and cream data which are based on U.S. resident population. Except for fluid products, includes quantities used as ingredients in other foods. 2/ Fluid milk figures are aggregates of commercial sales and milk produced and consumed on farms. Includes whole, lowfat, and skim milk; cream; half and half; yogurt; sour cream; and eggnog. See fluid milk and cream per capita table. 3/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products. Excludes full-skim American and cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Includes mellowine, frozen yogurt beginning 1981 and other nonstandardized frozen dairy products. 6/ Includes quantities used in other dairy products.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 12--Fluid milk and cream: Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. resident population, July 1 | Beverage milks | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------|----------|------------------------|
| | | Plain | | | | | | Flavored milk and drink | | | Total | | | | |
| | | Whole | Lowfat | | | Skim | Total plain 1/ | Whole | Low-fat 2/ | Total flavored 1/ | Whole | Lowfat and skim | | | Total beverage milk 1/ |
| | | | 2 percent | 1 percent | Total 1/ | | | | | | | Plain and flavored | Butter-milk | Total 1/ | |
| Millions | | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 203.984 | 213.5 | 28.0 | 1.8 | 29.8 | 11.6 | 255.0 | 5.6 | 3.0 | 8.6 | 219.1 | 44.4 | 5.5 | 50.0 | 269.1 |
| 1971 | 206.827 | 208.7 | 30.9 | 3.0 | 34.0 | 12.3 | 255.0 | 6.2 | 2.6 | 8.8 | 214.9 | 48.9 | 5.6 | 54.5 | 269.4 |
| 1972 | 209.284 | 200.4 | 34.6 | 4.6 | 39.2 | 12.4 | 252.0 | 7.1 | 2.5 | 9.6 | 207.5 | 54.2 | 5.4 | 59.6 | 267.1 |
| 1973 | 211.357 | 190.4 | 39.1 | 4.0 | 43.1 | 13.8 | 247.3 | 7.3 | 2.7 | 10.0 | 197.7 | 59.6 | 5.0 | 64.6 | 262.3 |
| 1974 | 213.342 | 180.0 | 38.2 | 7.6 | 45.8 | 13.9 | 239.7 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 9.4 | 186.8 | 62.3 | 4.6 | 66.9 | 253.7 |
| 1975 | 215.465 | 174.9 | 40.5 | 12.7 | 53.2 | 11.5 | 239.6 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 9.7 | 181.2 | 68.1 | 4.7 | 72.8 | 254.0 |
| 1976 | 217.563 | 168.4 | 43.9 | 13.2 | 57.1 | 11.6 | 237.1 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 10.8 | 175.2 | 72.7 | 4.7 | 77.4 | 252.6 |
| 1977 | 219.760 | 160.7 | 47.4 | 13.7 | 61.1 | 11.9 | 233.7 | 6.6 | 4.8 | 11.4 | 167.3 | 77.8 | 4.6 | 82.4 | 249.7 |
| 1978 | 222.095 | 154.9 | 49.6 | 14.6 | 64.2 | 11.5 | 230.5 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 11.1 | 161.0 | 80.6 | 4.4 | 85.0 | 246.0 |
| 1979 | 224.567 | 149.3 | 52.4 | 14.6 | 67.0 | 11.6 | 227.8 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 10.5 | 154.8 | 83.6 | 4.2 | 87.8 | 242.6 |
| 1980 | 227.225 | 141.7 | 54.7 | 15.3 | 70.1 | 11.6 | 223.3 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 10.0 | 146.4 | 86.9 | 4.1 | 91.0 | 237.4 |
| 1981 | 229.466 | 136.3 | 57.0 | 15.6 | 72.6 | 11.3 | 220.2 | 3.7 | 5.6 | 9.3 | 140.0 | 89.5 | 4.0 | 93.5 | 233.5 |
| 1982 | 231.664 | 130.3 | 58.3 | 15.3 | 73.5 | 10.6 | 214.4 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 8.6 | 133.4 | 89.7 | 4.1 | 93.8 | 227.1 |
| 1983 | 233.792 | 127.1 | 60.7 | 14.8 | 75.4 | 10.6 | 213.1 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 9.1 | 130.3 | 91.9 | 4.3 | 96.2 | 226.5 |
| 1984 | 235.825 | 123.0 | 64.2 | 14.3 | 78.6 | 11.6 | 213.1 | 3.8 | 6.0 | 9.8 | 126.9 | 96.1 | 4.3 | 100.4 | 227.3 |
| 1985 | 237.924 | 119.7 | 68.5 | 14.7 | 83.3 | 12.6 | 215.6 | 3.7 | 6.0 | 9.7 | 123.4 | 101.9 | 4.4 | 106.3 | 229.7 |
| 1986 | 240.133 | 112.9 | 71.8 | 16.3 | 88.1 | 13.5 | 214.5 | 3.5 | 6.3 | 9.9 | 116.5 | 107.9 | 4.2 | 112.1 | 228.6 |
| 1987 | 242.289 | 108.5 | 74.0 | 15.6 | 89.7 | 14.0 | 212.2 | 3.4 | 6.6 | 10.1 | 111.9 | 110.3 | 4.3 | 114.6 | 226.5 |
| 1988 | 244.499 | 102.4 | 74.6 | 15.3 | 89.9 | 16.1 | 208.4 | 3.3 | 6.6 | 9.9 | 105.7 | 112.6 | 4.1 | 116.6 | 222.3 |
| 1989 | 246.819 | 94.4 | 79.1 | 17.2 | 96.3 | 20.2 | 210.9 | 3.1 | 6.5 | 9.6 | 97.5 | 123.0 | 3.7 | 126.7 | 224.2 |
| 1990 | 249.402 | 87.6 | 78.4 | 19.9 | 98.3 | 22.9 | 208.7 | 2.8 | 6.6 | 9.4 | 90.4 | 127.8 | 3.5 | 131.3 | 221.7 |
| 1991 | 252.131 | 84.6 | 78.9 | 20.8 | 99.7 | 23.9 | 208.2 | 2.7 | 6.8 | 9.5 | 87.3 | 130.4 | 3.4 | 133.8 | 221.2 |
| 1992 | 255.028 | 81.4 | 78.5 | 21.0 | 99.4 | 25.0 | 205.9 | 2.7 | 6.9 | 9.6 | 84.2 | 131.3 | 3.2 | 134.5 | 218.6 |
| 1993 | 257.783 | 77.8 | 76.7 | 20.5 | 97.1 | 26.7 | 201.7 | 2.7 | 6.9 | 9.6 | 80.5 | 130.8 | 3.0 | 133.8 | 214.3 |
| 1994 | 260.341 | 75.8 | 74.9 | 20.7 | 95.6 | 28.8 | 200.2 | 2.7 | 7.1 | 9.8 | 78.6 | 131.5 | 2.9 | 134.4 | 213.0 |
| Yogurt 3/ | Total fluid milk products 1/ | Cream and sour cream | | | | | | | Egg-nog | Total fluid cream products 1/ | Total fluid milk and cream products 1/ | | | | |
| | | Cream | | | | Sour cream | Total 1/ | | | | | | | | |
| | | Half and half | Light | Heavy | Total 1/ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 0.8 | 269.9 | 2.9 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 5.2 | | 275.1 | | | |
| 1971 | 1.1 | 270.5 | 2.7 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 5.1 | | 275.6 | | | |
| 1972 | 1.3 | 268.4 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 0.5 | 5.2 | | 273.6 | | | |
| 1973 | 1.5 | 263.8 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 4.9 | 0.4 | 5.2 | | 269.0 | | | |
| 1974 | 1.5 | 255.2 | 2.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 3.4 | 1.5 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 5.2 | | 260.4 | | | |
| 1975 | 2.1 | 256.0 | 2.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 5.3 | | 261.4 | | | |
| 1976 | 2.2 | 254.8 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 5.4 | | 260.2 | | | |
| 1977 | 2.4 | 252.1 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 5.4 | | 257.5 | | | |
| 1978 | 2.5 | 248.5 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 5.0 | 0.4 | 5.4 | | 253.9 | | | |
| 1979 | 2.5 | 245.1 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 5.1 | 0.4 | 5.5 | | 250.6 | | | |
| 1980 | 2.6 | 240.0 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 0.4 | 5.6 | | 245.6 | | | |
| 1981 | 2.5 | 236.0 | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 5.3 | 0.4 | 5.7 | | 241.8 | | | |
| 1982 | 2.7 | 229.8 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 0.4 | 5.9 | | 235.6 | | | |
| 1983 | 3.3 | 229.8 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 5.8 | 0.5 | 6.2 | | 235.0 | | | |
| 1984 | 3.7 | 230.9 | 2.8 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 6.3 | 0.5 | 6.7 | | 237.7 | | | |
| 1985 | 4.1 | 233.8 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 4.4 | 2.3 | 6.7 | 0.5 | 7.2 | | 241.0 | | | |
| 1986 | 4.4 | 233.0 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 2.4 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 7.5 | | 240.5 | | | |
| 1987 | 4.4 | 230.9 | 3.1 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 2.4 | 7.1 | 0.5 | 7.6 | | 238.5 | | | |
| 1988 | 4.7 | 227.0 | 3.0 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 7.1 | 0.5 | 7.6 | | 234.6 | | | |
| 1989 | 4.3 | 228.6 | 3.1 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 7.3 | 0.5 | 7.8 | | 236.4 | | | |
| 1990 | 4.1 | 225.8 | 3.0 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 7.1 | 0.5 | 7.6 | | 233.4 | | | |
| 1991 | 4.2 | 225.4 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 7.3 | 0.4 | 7.7 | | 233.1 | | | |
| 1992 | 4.3 | 222.9 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 7.5 | 0.5 | 8.0 | | 230.9 | | | |
| 1993 | 4.4 | 218.7 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 7.6 | 0.4 | 8.0 | | 226.8 | | | |
| 1994 | 4.7 | 217.7 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 7.6 | 0.4 | 8.1 | | 225.7 | | | |

1/ Computed from unrounded data. 2/ Includes skim. 3/ Excludes frozen.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 13—Selected cheeses: Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products 1/ | | | | | | | | | | | Miscellaneous | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|-------------------|-------|----------|---|---------------|-------|
| | | American | | | Italian | | | | | | Total | | Swiss 4/ | Brick |
| | | Cheddar | Other 2/ | Total 3/ | Provolone | Romano | Parmesan | Mozzarella | Ricotta | Other | Total 3/ | | | |
| Millions | | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 5.79 | 1.22 | 7.02 | 0.23 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 1.19 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 2.06 | 0.89 | 0.10 | |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 5.94 | 1.42 | 7.35 | 0.22 | 0.14 | 0.17 | 1.38 | 0.28 | 0.07 | 2.30 | 0.94 | 0.11 | |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 6.04 | 1.67 | 7.71 | 0.24 | 0.17 | 0.23 | 1.58 | 0.31 | 0.08 | 2.61 | 1.07 | 0.10 | |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 6.10 | 1.76 | 7.86 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 1.77 | 0.34 | 0.09 | 2.81 | 1.07 | 0.11 | |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 6.32 | 2.16 | 8.48 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 1.86 | 0.33 | 0.09 | 2.96 | 1.20 | 0.11 | |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 6.04 | 2.13 | 8.17 | 0.28 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 2.12 | 0.38 | 0.07 | 3.24 | 1.10 | 0.09 | |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 6.45 | 2.46 | 8.91 | 0.31 | 0.17 | 0.27 | 2.32 | 0.41 | 0.08 | 3.56 | 1.25 | 0.09 | |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 6.80 | 2.43 | 9.23 | 0.35 | 0.16 | 0.26 | 2.47 | 0.41 | 0.09 | 3.73 | 1.21 | 0.07 | |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 6.94 | 2.61 | 9.55 | 0.36 | 0.19 | 0.28 | 2.69 | 0.44 | 0.11 | 4.07 | 1.34 | 0.08 | |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 6.93 | 2.69 | 9.62 | 0.40 | 0.16 | 0.32 | 2.81 | 0.46 | 0.08 | 4.24 | 1.36 | 0.08 | |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 6.89 | 2.76 | 9.64 | 0.42 | 0.15 | 0.28 | 3.02 | 0.47 | 0.10 | 4.44 | 1.33 | 0.07 | |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 7.03 | 3.14 | 10.18 | 0.45 | 0.14 | 0.30 | 2.98 | 0.49 | 0.09 | 4.45 | 1.27 | 0.06 | |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 6.72 | 2.61 | 11.34 | 0.47 | 0.17 | 0.32 | 3.29 | 0.47 | 0.11 | 4.84 | 1.30 | 0.06 | |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 9.11 | 2.52 | 11.63 | 0.50 | 0.16 | 0.32 | 3.68 | 0.54 | 0.09 | 5.29 | 1.25 | 0.06 | |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 9.53 | 2.32 | 11.85 | 0.54 | 0.17 | 0.35 | 4.03 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 5.77 | 1.24 | 0.07 | |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 9.76 | 2.42 | 12.19 | 0.57 | 0.21 | 0.38 | 4.63 | 0.60 | 0.08 | 6.46 | 1.29 | 0.08 | |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 9.76 | 2.36 | 12.12 | 0.57 | 0.16 | 0.33 | 5.19 | 0.63 | 0.10 | 6.99 | 1.29 | 0.08 | |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 10.61 | 1.80 | 12.41 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.42 | 5.62 | 0.68 | 0.08 | 7.63 | 1.24 | 0.12 | |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 9.52 | 1.98 | 11.50 | 0.61 | 0.19 | 0.49 | 6.01 | 0.73 | 0.11 | 8.13 | 1.29 | 0.10 | |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 9.17 | 1.86 | 11.03 | 0.61 | 0.20 | 0.42 | 6.44 | 0.75 | 0.08 | 8.50 | 1.24 | 0.07 | |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 9.04 | 2.09 | 11.14 | 0.63 | 0.14 | 0.43 | 6.93 | 0.79 | 0.06 | 8.99 | 1.35 | 0.07 | |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 9.05 | 2.02 | 11.07 | 0.62 | 0.17 | 0.46 | 7.22 | 0.84 | 0.06 | 9.36 | 1.22 | 0.06 | |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 9.20 | 2.13 | 11.32 | 0.65 | 0.14 | 0.53 | 7.71 | 0.88 | 0.05 | 9.96 | 1.19 | 0.06 | |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 9.13 | 2.28 | 11.41 | 0.68 | 0.13 | 0.50 | 7.55 | 0.88 | 0.08 | 9.82 | 1.20 | 0.05 | |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 9.11 | 2.45 | 11.56 | 0.71 | 0.14 | 0.45 | 7.93 | 0.91 | 0.13 | 10.27 | 1.16 | 0.05 | |
| Natural equivalent—continued 1/ | | | | | | | | | | | | Product weight of processed products 7/ | | |
| Miscellaneous—continued | | | | | Total | | | | | | | | | |
| Muenster | Cream and Neufchatel | Blue 5/ | Other | Total 3/ | In natural form | In processed products 6/ | Total 3/ | Cheese | Foods and spreads | Total | | | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 0.17 | 0.61 | 0.15 | 0.37 | 2.29 | 6.94 | 4.42 | 11.37 | 3.33 | 2.20 | 5.53 | | | |
| 1971 | 0.19 | 0.62 | 0.15 | 0.37 | 2.38 | 7.33 | 4.70 | 12.03 | 3.55 | 2.31 | 5.86 | | | |
| 1972 | 0.22 | 0.63 | 0.17 | 0.49 | 2.68 | 8.25 | 4.75 | 13.00 | 3.38 | 2.62 | 6.01 | | | |
| 1973 | 0.22 | 0.66 | 0.18 | 0.60 | 2.83 | 8.77 | 4.72 | 13.49 | 3.31 | 2.68 | 5.99 | | | |
| 1974 | 0.23 | 0.71 | 0.16 | 0.57 | 2.97 | 9.43 | 4.98 | 14.41 | 3.42 | 2.92 | 6.34 | | | |
| 1975 | 0.24 | 0.74 | 0.16 | 0.53 | 2.86 | 9.09 | 5.19 | 14.27 | 3.35 | 3.34 | 6.69 | | | |
| 1976 | 0.25 | 0.77 | 0.18 | 0.50 | 3.05 | 10.33 | 5.19 | 15.52 | 3.89 | 2.59 | 6.48 | | | |
| 1977 | 0.25 | 0.80 | 0.18 | 0.51 | 3.03 | 10.39 | 5.60 | 15.99 | 3.88 | 3.23 | 7.12 | | | |
| 1978 | 0.27 | 0.89 | 0.19 | 0.43 | 3.19 | 11.26 | 5.58 | 16.84 | 3.84 | 3.23 | 7.07 | | | |
| 1979 | 0.28 | 0.94 | 0.18 | 0.48 | 3.30 | 11.69 | 5.47 | 17.16 | 3.83 | 3.12 | 6.94 | | | |
| 1980 | 0.31 | 1.00 | 0.17 | 0.57 | 3.44 | 11.96 | 5.57 | 17.53 | 3.96 | 3.09 | 7.05 | | | |
| 1981 | 0.29 | 1.05 | 0.16 | 0.71 | 3.54 | 12.86 | 5.31 | 18.18 | 3.63 | 3.14 | 6.77 | | | |
| 1982 | 0.31 | 1.13 | 0.16 | 0.77 | 3.73 | 13.57 | 6.33 | 19.90 | 4.66 | 3.29 | 7.95 | | | |
| 1983 | 0.30 | 1.15 | 0.16 | 0.73 | 3.66 | 13.82 | 6.74 | 20.57 | 5.09 | 3.32 | 8.41 | | | |
| 1984 | 0.32 | 1.17 | 0.17 | 0.88 | 3.85 | 15.32 | 6.16 | 21.48 | 4.46 | 3.30 | 7.76 | | | |
| 1985 | 0.34 | 1.23 | 0.17 | 0.78 | 3.90 | 16.46 | 6.09 | 22.54 | 4.60 | 3.00 | 7.60 | | | |
| 1986 | 0.37 | 1.33 | 0.17 | 0.76 | 4.00 | 16.75 | 6.37 | 23.12 | 4.77 | 3.18 | 7.96 | | | |
| 1987 | 0.38 | 1.41 | 0.17 | 0.73 | 4.05 | 17.28 | 6.82 | 24.10 | 5.23 | 3.18 | 8.41 | | | |
| 1988 | 0.34 | 1.53 | 0.17 | 0.65 | 4.08 | 17.13 | 6.58 | 23.71 | 4.60 | 3.75 | 8.34 | | | |
| 1989 | 0.37 | 1.62 | 0.16 | 0.82 | 4.27 | 17.38 | 6.41 | 23.79 | 4.61 | 3.57 | 8.17 | | | |
| 1990 | 0.40 | 1.72 | 0.17 | 0.80 | 4.51 | 17.82 | 6.81 | 24.63 | 4.80 | 3.84 | 8.63 | | | |
| 1991 | 0.42 | 1.77 | 0.16 | 0.95 | 4.58 | 18.17 | 6.85 | 25.02 | 4.89 | 3.77 | 8.66 | | | |
| 1992 | 0.45 | 2.02 | 0.15 | 0.84 | 4.72 | 19.13 | 6.88 | 26.00 | 5.23 | 3.35 | 8.57 | | | |
| 1993 | 0.45 | 2.09 | 0.15 | 1.07 | 5.01 | 19.27 | 6.97 | 26.27 | 5.23 | 3.47 | 8.71 | | | |
| 1994 P | 0.43 | 2.20 | 0.16 | 1.00 | 5.00 | 19.80 | 7.02 | 26.82 | 5.29 | 3.48 | 8.77 | | | |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Excludes full-skim American and cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. 2/ Includes Colby, washed curd, stirred curd, Monterey, and Jack. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Includes imports of Gruyere and Emmentaler. 5/ Includes Gorgonzola. 6/ Cheese content of processed cheese products. 7/ Total product weight of processed products is greater than the cheese content of processed products because processed cheese and cheese foods and spreads are made from natural cheese and other dairy products.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 14--Food fats and oils: Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Butter | Margarine | Lard 1/ | Edible tallow 1/ | Shortening | Salad and cooking oils | Other edible fats and oils 2/ | Total, product weight 3/ | Total fat content 4/ | | |
|--------|--|--------------------|-----------|------------|------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | Animal | Vegetable | Total 3/ |
| | Millions | ----- Pounds ----- | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 5.4 | 10.8 | 4.6 | NA | 17.3 | 15.4 | 2.3 | 55.8 | 14.1 | 38.5 | 52.6 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 5.2 | 10.9 | 4.2 | NA | 16.8 | 15.6 | 2.3 | 55.0 | 14.4 | 37.4 | 51.8 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 5.0 | 11.1 | 3.7 | NA | 17.6 | 16.8 | 2.3 | 56.6 | 13.3 | 40.0 | 53.4 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 4.8 | 11.1 | 3.3 | NA | 17.0 | 17.7 | 2.6 | 56.5 | 11.6 | 41.7 | 53.3 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 4.5 | 11.1 | 3.2 | NA | 16.9 | 18.1 | 1.7 | 55.5 | 11.9 | 40.5 | 52.4 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 4.7 | 11.0 | 3.2 | NA | 17.0 | 17.9 | 2.0 | 55.8 | 10.8 | 41.9 | 52.6 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 4.3 | 11.9 | 2.9 | NA | 17.7 | 19.5 | 2.0 | 58.3 | 10.1 | 45.0 | 55.1 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 4.3 | 11.4 | 2.5 | NA | 17.2 | 19.1 | 1.9 | 56.4 | 10.6 | 42.7 | 53.3 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 4.4 | 11.3 | 2.4 | NA | 17.8 | 20.1 | 2.0 | 58.0 | 10.8 | 44.1 | 54.9 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 4.5 | 11.2 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 18.4 | 20.8 | 1.7 | 59.5 | 11.5 | 44.9 | 56.4 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 4.5 | 11.3 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 18.2 | 21.2 | 1.5 | 60.3 | 12.3 | 44.8 | 57.2 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 4.2 | 11.1 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 18.5 | 21.8 | 1.4 | 60.5 | 11.7 | 45.7 | 57.4 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 4.3 | 11.0 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 18.6 | 21.9 | 1.6 | 61.3 | 11.4 | 46.8 | 58.3 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 4.9 | 10.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 18.5 | 23.6 | 1.6 | 63.1 | 12.1 | 47.9 | 60.0 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 4.9 | 10.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 21.3 | 19.9 | 1.7 | 61.9 | 12.4 | 46.4 | 58.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 4.9 | 10.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 1.6 | 67.4 | 13.3 | 50.9 | 64.3 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 4.6 | 11.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 22.1 | 24.2 | 1.7 | 67.6 | 12.6 | 51.8 | 64.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 4.7 | 10.5 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 21.4 | 25.4 | 1.3 | 65.9 | 11.1 | 51.8 | 62.9 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 4.5 | 10.3 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 21.5 | 25.8 | 1.3 | 66.0 | 10.8 | 52.2 | 63.0 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 4.4 | 10.2 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 21.5 | 24.0 | 1.3 | 63.4 | 9.9 | 50.5 | 60.4 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 4.4 | 10.9 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 22.2 | 24.2 | 1.2 | 65.3 | 9.7 | 52.5 | 62.2 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 4.4 | 10.6 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 22.4 | 25.2 | 1.3 | 66.9 | 9.7 | 54.2 | 63.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 4.4 | 11.0 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 22.4 | 25.6 | 1.4 | 68.8 | 10.6 | 55.2 | 65.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 4.7 | 11.1 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 25.1 | 25.1 | 1.7 | 71.5 | 10.3 | 58.0 | 68.4 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 4.8 | 9.9 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 24.1 | 24.3 | 1.6 | 69.8 | 11.6 | 55.2 | 66.9 |

NA = Not available. P = Preliminary.

1/ Direct use excludes use in margarine, shortening, and nonfood products. 2/ Specialty fats used mainly in confectionery products and non-dairy creamers. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Fat content of butter and margarine is 80 percent of product weight.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 15—Fruits and vegetables (farm weight): Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | Fruit | | | | | Vegetables | | | | | | Total fruit and vegetables 3/ | |
|------|-------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Fresh 1/ | Processing 2/ | Wine grapes | Total fruit 3/ | | Fresh 4/ | Canning 5/ | Freezing 6/ | Dehy- drated and chips 7/ | Pulses 8/ | Total vegetables 3/ | Including wine grapes | Excluding wine grapes |
| | | | | Including wine grapes | Excluding wine grapes | | | | | | | | |
| | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 101.2 | 128.8 | 17.3 | 247.2 | 230.0 | 152.9 | 99.4 | 45.1 | 30.6 | 7.6 | 335.5 | 582.8 | 565.5 |
| 1971 | 100.3 | 133.5 | 24.4 | 258.2 | 233.8 | 146.7 | 106.4 | 46.8 | 31.0 | 7.5 | 338.5 | 596.6 | 572.2 |
| 1972 | 94.8 | 129.3 | 17.3 | 241.4 | 224.1 | 150.0 | 103.0 | 47.0 | 30.0 | 6.7 | 336.7 | 578.1 | 560.9 |
| 1973 | 96.5 | 131.7 | 27.5 | 255.6 | 228.2 | 146.6 | 96.7 | 51.9 | 30.6 | 7.9 | 333.8 | 589.4 | 562.0 |
| 1974 | 95.6 | 133.2 | 25.5 | 254.3 | 228.8 | 144.6 | 98.1 | 52.6 | 31.7 | 6.2 | 333.2 | 587.6 | 562.0 |
| 1975 | 101.8 | 144.5 | 23.9 | 270.1 | 246.2 | 147.1 | 96.6 | 54.0 | 32.2 | 7.2 | 337.1 | 607.2 | 583.4 |
| 1976 | 101.5 | 149.1 | 24.6 | 275.2 | 250.6 | 146.4 | 102.2 | 58.8 | 32.9 | 7.0 | 347.3 | 622.6 | 598.0 |
| 1977 | 99.7 | 163.7 | 25.7 | 289.1 | 263.4 | 147.0 | 100.6 | 60.5 | 28.9 | 6.9 | 343.9 | 633.0 | 607.3 |
| 1978 | 103.4 | 148.0 | 29.2 | 280.6 | 251.4 | 141.8 | 95.8 | 59.9 | 30.0 | 5.9 | 333.3 | 613.8 | 584.7 |
| 1979 | 100.1 | 145.0 | 28.9 | 274.1 | 245.2 | 146.8 | 99.5 | 56.5 | 29.8 | 6.8 | 339.4 | 613.5 | 584.5 |
| 1980 | 104.8 | 153.1 | 31.5 | 289.5 | 257.9 | 149.2 | 101.7 | 52.6 | 27.1 | 5.8 | 336.5 | 626.0 | 594.4 |
| 1981 | 103.6 | 152.6 | 27.6 | 283.8 | 256.2 | 142.8 | 96.3 | 59.1 | 28.3 | 6.0 | 332.5 | 616.3 | 588.7 |
| 1982 | 107.4 | 147.6 | 33.9 | 288.8 | 255.0 | 148.6 | 94.7 | 54.7 | 29.4 | 6.9 | 334.3 | 623.1 | 589.2 |
| 1983 | 110.0 | 161.0 | 27.3 | 298.2 | 271.0 | 148.5 | 96.2 | 56.1 | 29.5 | 7.0 | 337.1 | 635.4 | 608.1 |
| 1984 | 112.6 | 147.4 | 30.0 | 289.9 | 259.9 | 154.0 | 101.8 | 63.6 | 29.8 | 5.5 | 354.7 | 644.6 | 614.6 |
| 1985 | 110.6 | 152.9 | 31.3 | 294.9 | 263.6 | 156.2 | 98.9 | 65.0 | 30.4 | 7.6 | 358.1 | 653.0 | 621.7 |
| 1986 | 117.3 | 153.5 | 29.4 | 300.3 | 270.9 | 156.3 | 99.5 | 64.9 | 31.0 | 7.3 | 359.0 | 659.3 | 629.9 |
| 1987 | 121.6 | 155.5 | 26.2 | 303.2 | 277.1 | 162.3 | 98.9 | 67.2 | 29.9 | 5.7 | 363.9 | 667.1 | 641.0 |
| 1988 | 120.9 | 150.2 | 27.6 | 298.8 | 271.2 | 167.5 | 94.6 | 64.4 | 29.3 | 7.5 | 363.3 | 662.1 | 634.5 |
| 1989 | 123.1 | 141.2 | 25.8 | 290.0 | 264.2 | 172.3 | 102.2 | 67.6 | 29.9 | 6.3 | 378.2 | 668.2 | 642.4 |
| 1990 | 116.5 | 144.1 | 23.6 | 284.3 | 260.6 | 166.3 | 110.6 | 70.6 | 31.8 | 7.1 | 386.4 | 670.6 | 647.0 |
| 1991 | 113.2 | 151.7 | 23.0 | 287.9 | 264.8 | 163.2 | 113.1 | 73.1 | 32.6 | 7.9 | 389.9 | 677.7 | 654.7 |
| 1992 | 123.6 | 138.8 | 27.0 | 289.4 | 262.4 | 171.3 | 110.8 | 72.0 | 32.1 | 8.1 | 394.3 | 683.7 | 656.7 |
| 1993 | 124.9 | 153.4 | 24.9 | 303.3 | 278.4 | 172.0 | 111.7 | 77.5 | 33.0 | 7.8 | 402.0 | 705.3 | 680.3 |
| 1994 | 126.7 | 152.8 | 22.5 | 302.0 | 279.5 | 170.8 | 108.0 | 79.4 | 32.2 | 8.0 | 398.3 | 700.3 | 677.8 |

1/ Includes oranges, tangerines, tangelos, lemons, limes, grapefruit, apples, apricots, avocados, bananas, cantaloups, cherries, cranberries, grapes, honeydew, kiwifruit, mangoes, nectarines, peaches, pears, pineapples, papayas, plums, prunes, strawberries, and watermelon. 2/ Includes apples, grapes, (excluding wine grapes), pineapples, peaches, and pears. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Includes artichokes, asparagus, snap beans, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, sweet corn, eggplant, escarole/ndive, garlic, lettuce (head and romaine and leaf), mushrooms, onions bell peppers, potatoes, radishes, spinach, sweet potatoes, and tomatoes. 5/ Includes asparagus, snap beans, beets, cabbage, carrots, chile peppers, sweet corn, cucumbers for pickling, mushrooms, green peas, potatoes, spinach, and tomatoes. 6/ Includes asparagus, snap beans, green lima beans, broccoli, carrots, cauliflower, potatoes, spinach, sweet corn, green peas, and miscellaneous vegetables. 7/ Includes potatoes and dehydrating onions. 8/ Includes dry peas, lentils, and dry edible beans.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 16--Fresh and processed fruits (farm weight): Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | Fresh | | | | | | | | | Total fresh fruit 2/ |
|--------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Citrus | | | Noncitrus | | | | | | |
| | Oranges and tangelos | Other 1/ | Total citrus 2/ | Apples | Bananas | Grapes | Melons 3/ | Other 4/ | Total noncitrus 2/ | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 16.2 | 12.7 | 28.9 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 2.9 | 21.6 | 13.5 | 72.4 | 101.2 |
| 1971 | 15.7 | 13.3 | 29.0 | 16.4 | 18.1 | 2.5 | 20.7 | 13.6 | 71.3 | 100.3 |
| 1972 | 14.5 | 12.7 | 27.2 | 15.5 | 17.9 | 2.5 | 20.3 | 11.3 | 67.6 | 94.8 |
| 1973 | 14.4 | 12.8 | 27.2 | 16.1 | 18.2 | 2.9 | 19.9 | 12.2 | 69.2 | 96.5 |
| 1974 | 14.4 | 12.7 | 27.1 | 16.4 | 18.5 | 3.1 | 17.6 | 12.8 | 68.5 | 95.6 |
| 1975 | 15.9 | 13.1 | 29.0 | 19.5 | 17.6 | 3.6 | 17.7 | 14.4 | 72.8 | 101.8 |
| 1976 | 14.7 | 13.8 | 28.5 | 17.1 | 19.3 | 3.5 | 18.9 | 14.2 | 73.0 | 101.5 |
| 1977 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 26.1 | 16.5 | 19.2 | 3.5 | 19.5 | 14.8 | 73.5 | 99.7 |
| 1978 | 13.4 | 12.8 | 26.2 | 17.9 | 20.2 | 3.1 | 20.1 | 15.9 | 77.2 | 103.4 |
| 1979 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 23.0 | 17.1 | 21.0 | 3.4 | 19.1 | 15.5 | 77.1 | 100.1 |
| 1980 | 14.3 | 11.8 | 26.1 | 19.2 | 20.8 | 4.0 | 17.9 | 16.9 | 78.8 | 104.8 |
| 1981 | 12.4 | 11.1 | 23.5 | 16.8 | 21.5 | 4.1 | 19.3 | 18.5 | 80.2 | 103.6 |
| 1982 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 23.4 | 17.5 | 22.5 | 5.7 | 22.0 | 16.2 | 84.0 | 107.4 |
| 1983 | 15.0 | 12.9 | 28.0 | 18.3 | 21.3 | 5.6 | 19.6 | 17.3 | 82.1 | 110.0 |
| 1984 | 11.9 | 10.7 | 22.5 | 18.4 | 22.2 | 6.1 | 23.9 | 19.5 | 90.1 | 112.6 |
| 1985 | 11.6 | 9.9 | 21.5 | 17.3 | 23.5 | 6.8 | 24.1 | 17.5 | 89.2 | 110.6 |
| 1986 | 13.4 | 10.8 | 24.2 | 17.8 | 25.8 | 7.1 | 24.6 | 17.8 | 93.1 | 117.3 |
| 1987 | 12.8 | 11.1 | 23.9 | 20.8 | 25.0 | 7.0 | 24.3 | 20.5 | 97.7 | 121.6 |
| 1988 | 13.9 | 11.5 | 25.4 | 19.8 | 24.3 | 7.7 | 23.8 | 19.9 | 95.5 | 120.9 |
| 1989 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 23.6 | 21.2 | 24.7 | 7.9 | 26.5 | 19.1 | 99.5 | 123.1 |
| 1990 | 12.4 | 9.0 | 21.4 | 19.6 | 24.4 | 7.9 | 24.6 | 18.7 | 95.2 | 116.5 |
| 1991 | 8.5 | 10.6 | 19.1 | 18.2 | 25.1 | 7.3 | 23.4 | 20.2 | 94.1 | 113.2 |
| 1992 | 12.9 | 11.4 | 24.4 | 19.2 | 27.3 | 7.2 | 25.4 | 20.2 | 99.3 | 123.6 |
| 1993 | 14.3 | 11.7 | 26.0 | 19.2 | 26.8 | 7.0 | 25.0 | 21.0 | 99.0 | 124.9 |
| 1994 | 13.1 | 11.9 | 24.9 | 19.5 | 28.1 | 7.3 | 26.1 | 20.7 | 101.7 | 126.7 |

| Year | Processed | | | | | | | | Total processed fruit 2/ | Total fruit 2/ |
|--------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| | Citrus | | | Noncitrus | | | | | | |
| | Oranges and tangelos | Other 1/ | Total citrus 2/ | Apples | Grapes 5/ | Pineapple | Other 6/ | Total noncitrus 2/ | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 67.4 | 14.7 | 82.2 | 14.6 | 9.1 | 11.1 | 11.8 | 46.6 | 128.8 | 230.0 |
| 1971 | 68.8 | 16.5 | 85.2 | 14.3 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 48.2 | 133.5 | 233.8 |
| 1972 | 71.8 | 16.8 | 88.6 | 12.5 | 7.2 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 40.7 | 129.3 | 224.1 |
| 1973 | 69.6 | 18.8 | 88.4 | 13.5 | 9.8 | 8.7 | 11.3 | 43.3 | 131.7 | 228.2 |
| 1974 | 72.5 | 16.3 | 88.8 | 14.4 | 9.3 | 7.8 | 13.0 | 44.5 | 133.2 | 228.8 |
| 1975 | 78.3 | 21.3 | 99.6 | 14.0 | 10.0 | 9.1 | 11.8 | 44.9 | 144.5 | 246.2 |
| 1976 | 87.4 | 15.0 | 102.4 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 9.1 | 11.8 | 46.7 | 149.1 | 250.6 |
| 1977 | 97.1 | 20.7 | 117.8 | 15.0 | 8.8 | 9.6 | 12.5 | 45.9 | 163.7 | 263.4 |
| 1978 | 78.3 | 22.8 | 101.1 | 17.8 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 10.5 | 46.9 | 148.0 | 251.4 |
| 1979 | 74.6 | 18.7 | 93.2 | 18.8 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 12.5 | 51.8 | 145.0 | 245.2 |
| 1980 | 81.0 | 16.6 | 97.6 | 20.6 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 12.7 | 55.6 | 153.1 | 257.9 |
| 1981 | 82.8 | 21.8 | 104.6 | 17.8 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 10.8 | 48.0 | 152.6 | 256.2 |
| 1982 | 75.0 | 19.6 | 94.5 | 22.1 | 11.8 | 9.8 | 9.3 | 53.0 | 147.6 | 255.0 |
| 1983 | 91.0 | 17.8 | 108.9 | 23.3 | 11.5 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 52.1 | 161.0 | 271.0 |
| 1984 | 80.3 | 11.1 | 91.3 | 25.9 | 11.7 | 9.1 | 9.3 | 56.0 | 147.4 | 259.9 |
| 1985 | 78.4 | 16.6 | 95.0 | 26.0 | 12.0 | 10.7 | 9.3 | 58.0 | 152.9 | 263.6 |
| 1986 | 83.3 | 12.8 | 96.1 | 25.4 | 11.0 | 12.0 | 9.1 | 57.5 | 153.5 | 270.9 |
| 1987 | 76.3 | 18.9 | 95.1 | 27.4 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 9.6 | 60.3 | 155.5 | 277.1 |
| 1988 | 76.8 | 10.5 | 87.2 | 27.4 | 14.3 | 11.5 | 9.8 | 63.0 | 150.2 | 271.2 |
| 1989 | 67.0 | 14.3 | 81.2 | 25.3 | 12.5 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 59.9 | 141.2 | 264.2 |
| 1990 | 64.9 | 15.1 | 80.0 | 28.5 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 10.4 | 64.1 | 144.1 | 260.6 |
| 1991 | 77.4 | 12.3 | 89.7 | 25.7 | 13.4 | 12.8 | 10.1 | 62.0 | 151.7 | 264.8 |
| 1992 | 64.0 | 10.9 | 74.9 | 27.4 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 11.0 | 63.9 | 138.8 | 262.4 |
| 1993 | 73.3 | 15.3 | 88.6 | 29.5 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 10.5 | 64.8 | 153.4 | 278.4 |
| 1994 | 75.0 | 15.1 | 90.1 | 29.8 | 11.8 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 62.7 | 152.8 | 279.5 |

1/ Grapefruit, lemons, limes, tangelos, and tangerines. 2/ Computed from unrounded data. 3/ Watermelon, cantaloup, and honeydew. 4/ Apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, kiwifruit, mangoes, nectarines, peaches, pears, pineapples, papayas, plums, prunes, and strawberries. 5/ Excludes wine grapes. 6/ Peaches, pears, and strawberries. Excludes all other fruit shown in tables 19-22.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 17--Fresh fruits (farm-weight equivalent): Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | Citrus | | | | | | Noncitrus | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | Oranges and lemons | Tangerines and tangelos | Lemons | Limes | Grape- fruit | Total 3/ | Apples | Apricots | Avocados | Bananas | Cherries | Cran- berries |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 16.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 8.2 | 28.9 | 17.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 17.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1971 | 15.7 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.2 | 8.5 | 29.0 | 16.4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 18.1 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| 1972 | 14.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 8.6 | 27.2 | 15.5 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 17.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| 1973 | 14.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 8.6 | 27.2 | 16.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 18.2 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| 1974 | 14.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 8.2 | 27.1 | 16.4 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 18.5 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| 1975 | 15.9 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 8.4 | 29.0 | 19.5 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1976 | 14.7 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 9.3 | 28.5 | 17.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 19.3 | 0.8 | 0.2 |
| 1977 | 13.4 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 7.7 | 26.1 | 16.5 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 19.2 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| 1978 | 13.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 26.2 | 17.9 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 20.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1979 | 11.5 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 7.3 | 23.0 | 17.1 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 21.0 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1980 | 14.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 7.3 | 26.1 | 19.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 20.8 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1981 | 12.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 6.7 | 23.5 | 16.8 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 21.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1982 | 11.7 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 7.2 | 23.4 | 17.5 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 22.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1983 | 15.0 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 7.8 | 28.0 | 18.3 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 21.3 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1984 | 11.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 6.0 | 22.5 | 18.4 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 22.2 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1985 | 11.6 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 5.5 | 21.5 | 17.3 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 23.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 1986 | 13.4 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 6.1 | 24.2 | 17.8 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 25.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 1987 | 12.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 6.3 | 23.9 | 20.8 | 0.1 | 2.4 | 25.0 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1988 | 13.9 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 6.7 | 25.4 | 19.8 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 24.3 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 1989 | 12.2 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 0.7 | 6.6 | 23.6 | 21.2 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 24.7 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| 1990 | 12.4 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 4.4 | 21.4 | 19.6 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 24.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| 1991 | 8.5 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 5.9 | 19.1 | 18.2 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 25.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| 1992 | 12.9 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 5.9 | 24.4 | 19.2 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 27.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1993 | 14.3 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 6.2 | 26.0 | 19.2 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 26.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| 1994 P | 13.1 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 6.1 | 24.9 | 19.5 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 28.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Noncitrus--continued | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Grapes | Kiwifruit | Mangoes | Peaches and nectarines | Pears | Pine- apples | Papayas | Plums and prunes | Straw- berries | Melons | Total 3/ | Total fresh fruit 3/ |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 2.9 | NA | 0.1 | 5.8 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 21.6 | 72.4 | 101.2 |
| 1971 | 2.5 | NA | 0.1 | 5.7 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 20.7 | 71.3 | 100.3 |
| 1972 | 2.5 | NA | 0.1 | 3.9 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 20.3 | 67.6 | 94.8 |
| 1973 | 2.9 | NA | 0.1 | 4.3 | 2.6 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 19.9 | 69.2 | 96.5 |
| 1974 | 3.1 | NA | 0.1 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 17.6 | 68.5 | 95.6 |
| 1975 | 3.6 | NA | 0.2 | 5.0 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 17.7 | 72.8 | 101.8 |
| 1976 | 3.5 | NA | 0.2 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 18.9 | 73.0 | 101.5 |
| 1977 | 3.5 | NA | 0.1 | 5.1 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 19.5 | 73.5 | 99.7 |
| 1978 | 3.1 | NA | 0.2 | 5.1 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 20.1 | 77.2 | 103.4 |
| 1979 | 3.4 | NA | 0.2 | 5.7 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 19.1 | 77.1 | 100.1 |
| 1980 | 4.0 | NA | 0.2 | 7.1 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 17.9 | 78.8 | 104.8 |
| 1981 | 4.1 | NA | 0.2 | 6.9 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 19.3 | 80.2 | 103.6 |
| 1982 | 5.7 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 2.4 | 22.0 | 84.0 | 107.4 |
| 1983 | 5.6 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 19.6 | 82.1 | 110.0 |
| 1984 | 6.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 23.9 | 90.1 | 112.6 |
| 1985 | 6.8 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 24.1 | 89.2 | 110.6 |
| 1986 | 7.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 24.6 | 93.1 | 117.3 |
| 1987 | 7.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 24.3 | 97.7 | 121.6 |
| 1988 | 7.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 6.7 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 23.8 | 95.5 | 120.9 |
| 1989 | 7.9 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 5.9 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 26.5 | 99.5 | 123.1 |
| 1990 | 7.9 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 24.6 | 95.2 | 116.5 |
| 1991 | 7.3 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 6.4 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 23.4 | 94.1 | 113.2 |
| 1992 | 7.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 6.0 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 3.6 | 25.4 | 99.3 | 123.6 |
| 1993 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 6.0 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 3.6 | 25.0 | 99.0 | 124.9 |
| 1994 P | 7.3 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 26.1 | 101.7 | 126.7 |

NA = Not available. P = Preliminary.

1/ Uses U.S. total population, July 1 for everything except apples, grapes, and pears, which use January 1 of the year following that indicated. 2/ Citrus fruits are on a crop-year basis beginning in year preceding that indicated. Noncitrus fruits are on a calendar-year basis except apples, grapes, and pears which are on a crop-year basis beginning in year indicated. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 18--Fresh fruits (retail-weight equivalent): Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | Citrus | | | | | | Noncitrus | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|------------------|
| | Oranges and lemons | Tangerines and tangelos | Lemons | Limes | Grape- fruit | Total 3/ | Apples | Apricots | Avocados | Bananas | Cherries | Cran- berries |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 15.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 8.0 | 27.9 | 16.3 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 17.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1971 | 15.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 28.1 | 15.8 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 18.1 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| 1972 | 14.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 26.3 | 14.9 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 17.9 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 1973 | 14.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 26.3 | 15.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 18.2 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| 1974 | 14.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 8.0 | 26.2 | 15.7 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 18.5 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 1975 | 15.4 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 8.1 | 28.0 | 18.7 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1976 | 14.3 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 9.0 | 27.6 | 16.4 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 19.3 | 0.8 | 0.2 |
| 1977 | 13.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 7.5 | 25.3 | 15.9 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 19.2 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| 1978 | 13.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 8.1 | 25.4 | 17.2 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 20.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1979 | 11.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 7.1 | 22.2 | 16.5 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 21.0 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| 1980 | 13.9 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 7.1 | 25.2 | 18.4 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 20.8 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| 1981 | 12.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 0.4 | 6.5 | 22.7 | 16.2 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 21.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1982 | 11.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 7.0 | 22.6 | 16.8 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 22.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1983 | 14.6 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 7.6 | 27.0 | 17.5 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 21.3 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1984 | 11.5 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 5.8 | 21.8 | 17.6 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 22.2 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1985 | 11.2 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 5.3 | 20.8 | 16.6 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 23.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 1986 | 13.0 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 5.9 | 23.4 | 17.1 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 25.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 1987 | 12.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 6.2 | 23.1 | 20.0 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 25.0 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| 1988 | 13.5 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 6.5 | 24.6 | 19.0 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 24.3 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| 1989 | 11.8 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 6.4 | 22.8 | 20.4 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 24.7 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| 1990 | 12.0 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 4.3 | 20.7 | 18.8 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 24.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| 1991 | 8.2 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 0.7 | 5.7 | 18.4 | 17.5 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 25.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| 1992 | 12.5 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 5.8 | 23.5 | 18.5 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 27.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| 1993 | 13.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 6.0 | 25.1 | 18.4 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 26.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| 1994 P | 12.7 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 0.9 | 5.9 | 24.1 | 18.8 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 28.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 |

| Noncitrus--continued | | | | | | | | | | | Total fresh fruit 3/ | |
|----------------------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------|---------|------------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Grapes | Kiwifruit | Mangoes | Peaches and nectarines | Pears | Pine- apples | Papayas | Plums and prunes | Straw- berries | Melons | Total 3/ | | |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 2.6 | NA | 0.1 | 5.5 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 19.5 | 68.6 | 96.5 |
| 1971 | 2.3 | NA | 0.1 | 5.4 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 18.9 | 67.9 | 96.0 |
| 1972 | 2.3 | NA | 0.1 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 18.5 | 64.3 | 90.6 |
| 1973 | 2.6 | NA | 0.1 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 18.1 | 65.9 | 92.2 |
| 1974 | 2.9 | NA | 0.1 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 16.0 | 65.2 | 91.4 |
| 1975 | 3.3 | NA | 0.2 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 16.1 | 69.3 | 97.3 |
| 1976 | 3.2 | NA | 0.2 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 17.2 | 69.5 | 97.1 |
| 1977 | 3.2 | NA | 0.1 | 4.8 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 17.7 | 69.9 | 95.2 |
| 1978 | 2.8 | NA | 0.2 | 5.8 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 18.2 | 73.4 | 98.8 |
| 1979 | 3.1 | NA | 0.2 | 6.3 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 17.4 | 73.5 | 95.8 |
| 1980 | 3.6 | NA | 0.2 | 6.7 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 16.3 | 75.1 | 100.3 |
| 1981 | 3.7 | NA | 0.2 | 6.5 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 17.5 | 76.3 | 99.0 |
| 1982 | 5.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 5.1 | 2.7 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 20.0 | 79.9 | 102.5 |
| 1983 | 5.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 5.2 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 17.8 | 78.0 | 105.1 |
| 1984 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 6.4 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 21.8 | 85.6 | 107.4 |
| 1985 | 6.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 21.9 | 84.7 | 105.4 |
| 1986 | 6.5 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 5.5 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 22.4 | 88.6 | 112.0 |
| 1987 | 6.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 5.7 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 22.1 | 92.8 | 116.0 |
| 1988 | 7.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 6.4 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 21.6 | 90.7 | 115.3 |
| 1989 | 7.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 5.6 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 24.1 | 94.4 | 117.2 |
| 1990 | 7.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 22.4 | 90.4 | 111.1 |
| 1991 | 6.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 21.2 | 89.4 | 107.8 |
| 1992 | 6.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 5.7 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 94.3 | 117.8 |
| 1993 | 6.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 22.8 | 94.1 | 119.3 |
| 1994 P | 6.7 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 23.7 | 96.7 | 120.8 |

NA = Not available. P = Preliminary.

1/ Uses U.S. total population, July 1 for everything except apples, grapes, and pears, which use January 1 of the year following that indicated. 2/ Citrus fruits are on a crop-year basis beginning in year preceding that indicated. Noncitrus fruits are on a calendar-year basis except apples, grapes, and pears which are on a crop-year basis beginning in year indicated. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 19--Canned fruits: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | Apples and applesauce | Apricots | Cherries 3/ | Olives | Peaches 4/ 5/ | Pears 5/ | Pineapples | Plums and prunes | Total 6/ |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------------|--------|------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 4.51 | 1.62 | 0.41 | 1.01 | 8.03 | 3.27 | 4.16 | 0.30 | 23.31 |
| 1971 | 4.21 | 1.35 | 0.41 | 1.06 | 8.11 | 3.98 | 4.18 | 0.35 | 23.65 |
| 1972 | 3.73 | 1.32 | 0.38 | 0.86 | 7.29 | 3.63 | 4.03 | 0.18 | 21.43 |
| 1973 | 4.77 | 1.52 | 0.25 | 0.96 | 6.92 | 4.01 | 3.28 | 0.28 | 21.98 |
| 1974 | 4.60 | 0.88 | 0.38 | 0.83 | 8.00 | 3.72 | 3.01 | 0.28 | 21.71 |
| 1975 | 3.80 | 1.35 | 0.32 | 1.02 | 7.03 | 3.86 | 3.50 | 0.24 | 21.13 |
| 1976 | 3.41 | 1.13 | 0.21 | 1.10 | 7.06 | 4.32 | 3.53 | 0.33 | 21.08 |
| 1977 | 3.91 | 1.10 | 0.26 | 1.18 | 7.29 | 4.46 | 3.51 | 0.23 | 21.94 |
| 1978 | 4.41 | 1.02 | 0.20 | 0.92 | 6.58 | 3.79 | 3.34 | 0.26 | 20.51 |
| 1979 | 4.73 | 0.97 | 0.19 | 0.48 | 6.72 | 4.64 | 3.66 | 0.19 | 21.58 |
| 1980 | 4.22 | 0.93 | 0.30 | 0.55 | 6.82 | 4.58 | 3.48 | 0.18 | 21.06 |
| 1981 | 3.48 | 0.69 | 0.23 | 0.62 | 5.54 | 4.37 | 3.19 | 0.20 | 18.32 |
| 1982 | 4.29 | 0.77 | 0.30 | 1.46 | 5.23 | 4.05 | 3.20 | 0.19 | 19.50 |
| 1983 | 4.11 | 0.61 | 0.19 | 1.08 | 4.34 | 3.64 | 3.24 | 0.15 | 17.36 |
| 1984 | 4.01 | 0.77 | 0.32 | 1.25 | 4.77 | 3.17 | 2.94 | 0.14 | 17.36 |
| 1985 | 4.21 | 0.80 | 0.28 | 1.39 | 4.73 | 3.21 | 3.31 | 0.17 | 18.10 |
| 1986 | 3.93 | 0.42 | 0.18 | 1.48 | 5.04 | 3.44 | 3.58 | 0.16 | 18.24 |
| 1987 | 4.31 | 0.63 | 0.28 | 1.33 | 4.74 | 3.88 | 3.03 | 0.17 | 18.38 |
| 1988 | 4.57 | 0.52 | 0.24 | 1.22 | 4.91 | 3.52 | 2.98 | 0.17 | 18.13 |
| 1989 | 4.27 | 0.78 | 0.23 | 1.42 | 4.65 | 3.71 | 3.24 | 0.16 | 18.46 |
| 1990 | 4.41 | 0.73 | 0.26 | 1.35 | 4.55 | 3.92 | 3.05 | 0.12 | 18.39 |
| 1991 | 4.14 | 0.48 | 0.22 | 0.89 | 4.79 | 3.42 | 3.11 | 0.09 | 17.13 |
| 1992 | 4.67 | 0.59 | 0.30 | 1.69 | 5.14 | 3.70 | 3.58 | 0.16 | 19.83 |
| 1993 | 4.13 | 0.52 | 0.31 | 1.38 | 4.85 | 3.38 | 3.28 | 0.11 | 17.95 |
| 1994 | 4.28 | 0.80 | 0.35 | 1.03 | 4.80 | 3.75 | 3.17 | 0.15 | 18.33 |

1/ Product-weight basis. 2/ Beginning May 1 for apricots, cherries, peaches, pears, and plums; August 1 for apples and olives. Pineapples are on a calendar-year basis. 3/ Sweet and tart cherries. 4/ Excludes spiced peaches. 5/ The peaches and pears used in fruit cocktail are included in the consumption estimates for peaches and pears. 6/ Computed from unrounded numbers.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 20--Frozen fruits: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Berries | | | | | | Other | | | | | Total 3/ |
|--------|--|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------|----------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Black- berries | Rasp- berries | Straw- berries | Blue- berries | Other berries 2/ | Total 3/ | Apples | Apricots | Cherries | Peaches | Total 3/ | |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 202.677 | 0.10 | 0.16 | 1.32 | 0.21 | 0.06 | 1.85 | 0.47 | 0.06 | 0.61 | 0.28 | 1.42 | 3.27 |
| 1971 | 205.052 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 1.43 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 2.00 | 0.53 | 0.07 | 0.68 | 0.26 | 1.54 | 3.54 |
| 1972 | 207.661 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 1.32 | 0.18 | 0.06 | 1.79 | 0.66 | 0.04 | 0.64 | 0.31 | 1.65 | 3.44 |
| 1973 | 209.896 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 1.23 | 0.16 | 0.05 | 1.62 | 0.61 | 0.08 | 0.81 | 0.23 | 1.73 | 3.35 |
| 1974 | 211.909 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 1.19 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 1.52 | 0.33 | 0.06 | 0.49 | 0.28 | 1.16 | 2.68 |
| 1975 | 213.854 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 1.38 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 1.78 | 0.45 | 0.07 | 0.44 | 0.28 | 1.24 | 3.02 |
| 1976 | 215.973 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 1.24 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 1.67 | 0.39 | 0.06 | 0.67 | 0.13 | 1.25 | 2.92 |
| 1977 | 218.035 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 1.18 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 1.60 | 0.44 | 0.07 | 0.62 | 0.28 | 1.41 | 3.01 |
| 1978 | 220.239 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 1.31 | 0.11 | 0.05 | 1.67 | 0.39 | 0.07 | 0.64 | 0.27 | 1.37 | 3.04 |
| 1979 | 222.585 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 1.22 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 1.52 | 0.33 | 0.06 | 0.52 | 0.21 | 1.12 | 2.64 |
| 1980 | 225.055 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 1.37 | 0.18 | 0.03 | 1.68 | 0.35 | 0.07 | 0.48 | 0.27 | 1.17 | 2.85 |
| 1981 | 227.726 | 0.04 | 0.08 | 1.31 | 0.17 | 0.02 | 1.62 | 0.37 | 0.05 | 0.49 | 0.19 | 1.10 | 2.72 |
| 1982 | 229.966 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 1.19 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 1.48 | 0.43 | 0.06 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 1.33 | 2.81 |
| 1983 | 232.188 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 1.25 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 1.48 | 0.32 | 0.07 | 0.62 | 0.31 | 1.32 | 2.80 |
| 1984 | 234.307 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 1.21 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 1.58 | 0.38 | 0.06 | 0.58 | 0.28 | 1.30 | 2.88 |
| 1985 | 236.348 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 1.18 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 1.58 | 0.35 | 0.07 | 0.58 | 0.41 | 1.41 | 2.99 |
| 1986 | 238.466 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 1.26 | 0.38 | 0.03 | 1.80 | 0.40 | 0.07 | 0.67 | 0.41 | 1.55 | 3.35 |
| 1987 | 240.651 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 1.27 | 0.26 | 0.02 | 1.67 | 0.53 | 0.06 | 1.00 | 0.27 | 1.88 | 3.55 |
| 1988 | 242.804 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 1.31 | 0.21 | 0.04 | 1.73 | 0.50 | 0.06 | 0.73 | 0.33 | 1.62 | 3.35 |
| 1989 | 245.021 | 0.11 | 0.17 | 1.38 | 0.30 | 0.03 | 1.99 | 0.48 | 0.07 | 0.74 | 0.44 | 1.73 | 3.72 |
| 1990 | 247.342 | 0.07 | 0.16 | 1.26 | 0.33 | 0.03 | 1.85 | 0.40 | 0.07 | 0.80 | 0.35 | 1.62 | 3.47 |
| 1991 | 249.911 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 1.40 | 0.32 | 0.04 | 1.97 | 0.45 | 0.06 | 0.58 | 0.39 | 1.48 | 3.45 |
| 1992 | 252.643 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 1.34 | 0.41 | 0.02 | 1.96 | 0.50 | 0.07 | 0.55 | 0.42 | 1.54 | 3.50 |
| 1993 | 255.407 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 1.31 | 0.47 | 0.01 | 2.02 | 0.36 | 0.06 | 0.69 | 0.28 | 1.39 | 3.41 |
| 1994 P | 258.120 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 1.26 | 0.49 | 0.01 | 1.96 | 0.31 | 0.07 | 0.58 | 0.48 | 1.44 | 3.40 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Processed weight. 2/ Boysenberries and loganberries. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 21—Dried fruits: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Apples | Apricots | Dates 3/ | Figs | Peaches | Pears | Prunes 4/ | Raisins | Total 5/ |
|-----------------|--|--------|----------|-------------|------|---------|-------|--------------|---------|-------------|
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 0.11 | 0.06 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.69 | 1.35 | 2.72 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.26 | 0.20 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.58 | 1.43 | 2.60 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.49 | 1.04 | 2.06 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 0.14 | 0.05 | 0.33 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.55 | 1.38 | 2.65 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 0.11 | 0.03 | 0.26 | 0.16 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.51 | 1.29 | 2.38 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 0.34 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.60 | 1.29 | 2.60 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 0.13 | 0.06 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.53 | 1.28 | 2.53 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.36 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.49 | 1.25 | 2.47 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.34 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.43 | 1.10 | 2.22 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 0.14 | 0.06 | 0.26 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.38 | 1.31 | 2.34 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.43 | 1.46 | 2.31 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.46 | 1.54 | 2.50 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.26 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.42 | 1.52 | 2.56 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.46 | 1.58 | 2.72 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.32 | 0.13 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.39 | 1.90 | 3.04 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 0.14 | 0.03 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.47 | 1.92 | 2.96 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.14 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.44 | 1.83 | 2.76 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.18 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.62 | 1.88 | 3.08 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 0.15 | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.58 | 2.07 | 3.29 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 0.14 | 0.10 | 0.23 | 0.16 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.63 | 1.92 | 3.20 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.23 | 0.20 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.97 | 1.80 | 3.39 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.22 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.73 | 1.78 | 3.09 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.58 | 1.62 | 2.80 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.68 | 1.86 | 3.25 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.71 | 1.72 | 3.12 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Processed weight. 2/ Beginning July 1 for apples, apricots, peaches, and pears; September 1 for dates, and August 1 for figs, prunes, and raisins. 3/ Pits-in basis. 4/ Excludes quantities used for juice. 5/ Computed from unrounded numbers.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 22--Selected fruit juices: Per capita consumption, 1971-94 1/

| Crop year | Orange | Grapefruit | Lemon | Lime | Total citrus | Apple | Grape | Pineapple | Prune | Total noncitrus | Total fruit juice |
|-----------|--------|------------|-------|------|--------------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Gallons | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1971 | 3.81 | 0.68 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 4.59 | 0.53 | 0.21 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 1.13 | 5.71 |
| 1972 | 4.18 | 0.67 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 4.96 | 0.58 | 0.30 | 0.26 | 0.11 | 1.25 | 6.21 |
| 1973 | 4.19 | 0.71 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 5.07 | 0.45 | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.96 | 6.03 |
| 1974 | 4.32 | 0.68 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 5.10 | 0.39 | 0.24 | 0.20 | 0.10 | 0.93 | 6.03 |
| 1975 | 4.66 | 0.69 | 0.24 | 0.01 | 5.60 | 0.49 | 0.25 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 1.00 | 6.61 |
| 1976 | 5.18 | 0.56 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 5.84 | 0.57 | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.09 | 1.10 | 6.93 |
| 1977 | 5.01 | 0.75 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 5.94 | 0.52 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 1.06 | 6.99 |
| 1978 | 4.31 | 0.79 | 0.18 | 0.00 | 5.29 | 0.66 | 0.17 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 1.15 | 6.44 |
| 1979 | 4.46 | 0.76 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 5.32 | 0.80 | 0.30 | 0.24 | 0.10 | 1.44 | 6.77 |
| 1980 | 4.95 | 0.58 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 5.66 | 0.89 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.09 | 1.49 | 7.15 |
| 1981 | 4.72 | 0.72 | 0.25 | 0.01 | 5.69 | 1.08 | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.09 | 1.73 | 7.42 |
| 1982 | 4.30 | 0.69 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 5.18 | 0.96 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 0.10 | 1.58 | 6.75 |
| 1983 | 5.78 | 0.61 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 6.56 | 1.21 | 0.24 | 0.29 | 0.08 | 1.82 | 8.38 |
| 1984 | 4.82 | 0.33 | 0.12 | 0.01 | 5.28 | 1.32 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.06 | 1.99 | 7.27 |
| 1985 | 4.81 | 0.61 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 5.57 | 1.53 | 0.28 | 0.27 | 0.07 | 2.16 | 7.72 |
| 1986 | 5.16 | 0.48 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 5.77 | 1.53 | 0.23 | 0.34 | 0.07 | 2.17 | 7.94 |
| 1987 | 5.08 | 0.68 | 0.21 | 0.01 | 5.98 | 1.52 | 0.22 | 0.39 | 0.07 | 2.19 | 8.17 |
| 1988 | 5.33 | 0.37 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 5.80 | 1.62 | 0.30 | 0.42 | 0.06 | 2.40 | 8.21 |
| 1989 | 4.63 | 0.60 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 5.34 | 1.60 | 0.26 | 0.42 | 0.07 | 2.35 | 7.69 |
| 1990 | 3.85 | 0.62 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 4.63 | 1.45 | 0.30 | 0.44 | 0.04 | 2.23 | 6.86 |
| 1991 | 4.79 | 0.41 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 5.36 | 1.73 | 0.28 | 0.49 | 0.04 | 2.53 | 7.89 |
| 1992 | 4.33 | 0.40 | 0.12 | 0.01 | 4.87 | 1.52 | 0.35 | 0.50 | 0.03 | 2.40 | 7.27 |
| 1993 | 5.14 | 0.59 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 5.91 | 1.57 | 0.38 | 0.47 | 0.04 | 2.45 | 8.37 |
| 1994 P | 5.27 | 0.54 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 6.00 | 1.79 | 0.35 | 0.41 | 0.04 | 2.59 | 8.60 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Single-strength equivalent.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 23—Apples: Per capita utilized production plus imports and minus exports, farm-weight equivalent, by products, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Fresh 3/ | Canned | Juice | Frozen | Dry | Other 4/ | Total 5/ |
|-----------------|--|-------------|--------|-------|--------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 206,466 | 17.02 | 5.64 | 6.36 | 0.98 | 0.90 | 0.70 | 31.60 |
| 1971 | 208,917 | 16.42 | 5.27 | 7.02 | 0.91 | 0.48 | 0.64 | 30.74 |
| 1972 | 210,985 | 15.53 | 4.67 | 5.44 | 1.12 | 0.64 | 0.65 | 28.04 |
| 1973 | 212,932 | 16.13 | 5.97 | 4.63 | 1.22 | 1.12 | 0.60 | 29.67 |
| 1974 | 214,931 | 16.40 | 5.75 | 5.91 | 0.85 | 0.91 | 0.96 | 30.78 |
| 1975 | 217,095 | 19.49 | 4.75 | 6.87 | 0.95 | 1.04 | 0.42 | 33.53 |
| 1976 | 219,179 | 17.08 | 4.26 | 6.30 | 1.01 | 1.07 | 0.33 | 30.05 |
| 1977 | 221,477 | 16.52 | 4.88 | 7.87 | 0.73 | 0.99 | 0.55 | 31.55 |
| 1978 | 223,865 | 17.95 | 5.51 | 9.57 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 0.84 | 35.78 |
| 1979 | 226,451 | 17.14 | 5.92 | 10.63 | 0.60 | 1.11 | 0.58 | 35.98 |
| 1980 | 228,937 | 19.20 | 5.27 | 13.01 | 0.73 | 0.82 | 0.73 | 39.76 |
| 1981 | 231,157 | 16.85 | 4.35 | 11.52 | 0.75 | 0.82 | 0.38 | 34.67 |
| 1982 | 233,322 | 17.54 | 5.37 | 14.58 | 0.82 | 0.85 | 0.50 | 39.66 |
| 1983 | 235,385 | 18.27 | 5.13 | 15.83 | 0.72 | 1.21 | 0.41 | 41.57 |
| 1984 | 237,468 | 18.35 | 5.01 | 18.40 | 0.83 | 1.26 | 0.43 | 44.29 |
| 1985 | 239,638 | 17.26 | 5.26 | 18.42 | 0.81 | 1.15 | 0.31 | 43.22 |
| 1986 | 241,784 | 17.84 | 4.91 | 18.18 | 1.06 | 0.83 | 0.38 | 43.21 |
| 1987 | 243,981 | 20.83 | 5.38 | 19.44 | 1.02 | 1.21 | 0.30 | 48.17 |
| 1988 | 246,224 | 19.84 | 5.71 | 19.15 | 1.08 | 1.21 | 0.27 | 47.26 |
| 1989 | 248,659 | 21.22 | 5.34 | 17.35 | 1.29 | 1.11 | 0.23 | 46.54 |
| 1990 | 251,36 | 19.60 | 5.51 | 20.70 | 1.21 | 0.76 | 0.29 | 48.07 |
| 1991 | 254,046 | 18.18 | 5.17 | 18.19 | 1.13 | 0.79 | 0.39 | 43.85 |
| 1992 | 256,866 | 19.24 | 5.83 | 18.83 | 0.96 | 1.21 | 0.60 | 46.67 |
| 1993 | 259,487 | 19.16 | 5.16 | 21.51 | 1.08 | 1.46 | 0.34 | 48.70 |
| 1994 P | 261,928 | 19.55 | 5.35 | 21.27 | 1.16 | 1.50 | 0.51 | 49.34 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Data only approximate the trend and general level of consumption over time. Year-to-year changes in processed items do not reflect changes in stocks, therefore the numbers do not reflect actual year-to-year changes in consumption. 2/ Beginning August 1. 3/ Numbers include shipments to the U.S. territories. 4/ Includes apples used for vinegar, wine, and fresh slices for pie making. 5/ Calculated from unrounded numbers.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 24--Grapes: Per capita utilized production plus imports and minus exports, farm-weight equivalent, by products, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Fresh 3/ | Canned | Juice | Wine 4/ | Dry | Total 5/ |
|--------------|--|----------|--------|-------|---------|-------|----------|
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 2.89 | 0.52 | 2.38 | 17.25 | 6.20 | 29.23 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 2.53 | 0.56 | 3.29 | 24.40 | 7.05 | 37.83 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 2.52 | 0.48 | 2.08 | 17.26 | 4.60 | 26.94 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 2.88 | 0.55 | 2.62 | 27.46 | 6.63 | 40.14 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 3.14 | 0.57 | 2.80 | 25.53 | 5.94 | 37.97 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 3.61 | 0.49 | 2.52 | 23.86 | 6.98 | 37.46 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 3.54 | 0.44 | 2.44 | 24.59 | 9.93 | 40.94 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 3.54 | 0.49 | 1.92 | 25.72 | 6.38 | 38.05 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 3.08 | 0.49 | 3.36 | 29.15 | 5.34 | 41.42 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 3.45 | 0.53 | 2.54 | 28.94 | 6.82 | 42.28 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 3.97 | 0.55 | 2.75 | 31.51 | 8.46 | 47.24 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 4.05 | 0.36 | 2.62 | 27.59 | 6.66 | 41.29 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 5.72 | 0.30 | 2.63 | 33.88 | 8.88 | 51.41 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 5.59 | 0.30 | 3.68 | 27.26 | 7.50 | 44.33 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 6.09 | 0.25 | 3.17 | 30.00 | 8.25 | 47.76 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 6.84 | 0.38 | 2.56 | 31.32 | 9.01 | 50.11 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 7.10 | 0.33 | 2.44 | 29.43 | 8.22 | 47.52 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 7.05 | 0.33 | 3.33 | 26.15 | 8.09 | 44.94 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 7.70 | 0.32 | 2.95 | 27.61 | 10.99 | 49.58 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 7.94 | 0.32 | 3.37 | 25.78 | 8.82 | 46.23 |
| 1990 | 251.36 | 7.92 | 0.32 | 3.12 | 23.64 | 9.09 | 44.09 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 7.26 | 0.32 | 3.93 | 23.02 | 9.12 | 43.65 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 7.19 | 0.36 | 4.23 | 27.01 | 7.63 | 46.41 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 7.04 | 0.35 | 3.88 | 24.92 | 8.75 | 44.94 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 7.33 | 0.30 | 3.21 | 22.52 | 8.28 | 41.63 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Data only approximate the trend and general level of consumption over time. Year-to-year changes in processed items do not reflect changes in stocks, therefore the numbers do not reflect actual year-to-year changes in consumption. 2/ Beginning August 1. 3/ Numbers include shipments to the U.S. territories. 4/ Since alcoholic beverages are not part of the official U.S. food supply series, the quantity of grapes used for wine making are subtracted from the total for grapes in table 16. 5/ Calculated from unrounded numbers.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 25--Pineapples: Per capita utilized production adjusted for imports and exports, farm-weight equivalent, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Fresh | Processed | Total 2/ |
|--------|-------|-----------|----------|
| | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 0.70 | 11.13 | 11.83 |
| 1971 | 0.65 | 11.08 | 11.73 |
| 1972 | 0.78 | 10.62 | 11.40 |
| 1973 | 0.92 | 8.69 | 9.60 |
| 1974 | 0.90 | 7.83 | 8.73 |
| 1975 | 1.03 | 9.10 | 10.12 |
| 1976 | 1.15 | 9.12 | 10.27 |
| 1977 | 1.36 | 9.56 | 10.93 |
| 1978 | 1.45 | 9.37 | 10.82 |
| 1979 | 1.47 | 10.55 | 12.01 |
| 1980 | 1.50 | 10.57 | 12.07 |
| 1981 | 1.57 | 9.70 | 11.26 |
| 1982 | 1.66 | 9.80 | 11.46 |
| 1983 | 1.70 | 9.73 | 11.41 |
| 1984 | 1.52 | 9.07 | 10.58 |
| 1985 | 1.49 | 10.74 | 12.23 |
| 1986 | 1.75 | 12.02 | 13.77 |
| 1987 | 1.70 | 11.59 | 13.29 |
| 1988 | 1.81 | 11.48 | 13.29 |
| 1989 | 2.04 | 12.19 | 14.23 |
| 1990 | 2.05 | 12.66 | 14.71 |
| 1991 | 1.92 | 12.84 | 14.76 |
| 1992 | 2.00 | 13.25 | 15.25 |
| 1993 | 2.05 | 11.84 | 13.89 |
| 1994 P | 2.04 | 10.69 | 12.73 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Per capita numbers do not reflect changes in stocks, therefore the numbers do not reflect year-to-year changes in consumption. However, the numbers do approximate the trend and level of consumption over time. Uses U.S. total population, July 1. 2/ Calculated from unrounded numbers.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 26--Melons: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 Millions | Watermelon | | Cantaloup | | Honeydew | | Total 2/ | |
|------|--|------------|--------|-----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail |
| | | Pounds | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 13.5 | 12.1 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 21.6 | 19.5 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 13.0 | 11.7 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 20.7 | 18.9 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 20.3 | 18.5 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 12.7 | 11.5 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 19.9 | 18.1 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 11.3 | 10.2 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 17.6 | 16.0 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 17.7 | 16.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 18.9 | 17.2 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 19.5 | 17.7 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 11.9 | 10.7 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 20.1 | 18.2 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 19.1 | 17.4 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 10.7 | 9.6 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 17.9 | 16.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 11.7 | 10.5 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 19.3 | 17.5 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 12.5 | 11.2 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 22.0 | 20.0 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 11.3 | 10.2 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 19.6 | 17.8 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 14.4 | 13.0 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 23.9 | 21.8 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 13.5 | 12.2 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 24.1 | 21.9 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 12.8 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 24.6 | 22.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 13.0 | 11.7 | 9.1 | 8.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 24.3 | 22.1 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 13.5 | 12.2 | 7.9 | 7.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 23.8 | 21.6 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 13.6 | 12.3 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 26.5 | 24.1 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 13.3 | 12.0 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 24.6 | 22.4 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 12.8 | 11.5 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 23.4 | 21.2 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 14.8 | 13.3 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 25.4 | 23.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 14.6 | 13.2 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 25.0 | 22.8 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 15.5 | 13.9 | 8.8 | 8.1 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 26.1 | 23.7 |

1/ Includes any processing uses. Excludes quantities produced in home gardens. 2/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 27--Commercially produced fresh vegetables (farm weight): Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Artichokes 1/ | Asparagus | Snap beans | Broccoli | Brussels sprouts 1/ | Cabbage | Carrots | Cauliflower | Celery 1/ | Sweet corn | Cucumbers |
|------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------|---------------------|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 6.0 | 0.7 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 2.8 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 8.9 | 6.1 | 0.7 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 2.8 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 0.8 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 3.0 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 0.8 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 2.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 9.0 | 6.9 | 0.8 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 3.0 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 9.1 | 6.4 | 0.9 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 2.8 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 8.5 | 6.4 | 1.0 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 3.1 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 8.6 | 5.3 | 1.1 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 3.5 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 8.7 | 5.3 | 0.8 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 3.8 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 8.2 | 5.9 | 1.1 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 3.8 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 6.2 | 1.1 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 3.9 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 1.4 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 4.0 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 6.6 | 1.3 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 4.2 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 1.4 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 4.5 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 8.7 | 6.7 | 1.8 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 4.7 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 6.5 | 1.8 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 4.4 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 6.5 | 2.2 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 4.6 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 2.1 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 5.1 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 3.8 | 0.3 | 9.1 | 7.1 | 2.2 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 4.8 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 3.8 | 0.3 | 8.7 | 8.1 | 2.3 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 4.8 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 2.2 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 4.7 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 8.5 | 7.7 | 2.0 | 6.8 | 5.9 | 4.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 0.3 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 1.8 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 5.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 0.4 | 9.7 | 8.2 | 1.7 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 5.3 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 9.7 | 7.9 | 1.4 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 5.3 |

| Eggplant 1/ | Escarole/ endive | Garlic 1/ 2/ | Lettuce | | | Onions | Bell peppers 1/ | Radishes 1/ | Spinach | Tomatoes | Total 3/ | |
|-------------|------------------|--------------|---------|------------------|-------|--------|-----------------|-------------|---------|----------|----------|-------|
| | | | Head | Romaine and leaf | Total | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 22.4 | NA | 22.4 | 10.1 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 12.1 | 85.4 |
| 1971 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 22.4 | NA | 22.4 | 10.7 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 11.3 | 85.4 |
| 1972 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 22.4 | NA | 22.4 | 10.7 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 12.1 | 86.8 |
| 1973 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 23.1 | NA | 23.1 | 10.2 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 12.5 | 88.7 |
| 1974 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 23.5 | NA | 23.5 | 11.2 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 11.8 | 89.7 |
| 1975 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 23.5 | NA | 23.5 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 12.0 | 88.4 |
| 1976 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 24.2 | NA | 24.2 | 11.0 | 2.7 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 12.6 | 90.9 |
| 1977 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 25.8 | NA | 25.8 | 11.1 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 12.4 | 91.3 |
| 1978 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 25.1 | NA | 25.1 | 11.1 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 12.9 | 89.9 |
| 1979 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 25.1 | NA | 25.1 | 11.6 | 2.9 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 12.4 | 91.2 |
| 1980 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 25.6 | NA | 25.6 | 11.4 | 2.9 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 12.8 | 92.5 |
| 1981 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 24.9 | NA | 24.9 | 10.7 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 12.3 | 90.9 |
| 1982 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 24.9 | NA | 24.9 | 12.2 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 12.9 | 94.6 |
| 1983 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 22.4 | NA | 22.4 | 12.2 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 13.5 | 92.5 |
| 1984 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 24.9 | NA | 24.9 | 13.1 | 3.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 14.2 | 99.0 |
| 1985 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 23.7 | 3.3 | 27.0 | 13.6 | 3.8 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 14.9 | 102.7 |
| 1986 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 21.9 | 2.4 | 24.3 | 13.7 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 15.8 | 101.1 |
| 1987 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 25.7 | 2.5 | 28.2 | 13.4 | 4.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 15.8 | 108.1 |
| 1988 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 27.0 | 3.2 | 30.2 | 14.5 | 4.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 16.8 | 111.7 |
| 1989 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 28.8 | 3.6 | 32.4 | 14.8 | 4.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 16.8 | 116.1 |
| 1990 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 27.8 | 3.8 | 31.6 | 15.1 | 4.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 15.5 | 113.9 |
| 1991 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 26.1 | 4.0 | 30.1 | 15.7 | 5.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 15.4 | 110.9 |
| 1992 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 25.9 | 4.7 | 30.6 | 16.2 | 5.7 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 15.5 | 116.1 |
| 1993 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 24.6 | 4.9 | 29.5 | 16.0 | 6.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 16.0 | 116.2 |
| 1994 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 2.0 | 22.5 | 4.2 | 26.7 | 16.3 | 6.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 15.7 | 113.9 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Includes all uses. 2/ Garlic use was revised back to 1978 to reflect updated conversion factors for dehydration. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 28--Commercially produced fresh vegetables (retail-weight equivalent): Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Artichokes 1/ | Asparagus | Snap beans | Broccoli | Brussels sprouts 1/ | Cabbage | Carrots | Cauliflower | Celery 1/ | Sweet corn | Cucumbers | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------|----------|------------------------|---------|---------|-------------|--------------|------------|-----------|----------|--------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Millions | Pounds | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 8.2 | 5.8 | 0.7 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 2.6 | | | | |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 8.3 | 5.9 | 0.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 2.6 | | | | |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 7.9 | 6.3 | 0.8 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 2.7 | | | | |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 0.7 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 2.5 | | | | |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 0.7 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 2.7 | | | | |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 8.4 | 6.3 | 0.8 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 2.6 | | | | |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 0.9 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 2.8 | | | | |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 8.0 | 5.2 | 1.0 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 3.2 | | | | |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 0.7 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 3.5 | | | | |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 7.7 | 5.7 | 1.0 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 3.5 | | | | |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 6.0 | 3.6 | | | | |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 1.3 | 6.8 | 5.7 | 3.7 | | | | |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 1.2 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 3.9 | | | | |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 1.3 | 6.5 | 5.7 | 4.2 | | | | |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 1.7 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 4.3 | | | | |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 1.7 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 4.0 | | | | |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 6.3 | 2.0 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 4.3 | | | | |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 0.2 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 2.0 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 4.7 | | | | |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 2.0 | 6.7 | 5.4 | 4.4 | | | | |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 0.3 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 2.1 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 4.4 | | | | |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 3.1 | 0.3 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 2.0 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 4.3 | | | | |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 0.3 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 1.8 | 6.3 | 5.5 | 4.2 | | | | |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 1.7 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 4.6 | | | | |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 1.5 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 4.9 | | | | |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 9.0 | 7.7 | 1.3 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 4.9 | | | | |

| Year | Eggplant 1/ | Escarole/ endive | Garlic 1/ 2/ | Lettuce | | | Onions | Bell peppers 1/ | Radishes 1/ | Spinach | Toma- toes | Total 3/ |
|------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|-------|--------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|---------------|-------------|
| | | | | Head | Romaine and leaf | Total | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 20.8 | NA | 20.8 | 9.5 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 10.3 | 78.9 |
| 1971 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 20.8 | NA | 20.8 | 10.1 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 9.6 | 78.6 |
| 1972 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 20.9 | NA | 20.9 | 10.1 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 10.3 | 79.8 |
| 1973 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 21.5 | NA | 21.5 | 9.6 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 10.6 | 81.3 |
| 1974 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 21.9 | NA | 21.9 | 10.5 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 10.1 | 82.6 |
| 1975 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 21.9 | NA | 21.9 | 9.9 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 10.2 | 81.9 |
| 1976 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 22.5 | NA | 22.5 | 10.3 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 10.7 | 83.7 |
| 1977 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 24.0 | NA | 24.0 | 10.4 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 10.5 | 84.0 |
| 1978 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 23.3 | NA | 23.3 | 10.4 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 11.0 | 82.5 |
| 1979 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 23.3 | NA | 23.3 | 10.9 | 2.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 10.6 | 83.9 |
| 1980 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 23.8 | NA | 23.8 | 10.7 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 10.9 | 85.0 |
| 1981 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 23.2 | NA | 23.2 | 10.1 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 10.5 | 83.7 |
| 1982 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 23.2 | NA | 23.2 | 11.5 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 11.0 | 87.2 |
| 1983 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 20.9 | NA | 20.9 | 11.4 | 3.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 11.4 | 85.5 |
| 1984 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 23.2 | NA | 23.2 | 12.3 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 12.1 | 91.3 |
| 1985 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 22.0 | 3.0 | 25.0 | 12.8 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 12.6 | 94.1 |
| 1986 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 20.4 | 2.2 | 22.6 | 12.9 | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 13.4 | 92.3 |
| 1987 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 23.9 | 2.3 | 26.2 | 12.6 | 3.9 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 13.5 | 99.1 |
| 1988 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 25.1 | 3.0 | 28.1 | 13.7 | 4.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 14.3 | 102.6 |
| 1989 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 26.8 | 3.3 | 30.1 | 13.9 | 4.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 14.3 | 106.7 |
| 1990 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 25.8 | 3.5 | 29.3 | 14.2 | 4.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 13.2 | 104.6 |
| 1991 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 24.3 | 3.7 | 28.0 | 14.8 | 4.7 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 13.1 | 102.0 |
| 1992 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 24.1 | 4.4 | 28.5 | 15.2 | 5.2 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 13.2 | 107.0 |
| 1993 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 22.9 | 4.6 | 27.5 | 15.0 | 5.7 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 13.6 | 106.8 |
| 1994 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 20.9 | 3.9 | 24.8 | 15.4 | 6.1 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 13.3 | 104.7 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Includes all uses. 2/ Garlic use was revised back to 1978 to reflect updated conversion factors for dehydration. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 29--Selected commercially grown vegetables for processing (farm weight): Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Vegetables for canning | | | | | | | | | Total for canning | |
|------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|--------------|------------|----------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Asparagus | Snap beans | Cabbage 2/ | Carrots | Sweet corn | Cucumbers 3/ | Green peas | Other 4/ | Tomatoes 5/ | Excluding tomatoes | Including tomatoes |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 0.6 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 14.3 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 62.1 | 34.3 | 96.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 0.6 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 14.8 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 68.3 | 34.9 | 103.2 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 0.6 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 15.0 | 5.4 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 64.9 | 34.8 | 99.7 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 0.6 | 4.9 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 14.5 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 58.4 | 34.9 | 93.3 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 0.5 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 13.5 | 5.7 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 61.3 | 33.3 | 94.6 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 0.6 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 12.0 | 6.1 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 61.9 | 31.5 | 93.4 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 0.5 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 13.1 | 6.1 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 65.7 | 33.2 | 98.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 0.5 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 14.1 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 62.8 | 34.0 | 96.8 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 0.4 | 4.8 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 13.4 | 6.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 58.8 | 33.0 | 91.8 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 0.3 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 12.7 | 5.8 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 64.3 | 31.4 | 95.7 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 0.4 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 13.0 | 5.4 | 2.7 | 5.7 | 63.6 | 34.7 | 98.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 0.4 | 4.6 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 12.1 | 5.3 | 2.7 | 5.7 | 59.3 | 33.7 | 93.0 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 0.3 | 4.2 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 11.6 | 5.1 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 60.1 | 31.2 | 91.3 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 0.3 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 11.6 | 5.2 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 60.9 | 31.6 | 92.5 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 0.3 | 3.7 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 10.2 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 5.5 | 68.5 | 29.7 | 98.2 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 0.3 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 11.9 | 5.8 | 2.1 | 5.6 | 63.2 | 32.0 | 95.2 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 0.3 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 12.1 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 6.0 | 63.6 | 32.2 | 95.8 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 0.3 | 3.8 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 10.6 | 5.5 | 2.0 | 5.7 | 65.2 | 30.3 | 95.5 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 0.3 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 10.4 | 5.3 | 1.8 | 6.0 | 61.3 | 29.9 | 91.2 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 0.3 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 9.5 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 6.5 | 69.4 | 29.3 | 98.7 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 0.3 | 3.7 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 11.0 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 75.4 | 31.6 | 107.0 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 0.3 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 11.1 | 5.1 | 1.9 | 7.3 | 77.4 | 32.2 | 109.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 0.3 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 11.9 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 8.5 | 73.7 | 33.6 | 107.3 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 0.3 | 4.0 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 11.2 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 7.8 | 76.4 | 31.9 | 108.3 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 0.2 | 3.9 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 10.0 | 4.6 | 1.5 | 6.8 | 75.3 | 29.2 | 104.5 |

| Year | Asparagus | Snap beans | Broccoli | Vegetables for freezing | | | | | Total for freezing | Dehydrated onions | Total selected processing vegetables |
|------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | Carrots | Cauliflower | Sweet corn | Green peas | Other 6/ | | | |
| | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 5.8 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 16.6 | 1.2 | 114.2 |
| 1971 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 5.5 | 2.1 | 3.4 | 16.7 | 1.5 | 121.4 |
| 1972 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 5.4 | 2.0 | 3.4 | 16.7 | 0.9 | 117.3 |
| 1973 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 6.0 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 17.7 | 1.2 | 112.2 |
| 1974 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 0.7 | 5.9 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 17.3 | 1.5 | 113.4 |
| 1975 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 6.3 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 16.9 | 2.0 | 112.3 |
| 1976 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 5.9 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 17.0 | 0.8 | 116.7 |
| 1977 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 7.4 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 18.3 | 1.3 | 116.4 |
| 1978 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 6.3 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 17.3 | 1.3 | 110.4 |
| 1979 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 6.8 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 18.0 | 1.9 | 115.6 |
| 1980 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 6.4 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 17.2 | 0.8 | 116.3 |
| 1981 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 6.3 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 17.6 | 0.8 | 111.4 |
| 1982 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 5.8 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 16.1 | 2.0 | 109.4 |
| 1983 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 6.6 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 16.9 | 1.7 | 111.1 |
| 1984 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 8.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 19.9 | 1.5 | 119.6 |
| 1985 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 7.9 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 19.6 | 1.5 | 116.4 |
| 1986 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 7.6 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 18.6 | 1.9 | 116.3 |
| 1987 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 7.8 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 19.3 | 1.5 | 116.3 |
| 1988 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 8.7 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 21.1 | 1.7 | 114.0 |
| 1989 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 8.4 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 20.8 | 1.6 | 121.1 |
| 1990 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 8.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 20.4 | 2.0 | 129.4 |
| 1991 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 0.6 | 9.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 21.8 | 1.6 | 133.0 |
| 1992 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 9.0 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 21.0 | 1.4 | 129.7 |
| 1993 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 9.8 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 23.0 | 2.1 | 133.4 |
| 1994 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 9.2 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 21.6 | 1.0 | 127.1 |

1/ Data could not be converted to product weight because statistics on the use of vegetables in end products such as tomatoes in catsup are not complete.
 2/ Cabbage for sauerkraut. 3/ Cucumbers for pickling. 4/ Includes beets, chili peppers, and spinach. 5/ Includes tomatoes for canned whole tomatoes, sauce, paste, juice, catsup, and chili sauce. 6/ Includes lima beans, spinach, and miscellaneous freezing vegetables.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 30—Mushrooms: Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Crop year 1/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Fresh market | | Processing | | Total | |
|-----------------|--|--------------|--------|------------|--------|-------|--------|
| | | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.9 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 2.1 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 2.3 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 2.1 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 2.3 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 3.1 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 2.8 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| 1994 | 261.928 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3.8 | 3.0 |

1/ Crop year begins July 1 of year indicated and ends June 30 of the following year.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 31--Potatoes, sweetpotatoes, dry edible beans, and peas: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Potatoes | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------|------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|--------|
| | Canned | | Frozen | | Chips and shoestrings | | Dehydrated | | Fresh | | Total 2/ 3/ | |
| | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail | Farm | Retail |
| Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 28.5 | 12.8 | 17.4 | 4.3 | 12.0 | 1.7 | 61.8 | 59.3 | 121.7 | 79.3 |
| 1971 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 30.1 | 13.9 | 17.2 | 4.2 | 12.3 | 1.7 | 56.1 | 53.8 | 117.8 | 74.9 |
| 1972 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 30.3 | 14.3 | 16.7 | 4.1 | 12.4 | 1.7 | 57.9 | 55.5 | 119.4 | 76.9 |
| 1973 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 34.2 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 4.0 | 13.1 | 1.8 | 52.4 | 50.3 | 118.2 | 73.9 |
| 1974 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 35.3 | 17.3 | 15.7 | 3.9 | 14.5 | 2.0 | 49.4 | 47.4 | 117.2 | 72.1 |
| 1975 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 37.1 | 18.6 | 15.5 | 3.8 | 14.7 | 2.1 | 52.6 | 50.5 | 121.9 | 76.3 |
| 1976 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 41.8 | 20.9 | 15.8 | 3.9 | 16.3 | 2.3 | 49.4 | 47.5 | 125.2 | 75.8 |
| 1977 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 42.2 | 21.1 | 16.2 | 4.0 | 11.4 | 1.6 | 50.1 | 48.1 | 122.1 | 76.2 |
| 1978 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 42.6 | 21.3 | 16.6 | 4.1 | 12.1 | 1.7 | 46.0 | 44.1 | 119.6 | 72.6 |
| 1979 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 38.5 | 19.3 | 16.7 | 4.1 | 11.2 | 1.6 | 49.4 | 47.4 | 117.9 | 73.7 |
| 1980 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 35.4 | 17.7 | 16.5 | 4.1 | 9.8 | 1.4 | 51.1 | 49.1 | 114.7 | 73.5 |
| 1981 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 41.5 | 20.7 | 16.6 | 4.1 | 10.8 | 1.5 | 45.8 | 44.0 | 116.5 | 71.4 |
| 1982 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 38.6 | 19.3 | 17.1 | 4.2 | 10.4 | 1.5 | 47.1 | 45.2 | 115.1 | 71.4 |
| 1983 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 39.2 | 19.6 | 17.8 | 4.4 | 10.0 | 1.4 | 49.8 | 47.8 | 118.7 | 74.4 |
| 1984 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 43.7 | 21.8 | 18.0 | 4.4 | 10.3 | 1.4 | 48.3 | 46.4 | 122.1 | 75.2 |
| 1985 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 45.4 | 22.7 | 17.6 | 4.3 | 11.2 | 1.6 | 46.3 | 44.5 | 122.4 | 74.3 |
| 1986 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 46.3 | 23.1 | 18.2 | 4.5 | 10.9 | 1.5 | 48.9 | 46.9 | 126.1 | 77.1 |
| 1987 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 47.9 | 23.9 | 17.6 | 4.3 | 10.8 | 1.5 | 47.9 | 46.0 | 126.0 | 76.8 |
| 1988 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 43.3 | 21.7 | 17.2 | 4.2 | 10.4 | 1.5 | 49.7 | 47.7 | 122.5 | 76.3 |
| 1989 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 46.8 | 23.4 | 17.5 | 4.3 | 10.8 | 1.5 | 50.1 | 48.1 | 127.2 | 78.6 |
| 1990 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 50.2 | 25.1 | 17.0 | 4.2 | 12.8 | 1.8 | 45.8 | 43.9 | 127.7 | 76.2 |
| 1991 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 51.3 | 25.6 | 17.3 | 4.2 | 13.7 | 1.9 | 46.4 | 44.6 | 130.4 | 77.4 |
| 1992 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 51.0 | 25.5 | 17.5 | 4.3 | 13.2 | 1.8 | 48.9 | 46.9 | 132.4 | 79.6 |
| 1993 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 54.5 | 27.2 | 17.6 | 4.3 | 13.4 | 1.9 | 49.9 | 47.9 | 137.1 | 82.4 |
| 1994 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 57.8 | 28.9 | 17.5 | 4.3 | 13.8 | 1.9 | 50.2 | 48.2 | 141.0 | 84.4 |

| Sweetpotatoes | Dry edible beans 4/ | Dry field peas and lentils |
|---------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Farm | Farm | Farm |

Pounds

| | | | |
|------|-----|-----|-----|
| 1970 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 0.8 |
| 1971 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 0.7 |
| 1972 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 0.8 |
| 1973 | 5.0 | 7.4 | 0.6 |
| 1974 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 0.7 |
| 1975 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 0.4 |
| 1976 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 0.6 |
| 1977 | 4.7 | 6.4 | 0.4 |
| 1978 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 0.8 |
| 1979 | 5.1 | 6.4 | 0.4 |
| 1980 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 0.4 |
| 1981 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 0.6 |
| 1982 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 0.4 |
| 1983 | 4.6 | 6.5 | 0.4 |
| 1984 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 0.4 |
| 1985 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 0.5 |
| 1986 | 4.4 | 6.6 | 0.7 |
| 1987 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 0.5 |
| 1988 | 4.1 | 6.9 | 0.6 |
| 1989 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 0.4 |
| 1990 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 0.5 |
| 1991 | 4.0 | 7.3 | 0.5 |
| 1992 | 4.3 | 7.8 | 0.4 |
| 1993 | 3.9 | 7.4 | 0.4 |
| 1994 | 4.7 | 7.5 | 0.5 |

1/ Calendar-year basis except for dry field peas, beginning in September of the year indicated. Data exclude home-garden products. Uses U.S. total population, July 1, except for dry field peas which use January 1 of the year following that indicated. 2/ Computed from unrounded data. 3/ Excludes potato starch used in processed foods. Includes small amounts of potato flour. 4/ Cleaned basis.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 32—Flour and cereal products: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Wheat flour | | | Rye flour | Rice 3/ | Corn products 4/ | | | | Oat products 5/ | Barley products 6/ | Total flour and cereal products 7/ 8/ |
|--------|-----------------------|----------------|-------|-----------|---------|------------------|------------------|--------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | White and whole wheat | Durum flour 2/ | Total | | | Flour and meal | Hominy and grits | Starch | Total | | | |
| | Pounds | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 104.0 | 6.9 | 110.9 | 1.2 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 11.1 | 4.7 | 1.0 | 135.6 |
| 1971 | 103.7 | 6.8 | 110.5 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 6.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 0.8 | 135.1 |
| 1972 | 102.7 | 7.1 | 109.8 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 9.7 | 4.7 | 0.8 | 133.1 |
| 1973 | 105.0 | 7.8 | 112.8 | 1.3 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 9.8 | 4.7 | 0.8 | 136.3 |
| 1974 | 104.2 | 6.8 | 111.0 | 1.2 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 10.2 | 4.7 | 0.8 | 135.5 |
| 1975 | 107.7 | 6.8 | 114.5 | 1.0 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 10.8 | 4.4 | 0.9 | 139.1 |
| 1976 | 112.0 | 7.1 | 119.1 | 0.8 | 7.1 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 11.0 | 4.2 | 0.9 | 143.0 |
| 1977 | 108.0 | 7.5 | 115.5 | 0.7 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 12.2 | 4.1 | 0.9 | 140.9 |
| 1978 | 108.5 | 6.7 | 115.2 | 0.7 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 12.4 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 138.9 |
| 1979 | 109.1 | 7.3 | 116.4 | 0.7 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 12.8 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 144.1 |
| 1980 | 110.3 | 6.6 | 116.9 | 0.7 | 9.4 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 12.9 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 144.7 |
| 1981 | 109.7 | 6.1 | 115.8 | 0.7 | 10.9 | 7.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 13.3 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 145.6 |
| 1982 | 110.8 | 6.1 | 116.9 | 0.6 | 11.8 | 8.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 13.8 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 147.9 |
| 1983 | 111.3 | 6.4 | 117.7 | 0.7 | 9.9 | 8.4 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 14.7 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 147.7 |
| 1984 | 112.0 | 7.1 | 119.1 | 0.7 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 16.0 | 3.7 | 1.0 | 148.9 |
| 1985 | 116.5 | 8.1 | 124.6 | 0.7 | 9.0 | 10.2 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 17.1 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 156.3 |
| 1986 | 116.7 | 8.9 | 125.6 | 0.6 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 19.3 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 162.1 |
| 1987 | 119.2 | 10.6 | 129.8 | 0.6 | 14.0 | 12.8 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 20.2 | 4.4 | 1.0 | 170.0 |
| 1988 | 122.5 | 9.2 | 131.7 | 0.6 | 14.3 | 13.4 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 20.9 | 6.4 | 1.1 | 175.0 |
| 1989 | 120.3 | 9.3 | 129.6 | 0.6 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 21.6 | 8.0 | 1.3 | 176.3 |
| 1990 | 124.3 | 11.3 | 135.6 | 0.6 | 16.3 | 14.4 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 22.1 | 8.7 | 1.4 | 184.7 |
| 1991 | 125.6 | 11.3 | 136.9 | 0.6 | 16.8 | 15.0 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 22.8 | 9.1 | 1.6 | 187.8 |
| 1992 | 126.0 | 12.8 | 138.8 | 0.6 | 17.5 | 15.4 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 23.2 | 9.0 | 1.7 | 190.8 |
| 1993 | 130.2 | 13.1 | 143.3 | 0.6 | 17.6 | 15.6 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 23.5 | 9.2 | 1.7 | 195.8 |
| 1994 P | 130.5 | 14.0 | 144.5 | 0.6 | 19.0 | 15.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 23.7 | 9.2 | 1.7 | 198.7 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Consumption of most items at the processing level. Excludes quantities used in alcoholic beverages and fuel. 2/ Semolina and durum flour in products such as macaroni, spaghetti, and noodles. Includes blended semolina since 1984. 3/ Milled basis. Rice consumption for marketing year beginning August prior to year indicated. 4/ Based on Census of Manufactures. See table 34 for data on corn sugar and corn syrup. 5/ Includes rolled oats, ready-to-eat oat cereals, oat flour, and oat bran. 6/ Includes barley flour, pearl barley, and malt and malt extract used in food processing. 7/ Computed from unrounded data. 8/ Excludes wheat not ground into flour.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 33—Breakfast cereals: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Ready-to-eat | Ready-to-cook | Total 2/ |
|------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 8.6 | 1.7 | 10.3 |
| 1971 | 8.6 | 1.9 | 10.5 |
| 1972 | 8.6 | 2.0 | 10.6 |
| 1973 | 8.7 | 2.2 | 10.9 |
| 1974 | 8.9 | 2.4 | 11.3 |
| 1975 | 9.0 | 2.6 | 11.6 |
| 1976 | 9.2 | 2.8 | 12.0 |
| 1977 | 9.4 | 2.9 | 12.3 |
| 1978 | 9.5 | 2.7 | 12.2 |
| 1979 | 9.6 | 2.5 | 12.1 |
| 1980 | 9.7 | 2.3 | 12.0 |
| 1981 | 9.8 | 2.2 | 12.0 |
| 1982 | 9.9 | 2.0 | 11.9 |
| 1983 | 10.1 | 2.1 | 12.2 |
| 1984 | 10.3 | 2.2 | 12.5 |
| 1985 | 10.5 | 2.3 | 12.8 |
| 1986 | 10.7 | 2.4 | 13.1 |
| 1987 | 10.7 | 2.6 | 13.3 |
| 1988 | 11.2 | 3.0 | 14.2 |
| 1989 | 11.8 | 3.2 | 14.9 |
| 1990 | 12.6 | 2.9 | 15.4 |
| 1991 | 13.4 | 2.7 | 16.1 |
| 1992 | 13.9 | 2.6 | 16.6 |
| 1993 | 14.9 | 2.9 | 17.8 |
| 1994 | 15.5 | 2.9 | 18.4 |

1/ Based on Census of Manufactures. Estimates interpolated between noncensus years. 2/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 34--Caloric and low-calorie sweeteners: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Caloric sweeteners | | | | | | | | | Low-calorie sweeteners 5/ | | | Total sweeteners 3/ |
|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|----------|----------|------------------|-------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| | | Cane and beet sugar deliveries 2/ | | Corn sweeteners | | | | Edible syrups 4/ | Honey | Total caloric sweeteners 3/ | Saccharin | Aspartame | Total 3/ | |
| | | Raw value | Refined value | HFCS | Glucose | Dextrose | Total 3/ | | | | | | | |
| | Millions | ----- | | | | | | | | | | | Founds | ----- |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 108.9 | 101.8 | 0.5 | 13.9 | 4.6 | 19.1 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 122.3 | 5.8 | 0 | 5.8 | 128.1 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 109.3 | 102.1 | 0.8 | 14.4 | 4.6 | 19.9 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 123.4 | 5.1 | 0 | 5.1 | 128.5 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 109.5 | 102.3 | 1.2 | 15.4 | 4.6 | 21.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 125.0 | 5.1 | 0 | 5.1 | 130.1 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 107.9 | 100.8 | 2.1 | 16.7 | 4.6 | 23.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 125.6 | 5.1 | 0 | 5.1 | 130.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 102.4 | 95.7 | 2.8 | 17.8 | 4.5 | 25.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 121.9 | 5.9 | 0 | 5.9 | 127.8 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 95.4 | 89.2 | 4.9 | 18.1 | 4.4 | 27.4 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 118.0 | 6.1 | 0 | 6.1 | 124.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 99.9 | 93.4 | 7.2 | 17.9 | 4.1 | 29.2 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 123.9 | 6.1 | 0 | 6.1 | 130.0 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 100.8 | 94.2 | 9.6 | 17.7 | 3.9 | 31.1 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 126.6 | 6.6 | 0 | 6.6 | 133.3 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 97.8 | 91.4 | 10.8 | 17.3 | 3.7 | 31.7 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 124.6 | 6.9 | 0 | 6.9 | 131.6 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 95.6 | 89.3 | 14.8 | 16.6 | 3.5 | 34.9 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 125.7 | 7.3 | 0 | 7.3 | 133.0 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 89.5 | 83.6 | 19.0 | 15.7 | 3.5 | 38.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 123.0 | 7.7 | 0 | 7.7 | 130.8 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 85.0 | 79.4 | 22.8 | 15.3 | 3.4 | 41.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 122.2 | 8.0 | 0.2 | 8.2 | 130.4 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 78.8 | 73.7 | 26.6 | 15.4 | 3.4 | 45.4 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 120.4 | 8.4 | 1.0 | 9.5 | 129.8 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 75.2 | 70.3 | 31.2 | 15.7 | 3.4 | 50.3 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 121.9 | 9.5 | 3.5 | 13.0 | 134.9 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 71.3 | 66.7 | 37.2 | 15.9 | 3.5 | 56.6 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 124.6 | 10.0 | 5.8 | 15.8 | 140.4 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 67.1 | 62.7 | 45.2 | 16.1 | 3.5 | 64.8 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 128.8 | 6.0 | 12.1 | 18.1 | 146.9 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 64.3 | 60.0 | 45.7 | 16.2 | 3.6 | 65.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 127.0 | 5.5 | 13.0 | 18.5 | 145.5 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 66.7 | 62.4 | 47.7 | 16.4 | 3.6 | 67.7 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 131.6 | 5.5 | 13.6 | 19.1 | 150.8 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 66.4 | 62.1 | 49.0 | 16.6 | 3.7 | 69.3 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 132.7 | 6.0 | 14.0 | 20.0 | 152.7 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 67.1 | 62.8 | 48.2 | 17.1 | 3.8 | 69.0 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 133.2 | 6.1 | 14.2 | 20.3 | 153.5 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 58.9 | 64.4 | 49.5 | 17.7 | 3.8 | 71.2 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 137.0 | 6.7 | 15.5 | 22.2 | 159.2 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 68.3 | 63.8 | 50.4 | 18.5 | 3.9 | 72.8 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 137.9 | 7.3 | 17.0 | 24.3 | 162.2 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 69.1 | 64.6 | 52.1 | 19.3 | 3.9 | 75.3 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 141.2 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 68.9 | 64.3 | 54.8 | 19.9 | 3.9 | 78.7 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 144.4 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 69.5 | 65.0 | 56.9 | 20.4 | 3.9 | 81.3 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 147.6 | NA | NA | NA | NA |

P = Preliminary. NA = Not available.

1/ Dry basis. 2/ Sugar consumption is total U.S. sugar (cane and beet) deliveries for food and beverages; does not include sugar imported in blends and mixtures. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Contains estimates of sorgo, maple and sugarcane syrup, edible molasses, and edible refiner's syrup. 5/ Sugar-sweetness equivalent. Assumes saccharin is 300 times sweeter than sugar, and aspartame is 200 times sweeter than sugar.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 35—Candy and other confectionery products: Sales, value, and supply and utilization, with quantity, per capita consumption, and value of sugar use, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Manufacturers 1/ | | | Supply and utilization | | | | | | Sugar use in Confectionery products 5/ | | | |
|--------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|--|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| | | Sales | Average value | Shipments | Imports 2/ | Total supply and utilization | Exports 2/ | Net change in invisible stocks 3/ | Domestic disappearance 4/ | | Quantity | | Total value | Unit value |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita | Total | Per capita | | |
| | Millions | Mil. dols. | Cents per pounds | Million pounds | | | | Pounds | 1,000 short tons | Pounds | Mil. dols. | Cents per pound | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,950 | 48.5 | 4,020 | 125 | 4,145 | 15 | 45 | 4,085 | 19.9 | 1,086 | 10.6 | 233 | 10.7 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 2,014 | 51.0 | 3,950 | 121 | 4,071 | 19 | -2 | 4,054 | 19.5 | 1,108 | 10.7 | 257 | 11.6 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 2,024 | 52.1 | 3,885 | 136 | 4,021 | 26 | -12 | 4,007 | 19.1 | 1,101 | 10.6 | 246 | 11.2 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 2,186 | 56.2 | 3,889 | 139 | 4,028 | 34 | 63 | 3,931 | 18.6 | 1,120 | 10.6 | 278 | 12.4 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 2,839 | 75.9 | 3,740 | 153 | 3,893 | 39 | 45 | 3,809 | 17.8 | 1,093 | 10.2 | 589 | 26.9 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 2,898 | 84.3 | 3,438 | 132 | 3,570 | 34 | -156 | 3,692 | 17.1 | 916 | 8.5 | 487 | 26.6 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 2,983 | 84.0 | 3,551 | 152 | 3,703 | 41 | -13 | 3,675 | 16.9 | 1,000 | 9.2 | 389 | 19.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 3,675 | 99.3 | 3,700 | 120 | 3,820 | 44 | 72 | 3,704 | 16.8 | 957 | 8.8 | 263 | 13.6 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 3,847 | 107.2 | 3,588 | 134 | 3,722 | 50 | -31 | 3,703 | 16.6 | 972 | 8.7 | 271 | 13.9 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 4,281 | 116.6 | 3,673 | 118 | 3,791 | 51 | 57 | 3,683 | 16.4 | 956 | 8.5 | 365 | 19.1 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 4,684 | 134.3 | 3,488 | 120 | 3,608 | 45 | -105 | 3,668 | 16.1 | 994 | 8.7 | 523 | 26.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 5,171 | 142.5 | 3,630 | 123 | 3,753 | 56 | -54 | 3,751 | 16.3 | 1,017 | 8.8 | 686 | 33.7 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 5,650 | 148.8 | 3,798 | 139 | 3,937 | 51 | -45 | 3,931 | 16.9 | 1,013 | 8.7 | 545 | 26.9 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 5,983 | 147.2 | 4,064 | 171 | 4,235 | 48 | 15 | 4,172 | 17.8 | 1,048 | 8.9 | 564 | 26.9 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 6,610 | 155.0 | 4,265 | 245 | 4,510 | 52 | 82 | 4,376 | 18.5 | 1,077 | 9.1 | 564 | 26.2 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 7,092 | 163.9 | 4,326 | 297 | 4,623 | 54 | 92 | 4,477 | 18.8 | 1,079 | 9.0 | 596 | 27.6 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 7,280 | 173.3 | 4,201 | 302 | 4,503 | 55 | -52 | 4,500 | 18.7 | 1,091 | 9.1 | 551 | 25.3 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 7,678 | 181.5 | 4,231 | 286 | 4,517 | 64 | -119 | 4,572 | 18.8 | 1,190 | 9.8 | 596 | 25.0 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 8,278 | 181.1 | 4,570 | 263 | 4,833 | 97 | -6 | 4,742 | 19.4 | 1,201 | 9.8 | 573 | 23.9 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 8,682 | 178.9 | 4,852 | 300 | 5,152 | 101 | 122 | 4,929 | 19.9 | 1,232 | 10.0 | 669 | 27.2 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 9,004 | 186.0 | 4,840 | 306 | 5,146 | 143 | -65 | 5,068 | 20.3 | 1,241 | 9.9 | 652 | 26.3 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 9,710 | 194.6 | 4,989 | 311 | 5,300 | 152 | -83 | 5,231 | 20.7 | 1,239 | 9.8 | 667 | 26.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 10,428 | 193.6 | 5,387 | 377 | 5,764 | 226 | 99 | 5,439 | 21.3 | 1,254 | 9.8 | 702 | 28.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 10,670 | 191.5 | 5,572 | 363 | 5,935 | 334 | -2 | 5,603 | 21.7 | 1,368 | 10.6 | 706 | 25.8 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 10,752 | 188.8 | 5,695 | 395 | 6,090 | 322 | 18 | 5,750 | 22.1 | 1,349 | 10.4 | 687 | 25.5 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Data on U.S. confectionery shipments, including chocolate and cocoa products, in "Confectionery Shipments, Sales, Average Value, and Per Capita Consumption, 'Confectionery Manufacturers' (Annual) Sales and Distribution (Surveys) 1967-88, U.S. Department of Commerce. Comparable data for 1989-94, from U.S. Department of Commerce News, "MA20D Confectionery", published annually around mid-August of the following year. 2/ Data from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division. 3/ Calculated as a residual. Negatives indicate increases in stock level during year; positives signify net withdrawals. 4/ Domestic disappearance for food use. 5/ Quantity estimated by the Economic Research Service, based on data from Crops Branch and Estimates Division, NASS, USDA. Comparable estimates beginning October 1991, based on data from Sweetener Analysis Division, ASCS, USDA.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service and U.S. Department of Commerce.

Table 36--Coffee, tea, and cocoa: Per capita consumption, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Instant 1/ | | Regular | | Total 2/ | | Tea, dry leaf equivalent | Cocoa | |
|--------|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | Green bean equivalent | Retail weight | Green bean equivalent | Retail weight | Green bean equivalent | Retail weight | | Bean equivalent | Chocolate liquor equivalent 3/ |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 2.0 | 0.68 | 11.6 | 9.7 | 13.6 | 10.4 | 0.73 | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 2.2 | 0.74 | 10.9 | 9.1 | 13.1 | 9.9 | 0.77 | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 2.3 | 0.77 | 11.3 | 9.5 | 13.7 | 10.3 | 0.78 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 2.6 | 0.85 | 10.9 | 9.2 | 13.5 | 10.0 | 0.79 | 4.1 | 3.3 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 2.6 | 1.02 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 12.8 | 9.6 | 0.79 | 3.7 | 2.9 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 2.3 | 0.92 | 9.8 | 8.3 | 12.2 | 9.2 | 0.80 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 2.5 | 1.00 | 10.0 | 8.4 | 12.5 | 9.4 | 0.82 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 2.1 | 0.82 | 7.3 | 6.1 | 9.4 | 7.0 | 0.80 | 3.3 | 2.6 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2.1 | 0.84 | 8.4 | 7.1 | 10.5 | 7.9 | 0.77 | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 2.2 | 0.86 | 9.2 | 7.7 | 11.3 | 8.6 | 0.74 | 3.3 | 2.7 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 2.2 | 0.86 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 10.3 | 7.7 | 0.78 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 2.1 | 0.84 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 10.0 | 7.5 | 0.77 | 3.6 | 2.9 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 2.2 | 0.87 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 9.9 | 7.4 | 0.74 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 2.2 | 0.88 | 7.8 | 6.6 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 0.74 | 4.0 | 3.2 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2.3 | 0.90 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 10.2 | 7.6 | 0.76 | 4.3 | 3.4 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2.3 | 0.92 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 7.8 | 0.75 | 4.6 | 3.7 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2.3 | 0.92 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 7.8 | 0.76 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2.2 | 0.90 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 10.2 | 7.6 | 0.74 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2.1 | 0.84 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 9.8 | 7.3 | 0.74 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2.1 | 0.85 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 0.73 | 4.9 | 4.0 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2.1 | 0.85 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 10.3 | 7.8 | 0.71 | 5.4 | 4.3 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 2.1 | 0.83 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 10.3 | 7.8 | 0.72 | 5.7 | 4.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 2.0 | 0.78 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 10.0 | 7.6 | 0.75 | 5.7 | 4.6 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 1.7 | 0.69 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 0.75 | 5.5 | 4.4 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 1.5 | 0.61 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 8.2 | 6.2 | 0.75 | 5.1 | 4.1 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Quantity processed for soluble use minus net exports. 2/ Computed from unrounded data. 3/ Chocolate liquor is what remains after cocoa beans have been roasted and dehulled, it is sometimes called ground or bitter chocolate.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 37--Beverages: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Milk | | | Tea 4/ | Coffee 5/ | Bottled water | Carbonated soft drinks | | | Selected fruit juices |
|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------------------|
| | Whole | Lowfat 2/ | Total 3/ | | | | Diet | Regular | Total | |
| Gallons | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 25.5 | 5.8 | 31.3 | 6.8 | 33.4 | NA | 2.1 | 22.2 | 24.3 | 5.7 |
| 1971 | 25.0 | 6.3 | 31.3 | 7.2 | 32.2 | NA | 2.2 | 23.3 | 25.5 | 5.7 |
| 1972 | 24.1 | 6.9 | 31.0 | 7.3 | 33.6 | NA | 2.3 | 23.9 | 26.2 | 6.2 |
| 1973 | 23.0 | 7.5 | 30.5 | 7.4 | 33.3 | NA | 2.7 | 25.0 | 27.6 | 6.0 |
| 1974 | 21.7 | 7.7 | 29.5 | 7.5 | 33.2 | NA | 2.9 | 24.7 | 27.6 | 6.0 |
| 1975 | 21.1 | 8.4 | 29.5 | 7.5 | 31.4 | NA | 3.2 | 25.0 | 28.2 | 6.6 |
| 1976 | 20.4 | 9.0 | 29.3 | 7.7 | 32.5 | 1.2 | 3.8 | 27.0 | 30.8 | 6.9 |
| 1977 | 19.5 | 9.5 | 29.0 | 7.5 | 24.5 | 1.3 | 4.3 | 28.7 | 33.0 | 7.0 |
| 1978 | 18.7 | 9.8 | 28.6 | 7.2 | 27.3 | 1.9 | 4.6 | 29.5 | 34.2 | 6.4 |
| 1979 | 18.0 | 10.2 | 28.2 | 6.9 | 29.3 | 2.2 | 4.9 | 29.8 | 34.7 | 6.8 |
| 1980 | 17.0 | 10.5 | 27.6 | 7.3 | 26.7 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 29.9 | 35.1 | 7.2 |
| 1981 | 16.3 | 10.8 | 27.1 | 7.2 | 26.0 | 2.7 | 5.3 | 30.0 | 35.4 | 7.4 |
| 1982 | 15.5 | 10.9 | 26.4 | 6.9 | 25.9 | 3.0 | 5.5 | 29.8 | 35.3 | 6.8 |
| 1983 | 15.2 | 11.1 | 26.3 | 7.0 | 26.3 | 3.4 | 6.0 | 29.3 | 35.2 | 8.4 |
| 1984 | 14.8 | 11.6 | 26.4 | 7.1 | 26.8 | 4.0 | 6.6 | 29.3 | 35.9 | 7.3 |
| 1985 | 14.3 | 12.3 | 26.7 | 7.1 | 27.4 | 4.5 | 7.1 | 28.7 | 35.7 | 7.7 |
| 1986 | 13.5 | 13.0 | 26.5 | 7.1 | 27.5 | 5.0 | 7.6 | 28.2 | 35.8 | 7.9 |
| 1987 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 26.3 | 6.9 | 26.7 | 5.7 | 9.4 | 32.4 | 41.9 | 8.2 |
| 1988 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 25.8 | 7.0 | 25.6 | 6.5 | 10.1 | 34.5 | 44.7 | 8.2 |
| 1989 | 11.3 | 14.7 | 26.0 | 6.8 | 26.2 | 7.4 | 10.7 | 34.7 | 45.4 | 7.7 |
| 1990 | 10.5 | 15.2 | 25.7 | 6.7 | 26.9 | 8.0 | 10.7 | 35.6 | 46.3 | 6.9 |
| 1991 | 10.2 | 15.5 | 25.7 | 6.8 | 26.8 | 8.0 | 11.7 | 36.3 | 47.9 | 7.9 |
| 1992 | 9.8 | 15.6 | 25.4 | 7.0 | 25.9 | 8.2 | 11.6 | 36.9 | 48.5 | 7.3 |
| 1993 | 9.4 | 15.5 | 24.9 | 7.0 | 23.5 | 9.4 | 11.7 | 38.5 | 50.2 | 8.4 |
| 1994 | 9.1 | 15.6 | 24.7 | 7.0 | 21.1 | 10.5 | 11.9 | 40.3 | 52.2 | 8.6 |

| Fruit drinks, cocktails, and ades | Canned iced tea | Alcoholic beverages | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------|------|
| | | Resident population | | | | Adult population, 21 years and over | | | | |
| | | Beer | Wine 6/ | Distilled spirits | Total 3/ | Beer | Wine 6/ | Distilled spirits | Total 3/ | |
| Gallons | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | NA | NA | 18.5 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 21.6 | 30.6 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 35.7 |
| 1971 | NA | NA | 18.9 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 22.3 | 31.2 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 36.7 |
| 1972 | NA | NA | 19.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 22.8 | 31.5 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 37.2 |
| 1973 | NA | NA | 20.1 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 23.6 | 32.4 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 38.2 |
| 1974 | NA | NA | 20.9 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 24.5 | 33.6 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 39.3 |
| 1975 | NA | NA | 21.3 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 25.0 | 33.9 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 39.7 |
| 1976 | NA | NA | 21.5 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 25.2 | 33.8 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 39.6 |
| 1977 | NA | NA | 22.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 26.1 | 34.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 40.7 |
| 1978 | NA | NA | 23.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 26.9 | 35.4 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 41.4 |
| 1979 | NA | NA | 23.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 27.8 | 36.2 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 42.3 |
| 1980 | NA | NA | 24.3 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 28.3 | 36.6 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 42.8 |
| 1981 | NA | NA | 24.6 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 28.8 | 36.9 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 43.1 |
| 1982 | NA | NA | 24.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 28.5 | 36.3 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 42.3 |
| 1983 | NA | NA | 24.2 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 28.3 | 35.7 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 41.8 |
| 1984 | NA | NA | 24.0 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 28.1 | 35.1 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 41.2 |
| 1985 | NA | NA | 23.8 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 28.0 | 34.5 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 40.7 |
| 1986 | NA | NA | 24.1 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 28.2 | 34.9 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 40.8 |
| 1987 | 4.9 | 0.1 | 24.0 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 28.0 | 34.6 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 40.4 |
| 1988 | 5.1 | 0.1 | 23.8 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 27.6 | 34.3 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 39.8 |
| 1989 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 23.6 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 27.2 | 33.9 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 39.1 |
| 1990 | 5.3 | 0.1 | 24.3 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 27.9 | 34.9 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 40.0 |
| 1991 | 6.4 | 0.2 | 23.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 26.4 | 33.2 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 37.8 |
| 1992 | 6.0 | 0.2 | 22.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 26.1 | 32.6 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 37.3 |
| 1993 | 6.0 | 0.4 | 22.6 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 25.6 | 32.3 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 36.7 |
| 1994 | 5.7 | 0.6 | 22.5 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 25.5 | 32.0 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 36.4 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Soft drink and alcoholic beverage per capita figures are constructed by ERS based on industry data. Milk, soft drinks, and alcoholic beverages are based on U.S. resident population, July 1. Coffee, tea, and fruit juices are based on U.S. total population, July 1. 2/ Includes buttermilk and skim milk. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Fluid equivalent conversion factor is 200 6 oz. cups per pound of tea, dry leaf equivalent. 5/ Includes instant and decaffeinated coffee. Converted to fluid equivalent on the basis of 60 6 oz. cups per pound of regular roasted coffee and 187.5 6 oz cups per pound of instant coffee. 6/ Beginning in 1983, includes wine coolers.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 3B--Tree nuts and coconuts: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Tree nuts (shelled basis) | | | | | | | | Coconuts (dressed) |
|--------|---------------------------|----------|--------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | Almonds | Filberts | Pecans | Walnuts | Macadamias | Pistachios | Other 2/ | Total 3/ | |
| | Pounds | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 0.34 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 0.34 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.56 | 1.74 | 0.47 |
| 1971 | 0.36 | 0.06 | 0.44 | 0.40 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.56 | 1.89 | 0.52 |
| 1972 | 0.36 | 0.07 | 0.43 | 0.38 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.67 | 1.96 | 0.56 |
| 1973 | 0.26 | 0.10 | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.50 | 1.76 | 0.48 |
| 1974 | 0.26 | 0.04 | 0.39 | 0.42 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.40 | 1.58 | 0.44 |
| 1975 | 0.35 | 0.08 | 0.39 | 0.50 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.57 | 1.94 | 0.44 |
| 1976 | 0.42 | 0.07 | 0.33 | 0.51 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.51 | 1.91 | 0.45 |
| 1977 | 0.45 | 0.06 | 0.37 | 0.48 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.28 | 1.71 | 0.44 |
| 1978 | 0.39 | 0.08 | 0.39 | 0.37 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.42 | 1.71 | 0.47 |
| 1979 | 0.37 | 0.04 | 0.46 | 0.42 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.38 | 1.74 | 0.40 |
| 1980 | 0.42 | 0.05 | 0.43 | 0.50 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.32 | 1.79 | 0.39 |
| 1981 | 0.50 | 0.05 | 0.45 | 0.52 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.33 | 1.92 | 0.40 |
| 1982 | 0.59 | 0.07 | 0.49 | 0.47 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.46 | 2.16 | 0.40 |
| 1983 | 0.58 | 0.05 | 0.48 | 0.52 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.52 | 2.25 | 0.42 |
| 1984 | 0.68 | 0.06 | 0.54 | 0.48 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.47 | 2.37 | 0.42 |
| 1985 | 0.81 | 0.07 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.45 | 2.45 | 0.43 |
| 1986 | 0.53 | 0.03 | 0.54 | 0.49 | 0.05 | 0.11 | 0.47 | 2.21 | 0.46 |
| 1987 | 0.59 | 0.06 | 0.54 | 0.46 | 0.05 | 0.09 | 0.41 | 2.20 | 0.58 |
| 1988 | 0.65 | 0.07 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.40 | 2.29 | 0.49 |
| 1989 | 0.62 | 0.05 | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.51 | 2.23 | 0.47 |
| 1990 | 0.74 | 0.07 | 0.49 | 0.45 | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.50 | 2.43 | 0.48 |
| 1991 | 0.61 | 0.06 | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.44 | 2.16 | 0.46 |
| 1992 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 0.35 | 0.47 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.58 | 2.22 | 0.50 |
| 1993 | 0.49 | 0.10 | 0.53 | 0.38 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.56 | 2.24 | 0.49 |
| 1994 P | 0.55 | 0.07 | 0.48 | 0.47 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 0.50 | 2.26 | 0.51 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Calendar year for coconuts; crop year beginning August 1 for walnuts; September 1 for pistachios, and July 1 for all others. Uses U.S. total population July 1 for coconuts; January 1 of the year following that indicated for all other items. 2/ Includes Brazil nuts, pignolias, chestnuts, cashews, and miscellaneous tree nuts. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 39--Peanuts: Per capita consumption, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | U.S. total population January 1 of following year | Peanuts | | Consumed in products | | | Total 6/ |
|-----------------|---|---------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Snack | Cleaned in shell 3/ | Peanut butter 4/ | Candy | Other 5/ | |
| | Millions | Pounds | | | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 5.5 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 5.5 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 5.7 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 6.0 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 5.8 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 6.0 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 5.6 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 5.7 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 5.9 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 3.1 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 5.9 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 4.8 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 5.5 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 6.0 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 5.9 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 6.1 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 6.3 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 6.4 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 6.4 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 3.5 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 6.9 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 3.6 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 7.0 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 6.0 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 3.5 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 6.5 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 6.2 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 6.0 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 5.8 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Kernel basis. 2/ Beginning August of year indicated. 3/ Domestic disappearance of roasting stock; shelled equivalent. 4/ Includes peanut butter made by manufacturers for use in cookies and sandwiches but excludes peanut butter used in candy. 5/ Includes grated and granulated peanuts and peanut flour. 6/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 40--U.S. food supply: Nutrients and other food components, per capita per day, 1970-90 1/

| Year | Food energy | Carbo- hydrate | Protein | Fat | | | | Choles- terol | Vitamins | | | | |
|------|----------------|----------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | | Total fat | Satu- rated Fat | Monoun- saturated fat | Polyun- saturated fat | | Vitamin A | Carotenes | Vitamin E | Ascorbic acid | Thia- min |
| | Kilo- calories | | | Grams | | | | Milligrams | Micrograms | Milligrams | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Retinol equivalents | Alpha-TE | Milligrams | | | |
| 1970 | 3,300 | 383 | 99 | 159 | 61 | 66 | 27 | 490 | 1,500 | 500 | 13.4 | 108 | 2.0 |
| 1971 | 3,300 | 385 | 100 | 161 | 62 | 66 | 27 | 490 | 1,510 | 510 | 13.1 | 109 | 2.1 |
| 1972 | 3,400 | 383 | 100 | 164 | 63 | 68 | 28 | 490 | 1,530 | 540 | 13.4 | 109 | 2.1 |
| 1973 | 3,300 | 388 | 97 | 155 | 58 | 63 | 28 | 450 | 1,510 | 570 | 13.9 | 108 | 2.0 |
| 1974 | 3,300 | 380 | 98 | 157 | 59 | 64 | 28 | 460 | 1,560 | 600 | 13.6 | 108 | 2.2 |
| 1975 | 3,300 | 384 | 97 | 153 | 57 | 63 | 27 | 450 | 1,550 | 610 | 13.8 | 113 | 2.2 |
| 1976 | 3,400 | 397 | 100 | 159 | 59 | 64 | 30 | 450 | 1,570 | 610 | 14.0 | 113 | 2.4 |
| 1977 | 3,300 | 395 | 99 | 156 | 58 | 63 | 29 | 450 | 1,520 | 570 | 13.4 | 113 | 2.3 |
| 1978 | 3,300 | 390 | 98 | 157 | 58 | 63 | 30 | 450 | 1,490 | 560 | 13.7 | 109 | 2.3 |
| 1979 | 3,400 | 399 | 99 | 159 | 59 | 64 | 30 | 450 | 1,520 | 590 | 13.8 | 110 | 2.4 |
| 1980 | 3,400 | 404 | 98 | 161 | 60 | 65 | 31 | 450 | 1,490 | 570 | 13.7 | 112 | 2.4 |
| 1981 | 3,400 | 393 | 98 | 161 | 59 | 65 | 31 | 440 | 1,480 | 570 | 13.7 | 108 | 2.4 |
| 1982 | 3,400 | 396 | 97 | 159 | 58 | 64 | 31 | 430 | 1,470 | 590 | 14.0 | 109 | 2.3 |
| 1983 | 3,400 | 400 | 99 | 164 | 60 | 66 | 32 | 440 | 1,460 | 560 | 14.2 | 114 | 2.4 |
| 1984 | 3,400 | 404 | 100 | 163 | 61 | 66 | 30 | 440 | 1,490 | 600 | 14.0 | 111 | 2.4 |
| 1985 | 3,600 | 419 | 102 | 171 | 63 | 69 | 33 | 440 | 1,470 | 580 | 15.0 | 112 | 2.4 |
| 1986 | 3,600 | 424 | 103 | 169 | 61 | 68 | 32 | 440 | 1,450 | 550 | 15.4 | 116 | 2.4 |
| 1987 | 3,600 | 436 | 104 | 167 | 60 | 67 | 33 | 440 | 1,500 | 610 | 15.4 | 115 | 2.5 |
| 1988 | 3,600 | 440 | 105 | 168 | 60 | 68 | 33 | 430 | 1,440 | 580 | 15.9 | 115 | 2.5 |
| 1989 | 3,600 | 442 | 104 | 164 | 59 | 66 | 32 | 420 | 1,400 | 610 | 15.7 | 115 | 2.5 |
| 1990 | 3,700 | 452 | 105 | 165 | 59 | 67 | 32 | 410 | 1,420 | 620 | 15.7 | 110 | 2.5 |

| Vitamins--continued | | | | | Minerals | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Riboflavin | Niacin | Vitamin B6 | Folate | Vitamin B12 | Calcium | Phos- porus | Mag- nesium | Iron | Zinc | Copper | Potassium | |
| ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Micrograms ----- | ----- Micrograms ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | ----- Milligrams ----- | |
| 1970 | 2.4 | 23 | 2.1 | 280 | 10.4 | 870 | 1,470 | 320 | 15.5 | 12.6 | 1.6 | 3,510 |
| 1971 | 2.4 | 23 | 2.1 | 281 | 10.4 | 870 | 1,490 | 320 | 15.6 | 12.7 | 1.6 | 3,510 |
| 1972 | 2.4 | 23 | 2.1 | 278 | 10.3 | 870 | 1,490 | 320 | 15.6 | 12.8 | 1.6 | 3,500 |
| 1973 | 2.3 | 23 | 2.0 | 285 | 9.7 | 880 | 1,460 | 320 | 15.8 | 12.3 | 1.6 | 3,470 |
| 1974 | 2.4 | 24 | 2.0 | 273 | 10.1 | 850 | 1,450 | 320 | 18.0 | 12.4 | 1.6 | 3,410 |
| 1975 | 2.4 | 24 | 2.0 | 296 | 9.9 | 850 | 1,470 | 320 | 19.8 | 12.4 | 1.6 | 3,480 |
| 1976 | 2.6 | 26 | 2.1 | 299 | 10.3 | 870 | 1,520 | 330 | 23.9 | 12.9 | 1.7 | 3,550 |
| 1977 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.1 | 298 | 10.2 | 860 | 1,500 | 320 | 23.3 | 12.7 | 1.6 | 3,470 |
| 1978 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.0 | 287 | 9.8 | 860 | 1,490 | 320 | 23.1 | 12.5 | 1.6 | 3,400 |
| 1979 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.1 | 294 | 9.5 | 870 | 1,500 | 320 | 15.1 | 12.4 | 1.6 | 3,460 |
| 1980 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.0 | 287 | 9.4 | 850 | 1,490 | 320 | 15.9 | 12.3 | 1.6 | 3,410 |
| 1981 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.0 | 285 | 9.5 | 840 | 1,480 | 320 | 15.9 | 12.3 | 1.6 | 3,360 |
| 1982 | 2.4 | 26 | 2.0 | 289 | 9.0 | 860 | 1,480 | 320 | 16.0 | 12.2 | 1.6 | 3,370 |
| 1983 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.1 | 293 | 9.3 | 870 | 1,500 | 330 | 17.2 | 12.5 | 1.6 | 3,430 |
| 1984 | 2.5 | 26 | 2.1 | 286 | 9.4 | 880 | 1,520 | 330 | 18.2 | 12.5 | 1.6 | 3,450 |
| 1985 | 2.5 | 27 | 2.1 | 298 | 9.4 | 900 | 1,550 | 340 | 18.8 | 12.8 | 1.7 | 3,520 |
| 1986 | 2.5 | 27 | 2.1 | 301 | 9.1 | 910 | 1,570 | 350 | 18.8 | 12.8 | 1.7 | 3,560 |
| 1987 | 2.6 | 27 | 2.2 | 297 | 9.1 | 910 | 1,580 | 350 | 18.9 | 12.8 | 1.7 | 3,540 |
| 1988 | 2.5 | 28 | 2.2 | 307 | 8.9 | 900 | 1,590 | 350 | 19.1 | 12.8 | 1.7 | 3,560 |
| 1989 | 2.5 | 28 | 2.2 | 298 | 8.8 | 890 | 1,580 | 350 | 19.0 | 12.7 | 1.7 | 3,550 |
| 1990 | 2.6 | 28 | 2.2 | 295 | 8.7 | 920 | 1,600 | 350 | 19.3 | 12.7 | 1.7 | 3,540 |

1/ Data are based on ERS estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-93," (SB-915, ERS, USDA, December 1994), on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on estimates from USDA's Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP) of quantities of produce from home gardens. Historical data for this table are available from CNPP's Shirley Gerrior, (202)606-4839, or Lisa Bente, (202)208-2447.

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP).

Table 41-- Food energy contributed from major food groups to the U.S. food supply, selected years 1/

| Year | Meat, poultry, fish | | | | Dairy products | | | | | Eggs | Legumes, nuts, and soy | Grain products | Sugars and sweeteners |
|---------|---------------------|------------|-------|----------------|-------------------------|--------|--------|---------------|------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | Meat | Poultry | Fish | Total | Fluid milk | | Cheese | Other | Total | | | | |
| | | | | | Whole | Lowfat | | | | | | | |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 13.9 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 15.5 | 5.2 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 2.1 | 8.7 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 36.2 | 12.8 |
| 1920-29 | 13.6 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 15.1 | 5.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 2.5 | 9.6 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 31.1 | 16.1 |
| 1930-39 | 13.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 14.6 | 6.0 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 10.4 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 28.6 | 16.4 |
| 1940-49 | 14.8 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 16.7 | 7.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 3.5 | 12.4 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 25.8 | 15.4 |
| 1950-59 | 15.8 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 18.0 | 7.2 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 12.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 22.1 | 16.8 |
| 1960-69 | 17.9 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 20.8 | 6.1 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 11.3 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 20.2 | 17.1 |
| 1970 | 18.2 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 21.6 | 5.1 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 10.3 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 19.0 | 17.7 |
| 1971 | 18.7 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 22.1 | 4.9 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 10.3 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 18.9 | 17.8 |
| 1972 | 18.8 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 22.3 | 4.8 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 10.2 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 18.5 | 17.7 |
| 1973 | 16.6 | 2.7 | 0.9 | 20.1 | 4.6 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 10.4 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 19.4 | 18.2 |
| 1974 | 17.9 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 21.4 | 4.4 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 10.2 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 19.4 | 17.7 |
| 1975 | 16.8 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 20.3 | 4.2 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 10.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 20.1 | 17.3 |
| 1976 | 17.1 | 2.7 | 0.8 | 20.6 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 10.1 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 20.0 | 17.5 |
| 1977 | 17.2 | 2.8 | 0.8 | 20.8 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 10.1 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 19.8 | 18.0 |
| 1978 | 16.7 | 2.9 | 0.8 | 20.5 | 3.7 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 10.1 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 19.7 | 18.0 |
| 1979 | 16.4 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 20.3 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 9.9 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 20.2 | 17.8 |
| 1980 | 16.5 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 20.4 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 9.7 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 20.0 | 18.3 |
| 1981 | 16.5 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 20.4 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 9.7 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 20.4 | 17.5 |
| 1982 | 15.5 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 19.5 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 9.8 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 20.7 | 17.3 |
| 1983 | 15.8 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 19.7 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 9.8 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 20.4 | 17.1 |
| 1984 | 15.6 | 3.3 | 0.8 | 19.6 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 10.0 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 20.5 | 17.4 |
| 1985 | 15.0 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 19.0 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 9.8 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 20.6 | 17.3 |
| 1986 | 14.2 | 3.3 | 0.7 | 18.3 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 9.9 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 21.3 | 17.0 |
| 1987 | 13.6 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 18.0 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 9.9 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 22.2 | 17.4 |
| 1988 | 13.8 | 3.6 | 0.7 | 18.1 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 9.5 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 22.3 | 17.5 |
| 1989 | 13.5 | 3.7 | 0.8 | 18.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 9.5 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 22.6 | 17.8 |
| 1990 | 12.9 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 17.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 9.4 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 23.3 | 17.9 |
| | Fruits | | | Vegetables | | | | Fats and oils | | | | Miscellaneous | |
| | Citrus | Non-citrus | Total | White potatoes | Dark green, deep yellow | Other | Total | Table spreads | Shortening | Lard and beef tallow | | | Total |
| | | | | | | | | | | Lard | Beef tallow | | |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 0.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 12.7 | 0.5 |
| 1920-29 | 0.3 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 2.7 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 13.6 | 0.7 |
| 1930-39 | 0.5 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 2.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 2.0 | 15.2 | 0.9 |
| 1940-49 | 0.8 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 14.5 | 0.9 |
| 1950-59 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 15.9 | 1.0 |
| 1960-69 | 0.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 2.2 | 4.7 | 16.6 | 1.0 |
| 1970 | 0.9 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 1.6 | 5.9 | 17.6 | 1.1 |
| 1971 | 0.9 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 1.4 | 5.9 | 17.2 | 1.1 |
| 1972 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 1.2 | 6.2 | 17.6 | 1.1 |
| 1973 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 1.1 | 6.8 | 17.9 | 1.1 |
| 1974 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 1.1 | 6.7 | 17.8 | 1.1 |
| 1975 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.3 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 1.1 | 6.8 | 17.9 | 1.0 |
| 1976 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 18.1 | 1.1 |
| 1977 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 5.7 | 0.8 | 6.9 | 17.7 | 0.9 |
| 1978 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 0.8 | 7.3 | 18.3 | 1.0 |
| 1979 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 18.4 | 1.0 |
| 1980 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 1.2 | 7.3 | 18.5 | 1.0 |
| 1981 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 1.2 | 7.5 | 18.8 | 1.0 |
| 1982 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 6.1 | 1.3 | 7.6 | 19.0 | 1.0 |
| 1983 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 19.4 | 1.1 |
| 1984 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 6.9 | 1.2 | 6.8 | 18.9 | 1.1 |
| 1985 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 7.1 | 1.2 | 7.7 | 19.9 | 1.2 |
| 1986 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 6.8 | 1.1 | 8.0 | 19.9 | 1.2 |
| 1987 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 6.6 | 0.8 | 8.1 | 19.3 | 1.2 |
| 1988 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 6.5 | 0.8 | 8.2 | 19.2 | 1.1 |
| 1989 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 6.6 | 0.8 | 7.7 | 18.8 | 1.2 |
| 1990 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 0.9 | 7.6 | 19.0 | 1.2 |

1/ Data are based on ERS estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-93," (SB-915, ERS, USDA, December 1994), on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on estimates from USDA's Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP) of quantities of produce from home gardens. Historical data for this table are available from CNPP's Shirley Gerritor, (202)606-4839, or Lisa Bente, (202)208-2447.

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP).

Table 42--Carbohydrate contributed from major food groups to the U.S. food supply, selected years 1/

| Year | Meat, poultry, fish | Dairy products | | | | Eggs | Legumes, nuts and soy | Grain products | Fats and oils |
|---------|---------------------|----------------|--------|-------|-------|------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Fluid milk | Cheese | Other | Total | | | | |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 0.1 | 3.3 | -- | 0.8 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 53.7 | -- |
| 1920-29 | 0.1 | 3.5 | -- | 0.9 | 4.5 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 47.0 | -- |
| 1930-39 | 0.1 | 3.8 | -- | 1.2 | 5.0 | 0.1 | 2.4 | 44.3 | -- |
| 1940-49 | 0.1 | 4.6 | -- | 1.8 | 6.5 | 0.1 | 2.5 | 42.2 | -- |
| 1950-59 | 0.1 | 4.9 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 6.9 | 0.2 | 2.4 | 37.9 | -- |
| 1960-69 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 6.6 | 0.1 | 2.3 | 36.3 | -- |
| 1970 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 6.1 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 34.6 | -- |
| 1971 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 6.1 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 34.3 | -- |
| 1972 | 0.1 | 4.4 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 6.2 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 34.0 | -- |
| 1973 | 0.1 | 4.2 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 6.1 | 0.1 | 2.3 | 34.4 | -- |
| 1974 | 0.1 | 4.2 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 6.0 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 35.0 | -- |
| 1975 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 6.0 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 35.8 | -- |
| 1976 | 0.1 | 4.0 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 6.0 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 35.7 | -- |
| 1977 | 0.1 | 4.0 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 5.9 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 35.2 | -- |
| 1978 | 0.1 | 3.9 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 5.9 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 35.2 | -- |
| 1979 | 0.1 | 3.7 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 5.8 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 36.0 | -- |
| 1980 | 0.1 | 3.7 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 35.5 | -- |
| 1981 | 0.1 | 3.6 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 36.7 | -- |
| 1982 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 37.0 | -- |
| 1983 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 36.7 | -- |
| 1984 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 36.6 | -- |
| 1985 | 0.1 | 3.4 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 36.9 | -- |
| 1986 | 0.1 | 3.3 | 0.2 | 2.0 | 5.5 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 37.8 | -- |
| 1987 | 0.1 | 3.2 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 5.3 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 38.6 | -- |
| 1988 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 5.1 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 38.7 | -- |
| 1989 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 5.0 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 38.7 | -- |
| 1990 | 0.1 | 3.0 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 5.0 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 39.5 | -- |

| Citrus | Fruits | | Vegetables | | | | Sugars and sweeteners | Miscellaneous | |
|---------|------------|-------|----------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|---------------|-----|
| | Non-citrus | Total | White potatoes | Dark green, deep yellow | Other | Total | | | |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 0.4 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 10.5 | 23.5 | 0.4 |
| 1920-29 | 0.6 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 10.0 | 30.0 | 0.5 |
| 1930-39 | 0.9 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 10.0 | 31.5 | 0.6 |
| 1940-49 | 1.5 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 10.3 | 31.2 | 0.7 |
| 1950-59 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 9.6 | 35.6 | 0.8 |
| 1960-69 | 1.6 | 4.4 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 0.8 | 3.6 | 9.7 | 38.0 | 0.9 |
| 1970 | 1.8 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 0.8 | 4.0 | 10.2 | 39.8 | 0.9 |
| 1971 | 1.9 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 5.2 | 0.7 | 4.1 | 10.0 | 40.2 | 0.9 |
| 1972 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 0.7 | 4.0 | 10.0 | 40.6 | 1.0 |
| 1973 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 0.8 | 3.9 | 9.8 | 40.3 | 0.9 |
| 1974 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 6.1 | 5.1 | 0.8 | 4.0 | 9.9 | 39.9 | 0.9 |
| 1975 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 6.5 | 5.3 | 0.8 | 4.1 | 10.2 | 38.3 | 0.8 |
| 1976 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 5.2 | 0.8 | 4.0 | 10.0 | 38.9 | 0.9 |
| 1977 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 0.7 | 4.0 | 9.8 | 39.8 | 0.8 |
| 1978 | 2.0 | 4.3 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 9.5 | 40.1 | 0.8 |
| 1979 | 2.0 | 4.2 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 0.7 | 3.9 | 9.5 | 39.5 | 0.8 |
| 1980 | 2.1 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 4.7 | 0.6 | 3.7 | 9.1 | 40.6 | 0.8 |
| 1981 | 2.0 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 4.8 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 9.1 | 39.3 | 0.8 |
| 1982 | 2.0 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 9.1 | 38.7 | 0.8 |
| 1983 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 6.9 | 4.9 | 0.6 | 3.6 | 9.1 | 38.7 | 0.9 |
| 1984 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 4.9 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 9.3 | 39.1 | 0.9 |
| 1985 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 0.7 | 3.5 | 8.8 | 39.0 | 0.9 |
| 1986 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 4.7 | 0.6 | 3.4 | 8.7 | 38.0 | 0.9 |
| 1987 | 1.9 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 8.5 | 38.1 | 0.9 |
| 1988 | 2.0 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 4.4 | 0.6 | 3.2 | 8.3 | 38.2 | 0.8 |
| 1989 | 1.8 | 4.8 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 8.5 | 38.4 | 0.9 |
| 1990 | 1.5 | 4.6 | 6.1 | 4.4 | 0.6 | 3.3 | 8.3 | 38.2 | 0.9 |

-- Value is less than 0.05 but more than 0.

1/ Data are based on ERS estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-93," (SB-915, ERS, USDA, December 1994), on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on estimates from USDA's Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP) of quantities of produce from home gardens. Historical data for this table are available from CNPP's Shirley Gerrior, (202)606-4839, or Lisa Bente, (202)208-2447.

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP).

Table 43--Protein contributed from major food groups to the U.S. food supply, selected years 1/

| Year | Meat, poultry, fish | | | | Dairy products | | | | |
|---------|---------------------|---------|------|-------|----------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| | Meat | Poultry | Fish | Total | Fluid milk | | Cheese | Other | Total |
| | | | | | Whole | Lowfat | | | |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 25.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 31.6 | 9.1 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 14.5 |
| 1920-29 | 25.2 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 31.7 | 10.4 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 16.7 |
| 1930-39 | 24.5 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 31.0 | 11.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 18.7 |
| 1940-49 | 26.0 | 4.4 | 2.6 | 33.0 | 12.6 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 4.7 | 21.4 |
| 1950-59 | 27.8 | 5.1 | 3.2 | 36.1 | 12.5 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 5.3 | 22.5 |
| 1960-69 | 31.1 | 6.9 | 3.5 | 41.5 | 10.5 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 20.9 |
| 1970 | 32.1 | 8.0 | 3.8 | 43.8 | 9.0 | 2.2 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 19.8 |
| 1971 | 32.5 | 8.0 | 3.7 | 44.2 | 8.7 | 2.4 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 19.8 |
| 1972 | 32.7 | 8.3 | 3.9 | 44.9 | 8.4 | 2.6 | 5.1 | 3.6 | 19.6 |
| 1973 | 29.8 | 8.1 | 4.2 | 42.1 | 8.3 | 2.9 | 5.3 | 3.9 | 20.3 |
| 1974 | 31.8 | 8.1 | 4.0 | 43.9 | 7.8 | 2.9 | 5.5 | 3.4 | 19.6 |
| 1975 | 31.0 | 8.0 | 4.0 | 42.9 | 7.6 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 3.3 | 19.6 |
| 1976 | 31.4 | 8.3 | 4.1 | 43.8 | 7.1 | 3.3 | 5.7 | 3.4 | 19.5 |
| 1977 | 31.5 | 8.5 | 4.0 | 43.9 | 6.9 | 3.5 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 19.6 |
| 1978 | 30.5 | 8.9 | 4.3 | 43.6 | 6.7 | 3.6 | 6.2 | 3.5 | 20.0 |
| 1979 | 29.4 | 9.4 | 4.1 | 42.9 | 6.4 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 3.5 | 19.8 |
| 1980 | 29.9 | 9.7 | 4.0 | 43.5 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 6.4 | 3.4 | 19.7 |
| 1981 | 29.6 | 10.0 | 4.1 | 43.6 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 3.1 | 19.4 |
| 1982 | 28.4 | 10.1 | 3.9 | 42.4 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 7.1 | 3.2 | 19.8 |
| 1983 | 28.8 | 10.0 | 4.1 | 42.9 | 5.4 | 4.1 | 7.1 | 3.2 | 19.7 |
| 1984 | 28.4 | 10.2 | 4.2 | 42.9 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 7.4 | 3.3 | 20.1 |
| 1985 | 27.8 | 10.3 | 4.3 | 42.4 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 7.5 | 3.2 | 20.0 |
| 1986 | 26.8 | 10.7 | 4.3 | 41.9 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 7.6 | 3.4 | 20.2 |
| 1987 | 25.8 | 11.4 | 4.5 | 41.7 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 7.8 | 3.4 | 20.2 |
| 1988 | 25.9 | 11.5 | 4.3 | 41.8 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 7.6 | 3.2 | 19.6 |
| 1989 | 25.2 | 12.0 | 4.5 | 41.8 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 19.6 |
| 1990 | 24.3 | 12.4 | 4.3 | 41.1 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 7.8 | 3.3 | 19.8 |

| Year | Eggs | Legumes, nuts and soy | Grains | Fruits | Vegetables | Fats and oils | Sugars and sweeteners | Miscellaneous |
|---------|------|-----------------------|--------|--------|------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 35.4 | 1.1 | 6.8 | 0.2 | -- | 0.5 |
| 1920-29 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 31.9 | 1.3 | 6.9 | 0.2 | -- | 0.7 |
| 1930-39 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 29.5 | 1.4 | 7.0 | 0.2 | -- | 0.9 |
| 1940-49 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 24.8 | 1.4 | 6.5 | 0.1 | -- | 0.9 |
| 1950-59 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 20.9 | 1.3 | 5.8 | 0.1 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1960-69 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 18.9 | 1.1 | 5.4 | 0.1 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1970 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 18.0 | 1.1 | 5.6 | 0.1 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1971 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 17.8 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 0.1 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1972 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 17.5 | 1.1 | 5.4 | 0.1 | -- | 1.2 |
| 1973 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 18.6 | 1.2 | 5.6 | 0.1 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1974 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 18.4 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 0.0 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1975 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 18.8 | 1.3 | 5.7 | 0.1 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1976 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 18.7 | 1.2 | 5.6 | 0.2 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1977 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 18.6 | 1.2 | 5.6 | 0.2 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1978 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 18.6 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 0.2 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1979 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 19.1 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 0.2 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1980 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 19.2 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 0.2 | -- | 1.0 |
| 1981 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 19.3 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 0.2 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1982 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 19.6 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 0.2 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1983 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 19.3 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 0.2 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1984 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 19.4 | 1.3 | 5.4 | 0.2 | -- | 1.2 |
| 1985 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 19.8 | 1.3 | 5.2 | 0.2 | -- | 1.2 |
| 1986 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 20.3 | 1.3 | 5.1 | 0.2 | -- | 1.2 |
| 1987 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 21.1 | 1.3 | 5.1 | 0.2 | -- | 1.2 |
| 1988 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 21.2 | 1.3 | 5.1 | 0.2 | -- | 1.1 |
| 1989 | 3.9 | 5.4 | 21.5 | 1.3 | 5.2 | 0.2 | -- | 1.2 |
| 1990 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 22.3 | 1.2 | 5.2 | 0.2 | -- | 1.3 |

-- Value is less than 0.05 but more than 0.

1/ Data are based on ERS estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-93," (SB-915, ERS, USDA, December 1994), on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on estimates from USDA's Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP) of quantities of produce from home gardens. Historical data for this table are available from CNPP's Shirley Gerritor, (202)606-4839, or Lisa Bente, (202)208-2447.

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP).

Table 44--Fat contributed from major food groups to the U.S. food supply, selected years ^{1/}

| Year | Meat, poultry, fish | | | | Dairy products | | | | | Eggs | Legumes, nuts and soy | |
|---------|---------------------|---------|------|-------|----------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|------|-----------------------|--|
| | Meat | Poultry | Fish | Total | Fluid milk | | Cheese | Other | Total | | | |
| | | | | | Whole | Lowfat | | | | | | |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 32.7 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 35.2 | 8.6 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 14.7 | 3.3 | 2.2 | |
| 1920-29 | 30.5 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 32.8 | 8.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 5.4 | 15.9 | 3.3 | 2.7 | |
| 1930-39 | 28.0 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 30.2 | 8.9 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 5.5 | 16.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | |
| 1940-49 | 29.9 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 32.4 | 10.3 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 5.5 | 17.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | |
| 1950-59 | 30.0 | 2.1 | 0.7 | 32.8 | 9.3 | 0.2 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 16.4 | 3.7 | 3.3 | |
| 1960-69 | 32.7 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 36.4 | 7.3 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 13.9 | 3.0 | 3.4 | |
| 1970 | 32.4 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 36.9 | 5.9 | 0.6 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 12.3 | 2.7 | 3.3 | |
| 1971 | 33.4 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 37.8 | 5.8 | 0.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 12.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | |
| 1972 | 33.2 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 37.8 | 5.5 | 0.7 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 11.9 | 2.6 | 3.4 | |
| 1973 | 30.1 | 3.8 | 0.8 | 34.7 | 5.4 | 0.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 12.4 | 2.6 | 3.6 | |
| 1974 | 31.9 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 36.4 | 5.0 | 0.8 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 12.2 | 2.5 | 3.3 | |
| 1975 | 30.3 | 3.8 | 0.7 | 34.8 | 5.0 | 0.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 12.3 | 2.5 | 3.7 | |
| 1976 | 30.7 | 3.9 | 0.7 | 35.3 | 4.6 | 0.9 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 12.0 | 2.4 | 3.4 | |
| 1977 | 31.3 | 4.0 | 0.6 | 35.9 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 12.1 | 2.4 | 3.4 | |
| 1978 | 30.1 | 4.2 | 0.7 | 35.0 | 4.2 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 12.0 | 2.4 | 3.4 | |
| 1979 | 29.9 | 4.4 | 0.7 | 34.9 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 11.7 | 2.4 | 3.4 | |
| 1980 | 30.3 | 4.4 | 0.6 | 35.3 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 11.5 | 2.3 | 3.0 | |
| 1981 | 29.6 | 4.5 | 0.6 | 34.7 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 11.5 | 2.3 | 3.3 | |
| 1982 | 28.0 | 4.6 | 0.5 | 33.1 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 11.9 | 2.3 | 3.6 | |
| 1983 | 28.1 | 4.5 | 0.5 | 33.1 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 11.8 | 2.2 | 3.5 | |
| 1984 | 28.1 | 4.6 | 0.5 | 33.2 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 12.1 | 2.2 | 3.6 | |
| 1985 | 26.7 | 4.5 | 0.5 | 31.7 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 11.8 | 2.1 | 3.5 | |
| 1986 | 25.4 | 4.8 | 0.5 | 30.6 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 11.9 | 2.1 | 3.6 | |
| 1987 | 24.9 | 5.1 | 0.5 | 30.5 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 12.2 | 2.1 | 3.7 | |
| 1988 | 25.5 | 5.2 | 0.5 | 31.1 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 11.8 | 2.0 | 3.8 | |
| 1989 | 25.3 | 5.4 | 0.5 | 31.2 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 11.9 | 2.0 | 4.0 | |
| 1990 | 24.2 | 5.6 | 0.4 | 30.3 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 11.8 | 2.0 | 3.7 | |

| Year | Grain products | Fruits | Vegetables | Fats and oils | | | | | Sugars and sweeteners | Miscellaneous | |
|---------|----------------|--------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|---------------|-------|
| | | | | Butter | Margarine | Shortening | Lard and beef tallow | Other | | | Total |
| Percent | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1909-19 | 3.7 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 13.8 | 1.7 | 9.7 | 11.6 | 2.2 | 39.0 | -- | 0.9 |
| 1920-29 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 13.6 | 1.9 | 8.0 | 12.3 | 4.0 | 39.9 | -- | 1.4 |
| 1930-39 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 13.6 | 1.9 | 9.7 | 11.7 | 5.6 | 42.5 | -- | 1.6 |
| 1940-49 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 9.1 | 3.0 | 8.5 | 11.3 | 6.3 | 38.3 | -- | 1.5 |
| 1950-59 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 6.4 | 5.8 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 39.7 | -- | 1.6 |
| 1960-69 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 4.4 | 6.7 | 12.0 | 5.2 | 11.4 | 39.6 | -- | 1.6 |
| 1970 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 3.4 | 6.9 | 13.5 | 3.6 | 13.8 | 41.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| 1971 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 3.3 | 6.9 | 13.0 | 3.3 | 13.9 | 40.3 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| 1972 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 6.9 | 13.4 | 2.8 | 14.5 | 40.6 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| 1973 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 3.1 | 7.2 | 13.6 | 2.6 | 16.2 | 42.8 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| 1974 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 7.2 | 13.4 | 2.5 | 15.8 | 41.9 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| 1975 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 3.1 | 7.2 | 13.8 | 2.6 | 16.3 | 43.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 |
| 1976 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 7.5 | 13.9 | 2.3 | 16.8 | 43.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| 1977 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 7.4 | 13.7 | 2.0 | 16.7 | 42.6 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| 1978 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 7.2 | 14.1 | 1.9 | 17.5 | 43.6 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| 1979 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 7.1 | 14.4 | 2.3 | 17.3 | 43.9 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| 1980 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 7.1 | 14.1 | 2.9 | 17.4 | 44.3 | 0.0 | 1.5 |
| 1981 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 7.0 | 14.3 | 2.7 | 17.8 | 44.4 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| 1982 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 6.9 | 14.5 | 3.0 | 18.1 | 45.2 | 0.0 | 1.6 |
| 1983 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 6.4 | 14.0 | 3.2 | 18.9 | 45.5 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| 1984 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 3.0 | 6.4 | 16.3 | 2.9 | 16.1 | 44.7 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| 1985 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 6.4 | 16.6 | 2.7 | 18.2 | 46.8 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| 1986 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 6.8 | 16.3 | 2.6 | 19.1 | 47.5 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| 1987 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 6.3 | 15.9 | 2.0 | 19.9 | 47.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| 1988 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 6.2 | 15.9 | 1.9 | 20.1 | 46.8 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| 1989 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 6.2 | 16.3 | 2.0 | 19.2 | 46.4 | 0.0 | 2.0 |
| 1990 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 6.6 | 16.8 | 2.3 | 19.2 | 47.6 | 0.0 | 2.1 |

-- Value is less than 0.05 but more than 0. ^{1/} Data are based on ERS estimates of per capita quantities of food available for consumption from "Food Consumption, Prices, and Expenditures, 1970-93," (SB-915, ERS, USDA, December 1994), on imputed consumption data for foods no longer reported by ERS, and on estimates from USDA's Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP) of quantities of produce from home gardens. Historical data for this table are available from CNPP's Shirley Gorrion, (202)606-4839, or Lisa Bente, (202)208-2447.

Source: USDA/Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion (CNPP).

Table 45--Beef: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | Factors for converting carcass weight to -- | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Production | Imports 3/ | Begin- ning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports 3/ 6/ | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories 3/ | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance 5/ | | | | | | Retail 7/ | Boneless 7/ |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | ----- Percent ----- | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 21,684 | 1,792 | 353 | 23,829 | 101 | 6/ | 338 | 23,390 | 17,308 | 16,326 | 114.1 | 84.4 | 79.6 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 21,904 | 1,734 | 338 | 23,976 | 117 | 6/ | 366 | 23,493 | 17,385 | 16,398 | 113.1 | 83.7 | 79.0 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 22,413 | 1,960 | 366 | 24,739 | 114 | 6/ | 477 | 24,148 | 17,870 | 16,855 | 115.0 | 85.1 | 80.3 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 21,278 | 1,990 | 477 | 23,745 | 144 | 6/ | 580 | 23,021 | 17,035 | 16,069 | 108.6 | 80.4 | 75.8 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 23,137 | 1,615 | 580 | 25,332 | 115 | 6/ | 519 | 24,698 | 18,277 | 17,239 | 115.5 | 85.5 | 80.6 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 23,975 | 1,758 | 519 | 26,252 | 110 | 6/ | 456 | 25,686 | 19,008 | 17,929 | 118.9 | 88.0 | 83.0 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 25,969 | 2,073 | 456 | 28,498 | 87 | 71 | 606 | 27,733 | 20,523 | 19,358 | 127.2 | 94.1 | 88.8 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 25,279 | 1,939 | 606 | 27,824 | 98 | 69 | 412 | 27,246 | 20,162 | 19,018 | 123.7 | 91.5 | 86.3 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 24,241 | 2,297 | 412 | 26,950 | 160 | 54 | 529 | 26,207 | 19,393 | 18,292 | 117.7 | 87.1 | 82.2 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 21,447 | 2,405 | 529 | 24,380 | 167 | 49 | 459 | 23,706 | 17,542 | 16,547 | 105.3 | 77.9 | 73.5 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 21,643 | 2,064 | 459 | 24,166 | 173 | 47 | 432 | 23,513 | 17,400 | 16,412 | 103.3 | 76.4 | 72.1 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 22,389 | 1,743 | 432 | 24,564 | 216 | 36 | 335 | 23,977 | 17,743 | 16,736 | 104.3 | 77.2 | 72.8 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 22,536 | 1,939 | 335 | 24,811 | 250 | 55 | 388 | 24,118 | 17,847 | 16,834 | 103.9 | 76.9 | 72.5 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 23,243 | 1,974 | 388 | 25,605 | 268 | 40 | 429 | 24,868 | 18,402 | 17,358 | 106.1 | 78.5 | 74.1 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 23,598 | 1,823 | 429 | 25,850 | 323 | 47 | 472 | 25,007 | 18,505 | 17,455 | 105.8 | 78.3 | 73.9 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 23,728 | 2,071 | 472 | 26,271 | 325 | 51 | 420 | 25,476 | 18,852 | 17,782 | 106.8 | 79.1 | 74.6 | 0.740 | 0.698 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 24,371 | 2,129 | 420 | 26,919 | 516 | 52 | 412 | 25,940 | 18,936 | 17,898 | 107.8 | 78.7 | 74.4 | 0.730 | 0.690 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 23,566 | 2,269 | 412 | 26,247 | 600 | 56 | 386 | 25,205 | 17,895 | 16,887 | 103.8 | 73.7 | 69.6 | 0.710 | 0.670 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 23,589 | 2,379 | 386 | 26,353 | 680 | 64 | 422 | 25,188 | 17,757 | 16,800 | 102.8 | 72.5 | 68.6 | 0.705 | 0.667 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 23,087 | 2,178 | 422 | 25,687 | 1,023 | 61 | 335 | 24,269 | 17,109 | 16,187 | 98.1 | 69.2 | 65.4 | 0.705 | 0.667 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 22,743 | 2,356 | 335 | 25,454 | 1,006 | 69 | 397 | 23,961 | 16,893 | 15,982 | 95.9 | 67.6 | 64.0 | 0.705 | 0.667 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 22,917 | 2,406 | 397 | 25,721 | 1,188 | 69 | 419 | 24,045 | 16,831 | 15,942 | 95.2 | 66.6 | 63.1 | 0.700 | 0.663 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 23,086 | 2,440 | 419 | 25,945 | 1,324 | 76 | 360 | 24,185 | 16,930 | 16,035 | 94.7 | 66.3 | 62.8 | 0.700 | 0.663 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 23,049 | 2,401 | 360 | 25,810 | 1,275 | 62 | 529 | 23,944 | 16,761 | 15,875 | 92.8 | 64.9 | 61.5 | 0.700 | 0.663 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 24,386 | 2,371 | 529 | 27,286 | 1,611 | 58 | 548 | 25,069 | 17,423 | 16,571 | 96.2 | 66.8 | 63.6 | 0.695 | 0.661 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 25,122 | 2,129 | 548 | 27,799 | 1,745 | 58 | 475 | 25,521 | 17,737 | 16,869 | 97.0 | 67.4 | 64.1 | 0.695 | 0.661 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Carcass weight. Edible offals are not part of the carcass and therefore are not included. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Beginning 1989, trade data include veal. 4/ Cold-storage holdings in public and private warehouses and packing plants whose food products are normally stored for 30 days or more. Excluded are stocks in space maintained by wholesalers, jobbers, distributors, chain stores, locker plants containing individual lockers, meatpacker branch houses, frozen food processors whose entire inventories are turned over more than once a month, and the Armed Forces. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Shipments to U.S. territories are included under exports before 1975. 7/ Source: "Reevaluation of Beef Carcass-to-Retail Weight Conversion Factor," AER-623, ERS, USDA, October 1989.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 46--Veal: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | Factors for converting carcass weight to -- | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Produc- tion | Imports | Begin- ning stocks 3/ | Total supply 4/ | Exports 5/ | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks 3/ | Food disappearance 4/ | | | Per capita | | | Retail 6/ | Boneless 6/ |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | ----- Percent ----- | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 588 | 24 | 10 | 622 | 3 | 5/ | 9 | 610 | 506 | 418 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 547 | 22 | 9 | 578 | 4 | 5/ | 9 | 565 | 469 | 387 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 458 | 36 | 9 | 503 | 10 | 5/ | 13 | 480 | 399 | 329 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 357 | 31 | 13 | 401 | 8 | 5/ | 12 | 381 | 316 | 261 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 486 | 31 | 12 | 529 | 15 | 5/ | 14 | 500 | 415 | 343 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 873 | 24 | 14 | 911 | 14 | 5/ | 11 | 886 | 735 | 607 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 852 | 22 | 11 | 884 | 2 | 9 | 11 | 863 | 716 | 591 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 833 | 24 | 11 | 868 | 2 | 9 | 11 | 845 | 701 | 579 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 631 | 25 | 11 | 667 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 651 | 541 | 446 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 435 | 27 | 9 | 471 | 3 | 2 | 10 | 456 | 378 | 312 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 400 | 21 | 10 | 432 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 419 | 348 | 287 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 435 | 18 | 9 | 463 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 450 | 374 | 309 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 448 | 19 | 9 | 476 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 465 | 386 | 318 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 453 | 19 | 7 | 479 | 4 | 1 | 9 | 465 | 386 | 318 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 495 | 24 | 9 | 528 | 6 | 1 | 14 | 508 | 421 | 348 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 515 | 20 | 14 | 549 | 4 | 1 | 11 | 532 | 442 | 365 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 524 | 27 | 11 | 562 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 549 | 456 | 376 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 429 | 24 | 7 | 460 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 449 | 372 | 307 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 396 | 27 | 4 | 427 | 10 | 2 | 5 | 409 | 340 | 280 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 355 | NA | 5 | 360 | NA | NA | 4 | 357 | 296 | 244 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 327 | NA | 4 | 331 | NA | NA | 6 | 325 | 270 | 223 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 306 | NA | 6 | 312 | NA | NA | 7 | 305 | 253 | 209 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 310 | NA | 7 | 317 | NA | NA | 5 | 312 | 259 | 214 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 285 | NA | 5 | 290 | NA | NA | 4 | 286 | 237 | 196 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 293 | NA | 4 | 297 | NA | NA | 6 | 291 | 242 | 199 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.830 | 0.685 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 319 | NA | 6 | 325 | NA | NA | 5 | 320 | 266 | 219 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.830 | 0.685 |

NA = Not available. F = Forecast.

1/ Carcass weight except as noted in footnote 3. Edible offals are not part of the carcass and therefore are not included. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Cold-storage holdings in public and private warehouses and packing plants whose food products are normally stored for 30 days or more. Excluded are stocks in space maintained by wholesalers, jobbers, distributors, chain stores, locker plants containing individual lockers, meatpacker branch houses, frozen food processors whose entire inventories are turned over more than once a month, and the Armed Forces Stocks data are reported on a product-weight basis for all years. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Shipments to U.S. territories are included under exports before 1975. 6/ Source: "Weights and Measures for Agricultural Commodities and Their Products," AH-697, ERS, USDA, June 1992.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 47--Lamb: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | Factors for converting carcass weight to -- | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|---|---------------|-----------------|-------|-------|
| | | Production | Imports | Beginning stocks 3/ | Total supply 4/ | Exports 5/ | Shipments to U.S. territories | Ending stocks 3/ | Food disappearance 4/ | | | Retail 6/ | | Boneless 6/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | | |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | | Pounds | | | Percent | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 551 | 122 | 16 | 689 | 7 | 5/ | 19 | 663 | 590 | 436 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 555 | 103 | 19 | 677 | 8 | 5/ | 19 | 650 | 579 | 428 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 543 | 148 | 19 | 710 | 7 | 5/ | 16 | 688 | 612 | 452 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 512 | 53 | 16 | 581 | 6 | 5/ | 15 | 560 | 498 | 368 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 464 | 26 | 15 | 505 | 8 | 5/ | 14 | 483 | 430 | 318 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 411 | 27 | 14 | 452 | 8 | 5/ | 12 | 432 | 384 | 284 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 371 | 36 | 12 | 419 | 4 | 3 | 15 | 398 | 354 | 262 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 350 | 23 | 15 | 387 | 5 | 2 | 10 | 370 | 330 | 244 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 310 | 39 | 10 | 359 | 3 | 1 | 12 | 343 | 306 | 226 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 291 | 44 | 12 | 347 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 333 | 296 | 219 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 318 | 33 | 11 | 362 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 348 | 310 | 229 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 338 | 31 | 9 | 378 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 362 | 322 | 238 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 365 | 21 | 11 | 397 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 384 | 342 | 253 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 375 | 18 | 9 | 402 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 388 | 345 | 255 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 379 | 20 | 11 | 410 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 398 | 354 | 262 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 359 | 36 | 7 | 403 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 387 | 344 | 254 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 338 | 41 | 13 | 392 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 376 | 335 | 247 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 315 | 44 | 13 | 372 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 360 | 321 | 237 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 335 | 51 | 8 | 394 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 386 | 343 | 254 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 347 | 46 | 6 | 399 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 385 | 343 | 254 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 363 | 41 | 8 | 412 | 6 | -- | 8 | 397 | 353 | 261 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 363 | 41 | 8 | 412 | 10 | -- | 6 | 396 | 353 | 261 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 348 | 49 | 6 | 403 | 8 | 1 | 8 | 386 | 344 | 254 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 337 | 53 | 8 | 398 | 8 | 1 | 8 | 381 | 339 | 251 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 308 | 49 | 8 | 365 | 9 | -- | 11 | 345 | 307 | 227 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.890 | 0.658 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 286 | 58 | 11 | 355 | 7 | -- | 11 | 337 | 300 | 222 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.890 | 0.658 |

F = Forecast.

-- = Less than 0.05 million pounds.

1/ Carcass weight except as noted in footnote 3. Edible offals are not part of the carcass and therefore are not included. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Cold-storage holdings in public and private warehouses and packing plants whose food products are normally stored for 30 days or more. Excluded are stocks in space maintained by wholesalers, jobbers, distributors, chain stores, locker plants containing individual lockers, meatpacker branch houses, frozen food processors whose entire inventories are turned over more than once a month, and the Armed Forces. Stocks data are reported on a product-weight basis for all years. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Shipments to U.S. territories are included under exports before 1975. 6/ Source: "Weights and Measures for Agricultural Commodities and Their Products," AH-697, ERS, USDA, June 1992.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 48--Pork: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | Factors for converting carcass weight to -- | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Produc- tion | Imports | Begin- ning stocks 3/ | Total supply 4/ | Exports 5/ | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks 3/ | Food disappearance 4/ | | | | | | Retail 6/ | Boneless 6/ |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | ---- Percent ---- | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 14,699 | 491 | 188 | 15,378 | 194 | 5/ | 394 | 14,789 | 11,314 | 9,835 | 72.1 | 55.2 | 48.0 | 0.765 | 0.665 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 16,006 | 496 | 394 | 16,896 | 198 | 5/ | 391 | 16,307 | 12,491 | 10,926 | 78.5 | 60.2 | 52.6 | 0.766 | 0.670 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 14,422 | 538 | 391 | 15,351 | 236 | 5/ | 258 | 14,857 | 11,395 | 10,028 | 70.8 | 54.3 | 47.8 | 0.767 | 0.675 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 13,223 | 533 | 258 | 14,014 | 279 | 5/ | 348 | 13,387 | 10,281 | 9,103 | 63.2 | 48.5 | 43.0 | 0.768 | 0.680 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 14,331 | 488 | 348 | 15,167 | 204 | 5/ | 380 | 14,584 | 11,215 | 9,990 | 68.2 | 52.4 | 46.7 | 0.769 | 0.685 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 11,779 | 439 | 380 | 12,598 | 317 | 5/ | 181 | 12,100 | 9,317 | 8,349 | 56.0 | 43.1 | 38.7 | 0.770 | 0.690 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 12,688 | 469 | 181 | 13,338 | 316 | 106 | 274 | 12,642 | 9,747 | 8,786 | 58.0 | 44.7 | 40.3 | 0.771 | 0.695 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 13,248 | 440 | 274 | 13,962 | 294 | 105 | 246 | 13,317 | 10,281 | 9,309 | 60.5 | 46.7 | 42.3 | 0.772 | 0.699 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 13,393 | 495 | 246 | 14,134 | 288 | 133 | 310 | 13,403 | 10,360 | 9,422 | 60.2 | 46.5 | 42.3 | 0.773 | 0.703 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 15,451 | 500 | 310 | 16,261 | 291 | 158 | 355 | 15,458 | 11,964 | 10,929 | 68.7 | 53.2 | 48.6 | 0.774 | 0.707 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 16,617 | 550 | 355 | 17,521 | 252 | 154 | 431 | 16,684 | 12,930 | 11,862 | 73.3 | 56.8 | 52.1 | 0.775 | 0.711 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 15,873 | 542 | 431 | 16,846 | 307 | 145 | 336 | 16,058 | 12,461 | 11,482 | 69.8 | 54.2 | 49.9 | 0.776 | 0.715 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 14,229 | 612 | 336 | 15,177 | 214 | 151 | 284 | 14,528 | 11,288 | 10,417 | 62.6 | 48.6 | 44.9 | 0.777 | 0.717 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 15,199 | 707 | 284 | 16,190 | 219 | 142 | 375 | 15,453 | 12,022 | 11,111 | 66.0 | 51.3 | 47.4 | 0.778 | 0.719 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 14,812 | 954 | 375 | 16,141 | 164 | 147 | 348 | 15,483 | 12,061 | 11,163 | 65.5 | 51.0 | 47.2 | 0.779 | 0.721 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 14,807 | 1,128 | 348 | 16,283 | 128 | 132 | 289 | 15,733 | 12,272 | 11,375 | 66.0 | 51.5 | 47.7 | 0.780 | 0.723 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 14,063 | 1,122 | 289 | 15,474 | 86 | 132 | 253 | 15,003 | 11,687 | 10,877 | 62.3 | 48.6 | 45.2 | 0.779 | 0.725 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 14,373 | 1,195 | 253 | 15,821 | 109 | 127 | 360 | 15,225 | 11,845 | 11,068 | 62.7 | 48.8 | 45.6 | 0.778 | 0.727 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 15,684 | 1,137 | 360 | 17,181 | 195 | 126 | 437 | 16,423 | 12,761 | 11,956 | 67.0 | 52.1 | 48.8 | 0.777 | 0.728 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 15,813 | 896 | 437 | 17,146 | 262 | 143 | 313 | 16,428 | 12,748 | 11,976 | 66.4 | 51.5 | 48.4 | 0.776 | 0.729 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 15,354 | 898 | 313 | 16,565 | 238 | 113 | 296 | 15,917 | 12,352 | 11,603 | 63.7 | 49.4 | 46.4 | 0.776 | 0.729 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 15,999 | 775 | 296 | 17,070 | 283 | 131 | 388 | 16,268 | 12,624 | 11,860 | 64.4 | 50.0 | 46.9 | 0.776 | 0.729 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 17,234 | 645 | 388 | 18,267 | 407 | 145 | 385 | 17,330 | 13,448 | 12,634 | 67.9 | 52.7 | 49.5 | 0.776 | 0.729 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 17,088 | 740 | 385 | 18,213 | 435 | 103 | 359 | 17,316 | 13,437 | 12,623 | 67.1 | 52.1 | 48.9 | 0.776 | 0.729 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 17,696 | 743 | 359 | 18,798 | 531 | 114 | 438 | 17,715 | 13,747 | 12,914 | 68.0 | 52.7 | 49.5 | 0.776 | 0.729 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 17,875 | 685 | 438 | 18,998 | 726 | 114 | 400 | 17,758 | 13,780 | 12,946 | 67.5 | 52.4 | 49.2 | 0.776 | 0.729 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Carcass weight. Edible offals are not part of the carcass and therefore are not included. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Cold-storage holdings in public and private warehouses and packing plants whose food products are normally stored for 30 days or more. Excluded are stocks in space maintained by wholesalers, jobbers, distributors, chain stores, locker plants containing individual lockers, meatpacker branch houses, frozen food processors whose entire inventories are turned over more than once a month, and the Armed Forces. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Shipments to U.S. territories are included under exports before 1975. 6/ Source: "Livestock and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report," LPS-45, ERS, USDA, January 1991.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 49--Total red meat: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | | Produc- tion | Imports | Begin- ning stocks 3/ | Total supply 4/ | Exports 5/ | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks 3/ | Food disappearance 4/ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 37,522 | 2,429 | 567 | 40,518 | 305 | 5/ | 761 | 39,452 | 29,718 | 27,015 | 192.4 | 144.9 | 131.7 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 39,012 | 2,355 | 761 | 42,128 | 327 | 5/ | 785 | 41,016 | 30,924 | 28,139 | 197.5 | 148.9 | 135.5 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 37,836 | 2,682 | 785 | 41,303 | 367 | 5/ | 764 | 40,172 | 30,275 | 27,665 | 191.4 | 144.2 | 131.8 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 35,370 | 2,607 | 764 | 38,741 | 437 | 5/ | 955 | 37,349 | 28,131 | 25,801 | 176.2 | 132.8 | 121.8 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 38,418 | 2,160 | 955 | 41,533 | 342 | 5/ | 926 | 40,265 | 30,337 | 27,890 | 188.3 | 141.9 | 130.4 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 37,038 | 2,248 | 926 | 40,212 | 449 | 5/ | 659 | 39,104 | 29,444 | 27,169 | 181.1 | 136.3 | 125.8 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 39,880 | 2,600 | 659 | 43,139 | 410 | 189 | 905 | 41,636 | 31,339 | 28,997 | 191.0 | 143.7 | 133.0 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 39,710 | 2,425 | 905 | 43,040 | 398 | 185 | 679 | 41,778 | 31,473 | 29,149 | 189.7 | 142.9 | 132.3 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 38,575 | 2,856 | 679 | 42,110 | 454 | 192 | 860 | 40,604 | 30,600 | 28,387 | 182.4 | 137.5 | 127.5 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 37,624 | 2,975 | 860 | 41,459 | 461 | 211 | 835 | 39,952 | 30,181 | 28,007 | 177.5 | 134.1 | 124.4 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 38,978 | 2,668 | 835 | 42,481 | 429 | 205 | 882 | 40,965 | 30,988 | 28,791 | 179.9 | 136.1 | 126.4 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 39,035 | 2,334 | 882 | 42,251 | 527 | 185 | 691 | 40,848 | 30,901 | 28,765 | 177.6 | 134.4 | 125.1 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 37,578 | 2,592 | 691 | 40,860 | 468 | 210 | 688 | 39,495 | 29,863 | 27,822 | 170.1 | 128.6 | 119.8 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 39,270 | 2,717 | 688 | 42,675 | 493 | 185 | 824 | 41,173 | 31,156 | 29,042 | 175.7 | 133.0 | 123.9 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 39,284 | 2,821 | 824 | 42,929 | 495 | 198 | 841 | 41,395 | 31,342 | 29,227 | 175.1 | 132.6 | 123.7 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 39,409 | 3,255 | 841 | 43,505 | 458 | 186 | 733 | 42,129 | 31,910 | 29,777 | 176.7 | 133.8 | 124.9 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 39,296 | 3,318 | 733 | 43,347 | 606 | 187 | 684 | 41,868 | 31,414 | 29,400 | 174.0 | 130.5 | 122.2 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 38,683 | 3,533 | 684 | 42,900 | 718 | 186 | 758 | 41,238 | 30,433 | 28,500 | 169.8 | 125.3 | 117.4 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 40,004 | 3,594 | 758 | 44,356 | 887 | 193 | 870 | 42,406 | 31,201 | 29,290 | 173.1 | 127.3 | 119.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 39,602 | 3,120 | 870 | 43,592 | 1,290 | 205 | 659 | 41,438 | 30,496 | 28,661 | 167.5 | 123.3 | 115.9 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 38,787 | 3,295 | 659 | 42,741 | 1,250 | 182 | 707 | 40,600 | 29,867 | 28,070 | 162.5 | 119.5 | 112.3 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 39,585 | 3,222 | 707 | 43,515 | 1,481 | 200 | 820 | 41,014 | 30,061 | 28,270 | 162.3 | 119.0 | 111.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 40,978 | 3,134 | 820 | 44,932 | 1,739 | 222 | 758 | 42,213 | 30,980 | 29,136 | 165.3 | 121.3 | 114.1 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 40,759 | 3,194 | 758 | 44,711 | 1,718 | 166 | 900 | 41,927 | 30,774 | 28,945 | 162.4 | 119.2 | 112.1 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 42,683 | 3,163 | 900 | 46,746 | 2,151 | 172 | 1,003 | 43,420 | 31,718 | 29,911 | 166.6 | 121.7 | 114.8 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 43,602 | 2,872 | 1,003 | 47,477 | 2,478 | 172 | 891 | 43,936 | 32,083 | 30,256 | 167.0 | 122.0 | 115.0 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Carcass weight basis except as noted in footnote 3. Edible offals are not part of the carcass and therefore are not included. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Cold-storage holdings in public and private warehouses and packing plants whose food products are normally stored for 30 days or more. Excluded are stocks in space maintained by wholesalers, jobbers, distributors chain stores, locker plants containing individual lockers, meatpacker branch houses, frozen food processors whose entire inventories are turned over more than once a month, and the Armed Forces. Lamb, mutton, and veal stocks data are reported on a product-weight basis for all years. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Shipments to U.S. territories are included under exports before 1975.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 50--Fresh and frozen fish and shellfish: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | |
|--------|--|----------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 615 | 890 | 233 | 1,738 | 81 | 251 | 1,406 | 6.9 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 630 | 864 | 251 | 1,745 | 102 | 242 | 1,401 | 6.7 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 623 | 1,060 | 242 | 1,925 | 96 | 335 | 1,494 | 7.1 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 657 | 1,091 | 335 | 2,083 | 147 | 373 | 1,563 | 7.4 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 658 | 902 | 373 | 1,933 | 112 | 344 | 1,477 | 6.9 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 717 | 982 | 344 | 2,043 | 135 | 290 | 1,618 | 7.5 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 788 | 1,147 | 290 | 2,225 | 154 | 296 | 1,775 | 8.1 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 814 | 1,130 | 296 | 2,240 | 205 | 335 | 1,700 | 7.7 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 911 | 1,156 | 335 | 2,402 | 271 | 338 | 1,793 | 8.1 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 957 | 1,169 | 338 | 2,464 | 337 | 367 | 1,760 | 7.8 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,023 | 1,013 | 367 | 2,403 | 324 | 296 | 1,783 | 7.8 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,026 | 1,097 | 296 | 2,419 | 377 | 264 | 1,778 | 7.7 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,082 | 1,159 | 264 | 2,505 | 388 | 298 | 1,819 | 7.8 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 1,035 | 1,306 | 298 | 2,639 | 345 | 340 | 1,954 | 8.3 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 1,105 | 1,300 | 340 | 2,745 | 337 | 295 | 2,113 | 8.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 1,228 | 1,459 | 295 | 2,982 | 379 | 280 | 2,323 | 9.7 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 1,214 | 1,546 | 280 | 3,040 | 430 | 264 | 2,346 | 9.7 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 1,425 | 1,740 | 264 | 3,429 | 495 | 354 | 2,580 | 10.6 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 1,537 | 1,559 | 354 | 3,450 | 671 | 338 | 2,441 | 10.0 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 1,799 | 1,566 | 338 | 3,703 | 839 | 349 | 2,515 | 10.2 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 1,763 | 1,575 | 349 | 3,687 | 1,022 | 273 | 2,392 | 9.6 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 2,164 | 1,619 | 273 | 4,056 | 1,313 | 305 | 2,438 | 9.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 2,355 | 1,564 | 305 | 4,224 | 1,408 | 306 | 2,510 | 9.8 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 2,403 | 1,649 | 306 | 4,358 | 1,437 | 305 | 2,616 | 10.1 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 2,388 | 1,691 | 305 | 4,384 | 1,413 | 275 | 2,696 | 10.3 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Edible meat weight. Edible-weight finfish is equal to 45 percent of liveweight. Shellfish reported on a meat-equivalent basis. Includes cultivated catfish beginning in 1973.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce/National Marine Fisheries Service (Steve Koplin, 301-713-2328). ERS computed per capita figures.

Table 51--Canned fish and shellfish: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | |
|----------|--|------------------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Production 2/ | Imports | Begin- ning stocks 3/ | Total supply | Exports | Ending stocks 3/ | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| Millions | | Million pounds | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 745 | 238 | 161 | 1,144 | 47 | 186 | 911 | 4.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 757 | 192 | 186 | 1,135 | 48 | 196 | 891 | 4.3 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 866 | 247 | 196 | 1,309 | 55 | 218 | 1,036 | 4.9 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 865 | 231 | 218 | 1,314 | 58 | 205 | 1,051 | 5.0 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 892 | 267 | 205 | 1,364 | 43 | 314 | 1,007 | 4.7 |
| 1975 4/ | 215.973 | 748 | 162 | 299 | 1,209 | 51 | 246 | 912 | 4.2 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 846 | 217 | 246 | 1,309 | 55 | 329 | 925 | 4.2 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 864 | 178 | 329 | 1,371 | 55 | 320 | 996 | 4.5 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 1,018 | 191 | 320 | 1,529 | 68 | 359 | 1,102 | 5.0 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 903 | 198 | 359 | 1,460 | 81 | 300 | 1,079 | 4.8 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 891 | 212 | 300 | 1,403 | 106 | 326 | 971 | 4.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 921 | 204 | 326 | 1,451 | 102 | 301 | 1,048 | 4.6 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 806 | 224 | 301 | 1,331 | 71 | 270 | 990 | 4.3 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 855 | 258 | 270 | 1,383 | 74 | 216 | 1,093 | 4.7 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 1,009 | 316 | 216 | 1,541 | 64 | 326 | 1,151 | 4.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 812 | 414 | 326 | 1,552 | 61 | 306 | 1,185 | 5.0 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 878 | 439 | 306 | 1,623 | 81 | 249 | 1,293 | 5.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 891 | 429 | 249 | 1,569 | 55 | 257 | 1,257 | 5.2 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 839 | 429 | 257 | 1,525 | 63 | 266 | 1,196 | 4.9 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 969 | 533 | 266 | 1,768 | 138 | 372 | 1,258 | 5.1 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 876 | 458 | 372 | 1,706 | 100 | 335 | 1,271 | 5.1 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 897 | 513 | 335 | 1,745 | 148 | 366 | 1,231 | 4.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 768 | 469 | 366 | 1,603 | 178 | 259 | 1,166 | 4.6 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 925 | 382 | 259 | 1,566 | 127 | 285 | 1,154 | 4.5 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 896 | 419 | 285 | 1,600 | 138 | 295 | 1,167 | 4.5 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Edible meat weight. Excludes the nonfish content of canned fishery products. 2/ Includes production from Puerto Rico and American Samoa. 3/ Canned fish stocks data include reported or estimated stocks for salmon, tuna, sardines, and mackerel. Salmon stocks include those at wholesale. Sardine stocks excluded beginning January 1, 1975. 4/ Beginning stocks do not equal previous year's ending stocks due to data revision.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce/National Marine Fisheries Service (Steve Koplin, 301-713-2328). ERS computed per capita figures.

Table 52—Cured fish and shellfish: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | |
|--------|--|----------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 52 | 54 | 4 | 110 | 10 | 9 | 91 | 0.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 55 | 49 | 9 | 113 | 9 | 10 | 94 | 0.5 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 53 | 43 | 10 | 106 | 8 | 6 | 92 | 0.4 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 50 | 48 | 6 | 104 | 10 | 8 | 86 | 0.4 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 55 | 50 | 8 | 113 | 9 | 7 | 97 | 0.5 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 51 | 50 | 7 | 108 | 10 | 7 | 91 | 0.4 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 48 | 70 | 7 | 125 | 14 | 7 | 104 | 0.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 54 | 52 | 7 | 119 | 24 | 7 | 88 | 0.4 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 48 | 68 | 7 | 123 | 36 | 6 | 81 | 0.4 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 51 | 63 | 6 | 120 | 32 | 5 | 83 | 0.4 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 57 | 56 | 5 | 118 | 41 | 4 | 73 | 0.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 43 | 73 | 4 | 120 | 49 | 4 | 67 | 0.3 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 46 | 69 | 4 | 119 | 49 | 1 | 69 | 0.3 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 55 | 65 | 1 | 121 | 45 | 6 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 60 | 68 | 6 | 134 | 39 | 25 | 70 | 0.3 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 59 | 54 | 25 | 138 | 45 | 22 | 71 | 0.3 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 55 | 59 | 22 | 136 | 39 | 25 | 72 | 0.3 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 41 | 64 | 25 | 130 | 35 | 23 | 72 | 0.3 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 41 | 63 | 23 | 127 | 52 | 2 | 73 | 0.3 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 50 | 66 | 2 | 118 | 28 | 16 | 74 | 0.3 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 33 | 71 | 16 | 120 | 20 | 25 | 75 | 0.3 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 29 | 68 | 25 | 122 | 23 | 24 | 75 | 0.3 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 34 | 67 | 24 | 125 | 16 | 33 | 76 | 0.3 |
| 1993 | 256.120 | 21 | 69 | 33 | 123 | 16 | 30 | 77 | 0.3 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 21 | 70 | 30 | 121 | 11 | 32 | 78 | 0.3 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Edible meat weight. Excludes intermediate products which may be in the final stage of processing, including milk-cured salmon and green, salted cod, haddock, hake, pollock, and cusk.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce/National Marine Fisheries Service (Steve Koplin, 301-713-2328). ERS computed per capita figures.

PB96-165584

USDA/58-928 FOOD CONSUMPTION, PRICES, AND EXPENDITURES,
1996: ANNUAL DATA 1970-94. (STATISTICAL BULLETIN.) / J. J.
PUTNAM, ET AL. ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE, WASHINGTON, DC.
APR 96 155P

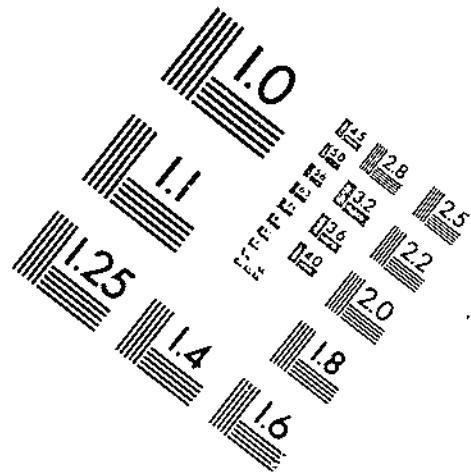
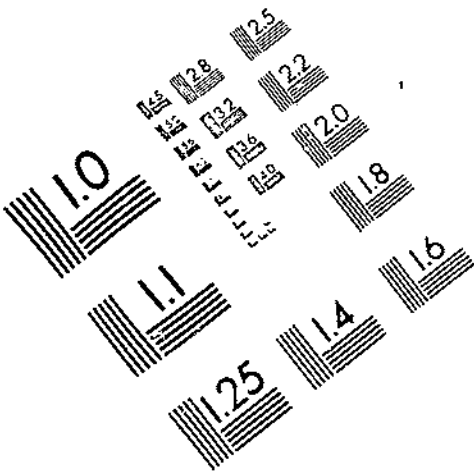
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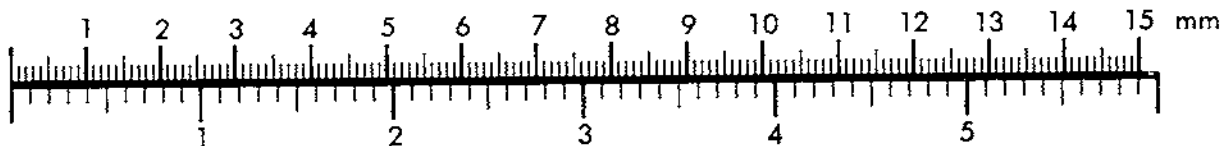
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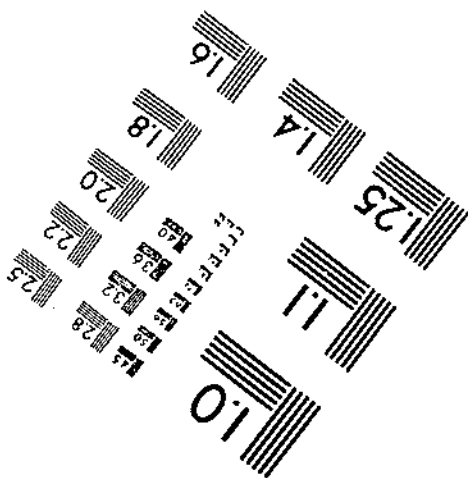
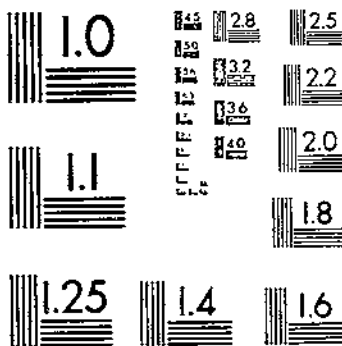
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Silver Spring, Maryland 20910
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Inches



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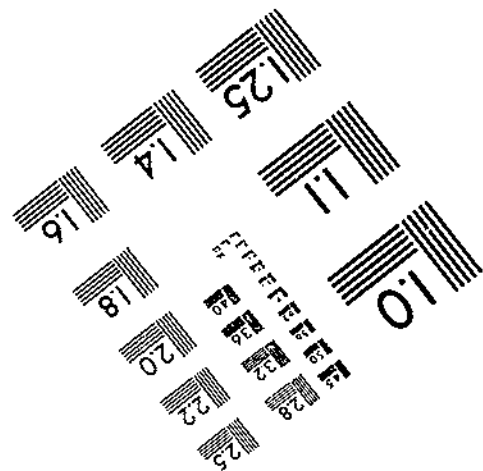


Table 53--Total fish and shellfish: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | |
|---------|--|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,412 | 1,182 | 398 | 2,992 | 138 | 446 | 2,408 | 11.7 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,442 | 1,105 | 446 | 2,993 | 159 | 448 | 2,386 | 11.5 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,542 | 1,350 | 448 | 3,340 | 159 | 559 | 2,622 | 12.5 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,572 | 1,370 | 559 | 3,501 | 215 | 586 | 2,700 | 12.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,605 | 1,219 | 586 | 3,410 | 164 | 665 | 2,581 | 12.1 |
| 1975 2/ | 215.973 | 1,516 | 1,194 | 650 | 3,360 | 196 | 543 | 2,621 | 12.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 1,682 | 1,434 | 543 | 3,659 | 223 | 632 | 2,804 | 12.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,732 | 1,366 | 632 | 3,730 | 284 | 662 | 2,784 | 12.6 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 1,977 | 1,415 | 662 | 4,054 | 375 | 703 | 2,976 | 13.4 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 1,511 | 1,430 | 703 | 4,044 | 450 | 672 | 2,922 | 13.0 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,971 | 1,281 | 672 | 3,924 | 471 | 626 | 2,827 | 12.4 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,990 | 1,374 | 626 | 3,990 | 528 | 569 | 2,893 | 12.6 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,934 | 1,452 | 569 | 3,955 | 508 | 569 | 2,878 | 12.4 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 1,945 | 1,629 | 569 | 4,143 | 464 | 562 | 3,117 | 13.3 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2,174 | 1,684 | 562 | 4,420 | 440 | 646 | 3,334 | 14.1 |
| 1985 | 238.456 | 2,099 | 1,927 | 646 | 4,672 | 485 | 608 | 3,579 | 15.0 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2,147 | 2,044 | 608 | 4,799 | 550 | 538 | 3,711 | 15.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2,357 | 2,233 | 538 | 5,128 | 585 | 634 | 3,909 | 16.1 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2,417 | 2,051 | 634 | 5,102 | 786 | 606 | 3,710 | 15.1 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2,818 | 2,165 | 606 | 5,589 | 1,005 | 737 | 3,847 | 15.6 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2,672 | 2,104 | 737 | 5,513 | 1,142 | 633 | 3,738 | 15.0 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 3,090 | 2,200 | 633 | 5,923 | 1,484 | 695 | 3,744 | 14.8 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 3,157 | 2,100 | 695 | 5,952 | 1,602 | 598 | 3,752 | 14.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 3,349 | 2,100 | 598 | 6,047 | 1,580 | 620 | 3,847 | 14.9 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 3,305 | 2,180 | 620 | 6,105 | 1,562 | 602 | 3,941 | 15.1 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Edible meat weight. 2/ Beginning stocks do not equal previous year's ending stocks due to data revision.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce/National Marine Fisheries Service (Steve Koplin, 301-713-2328). ERS computed per capita figures.

Table 55—Other chicken: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | | | Factors for converting carcass weight to -- | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|---|---------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
| | | Production | Beginning stocks | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Shipments to U.S. territories | Ending stocks | Food disappearance 3/ | | | Per capita | | | Retail 4/ | Boneless 5/ |
| | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | | |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | Pounds | | | Percent | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 778 | 28 | 806 | 3 | 1 | 52 | 750 | 750 | 512 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 1.000 | 0.683 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 792 | 52 | 844 | 3 | 2 | 45 | 794 | 794 | 542 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 1.000 | 0.682 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 740 | 45 | 785 | 6 | 2 | 35 | 743 | 743 | 506 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 1.000 | 0.682 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 700 | 35 | 735 | 7 | 3 | 47 | 678 | 678 | 462 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 1.000 | 0.681 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 702 | 47 | 749 | 9 | 3 | 54 | 683 | 683 | 465 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 1.000 | 0.681 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 578 | 54 | 632 | 17 | 2 | 39 | 574 | 574 | 390 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.000 | 0.680 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 616 | 39 | 655 | 35 | 2 | 42 | 576 | 576 | 391 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.000 | 0.680 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 593 | 42 | 635 | 36 | 4 | 29 | 566 | 566 | 385 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 1.000 | 0.679 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 540 | 29 | 569 | 30 | 18 | 15 | 506 | 506 | 343 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.000 | 0.678 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 579 | 15 | 594 | 36 | 15 | 30 | 513 | 505 | 349 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 0.986 | 0.680 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 551 | 30 | 581 | 53 | 6 | 21 | 501 | 489 | 338 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.977 | 0.675 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 653 | 21 | 674 | 44 | 3 | 29 | 599 | 579 | 401 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 0.967 | 0.669 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 621 | 29 | 650 | 23 | 3 | 18 | 605 | 575 | 398 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 0.950 | 0.658 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 577 | 18 | 595 | 18 | 10 | 18 | 549 | 512 | 355 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 0.933 | 0.647 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 559 | 18 | 577 | 26 | 2 | 12 | 536 | 500 | 347 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.932 | 0.647 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 525 | 12 | 537 | 21 | 1 | 13 | 502 | 467 | 324 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 0.930 | 0.646 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 556 | 13 | 569 | 16 | 3 | 8 | 542 | 499 | 347 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 0.921 | 0.640 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 571 | 8 | 579 | 15 | 2 | 11 | 550 | 503 | 350 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 0.914 | 0.636 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 556 | 11 | 567 | 26 | 3 | 14 | 525 | 466 | 325 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 0.888 | 0.620 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 531 | 14 | 545 | 24 | 19 | 6 | 496 | 428 | 300 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.864 | 0.605 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 523 | 6 | 530 | 25 | 13 | 9 | 483 | 417 | 291 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.862 | 0.603 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 508 | 9 | 516 | 28 | 18 | 10 | 460 | 395 | 277 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.859 | 0.602 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 520 | 10 | 530 | 41 | 13 | 10 | 466 | 405 | 283 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.870 | 0.608 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 515 | 10 | 525 | 56 | 12 | 8 | 449 | 396 | 276 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.881 | 0.615 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 509 | 8 | 517 | 90 | 12 | 14 | 401 | 353 | 247 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.881 | 0.615 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 502 | 14 | 516 | 99 | 12 | 10 | 395 | 348 | 243 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.881 | 0.615 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Ready-to-cook weight. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Source: "Introducing a Broiler Weight Consumption Series, Livestock and Poultry Situation and Outlook Report," ERS, USDA, LPS-53, May 1992. 5/ Source: "FoodReview," 1992 Yearbook Issue, ERS, USDA, 15:3.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 56--Total chicken: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | | Produc- tion | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks | Food disappearance 3/ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | |
| | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Retail weight | Boneless weight |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 8,464 | 110 | 8,574 | 97 | 86 | 164 | 8,228 | 8,228 | 5,620 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 27.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 8,516 | 164 | 8,679 | 103 | 98 | 148 | 8,330 | 8,330 | 5,661 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 27.4 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 8,887 | 148 | 9,036 | 100 | 106 | 111 | 8,718 | 8,718 | 5,946 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 28.3 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 8,662 | 111 | 8,773 | 101 | 102 | 147 | 8,423 | 8,423 | 5,736 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 27.1 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 8,736 | 147 | 8,883 | 125 | 110 | 175 | 8,473 | 8,473 | 5,770 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 27.0 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 8,598 | 175 | 8,773 | 155 | 118 | 115 | 8,386 | 8,386 | 5,702 | 38.8 | 38.8 | 26.4 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 9,628 | 115 | 9,742 | 322 | 129 | 155 | 9,136 | 9,136 | 6,213 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 28.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 9,872 | 155 | 10,026 | 349 | 132 | 139 | 9,407 | 9,407 | 6,387 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 29.0 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 10,442 | 139 | 10,581 | 361 | 144 | 102 | 9,974 | 9,974 | 6,762 | 44.8 | 44.8 | 30.4 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 11,505 | 102 | 11,607 | 438 | 159 | 142 | 10,867 | 10,715 | 7,390 | 48.3 | 47.6 | 32.8 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 11,803 | 142 | 11,945 | 620 | 161 | 136 | 11,027 | 10,774 | 7,443 | 48.4 | 47.3 | 32.7 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 12,521 | 136 | 12,657 | 763 | 157 | 149 | 11,588 | 11,206 | 7,753 | 50.4 | 48.7 | 33.7 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 12,617 | 149 | 12,766 | 524 | 150 | 135 | 11,956 | 11,358 | 7,867 | 51.5 | 48.9 | 33.9 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 12,902 | 135 | 13,038 | 449 | 142 | 119 | 12,327 | 11,501 | 7,976 | 52.6 | 49.1 | 34.0 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 13,480 | 119 | 13,599 | 433 | 147 | 139 | 12,880 | 12,004 | 8,333 | 54.5 | 50.8 | 35.3 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 14,044 | 139 | 14,183 | 437 | 144 | 171 | 13,431 | 12,491 | 8,676 | 56.3 | 52.4 | 36.4 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 14,736 | 171 | 14,907 | 582 | 152 | 187 | 13,985 | 12,880 | 8,950 | 58.1 | 53.5 | 37.2 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 15,984 | 187 | 16,171 | 767 | 153 | 213 | 15,038 | 13,745 | 9,564 | 61.9 | 56.6 | 39.4 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 16,563 | 213 | 16,776 | 791 | 159 | 192 | 15,634 | 13,883 | 9,693 | 63.8 | 56.7 | 39.6 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 17,758 | 192 | 17,951 | 838 | 182 | 228 | 16,704 | 14,432 | 10,106 | 67.5 | 58.3 | 40.9 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 18,953 | 228 | 19,181 | 1,168 | 168 | 250 | 17,594 | 15,166 | 10,609 | 70.4 | 60.7 | 42.5 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 20,099 | 250 | 20,349 | 1,289 | 180 | 311 | 18,569 | 15,951 | 11,179 | 73.5 | 63.1 | 44.2 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 21,423 | 311 | 21,734 | 1,530 | 202 | 378 | 19,624 | 17,073 | 11,931 | 76.8 | 66.8 | 46.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 22,530 | 378 | 22,908 | 2,022 | 152 | 366 | 20,368 | 17,944 | 12,527 | 78.9 | 69.5 | 48.5 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 24,175 | 366 | 24,541 | 2,966 | 122 | 472 | 20,981 | 18,484 | 12,903 | 80.5 | 70.9 | 49.5 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 25,439 | 472 | 25,911 | 3,743 | 122 | 485 | 21,561 | 18,995 | 13,260 | 82.0 | 72.2 | 50.4 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Ready-to-cook weight. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 57--Turkey: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | | | | Factors for converting carcass weight to boneless weight 6/ |
|--------|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| | | Produc- tion 3/ | Begin- ning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance 5/ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | | Per capita | | |
| | | | | | | | | Carcass weight | Boneless weight | Carcass weight | Boneless weight | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | Percent | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,729 | 192 | 1,921 | 35 | 8 | 219 | 1,659 | 1,310 | 8.1 | 5.4 | 0.790 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,772 | 219 | 1,991 | 23 | 4 | 223 | 1,741 | 1,376 | 8.4 | 6.6 | 0.790 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,909 | 223 | 2,132 | 36 | 5 | 208 | 1,883 | 1,487 | 9.0 | 7.1 | 0.790 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,908 | 206 | 2,116 | 50 | 4 | 281 | 1,781 | 1,407 | 8.4 | 6.6 | 0.790 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,890 | 281 | 2,171 | 40 | 3 | 275 | 1,854 | 1,464 | 8.7 | 6.8 | 0.790 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 1,755 | 275 | 2,030 | 47 | 5 | 195 | 1,783 | 1,408 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 0.790 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 2,016 | 195 | 2,211 | 65 | 6 | 203 | 1,936 | 1,530 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 0.790 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,946 | 203 | 2,149 | 54 | 2 | 168 | 1,925 | 1,521 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 0.790 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2,003 | 168 | 2,171 | 51 | 6 | 175 | 1,939 | 1,532 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 0.790 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 2,200 | 175 | 2,375 | 50 | 7 | 240 | 2,078 | 1,641 | 9.2 | 7.3 | 0.790 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 2,370 | 240 | 2,610 | 75 | 6 | 198 | 2,331 | 1,841 | 10.2 | 8.1 | 0.790 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 2,536 | 198 | 2,734 | 63 | 5 | 238 | 2,428 | 1,918 | 10.6 | 8.3 | 0.790 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 2,472 | 238 | 2,711 | 51 | 5 | 204 | 2,451 | 1,936 | 10.6 | 8.3 | 0.790 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 2,590 | 204 | 2,794 | 47 | 7 | 162 | 2,578 | 2,037 | 11.0 | 8.7 | 0.790 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2,601 | 162 | 2,763 | 27 | 7 | 125 | 2,604 | 2,057 | 11.0 | 8.7 | 0.790 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2,817 | 125 | 2,943 | 27 | 7 | 150 | 2,758 | 2,179 | 11.6 | 9.1 | 0.790 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 3,155 | 150 | 3,305 | 27 | 4 | 178 | 3,097 | 2,446 | 12.9 | 10.2 | 0.790 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 3,701 | 178 | 3,880 | 33 | 4 | 266 | 3,576 | 2,825 | 14.7 | 11.6 | 0.790 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 3,879 | 266 | 4,145 | 51 | 5 | 250 | 3,839 | 3,033 | 15.7 | 12.4 | 0.790 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 4,136 | 250 | 4,385 | 41 | 10 | 236 | 4,099 | 3,238 | 16.6 | 13.1 | 0.790 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 4,514 | 236 | 4,750 | 54 | 12 | 306 | 4,378 | 3,459 | 17.5 | 13.8 | 0.790 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 4,603 | 306 | 4,909 | 103 | 19 | 264 | 4,523 | 3,573 | 17.9 | 14.1 | 0.790 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 4,777 | 264 | 5,041 | 171 | 15 | 272 | 4,584 | 3,621 | 17.9 | 14.2 | 0.790 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 4,798 | 272 | 5,069 | 212 | 12 | 249 | 4,596 | 3,631 | 17.8 | 14.1 | 0.790 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 4,937 | 249 | 5,186 | 246 | 15 | 254 | 4,671 | 3,690 | 17.9 | 14.2 | 0.790 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 5,117 | 254 | 5,371 | 248 | 15 | 300 | 4,808 | 3,798 | 18.3 | 14.4 | 0.790 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Ready-to-cook weight. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Includes the quantity sold from and consumed on farms where produced. 4/ Stocks data in terms of product weight as reported. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Conversion factor estimate is based on data from "Composition of Foods: Poultry Products..Raw, Processed, Prepared," AH-8-5, Science and Education Administration, USDA, revised August 1979.

Table 58--Eggs: Supply and utilization, 1970-95 1/

| Year | U. S. total population, July 1 2/ | Supply | | | | | | | | Utilization | | | | | | Factors for converting farm to retail weight | |
|--------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------|------------------|-----------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|--------|------------|-------------|------------|---------------|--|------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Beginning stocks | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Shipments to U.S. territories | Hatching | Ending stocks | Food disappearance 1/ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | | | Farm weight | | Retail weight | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | Number | Per capita | Total | Per capita | Total | | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million dozen | | | | | | | | Millions | Number | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | Percent | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 5,704 | 27 | 34 | 5,765 | 16 | 29 | 402 | 39 | 5,278 | 63,341 | 308.9 | 8,287 | 40.4 | 8,107 | 39.5 | 0.9783 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 5,806 | 10 | 39 | 5,855 | 15 | 30 | 389 | 58 | 5,363 | 64,355 | 309.9 | 8,420 | 40.5 | 8,240 | 39.7 | 0.9787 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 5,742 | 1 | 58 | 5,801 | 24 | 32 | 391 | 53 | 5,300 | 63,604 | 303.0 | 8,321 | 39.6 | 8,147 | 38.8 | 0.9790 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 5,502 | 13 | 53 | 5,568 | 24 | 25 | 392 | 34 | 5,093 | 61,118 | 288.4 | 7,996 | 37.7 | 7,831 | 37.0 | 0.9793 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 5,461 | 13 | 34 | 5,508 | 33 | 23 | 366 | 42 | 5,043 | 60,520 | 283.0 | 7,918 | 37.0 | 7,757 | 36.3 | 0.9797 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 5,382 | 5 | 42 | 5,429 | 35 | 27 | 372 | 28 | 4,967 | 59,602 | 276.0 | 7,798 | 36.1 | 7,642 | 35.4 | 0.9800 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 5,377 | 3 | 28 | 5,408 | 37 | 28 | 419 | 21 | 4,903 | 58,831 | 269.8 | 7,697 | 35.3 | 7,545 | 34.6 | 0.9803 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 5,408 | 14 | 21 | 5,442 | 67 | 24 | 427 | 24 | 4,901 | 58,809 | 267.0 | 7,694 | 34.9 | 7,546 | 34.3 | 0.9807 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 5,508 | 11 | 24 | 5,644 | 97 | 24 | 466 | 20 | 5,037 | 60,441 | 271.5 | 7,908 | 35.5 | 7,757 | 34.9 | 0.9810 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 5,777 | 9 | 20 | 5,807 | 78 | 26 | 498 | 19 | 5,187 | 62,240 | 276.6 | 8,143 | 36.2 | 7,991 | 35.5 | 0.9813 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 5,806 | 5 | 19 | 5,830 | 143 | 24 | 499 | 19 | 5,145 | 61,744 | 271.1 | 8,078 | 35.5 | 7,930 | 34.8 | 0.9817 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 5,825 | 5 | 19 | 5,849 | 234 | 23 | 507 | 17 | 5,067 | 60,808 | 264.4 | 7,956 | 34.6 | 7,813 | 34.0 | 0.9820 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 5,802 | 2 | 17 | 5,822 | 158 | 27 | 506 | 20 | 5,111 | 61,328 | 264.1 | 8,024 | 34.6 | 7,882 | 33.9 | 0.9823 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 5,659 | 23 | 20 | 5,703 | 86 | 27 | 500 | 9 | 5,081 | 60,972 | 260.2 | 7,977 | 34.0 | 7,839 | 33.5 | 0.9827 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 5,709 | 32 | 9 | 5,750 | 58 | 28 | 530 | 11 | 5,123 | 61,478 | 260.1 | 8,043 | 34.0 | 7,907 | 33.5 | 0.9830 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 5,710 | | 11 | 5,721 | 71 | 30 | 548 | 11 | 5,062 | 60,741 | 254.7 | 7,947 | 33.3 | 7,814 | 32.8 | 0.9833 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 5,766 | 14 | 11 | 5,791 | 102 | 28 | 567 | 10 | 5,084 | 61,007 | 253.5 | 7,982 | 33.2 | 7,852 | 32.6 | 0.9837 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 5,869 | 6 | 10 | 5,885 | 111 | 25 | 599 | 14 | 5,135 | 61,618 | 253.8 | 8,062 | 33.2 | 7,933 | 32.7 | 0.9840 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 5,803 | 5 | 14 | 5,823 | 142 | 26 | 606 | 15 | 5,034 | 60,410 | 246.6 | 7,904 | 32.3 | 7,780 | 31.8 | 0.9843 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 5,621 | 25 | 15 | 5,661 | 92 | 32 | 642 | 11 | 4,885 | 58,822 | 237.0 | 7,670 | 31.0 | 7,552 | 30.5 | 0.9847 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 5,687 | 9 | 11 | 5,707 | 101 | 36 | 678 | 12 | 4,880 | 58,558 | 234.3 | 7,661 | 30.7 | 7,546 | 30.2 | 0.9850 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 5,801 | 2 | 12 | 5,815 | 154 | 19 | 709 | 13 | 4,919 | 59,034 | 233.7 | 7,724 | 30.6 | 7,608 | 30.1 | 0.9850 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 5,905 | 4 | 13 | 5,922 | 157 | 18 | 732 | 13 | 5,002 | 60,021 | 235.0 | 7,853 | 30.7 | 7,735 | 30.3 | 0.9850 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 6,003 | 5 | 13 | 6,021 | 159 | 17 | 770 | 11 | 5,065 | 60,780 | 235.5 | 7,952 | 30.8 | 7,833 | 30.3 | 0.9850 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 6,177 | 4 | 11 | 6,191 | 188 | 24 | 803 | 15 | 5,162 | 61,940 | 237.6 | 8,104 | 31.1 | 7,982 | 30.6 | 0.9850 |
| 1995 F | 263.057 | 6,180 | 4 | 15 | 6,199 | 190 | 24 | 837 | 12 | 5,136 | 61,632 | 234.3 | 8,064 | 30.7 | 7,943 | 30.2 | 0.9850 |

F = Forecast.

1/ Includes shell eggs and the approximate shell-egg equivalent of dried and frozen eggs. 2/ Excludes the U.S. territories. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 59--All dairy products: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | | | Utilization | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|----------------|------------------|-------|
| | | Production | | | Imports | Beginning stocks 2/ | Total supply | Exports 3/ | Shipments to U.S. territories | Non-food use 4/ | Ending stocks 2/ | Food disappearance | | | | | |
| | | Milk production | Fed to calves | For human use | | | | | | | | Total | | | Per capita | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | USDA donations | Commercial sales | Total | USDA donations | Commercial sales | Total |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 117,007 | 1,702 | 115,305 | 1,874 | 5,192 | 122,371 | 442 | 552 | 4/ | 5,776 | 4,960 | 110,641 | 115,601 | 24.2 | 539.6 | 563.8 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 118,566 | 1,635 | 116,931 | 1,346 | 5,776 | 124,053 | 2,552 | 568 | 4/ | 5,073 | 5,089 | 110,771 | 115,860 | 24.5 | 533.4 | 557.9 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 120,025 | 1,624 | 118,401 | 1,694 | 5,073 | 125,168 | 1,528 | 677 | 4/ | 5,502 | 4,527 | 112,934 | 117,461 | 21.6 | 538.0 | 559.6 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 115,491 | 1,584 | 113,907 | 3,860 | 5,502 | 123,269 | 664 | 638 | 4/ | 4,401 | 3,706 | 113,860 | 117,566 | 17.5 | 537.3 | 554.8 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 115,586 | 1,558 | 114,028 | 2,923 | 4,401 | 121,352 | 579 | 576 | 4/ | 5,788 | 1,503 | 112,906 | 114,409 | 7.0 | 528.0 | 535.0 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 115,398 | 1,566 | 113,832 | 1,669 | 5,788 | 121,289 | 552 | 496 | 4/ | 3,803 | 2,325 | 114,113 | 116,438 | 10.8 | 528.4 | 539.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 120,180 | 1,567 | 118,613 | 1,943 | 3,803 | 124,359 | 510 | 520 | 4/ | 5,651 | 477 | 117,201 | 117,678 | 2.2 | 537.5 | 539.7 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 122,654 | 1,541 | 121,113 | 1,968 | 3,651 | 128,732 | 458 | 527 | 4/ | 8,761 | 3,015 | 115,961 | 118,976 | 13.7 | 526.5 | 540.2 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 121,461 | 1,497 | 119,964 | 2,310 | 8,761 | 131,035 | 380 | 602 | 4/ | 8,907 | 2,327 | 118,819 | 121,146 | 10.5 | 533.8 | 544.3 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 123,350 | 1,442 | 121,908 | 2,305 | 8,907 | 133,120 | 401 | 620 | 4/ | 8,723 | 2,397 | 120,979 | 123,376 | 10.7 | 537.6 | 548.2 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 128,406 | 1,395 | 127,011 | 2,109 | 8,723 | 137,843 | 431 | 562 | 18 | 13,126 | 4,405 | 119,301 | 123,706 | 19.3 | 523.9 | 543.2 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 132,770 | 1,418 | 131,352 | 2,329 | 13,126 | 146,807 | 3,343 | 586 | 11 | 18,552 | 4,236 | 120,079 | 124,315 | 18.4 | 522.2 | 540.6 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 135,505 | 1,521 | 133,984 | 2,477 | 18,552 | 155,013 | 5,320 | 624 | 13 | 20,296 | 7,298 | 121,462 | 128,760 | 31.4 | 523.1 | 554.6 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 139,588 | 1,520 | 138,068 | 2,617 | 20,296 | 160,981 | 3,313 | 577 | 17 | 22,851 | 11,892 | 122,331 | 134,223 | 50.8 | 522.1 | 572.9 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 135,351 | 2,129 | 133,222 | 2,741 | 22,851 | 158,814 | 3,851 | 634 | 20 | 16,784 | 10,938 | 126,587 | 137,525 | 46.3 | 535.6 | 581.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 143,012 | 1,745 | 141,267 | 2,776 | 16,784 | 160,827 | 4,986 | 566 | 21 | 13,682 | 11,315 | 130,257 | 141,572 | 47.4 | 546.2 | 593.7 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 143,124 | 1,714 | 141,410 | 2,732 | 13,682 | 157,824 | 2,001 | 546 | 21 | 12,922 | 9,641 | 132,693 | 142,334 | 40.1 | 551.4 | 591.5 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 142,709 | 1,599 | 141,110 | 2,490 | 12,922 | 156,522 | 2,446 | 602 | 19 | 7,473 | 10,717 | 135,265 | 145,982 | 44.1 | 557.1 | 601.2 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 145,034 | 1,589 | 143,445 | 2,394 | 7,473 | 153,312 | 1,582 | 615 | 8 | 8,378 | 6,689 | 136,040 | 142,729 | 27.3 | 555.2 | 582.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 143,893 | 1,496 | 142,397 | 2,498 | 8,378 | 153,273 | 3,995 | 779 | 4 | 9,036 | 5,345 | 134,114 | 139,459 | 21.6 | 542.2 | 563.8 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 147,721 | 1,484 | 146,237 | 2,690 | 9,036 | 157,963 | 1,886 | 651 | 2 | 13,359 | 4,230 | 137,835 | 142,065 | 16.9 | 551.5 | 568.5 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 147,697 | 1,480 | 146,217 | 2,625 | 13,359 | 162,201 | 2,845 | 619 | 1 | 15,640 | 4,884 | 138,012 | 142,896 | 19.3 | 546.3 | 565.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 150,885 | 1,436 | 149,449 | 2,521 | 15,840 | 167,810 | 7,569 | 578 | 930 | 14,214 | 3,788 | 140,731 | 144,519 | 14.8 | 551.0 | 565.8 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 150,582 | 1,408 | 149,174 | 2,806 | 14,214 | 166,194 | 7,894 | 552 | 1 | 9,570 | 3,862 | 144,315 | 148,177 | 15.0 | 559.1 | 574.1 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 153,622 | 1,353 | 152,269 | 2,880 | 9,570 | 164,719 | 5,555 | 613 | 1 | 5,760 | 3,507 | 149,283 | 152,790 | 13.5 | 572.7 | 586.2 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Milk equivalent of all dairy products calculated on a milkfat basis. 2/ Excludes cream and bulk condensed milk. 3/ Government and commercial. 4/ This is product for human use that is fed to animals or lost. Before 1980 this category is included in food disappearance. 1992 includes 926 million pounds of CCC supplies destroyed by fire.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 60—American cheese: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|---------|--|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|------------------|-------------------------|-------|---------------|
| | | Pro- duction | Imports | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | Per capita |
| | | | | | | | | | USDA donations 2/ | Total | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | Pounds | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,428 | 16 | 265 | 1,709 | 4 | 12 | 254 | 46 | 1,439 | 7.0 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,518 | 17 | 254 | 1,789 | 4 | 16 | 242 | 75 | 1,527 | 7.4 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,652 | 15 | 242 | 1,909 | 4 | 17 | 269 | 46 | 1,619 | 7.7 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,678 | 28 | 269 | 1,975 | 4 | 16 | 290 | 4 | 1,665 | 7.9 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,862 | 112 | 290 | 2,264 | 5 | 24 | 421 | 43 | 1,814 | 8.5 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 1,860 | 16 | 421 | 2,097 | 5 | 19 | 308 | 73 | 1,765 | 8.2 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 2,054 | 14 | 308 | 2,376 | 6 | 16 | 412 | 25 | 1,942 | 8.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 2,047 | 16 | 412 | 2,475 | 7 | 12 | 423 | 117 | 2,033 | 9.2 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2,079 | 18 | 423 | 2,520 | 4 | 12 | 379 | 70 | 2,125 | 9.5 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 2,194 | 18 | 379 | 2,591 | 5 | 15 | 407 | 42 | 2,164 | 9.6 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 2,381 | 18 | 407 | 2,806 | 5 | 13 | 592 | 181 | 2,196 | 9.6 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 2,648 | 20 | 592 | 3,260 | 19 | 12 | 889 | 198 | 2,340 | 10.2 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 2,759 | 18 | 889 | 3,666 | 37 | 15 | 982 | 474 | 2,632 | 11.3 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 2,932 | 22 | 982 | 3,936 | 42 | 9 | 1,161 | 645 | 2,724 | 11.6 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2,648 | 24 | 1,161 | 3,833 | 59 | 12 | 961 | 560 | 2,801 | 11.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2,855 | 20 | 961 | 3,836 | 70 | 9 | 851 | 636 | 2,906 | 12.2 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2,798 | 23 | 851 | 3,672 | 49 | 9 | 697 | 580 | 2,917 | 12.1 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2,717 | 15 | 697 | 3,429 | 35 | 12 | 370 | 607 | 3,012 | 12.4 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2,757 | 18 | 370 | 3,145 | 24 | 10 | 293 | 257 | 2,818 | 11.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2,674 | 20 | 293 | 2,987 | 6 | 16 | 237 | 67 | 2,728 | 11.0 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2,894 | 21 | 237 | 3,152 | 9 | 13 | 347 | 21 | 2,783 | 11.1 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 2,769 | 21 | 347 | 3,137 | 6 | 15 | 319 | 61 | 2,797 | 11.1 |
| 1992 3/ | 255.407 | 2,937 | 18 | 319 | 3,274 | 14 | 17 | 350 | 6 | 2,892 | 11.3 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 2,957 | 20 | 350 | 3,327 | 7 | 16 | 359 | 19 | 2,945 | 11.4 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 2,977 | 17 | 359 | 3,353 | 11 | 20 | 310 | 1 | 3,012 | 11.6 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products (see table 13). Includes cheddar, Colby, washed curd, Monterey, and Jack. Excludes full-skim American. 2/ Domestic disappearance from Government sources. May not match CCC commitments. 3/ Disappearance excludes 1 million pounds of CCC supplies destroyed by fire.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 61--Other cheese: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 773 | 145 | 52 | 970 | 3 | 5 | 70 | 892 | 4.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 856 | 119 | 70 | 1,045 | 3 | 6 | 65 | 971 | 4.7 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 952 | 164 | 65 | 1,181 | 3 | 6 | 62 | 1,110 | 5.3 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,008 | 202 | 62 | 1,272 | 3 | 7 | 68 | 1,194 | 5.6 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,075 | 204 | 68 | 1,347 | 3 | 4 | 73 | 1,267 | 5.9 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 1,152 | 163 | 73 | 1,388 | 4 | 5 | 61 | 1,318 | 6.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 1,267 | 193 | 61 | 1,521 | 3 | 10 | 67 | 1,441 | 6.6 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,311 | 194 | 67 | 1,572 | 3 | 16 | 64 | 1,489 | 6.8 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 1,441 | 224 | 64 | 1,729 | 6 | 22 | 78 | 1,623 | 7.3 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 1,523 | 230 | 78 | 1,831 | 7 | 20 | 106 | 1,698 | 7.5 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,603 | 213 | 106 | 1,922 | 8 | 20 | 99 | 1,795 | 7.9 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,629 | 228 | 99 | 1,956 | 8 | 21 | 87 | 1,840 | 8.0 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,782 | 251 | 87 | 2,120 | 26 | 22 | 83 | 1,989 | 8.6 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 1,888 | 265 | 83 | 2,236 | 10 | 26 | 105 | 2,095 | 8.9 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2,026 | 282 | 105 | 2,413 | 8 | 29 | 101 | 2,275 | 9.6 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2,226 | 283 | 101 | 2,610 | 16 | 30 | 94 | 2,470 | 10.4 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2,411 | 272 | 94 | 2,777 | 8 | 31 | 92 | 2,646 | 11.0 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2,628 | 250 | 92 | 2,970 | 8 | 33 | 90 | 2,839 | 11.7 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2,815 | 234 | 90 | 3,139 | 9 | 33 | 105 | 2,992 | 12.2 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2,941 | 256 | 105 | 3,302 | 15 | 37 | 93 | 3,157 | 12.8 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 3,167 | 277 | 93 | 3,537 | 17 | 36 | 111 | 3,373 | 13.5 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 3,286 | 276 | 111 | 3,673 | 20 | 31 | 98 | 3,524 | 13.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 3,552 | 267 | 96 | 3,917 | 18 | 29 | 121 | 3,749 | 14.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 3,571 | 300 | 121 | 3,992 | 26 | 22 | 107 | 3,835 | 14.9 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 3,753 | 315 | 107 | 4,175 | 44 | 26 | 127 | 3,978 | 15.3 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products (see table 13). Includes Romano, Parmesan, mozzarella, ricotta, other Italian cheeses, Swiss, brick, Muenster, cream, Neufchâtel, blue, Gorgonzola, Edam, Gouda, imports of Gruyere and Emmentaler, and miscellaneous cheeses.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 62--Total cheese: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|---------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------|------------|
| | | Pro-duction | Imports | Begin-ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ship-ments to U.S. terri-tories | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | Per capita |
| | | | | | | | | | USDA donations 2/ | Total | |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 2,201 | 161 | 317 | 2,679 | 7 | 17 | 324 | 46 | 2,331 | 11.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 2,374 | 136 | 324 | 2,834 | 7 | 22 | 307 | 75 | 2,498 | 12.0 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 2,604 | 179 | 307 | 3,090 | 7 | 23 | 331 | 46 | 2,729 | 13.0 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 2,686 | 230 | 331 | 3,247 | 7 | 23 | 358 | 4 | 2,859 | 13.5 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 2,937 | 316 | 358 | 3,611 | 8 | 28 | 494 | 43 | 3,081 | 14.4 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 2,812 | 179 | 494 | 3,485 | 9 | 24 | 369 | 73 | 3,083 | 14.3 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 3,321 | 207 | 369 | 3,897 | 9 | 26 | 479 | 25 | 3,383 | 15.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 3,358 | 210 | 479 | 4,047 | 10 | 28 | 487 | 117 | 3,522 | 16.0 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 3,520 | 242 | 487 | 4,249 | 10 | 34 | 457 | 70 | 3,748 | 16.8 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 3,717 | 248 | 457 | 4,422 | 12 | 35 | 513 | 42 | 3,862 | 17.2 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 3,984 | 231 | 513 | 4,728 | 13 | 33 | 691 | 181 | 3,991 | 17.5 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 4,277 | 248 | 691 | 5,216 | 27 | 33 | 976 | 198 | 4,180 | 18.2 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 4,541 | 269 | 976 | 5,786 | 63 | 37 | 1,065 | 474 | 4,621 | 19.9 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 4,820 | 287 | 1,065 | 6,172 | 52 | 35 | 1,266 | 645 | 4,819 | 20.6 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 4,674 | 306 | 1,266 | 6,246 | 67 | 41 | 1,062 | 560 | 5,076 | 21.5 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 5,081 | 303 | 1,062 | 6,446 | 86 | 39 | 945 | 636 | 5,376 | 22.5 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 5,209 | 295 | 945 | 6,449 | 57 | 40 | 789 | 560 | 5,563 | 23.1 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 5,345 | 265 | 789 | 6,399 | 43 | 45 | 460 | 607 | 5,851 | 24.1 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 5,572 | 252 | 460 | 6,284 | 33 | 43 | 398 | 257 | 5,810 | 23.7 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 5,615 | 276 | 398 | 6,289 | 21 | 53 | 330 | 67 | 5,885 | 23.8 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 6,061 | 298 | 330 | 6,689 | 26 | 49 | 458 | 21 | 6,156 | 24.6 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 6,065 | 297 | 458 | 6,810 | 26 | 46 | 417 | 61 | 6,321 | 25.0 |
| 1992 3/ | 255.407 | 6,489 | 285 | 417 | 7,191 | 32 | 46 | 471 | 6 | 6,641 | 26.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 6,528 | 320 | 471 | 7,319 | 35 | 38 | 466 | 19 | 6,780 | 26.3 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 6,730 | 332 | 466 | 7,528 | 55 | 46 | 437 | 1 | 6,990 | 26.8 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products (see table 13). Includes all types of cheese except full-skim American and cottage, pot, and baker's cheese. 2/ Domestic disappearance from Government sources. May not match CCC commitments. 3/ Disappearance excludes 1 million pounds of CCC supplies destroyed by fire.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 63--Condensed and evaporated whole milk: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Begin- ning stocks 2/ | Total supply | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Ending stocks 2/ | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,513 | 3 | 150 | 1,666 | 50 | 63 | 116 | 1,437 | 7.0 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,492 | 3 | 116 | 1,611 | 68 | 56 | 89 | 1,398 | 6.7 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,435 | 2 | 89 | 1,526 | 55 | 72 | 81 | 1,318 | 6.3 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,338 | 3 | 81 | 1,422 | 43 | 58 | 69 | 1,252 | 5.9 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,285 | 3 | 69 | 1,357 | 43 | 58 | 79 | 1,177 | 5.5 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 1,218 | 1 | 79 | 1,298 | 54 | 64 | 59 | 1,121 | 5.2 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 1,203 | 1 | 59 | 1,263 | 49 | 76 | 71 | 1,067 | 4.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,039 | 1 | 71 | 1,111 | 34 | 62 | 75 | 940 | 4.3 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 1,013 | 1 | 75 | 1,089 | 37 | 81 | 70 | 901 | 4.0 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 1,035 | 0 | 70 | 1,105 | 42 | 73 | 77 | 913 | 4.1 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 945 | 0 | 77 | 1,022 | 43 | 70 | 52 | 857 | 3.8 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,024 | 5 | 52 | 1,081 | 35 | 69 | 47 | 930 | 4.0 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,029 | 7 | 47 | 1,083 | 20 | 84 | 53 | 926 | 4.0 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 962 | 11 | 53 | 1,026 | 6 | 77 | 48 | 895 | 3.8 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 952 | 10 | 48 | 1,010 | 8 | 79 | 42 | 881 | 3.7 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 977 | 10 | 42 | 1,029 | 11 | 79 | 62 | 877 | 3.7 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 933 | 10 | 62 | 1,005 | 11 | 66 | 51 | 877 | 3.6 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 951 | 8 | 51 | 1,010 | 5 | 61 | 34 | 910 | 3.7 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 929 | 9 | 34 | 972 | 8 | 62 | 45 | 857 | 3.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 795 | 7 | 45 | 847 | 4 | 56 | 28 | 759 | 3.1 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 653 | 7 | 28 | 888 | 1 | 40 | 59 | 788 | 3.2 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 826 | 5 | 59 | 890 | 2 | 52 | 36 | 800 | 3.2 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 876 | 5 | 36 | 917 | 3 | 49 | 45 | 820 | 3.2 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 826 | 6 | 45 | 877 | 3 | 55 | 34 | 785 | 3.0 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 906 | 4 | 34 | 944 | 5 | 60 | 47 | 832 | 3.2 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Unskimmed, includes both bulk and case goods. 2/ Excludes bulk condensed milk.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 64—Nonfat dry milk: Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------|---------------|
| | | Production 1/ | Imports | Begin- ning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Nonfood use 2/ | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | | Per capita |
| | | | | | | | | | | USDA donations 3/ | Total | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,444 | 2 | 222 | 1,668 | 416 | 16 | 12 | 138 | 126 | 1,086 | 5.3 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,418 | 2 | 138 | 1,558 | 358 | 17 | 5 | 90 | 130 | 1,088 | 5.2 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,223 | 2 | 90 | 1,315 | 282 | 23 | 5 | 45 | 107 | 960 | 4.6 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 917 | 267 | 45 | 1,229 | 18 | 19 | 3 | 75 | 58 | 1,114 | 5.3 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,020 | 115 | 75 | 1,210 | 9 | 18 | 4 | 294 | 46 | 885 | 4.1 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 1,001 | 2 | 294 | 1,297 | 113 | 6 | 5 | 469 | 36 | 704 | 3.3 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 926 | 2 | 469 | 1,397 | 126 | 8 | 13 | 486 | 21 | 764 | 3.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,107 | 2 | 486 | 1,595 | 156 | 8 | 24 | 678 | 31 | 729 | 3.3 |
| 1978 | 222.535 | 920 | 2 | 678 | 1,600 | 261 | 9 | 55 | 585 | 50 | 690 | 3.1 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 909 | 2 | 585 | 1,496 | 185 | 12 | 74 | 486 | 50 | 739 | 3.3 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,161 | 5 | 486 | 1,652 | 289 | 9 | 81 | 587 | 43 | 686 | 3.0 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,314 | 3 | 587 | 1,904 | 456 | 15 | 50 | 890 | 49 | 493 | 2.1 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,400 | 2 | 890 | 2,292 | 448 | 12 | 58 | 1,282 | 59 | 492 | 2.1 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 1,500 | 2 | 1,282 | 2,784 | 769 | 8 | 77 | 1,406 | 91 | 524 | 2.2 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 1,161 | 2 | 1,406 | 2,569 | 617 | 16 | 92 | 1,248 | 118 | 596 | 2.5 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 1,390 | 3 | 1,248 | 2,641 | 984 | 10 | 96 | 1,011 | 120 | 540 | 2.3 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 1,284 | 2 | 1,011 | 2,297 | 909 | 17 | 95 | 687 | 136 | 589 | 2.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 1,058 | 3 | 687 | 1,748 | 856 | 27 | 85 | 177 | 149 | 603 | 2.5 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 980 | 2 | 177 | 1,159 | 417 | 18 | 38 | 53 | 103 | 633 | 2.6 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 875 | 3 | 53 | 931 | 321 | 16 | 19 | 49 | 9 | 526 | 2.1 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 879 | 1 | 49 | 929 | 23 | 14 | 7 | 162 | 14 | 723 | 2.9 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 878 | 1 | 162 | 1,041 | 149 | 15 | 6 | 215 | 22 | 656 | 2.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 872 | 2 | 215 | 1,089 | 278 | 4 | 24 | 81 | 24 | 702 | 2.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 954 | 1 | 81 | 1,036 | 305 | 1 | 6 | 90 | 11 | 634 | 2.5 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 1,216 | 1 | 90 | 1,307 | 266 | 1 | 6 | 131 | 18 | 903 | 3.5 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Human food only. 2/ Fed to animals or wasted. 1992 includes 13 million pounds of CCC supplies destroyed by fire. 3/ Domestic disappearance from Government sources. May not match CCC commitments.

Table 65--Butter: Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|----------|--|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports 1/ | Begin- ning stocks 2/ | Total supply | Exports 3/ | Shipments to U.S. territories | Ending stocks 2/ | Food disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | | USDA donations 4/ | Total | Per capita |
| Millions | | Million pounds | | | | | | | Pounds | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,143 | 2 | 89 | 1,234 | 2 | 7 | 119 | 168 | 1,106 | 5.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,147 | 2 | 119 | 1,268 | 93 | 6 | 97 | 171 | 1,072 | 5.2 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,102 | 2 | 97 | 1,201 | 44 | 10 | 107 | 159 | 1,040 | 5.0 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 919 | 56 | 107 | 1,082 | 4 | 13 | 57 | 162 | 1,008 | 4.8 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 962 | 2 | 57 | 1,021 | 1 | 6 | 49 | 48 | 965 | 4.5 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 984 | 2 | 49 | 1,035 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 73 | 1,021 | 4.7 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 979 | 2 | 11 | 992 | 1 | 3 | 47 | 9 | 941 | 4.3 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,086 | 2 | 47 | 1,135 | 2 | 2 | 185 | 86 | 946 | 4.3 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 994 | 2 | 185 | 1,181 | 1 | 4 | 207 | 75 | 969 | 4.4 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 985 | 2 | 207 | 1,194 | 1 | 4 | 178 | 90 | 1,011 | 4.5 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,145 | 2 | 178 | 1,325 | 1 | 2 | 305 | 123 | 1,017 | 4.5 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,228 | 3 | 305 | 1,536 | 130 | 2 | 429 | 108 | 975 | 4.2 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,257 | 3 | 429 | 1,689 | 210 | 2 | 467 | 131 | 1,010 | 4.3 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 1,299 | 3 | 467 | 1,769 | 119 | 1 | 500 | 269 | 1,149 | 4.9 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 1,103 | 3 | 500 | 1,606 | 131 | 2 | 310 | 261 | 1,163 | 4.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 1,248 | 4 | 310 | 1,562 | 180 | 1 | 217 | 246 | 1,164 | 4.9 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 1,202 | 4 | 217 | 1,423 | 55 | 2 | 252 | 201 | 1,114 | 4.6 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 1,104 | 5 | 252 | 1,361 | 81 | 1 | 147 | 231 | 1,132 | 4.7 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 1,207 | 5 | 147 | 1,359 | 41 | 1 | 215 | 195 | 1,102 | 4.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 1,295 | 5 | 215 | 1,515 | 159 | 4 | 275 | 214 | 1,077 | 4.4 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 1,302 | 5 | 275 | 1,582 | 68 | 2 | 417 | 182 | 1,095 | 4.4 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 1,336 | 5 | 417 | 1,758 | 107 | 1 | 550 | 198 | 1,100 | 4.4 |
| 1992 5/ | 255.407 | 1,365 | 4 | 550 | 1,919 | 307 | 1 | 455 | 171 | 1,114 | 4.4 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 1,315 | 4 | 455 | 1,774 | 320 | 1 | 244 | 169 | 1,209 | 4.7 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 1,296 | 3 | 244 | 1,543 | 207 | 1 | 80 | 159 | 1,255 | 4.8 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Includes butter-equivalent of butteroil. 2/ Includes estimates of butteroil, ghee, and anhydrous milkfat held by the Government in 1970-83. 3/ Includes available data on butter-equivalent of butteroil, ghee, and anhydrous milkfat. Includes commercial and USDA exports. 4/ May not match CCC commitments. 5/ Disappearance excludes 42 million pounds of CCC supplies destroyed by fire.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 66--Lard (direct use): Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | |
|--------|--|------------------|---------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|
| | | Production 1/ | Imports | Beginning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | Indirect use 2/ | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,913 | -- | 70 | 1,983 | 419 | 82 | 543 | 939 | 4.6 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,960 | -- | 82 | 2,042 | 345 | 100 | 717 | 880 | 4.2 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,550 | -- | 100 | 1,650 | 189 | 51 | 623 | 787 | 3.7 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,254 | -- | 51 | 1,305 | 122 | 44 | 435 | 704 | 3.3 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 1,366 | -- | 44 | 1,410 | 182 | 36 | 511 | 681 | 3.2 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 1,012 | -- | 36 | 1,048 | 88 | 28 | 244 | 688 | 3.2 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 1,060 | -- | 28 | 1,088 | 181 | 34 | 235 | 638 | 2.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,038 | -- | 34 | 1,072 | 182 | 29 | 304 | 557 | 2.5 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 1,006 | -- | 29 | 1,035 | 120 | 38 | 347 | 530 | 2.4 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 1,129 | -- | 38 | 1,167 | 96 | 50 | 452 | 569 | 2.5 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,207 | -- | 50 | 1,257 | 92 | 49 | 527 | 589 | 2.6 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,159 | -- | 49 | 1,208 | 150 | 37 | 448 | 573 | 2.5 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,011 | -- | 37 | 1,048 | 103 | 37 | 322 | 586 | 2.5 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 973 | -- | 37 | 1,010 | 89 | 34 | 399 | 488 | 2.1 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 939 | -- | 34 | 973 | 89 | 39 | 354 | 491 | 2.1 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 927 | -- | 39 | 966 | 105 | 35 | 400 | 426 | 1.8 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 876 | -- | 35 | 911 | 104 | 22 | 368 | 417 | 1.7 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 863 | -- | 22 | 885 | 107 | 33 | 304 | 441 | 1.8 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 932 | -- | 33 | 965 | 127 | 37 | 368 | 433 | 1.8 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 935 | -- | 37 | 972 | 110 | 32 | 388 | 442 | 1.8 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 919 | 3 | 32 | 954 | 97 | 25 | 364 | 468 | 1.9 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 952 | 3 | 25 | 980 | 121 | 37 | 393 | 429 | 1.7 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 1,025 | 2 | 37 | 1,064 | 136 | 23 | 480 | 425 | 1.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 1,005 | 3 | 23 | 1,031 | 114 | 38 | 474 | 405 | 1.6 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 1,034 | 3 | 38 | 1,075 | 137 | 42 | 452 | 444 | 1.7 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Production includes estimates of federally inspected lard, other commercial lard, and estimates of onfarm lard production until 1976. The period 1977-78 includes federally inspected and onfarm lard production. Since 1980, only federally inspected lard production is included. 2/ Lard use in indirect food use such as table spreads and baking and frying fats. Includes some lard used in nonfood use.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 67--Margarine: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | |
|--------|--|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Produc- tion | Beginning stocks | Total supply | Exports 2/ | Shipments to U.S. territories | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 2,230 | 52 | 2,282 | 13 | 2/ | 46 | 2,223 | 10.8 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 2,290 | 46 | 2,336 | 13 | 2/ | 57 | 2,266 | 10.9 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 2,364 | 57 | 2,421 | 13 | 2/ | 69 | 2,339 | 11.1 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 2,359 | 69 | 2,428 | 13 | 2/ | 61 | 2,354 | 11.1 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 2,398 | 61 | 2,459 | 15 | 2/ | 64 | 2,380 | 11.1 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 2,399 | 64 | 2,463 | 5 | 12 | 60 | 2,386 | 11.0 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 2,628 | 60 | 2,688 | 6 | 14 | 67 | 2,601 | 11.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 2,535 | 67 | 2,602 | 7 | 13 | 80 | 2,502 | 11.4 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2,520 | 80 | 2,600 | 7 | 15 | 70 | 2,508 | 11.3 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 2,553 | 70 | 2,623 | 7 | 18 | 81 | 2,517 | 11.2 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 2,593 | 81 | 2,674 | 8 | 16 | 74 | 2,576 | 11.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 2,577 | 74 | 2,651 | 17 | 16 | 61 | 2,557 | 11.1 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 2,596 | 61 | 2,657 | 13 | 18 | 62 | 2,564 | 11.0 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 2,451 | 62 | 2,513 | 12 | 15 | 55 | 2,431 | 10.4 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2,481 | 55 | 2,536 | 9 | 16 | 55 | 2,456 | 10.4 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2,603 | 55 | 2,658 | 9 | 15 | 61 | 2,573 | 10.8 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2,789 | 61 | 2,850 | 8 | 15 | 81 | 2,746 | 11.4 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2,554 | 81 | 2,635 | 8 | 14 | 63 | 2,550 | 10.5 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2,549 | 63 | 2,612 | 8 | 15 | 62 | 2,527 | 10.3 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2,531 | 62 | 2,593 | 7 | 13 | 61 | 2,512 | 10.2 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2,768 | 61 | 2,829 | 8 | 15 | 92 | 2,714 | 10.9 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 2,698 | 92 | 2,790 | 9 | 19 | 91 | 2,671 | 10.6 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 2,817 | 91 | 2,908 | 13 | 18 | 75 | 2,802 | 11.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 2,892 | 75 | 2,967 | 15 | 18 | 66 | 2,868 | 11.1 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 2,623 | 66 | 2,689 | 21 | 17 | 62 | 2,589 | 9.9 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Product weight. 2/ Shipments to U.S. territories included under exports before 1975.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 68--Shortening: Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | | Utilization | | | | |
|--------|--|------------------|---------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Production | | | Begin- ning stocks 1/ | Total supply | Exports 2/ | Shipments to U.S. territories | Ending stocks 1/ | Food disappearance | |
| | | Vegetable oil | Animal fat | Total | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | | Pounds | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | NA | NA | 3,588 | 139 | 3,727 | 37 | 2/ | 133 | 3,557 | 17.3 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | NA | NA | 3,515 | 133 | 3,648 | 31 | 2/ | 128 | 3,489 | 16.8 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | NA | NA | 3,731 | 128 | 3,859 | 33 | 2/ | 127 | 3,699 | 17.6 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | NA | NA | 3,636 | 127 | 3,763 | 35 | 2/ | 115 | 3,613 | 17.0 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | NA | NA | 3,703 | 115 | 3,818 | 61 | 2/ | 134 | 3,623 | 16.9 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 2,839 | 874 | 3,713 | 134 | 3,847 | 43 | 13 | 125 | 3,666 | 17.0 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 3,033 | 896 | 3,929 | 125 | 4,054 | 51 | 14 | 128 | 3,861 | 17.7 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 2,873 | 968 | 3,841 | 128 | 3,969 | 46 | 14 | 113 | 3,796 | 17.2 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2,939 | 1,076 | 4,015 | 113 | 4,128 | 34 | 17 | 107 | 3,970 | 17.8 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 3,177 | 1,029 | 4,206 | 107 | 4,313 | 25 | 17 | 132 | 4,139 | 18.4 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 3,116 | 1,062 | 4,178 | 132 | 4,310 | 29 | 13 | 131 | 4,137 | 18.2 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 3,252 | 1,039 | 4,291 | 131 | 4,422 | 40 | 12 | 120 | 4,250 | 18.5 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 3,449 | 930 | 4,379 | 120 | 4,499 | 34 | 10 | 133 | 4,322 | 18.6 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 3,454 | 909 | 4,363 | 133 | 4,496 | 20 | 11 | 131 | 4,334 | 18.5 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 3,954 | 1,114 | 5,068 | 131 | 5,199 | 30 | 9 | 129 | 5,031 | 21.3 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 4,304 | 1,201 | 5,505 | 129 | 5,634 | 30 | 12 | 127 | 5,465 | 22.9 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 4,238 | 1,136 | 5,374 | 127 | 5,501 | 36 | 10 | 137 | 5,318 | 22.1 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 4,232 | 1,005 | 5,237 | 137 | 5,374 | 31 | 10 | 139 | 5,194 | 21.4 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 4,241 | 1,087 | 5,328 | 139 | 5,467 | 40 | 12 | 145 | 5,270 | 21.5 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 4,288 | 1,027 | 5,315 | 145 | 5,460 | 19 | 13 | 119 | 5,309 | 21.5 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 4,730 | 860 | 5,590 | 119 | 5,709 | 21 | 13 | 116 | 5,559 | 22.2 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 5,004 | 720 | 5,724 | 116 | 5,840 | 35 | 8 | 147 | 5,650 | 22.4 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 4,988 | 731 | 5,719 | 147 | 5,866 | 33 | 10 | 101 | 5,722 | 22.4 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 5,818 | 706 | 6,524 | 101 | 6,625 | 37 | 7 | 94 | 6,487 | 25.1 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 5,658 | 676 | 6,334 | 94 | 6,428 | 32 | 14 | 90 | 6,292 | 24.1 |

NA = Not available. P = Preliminary.

1/ Excludes quantities held by consuming factories. 2/ Shipments to U.S. territories are included under exports before 1975.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 69--Salad and cooking oils: Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | Produc- tion | Imports 1/ | Beginning stocks | Total supply | Exports | Ending stocks | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total 2/ | Per capita |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 3,389 | 62 | 71 | 3,522 | 293 | 76 | 3,153 | 15.4 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 3,500 | 62 | 76 | 3,638 | 320 | 76 | 3,242 | 15.6 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 3,871 | 67 | 76 | 4,014 | 398 | 86 | 3,530 | 16.8 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 3,893 | 60 | 86 | 4,039 | 218 | 78 | 3,747 | 17.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 4,111 | 53 | 74 | 4,238 | 280 | 97 | 3,861 | 18.1 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 3,967 | 48 | 97 | 4,112 | 161 | 91 | 3,860 | 17.9 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 4,343 | 62 | 91 | 4,496 | 149 | 104 | 4,243 | 19.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 4,347 | 54 | 104 | 4,505 | 193 | 105 | 4,207 | 19.1 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 4,862 | 62 | 105 | 5,029 | 422 | 123 | 4,484 | 20.1 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 5,100 | 53 | 123 | 5,276 | 445 | 141 | 4,690 | 20.8 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 5,167 | 57 | 141 | 5,365 | 406 | 122 | 4,837 | 21.2 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 5,370 | 61 | 122 | 5,553 | 435 | 110 | 5,008 | 21.8 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 5,450 | 64 | 110 | 5,624 | 421 | 123 | 5,080 | 21.9 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 5,775 | 71 | 123 | 5,969 | 332 | 113 | 5,524 | 23.6 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 4,988 | 87 | 113 | 5,188 | 403 | 92 | 4,693 | 19.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 5,939 | 105 | 92 | 6,136 | 410 | 112 | 5,614 | 23.5 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 6,036 | 114 | 112 | 6,262 | 284 | 147 | 5,831 | 24.2 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 6,334 | 140 | 147 | 6,621 | 330 | 135 | 6,156 | 25.4 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 6,409 | 179 | 135 | 6,723 | 276 | 123 | 6,324 | 25.8 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 6,123 | 157 | 123 | 6,403 | 337 | 126 | 5,940 | 24.0 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 6,036 | 213 | 126 | 6,375 | 214 | 121 | 6,040 | 24.2 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 6,310 | 208 | 121 | 6,639 | 137 | 136 | 6,366 | 25.2 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 6,491 | 252 | 136 | 6,879 | 245 | 100 | 6,534 | 25.6 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 6,470 | 267 | 100 | 6,837 | 259 | 105 | 6,473 | 25.1 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 6,547 | 278 | 105 | 6,930 | 487 | 98 | 6,345 | 24.3 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Olive oil imports. 2/ Includes shipments to U.S. territories.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 70--Peanuts: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|-------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----|--------|
| | | Produc- tion 3/ | Imports | Begin- ning stocks 4/ | Total supply | Exports | Seed, loss, shrinkage, and residual 5/ | Crush | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Farmers' stock basis | Kernel basis 6/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | Per capita | | |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 2,983 | 1 | 353 | 3,337 | 290 | 277 | 799 | 453 | 1,518 | 1,141 | 5.5 | |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 3,005 | 2 | 453 | 3,460 | 552 | 187 | 814 | 392 | 1,515 | 1,139 | 5.5 | |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 3,275 | 2 | 392 | 3,669 | 521 | 257 | 850 | 429 | 1,612 | 1,212 | 5.7 | |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 3,474 | 1 | 429 | 3,904 | 709 | 247 | 683 | 553 | 1,712 | 1,287 | 6.0 | |
| 1974 | 214.331 | 3,668 | 1 | 553 | 4,222 | 740 | 82 | 590 | 1,146 | 1,664 | 1,251 | 5.8 | |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 3,847 | 1 | 1,146 | 4,994 | 434 | 313 | 1,447 | 1,060 | 1,740 | 1,308 | 6.0 | |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 3,739 | 1 | 1,060 | 4,800 | 783 | 666 | 1,108 | 608 | 1,635 | 1,229 | 5.6 | |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 3,715 | 1 | 608 | 4,324 | 1,025 | 556 | 487 | 581 | 1,675 | 1,259 | 5.7 | |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 3,952 | 1 | 581 | 4,534 | 1,141 | 521 | 527 | 586 | 1,759 | 1,323 | 5.9 | |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 3,968 | 1 | 586 | 4,555 | 1,057 | 522 | 571 | 628 | 1,777 | 1,336 | 5.9 | |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 2,303 | 401 | 628 | 3,332 | 503 | 505 | 446 | 413 | 1,465 | 1,102 | 4.8 | |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 3,982 | 2 | 413 | 4,397 | 576 | 795 | 573 | 757 | 1,696 | 1,275 | 5.5 | |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 3,440 | 2 | 757 | 4,199 | 681 | 463 | 342 | 864 | 1,849 | 1,390 | 6.0 | |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 3,296 | 2 | 864 | 4,162 | 744 | 564 | 387 | 611 | 1,856 | 1,395 | 5.9 | |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 4,406 | 2 | 611 | 5,019 | 860 | 199 | 625 | 1,424 | 1,911 | 1,437 | 6.1 | |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 4,123 | 2 | 1,424 | 5,549 | 1,043 | 826 | 812 | 845 | 2,023 | 1,521 | 6.3 | |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 3,697 | 2 | 845 | 4,544 | 663 | 291 | 514 | 1,003 | 2,073 | 1,559 | 6.4 | |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 3,616 | 2 | 1,003 | 4,621 | 618 | 539 | 560 | 833 | 2,071 | 1,557 | 6.4 | |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 3,981 | 2 | 833 | 4,816 | 688 | 217 | 814 | 843 | 2,254 | 1,695 | 6.9 | |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 3,990 | 2 | 843 | 4,835 | 989 | 209 | 624 | 701 | 2,312 | 1,738 | 7.0 | |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 3,603 | 27 | 701 | 4,331 | 652 | 287 | 689 | 683 | 2,020 | 1,519 | 6.0 | |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 4,927 | 5 | 683 | 5,615 | 997 | 253 | 1,103 | 1,055 | 2,207 | 1,659 | 6.5 | |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 4,284 | 2 | 1,055 | 5,341 | 951 | 27 | 891 | 1,350 | 2,122 | 1,595 | 6.2 | |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 3,392 | 2 | 1,350 | 4,744 | 550 | 375 | 670 | 1,061 | 2,088 | 1,560 | 6.0 | |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 4,247 | 74 | 1,061 | 5,382 | 878 | 315 | 982 | 1,198 | 2,009 | 1,511 | 5.8 | |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Farmers' stock basis. 2/ Beginning August of year indicated. 3/ Net-weight basis. 4/ August 1 stocks in all positions; includes oil-stock peanuts, as reported by National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. 5/ Current estimates for farm use and local sales are not available, so these are now included as part of the residual. 6/ Computed by dividing farmers' stock basis figure by 1.33.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 71—Fresh citrus fruits: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | Supply | | | Utilization | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|------|
| | Production | Imports | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Food disappearance 3/ | | |
| | | | | | Total | Per capita 4/ | |
| | | | | | Farm | Retail | |
| | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | |
| 1970 | 6,914 | 111 | 7,025 | 1,121 | 5,904 | 28.9 | 27.9 |
| 1971 | 6,951 | 112 | 7,064 | 1,046 | 6,018 | 29.0 | 28.1 |
| 1972 | 7,012 | 117 | 7,129 | 1,435 | 5,694 | 27.2 | 26.3 |
| 1973 | 7,125 | 132 | 7,256 | 1,496 | 5,760 | 27.2 | 26.3 |
| 1974 | 7,326 | 120 | 7,445 | 1,665 | 5,781 | 27.1 | 26.2 |
| 1975 | 8,215 | 98 | 8,313 | 2,064 | 6,249 | 29.0 | 28.0 |
| 1976 | 8,217 | 65 | 8,282 | 2,077 | 6,206 | 28.5 | 27.6 |
| 1977 | 7,687 | 130 | 7,817 | 2,069 | 5,748 | 26.1 | 25.3 |
| 1978 | 7,550 | 102 | 7,652 | 1,825 | 5,827 | 26.2 | 25.4 |
| 1979 | 7,085 | 161 | 7,250 | 2,088 | 5,162 | 23.0 | 22.2 |
| 1980 | 8,190 | 107 | 8,298 | 2,374 | 5,923 | 26.1 | 25.2 |
| 1981 | 7,643 | 98 | 7,741 | 2,352 | 5,389 | 23.5 | 22.7 |
| 1982 | 7,339 | 112 | 7,450 | 2,023 | 5,427 | 23.4 | 22.6 |
| 1983 | 8,867 | 92 | 8,959 | 2,418 | 6,541 | 28.0 | 27.0 |
| 1984 | 7,255 | 128 | 7,383 | 2,066 | 5,317 | 22.5 | 21.8 |
| 1985 | 6,972 | 109 | 7,081 | 1,970 | 5,111 | 21.5 | 20.8 |
| 1986 | 7,601 | 191 | 7,992 | 2,175 | 5,817 | 24.2 | 23.4 |
| 1987 | 8,081 | 161 | 8,241 | 2,442 | 5,800 | 23.9 | 23.1 |
| 1988 | 8,376 | 183 | 8,561 | 2,350 | 6,211 | 25.4 | 24.6 |
| 1989 | 8,347 | 175 | 8,522 | 2,704 | 5,818 | 23.6 | 22.8 |
| 1990 | 7,327 | 184 | 7,510 | 2,179 | 5,331 | 21.4 | 20.7 |
| 1991 | 6,307 | 343 | 6,650 | 1,846 | 4,805 | 19.1 | 18.4 |
| 1992 | 8,359 | 298 | 8,657 | 2,450 | 6,208 | 24.4 | 23.5 |
| 1993 | 8,920 | 297 | 9,217 | 2,526 | 6,691 | 26.0 | 25.1 |
| 1994 P | 8,658 | 372 | 9,030 | 2,545 | 6,485 | 24.9 | 24.1 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Farm weight. Includes oranges, grapefruit, lemons, limes, tangerines, tangelos, temples, and other mandarins. 2/ Beginning in year preceding that indicated. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Uses U.S. total population, January 1 for oranges, tangerines, tangelos, temples, and other mandarins and July 1 for everything else.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 72—Fresh apples: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | Utilization | | | |
|-----------------|--|----------------|---------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|--------|
| | | Production | Imports | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Food disappearance 3/ | | |
| | | | | | | Total | Per capita | |
| | | | | | | | Farm | Retail |
| | Millions | Million pounds | | | | Pounds | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 3,532 | 95 | 3,627 | 113 | 3,513 | 17.0 | 16.3 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 3,484 | 80 | 3,564 | 133 | 3,431 | 16.4 | 15.8 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 3,342 | 104 | 3,446 | 169 | 3,277 | 15.5 | 14.9 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 3,539 | 90 | 3,629 | 195 | 3,434 | 16.1 | 15.5 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 3,691 | 79 | 3,770 | 244 | 3,526 | 16.4 | 15.7 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 4,357 | 119 | 4,476 | 246 | 4,230 | 19.5 | 18.7 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 3,916 | 103 | 4,019 | 275 | 3,744 | 17.1 | 16.4 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 3,860 | 124 | 3,983 | 325 | 3,658 | 16.5 | 15.9 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 4,210 | 157 | 4,368 | 350 | 4,017 | 17.9 | 17.2 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 4,289 | 153 | 4,442 | 560 | 3,881 | 17.1 | 16.5 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 4,934 | 177 | 5,111 | 716 | 4,395 | 19.2 | 18.4 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 4,442 | 150 | 4,592 | 697 | 3,895 | 16.8 | 16.2 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 4,537 | 198 | 4,734 | 642 | 4,092 | 17.5 | 16.8 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 4,621 | 234 | 4,854 | 554 | 4,300 | 16.3 | 17.5 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 4,655 | 242 | 4,897 | 538 | 4,358 | 18.4 | 17.8 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 4,222 | 315 | 4,536 | 400 | 4,136 | 17.3 | 16.6 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 4,464 | 310 | 4,774 | 460 | 4,314 | 17.8 | 17.1 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 5,610 | 263 | 5,873 | 791 | 5,082 | 20.8 | 20.0 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 5,230 | 256 | 5,487 | 603 | 4,884 | 19.8 | 19.0 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 5,822 | 228 | 6,050 | 774 | 5,276 | 21.2 | 20.4 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 5,515 | 230 | 5,745 | 818 | 4,927 | 19.6 | 18.8 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 5,447 | 303 | 5,750 | 1,132 | 4,618 | 18.2 | 17.5 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 5,767 | 259 | 6,026 | 1,082 | 4,944 | 19.2 | 18.5 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 6,124 | 239 | 6,363 | 1,391 | 4,972 | 19.2 | 18.4 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 6,353 | 279 | 6,632 | 1,512 | 5,120 | 19.5 | 18.8 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Farm weight. Commercial production only. 2/ Beginning in August of year indicated. 3/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 73--Other fresh noncitrus fruits: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | Supply | | | Utilization | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|------|
| | Production | Imports | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Food disappearance 3/ | | |
| | | | | | Total | Per capita 4/ | |
| | | | | | Farm | Retail | |
| | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | |
| 1970 | 3,456 | 3,821 | 7,278 | 353 | 6,925 | 33.7 | 32.7 |
| 1971 | 3,591 | 3,932 | 7,523 | 421 | 7,102 | 34.2 | 33.2 |
| 1972 | 3,076 | 3,955 | 7,031 | 356 | 6,675 | 31.8 | 30.9 |
| 1973 | 3,454 | 4,023 | 7,477 | 433 | 7,044 | 33.2 | 32.3 |
| 1974 | 3,655 | 4,158 | 7,813 | 436 | 7,377 | 34.5 | 33.5 |
| 1975 | 4,112 | 4,034 | 8,146 | 448 | 7,698 | 35.6 | 34.5 |
| 1976 | 4,064 | 4,444 | 8,508 | 427 | 8,081 | 37.0 | 35.9 |
| 1977 | 4,222 | 4,510 | 8,732 | 461 | 8,271 | 37.5 | 36.4 |
| 1978 | 4,488 | 4,841 | 9,329 | 609 | 8,719 | 39.1 | 38.0 |
| 1979 | 4,878 | 5,060 | 9,937 | 723 | 9,214 | 40.9 | 39.7 |
| 1980 | 5,143 | 5,102 | 10,245 | 747 | 9,498 | 41.7 | 40.4 |
| 1981 | 5,569 | 5,367 | 10,936 | 809 | 10,127 | 44.0 | 42.6 |
| 1982 | 5,300 | 5,773 | 11,073 | 746 | 10,328 | 44.4 | 43.0 |
| 1983 | 5,451 | 5,654 | 11,105 | 744 | 10,361 | 44.2 | 42.7 |
| 1984 | 6,087 | 6,008 | 12,096 | 786 | 11,310 | 47.8 | 46.2 |
| 1985 | 5,736 | 6,450 | 12,186 | 777 | 11,409 | 47.8 | 46.2 |
| 1986 | 5,771 | 7,259 | 13,030 | 818 | 12,211 | 50.7 | 49.1 |
| 1987 | 6,473 | 7,304 | 13,777 | 1,006 | 12,771 | 52.5 | 50.8 |
| 1988 | 6,588 | 7,175 | 13,763 | 1,031 | 12,732 | 51.9 | 50.1 |
| 1989 | 6,452 | 7,596 | 14,048 | 1,227 | 12,821 | 51.8 | 50.0 |
| 1990 | 6,300 | 7,663 | 13,962 | 1,212 | 12,750 | 51.0 | 49.2 |
| 1991 | 6,557 | 7,981 | 14,537 | 1,245 | 13,292 | 52.6 | 50.7 |
| 1992 | 6,548 | 8,619 | 15,167 | 1,203 | 13,964 | 54.6 | 52.8 |
| 1993 | 6,863 | 8,567 | 15,431 | 1,273 | 14,158 | 54.8 | 53.0 |
| 1994 P | 6,913 | 9,146 | 16,059 | 1,425 | 14,634 | 56.1 | 54.2 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Farm weight. Includes apricots, avocados, bananas, cherries, cranberries, grapes, kiwifruit, mangos, nectarines, papayas, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, prunes, and strawberries.
 2/ All noncitrus fruit are on a calendar-year basis except grapes and pears, which are on a crop-year (beginning July of year indicated) basis. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Uses U.S. total population, July 1 for everything except grapes and pears, which use January 1 of the year following that indicated.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 74—Total fresh fruits: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | Supply | | | Utilization | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------|
| | Production | Imports | Total supply 3/ | Exports | Food disappearance 3/ | | |
| | | | | | Total | Per capita 4/ | |
| | | | | | | Farm | Retail |
| | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | |
| 1970 | 13,902 | 4,027 | 17,929 | 1,587 | 16,342 | 79.6 | 77.0 |
| 1971 | 14,026 | 4,125 | 18,151 | 1,600 | 16,551 | 79.6 | 77.1 |
| 1972 | 13,429 | 4,176 | 17,605 | 1,990 | 15,646 | 74.5 | 72.1 |
| 1973 | 14,118 | 4,244 | 18,363 | 2,124 | 16,238 | 76.6 | 74.1 |
| 1974 | 14,671 | 4,357 | 19,028 | 2,344 | 16,684 | 78.0 | 75.4 |
| 1975 | 16,683 | 4,251 | 20,935 | 2,758 | 18,177 | 84.1 | 81.2 |
| 1976 | 16,197 | 4,612 | 20,809 | 2,779 | 18,030 | 82.6 | 79.9 |
| 1977 | 15,769 | 4,763 | 20,532 | 2,855 | 17,677 | 80.2 | 77.5 |
| 1978 | 16,249 | 5,100 | 21,349 | 2,785 | 18,564 | 83.3 | 80.6 |
| 1979 | 16,255 | 5,374 | 21,629 | 3,372 | 18,257 | 81.0 | 78.4 |
| 1980 | 18,268 | 5,386 | 23,654 | 3,838 | 19,816 | 86.9 | 84.0 |
| 1981 | 17,654 | 5,615 | 23,269 | 3,857 | 19,411 | 84.3 | 81.5 |
| 1982 | 17,175 | 6,083 | 23,258 | 3,411 | 19,847 | 85.4 | 82.5 |
| 1983 | 18,938 | 5,980 | 24,918 | 3,715 | 21,202 | 90.4 | 87.3 |
| 1984 | 17,997 | 6,378 | 24,375 | 3,390 | 20,985 | 88.7 | 85.6 |
| 1985 | 16,930 | 6,873 | 23,804 | 3,147 | 20,657 | 86.5 | 83.5 |
| 1986 | 18,036 | 7,760 | 25,796 | 3,453 | 22,342 | 92.7 | 89.6 |
| 1987 | 20,163 | 7,728 | 27,891 | 4,238 | 23,653 | 97.3 | 93.9 |
| 1988 | 20,196 | 7,615 | 27,811 | 3,984 | 23,827 | 97.1 | 93.7 |
| 1989 | 20,621 | 7,999 | 28,620 | 4,704 | 23,915 | 96.6 | 93.1 |
| 1990 | 19,141 | 8,076 | 27,217 | 4,209 | 23,008 | 91.9 | 88.7 |
| 1991 | 18,311 | 8,627 | 26,938 | 4,223 | 22,715 | 89.8 | 86.6 |
| 1992 | 20,674 | 9,176 | 29,850 | 4,735 | 25,116 | 98.2 | 94.8 |
| 1993 | 21,907 | 9,104 | 31,010 | 5,189 | 25,821 | 99.9 | 96.5 |
| 1994 P | 21,924 | 9,797 | 31,722 | 5,483 | 26,239 | 100.6 | 97.1 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Farm weight. 2/ Citrus fruits are on a crop-year basis beginning in year preceding that indicated. Noncitrus fruits are on a calendar-year basis except apples (August), grapes, and pears (July), which are on a crop year basis beginning in year indicated. 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Uses U.S. total population, July 1 for everything except apples, grapes, and pears, which use January 1 of the year following that indicated.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 75--Total tree nuts: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Crop year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | | Marketable production 3/ | Imports | Begin-ning stocks | Total supply 4/ | Exports | Ending stocks | Food disappearance 4/ | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 298.3 | 149.1 | 84.9 | 532.3 | 96.8 | 75.7 | 359.8 | 1.74 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 373.6 | 151.8 | 75.7 | 601.1 | 124.3 | 81.2 | 395.5 | 1.89 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 316.5 | 177.8 | 81.2 | 575.5 | 105.2 | 55.9 | 414.4 | 1.96 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 409.6 | 152.4 | 55.9 | 617.9 | 115.6 | 127.7 | 374.6 | 1.76 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 392.7 | 116.4 | 127.7 | 636.9 | 144.7 | 152.9 | 339.3 | 1.58 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 427.8 | 167.0 | 152.9 | 747.6 | 189.5 | 136.8 | 421.3 | 1.94 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 452.6 | 161.4 | 136.8 | 750.8 | 218.1 | 114.5 | 418.1 | 1.91 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 547.3 | 106.4 | 114.5 | 768.2 | 233.2 | 156.2 | 378.8 | 1.71 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 403.2 | 124.8 | 156.2 | 684.1 | 174.6 | 127.3 | 382.2 | 1.71 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 612.2 | 121.9 | 127.3 | 861.5 | 294.3 | 172.5 | 394.6 | 1.74 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 567.1 | 101.1 | 172.5 | 840.7 | 262.0 | 169.1 | 409.7 | 1.79 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 736.6 | 92.6 | 169.1 | 998.2 | 279.7 | 275.4 | 443.1 | 1.92 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 654.3 | 123.3 | 275.4 | 1,053.0 | 234.3 | 315.0 | 503.7 | 2.16 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 510.0 | 147.0 | 315.0 | 972.0 | 219.3 | 222.4 | 530.3 | 2.25 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 850.4 | 139.9 | 222.4 | 1,212.7 | 318.1 | 331.5 | 563.1 | 2.37 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 761.7 | 151.1 | 331.5 | 1,244.3 | 393.0 | 265.1 | 586.2 | 2.45 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 553.5 | 143.0 | 265.1 | 961.8 | 240.6 | 186.2 | 534.8 | 2.21 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 1,000.6 | 132.4 | 186.2 | 1,319.2 | 426.1 | 356.8 | 536.3 | 2.20 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 940.6 | 126.7 | 356.8 | 1,424.1 | 456.1 | 404.7 | 563.3 | 2.29 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 794.6 | 169.8 | 404.7 | 1,369.1 | 488.2 | 326.2 | 554.7 | 2.23 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 961.5 | 198.4 | 326.2 | 1,486.1 | 522.6 | 354.0 | 609.6 | 2.43 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 848.9 | 171.1 | 354.0 | 1,373.9 | 563.7 | 262.5 | 547.7 | 2.16 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 860.3 | 228.1 | 262.5 | 1,350.8 | 544.0 | 237.0 | 569.9 | 2.22 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 947.1 | 214.6 | 237.0 | 1,398.7 | 538.2 | 279.4 | 581.1 | 2.24 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 1,060.4 | 217.4 | 279.4 | 1,557.2 | 638.0 | 326.5 | 592.7 | 2.26 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Shelled basis. Includes almonds, filberts, pecans, walnuts, Brazil nuts, pignolias, pistachios, chestnuts, cashews, Macadamias, and miscellaneous tree nuts. Excludes coconuts. 2/ Crop year begins August 1 for walnuts; September 1 for pistachios, and July 1 for all others. 3/ Excludes quantities unharvested on account of economic conditions, sent to oil mills, and culls and blows not used. 4/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 76--Total fresh vegetables: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|------|--|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------|
| | | Produc- tion 2/ | Imports 3/ | Beginning stocks | Total supply 4/ | Exports 3/ | Ending stocks | Shrink and loss | Food disappearance 4/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total 5/ | Per capita | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Farm | Retail |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 17,640.2 | 1,097.1 | 495.3 | 19,232.6 | 732.0 | 597.3 | 350.1 | 17,553.2 | 85.4 | 78.9 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 17,739.8 | 1,009.0 | 597.3 | 19,346.1 | 628.9 | 536.5 | 249.8 | 17,731.0 | 85.4 | 78.6 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 18,293.7 | 1,043.2 | 536.5 | 19,873.5 | 957.1 | 458.8 | 236.7 | 18,221.0 | 86.8 | 79.8 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 18,771.3 | 1,354.0 | 458.8 | 20,584.1 | 1,031.6 | 544.2 | 225.0 | 18,783.3 | 88.7 | 81.3 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 19,234.6 | 1,153.9 | 544.2 | 20,932.6 | 914.6 | 574.2 | 281.0 | 19,162.9 | 89.7 | 82.5 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 19,397.0 | 1,020.5 | 574.2 | 20,991.7 | 1,054.4 | 508.2 | 283.3 | 19,145.8 | 88.4 | 81.9 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 20,316.2 | 1,222.8 | 508.2 | 22,047.2 | 1,274.8 | 558.6 | 380.6 | 19,833.3 | 90.9 | 83.7 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 20,182.8 | 1,542.1 | 558.6 | 22,283.5 | 1,175.7 | 579.9 | 426.5 | 20,101.3 | 91.3 | 84.0 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 20,518.4 | 1,685.3 | 579.9 | 22,783.6 | 1,668.2 | 707.0 | 379.5 | 19,980.9 | 89.9 | 82.5 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 21,100.3 | 1,645.1 | 707.0 | 23,452.4 | 1,630.9 | 820.8 | 439.6 | 20,502.2 | 91.2 | 83.9 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 21,461.2 | 1,593.1 | 820.8 | 23,875.1 | 1,820.4 | 690.5 | 297.0 | 21,029.6 | 92.5 | 85.0 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 21,832.8 | 1,426.1 | 690.5 | 23,949.5 | 2,089.2 | 644.3 | 277.5 | 20,879.4 | 90.9 | 83.7 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 22,761.3 | 1,562.6 | 644.3 | 24,968.3 | 1,750.4 | 759.1 | 444.3 | 21,965.7 | 94.6 | 87.2 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 22,100.8 | 1,875.9 | 759.1 | 24,735.9 | 1,850.7 | 735.8 | 374.1 | 21,733.7 | 92.5 | 85.5 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 23,646.3 | 2,265.5 | 735.8 | 26,647.6 | 1,989.3 | 822.6 | 382.8 | 23,419.7 | 99.0 | 91.3 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 24,794.5 | 2,186.7 | 822.6 | 27,803.7 | 1,860.0 | 811.1 | 655.1 | 24,446.8 | 102.7 | 94.1 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 24,410.2 | 2,286.3 | 811.1 | 27,507.7 | 2,089.1 | 692.7 | 401.8 | 24,279.1 | 101.1 | 92.3 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 26,609.4 | 2,435.7 | 692.7 | 29,737.8 | 2,136.0 | 842.7 | 469.8 | 26,240.4 | 108.1 | 99.1 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 27,536.3 | 2,377.6 | 842.7 | 30,756.6 | 2,091.4 | 841.9 | 413.2 | 27,351.9 | 111.7 | 102.6 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 28,858.0 | 2,554.6 | 841.9 | 32,254.4 | 2,221.1 | 880.7 | 433.3 | 28,719.3 | 116.1 | 106.7 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 29,134.9 | 2,390.5 | 880.7 | 32,406.1 | 2,462.7 | 909.0 | 602.4 | 28,432.0 | 113.9 | 104.6 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 28,671.9 | 2,482.4 | 909.0 | 32,063.3 | 2,661.1 | 935.0 | 402.0 | 28,065.2 | 110.9 | 102.0 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 31,109.3 | 2,053.8 | 935.0 | 34,098.0 | 2,876.4 | 948.8 | 606.9 | 29,866.0 | 116.1 | 107.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 30,686.5 | 2,876.8 | 948.8 | 34,512.0 | 2,918.2 | 801.5 | 815.4 | 29,977.0 | 116.2 | 106.8 |
| 1994 | 260.651 | 30,927.9 | 2,908.1 | 801.5 | 34,637.4 | 3,304.8 | 1,006.6 | 599.4 | 29,726.6 | 113.9 | 104.7 |

1/ Includes artichokes (all uses), asparagus, snap beans, broccoli, Brussel sprouts (all uses), cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, sweet corn, cucumbers, eggplant, escarole/endive, garlic (all uses), head, romaine, and leaf lettuce, onions, bell peppers (all uses), radishes (all uses), spinach, and tomatoes. 2/ Source: National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. 3/ Source: Bureau of the Census and Statistics Canada. 4/ Computed from unrounded data. 5/ Includes shipments to the territories 1978-88.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 77--Wheat: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Marketing year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | | Production | Imports 3/ | Beginning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports 3/ | Seed | Feed 6/ | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance 5/ | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita 7/ |
| Millions | | Million bushels | | | | | | | | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 1,351.6 | 1.4 | 982.6 | 2,335.6 | 740.8 | 62.1 | 192.8 | 822.8 | 517.1 | 150.3 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 1,618.6 | 1.1 | 822.8 | 2,442.5 | 609.8 | 63.2 | 262.4 | 983.4 | 523.7 | 150.4 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 1,546.2 | 1.3 | 983.4 | 2,530.9 | 1,135.1 | 67.4 | 199.5 | 597.1 | 531.8 | 151.2 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 1,710.8 | 2.6 | 597.1 | 2,310.5 | 1,217.0 | 84.0 | 125.1 | 340.1 | 544.3 | 153.4 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 1,781.9 | 3.4 | 340.1 | 2,125.4 | 1,018.5 | 92.0 | 34.9 | 435.0 | 545.0 | 152.1 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 2,126.9 | 2.4 | 435.0 | 2,564.3 | 1,172.9 | 100.0 | 37.3 | 665.6 | 588.5 | 162.6 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 2,148.8 | 2.7 | 665.6 | 2,817.1 | 949.5 | 92.0 | 74.4 | 1,113.2 | 588.0 | 161.0 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 2,045.5 | 1.9 | 1,113.2 | 3,160.6 | 1,123.8 | 80.0 | 192.5 | 1,177.8 | 586.5 | 158.9 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 1,775.5 | 1.9 | 1,177.8 | 2,955.2 | 1,194.2 | 87.0 | 157.5 | 924.1 | 592.4 | 158.8 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 2,134.1 | 2.1 | 924.1 | 3,060.3 | 1,375.3 | 101.0 | 85.9 | 902.0 | 596.1 | 157.9 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 2,380.9 | 2.5 | 902.0 | 3,285.4 | 1,513.3 | 113.0 | 59.0 | 989.1 | 610.5 | 160.0 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 2,785.4 | 2.8 | 989.1 | 3,777.3 | 1,770.7 | 110.0 | 134.8 | 1,159.4 | 602.4 | 156.4 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 2,765.0 | 7.6 | 1,159.4 | 3,932.0 | 1,508.7 | 97.0 | 194.8 | 1,515.1 | 616.4 | 158.5 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 2,419.8 | 3.8 | 1,515.1 | 3,938.7 | 1,426.4 | 100.0 | 371.1 | 1,398.6 | 642.6 | 163.8 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 2,594.8 | 9.4 | 1,398.6 | 4,002.8 | 1,421.4 | 98.0 | 407.2 | 1,425.2 | 651.0 | 164.5 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 2,424.1 | 16.3 | 1,425.2 | 3,865.6 | 909.1 | 93.0 | 284.2 | 1,905.0 | 674.3 | 168.8 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 2,090.6 | 21.3 | 1,905.0 | 4,016.8 | 998.5 | 84.0 | 401.2 | 1,820.9 | 712.2 | 176.7 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 2,107.7 | 16.1 | 1,820.9 | 3,944.7 | 1,587.9 | 85.0 | 290.2 | 1,260.8 | 720.7 | 177.2 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 1,812.2 | 22.7 | 1,260.8 | 3,095.7 | 1,414.9 | 103.0 | 150.5 | 701.6 | 725.8 | 176.9 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 2,036.6 | 22.5 | 701.6 | 2,760.7 | 1,232.0 | 104.3 | 139.1 | 536.5 | 748.9 | 180.7 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 2,729.8 | 36.4 | 536.5 | 3,302.6 | 1,069.5 | 92.9 | 482.3 | 868.1 | 789.8 | 188.5 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 1,980.1 | 40.7 | 868.1 | 2,868.9 | 1,282.3 | 97.7 | 244.4 | 475.0 | 789.5 | 186.5 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 2,466.8 | 70.0 | 475.0 | 3,011.8 | 1,353.6 | 99.1 | 193.6 | 530.7 | 834.8 | 195.0 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 2,396.4 | 108.8 | 530.7 | 3,035.9 | 1,227.8 | 96.3 | 271.6 | 568.5 | 871.7 | 201.6 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 2,321.0 | 91.9 | 568.5 | 2,981.4 | 1,188.3 | 89.3 | 344.7 | 506.6 | 852.5 | 195.3 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Grain equivalent. 2/ Beginning June 1 of year indicated. 3/ Includes flour and other products expressed in wheat equivalent. 4/ Includes stocks on farms, in terminal markets, interior mills, elevators, warehouses, merchant mills, and CCC holdings. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Residual; includes feed use and negligible quantities used for distilled spirits. 7/ Bushels converted at 60 pounds.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 78—Wheat flour: Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | | Utilization | | | |
|--------|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Wheat ground | Mill-feed production | Flour produced 1/ | Flour and products imports 2/ | Total supply | Exports | | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | Flour | Products 2/ | Total | Per capita |
| | Millions | 1,000 bushels | 1,000 tons | 1,000 hundredweight | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 563,714 | 4,409 | 253,094 | 325 | 253,419 | 26,054 | 14 | 227,351 | 110.9 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 555,092 | 4,279 | 249,810 | 341 | 250,151 | 20,685 | 15 | 229,451 | 110.5 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 557,801 | 4,303 | 250,441 | 477 | 250,918 | 20,335 | 19 | 230,564 | 109.8 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 567,287 | 4,395 | 254,661 | 550 | 255,211 | 16,107 | 26 | 239,078 | 112.8 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 562,962 | 4,483 | 251,097 | 665 | 251,762 | 14,453 | 33 | 237,276 | 111.0 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 582,675 | 4,701 | 258,985 | 621 | 259,606 | 17,364 | 22 | 247,220 | 114.5 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 618,284 | 4,920 | 275,077 | 604 | 275,681 | 16,064 | 44 | 259,573 | 119.1 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 618,125 | 4,787 | 275,784 | 604 | 276,388 | 22,053 | 37 | 254,298 | 115.5 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 621,321 | 4,860 | 277,950 | 773 | 278,723 | 22,170 | 43 | 256,510 | 115.2 |
| 1979 | 225.050 | 636,375 | 4,945 | 284,051 | 823 | 284,874 | 22,927 | 86 | 261,861 | 116.4 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 628,559 | 4,866 | 282,655 | 904 | 283,559 | 17,378 | 54 | 266,127 | 116.9 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 634,381 | 5,045 | 283,966 | 1,166 | 285,132 | 18,655 | 84 | 266,393 | 115.8 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 653,206 | 5,228 | 290,907 | 1,496 | 292,403 | 20,926 | 154 | 271,323 | 116.9 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 698,951 | 5,655 | 311,587 | 1,590 | 313,177 | 37,315 | 150 | 275,712 | 117.7 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 675,274 | 5,426 | 299,832 | 2,028 | 301,860 | 20,179 | 162 | 281,519 | 119.1 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 700,151 | 5,556 | 313,815 | 2,087 | 315,902 | 18,614 | 143 | 297,145 | 124.6 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 737,537 | 5,799 | 326,316 | 2,252 | 328,568 | 26,160 | 124 | 302,284 | 125.6 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 767,507 | 6,260 | 341,565 | 2,663 | 344,228 | 28,880 | 144 | 315,204 | 129.8 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 769,699 | 6,163 | 344,154 | 2,727 | 346,881 | 24,097 | 185 | 322,599 | 131.7 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 761,021 | 6,072 | 342,762 | 3,337 | 346,099 | 25,265 | 180 | 320,654 | 129.6 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 788,188 | 6,109 | 354,348 | 3,623 | 357,971 | 18,872 | 273 | 338,826 | 135.6 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 808,966 | 6,436 | 362,311 | 4,070 | 366,381 | 20,044 | 440 | 345,897 | 136.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 833,339 | 6,707 | 370,829 | 5,037 | 375,866 | 20,711 | 619 | 354,536 | 138.8 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 871,408 | 6,963 | 387,419 | 6,233 | 393,652 | 23,241 | 548 | 369,863 | 143.3 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 884,707 | 7,186 | 392,519 | 9,048 | 401,567 | 24,234 | 734 | 376,599 | 144.5 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Commercial production of wheat flour, whole wheat, industrial, and durum flour and farina reported by the Bureau of Census. 2/ Macaroni and noodle products (flour equivalent); reporting methods changed in 1990.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 79--Rye: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Marketing year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| | | Production | Imports 3/ | Beginning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports 3/ | Nonfood use 6/ | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance 5/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total 7/ | Total 7/ | Flour 8/ |
| | Millions | ----- Million bushels ----- | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 36.8 | 1.1 | 29.3 | 67.2 | 0.1 | 20.8 | 40.8 | 5.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 49.2 | 0.3 | 40.8 | 90.3 | 5.4 | 25.0 | 54.6 | 5.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 28.3 | 0.2 | 54.6 | 83.1 | 0.2 | 24.5 | 53.5 | 4.9 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 24.7 | -- | 53.5 | 78.2 | 31.6 | 19.6 | 21.0 | 6.0 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 17.5 | -- | 21.0 | 38.5 | 8.7 | 12.3 | 11.6 | 5.9 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 15.9 | 0.7 | 11.6 | 28.2 | 1.0 | 13.4 | 9.1 | 4.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 14.9 | 0.7 | 9.1 | 24.7 | 0.2 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 3.9 | 1.0 | 0.8 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 16.5 | 0.1 | 8.9 | 25.5 | -- | 13.1 | 8.8 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 24.1 | 0.1 | 3.9 | 28.1 | 0.4 | 15.0 | 9.0 | 3.7 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 21.9 | -- | 9.0 | 30.9 | 2.4 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 3.5 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 16.0 | -- | 12.0 | 28.0 | 7.5 | 12.9 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 18.2 | 0.4 | 4.0 | 22.6 | 1.5 | 14.6 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 19.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 25.5 | 0.2 | 16.2 | 5.8 | 3.3 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 27.0 | 1.6 | 5.8 | 34.4 | 1.0 | 18.7 | 11.2 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 32.4 | 0.6 | 11.2 | 44.2 | 0.4 | 20.5 | 19.8 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 20.4 | 2.2 | 19.8 | 42.4 | 0.2 | 16.8 | 21.9 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 19.1 | 1.0 | 21.9 | 41.9 | 0.5 | 19.4 | 18.6 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 19.5 | 1.2 | 18.6 | 39.3 | 0.5 | 16.4 | 18.9 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 14.7 | 0.2 | 18.9 | 33.8 | 3.4 | 16.6 | 10.3 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 13.6 | -- | 10.3 | 23.9 | 0.8 | 14.0 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 10.2 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 19.7 | 0.2 | 12.7 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 9.7 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 17.5 | 0.1 | 12.4 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 11.4 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 16.0 | -- | 10.9 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 10.3 | 4.6 | 1.6 | 16.5 | -- | 11.9 | 1.0 | 3.6 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 11.3 | 4.4 | 1.0 | 16.7 | -- | 11.6 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 0.8 | 0.6 |

-- = Fewer than 50,000 bushels. P = Preliminary.

1/ Grain equivalent. 2/ Beginning June 1 of year indicated. 3/ Includes flour in terms of rye. 4/ Includes stocks on farms, at terminals, and in interior mills and elevators. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Residual; includes seed, feed, and negligible quantities used for distilled spirits. 7/ Bushels converted at 56 pounds. 8/ Factor for converting grain equivalent to flour is .80.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 80--Rice: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----------------------|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | Produc- tion 3/ | Imports | Beginning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. territories | Nonfood use 6/ | Ending stocks 4/ | Total rough basis | Disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Milled basis | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita | Milling rates 7/ |
| Millions | Million hundredweight | | | | | | | | | | Pounds | Percent | |
| 1970 | 203.849 | 90.8 | 1.3 | 16.2 | 108.3 | 56.9 | 4.6 | 11.5 | 16.4 | 18.9 | 13.7 | 6.7 | 72.3 |
| 1971 | 206.466 | 83.8 | 1.5 | 16.4 | 101.7 | 46.5 | 3.6 | 11.5 | 18.6 | 21.5 | 15.8 | 7.6 | 73.3 |
| 1972 | 208.917 | 85.8 | 1.1 | 18.6 | 105.5 | 56.9 | 5.4 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 20.1 | 14.7 | 7.0 | 72.9 |
| 1973 | 210.985 | 85.4 | 0.6 | 11.4 | 97.4 | 54.0 | 5.0 | 13.2 | 5.1 | 20.1 | 14.6 | 6.9 | 72.8 |
| 1974 | 212.932 | 92.8 | 0.2 | 5.1 | 98.1 | 49.7 | 3.8 | 14.5 | 7.8 | 22.3 | 16.0 | 7.5 | 71.7 |
| 1975 | 214.931 | 112.4 | 0.1 | 7.8 | 120.3 | 69.5 | 6.0 | 15.1 | 7.1 | 22.6 | 16.3 | 7.6 | 71.9 |
| 1976 | 217.095 | 128.4 | -- | 7.1 | 135.5 | 56.5 | 5.9 | 14.4 | 36.9 | 21.8 | 15.3 | 7.1 | 70.4 |
| 1977 | 219.179 | 115.6 | 0.1 | 36.9 | 152.6 | 65.6 | 6.4 | 17.3 | 40.5 | 22.8 | 16.4 | 7.5 | 72.1 |
| 1978 | 221.477 | 99.2 | 0.1 | 40.5 | 139.8 | 72.8 | 5.6 | 16.1 | 27.4 | 17.9 | 12.4 | 5.6 | 69.3 |
| 1979 | 223.865 | 133.2 | 0.1 | 27.4 | 160.7 | 75.7 | 4.0 | 19.7 | 31.6 | 29.7 | 21.0 | 9.4 | 70.7 |
| 1980 | 226.451 | 131.9 | 0.1 | 31.6 | 163.6 | 82.6 | 3.6 | 22.1 | 25.7 | 29.6 | 21.3 | 9.4 | 71.8 |
| 1981 | 228.937 | 146.2 | 0.2 | 25.7 | 172.1 | 91.4 | 3.9 | 25.8 | 16.5 | 34.5 | 25.0 | 10.9 | 72.5 |
| 1982 | 231.157 | 182.7 | 0.4 | 16.5 | 199.6 | 82.0 | 4.7 | 26.1 | 49.0 | 37.8 | 27.3 | 11.8 | 72.2 |
| 1983 | 233.322 | 153.6 | 0.7 | 49.0 | 203.3 | 68.9 | 5.1 | 25.3 | 71.5 | 32.5 | 23.1 | 9.9 | 71.2 |
| 1984 | 235.385 | 99.7 | 0.9 | 71.5 | 172.1 | 70.3 | 4.7 | 22.2 | 46.9 | 28.0 | 19.9 | 8.5 | 71.1 |
| 1985 | 237.468 | 138.8 | 1.6 | 46.9 | 187.3 | 62.1 | 4.6 | 25.3 | 64.7 | 30.6 | 21.3 | 9.0 | 69.6 |
| 1986 | 239.638 | 134.9 | 2.2 | 64.7 | 201.8 | 58.7 | 6.1 | 20.6 | 77.3 | 39.1 | 27.7 | 11.6 | 70.8 |
| 1987 | 241.784 | 133.4 | 2.6 | 77.3 | 213.3 | 84.2 | 5.4 | 24.9 | 51.4 | 47.4 | 33.7 | 14.0 | 71.2 |
| 1988 | 243.981 | 129.6 | 3.0 | 51.4 | 184.0 | 72.2 | 5.1 | 25.5 | 31.4 | 49.8 | 34.8 | 14.3 | 69.9 |
| 1989 | 246.224 | 159.9 | 3.8 | 31.4 | 195.1 | 85.9 | 5.1 | 25.1 | 26.7 | 52.3 | 37.4 | 15.2 | 71.5 |
| 1990 | 248.659 | 154.5 | 4.4 | 26.7 | 185.6 | 77.1 | 4.5 | 22.0 | 26.3 | 55.7 | 40.5 | 16.3 | 72.6 |
| 1991 | 251.360 | 156.1 | 4.8 | 26.3 | 187.2 | 71.0 | 5.1 | 27.9 | 24.6 | 58.6 | 42.2 | 16.8 | 72.0 |
| 1992 | 254.046 | 159.4 | 5.3 | 24.6 | 189.3 | 66.4 | 4.2 | 28.4 | 27.4 | 62.9 | 44.3 | 17.5 | 70.5 |
| 1993 | 256.866 | 179.7 | 6.1 | 27.4 | 213.2 | 77.0 | 4.6 | 27.8 | 39.4 | 64.4 | 45.1 | 17.6 | 70.0 |
| 1994 P | 259.487 | 156.1 | 6.9 | 39.4 | 202.4 | 75.2 | 4.6 | 30.2 | 25.8 | 66.6 | 49.3 | 19.0 | 74.0 |

-- = Less than 0.05 million hundredweight, or less than 5,000,000 pounds. P = Preliminary.

1/ Rough-equivalent. Includes milled rice converted to rough basis at annual extraction rate. 2/ Beginning August 1 of year preceding that indicated. 3/ Major rice-producing States only. 4/ Includes stocks on farms, at mills, in warehouses, in ports, and in transit. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Residual; includes seed, use in beer production, and statistical discrepancy caused by losses in storage, handling, and processing, and statistical errors in converting milled to a rough equivalent. 7/ The factor used to convert rough basis to milled basis, the rice milling rate, varies year-to-year based on the quality of the crop. Its estimation is derived from aggregate data furnished by the Rice Miller's Association, Monthly Statistical Statements.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 81—Corn: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year 2/ | U.S. total population 3/ | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports 4/ | Beginning stocks 5/ | Total supply | Exports 4/ | Nonfood use 6/ | Ending stocks 5/ | Food disappearance | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | | Per capita |
| | | | | | | | | | Million bushels | Million pounds 7/ | |
| Millions | Million bushels | | | | | | | | | Mill. lbs. | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 4,152.0 | 3.0 | 4,383.0 | 8,538.0 | 582.0 | 3,968.0 | 3,769.0 | 219.0 | 12,264.0 | 59.8 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 5,646.0 | 2.0 | 3,769.0 | 9,417.0 | 520.0 | 3,956.0 | 4,704.0 | 237.0 | 13,272.0 | 63.9 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 5,579.0 | 1.0 | 4,704.0 | 10,284.0 | 893.0 | 4,301.0 | 4,834.0 | 256.0 | 14,336.0 | 68.3 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 5,671.0 | 1.0 | 4,834.0 | 10,506.0 | 1,321.0 | 4,418.0 | 4,488.0 | 279.0 | 15,624.0 | 73.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 4,701.0 | 1.0 | 4,488.0 | 9,190.0 | 1,195.0 | 4,059.0 | 3,641.0 | 295.0 | 16,520.0 | 77.2 |
| 1975 2/ | 217.095 | 5,840.8 | 1.5 | 558.0 | 6,400.3 | 1,664.4 | 3,735.9 | 633.2 | 366.8 | 20,540.8 | 94.6 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 6,289.2 | 2.4 | 633.2 | 6,924.8 | 1,645.1 | 3,757.3 | 1,135.6 | 386.8 | 21,660.8 | 98.8 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 6,505.0 | 2.4 | 1,135.6 | 7,643.0 | 1,896.4 | 3,896.5 | 1,435.9 | 414.2 | 23,195.2 | 104.7 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 7,267.9 | 1.2 | 1,435.9 | 8,705.0 | 2,113.1 | 4,446.2 | 1,709.5 | 436.2 | 24,427.2 | 109.1 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 7,928.1 | 0.7 | 1,709.5 | 9,638.3 | 2,401.5 | 4,741.5 | 2,034.3 | 461.0 | 25,816.0 | 114.0 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 6,639.4 | 0.8 | 2,034.3 | 8,674.5 | 2,391.1 | 4,493.7 | 1,392.1 | 397.7 | 22,268.4 | 97.3 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 8,118.7 | 0.6 | 1,392.1 | 9,511.4 | 1,996.8 | 4,560.1 | 2,536.6 | 417.9 | 23,402.4 | 101.2 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 8,235.1 | 0.5 | 2,536.6 | 10,772.2 | 1,821.3 | 4,966.3 | 3,523.1 | 461.5 | 25,844.0 | 110.8 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 4,174.3 | 1.7 | 3,523.1 | 7,699.1 | 1,886.4 | 4,280.2 | 1,006.3 | 526.2 | 29,464.4 | 125.2 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 7,672.1 | 1.7 | 1,006.3 | 8,680.1 | 1,850.3 | 4,597.8 | 1,648.2 | 583.8 | 32,692.8 | 137.7 |
| 1985 | 239.636 | 8,875.5 | 9.9 | 1,648.2 | 10,533.6 | 1,227.3 | 4,649.3 | 4,039.5 | 617.5 | 34,580.0 | 144.3 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 8,225.8 | 1.8 | 4,039.5 | 12,267.1 | 1,492.5 | 5,242.8 | 4,881.7 | 650.1 | 36,405.6 | 150.6 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 7,131.3 | 3.4 | 4,881.7 | 12,016.4 | 1,716.4 | 5,363.0 | 4,259.1 | 677.9 | 37,962.4 | 155.6 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 4,928.7 | 2.8 | 4,259.1 | 9,190.6 | 2,025.8 | 4,544.0 | 1,930.4 | 690.5 | 38,665.2 | 157.0 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 7,532.0 | 1.9 | 1,930.4 | 9,464.3 | 2,368.2 | 5,041.1 | 1,344.5 | 710.5 | 39,788.0 | 160.0 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 7,934.0 | 3.4 | 1,344.5 | 9,281.9 | 1,724.6 | 5,308.3 | 1,521.2 | 727.8 | 40,756.8 | 162.1 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 7,474.8 | 19.6 | 1,521.2 | 9,015.6 | 1,584.1 | 5,577.7 | 1,100.3 | 753.6 | 42,198.8 | 166.1 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 9,476.7 | 7.1 | 1,100.3 | 10,584.1 | 1,663.3 | 6,026.3 | 2,113.0 | 781.5 | 43,764.8 | 170.4 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 6,336.5 | 20.8 | 2,113.0 | 8,470.3 | 1,328.3 | 5,472.1 | 850.1 | 819.8 | 45,906.6 | 176.9 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 10,103.0 | 10.0 | 850.1 | 10,963.1 | 2,177.5 | 6,379.6 | 1,558.0 | 848.1 | 47,490.8 | 181.3 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Grain equivalent. 2/ Years before 1975 are calendar years; 1975 and beyond are marketing years. 3/ Uses U.S. total population, July 1 before 1975, and January 1 of the year following that indicated for 1975 and beyond. 4/ Includes grain and primary products before 1975, but grain only in 1975 and thereafter. Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. 5/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, and processors. 6/ Residual; includes corn used for alcoholic beverages, industrial products, seed, and feed. 7/ Bushels converted at 56 pounds.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 82—Oats: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Marketing year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|-----------------|------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| | | Production | Imports 3/ | Beginning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports 3/ | Nonfood use 6/ | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance 5/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total 7/ | Total 7/ | Flour 8/ |
| | Millions | Million bushels | | | | | | Pounds | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 915.0 | 2.0 | 548.0 | 1,465.0 | 19.0 | 831.0 | 570.0 | 45.0 | 7.8 | 4.7 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 878.0 | 3.0 | 570.0 | 1,451.0 | 21.0 | 789.0 | 597.0 | 45.0 | 7.8 | 4.7 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 691.0 | 3.0 | 597.0 | 1,291.0 | 19.0 | 763.0 | 463.0 | 46.0 | 7.8 | 4.7 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 659.0 | 0.0 | 463.0 | 1,122.0 | 57.0 | 711.0 | 308.0 | 46.0 | 7.8 | 4.7 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 601.0 | 0.0 | 308.0 | 909.0 | 19.0 | 618.0 | 225.0 | 47.0 | 7.9 | 4.7 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 639.0 | 0.5 | 224.0 | 863.5 | 12.3 | 602.4 | 204.8 | 44.0 | 7.3 | 4.4 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 540.4 | 1.4 | 204.8 | 746.6 | 8.3 | 531.6 | 164.3 | 42.4 | 7.0 | 4.2 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 752.8 | 2.1 | 164.3 | 919.2 | 10.0 | 554.1 | 313.1 | 42.0 | 6.8 | 4.1 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 581.7 | 0.6 | 313.1 | 895.4 | 10.3 | 564.2 | 279.9 | 41.0 | 6.6 | 4.0 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 526.7 | 0.8 | 280.0 | 807.5 | 2.8 | 527.5 | 236.5 | 40.7 | 6.5 | 3.9 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 458.8 | 1.1 | 236.4 | 696.3 | 8.8 | 469.5 | 177.0 | 41.0 | 6.4 | 3.9 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 509.5 | 1.5 | 177.0 | 688.0 | 2.7 | 492.2 | 151.9 | 41.2 | 6.4 | 3.8 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 592.6 | 3.5 | 151.9 | 748.0 | 0.8 | 485.7 | 219.8 | 41.7 | 6.4 | 3.9 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 476.5 | 29.9 | 219.8 | 726.2 | 0.9 | 503.5 | 180.9 | 40.9 | 6.3 | 3.8 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 473.7 | 33.6 | 180.9 | 688.2 | 0.5 | 466.8 | 179.9 | 41.0 | 6.2 | 3.7 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 518.5 | 27.2 | 179.9 | 725.6 | 1.2 | 496.7 | 183.7 | 44.0 | 6.6 | 4.0 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 385.0 | 32.4 | 183.7 | 601.1 | 0.9 | 422.6 | 132.6 | 45.0 | 6.7 | 4.0 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 373.7 | 45.7 | 132.6 | 552.0 | 0.5 | 389.8 | 111.9 | 49.8 | 7.3 | 4.4 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 217.6 | 62.9 | 111.9 | 392.4 | 0.6 | 220.8 | 98.3 | 72.7 | 10.6 | 6.4 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 373.6 | 66.4 | 98.3 | 538.3 | 0.8 | 289.0 | 156.9 | 91.6 | 13.3 | 8.0 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 357.5 | 63.4 | 156.9 | 577.8 | 0.6 | 305.1 | 171.2 | 100.9 | 14.5 | 8.7 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 243.5 | 74.8 | 171.2 | 489.5 | 1.9 | 252.7 | 127.7 | 107.2 | 15.2 | 9.1 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 294.8 | 55.0 | 127.7 | 477.5 | 5.7 | 251.4 | 113.2 | 107.2 | 15.0 | 9.0 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 207.0 | 107.0 | 113.0 | 427.0 | 3.0 | 206.0 | 106.0 | 110.0 | 15.3 | 9.2 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 230.0 | 93.0 | 106.0 | 429.0 | 1.0 | 216.0 | 101.0 | 111.0 | 15.3 | 9.2 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Grain equivalent. 2/ Beginning June 1 of year indicated. 3/ Includes oats and oat products before 1975, but oats only in 1975 and thereafter. 4/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, and processors. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Feed, seed, alcohol, and residual. 7/ Bushels converted at 36 pounds. 8/ Factor for converting grain equivalent to oat products (includes rolled oats, ready-to-eat cereals, oat flour, and oat bran) is 0.60.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 83—Barley: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Marketing year 2/ | U.S. total population, January 1 of following year | Supply | | | | Utilization | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Production | Imports 3/ | Beginning stocks 4/ | Total supply 5/ | Exports 3/ | Nonfood use 6/ | Ending stocks 4/ | Food disappearance 5/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita | |
| | | | | | | | | | Total 7/ | Total 7/ | Flour 8/ |
| | Millions | ----- Million bushels ----- | | | | | | ----- Pounds ----- | | | |
| 1970 | 206.466 | 416.0 | 10.0 | 269.0 | 695.0 | 85.0 | 419.0 | 184.0 | 7.0 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1971 | 208.917 | 463.0 | 12.0 | 184.0 | 659.0 | 41.0 | 404.3 | 208.0 | 5.7 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| 1972 | 210.985 | 422.0 | 17.0 | 208.0 | 647.0 | 71.0 | 378.4 | 192.0 | 5.6 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| 1973 | 212.932 | 417.0 | 9.0 | 192.0 | 618.0 | 93.0 | 373.2 | 146.0 | 5.8 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| 1974 | 214.931 | 299.0 | 20.0 | 146.0 | 465.0 | 42.0 | 325.0 | 92.0 | 6.0 | 1.3 | 0.8 |
| 1975 | 217.095 | 379.2 | 12.6 | 92.0 | 483.8 | 22.8 | 326.1 | 128.4 | 6.5 | 1.4 | 0.9 |
| 1976 | 219.179 | 383.0 | 8.6 | 128.4 | 520.0 | 64.8 | 322.0 | 126.4 | 6.8 | 1.5 | 0.9 |
| 1977 | 221.477 | 427.8 | 6.4 | 126.4 | 560.6 | 55.5 | 325.1 | 173.1 | 6.9 | 1.5 | 0.9 |
| 1978 | 223.865 | 454.8 | 6.7 | 173.1 | 634.6 | 24.6 | 374.6 | 228.0 | 7.4 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1979 | 226.451 | 383.2 | 7.2 | 228.0 | 618.4 | 52.8 | 366.0 | 192.1 | 7.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1980 | 228.937 | 361.1 | 5.9 | 192.1 | 559.1 | 75.7 | 338.6 | 137.3 | 7.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1981 | 231.157 | 473.5 | 6.9 | 137.3 | 617.7 | 98.4 | 363.9 | 147.8 | 7.6 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1982 | 233.322 | 515.9 | 8.4 | 147.8 | 672.1 | 44.2 | 403.6 | 216.7 | 7.6 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1983 | 235.385 | 508.3 | 5.0 | 216.7 | 730.0 | 88.8 | 444.1 | 189.4 | 7.7 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1984 | 237.468 | 598.0 | 7.4 | 189.4 | 794.8 | 71.7 | 468.0 | 247.4 | 7.7 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1985 | 239.638 | 590.2 | 6.2 | 247.4 | 843.8 | 19.7 | 489.1 | 327.2 | 7.8 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1986 | 241.784 | 608.5 | 6.7 | 327.2 | 942.4 | 133.6 | 464.7 | 336.3 | 7.8 | 1.5 | 1.0 |
| 1987 | 243.981 | 521.5 | 11.3 | 336.3 | 869.1 | 121.0 | 419.1 | 321.1 | 7.9 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 1988 | 246.224 | 290.0 | 10.5 | 321.1 | 621.6 | 78.9 | 337.1 | 196.4 | 9.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| 1989 | 248.659 | 404.2 | 13.1 | 196.4 | 613.7 | 84.0 | 358.3 | 160.8 | 10.6 | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| 1990 | 251.360 | 422.2 | 13.5 | 160.8 | 596.5 | 80.6 | 368.6 | 135.4 | 11.9 | 2.3 | 1.4 |
| 1991 | 254.046 | 464.3 | 24.5 | 135.4 | 624.2 | 94.5 | 387.8 | 128.6 | 13.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 |
| 1992 | 256.866 | 455.0 | 11.4 | 128.6 | 595.0 | 80.3 | 348.9 | 151.2 | 14.6 | 2.7 | 1.7 |
| 1993 | 259.487 | 398.0 | 71.0 | 151.0 | 620.0 | 66.0 | 400.3 | 139.0 | 14.7 | 2.7 | 1.7 |
| 1994 P | 261.928 | 375.0 | 66.0 | 139.0 | 580.0 | 66.0 | 386.1 | 113.0 | 14.9 | 2.7 | 1.7 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Grain equivalent. 2/ Beginning June 1 of year indicated. 3/ Includes barley and barley products before 1975, but barley only in 1975 and thereafter. 4/ Includes stocks at mills, elevators, warehouses, terminals, and processors. 5/ Computed from unrounded data. 6/ Feed, seed, alcohol, and residual. 7/ Bushels converted at 48 pounds. 8/ Factor for converting grain equivalent to barley products (includes barley flour, pearl barley, and malt and malt extract used in food processing) is 0.63.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 84--Total cane and beet sugar: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | | | Utilization | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|-------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------|----------|---------------|--|
| | | Produc- tion | Receipts from offshore | | | Begin- ning stocks 2/ | Total supply 3/ | Exports 4/ | Net change in invisible stocks 5/ | Refining loss adjust- ment | Ending stocks 2/ | Domesic disappearance 3/ | | | | |
| | | | Foreign | Puerto Rico | Total | | | | | | | Nonfood use 6/ | Total | Food use | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita | |
| Millions | 1,000 short tons | | | | | | | | | | | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 5,874 | 5,296 | 353 | 5,649 | 2,869 | 14,392 | 66 | 185 | 60 | 2,835 | 83 | 11,163 | 20,865 | 101.8 | |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 5,815 | 5,587 | 144 | 5,731 | 2,835 | 14,381 | 89 | -7 | 70 | 2,823 | 61 | 11,345 | 21,206 | 102.1 | |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 6,015 | 5,459 | 149 | 5,608 | 2,823 | 14,446 | 50 | -21 | 45 | 2,823 | 62 | 11,467 | 21,471 | 102.3 | |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 6,061 | 5,329 | 79 | 5,408 | 2,823 | 14,292 | 26 | 91 | 69 | 2,646 | 31 | 11,429 | 21,383 | 100.8 | |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 5,662 | 5,770 | 157 | 5,927 | 2,646 | 14,235 | 72 | 305 | 51 | 2,854 | 8 | 10,945 | 20,458 | 95.7 | |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 6,300 | 3,882 | 96 | 3,978 | 2,854 | 13,132 | 216 | -277 | 35 | 2,856 | 0 | 10,302 | 19,256 | 89.2 | |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 6,798 | 4,658 | 203 | 4,861 | 2,856 | 14,515 | 76 | -24 | 72 | 3,498 | 0 | 10,893 | 20,361 | 93.4 | |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 6,089 | 6,138 | 102 | 6,240 | 3,498 | 15,827 | 35 | 188 | 14 | 4,491 | 0 | 11,099 | 20,746 | 94.2 | |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 5,602 | 4,683 | 52 | 4,735 | 4,491 | 14,828 | 48 | 29 | 108 | 3,754 | 0 | 10,889 | 20,353 | 91.4 | |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 5,793 | 5,027 | 47 | 5,074 | 3,754 | 14,621 | 73 | -12 | 103 | 3,701 | 0 | 10,756 | 20,105 | 89.3 | |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 5,736 | 4,495 | 178 | 4,673 | 3,701 | 14,110 | 689 | 72 | 78 | 3,082 | 0 | 10,189 | 19,045 | 83.6 | |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 6,224 | 5,025 | 49 | 5,074 | 3,082 | 14,380 | 1,191 | -94 | 53 | 3,461 | 0 | 9,769 | 18,260 | 79.4 | |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 5,934 | 2,964 | 80 | 3,044 | 3,461 | 12,439 | 137 | 28 | 53 | 3,068 | 0 | 9,153 | 17,108 | 73.7 | |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 5,680 | 3,080 | 67 | 3,147 | 3,068 | 11,895 | 300 | 141 | 72 | 2,570 | 0 | 8,812 | 16,471 | 70.3 | |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 5,890 | 3,444 | 24 | 3,468 | 2,570 | 11,928 | 447 | -18 | 58 | 3,005 | 8 | 8,428 | 15,753 | 66.7 | |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 5,967 | 2,797 | 36 | 2,833 | 3,005 | 11,805 | 481 | -69 | 122 | 3,126 | 142 | 8,003 | 14,959 | 62.7 | |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 6,267 | 2,223 | 31 | 2,254 | 3,126 | 11,647 | 582 | 51 | 28 | 3,225 | 30 | 7,731 | 14,450 | 60.0 | |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 7,309 | 1,546 | 12 | 1,558 | 3,225 | 12,092 | 604 | 145 | 18 | 3,195 | 27 | 8,103 | 15,146 | 62.4 | |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 7,087 | 1,386 | 19 | 1,407 | 3,195 | 11,689 | 458 | -58 | 12 | 3,132 | 9 | 8,136 | 15,207 | 62.1 | |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 6,841 | 1,913 | 12 | 1,925 | 3,132 | 11,898 | 614 | -11 | 38 | 2,947 | 6 | 8,304 | 15,521 | 62.8 | |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 6,334 | 2,765 | -- | 2,765 | 2,947 | 12,046 | 654 | -5 | 43 | 2,729 | 10 | 8,615 | 16,103 | 64.4 | |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 7,136 | 2,595 | -- | 2,595 | 2,729 | 12,460 | 795 | 12 | 40 | 3,039 | 12 | 8,622 | 16,116 | 63.8 | |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 7,501 | 2,254 | -- | 2,254 | 3,039 | 12,794 | 703 | 23 | -- | 3,225 | 17 | 8,826 | 16,497 | 64.6 | |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 7,824 | 2,016 | -- | 2,016 | 3,225 | 13,065 | 568 | 111 | -- | 3,486 | 14 | 8,886 | 16,609 | 64.3 | |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 7,618 | 1,771 | -- | 1,771 | 3,486 | 12,875 | 666 | 0 | -- | 3,136 | 12 | 9,061 | 16,936 | 65.0 | |

-- = Not available. P = Preliminary.

1/ Excludes the refined sugar contained in imported sugar blends and mixtures (particularly sugar-sweetened tea mixes, and flavored sugar, largely beverage bases). Deliveries by primary distributors for consumption in the United States can be derived by adding the net change in invisible stocks to quantities used for food. 2/ Stocks in hands of primary distributors (processors and importers). 3/ Computed from unrounded data. 4/ Includes shipments to Puerto Rico and deliveries of sugar for use in sugar-containing products for export under re-export program. 5/ Holdings of wholesalers, retailers, and industrial users. Negative number indicates a stock drawdown. Calculated as a residual. 6/ Includes use in polyhydric alcohol. In 1985, also includes use of 127,000 short tons in fuel ethanol. 7/ To convert raw value to refined sugar, divide by 1.07.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 85--High fructose corn syrup (HFCS): Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | | | Utilization | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|------------------|-------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|-------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------|-------|
| | | Production | | | Imports | Total supply 2/ | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. terri- tories | Non- food use | Food disappearance 2/ | | | | | | | | |
| | | HFCS -42 | HFCS -55 | Total | | | | | | Total | | | Total | | | Per capita | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | HFCS -42 | HFCS -55 | Total | HFCS -42 | HFCS -55 | Total | HFCS -42 | HFCS -55 | Total |
| | Millions | 1,000 short tons | | | | | | | | | | Mil. lbs. | | | Pounds | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 57 | 0 | 57 | 0 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 56 | 0 | 56 | 112 | 0 | 112 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 87 | 0 | 87 | 0 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 86 | 0 | 86 | 171 | 0 | 171 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.8 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 123 | 0 | 123 | 0 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 121 | 0 | 121 | 242 | 0 | 242 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 222 | 0 | 222 | 0 | 222 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 218 | 0 | 218 | 437 | 0 | 437 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 299 | 0 | 299 | 0 | 299 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 295 | 0 | 295 | 591 | 0 | 591 | 2.8 | 0.0 | 2.8 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 532 | 0 | 532 | 0 | 532 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 527 | 0 | 527 | 1,054 | 0 | 1,054 | 4.9 | 0.0 | 4.9 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 787 | 0 | 787 | 0 | 787 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 782 | 0 | 782 | 1,564 | 0 | 1,564 | 7.2 | 0.0 | 7.2 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 1,049 | 15 | 1,064 | 0 | 1,064 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1,042 | 15 | 1,057 | 2,084 | 30 | 2,114 | 9.5 | 0.1 | 9.6 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 1,108 | 100 | 1,208 | 0 | 1,208 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 1,099 | 99 | 1,198 | 2,198 | 199 | 2,397 | 9.9 | 0.9 | 10.8 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 1,374 | 300 | 1,674 | 0 | 1,674 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 1,362 | 298 | 1,660 | 2,724 | 595 | 3,320 | 12.1 | 2.6 | 14.8 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,555 | 626 | 2,181 | 0 | 2,181 | 7 | 1 | 14 | 1,538 | 621 | 2,158 | 3,075 | 1,241 | 4,317 | 13.5 | 5.5 | 19.0 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,622 | 1,052 | 2,674 | 1 | 2,675 | 6 | 2 | 42 | 1,591 | 1,034 | 2,626 | 3,183 | 2,069 | 5,251 | 13.8 | 9.0 | 22.8 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,630 | 1,507 | 3,137 | 5 | 3,142 | 1 | 4 | 47 | 1,604 | 1,486 | 3,090 | 3,208 | 2,972 | 6,180 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 26.6 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 1,673 | 1,958 | 3,641 | 79 | 3,720 | 2 | 10 | 53 | 1,663 | 1,992 | 3,655 | 3,327 | 3,984 | 7,311 | 14.2 | 17.0 | 31.2 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 1,731 | 2,602 | 4,333 | 132 | 4,465 | 4 | 15 | 46 | 1,730 | 2,669 | 4,399 | 3,460 | 5,338 | 8,798 | 14.6 | 22.6 | 37.2 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 1,839 | 3,422 | 5,262 | 187 | 5,449 | 3 | 19 | 41 | 1,847 | 3,539 | 5,386 | 3,695 | 7,077 | 10,772 | 15.5 | 29.7 | 45.2 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 1,864 | 3,472 | 5,336 | 228 | 5,564 | 4 | 17 | 45 | 1,870 | 3,628 | 5,498 | 3,740 | 7,257 | 10,996 | 15.5 | 30.2 | 45.7 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2,042 | 3,629 | 5,671 | 202 | 5,873 | 4 | 23 | 54 | 2,045 | 3,747 | 5,792 | 4,090 | 7,494 | 11,584 | 16.8 | 30.9 | 47.7 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2,360 | 3,571 | 5,931 | 183 | 6,115 | 12 | 24 | 80 | 2,333 | 3,665 | 5,998 | 4,666 | 7,331 | 11,997 | 19.0 | 29.9 | 49.0 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2,384 | 3,534 | 5,918 | 185 | 6,103 | 48 | 36 | 59 | 2,350 | 3,610 | 5,961 | 4,701 | 7,220 | 11,921 | 19.0 | 29.2 | 48.2 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2,551 | 3,699 | 6,251 | 178 | 6,428 | 131 | 31 | 68 | 2,542 | 3,656 | 6,198 | 5,084 | 7,312 | 12,396 | 20.3 | 29.3 | 49.6 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 2,661 | 3,779 | 6,441 | 159 | 6,600 | 129 | 33 | 68 | 2,702 | 3,667 | 6,369 | 5,405 | 7,334 | 12,739 | 21.4 | 29.0 | 50.4 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 2,797 | 3,856 | 6,653 | 193 | 6,846 | 100 | 31 | 62 | 2,801 | 3,852 | 6,652 | 5,601 | 7,703 | 13,304 | 21.9 | 30.2 | 52.1 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 2,936 | 4,177 | 7,113 | 189 | 7,302 | 114 | 42 | 68 | 2,892 | 4,187 | 7,079 | 5,783 | 8,374 | 14,158 | 22.4 | 32.4 | 54.8 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 3,027 | 4,484 | 7,511 | 137 | 7,648 | 125 | 35 | 67 | 3,001 | 4,420 | 7,421 | 6,002 | 8,840 | 14,841 | 23.0 | 33.9 | 56.9 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Dry weight. 2/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 86--Glucose syrup: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--|---------------------|-----------------------|--------|---------------|
| | | Pro- duction 2/ | Imports | Total supply 3/ | Net change in stocks 4/ | Total use 3/ | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. territories | Non- food use | Food disappearance 3/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | Total | Per capita |
| Millions | | 1,000 short tons | | | | | | | | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 1,477 | 0 | 1,477 | 2 | 1,475 | 6 | 0 | 43 | 1,426 | 2,852 | 13.9 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 1,518 | 0 | 1,518 | -39 | 1,557 | 6 | 0 | 52 | 1,498 | 2,997 | 14.4 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 1,650 | 0 | 1,650 | -32 | 1,682 | 6 | 0 | 57 | 1,619 | 3,238 | 15.4 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 1,851 | 0 | 1,851 | -1 | 1,852 | 6 | 0 | 72 | 1,774 | 3,548 | 16.7 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 2,063 | 0 | 2,063 | 81 | 1,982 | 8 | 0 | 67 | 1,907 | 3,813 | 17.8 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 2,081 | 1 | 2,082 | 57 | 2,025 | 5 | 0 | 60 | 1,959 | 3,918 | 18.1 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 1,970 | 2 | 1,971 | -56 | 2,027 | 8 | 1 | 69 | 1,950 | 3,899 | 17.9 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 2,054 | 0 | 2,054 | 26 | 2,028 | 5 | 1 | 79 | 1,944 | 3,887 | 17.7 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2,084 | 0 | 2,084 | 11 | 2,073 | 4 | 1 | 147 | 1,920 | 3,841 | 17.3 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 2,088 | 0 | 2,088 | 56 | 2,031 | 4 | 2 | 157 | 1,869 | 3,738 | 16.6 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 1,906 | 0 | 1,906 | -66 | 1,972 | 8 | 2 | 170 | 1,792 | 3,585 | 15.7 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 1,949 | 0 | 1,949 | -38 | 1,987 | 4 | 2 | 218 | 1,763 | 3,526 | 15.3 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 1,981 | 0 | 1,981 | 2 | 1,978 | 3 | 3 | 186 | 1,786 | 3,573 | 15.4 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 2,028 | 1 | 2,030 | -8 | 2,037 | 5 | 1 | 198 | 1,834 | 3,667 | 15.7 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2,089 | 1 | 2,090 | 18 | 2,072 | 2 | 0 | 187 | 1,883 | 3,765 | 15.9 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2,143 | 0 | 2,143 | -2 | 2,146 | 2 | 0 | 224 | 1,919 | 3,839 | 16.1 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2,177 | 3 | 2,180 | 1 | 2,179 | 2 | 0 | 224 | 1,952 | 3,905 | 16.2 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2,236 | 0 | 2,236 | -7 | 2,243 | 3 | 0 | 251 | 1,988 | 3,976 | 16.4 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2,327 | 0 | 2,327 | -19 | 2,346 | 14 | 1 | 292 | 2,039 | 4,078 | 16.6 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2,425 | 1 | 2,426 | -11 | 2,436 | 13 | 2 | 308 | 2,113 | 4,226 | 17.1 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2,561 | 2 | 2,563 | -14 | 2,577 | 19 | 3 | 341 | 2,213 | 4,427 | 17.7 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 2,710 | 9 | 2,719 | -20 | 2,740 | 35 | 3 | 366 | 2,337 | 4,673 | 18.5 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 2,878 | 13 | 2,891 | 35 | 2,856 | 30 | 2 | 357 | 2,467 | 4,934 | 19.3 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 2,966 | 15 | 2,981 | 14 | 2,966 | 33 | 3 | 356 | 2,574 | 5,148 | 19.9 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 3,072 | 12 | 3,084 | -11 | 3,095 | 39 | 3 | 393 | 2,660 | 5,321 | 20.4 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Dry weight. 2/ Includes estimates for glucose syrup solids and maltodextrin, as well as glucose syrup. 3/ Computed from unrounded numbers. 4/ A negative number indicates a stock drawdown; its absolute value is added to total supply to compute total use. A positive number indicates a stock buildup; it is subtracted from total supply.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 87--Dextrose: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|---------------|
| | | Pro- duction | Imports | Total supply 2/ | Net change in stocks 3/ | Total use 2/ | Exports | Ship- ments to U.S. territories | Non- food use | Food disappearance 2/ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | Total | Per capita |
| Millions | | 1,000 short tons | | | | | | | Mil. lbs. | Pounds | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 564 | 0 | 565 | -7 | 571 | 13 | 0 | 87 | 471 | 942 | 4.6 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 593 | 0 | 593 | 20 | 574 | 11 | 0 | 80 | 482 | 964 | 4.6 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 567 | 0 | 567 | -17 | 585 | 24 | 0 | 76 | 485 | 969 | 4.6 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 628 | 0 | 629 | 11 | 618 | 30 | 0 | 98 | 489 | 979 | 4.6 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 638 | 1 | 639 | 9 | 631 | 30 | 1 | 113 | 486 | 973 | 4.5 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 590 | 2 | 592 | 2 | 589 | 30 | 2 | 85 | 473 | 946 | 4.4 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 584 | 0 | 584 | 3 | 581 | 25 | 4 | 100 | 452 | 904 | 4.1 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 561 | 0 | 561 | -5 | 566 | 22 | 5 | 110 | 429 | 857 | 3.9 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 554 | 0 | 555 | -4 | 559 | 16 | 7 | 125 | 410 | 821 | 3.7 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 539 | 0 | 539 | -6 | 545 | 21 | 6 | 119 | 399 | 798 | 3.5 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 548 | 0 | 548 | 6 | 542 | 25 | 3 | 120 | 393 | 787 | 3.5 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 523 | 0 | 523 | -8 | 531 | 24 | 3 | 115 | 390 | 779 | 3.4 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 493 | 0 | 493 | -2 | 495 | 14 | 1 | 88 | 392 | 783 | 3.4 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 494 | 3 | 497 | -2 | 499 | 13 | 1 | 87 | 398 | 796 | 3.4 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 511 | 10 | 522 | 3 | 519 | 15 | 3 | 94 | 408 | 816 | 3.5 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 498 | 12 | 510 | -7 | 516 | 8 | 0 | 90 | 418 | 836 | 3.5 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 527 | 7 | 535 | 5 | 529 | 9 | 0 | 89 | 430 | 861 | 3.6 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 553 | 5 | 558 | -1 | 559 | 15 | 0 | 102 | 441 | 882 | 3.6 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 594 | 5 | 599 | 0 | 599 | 33 | 0 | 114 | 452 | 904 | 3.7 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 609 | 5 | 614 | -6 | 620 | 31 | 2 | 123 | 465 | 930 | 3.8 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 645 | 6 | 650 | 3 | 648 | 41 | 2 | 124 | 480 | 960 | 3.8 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 658 | 6 | 664 | 14 | 650 | 46 | 3 | 110 | 491 | 982 | 3.9 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 642 | 5 | 647 | -10 | 656 | 33 | 4 | 125 | 494 | 989 | 3.9 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 669 | 4 | 673 | -3 | 676 | 24 | 5 | 146 | 502 | 1,003 | 3.9 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 701 | 5 | 706 | -4 | 710 | 34 | 5 | 158 | 515 | 1,029 | 3.9 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Dry weight. 2/ Computed from unrounded numbers. 3/ A negative number indicates a stock drawdown; its absolute value is added to total supply to compute total use. A positive number indicates a stock buildup; it is subtracted from total supply.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 88--Coffee: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | |
|----------|--|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports 2/ | Total supply | Net change in stocks 3/ | Total use | Exports | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| Millions | | Million pounds | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 6 | 2,667 | 2,673 | -161 | 2,834 | 39 | 2,795 | 13.6 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 6 | 2,942 | 2,946 | 186 | 2,760 | 36 | 2,724 | 13.1 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 6 | 2,874 | 2,880 | -44 | 2,922 | 53 | 2,869 | 13.7 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 4 | 2,977 | 2,980 | 63 | 2,917 | 64 | 2,853 | 13.5 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 4 | 2,603 | 2,605 | -182 | 2,787 | 52 | 2,735 | 12.8 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 3 | 2,767 | 2,769 | 71 | 2,698 | 72 | 2,626 | 12.2 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 2 | 2,718 | 2,720 | -66 | 2,786 | 55 | 2,731 | 12.5 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 2 | 1,992 | 1,994 | -148 | 2,142 | 81 | 2,061 | 9.4 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 2 | 2,495 | 2,497 | 87 | 2,410 | 63 | 2,347 | 10.5 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 2 | 2,656 | 2,658 | 23 | 2,635 | 83 | 2,552 | 11.3 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 2 | 2,443 | 2,445 | 42 | 2,403 | 65 | 2,338 | 10.3 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 2 | 2,248 | 2,250 | -121 | 2,371 | 73 | 2,298 | 10.0 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 2 | 2,352 | 2,354 | -8 | 2,362 | 60 | 2,302 | 9.9 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 2 | 2,439 | 2,441 | 35 | 2,406 | 50 | 2,356 | 10.1 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 2 | 2,411 | 2,413 | -50 | 2,463 | 45 | 2,418 | 10.2 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 2 | 2,551 | 2,553 | 11 | 2,542 | 43 | 2,499 | 10.5 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 2 | 2,644 | 2,646 | 73 | 2,573 | 45 | 2,528 | 10.5 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 2 | 2,690 | 2,692 | 163 | 2,529 | 47 | 2,482 | 10.2 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 2 | 2,072 | 2,074 | -372 | 2,446 | 42 | 2,404 | 9.8 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 2 | 2,686 | 2,689 | 140 | 2,549 | 57 | 2,492 | 10.1 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 2 | 2,716 | 2,719 | 81 | 2,638 | 54 | 2,584 | 10.3 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 3 | 2,555 | 2,557 | -118 | 2,675 | 61 | 2,614 | 10.3 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 3 | 2,943 | 2,945 | 288 | 2,658 | 96 | 2,561 | 10.0 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 3 | 2,445 | 2,448 | -17 | 2,464 | 118 | 2,346 | 9.1 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 2 | 2,048 | 2,053 | -224 | 2,277 | 145 | 2,132 | 8.2 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Green bean equivalent. 2/ Excludes re-exports of green coffee to foreign countries. 3/ A negative number indicates a stock drawdown; its absolute value is added to total supply to compute total use. A positive number indicates a stock buildup; it is subtracted from total supply.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 89--Tea: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | Utilization | | | | |
|----------|--|----------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Total supply | Net change in stocks 2/ | Total use | Exports | Food disappearance | |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Per capita |
| Millions | | Million pounds | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 0 | 137 | 137 | -13 | 150 | 1 | 149 | 0.73 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 0 | 175 | 175 | 14 | 161 | 1 | 160 | 0.77 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 0 | 151 | 151 | -13 | 164 | 1 | 163 | 0.78 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 0 | 173 | 173 | 5 | 168 | 1 | 167 | 0.79 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 0 | 178 | 178 | 7 | 171 | 1 | 170 | 0.79 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 0 | 159 | 159 | -15 | 174 | 2 | 172 | 0.80 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 0 | 181 | 181 | 1 | 180 | 1 | 179 | 0.82 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 0 | 202 | 202 | 24 | 178 | 2 | 176 | 0.80 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 0 | 152 | 152 | -25 | 177 | 5 | 172 | 0.77 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 0 | 175 | 175 | 4 | 171 | 5 | 166 | 0.74 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 0 | 185 | 185 | 2 | 183 | 5 | 178 | 0.78 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 0 | 190 | 190 | 8 | 182 | 5 | 177 | 0.77 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 0 | 170 | 170 | -7 | 177 | 5 | 172 | 0.74 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 0 | 171 | 171 | -8 | 179 | 5 | 174 | 0.74 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 0 | 195 | 195 | 11 | 184 | 5 | 179 | 0.76 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 0 | 177 | 177 | -8 | 185 | 5 | 180 | 0.75 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 0 | 200 | 200 | 11 | 189 | 7 | 182 | 0.76 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 0 | 171 | 171 | -15 | 186 | 6 | 180 | 0.74 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 0 | 199 | 199 | 11 | 188 | 6 | 182 | 0.74 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 0 | 193 | 193 | 3 | 191 | 11 | 180 | 0.73 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 0 | 178 | 178 | -11 | 189 | 11 | 178 | 0.71 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 0 | 195 | 195 | -3 | 199 | 16 | 183 | 0.72 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 0 | 221 | 221 | 12 | 209 | 18 | 191 | 0.75 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 0 | 214 | 214 | -7 | 221 | 28 | 194 | 0.75 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 0 | 231 | 231 | 8 | 223 | 29 | 194 | 0.75 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Dry leaf equivalent. 2/ Estimated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. A negative number indicates a stock drawdown; its absolute value is added to total supply to compute total use. A positive number indicates a stock buildup; it is subtracted from total supply.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 90--Cocoa: Supply and utilization, 1970-94 1/

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Supply | | | Utilization | | | Food disappearance | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | Production | Imports | Total supply | Net change in stocks 2/ | Total use | Exports | Total | Per capita |
| | | | | | | | | Total | Pounds |
| | Millions | ----- Million pounds ----- | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 0 | 840 | 840 | 27 | 813 | 16 | 797 | 3.9 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 0 | 907 | 907 | 81 | 826 | 14 | 812 | 3.9 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 0 | 933 | 933 | 4 | 929 | 16 | 913 | 4.3 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 0 | 814 | 814 | -79 | 893 | 20 | 873 | 4.1 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 0 | 725 | 725 | -77 | 802 | 20 | 782 | 3.7 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 0 | 756 | 756 | 43 | 713 | 16 | 697 | 3.2 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 0 | 833 | 833 | 2 | 831 | 19 | 812 | 3.7 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 0 | 695 | 695 | -55 | 750 | 23 | 727 | 3.3 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 0 | 856 | 856 | 84 | 772 | 27 | 745 | 3.3 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 0 | 748 | 748 | -25 | 773 | 24 | 749 | 3.3 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 0 | 713 | 713 | -84 | 797 | 30 | 767 | 3.4 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 0 | 944 | 944 | 89 | 855 | 31 | 824 | 3.6 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 0 | 849 | 849 | -53 | 902 | 36 | 866 | 3.7 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 0 | 967 | 967 | 6 | 961 | 29 | 932 | 4.0 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 0 | 999 | 999 | -53 | 1,052 | 41 | 1,011 | 4.3 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 0 | 1,235 | 1,235 | 99 | 1,136 | 29 | 1,107 | 4.6 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 0 | 1,119 | 1,119 | -46 | 1,165 | 17 | 1,148 | 4.8 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 0 | 1,266 | 1,266 | 74 | 1,192 | 25 | 1,167 | 4.8 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 0 | 1,162 | 1,162 | -54 | 1,216 | 51 | 1,165 | 4.8 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 0 | 1,211 | 1,211 | -109 | 1,321 | 97 | 1,224 | 4.9 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 0 | 1,552 | 1,552 | 66 | 1,486 | 136 | 1,350 | 5.4 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 0 | 1,646 | 1,646 | 70 | 1,577 | 128 | 1,449 | 5.7 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 0 | 1,610 | 1,610 | 0 | 1,610 | 151 | 1,459 | 5.7 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 0 | 1,690 | 1,690 | 92 | 1,599 | 190 | 1,409 | 5.5 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 0 | 1,381 | 1,381 | -130 | 1,511 | 184 | 1,326 | 5.1 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Includes the cocoa bean equivalent of such semiprocessed products as cocoa butter and sweetened chocolate. 2/ A negative number indicates a stock drawdown; its absolute value is added to total supply to compute total use. A positive number indicates a stock buildup; it is subtracted from total supply.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 91--Spices and herbs: Supply and utilization, 1970-94

| Year | U.S. total population, July 1 | Production | | | Supply | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|----------------|
| | | Mustard seed 1/ | Dried chile peppers 2/ | Total | Imports for consumption 3/ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Anise seed | Dried capsicum peppers | Caraway seed | Cassia and Cinnamon 4/ | Celery seed | Cloves 5/ | Coriander seed |
| Millions | | 1,000 pounds | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 205.052 | 27,126 | 29,280 | 56,406 | 350 | 14,010 | 7,424 | 8,552 | 4,018 | 2,105 | 3,088 |
| 1971 | 207.661 | 28,976 | 27,560 | 56,536 | 540 | 13,842 | 6,099 | 14,136 | 4,205 | 3,027 | 2,787 |
| 1972 | 209.896 | 30,825 | 36,980 | 67,805 | 740 | 13,260 | 7,292 | 14,020 | 3,713 | 2,896 | 3,499 |
| 1973 | 211.909 | 32,675 | 35,320 | 67,995 | 696 | 13,585 | 3,916 | 16,500 | 3,340 | 1,887 | 3,811 |
| 1974 | 213.854 | 34,524 | 42,920 | 77,444 | 527 | 14,020 | 4,821 | 16,376 | 4,642 | 3,447 | 3,938 |
| 1975 | 215.973 | 34,905 | 43,980 | 78,885 | 890 | 9,076 | 5,416 | 12,904 | 4,291 | 2,308 | 5,447 |
| 1976 | 218.035 | 35,287 | 48,740 | 84,027 | 1,054 | 11,469 | 6,162 | 18,470 | 3,235 | 1,956 | 6,299 |
| 1977 | 220.239 | 35,668 | 56,980 | 92,648 | 831 | 9,107 | 5,995 | 21,417 | 4,193 | 2,718 | 5,526 |
| 1978 | 222.585 | 36,049 | 53,180 | 89,229 | 1,078 | 9,840 | 6,810 | 18,970 | 4,761 | 2,524 | 9,433 |
| 1979 | 225.055 | 32,638 | 59,960 | 92,598 | 1,085 | 11,515 | 7,906 | 21,171 | 4,739 | 2,912 | 7,277 |
| 1980 | 227.726 | 29,226 | 70,220 | 99,446 | 1,177 | 11,397 | 6,838 | 22,026 | 4,594 | 2,106 | 8,553 |
| 1981 | 229.966 | 25,815 | 79,580 | 105,395 | 1,156 | 11,725 | 6,683 | 20,571 | 4,499 | 2,082 | 10,281 |
| 1982 | 232.188 | 22,403 | 67,520 | 89,923 | 1,366 | 13,010 | 7,916 | 21,128 | 4,319 | 2,440 | 9,902 |
| 1983 | 234.307 | 23,419 | 70,501 | 93,920 | 1,439 | 15,958 | 7,362 | 22,506 | 5,095 | 1,479 | 9,223 |
| 1984 | 236.348 | 24,435 | 74,560 | 98,995 | 1,896 | 17,306 | 8,758 | 30,662 | 4,796 | 2,361 | 13,978 |
| 1985 | 238.466 | 25,450 | 79,860 | 105,310 | 2,135 | 16,466 | 7,931 | 27,994 | 5,618 | 2,475 | 5,438 |
| 1986 | 240.651 | 26,466 | 88,200 | 114,666 | 1,854 | 16,696 | 7,662 | 26,877 | 5,712 | 1,916 | 6,981 |
| 1987 | 242.804 | 17,324 | 88,944 | 106,268 | 2,626 | 20,392 | 8,629 | 32,426 | 4,272 | 2,239 | 7,258 |
| 1988 | 245.021 | 17,179 | 92,084 | 109,263 | 1,709 | 22,301 | 6,211 | 23,465 | 4,965 | 2,554 | 13,047 |
| 1989 | 247.342 | 17,033 | 106,592 | 123,625 | 2,438 | 41,163 | 7,597 | 32,620 | 6,396 | 2,501 | 5,330 |
| 1990 | 249.911 | 16,888 | 134,570 | 151,458 | 2,170 | 43,992 | 6,800 | 24,077 | 4,856 | 4,080 | 4,763 |
| 1991 | 252.643 | 16,743 | 130,570 | 147,313 | 2,448 | 38,703 | 8,151 | 31,586 | 5,850 | 2,514 | 5,371 |
| 1992 | 255.407 | 14,504 | 154,062 | 168,566 | 2,267 | 59,318 | 7,207 | 34,336 | 5,878 | 2,548 | 5,101 |
| 1993 | 258.120 | 12,382 | 149,736 | 162,118 | 2,950 | 51,767 | 8,565 | 31,797 | 6,851 | 2,745 | 4,794 |
| 1994 P | 260.651 | 12,998 | 130,400 | 143,398 | 2,844 | 49,275 | 8,356 | 35,114 | 5,962 | 2,907 | 5,287 |
| Supply--continued | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Imports for consumption 3/--continued | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Curmin seed | Fennel seed | Ginger root | Mace | Mustard seed | Nutmeg | Paprika | Pepper, black and white | Pimento (allspice) | Poppy seed | Sage | |
| 1,000 pounds | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 5,240 | 978 | 5,209 | 517 | 85,322 | 3,934 | 12,665 | 47,847 | 1,565 | 6,593 | 2,336 |
| 1971 | 5,145 | 1,235 | 4,475 | 578 | 96,979 | 3,629 | 9,432 | 59,275 | 888 | 4,897 | 2,810 |
| 1972 | 7,423 | 1,251 | 5,895 | 590 | 105,661 | 4,734 | 13,915 | 52,274 | 1,359 | 7,741 | 3,249 |
| 1973 | 6,771 | 1,458 | 6,950 | 582 | 79,392 | 4,318 | 14,309 | 55,437 | 1,319 | 5,404 | 3,552 |
| 1974 | 6,456 | 1,384 | 6,977 | 570 | 81,266 | 4,215 | 26,091 | 56,140 | 1,721 | 4,092 | 2,845 |
| 1975 | 5,526 | 1,671 | 6,167 | 448 | 78,163 | 3,807 | 14,557 | 55,061 | 1,285 | 4,474 | 2,348 |
| 1976 | 7,388 | 1,923 | 8,317 | 668 | 91,269 | 4,267 | 13,441 | 58,428 | 1,724 | 5,597 | 2,879 |
| 1977 | 7,536 | 1,491 | 7,326 | 453 | 73,185 | 4,145 | 10,388 | 58,370 | 1,450 | 9,197 | 3,075 |
| 1978 | 7,360 | 1,997 | 7,918 | 565 | 74,431 | 4,686 | 11,035 | 62,946 | 1,875 | 5,918 | 2,887 |
| 1979 | 12,793 | 2,553 | 9,483 | 583 | 63,219 | 5,305 | 12,274 | 60,071 | 1,075 | 5,213 | 3,244 |
| 1980 | 7,993 | 2,616 | 9,195 | 470 | 70,287 | 4,527 | 7,761 | 72,389 | 1,621 | 5,866 | 4,306 |
| 1981 | 10,420 | 3,122 | 9,653 | 1,119 | 82,304 | 4,856 | 9,919 | 68,600 | 1,879 | 6,266 | 3,299 |
| 1982 | 8,889 | 3,042 | 10,594 | 493 | 75,383 | 5,394 | 9,015 | 67,490 | 1,158 | 7,305 | 3,210 |
| 1983 | 7,039 | 3,840 | 8,028 | 620 | 77,412 | 4,602 | 11,111 | 69,756 | 1,676 | 6,836 | 3,376 |
| 1984 | 9,700 | 4,379 | 9,915 | 517 | 92,217 | 4,455 | 14,726 | 84,480 | 1,915 | 9,581 | 4,182 |
| 1985 | 8,688 | 3,545 | 12,404 | 690 | 99,735 | 4,701 | 19,062 | 71,101 | 1,540 | 7,847 | 4,405 |
| 1986 | 7,300 | 4,490 | 10,764 | 423 | 96,098 | 3,755 | 12,379 | 83,206 | 1,424 | 10,558 | 4,660 |
| 1987 | 10,359 | 5,292 | 10,744 | 699 | 114,804 | 4,730 | 11,612 | 80,118 | 1,919 | 8,325 | 4,388 |
| 1988 | 8,103 | 3,847 | 10,291 | 367 | 103,130 | 3,354 | 10,738 | 69,611 | 1,976 | 8,141 | 3,655 |
| 1989 | 10,378 | 6,195 | 11,911 | 648 | 117,900 | 2,635 | 9,252 | 83,232 | 2,487 | 9,172 | 4,505 |
| 1990 | 10,297 | 6,400 | 15,764 | 652 | 137,912 | 3,772 | 9,078 | 86,940 | 2,231 | 7,396 | 3,652 |
| 1991 | 8,850 | 5,454 | 17,971 | 400 | 139,112 | 4,097 | 8,564 | 97,999 | 2,302 | 10,998 | 4,991 |
| 1992 | 14,187 | 6,954 | 18,515 | 485 | 140,945 | 3,715 | 6,784 | 102,971 | 1,899 | 10,762 | 5,323 |
| 1993 | 11,532 | 5,966 | 18,125 | 497 | 136,925 | 4,070 | 9,085 | 92,693 | 2,530 | 11,381 | 4,063 |
| 1994 P | 15,044 | 6,197 | 32,603 | 341 | 168,766 | 5,178 | 9,909 | 109,434 | 2,227 | 12,386 | 4,233 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued--

Table 91--Spices and herbs: Supply and utilization, 1970-94--continued

| Year | Supply--continued | | | | | Utilization | | | | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | Imports for consumption 3/--continued | | | | | Total use | Domestic exports | Shipments to Puerto Rico | Apparent domestic food consumption | |
| | Sesame seed | Tumeric | Vanilla beans | Other spices 6/ | Total net imports | | | | Total | Per capita |
| | ----- 1,000 pounds ----- | | | | | | | | | Pounds |
| 1970 | 42,661 | 4,214 | 2,239 | 9,730 | 270,597 | 327,003 | 7,956 | 1,089 | 317,958 | 1.6 |
| 1971 | 45,442 | 3,137 | 1,855 | 7,844 | 292,257 | 348,793 | 5,575 | 1,154 | 342,064 | 1.6 |
| 1972 | 47,220 | 3,413 | 2,366 | 9,700 | 312,211 | 380,016 | 6,730 | 1,000 | 372,286 | 1.8 |
| 1973 | 52,804 | 2,353 | 2,357 | 9,527 | 290,268 | 358,263 | 7,202 | 956 | 350,105 | 1.7 |
| 1974 | 57,260 | 3,490 | 2,153 | 9,554 | 311,985 | 389,429 | 9,066 | 879 | 379,484 | 1.8 |
| 1975 | 44,639 | 2,577 | 2,122 | 9,586 | 272,763 | 351,648 | 6,861 | 1,010 | 343,777 | 1.6 |
| 1976 | 63,159 | 3,520 | 2,236 | 10,333 | 323,794 | 407,821 | 8,093 | 1,252 | 398,476 | 1.8 |
| 1977 | 63,516 | 2,461 | 3,425 | 10,214 | 306,019 | 398,667 | 9,691 | 1,218 | 387,758 | 1.8 |
| 1978 | 70,547 | 4,055 | 2,613 | 8,666 | 320,915 | 410,144 | 25,038 | 2,522 | 382,584 | 1.7 |
| 1979 | 70,766 | 3,395 | 1,095 | 10,140 | 317,814 | 410,412 | 23,632 | 2,045 | 384,735 | 1.7 |
| 1980 | 69,602 | 3,415 | 756 | 13,801 | 331,296 | 430,742 | 21,014 | 2,316 | 407,412 | 1.8 |
| 1981 | 83,673 | 4,106 | 1,411 | 16,616 | 364,240 | 469,635 | 20,033 | 2,300 | 447,302 | 1.9 |
| 1982 | 73,221 | 3,537 | 1,948 | 27,871 | 358,631 | 448,554 | 22,172 | 2,361 | 424,021 | 1.8 |
| 1983 | 94,333 | 3,528 | 2,155 | 33,803 | 391,177 | 485,097 | 25,880 | 2,319 | 456,398 | 1.9 |
| 1984 | 81,038 | 3,944 | 1,855 | 31,796 | 434,477 | 533,472 | 26,206 | 2,117 | 505,149 | 2.1 |
| 1985 | 82,307 | 4,630 | 1,638 | 30,666 | 421,016 | 526,326 | 19,420 | 1,625 | 505,281 | 2.1 |
| 1986 | 80,061 | 4,422 | 2,311 | 37,653 | 427,202 | 541,868 | 28,937 | 2,749 | 510,182 | 2.1 |
| 1987 | 80,507 | 4,258 | 3,059 | 37,320 | 455,976 | 562,244 | 31,513 | 2,479 | 528,252 | 2.2 |
| 1988 | 73,074 | 3,598 | 2,682 | 40,826 | 417,645 | 526,908 | 31,673 | 2,694 | 492,541 | 2.0 |
| 1989 | 89,317 | 4,734 | 2,441 | 55,189 | 508,091 | 631,716 | 40,622 | 11,543 | 579,552 | 2.3 |
| 1990 | 94,531 | 3,728 | 2,150 | 64,450 | 539,691 | 691,149 | 63,547 | 14,669 | 612,932 | 2.5 |
| 1991 | 80,381 | 4,121 | 2,889 | 59,263 | 542,014 | 689,327 | 63,892 | 6,468 | 618,968 | 2.4 |
| 1992 | 77,317 | 5,745 | 2,775 | 56,311 | 571,343 | 739,909 | 68,687 | 3,968 | 667,254 | 2.5 |
| 1993 | 81,199 | 4,392 | 2,936 | 66,709 | 561,572 | 723,690 | 80,638 | 2,790 | 640,262 | 2.5 |
| 1994 P | 89,321 | 3,815 | 2,744 | 74,792 | 646,736 | 790,134 | 89,203 | 2,173 | 698,757 | 2.7 |

P = Preliminary.

1/ Production in preceding year minus estimated quantity used for seed. 2/ California and beginning 1976, New Mexico. 3/ Imports for consumption of specified ground and unground condiments, as reported by the Department of Commerce. 4/ Includes cassia, cassia buds, and cass vera. 5/ Includes stems. 6/ Includes basil, cardamom seeds, capers, curry and curry powder products, dill, fenugreek seeds, laurel (bay) leaves, marjoram, mint leaves, origanum, parsley, rosemary, savory, thyme, mixed spices, and other spices and spice seeds (ground and unground) not individually reported. Includes shipments from Puerto Rico.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 92--Import share of food disappearance for selected foods, selected years 1/

| Item | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Percent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red meat | 6.5 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 7.3 |
| Beef | 8.8 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 9.5 |
| Veal | 5.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 6.6 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Pork | 3.3 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| Lamb | 9.5 | 8.6 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 9.4 | 10.9 | 12.2 | 13.3 | 11.9 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 12.7 | 13.9 | 14.2 |
| Fish and shellfish 2/ | 45.3 | 47.5 | 50.5 | 52.3 | 50.5 | 53.8 | 55.1 | 57.1 | 55.3 | 56.3 | 56.3 | 58.8 | 56.0 | 54.6 | 55.3 |
| Fresh and frozen 3/ | 56.8 | 61.7 | 63.7 | 66.8 | 61.5 | 62.8 | 65.9 | 67.4 | 63.9 | 62.3 | 65.8 | 66.4 | 62.3 | 63.0 | 62.7 |
| Canned 4/ | 21.6 | 19.5 | 22.6 | 23.6 | 27.5 | 34.9 | 34.0 | 34.1 | 35.9 | 42.4 | 36.0 | 41.7 | 40.2 | 33.1 | 35.9 |
| Eggs | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.5 | 0.6 | -- | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | -- | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Dairy products 5/ | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Cheese 6/ | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| American | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| Other | 11.9 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.4 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 7.9 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk | -- | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.5 |
| Nonfat dry milk | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Fats and oils: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Butter | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| Salad and cooking oils 7/ | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.4 |
| Fresh fruits | 27.2 | 28.9 | 30.6 | 28.2 | 30.4 | 33.3 | 34.7 | 32.7 | 32.0 | 33.4 | 35.1 | 38.0 | 36.5 | 35.3 | 37.3 |
| Citrus 8/ | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 7.1 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 5.7 |
| Apples | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.4 |
| Bananas | 100.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 99.8 |
| Grapes | 13.6 | 21.5 | 20.9 | 24.4 | 29.6 | 28.3 | 31.5 | 39.7 | 34.4 | 40.5 | 37.6 | 37.6 | 38.9 | 37.2 | 40.6 |
| Other 9/ | 6.4 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 9.4 | 11.9 | 11.1 | 12.0 | 14.7 | 17.9 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 18.1 | 19.8 |
| Frozen noncitrus fruit | 13.4 | 9.9 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 9.6 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 8.7 | 5.8 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 6.5 | NA | NA |
| Fresh vegetables | 7.6 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 8.6 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 9.6 | 9.8 |
| Artichokes | 20.6 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 25.0 | 27.5 | 23.2 | 29.5 | 26.3 | 23.1 | 24.4 | 25.7 | 22.3 | 28.3 | 33.5 | 40.7 |
| Asparagus | 10.8 | 12.3 | 18.4 | 20.0 | 14.9 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 20.7 | 22.7 | 24.4 | 29.8 | 34.4 | 37.7 | 46.9 | 43.6 |
| Broccoli | 0.2 | 0.2 | -- | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 3.1 |
| Brussel sprouts | 14.0 | 16.3 | 17.5 | 21.1 | 29.7 | 28.8 | 21.5 | 43.8 | 30.3 | 32.7 | 30.7 | 21.6 | 38.9 | 30.0 | 21.3 |
| Cabbage | 1.6 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 6.9 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Carrots | 7.8 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 8.3 | 10.2 | 9.5 | 7.4 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 7.7 |
| Cauliflower | 2.8 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.9 |
| Celery | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| Sweet corn | 0.1 | -- | -- | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Cucumbers | 36.0 | 40.7 | 31.3 | 36.7 | 35.3 | 36.3 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 36.3 | 38.3 | 33.7 | 33.1 | 34.2 | 36.8 | 39.9 |
| Eggplant | 33.9 | 33.0 | 28.8 | 32.7 | 35.8 | 29.3 | 31.8 | 30.1 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 36.0 | 42.0 | 35.2 | 41.6 | 44.1 |
| Escarole/endive | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 11.6 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 7.6 | 9.4 |
| Garlic | 12.2 | 12.9 | 19.2 | 12.7 | 21.1 | 14.0 | 24.4 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 17.4 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 17.0 | 25.6 | 18.8 |
| Green beans | 8.5 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 10.9 | 9.1 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 11.2 | 10.4 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 5.9 |
| Green peppers | 26.5 | 19.8 | 24.5 | 19.7 | 25.4 | 23.7 | 18.9 | 19.4 | 18.3 | 21.0 | 19.7 | 16.9 | 13.5 | 16.8 | 15.1 |
| Head lettuce | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Onions | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 12.5 | 10.2 | 12.3 | 12.8 |
| Radishes | 12.1 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 13.6 | 12.0 | 16.8 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 14.9 | 16.5 | 19.6 | 21.4 | 30.4 | 31.9 |
| Tomatoes | 22.3 | 18.6 | 19.8 | 23.4 | 24.6 | 24.0 | 25.8 | 23.9 | 19.8 | 20.8 | 20.5 | 20.4 | 10.9 | 22.4 | 21.3 |
| Vegetables for processing: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asparagus: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For canning | 11.8 | 5.8 | 8.5 | 5.2 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 11.3 | 8.3 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 5.6 | 3.4 |
| For freezing | 8.7 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 9.0 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 8.4 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 6.1 | 10.2 | 13.0 | 33.2 | 10.4 |
| Broccoli | 9.1 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 20.7 | 22.2 | 38.6 | 48.1 | 40.0 | 60.7 | 57.8 | 62.3 | 81.8 | 74.9 | 68.6 |
| Cabbage for kraut | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 3.7 |
| Carrots | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Cauliflower | 7.8 | 9.3 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 19.6 | 23.8 | 27.0 | 36.5 | 31.1 | 46.2 | 46.9 | 46.3 | 36.1 | 42.9 | 60.7 |
| Cucumbers | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued--

Table 92—Import share of food disappearance for selected foods, selected years 1/—continued

| Item | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Percent | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vegetables for processing—cont: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chile peppers | 27.5 | 25.5 | 30.3 | 32.6 | 34.2 | 35.6 | 32.4 | 32.2 | 33.1 | 38.1 | 35.5 | 32.3 | 28.4 | 34.8 | 26.0 |
| Green peas: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For canning | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 7.6 | 9.0 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 5.3 |
| For freezing | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 8.7 | 12.8 | 7.6 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 7.7 | 5.0 |
| Snap beans | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| Sweet corn | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| Tomatoes | 1.4 | 3.9 | 10.1 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 5.7 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.4 |
| Potatoes: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fresh | 1.9 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 4.9 |
| For freezing | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Sweetpotatoes | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 5.4 |
| Dry edible beans | 3.8 | 5.9 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 |
| Dry edible peas 10/ | 8.1 | 7.3 | 18.8 | 13.5 | 19.7 | 24.3 | 20.1 | 32.6 | 17.3 | 24.0 | 23.7 | 15.8 | 24.7 | 25.9 | 32.4 |
| Tree nuts 11/ | 24.7 | 20.9 | 24.5 | 27.7 | 24.9 | 25.8 | 26.7 | 24.7 | 22.5 | 30.6 | 32.5 | 31.2 | 40.0 | 36.9 | 36.7 |
| Peanuts | 27.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 3.7 |
| Flour and cereal products: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wheat 12/ | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 12.5 | 10.8 |
| Wheat flour 13/ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| Rye 14/ | NA | 11.4 | 90.9 | 45.7 | 17.1 | 62.9 | 28.6 | 34.3 | 5.7 | NA | 111.4 | 128.6 | 88.6 | 127.8 | 122.2 |
| Rice 15/ | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 9.5 | 10.4 |
| Corn 16/ | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 1.2 |
| Barley 17/ | 78.7 | 90.8 | 110.5 | 64.9 | 96.1 | 79.5 | 85.9 | 143.0 | 114.1 | 123.6 | 113.4 | 184.2 | 78.1 | 483.0 | 443.0 |
| Oats 17/ | 2.7 | 3.6 | 8.4 | 73.1 | 82.0 | 61.8 | 72.0 | 91.8 | 86.5 | 72.5 | 62.8 | 69.8 | 51.3 | 97.3 | 83.8 |
| Coffee 18/ | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 |
| Tea | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Cocoa | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Spices and herbs | 81.3 | 81.4 | 84.6 | 85.6 | 86.0 | 83.3 | 83.7 | 86.3 | 84.8 | 87.7 | 88.1 | 87.6 | 85.6 | 87.7 | 92.6 |
| Tropical oils 19/ | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Caloric sweeteners: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cane and beet sugar 20/ | 39.1 | 39.7 | 31.8 | 32.3 | 36.1 | 29.6 | 22.0 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 16.1 | 24.9 | 22.4 | 18.6 | 17.7 | 13.6 |
| Corn sweeteners | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| High fructose syrup | -- | -- | 0.2 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| Glucose syrup | -- | -- | -- | 0.1 | -- | -- | 0.1 | -- | -- | -- | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Dextrose | -- | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Honey | 19.7 | 29.4 | 29.4 | 34.9 | 45.0 | 49.0 | 38.6 | 21.4 | 21.8 | 31.6 | 29.4 | 30.5 | 35.3 | 37.6 | 37.1 |
| Edible syrups 21/ | 46.8 | 38.4 | 49.2 | 47.5 | 57.6 | 59.0 | 74.9 | 74.2 | 72.0 | 58.9 | 55.7 | 50.5 | 55.6 | 67.8 | 70.0 |

-- Less than 0.05. NA = Not available.

1/ Calculated from supply and utilization balance sheets. Import share is the total quantity imported divided by the quantity available for domestic human food consumption (disappearance). A portion of the imports of some commodities is exported; therefore, the ratios presented here may overstate the importance of imports in domestic consumption for some commodity groups. Similarly, a portion of the imports of some commodities is diverted to such nonfood uses as feed, seed, alcohol and fuel production, and industrial uses. This too can cause the ratios presented here to overstate the importance of imports in food disappearance.

2/ Excludes game fish consumption. 3/ Includes cultivated catfish beginning in 1975. 4/ Excludes the nonfish content of canned fishery products. 5/ Milk equivalent of all dairy products calculated on a milkfat basis. 6/ Natural equivalent of cheese and cheese products. Includes all type of cheese except full-skim American, and cottage, pot, and baker's cheeses. 7/ Olive oil imports. 8/ Includes oranges, grapefruits, lemons, limes, tangerines, and tangelos. 9/ Includes apricots, avocados, cherries, cranberries, nectarines, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, prunes, strawberries, papayas, and miscellaneous fruits. 10/ Crop year beginning in September of year indicated. 11/ Includes almonds, filberts, pecans, walnuts, Brazil nuts, pignolias, and miscellaneous tree nuts including pistachios until 1977, chestnuts, cashews, and macadamias. 12/ Flour and other wheat products included, grain equivalent. 13/ Includes flour equivalent of macaroni products. 14/ Includes flour imports in terms of rye. 15/ Rough equivalent. Crop year beginning in August of year preceding that indicated. Includes milled rice converted to rough basis at annual extraction rate. 16/ Grain-equivalent basis. Calendar-year basis in 1970; crop-year (beginning September of year indicated) basis beginning in 1975. 17/ Grain equivalent. Crop year beginning June 1 of year indicated. 18/ Kona coffee, grown in Hawaii, accounts for about 0.1-0.2 percent of total U.S. coffee consumption. 19/ Includes palm kernel oil, palm oil, and coconut oil. 20/ Import share is the quantity of imports for domestic consumption (net of re-exports) divided by domestic food consumption (disappearance). 21/ Includes maple syrup, edible refiner's syrups, and edible molasses.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 93—Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, 1970-94

| Year | Special indexes and groups | | | | | Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|
| | Commodities | | | Services | All items less food | Food | Alcoholic beverages | Housing | | | Total |
| | Durables | Non-durables | Total | | | | | Shelter | Fuel & other utilities | Household furnishings & operations | |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 44.1 | 40.8 | 41.7 | 35.0 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 52.1 | 35.5 | 29.1 | 46.8 | 36.4 |
| 1971 | 46.0 | 42.1 | 43.2 | 37.0 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 54.2 | 37.0 | 31.1 | 48.6 | 38.0 |
| 1972 | 46.9 | 43.5 | 44.5 | 38.4 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 55.4 | 38.7 | 32.5 | 49.7 | 39.4 |
| 1973 | 48.1 | 47.5 | 47.8 | 40.1 | 43.7 | 48.2 | 56.8 | 40.5 | 34.3 | 51.1 | 41.2 |
| 1974 | 51.5 | 54.0 | 53.5 | 43.8 | 48.0 | 55.1 | 61.1 | 44.4 | 40.7 | 56.8 | 45.8 |
| 1975 | 57.4 | 58.3 | 58.2 | 48.0 | 52.5 | 59.8 | 65.9 | 48.8 | 45.4 | 63.4 | 50.7 |
| 1976 | 60.9 | 60.5 | 60.7 | 52.0 | 56.0 | 61.6 | 68.1 | 51.5 | 49.4 | 67.3 | 53.8 |
| 1977 | 64.4 | 64.0 | 64.2 | 56.0 | 59.6 | 65.5 | 70.0 | 54.9 | 54.7 | 70.4 | 57.4 |
| 1978 | 68.6 | 68.6 | 68.8 | 60.8 | 63.9 | 72.0 | 74.1 | 60.5 | 58.5 | 74.7 | 62.4 |
| 1979 | 75.4 | 77.2 | 76.6 | 67.5 | 71.2 | 79.9 | 79.9 | 68.9 | 64.8 | 79.9 | 70.1 |
| 1980 | 83.0 | 87.6 | 86.0 | 77.9 | 81.5 | 86.8 | 86.4 | 81.0 | 75.4 | 86.3 | 81.1 |
| 1981 | 89.6 | 95.2 | 93.2 | 88.1 | 90.4 | 93.6 | 92.5 | 90.5 | 86.4 | 93.0 | 90.4 |
| 1982 | 95.1 | 97.8 | 97.0 | 96.0 | 96.3 | 97.4 | 96.7 | 96.6 | 94.9 | 98.0 | 96.9 |
| 1983 | 99.8 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.4 | 99.7 | 99.4 | 100.4 | 99.1 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 99.5 |
| 1984 | 105.1 | 102.5 | 103.2 | 104.6 | 104.0 | 103.2 | 103.0 | 104.0 | 104.8 | 101.9 | 103.6 |
| 1985 | 106.8 | 104.8 | 105.4 | 109.9 | 108.0 | 105.6 | 106.4 | 109.8 | 106.5 | 103.8 | 107.7 |
| 1986 | 106.6 | 103.5 | 104.4 | 115.4 | 109.8 | 109.0 | 111.1 | 115.8 | 104.1 | 105.2 | 110.9 |
| 1987 | 108.2 | 107.5 | 107.7 | 120.2 | 113.6 | 113.5 | 114.1 | 121.3 | 103.0 | 107.1 | 114.2 |
| 1988 | 110.4 | 111.8 | 111.5 | 125.7 | 118.3 | 118.2 | 118.6 | 127.1 | 104.4 | 109.4 | 118.5 |
| 1989 | 112.2 | 118.2 | 116.7 | 131.9 | 123.7 | 125.1 | 123.5 | 132.8 | 107.8 | 111.2 | 123.0 |
| 1990 | 113.4 | 126.0 | 122.8 | 139.2 | 130.3 | 132.4 | 129.3 | 140.0 | 111.6 | 113.3 | 128.5 |
| 1991 | 116.0 | 130.3 | 126.6 | 146.3 | 136.1 | 136.3 | 142.8 | 146.3 | 115.3 | 116.0 | 133.6 |
| 1992 | 118.6 | 132.8 | 129.1 | 152.0 | 140.8 | 137.9 | 147.3 | 151.2 | 117.8 | 118.0 | 137.5 |
| 1993 | 121.3 | 135.1 | 131.5 | 157.9 | 145.1 | 140.9 | 149.6 | 155.7 | 121.3 | 119.3 | 141.2 |
| 1994 | 124.8 | 136.8 | 133.8 | 163.1 | 149.0 | 144.3 | 151.5 | 160.5 | 122.8 | 121.0 | 144.8 |
| Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers—continued | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Apparel and upkeep | Transportation | | | Medical care | Entertainment | Other goods and services | | | | All items | |
| | Private | Public | Total | | | Tobacco products | Personal care | Personal & educational expenses | Total | | |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 59.2 | 37.5 | 35.2 | 37.5 | 34.0 | 47.5 | 43.1 | 43.5 | 35.5 | 40.9 | 38.8 |
| 1971 | 61.1 | 39.4 | 37.8 | 39.5 | 36.1 | 50.0 | 44.9 | 44.9 | 38.8 | 42.9 | 40.5 |
| 1972 | 62.3 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 37.3 | 51.5 | 47.4 | 46.0 | 41.0 | 44.7 | 41.8 |
| 1973 | 64.6 | 41.0 | 39.7 | 41.2 | 38.8 | 52.9 | 48.7 | 48.1 | 43.0 | 46.4 | 44.4 |
| 1974 | 69.4 | 46.2 | 40.6 | 45.8 | 42.4 | 56.9 | 51.1 | 52.8 | 45.4 | 49.8 | 49.3 |
| 1975 | 72.5 | 50.6 | 43.5 | 50.1 | 47.5 | 62.0 | 54.7 | 57.9 | 48.7 | 53.9 | 53.8 |
| 1976 | 75.2 | 55.6 | 47.8 | 55.1 | 52.0 | 65.1 | 57.0 | 61.7 | 51.9 | 57.0 | 56.9 |
| 1977 | 78.6 | 59.7 | 50.0 | 59.0 | 57.0 | 68.3 | 59.8 | 65.7 | 55.2 | 60.4 | 60.6 |
| 1978 | 81.4 | 62.5 | 51.5 | 61.7 | 61.8 | 71.9 | 63.0 | 69.9 | 59.4 | 64.3 | 65.2 |
| 1979 | 84.9 | 71.7 | 54.9 | 70.5 | 67.5 | 76.7 | 66.8 | 75.2 | 64.1 | 68.9 | 72.6 |
| 1980 | 90.9 | 84.2 | 69.0 | 83.1 | 74.9 | 83.6 | 72.0 | 81.9 | 70.9 | 75.2 | 82.4 |
| 1981 | 95.3 | 93.8 | 85.6 | 93.2 | 82.9 | 90.1 | 77.8 | 89.1 | 79.7 | 82.6 | 90.9 |
| 1982 | 97.8 | 97.1 | 94.9 | 97.0 | 92.5 | 96.0 | 86.5 | 95.4 | 90.3 | 91.1 | 96.5 |
| 1983 | 100.2 | 99.3 | 99.5 | 99.3 | 100.6 | 100.1 | 103.4 | 100.3 | 100.0 | 101.1 | 99.6 |
| 1984 | 102.1 | 103.6 | 105.7 | 103.7 | 106.8 | 103.8 | 110.1 | 104.3 | 109.7 | 107.9 | 103.9 |
| 1985 | 105.0 | 106.2 | 110.5 | 106.4 | 113.5 | 107.9 | 116.7 | 108.3 | 119.1 | 114.5 | 107.6 |
| 1986 | 105.9 | 101.2 | 117.0 | 102.3 | 122.0 | 111.6 | 124.7 | 111.9 | 128.6 | 121.4 | 109.6 |
| 1987 | 110.6 | 104.2 | 121.1 | 105.4 | 130.1 | 115.3 | 133.6 | 115.1 | 138.5 | 128.5 | 113.6 |
| 1988 | 115.4 | 107.6 | 123.3 | 108.7 | 138.6 | 120.3 | 145.8 | 119.4 | 147.9 | 137.0 | 118.3 |
| 1989 | 118.6 | 112.9 | 129.5 | 114.1 | 149.3 | 126.5 | 164.4 | 125.0 | 158.1 | 147.7 | 124.0 |
| 1990 | 124.1 | 118.8 | 142.6 | 120.5 | 162.8 | 132.4 | 181.5 | 130.4 | 170.2 | 159.0 | 130.7 |
| 1991 | 128.7 | 121.9 | 148.9 | 123.8 | 177.0 | 138.4 | 202.7 | 134.9 | 183.7 | 171.6 | 136.2 |
| 1992 | 131.9 | 124.6 | 151.4 | 126.5 | 190.1 | 142.3 | 219.8 | 138.3 | 197.4 | 183.3 | 140.3 |
| 1993 | 133.7 | 127.5 | 167.0 | 130.4 | 201.4 | 145.8 | 228.4 | 141.5 | 210.7 | 192.9 | 144.5 |
| 1994 | 133.4 | 131.4 | 172.0 | 134.3 | 211.0 | 150.1 | 220.0 | 144.6 | 223.2 | 198.5 | 148.2 |

Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 94--Consumer Price Index for food, major groups, 1970-94

| Year | Food at home | | | | | | | | | | | | | Food away from home | All food | |
|-------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------|-------|
| | Meats, poultry, and fish | | | | Eggs | Dairy products 2/ | Fats and oils 3/ | Fruits and vegetables | | | Cereals and bakery products | Sugar and sweets | Non-alcoholic beverages | | | Total |
| | Meats 1/ | Poultry | Fish | Total | | | | Fresh | Pro-cessed | Total | | | | | | |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 43.8 | 53.2 | 31.3 | 43.3 | 65.6 | 44.7 | 39.2 | 37.7 | 37.2 | 37.8 | 37.1 | 30.5 | 27.1 | 39.9 | 37.5 | 39.2 |
| 1971 | 43.5 | 53.5 | 34.5 | 43.4 | 56.6 | 46.1 | 42.7 | 39.2 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 31.6 | 28.1 | 40.9 | 39.4 | 40.4 |
| 1972 | 48.1 | 54.2 | 37.6 | 47.6 | 56.2 | 46.8 | 43.1 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.6 | 39.0 | 32.1 | 28.0 | 42.7 | 41.0 | 42.1 |
| 1973 | 60.0 | 76.0 | 43.1 | 59.6 | 83.6 | 51.2 | 46.8 | 48.8 | 44.3 | 47.4 | 43.5 | 34.0 | 30.1 | 49.7 | 44.2 | 48.2 |
| 1974 | 61.1 | 72.1 | 49.7 | 60.9 | 83.9 | 60.7 | 66.4 | 52.6 | 58.1 | 55.2 | 56.5 | 51.8 | 35.9 | 57.1 | 49.8 | 55.1 |
| 1975 | 66.3 | 79.7 | 53.9 | 66.1 | 82.4 | 62.6 | 73.5 | 53.8 | 60.7 | 56.9 | 62.9 | 65.3 | 41.3 | 51.8 | 54.5 | 59.8 |
| 1976 | 66.4 | 76.4 | 60.2 | 66.7 | 90.0 | 67.7 | 64.3 | 55.1 | 62.3 | 58.4 | 61.5 | 57.9 | 49.4 | 63.1 | 58.2 | 61.6 |
| 1977 | 64.9 | 76.9 | 66.7 | 66.3 | 87.1 | 69.5 | 70.8 | 62.6 | 64.3 | 63.8 | 62.5 | 60.8 | 74.4 | 66.8 | 62.6 | 65.5 |
| 1978 | 77.0 | 84.9 | 73.0 | 77.4 | 82.4 | 74.2 | 77.6 | 70.7 | 71.1 | 70.9 | 68.1 | 68.3 | 78.7 | 73.8 | 68.3 | 72.0 |
| 1979 | 90.1 | 89.1 | 80.1 | 88.9 | 90.2 | 82.8 | 83.7 | 76.1 | 77.2 | 76.6 | 74.9 | 73.6 | 82.6 | 81.8 | 75.9 | 79.9 |
| 1980 | 92.7 | 93.7 | 87.5 | 92.2 | 88.6 | 90.9 | 89.3 | 81.8 | 82.6 | 82.1 | 83.9 | 90.5 | 91.4 | 88.4 | 83.4 | 86.8 |
| 1981 | 96.0 | 97.5 | 94.8 | 96.0 | 95.9 | 97.4 | 98.8 | 91.6 | 92.5 | 92.0 | 92.3 | 97.7 | 95.3 | 94.8 | 90.9 | 93.6 |
| 1982 | 100.7 | 95.8 | 98.2 | 99.9 | 93.3 | 98.8 | 96.1 | 96.7 | 97.4 | 97.0 | 96.5 | 97.5 | 97.9 | 98.1 | 95.8 | 97.4 |
| 1983 | 99.5 | 97.0 | 99.3 | 99.2 | 97.7 | 100.0 | 97.4 | 96.4 | 98.4 | 97.3 | 99.6 | 99.3 | 99.8 | 99.1 | 100.0 | 99.4 |
| 1984 | 99.8 | 107.3 | 102.5 | 100.9 | 109.1 | 101.3 | 106.6 | 106.9 | 104.3 | 105.7 | 103.9 | 103.2 | 102.3 | 102.8 | 104.2 | 103.2 |
| 1985 | 98.9 | 106.2 | 107.5 | 100.5 | 91.0 | 103.2 | 108.9 | 109.7 | 107.0 | 108.4 | 107.9 | 105.8 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 108.3 | 105.6 |
| 1986 | 102.0 | 114.2 | 117.4 | 104.9 | 97.2 | 103.3 | 106.5 | 113.0 | 105.3 | 109.4 | 110.9 | 109.0 | 110.4 | 107.3 | 112.5 | 109.0 |
| 1987 | 109.6 | 112.6 | 129.9 | 111.7 | 91.5 | 105.9 | 108.1 | 126.8 | 109.0 | 119.1 | 114.8 | 111.0 | 107.5 | 111.9 | 117.0 | 113.5 |
| 1988 | 112.2 | 120.7 | 137.4 | 115.6 | 93.6 | 108.4 | 113.1 | 136.1 | 117.6 | 128.1 | 122.1 | 114.0 | 107.5 | 116.6 | 121.8 | 118.2 |
| 1989 | 116.7 | 132.7 | 143.6 | 121.4 | 118.5 | 115.6 | 121.2 | 147.7 | 125.0 | 138.0 | 132.4 | 119.4 | 111.3 | 124.2 | 127.4 | 125.1 |
| 1990 | 128.5 | 132.5 | 146.7 | 130.3 | 124.1 | 126.5 | 126.3 | 161.0 | 132.7 | 149.0 | 140.0 | 124.7 | 113.5 | 132.3 | 133.4 | 132.4 |
| 1991 | 132.5 | 131.5 | 148.3 | 133.3 | 121.2 | 125.1 | 131.7 | 174.1 | 130.2 | 155.8 | 145.8 | 129.3 | 114.1 | 135.8 | 137.9 | 136.3 |
| 1992 | 130.7 | 131.4 | 151.7 | 132.3 | 108.3 | 128.5 | 129.8 | 171.0 | 133.7 | 155.4 | 151.5 | 133.1 | 114.3 | 136.8 | 140.7 | 137.9 |
| 1993 | 134.6 | 138.9 | 156.6 | 136.6 | 117.1 | 129.4 | 130.0 | 178.6 | 131.5 | 159.0 | 156.6 | 133.4 | 114.6 | 140.1 | 143.2 | 140.9 |
| 1994 | 135.4 | 141.5 | 163.7 | 138.6 | 114.3 | 131.7 | 133.5 | 186.7 | 134.5 | 165.0 | 163.0 | 135.2 | 123.2 | 144.1 | 145.7 | 144.3 |

1/ Beef, veal, lamb, mutton, pork, and processed meat. 2/ Includes butter. 3/ Excludes butter.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 95—Consumer Price Index for food and beverages at home, selected categories, 1970-94

| Year | Meats | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------------|-------|-------------|----------|
| | Beef and veal | | | | | | Pork | | | | | Other meats | Total 2/ |
| | Ground beef 1/ | Chuck roast | Round roast | Round steak | Sirloin steak | Total 2/ | Bacon | Chops | Ham | Other pork including sausage | Total | | |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 47.0 | 42.8 | 48.2 | 45.8 | 42.4 | 43.5 | 41.9 | 49.1 | NA | NA | 45.4 | 43.5 | 43.8 |
| 1971 | 48.4 | 44.2 | 50.5 | 47.8 | 44.7 | 45.5 | 35.5 | 45.5 | NA | NA | 41.1 | 43.3 | 43.5 |
| 1972 | 52.7 | 48.4 | 54.9 | 52.0 | 48.1 | 49.7 | 43.0 | 52.4 | NA | NA | 47.6 | 46.5 | 48.1 |
| 1973 | 66.6 | 61.1 | 63.9 | 61.6 | 54.8 | 59.6 | 59.3 | 65.6 | NA | NA | 63.3 | 57.9 | 60.0 |
| 1974 | 67.5 | 61.1 | 66.2 | 63.5 | 56.7 | 61.3 | 59.0 | 65.8 | NA | NA | 63.0 | 59.7 | 61.1 |
| 1975 | 62.3 | 62.6 | 69.2 | 66.5 | 61.7 | 61.9 | 79.3 | 77.8 | NA | NA | 77.1 | 63.2 | 66.3 |
| 1976 | 61.6 | 59.0 | 65.8 | 63.1 | 59.6 | 59.9 | 77.4 | 77.3 | NA | NA | 78.1 | 66.9 | 66.4 |
| 1977 | 60.2 | 58.4 | 64.8 | 62.8 | 59.9 | 59.5 | 71.0 | 76.0 | NA | NA | 73.9 | 66.5 | 64.9 |
| 1978 | 76.2 | 72.0 | 77.0 | 75.0 | 73.7 | 73.1 | 81.7 | 84.2 | 87.0 | 81.3 | 83.4 | 78.3 | 77.0 |
| 1979 | 101.7 | 94.8 | 94.9 | 93.2 | 89.7 | 93.1 | 75.8 | 87.0 | 88.1 | 85.7 | 84.7 | 89.8 | 90.1 |
| 1980 | 104.6 | 99.8 | 101.3 | 98.9 | 96.2 | 98.4 | 73.5 | 82.9 | 85.5 | 83.2 | 81.9 | 93.2 | 92.7 |
| 1981 | 102.6 | 101.1 | 101.4 | 99.5 | 98.3 | 99.2 | 83.3 | 91.0 | 90.8 | 91.0 | 89.5 | 97.2 | 96.0 |
| 1982 | 102.1 | 101.8 | 101.4 | 101.5 | 99.3 | 100.6 | 102.2 | 100.5 | 100.6 | 101.1 | 101.0 | 100.1 | 100.7 |
| 1983 | 99.4 | 98.7 | 98.9 | 99.3 | 99.0 | 99.1 | 100.0 | 99.6 | 101.0 | 99.9 | 100.1 | 99.7 | 99.5 |
| 1984 | 98.4 | 99.6 | 99.7 | 99.2 | 101.7 | 100.3 | 97.9 | 99.9 | 98.3 | 99.0 | 98.8 | 100.1 | 99.8 |
| 1985 | 95.9 | 95.6 | 95.8 | 97.0 | 99.7 | 98.2 | 101.3 | 98.7 | 99.8 | 97.6 | 99.1 | 100.8 | 98.9 |
| 1986 | 94.9 | 95.0 | 94.9 | 98.4 | 102.3 | 98.8 | 108.5 | 109.5 | 107.4 | 104.9 | 107.2 | 103.4 | 102.0 |
| 1987 | 100.2 | 103.8 | 100.8 | 105.3 | 111.2 | 106.3 | 114.6 | 120.5 | 115.8 | 113.5 | 116.0 | 109.9 | 109.6 |
| 1988 | 103.4 | 108.1 | 104.4 | 110.6 | 120.0 | 112.1 | 100.9 | 118.8 | 116.5 | 111.4 | 112.5 | 112.8 | 112.2 |
| 1989 | 108.6 | 116.8 | 112.3 | 116.6 | 126.0 | 119.3 | 95.8 | 122.7 | 117.3 | 112.8 | 113.2 | 116.0 | 116.7 |
| 1990 | 118.1 | 130.3 | 119.9 | 125.1 | 130.6 | 128.8 | 113.4 | 140.2 | 132.4 | 129.3 | 129.8 | 126.8 | 128.5 |
| 1991 | 119.9 | 135.8 | 124.8 | 129.5 | 133.5 | 132.4 | 119.8 | 141.7 | 139.9 | 132.3 | 134.1 | 131.6 | 132.5 |
| 1992 | 118.9 | 137.1 | 125.9 | 129.9 | 132.4 | 132.3 | 104.6 | 138.9 | 135.6 | 127.1 | 127.8 | 131.7 | 130.7 |
| 1993 | 121.7 | 141.9 | 129.0 | 134.4 | 138.5 | 137.1 | 110.8 | 144.6 | 137.9 | 129.4 | 131.7 | 133.8 | 134.6 |
| 1994 | 119.7 | 140.3 | 126.7 | 133.0 | 137.5 | 136.0 | 118.1 | 144.2 | 139.3 | 131.3 | 133.9 | 137.0 | 135.4 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued--

Table 95--Consumer Price Index for food and beverages at home, selected categories, 1970-94--continued

| Year | Poultry | | Dairy products | | | | Fats and oils | Fruits | | | | | Pro-cessed vegetables |
|-------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|--------------|----------|---------------|--------------|---------|------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | Fresh whole chicken | Total 2/ | Fresh milk and cream | Cheese | Ice cream 3/ | Total 2/ | | Fresh fruits | | | | Pro-cessed fruits | |
| | | | | | | | | Apples | Bananas | Oranges 4/ | Total 2/ | | |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 52.4 | 53.2 | NA | NA | NA | 44.7 | 39.2 | 37.1 | 39.0 | 30.6 | 35.6 | 38.4 | 36.6 |
| 1971 | 52.9 | 53.5 | NA | NA | NA | 46.1 | 42.7 | 39.6 | 36.7 | 33.7 | 37.8 | 40.6 | 39.2 |
| 1972 | 53.4 | 54.2 | NA | NA | NA | 46.8 | 43.1 | 42.2 | 39.1 | 33.6 | 39.8 | 41.8 | 40.9 |
| 1973 | 77.1 | 76.0 | NA | NA | NA | 51.2 | 46.8 | 50.3 | 40.8 | 37.7 | 44.6 | 43.5 | 45.4 |
| 1974 | 72.3 | 72.1 | NA | NA | NA | 60.7 | 66.4 | 56.4 | 45.8 | 39.8 | 48.5 | 50.3 | 64.7 |
| 1975 | 81.4 | 79.7 | NA | NA | NA | 62.6 | 73.5 | 56.4 | 57.4 | 41.4 | 51.8 | 59.7 | 62.2 |
| 1976 | 76.9 | 76.4 | NA | NA | NA | 67.7 | 64.3 | 54.0 | 58.2 | 41.2 | 51.7 | 59.3 | 65.4 |
| 1977 | 77.3 | 76.9 | NA | NA | NA | 69.5 | 70.8 | 64.1 | 63.2 | 47.0 | 59.4 | 62.2 | 66.6 |
| 1978 | 85.6 | 84.9 | 76.8 | 71.8 | 68.2 | 74.2 | 77.6 | 80.1 | 70.7 | 64.0 | 71.0 | 68.9 | 73.4 |
| 1979 | 87.2 | 89.1 | 85.6 | 80.6 | 76.2 | 82.8 | 83.7 | 79.1 | 79.8 | 76.2 | 79.8 | 77.0 | 77.4 |
| 1980 | 94.4 | 93.7 | 93.2 | 88.7 | 86.4 | 90.9 | 89.3 | 92.1 | 91.5 | 72.6 | 84.8 | 82.1 | 83.1 |
| 1981 | 96.5 | 97.5 | 98.6 | 96.1 | 95.9 | 97.4 | 98.8 | 84.3 | 97.6 | 81.4 | 89.4 | 91.7 | 93.2 |
| 1982 | 94.8 | 95.8 | 99.3 | 98.5 | 97.9 | 98.8 | 96.1 | 98.8 | 96.1 | 104.4 | 99.3 | 96.7 | 98.2 |
| 1983 | 96.3 | 97.0 | 99.9 | 100.2 | 99.7 | 100.0 | 97.4 | 94.6 | 106.0 | 83.1 | 95.1 | 98.1 | 98.6 |
| 1984 | 109.0 | 107.3 | 100.8 | 101.3 | 102.4 | 101.3 | 106.6 | 106.6 | 97.9 | 112.4 | 105.6 | 105.2 | 103.3 |
| 1985 | 104.5 | 106.2 | 102.3 | 103.2 | 105.8 | 103.2 | 108.9 | 113.1 | 99.9 | 119.7 | 116.3 | 109.5 | 104.4 |
| 1986 | 115.4 | 114.2 | 101.8 | 103.5 | 107.4 | 103.3 | 106.5 | 130.6 | 105.0 | 108.6 | 118.7 | 106.3 | 104.2 |
| 1987 | 113.3 | 112.6 | 104.0 | 105.9 | 111.1 | 105.9 | 108.1 | 131.0 | 104.2 | 135.9 | 132.0 | 110.6 | 107.1 |
| 1988 | 125.1 | 120.7 | 106.4 | 109.2 | 113.3 | 108.4 | 113.1 | 134.2 | 119.2 | 144.6 | 143.0 | 122.0 | 112.2 |
| 1989 | 137.1 | 132.7 | 114.4 | 117.6 | 118.8 | 115.6 | 121.2 | 140.5 | 131.3 | 147.0 | 152.4 | 125.9 | 124.2 |
| 1990 | 134.9 | 132.5 | 126.5 | 131.2 | 126.8 | 126.5 | 126.3 | 147.5 | 138.2 | 160.6 | 170.9 | 136.9 | 127.5 |
| 1991 | 131.7 | 131.5 | 122.4 | 132.8 | 128.5 | 125.1 | 131.7 | 172.8 | 145.0 | 249.4 | 193.9 | 131.8 | 128.5 |
| 1992 | 131.9 | 131.4 | 127.1 | 135.5 | 130.9 | 128.5 | 129.8 | 179.5 | 139.9 | 176.2 | 184.2 | 137.7 | 128.8 |
| 1993 | 138.0 | 136.9 | 128.7 | 135.3 | 131.7 | 129.4 | 130.0 | 169.0 | 135.5 | 190.1 | 188.8 | 132.3 | 130.8 |
| 1994 | 140.1 | 141.5 | 132.2 | 136.4 | 134.8 | 131.7 | 133.5 | 174.0 | 143.6 | 189.9 | 201.2 | 133.1 | 136.6 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued--

Table 95—Consumer Price Index for food and beverages at home, selected categories, 1970-94—continued

| Year | Vegetables—continued | | | | Cereal and bakery products | | Beverages | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------|----------------------------|----------|---------------------|-------------------|-------|
| | Fresh vegetables | | | | White bread | Total 2/ | Nonalcoholic beverages | | | | Alcoholic beverages | | |
| | Potatoes | Lettuce | Tomatoes | Total 2/ | | | Carbonated drinks 5/ | Coffee | Other noncarbonated drinks | Total 2/ | Beer and ale | Distilled spirits | Wine |
| 1962-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 38.0 | 35.4 | 46.3 | 39.4 | 43.1 | 37.1 | NA | 31.7 | NA | 27.1 | 49.2 | NA | 49.7 |
| 1971 | 36.7 | 40.5 | 51.2 | 40.4 | 44.4 | 38.8 | NA | 32.6 | NA | 28.1 | 51.0 | NA | 52.0 |
| 1972 | 39.6 | 40.7 | 51.5 | 42.9 | 44.6 | 39.0 | NA | 32.1 | NA | 28.0 | 51.5 | NA | 54.0 |
| 1973 | 58.8 | 49.9 | 53.0 | 52.4 | 50.1 | 43.5 | NA | 35.7 | NA | 30.1 | 52.3 | NA | 57.5 |
| 1974 | 71.8 | 50.6 | 60.3 | 56.2 | 62.6 | 56.5 | NA | 42.5 | NA | 35.9 | 57.3 | NA | 62.7 |
| 1975 | 57.7 | 49.6 | 63.6 | 55.6 | 65.5 | 62.9 | NA | 46.4 | NA | 41.3 | 63.4 | NA | 65.5 |
| 1976 | 62.6 | 56.5 | 63.5 | 58.0 | 64.3 | 61.5 | NA | 63.8 | NA | 49.4 | 65.0 | NA | 67.0 |
| 1977 | 63.8 | 56.2 | 74.9 | 65.3 | 64.3 | 62.5 | NA | 112.9 | NA | 74.4 | 66.0 | NA | 68.9 |
| 1978 | 66.3 | 76.5 | 72.5 | 70.5 | 68.6 | 68.1 | 70.8 | 107.2 | 74.7 | 78.7 | 69.6 | 82.0 | 75.6 |
| 1979 | 63.6 | 80.0 | 80.5 | 72.6 | 76.8 | 74.9 | 77.3 | 101.8 | 80.0 | 82.6 | 76.9 | 85.1 | 82.4 |
| 1980 | 81.0 | 77.8 | 81.9 | 79.0 | 85.9 | 83.9 | 86.6 | 111.5 | 85.9 | 91.4 | 84.8 | 89.8 | 89.5 |
| 1981 | 109.5 | 84.4 | 94.7 | 93.7 | 93.2 | 92.3 | 95.3 | 96.2 | 94.2 | 95.3 | 90.9 | 94.9 | 96.2 |
| 1982 | 92.7 | 100.7 | 93.5 | 94.2 | 96.7 | 96.5 | 97.8 | 98.5 | 97.6 | 97.9 | 95.2 | 98.2 | 100.4 |
| 1983 | 91.3 | 103.2 | 100.8 | 97.6 | 100.0 | 99.6 | 100.3 | 98.8 | 99.1 | 99.8 | 100.7 | 100.4 | 100.5 |
| 1984 | 116.0 | 96.1 | 105.7 | 108.2 | 103.3 | 103.9 | 101.8 | 102.7 | 103.3 | 102.3 | 104.2 | 101.4 | 99.1 |
| 1985 | 101.6 | 106.1 | 103.6 | 103.5 | 105.8 | 107.9 | 102.8 | 105.5 | 107.9 | 104.3 | 106.7 | 105.3 | 100.2 |
| 1986 | 96.1 | 112.7 | 111.3 | 107.7 | 107.7 | 110.9 | 103.6 | 132.7 | 109.4 | 110.4 | 108.7 | 113.3 | 102.4 |
| 1987 | 116.0 | 136.4 | 116.8 | 121.6 | 110.7 | 114.8 | 105.7 | 116.2 | 111.6 | 107.5 | 110.9 | 114.4 | 105.7 |
| 1988 | 119.1 | 148.6 | 125.1 | 129.3 | 118.6 | 122.1 | 105.7 | 115.0 | 113.8 | 107.5 | 114.4 | 116.1 | 107.8 |
| 1989 | 153.5 | 151.5 | 136.2 | 143.1 | 129.4 | 132.4 | 108.4 | 120.4 | 118.6 | 111.3 | 118.2 | 119.9 | 110.9 |
| 1990 | 162.6 | 150.3 | 160.8 | 151.1 | 136.4 | 140.0 | 112.1 | 117.5 | 125.0 | 113.5 | 123.6 | 125.7 | 114.4 |
| 1991 | 144.6 | 159.8 | 153.1 | 154.4 | 139.3 | 145.8 | 113.0 | 115.3 | 129.1 | 114.1 | 138.4 | 139.2 | 129.9 |
| 1992 | 141.5 | 155.7 | 171.8 | 157.9 | 146.2 | 151.5 | 114.9 | 110.7 | 131.3 | 114.3 | 143.5 | 141.5 | 132.6 |
| 1993 | 154.6 | 178.2 | 168.0 | 168.4 | 152.2 | 156.6 | 115.9 | 109.8 | 131.9 | 114.6 | 143.2 | 143.2 | 134.0 |
| 1994 | 174.3 | 170.3 | 173.5 | 172.3 | 159.0 | 163.0 | 115.7 | 140.4 | 133.0 | 123.2 | 143.4 | 144.3 | 133.3 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Excludes canned ground beef. 2/ Includes items not shown. 3/ Includes related products. 4/ Includes tangerines. 5/ Excludes diet colas.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 96--Consumer Price Index for food, 1980-94, quarterly

| Year and quarter | Food at home | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------|-------|
| | Meat, poultry, and fish | | | | Eggs | Dairy products | Fats and oils | Fruits and vegetables | | |
| | Meat | Poultry | Fish | Total | | | | Fresh | Pro-cessed | Total |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1980 I | 91.1 | 90.2 | 84.8 | 90.3 | 87.0 | 87.7 | 87.2 | 73.4 | 80.4 | 76.6 |
| II | 89.4 | 87.0 | 86.5 | 88.8 | 79.8 | 90.1 | 88.5 | 82.1 | 81.6 | 81.9 |
| III | 93.4 | 98.6 | 88.1 | 93.1 | 89.2 | 91.8 | 89.4 | 87.3 | 83.3 | 85.4 |
| IV | 96.8 | 100.8 | 90.7 | 96.6 | 98.7 | 94.1 | 91.9 | 84.4 | 85.0 | 84.7 |
| 1981 I | 95.6 | 99.5 | 94.7 | 95.9 | 97.2 | 98.6 | 98.3 | 90.2 | 87.9 | 89.1 |
| II | 94.1 | 96.3 | 94.1 | 94.3 | 91.7 | 97.5 | 100.0 | 93.5 | 92.2 | 92.9 |
| III | 97.5 | 99.2 | 95.1 | 97.4 | 94.0 | 97.6 | 99.5 | 94.6 | 94.5 | 94.6 |
| IV | 96.9 | 95.0 | 95.3 | 96.6 | 100.6 | 98.0 | 97.7 | 88.1 | 95.3 | 91.4 |
| 1982 I | 96.7 | 95.7 | 99.2 | 96.9 | 102.6 | 98.5 | 98.4 | 100.3 | 98.8 | 98.7 |
| II | 100.6 | 98.0 | 98.3 | 99.9 | 90.7 | 98.8 | 96.4 | 101.6 | 97.3 | 99.6 |
| III | 103.5 | 98.9 | 87.8 | 102.2 | 88.7 | 98.9 | 95.7 | 96.6 | 97.9 | 97.1 |
| IV | 101.8 | 94.6 | 87.4 | 100.8 | 81.0 | 88.9 | 95.7 | 88.3 | 97.7 | 92.6 |
| 1983 I | 101.6 | 94.7 | 100.3 | 100.7 | 90.0 | 99.8 | 95.7 | 89.6 | 97.8 | 93.4 |
| II | 101.3 | 94.4 | 99.2 | 100.4 | 92.3 | 100.0 | 95.6 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 98.9 |
| III | 98.6 | 98.7 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 98.5 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 100.2 | 98.5 | 99.4 |
| IV | 96.5 | 100.0 | 99.4 | 97.2 | 111.7 | 100.0 | 101.7 | 95.8 | 99.4 | 97.5 |
| 1984 I | 100.0 | 109.0 | 102.0 | 101.1 | 134.7 | 100.3 | 103.8 | 109.5 | 101.9 | 106.0 |
| II | 99.8 | 108.0 | 101.6 | 100.8 | 113.8 | 100.8 | 104.9 | 104.9 | 104.5 | 104.7 |
| III | 100.0 | 107.2 | 102.8 | 101.0 | 94.1 | 101.3 | 108.6 | 109.1 | 105.4 | 107.3 |
| IV | 99.7 | 104.9 | 103.5 | 100.8 | 83.8 | 102.9 | 108.7 | 104.2 | 105.2 | 104.6 |
| 1985 I | 100.7 | 107.1 | 108.9 | 102.0 | 87.5 | 103.6 | 109.3 | 112.1 | 108.3 | 109.4 |
| II | 98.4 | 105.8 | 105.6 | 100.0 | 84.9 | 103.2 | 109.0 | 112.7 | 107.2 | 110.1 |
| III | 97.4 | 105.5 | 107.5 | 99.3 | 91.3 | 103.1 | 109.7 | 108.6 | 107.7 | 108.2 |
| IV | 99.0 | 108.6 | 110.2 | 101.0 | 100.0 | 102.8 | 107.8 | 105.4 | 108.8 | 106.0 |
| 1986 I | 100.0 | 107.2 | 115.7 | 102.4 | 99.6 | 102.8 | 107.8 | 109.9 | 106.1 | 108.1 |
| II | 97.9 | 107.7 | 115.6 | 100.8 | 92.1 | 102.8 | 106.4 | 114.7 | 105.2 | 110.3 |
| III | 103.8 | 121.9 | 118.4 | 107.2 | 98.4 | 103.3 | 106.2 | 114.4 | 105.0 | 110.1 |
| IV | 106.2 | 120.3 | 120.0 | 109.1 | 101.0 | 104.5 | 105.6 | 113.3 | 104.7 | 109.3 |
| 1987 I | 108.8 | 116.1 | 127.6 | 109.8 | 97.5 | 105.5 | 108.3 | 123.8 | 107.3 | 116.8 |
| II | 108.7 | 112.9 | 128.9 | 110.9 | 87.8 | 105.5 | 108.1 | 131.7 | 108.9 | 122.0 |
| III | 111.9 | 112.1 | 130.8 | 113.4 | 90.4 | 105.8 | 108.2 | 124.8 | 109.8 | 118.1 |
| IV | 111.1 | 109.2 | 132.3 | 112.5 | 90.3 | 106.8 | 107.7 | 128.9 | 109.8 | 119.6 |
| 1988 I | 110.4 | 108.8 | 136.7 | 112.4 | 87.8 | 107.3 | 109.4 | 133.4 | 113.1 | 124.7 |
| II | 112.1 | 114.8 | 137.1 | 114.8 | 83.5 | 107.2 | 111.0 | 134.0 | 116.5 | 126.4 |
| III | 113.3 | 131.4 | 137.3 | 118.1 | 100.8 | 108.2 | 114.5 | 139.4 | 119.1 | 130.7 |
| IV | 112.9 | 127.9 | 138.3 | 117.3 | 102.1 | 110.8 | 117.6 | 137.7 | 121.7 | 130.7 |
| 1989 I | 114.6 | 129.2 | 143.7 | 121.3 | 113.7 | 113.3 | 120.2 | 145.1 | 123.6 | 135.9 |
| II | 115.8 | 136.8 | 142.8 | 122.5 | 113.6 | 113.8 | 121.6 | 151.7 | 124.9 | 140.3 |
| III | 117.3 | 138.1 | 144.8 | 122.5 | 117.5 | 114.9 | 121.5 | 147.8 | 128.2 | 138.5 |
| IV | 119.1 | 128.6 | 143.0 | 121.4 | 129.1 | 120.4 | 121.4 | 148.2 | 125.3 | 137.2 |
| 1990 I | 123.3 | 131.3 | 149.2 | 126.6 | 133.4 | 126.5 | 123.7 | 174.0 | 128.9 | 155.2 |
| II | 127.1 | 132.8 | 147.3 | 129.2 | 119.2 | 124.9 | 124.9 | 158.2 | 134.0 | 147.8 |
| III | 130.6 | 134.5 | 145.3 | 132.0 | 116.4 | 126.9 | 127.4 | 155.9 | 134.9 | 146.9 |
| IV | 132.8 | 131.3 | 147.5 | 133.4 | 127.8 | 127.8 | 126.3 | 155.8 | 132.9 | 146.0 |
| 1991 I | 133.1 | 132.0 | 149.8 | 134.0 | 132.8 | 125.1 | 132.7 | 173.4 | 130.9 | 155.7 |
| II | 133.2 | 131.8 | 147.3 | 133.7 | 115.8 | 124.3 | 132.4 | 188.0 | 130.5 | 164.2 |
| III | 132.6 | 132.0 | 148.4 | 133.2 | 117.6 | 124.6 | 131.8 | 189.7 | 129.8 | 153.0 |
| IV | 131.2 | 130.2 | 149.8 | 132.2 | 118.6 | 128.4 | 130.3 | 185.3 | 129.7 | 150.4 |
| 1992 I | 130.5 | 129.2 | 152.7 | 131.9 | 110.2 | 128.0 | 130.8 | 174.9 | 133.8 | 157.7 |
| II | 130.5 | 129.7 | 151.4 | 131.9 | 103.3 | 127.4 | 130.1 | 172.0 | 134.7 | 158.3 |
| III | 130.5 | 133.3 | 151.1 | 132.4 | 108.2 | 129.1 | 129.8 | 186.4 | 134.3 | 152.9 |
| IV | 131.1 | 133.5 | 151.5 | 133.0 | 113.5 | 128.5 | 128.9 | 170.8 | 132.2 | 154.6 |
| 1993 I | 132.5 | 134.5 | 157.5 | 134.7 | 117.4 | 129.0 | 130.4 | 179.9 | 131.5 | 159.8 |
| II | 134.5 | 136.1 | 158.4 | 138.3 | 118.4 | 128.6 | 129.9 | 180.7 | 130.5 | 159.8 |
| III | 135.5 | 137.2 | 154.2 | 137.0 | 115.3 | 130.1 | 130.2 | 171.0 | 131.4 | 154.4 |
| IV | 138.0 | 140.0 | 158.3 | 138.3 | 118.3 | 129.7 | 129.5 | 182.7 | 132.8 | 161.9 |
| 1994 I | 136.2 | 140.3 | 162.0 | 138.8 | 118.8 | 131.7 | 131.8 | 188.3 | 134.5 | 164.7 |
| II | 135.9 | 142.1 | 162.6 | 139.0 | 111.3 | 132.0 | 133.4 | 181.8 | 134.6 | 162.2 |
| III | 134.9 | 143.0 | 163.9 | 138.6 | 112.9 | 131.8 | 134.5 | 183.8 | 135.0 | 163.5 |
| IV | 134.4 | 140.7 | 166.2 | 138.1 | 114.1 | 131.6 | 134.5 | 184.9 | 133.8 | 169.6 |

Continued--

Table 96--Consumer Price Index for food, 1980-94, quarterly--continued

| Year and quarter | Food at home--continued | | | | Food away from home | All food | All items less food | Consumer Price Index |
|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | Cereals and bakery products | Sugar and sweets | Nonalcoholic beverages | Total | | | | |
| 1982-84=100 | | | | | | | | |
| 1980 I | 80.5 | 79.7 | 88.5 | 85.0 | 80.7 | 83.6 | 78.0 | 78.9 |
| II | 83.1 | 87.4 | 90.7 | 86.6 | 82.7 | 85.4 | 81.0 | 81.8 |
| III | 84.6 | 94.6 | 92.7 | 89.8 | 84.2 | 88.0 | 82.4 | 83.3 |
| IV | 87.2 | 100.5 | 93.6 | 92.0 | 86.1 | 90.1 | 84.6 | 85.5 |
| 1981 I | 90.2 | 102.0 | 95.0 | 93.9 | 88.7 | 92.2 | 86.9 | 87.8 |
| II | 91.9 | 97.6 | 95.4 | 94.3 | 90.4 | 93.0 | 89.2 | 89.8 |
| III | 93.0 | 95.7 | 95.2 | 95.7 | 91.8 | 94.4 | 91.9 | 92.4 |
| IV | 94.1 | 95.4 | 95.5 | 95.4 | 92.8 | 94.6 | 93.5 | 93.7 |
| 1982 I | 95.6 | 98.5 | 97.5 | 97.2 | 94.1 | 96.3 | 94.1 | 94.5 |
| II | 96.3 | 97.1 | 98.1 | 98.4 | 95.3 | 97.4 | 95.6 | 95.9 |
| III | 96.9 | 98.2 | 97.8 | 98.8 | 96.5 | 98.1 | 97.6 | 97.7 |
| IV | 97.2 | 98.1 | 98.4 | 97.9 | 97.4 | 97.7 | 98.0 | 97.9 |
| 1983 I | 98.3 | 98.6 | 99.7 | 98.5 | 98.6 | 98.6 | 97.7 | 97.9 |
| II | 99.3 | 99.1 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 98.0 | 99.1 |
| III | 100.0 | 99.8 | 99.3 | 99.2 | 100.3 | 98.6 | 100.5 | 100.3 |
| IV | 100.8 | 99.8 | 100.5 | 99.2 | 101.5 | 98.9 | 101.5 | 101.2 |
| 1984 I | 102.3 | 101.3 | 101.9 | 102.7 | 102.7 | 102.7 | 102.2 | 102.3 |
| II | 103.4 | 103.3 | 102.2 | 102.5 | 103.8 | 102.9 | 103.5 | 103.4 |
| III | 104.7 | 104.1 | 102.2 | 103.1 | 104.6 | 103.6 | 104.7 | 104.5 |
| IV | 105.4 | 104.0 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 105.6 | 103.8 | 105.6 | 105.3 |
| 1985 I | 106.7 | 104.7 | 104.4 | 104.6 | 106.7 | 105.2 | 106.1 | 106.0 |
| II | 107.8 | 105.4 | 104.6 | 104.2 | 107.9 | 105.4 | 107.7 | 107.3 |
| III | 108.4 | 106.4 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 108.9 | 105.5 | 108.6 | 108.0 |
| IV | 109.0 | 106.7 | 104.2 | 104.3 | 109.8 | 106.1 | 109.7 | 109.0 |
| 1986 I | 109.8 | 108.1 | 110.3 | 108.0 | 110.7 | 107.5 | 109.6 | 109.2 |
| II | 110.3 | 109.1 | 111.5 | 108.0 | 121.1 | 107.9 | 109.2 | 109.0 |
| III | 111.5 | 109.6 | 110.1 | 108.1 | 113.1 | 109.7 | 109.6 | 109.8 |
| IV | 111.9 | 109.4 | 109.6 | 108.9 | 114.3 | 110.6 | 110.4 | 110.4 |
| 1987 I | 113.2 | 110.4 | 110.8 | 110.9 | 115.5 | 112.4 | 111.5 | 111.6 |
| II | 114.5 | 110.9 | 107.8 | 112.0 | 116.4 | 113.3 | 113.1 | 113.1 |
| III | 115.3 | 111.3 | 105.9 | 112.2 | 117.6 | 113.9 | 114.5 | 114.4 |
| IV | 116.2 | 113.3 | 105.5 | 112.4 | 118.6 | 114.4 | 115.6 | 115.4 |
| 1988 I | 118.6 | 112.9 | 107.4 | 114.0 | 119.7 | 115.8 | 116.1 | 116.1 |
| II | 120.3 | 112.7 | 107.5 | 115.2 | 121.1 | 117.1 | 117.6 | 117.5 |
| III | 123.6 | 114.8 | 107.2 | 118.1 | 122.5 | 118.5 | 119.0 | 119.1 |
| IV | 126.0 | 116.2 | 108.0 | 118.9 | 123.7 | 120.4 | 120.3 | 120.3 |
| 1989 I | 128.8 | 117.7 | 110.7 | 122.0 | 125.2 | 122.9 | 121.4 | 121.7 |
| II | 131.3 | 118.4 | 111.6 | 124.1 | 126.7 | 124.7 | 123.4 | 123.7 |
| III | 134.0 | 120.5 | 111.5 | 124.9 | 128.2 | 125.8 | 124.4 | 124.7 |
| IV | 135.5 | 121.0 | 111.3 | 125.9 | 129.5 | 126.9 | 125.6 | 125.9 |
| 1990 I | 137.3 | 122.9 | 112.9 | 131.7 | 131.0 | 131.1 | 127.4 | 128.0 |
| II | 138.4 | 124.2 | 112.8 | 131.2 | 133.0 | 131.5 | 128.8 | 129.3 |
| III | 141.2 | 125.4 | 114.2 | 132.7 | 134.3 | 132.9 | 131.9 | 131.6 |
| IV | 142.0 | 126.4 | 114.3 | 133.7 | 135.4 | 133.9 | 133.6 | 133.7 |
| 1991 I | 144.3 | 127.6 | 115.6 | 138.0 | 136.2 | 135.7 | 134.6 | 134.8 |
| II | 145.4 | 129.0 | 114.8 | 137.1 | 137.5 | 136.9 | 135.3 | 135.6 |
| III | 146.3 | 129.9 | 112.9 | 135.3 | 138.7 | 138.2 | 136.7 | 136.7 |
| IV | 147.3 | 130.7 | 113.1 | 135.0 | 139.3 | 136.2 | 137.9 | 137.7 |
| 1992 I | 148.3 | 132.4 | 115.4 | 136.8 | 139.9 | 137.6 | 138.9 | 138.7 |
| II | 151.0 | 133.1 | 114.6 | 136.6 | 140.4 | 137.6 | 140.2 | 139.8 |
| III | 152.7 | 133.8 | 114.1 | 136.7 | 141.0 | 137.9 | 141.4 | 140.9 |
| IV | 152.9 | 132.9 | 112.9 | 137.2 | 141.5 | 138.4 | 142.5 | 141.9 |
| 1993 I | 154.3 | 133.1 | 114.5 | 139.2 | 142.2 | 139.6 | 143.7 | 143.1 |
| II | 156.1 | 133.2 | 114.6 | 140.0 | 142.9 | 140.7 | 144.8 | 144.2 |
| III | 157.5 | 133.4 | 114.1 | 139.8 | 143.6 | 140.7 | 145.6 | 144.6 |
| IV | 158.3 | 133.7 | 115.2 | 141.4 | 144.2 | 142.1 | 146.5 | 145.6 |
| 1994 I | 160.7 | 135.3 | 116.0 | 143.1 | 144.6 | 143.3 | 147.3 | 146.7 |
| II | 162.7 | 135.4 | 115.8 | 143.0 | 145.3 | 143.5 | 148.4 | 147.6 |
| III | 164.5 | 135.2 | 128.7 | 144.6 | 145.9 | 144.7 | 149.7 | 148.9 |
| IV | 164.2 | 134.9 | 132.3 | 145.7 | 146.8 | 145.7 | 150.4 | 149.6 |

Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 97—Average retail food prices, individual items, 1985-94

| Item | Unit | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cereals and bakery products: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Flour, white, all purpose | lb. | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| Rice, white, long grain, uncooked | lb. | 0.47 | 0.45 | 0.40 | 0.48 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.53 | 0.51 | 0.55 |
| Spaghetti and macaroni | lb. | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.73 | 0.80 | 0.87 | 0.85 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.83 | 0.87 |
| Bread, white, pan | lb. | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.55 | 0.61 | 0.67 | 0.69 | 0.71 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.76 |
| Bread, whole wheat, pan | lb. | 0.86 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.93 | NA | NA | 1.07 | 1.06 | 1.08 | 1.97 |
| Cookies, chocolate chip | lb. | 1.94 | 1.99 | 2.00 | 2.12 | 2.38 | 2.61 | 2.70 | 2.78 | 2.46 | 2.54 |
| Meats: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ground chuck, 100% beef | lb. | 1.68 | 1.63 | 1.71 | 1.76 | 1.83 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.86 |
| Ground beef, 100% beef | lb. | 1.24 | 1.23 | 1.31 | 1.36 | 1.44 | 1.59 | 1.60 | 1.53 | 1.57 | 1.48 |
| Ground beef, lean and extra lean | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.22 | 2.18 |
| Chuck roast, U.S. Choice, bone-in | lb. | 1.57 | 1.59 | 1.60 | 1.73 | 1.88 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.13 |
| Chuck roast, graded and ungraded, excluding USDA Prime and Choice | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.24 | 2.22 | 2.27 | 2.20 |
| Chuck roast, USDA Choice, boneless | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.56 | 2.50 | 2.54 | 2.45 |
| Round roast, U.S. Choice, boneless | lb. | 2.46 | 2.44 | 2.53 | 2.63 | 2.76 | 2.93 | 3.02 | 2.98 | 3.06 | 2.98 |
| Round roast, graded and ungraded excluding USDA Prime and Choice | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.89 | 2.81 |
| Rib roast, U.S. Choice, bone-in | lb. | 3.28 | 3.26 | 3.53 | 3.89 | 4.17 | 4.49 | 4.70 | 4.64 | 4.85 | 4.79 |
| Steak, round, U.S. Choice, boneless | lb. | 2.82 | 2.77 | 2.89 | 2.99 | 3.12 | 3.32 | 3.41 | 3.38 | 3.40 | 3.25 |
| Steak, round, graded and ungraded, excluding USDA Prime and Choice | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.17 | 3.11 | 3.19 | 3.12 |
| Steak, sirloin, U.S. Choice, bone-in | lb. | 2.96 | 2.96 | 3.13 | 3.29 | 3.57 | 3.67 | 3.74 | 3.81 | 3.91 | 3.77 |
| Steak, sirloin, graded and ungraded, excluding USDA Prime and Choice | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.90 | 3.81 | 3.89 | 3.78 |
| Steak, T-bone, U.S. Choice, bone-in | lb. | 3.97 | 3.97 | 4.24 | 4.72 | 5.07 | 4.99 | 5.38 | 5.37 | 5.66 | 5.83 |
| Steak, rib eye, U.S. Choice, boneless | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 6.21 | 6.09 | 6.41 | 6.37 |
| Short ribs, any primal source, bone-in | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.64 | 2.62 | 2.69 | 2.70 |
| Beef for stew, boneless | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.59 | 2.58 | 2.59 | 2.53 |
| Bacon, sliced | lb. | 1.94 | 2.08 | 2.14 | 1.88 | 1.77 | 2.12 | 2.22 | 1.92 | 1.93 | 1.99 |
| Chops, center cut, bone-in | lb. | 2.34 | 2.59 | 2.82 | 2.77 | 2.85 | 3.26 | 3.26 | 3.15 | 3.24 | 3.22 |
| Shoulder picnic, bone-in, smoked | lb. | 1.02 | 1.06 | 1.12 | 1.12 | 1.10 | 1.28 | 1.30 | 1.22 | 1.16 | 1.13 |
| Sausage, fresh, loose | lb. | 1.74 | 1.91 | 1.99 | 1.97 | 2.00 | 2.35 | 2.41 | 2.21 | 2.11 | 1.98 |
| Ham, canned, 3 or 5 lbs. | lb. | 2.56 | 2.68 | 2.80 | 2.73 | 2.67 | 2.77 | 3.19 | 3.17 | NA | NA |
| Ham, rump or shank half, bone-in, smoked | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 1.67 | 1.61 | 1.59 | 1.64 |
| Ham, boneless, excluding canned | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 2.91 | 2.74 | 2.73 | 2.61 |
| Frankfurters, all meat or all beef | lb. | 1.90 | 1.93 | 1.99 | 2.02 | 2.06 | 2.29 | 2.35 | 2.24 | 2.11 | 2.11 |
| Bologna, all beef or mixed | lb. | 2.11 | 2.17 | 2.19 | 2.24 | 2.28 | 2.51 | 2.59 | 2.47 | 2.38 | 2.29 |
| Lamb and mutton, bone-in | lb. | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 3.57 | 3.35 | 3.18 | 3.31 |
| Poultry: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chicken, fresh, whole | lb. | 0.76 | 0.84 | 0.78 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.90 | 0.88 | 0.87 | 0.89 | 0.90 |
| Chicken, breast, bone-in | lb. | 1.66 | 1.85 | 1.80 | 1.93 | 2.09 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 2.04 | 2.08 | 2.06 |
| Chicken legs, bone-in | lb. | 1.08 | 1.17 | 1.09 | 1.14 | 1.21 | 1.19 | 1.15 | 1.12 | 1.10 | 1.13 |
| Turkey, frozen, whole | lb. | 1.05 | 1.07 | 1.01 | 0.96 | 0.99 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Fish: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuna, light, chunk | lb. | 2.01 | 2.00 | 1.97 | 2.16 | 2.08 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.03 | 1.97 | 2.04 |
| Eggs: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Eggs, grade A, large | doz. | 0.80 | 0.87 | 0.78 | 0.79 | 1.00 | 1.01 | 0.99 | 0.86 | 0.91 | 0.86 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Continued—

Table 97--Average retail food prices, individual items, 1985-94--continued

| Item | Unit | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 |
|-----------------------------------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dairy: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Milk, fresh, whole, fortified | 1/2 gal. | 1.13 | 1.11 | 1.14 | 1.16 | 1.27 | 1.42 | 1.37 | 1.39 | 1.39 | 1.44 |
| Milk, fresh, lowfat, fortified | 1/2 gal. | 1.08 | 1.08 | 1.08 | 1.11 | 1.18 | NA | 1.31 | 1.36 | NA | NA |
| Butter, salted, grade AA, stick | lb. | 2.12 | 2.15 | 2.17 | 2.16 | 2.13 | 1.99 | 1.94 | 1.83 | 1.66 | 1.60 |
| American processed cheese | lb. | 2.53 | 2.60 | 2.69 | 2.78 | 2.93 | NA | 3.43 | 3.32 | 3.09 | 3.07 |
| Cheddar cheese, natural | lb. | 3.09 | 3.05 | 3.06 | 3.17 | 3.20 | NA | 3.55 | 3.57 | 3.34 | 3.35 |
| Ice cream, prepackaged, bulk | 1/2 gal. | 2.30 | 2.36 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.53 | 2.63 |
| Yogurt, natural, fruit flavored | 1/2 pint | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.65 | 0.61 | 0.59 | 0.60 |
| Fresh fruits: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Apples, Red Delicious | lb. | 0.68 | 0.77 | 0.73 | 0.73 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.83 | 0.80 |
| Bananas | lb. | 0.37 | 0.38 | 0.36 | 0.42 | 0.45 | 0.46 | 0.48 | 0.46 | 0.44 | 0.46 |
| Oranges, Navel | lb. | 0.53 | 0.48 | 0.54 | 0.53 | 0.52 | 0.58 | 0.78 | 0.57 | 0.54 | 0.54 |
| Oranges, Valencia | lb. | 0.54 | 0.46 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 0.60 | NA | 0.92 | 0.56 | 0.65 | 0.59 |
| Cherries | lb. | 1.62 | 1.27 | 1.35 | 1.63 | 1.15 | 1.75 | 2.26 | NA | NA | NA |
| Grapefruit | lb. | 0.47 | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.52 | 0.53 | 0.66 | 0.62 | 0.61 | 0.53 | 0.51 |
| Grapes, Thompson Seedless | lb. | 0.95 | 1.14 | 1.17 | 1.16 | 1.20 | 1.26 | 1.40 | 1.29 | 1.47 | 1.51 |
| Lemons | lb. | 0.93 | 0.82 | 0.90 | 0.93 | 1.00 | 1.07 | 1.23 | 1.01 | 1.08 | 1.11 |
| Peaches | lb. | 0.69 | 0.68 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.84 | 0.88 | 0.96 | 0.89 | 0.95 | 0.95 |
| Pears, Anjou | lb. | 0.70 | 0.77 | 0.74 | 0.63 | 0.73 | 0.76 | 0.84 | 0.83 | 0.86 | 0.80 |
| Strawberries, dry pint | 12 oz. | 0.83 | 0.83 | 0.96 | 1.00 | 1.04 | 1.14 | 1.11 | 1.14 | 1.12 | 1.13 |
| Fresh vegetables: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potatoes, white | lb. | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.34 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 0.31 | 0.35 | 0.37 |
| Lettuce, iceberg | lb. | 0.54 | 0.53 | 0.62 | 0.63 | 0.60 | 0.58 | 0.60 | 0.58 | 0.66 | 0.61 |
| Tomatoes, field grown | lb. | 0.78 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.91 | 1.08 | 1.01 | 1.09 | 1.08 | 1.09 |
| Cabbage | lb. | 0.29 | 0.31 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 0.36 | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.36 | 0.41 | 0.37 |
| Carrots, short trimmed and topped | lb. | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.36 | 0.38 | 0.40 | 0.39 | 0.45 | 0.47 | 0.43 | 0.44 |
| Celery | lb. | 0.42 | 0.47 | 0.46 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.49 | 0.52 | 0.51 | 0.60 | 0.50 |
| Cucumbers | lb. | 0.51 | 0.51 | 0.57 | 0.57 | 0.66 | 0.60 | 0.65 | 0.67 | 0.62 | 0.60 |
| Onions, dry yellow | lb. | 0.30 | 0.31 | 0.42 | 0.38 | 0.36 | 0.39 | 0.43 | 0.42 | 0.48 | 0.46 |
| Peppers, sweet | lb. | 0.94 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.79 | 0.96 | 1.13 | 1.11 | 1.06 | 1.15 | 1.13 |
| Processed fruits and vegetables: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Orange juice, frozen concentrate | 16 oz. | 1.75 | 1.54 | 1.53 | 1.82 | 1.86 | 2.15 | 1.84 | 1.89 | 1.63 | 1.61 |
| Potatoes, frozen, French fried | lb. | 0.71 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.84 | 0.85 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.86 |
| Sugar: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sugar, white, all sizes | lb. | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.37 | 0.40 | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.42 | 0.41 | 0.40 |
| Sugar, white, 33-80 oz. package | lb. | 0.35 | 0.34 | 0.34 | 0.35 | 0.38 | 0.40 | 0.40 | 0.38 | 0.38 | 0.38 |
| Fats and oils: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Margarine, stick | lb. | 0.80 | 0.79 | 0.69 | 0.73 | 0.82 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.85 | 0.80 | 0.82 |
| Margarine, soft tub | lb. | 1.02 | 1.02 | 0.97 | 1.04 | 1.17 | NA | 1.29 | 1.30 | 1.18 | 1.15 |
| Shortening, vegetable oil blends | lb. | 0.88 | 0.87 | 0.78 | 0.85 | 0.93 | 0.92 | 0.87 | 0.83 | 0.80 | 0.85 |
| Other: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Peanut butter, creamy, all sizes | lb. | 1.54 | 1.60 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.89 | 2.15 | 1.94 | 1.79 | 1.85 |
| Coffee, 100% ground roast | lb. | 2.58 | 3.43 | 2.79 | 2.77 | 3.07 | 2.97 | 2.81 | 2.58 | 2.47 | 3.40 |
| Potato chips | lb. | 2.61 | 2.68 | 2.75 | 2.62 | 2.86 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.90 | 2.88 | 2.97 |
| Cola, nondiet cans, 72 oz. 6 pk. | 16 oz. | 0.49 | 0.47 | 0.44 | 0.43 | 0.41 | NA | 0.44 | 0.46 | NA | NA |

NA = Not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Table 98--Food expenditures by families and individuals as a share of disposable personal income, 1970-94

| Year | Disposable personal income | Expenditures for food | | | | | |
|------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------|-------------------|------|-----------|------|
| | | At home 1/ | | Away from home 2/ | | Total 3/ | |
| | --- Billion dollars --- | | Pct. | Bil. dol. | Pct. | Bil. dol. | Pct. |
| 1970 | 722.0 | 74.2 | 10.3 | 26.4 | 3.7 | 100.6 | 13.9 |
| 1971 | 784.9 | 78.1 | 9.9 | 28.1 | 3.6 | 106.2 | 13.5 |
| 1972 | 848.5 | 84.4 | 10.0 | 31.3 | 3.7 | 115.8 | 13.6 |
| 1973 | 958.1 | 93.1 | 9.7 | 34.9 | 3.6 | 128.0 | 13.4 |
| 1974 | 1,046.5 | 105.4 | 10.1 | 38.5 | 3.7 | 143.9 | 13.8 |
| 1975 | 1,150.9 | 115.2 | 10.0 | 45.9 | 4.0 | 161.1 | 14.0 |
| 1976 | 1,264.0 | 123.1 | 9.7 | 52.6 | 4.2 | 175.7 | 13.9 |
| 1977 | 1,391.3 | 131.8 | 9.5 | 58.5 | 4.2 | 190.3 | 13.7 |
| 1978 | 1,567.8 | 145.3 | 9.3 | 67.5 | 4.3 | 212.8 | 13.6 |
| 1979 | 1,753.0 | 162.2 | 9.3 | 76.9 | 4.4 | 239.1 | 13.6 |
| 1980 | 1,952.9 | 179.1 | 9.2 | 85.2 | 4.4 | 264.4 | 13.5 |
| 1981 | 2,174.5 | 191.0 | 8.8 | 95.8 | 4.4 | 286.8 | 13.2 |
| 1982 | 2,319.6 | 198.4 | 8.6 | 104.5 | 4.5 | 302.9 | 13.1 |
| 1983 | 2,493.7 | 209.0 | 8.4 | 114.2 | 4.6 | 323.2 | 13.0 |
| 1984 | 2,759.5 | 220.9 | 8.0 | 122.5 | 4.4 | 343.4 | 12.4 |
| 1985 | 2,943.0 | 230.7 | 7.8 | 129.4 | 4.4 | 360.1 | 12.2 |
| 1986 | 3,131.5 | 239.3 | 7.6 | 138.3 | 4.4 | 377.6 | 12.1 |
| 1987 | 3,289.5 | 247.9 | 7.5 | 147.4 | 4.5 | 395.3 | 12.0 |
| 1988 | 3,548.2 | 260.9 | 7.4 | 158.6 | 4.5 | 419.5 | 11.8 |
| 1989 | 3,787.0 | 279.4 | 7.4 | 167.3 | 4.4 | 446.7 | 11.8 |
| 1990 | 4,050.5 | 304.2 | 7.5 | 179.8 | 4.4 | 484.0 | 11.9 |
| 1991 | 4,236.6 | 316.9 | 7.5 | 186.8 | 4.4 | 503.7 | 11.9 |
| 1992 | 4,505.8 | 318.3 | 7.1 | 195.7 | 4.3 | 514.0 | 11.4 |
| 1993 | 4,688.7 | 324.0 | 6.9 | 210.2 | 4.5 | 534.2 | 11.4 |
| 1994 | 4,959.6 | 339.1 | 6.8 | 225.7 | 4.5 | 564.8 | 11.4 |

1/ Food purchases from grocery stores and other retail outlets, including purchases with food stamps and WIC vouchers and food produced and consumed on farms (valued at farm prices) because the value of these foods is included in personal income. Excludes government-donated foods
 2/ Purchases of meals and snacks by families and individuals, and food furnished employees since it is included in personal income. Excludes food paid for by government and business, such as donated foods to schools, meals in prisons and other institutions, and expense-account meals.
 3/ Total may not add due to rounding.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 99--Household expenditures for food in relation to income, after taxes, by income group, 1993 1/

| Income group | Percentage of total households | Average number of persons in household | Food expenditures as a percentage of income after taxes |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|
| | Percent 2/ | Number | Percent |
| Under \$5,000 3/ | 5.6 | 1.7 | 86.9 |
| \$5,000 - 9,999 | 12.6 | 1.9 | 34.8 |
| \$10,000 - 14,999 | 11.6 | 2.1 | 24.2 |
| \$15,000 - 19,999 | 10.1 | 2.2 | 21.0 |
| \$20,000 - 29,999 | 15.6 | 2.5 | 17.3 |
| \$30,000 - 39,999 | 12.5 | 2.7 | 14.7 |
| \$40,000 - 49,999 | 9.6 | 3.0 | 13.6 |
| \$50,000 - 69,999 | 11.8 | 3.1 | 11.9 |
| \$70,000 and over | 10.5 | 3.1 | 8.5 |
| Total households | 100.0 | 2.5 | 14.2 |

1/ Data are only for those households who reported at least one major source of income and thus were designated as complete income reporters. However, households may not have provided a full accounting of all income from all sources and nonmoney income is not included in the Consumer Expenditure Survey but is included in disposable personal income (table 98). Under-reporting of income would cause an upward bias in the estimate of the percentage of income spent on food. 2/ Total may not add due to rounding. 3/ Includes negative incomes of households reporting business losses.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor/Bureau of Labor Statistics, Office of Prices, "Consumer Expenditure Survey." Percentages computed by USDA.

Table 100--Percent of total personal consumption expenditures spent on food and alcoholic beverages that were consumed at home, by selected countries, 1992

| Country | Percent of total personal consumption expenditures | | Total personal consumption expenditures 3/ |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| | Food 2/ | Alcoholic beverages | |
| | ----- Percent ----- | | Dollars per person |
| United States 1/ | | | |
| ERS estimate | 7.8 | 1.1 | 16,197 |
| PCE estimate | 8.7 | 1.8 | 16,197 |
| Canada | 10.5 | 2.7 | 12,571 |
| Luxembourg | 11.8 | 1.3 | 15,079 |
| United Kingdom | 11.9 | 6.2 | 11,615 |
| Netherlands | 12.5 | 1.5 | 12,769 |
| Hong Kong | 13.5 | 0.7 | 10,503 |
| Sweden | 14.3 | 2.9 | 15,383 |
| Australia | 14.5 | 4.2 | 10,580 |
| Belgium | 15.0 | 1.3 | 13,804 |
| France | 15.5 | 2.0 | 13,873 |
| Denmark | 15.7 | 3.4 | 13,742 |
| Finland | 15.9 | 4.4 | 12,075 |
| New Zealand 4/ | 16.3 | NA | 7,512 |
| Austria | 16.8 | 2.1 | 13,036 |
| Singapore | 17.0 | 2.0 | 7,470 |
| Italy | 17.6 | 1.0 | 13,269 |
| Puerto Rico | 17.8 | 2.8 | 6,011 |
| Germany 4/ | 18.3 | NA | 12,238 |
| Norway | 19.8 | 3.1 | 13,729 |
| Iceland | 20.1 | 2.6 | 16,710 |
| Ireland | 20.6 | 11.5 | 8,512 |
| Japan 5/ | 20.8 | NA | 16,224 |
| Spain 5/ | 21.3 | NA | 9,294 |
| Israel | 22.1 | 0.7 | 8,277 |
| Switzerland 4/ | 25.1 | NA | 20,419 |
| Thailand | 26.3 | 4.1 | 1,047 |
| Hungary | 27.7 | 7.5 | 2,086 |
| Cyprus | 27.9 | 3.0 | 6,084 |
| Colombia | 29.6 | 3.7 | 890 |
| South Africa | 30.3 | 5.1 | 1,712 |
| Malta | 30.5 | 4.5 | 4,632 |
| Greece | 30.7 | 3.0 | 5,400 |
| Korea, Republic of 5/ | 33.6 | NA | 3,591 |
| Mexico 5/ | 33.7 | NA | 2,682 |
| Ecuador | 33.9 | 3.0 | 837 |
| Venezuela 4/ | 37.1 | NA | 2,139 |
| Jamaica | 37.5 | 1.6 | 752 |
| Russia 6/ | 38.4 | 3.9 | 322 |
| Sri Lanka | 47.2 | 1.9 | 411 |
| India | 50.8 | 0.5 | 183 |
| Philippines 4/ | 55.3 | NA | 581 |
| Sudan 7/ | 64.7 | 0.0 | 279 |
| Sierra Leone 8/ | 67.9 | NA | 263 |

NA = Not available.

1/ Two sets of figures are shown for the United States. The first, and we believe most accurate, set is based on ERS estimates of U.S. food and beverage expenditures by families and individuals. The second set is based on the U.S. Department of Commerce estimates of personal consumption expenditures (PCE) for food and beverages, and is used by the UN. The ERS estimate is lower than the PCE estimate partly because it excludes pet food, ice, and prepared feed which are included in the PCE estimates. The ERS estimates also deduct more from grocery store sales for nonfoods, such as drugs and household supplies, in arriving at the estimate for food purchases for at-home consumption. 2/ Includes nonalcoholic beverages. 3/ Consumer expenditures for goods and services. 4/ Food includes nonalcoholic and alcoholic beverages. 5/ Food includes nonalcoholic and alcoholic beverages and tobacco. 6/ This data was published by the Statistical Committee of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), Moscow, 1995. It was obtained from household surveys. 7/ 1983. 8/ 1986.

Source: Computed by Birgit Meade, ERS (202-219-0632) mainly from data provided by the United Nations (UN) System of National Accounts.

Table 101--Food and alcoholic beverages: Total expenditures, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Food at home | | | Food away from home | | | All food 2/ | Alcoholic beverages | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------|---------------------|--------|----------|
| | Sales | Home production and donations | Total 2/ | Sales | Supplied and donated 3/ | Total 2/ | | Packaged | Drinks | Total 2/ |
| Million dollars | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 73,441 | 4,086 | 77,527 | 33,777 | 5,806 | 39,583 | 117,110 | 12,934 | 9,069 | 22,003 |
| 1971 | 77,366 | 4,080 | 81,446 | 36,096 | 6,155 | 42,251 | 123,697 | 14,092 | 9,553 | 23,645 |
| 1972 | 83,636 | 4,297 | 87,933 | 40,440 | 6,147 | 46,587 | 134,520 | 15,060 | 9,576 | 24,636 |
| 1973 | 92,069 | 5,217 | 97,286 | 45,162 | 7,488 | 52,650 | 149,936 | 16,205 | 10,573 | 26,778 |
| 1974 | 104,138 | 6,114 | 110,252 | 48,924 | 9,121 | 58,045 | 168,297 | 17,735 | 11,316 | 29,051 |
| 1975 | 113,875 | 5,975 | 119,850 | 57,848 | 10,261 | 68,109 | 187,959 | 19,268 | 12,526 | 31,794 |
| 1976 | 121,686 | 6,149 | 127,835 | 65,638 | 11,195 | 76,833 | 204,668 | 20,406 | 13,590 | 33,996 |
| 1977 | 130,524 | 6,808 | 137,332 | 72,773 | 12,062 | 84,835 | 222,167 | 21,673 | 14,960 | 36,633 |
| 1978 | 143,879 | 7,204 | 151,083 | 82,229 | 13,848 | 96,077 | 247,160 | 23,330 | 16,668 | 39,998 |
| 1979 | 160,491 | 7,712 | 168,203 | 93,869 | 15,278 | 109,147 | 277,350 | 26,101 | 18,893 | 44,994 |
| 1980 | 177,363 | 8,415 | 185,778 | 103,119 | 17,198 | 120,317 | 306,095 | 29,383 | 20,656 | 50,039 |
| 1981 | 189,240 | 9,043 | 198,283 | 113,053 | 17,870 | 130,923 | 329,206 | 31,407 | 22,255 | 53,662 |
| 1982 | 196,652 | 8,931 | 205,583 | 121,514 | 18,262 | 139,776 | 345,359 | 32,741 | 22,708 | 55,449 |
| 1983 | 207,132 | 9,258 | 216,390 | 132,304 | 19,079 | 151,383 | 367,773 | 35,485 | 23,709 | 59,194 |
| 1984 | 218,937 | 8,610 | 227,547 | 141,869 | 20,229 | 162,098 | 389,645 | 36,777 | 24,774 | 61,551 |
| 1985 | 228,689 | 6,998 | 235,687 | 149,838 | 20,687 | 170,525 | 406,212 | 38,199 | 25,846 | 64,045 |
| 1986 | 237,246 | 7,185 | 244,431 | 162,307 | 21,790 | 184,097 | 428,528 | 40,012 | 27,632 | 67,644 |
| 1987 | 245,967 | 7,536 | 253,503 | 180,555 | 22,731 | 203,285 | 456,788 | 40,471 | 29,001 | 69,473 |
| 1988 | 258,856 | 7,619 | 266,475 | 197,311 | 24,355 | 221,667 | 488,141 | 41,142 | 30,600 | 71,743 |
| 1989 | 277,392 | 7,684 | 285,076 | 210,264 | 25,921 | 236,185 | 521,260 | 43,278 | 31,495 | 74,773 |
| 1990 | 302,088 | 7,706 | 309,794 | 225,097 | 27,568 | 252,665 | 562,459 | 46,688 | 33,532 | 80,220 |
| 1991 | 314,632 | 7,334 | 321,966 | 230,910 | 28,891 | 259,801 | 581,768 | 47,641 | 34,090 | 81,731 |
| 1992 | 315,972 | 7,201 | 323,173 | 238,958 | 30,363 | 269,320 | 592,493 | 46,506 | 35,046 | 81,552 |
| 1993 | 321,598 | 7,157 | 328,754 | 254,110 | 31,789 | 285,900 | 614,654 | 46,261 | 36,062 | 82,323 |
| 1994 | 336,537 | 7,190 | 343,727 | 270,009 | 33,196 | 303,205 | 646,932 | 47,635 | 37,870 | 85,505 |

1/ See "Developing an Integrated Information System for the Food Sector," AER-575, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, August 1987, for a description of USDA total food expenditures. 2/ Computed from unrounded data. 3/ Includes child nutrition subsidies.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 102--Food at home: Total expenditures, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Food sales | | | | | Home production and donations | Grand total 4/ |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| | Food stores 2/ | Other stores 3/ | Home delivery and mail order | Farmers, manufacturers, and wholesalers | Total sales 4/ | | |
| Million dollars | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 65,480 | 3,765 | 2,383 | 1,813 | 73,441 | 4,086 | 77,527 |
| 1971 | 69,161 | 4,004 | 2,373 | 1,828 | 77,366 | 4,080 | 81,446 |
| 1972 | 75,520 | 3,865 | 2,423 | 1,828 | 83,636 | 4,297 | 87,933 |
| 1973 | 83,200 | 4,556 | 2,294 | 2,019 | 92,069 | 5,217 | 97,286 |
| 1974 | 94,529 | 5,079 | 2,233 | 2,297 | 104,138 | 6,114 | 110,252 |
| 1975 | 103,624 | 5,739 | 1,976 | 2,536 | 113,875 | 5,975 | 119,850 |
| 1976 | 110,793 | 6,283 | 1,886 | 2,724 | 121,686 | 6,149 | 127,835 |
| 1977 | 118,256 | 7,070 | 2,264 | 2,934 | 130,524 | 6,808 | 137,332 |
| 1978 | 130,568 | 7,705 | 2,385 | 3,221 | 143,879 | 7,204 | 151,083 |
| 1979 | 145,943 | 8,416 | 2,567 | 3,565 | 160,491 | 7,712 | 168,203 |
| 1980 | 161,439 | 9,261 | 2,762 | 3,901 | 177,363 | 8,415 | 185,778 |
| 1981 | 172,227 | 10,138 | 2,729 | 4,146 | 189,240 | 9,043 | 198,283 |
| 1982 | 179,144 | 10,677 | 2,616 | 4,215 | 196,652 | 8,931 | 205,583 |
| 1983 | 187,313 | 12,831 | 2,676 | 4,312 | 207,132 | 9,258 | 216,390 |
| 1984 | 197,060 | 14,599 | 2,785 | 4,493 | 218,937 | 8,610 | 227,547 |
| 1985 | 204,924 | 16,360 | 2,768 | 4,637 | 228,689 | 6,998 | 235,687 |
| 1986 | 210,393 | 19,271 | 2,910 | 4,672 | 237,246 | 7,185 | 244,431 |
| 1987 | 217,663 | 19,654 | 3,383 | 5,267 | 245,967 | 7,536 | 253,503 |
| 1988 | 227,405 | 21,792 | 4,043 | 5,616 | 258,856 | 7,619 | 266,475 |
| 1989 | 241,999 | 24,748 | 4,602 | 6,043 | 277,392 | 7,684 | 285,076 |
| 1990 | 262,301 | 28,193 | 5,336 | 6,257 | 302,088 | 7,706 | 309,794 |
| 1991 | 271,552 | 30,790 | 5,785 | 6,505 | 314,632 | 7,334 | 321,966 |
| 1992 | 270,520 | 32,448 | 6,404 | 6,600 | 315,972 | 7,201 | 323,173 |
| 1993 | 273,778 | 34,222 | 6,764 | 6,834 | 321,598 | 7,157 | 328,754 |
| 1994 | 286,448 | 36,442 | 6,905 | 6,742 | 336,537 | 7,190 | 343,727 |

1/ See "Developing an Integrated Information System for the Food Sector," AER-575, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, August 1987, for a description of USDA total food expenditures. 2/ Excludes sales to restaurants and institutions. 3/ Includes eating and drinking establishments, trailer parks, commissary stores, and military exchanges. 4/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 103—Food away from home: Total expenditures, 1970-94 1/

| Year | Eating and drinking places 2/ | Hotels and motels 3/ | Retail stores, direct selling 4/ | Recreational places 4/ | Schools and colleges 5/ | All other 6/ | Total 7/ |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Million dollars | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 22,617 | 1,894 | 3,325 | 721 | 4,475 | 6,551 | 39,583 |
| 1971 | 24,166 | 2,086 | 3,626 | 762 | 4,990 | 6,621 | 42,251 |
| 1972 | 27,167 | 2,390 | 3,811 | 832 | 5,370 | 7,017 | 46,587 |
| 1973 | 31,265 | 2,639 | 4,218 | 963 | 5,605 | 7,960 | 52,650 |
| 1974 | 34,029 | 2,864 | 4,520 | 1,167 | 6,287 | 9,178 | 58,045 |
| 1975 | 41,384 | 3,199 | 4,952 | 1,369 | 7,060 | 10,145 | 68,109 |
| 1976 | 47,536 | 3,769 | 5,341 | 1,511 | 7,854 | 10,822 | 76,833 |
| 1977 | 52,491 | 4,115 | 5,663 | 2,606 | 8,413 | 11,547 | 84,835 |
| 1978 | 60,042 | 4,863 | 6,323 | 2,810 | 9,034 | 13,005 | 96,077 |
| 1979 | 68,872 | 5,551 | 7,157 | 2,921 | 9,914 | 14,732 | 109,147 |
| 1980 | 75,883 | 5,906 | 8,158 | 3,040 | 11,115 | 16,215 | 120,317 |
| 1981 | 83,358 | 6,639 | 8,830 | 2,979 | 11,357 | 17,760 | 130,923 |
| 1982 | 90,390 | 6,888 | 9,256 | 2,887 | 11,692 | 18,663 | 139,776 |
| 1983 | 98,710 | 7,660 | 9,827 | 3,271 | 12,338 | 19,577 | 151,383 |
| 1984 | 105,836 | 8,409 | 10,315 | 3,489 | 12,950 | 21,099 | 162,098 |
| 1985 | 111,760 | 9,168 | 10,499 | 3,737 | 13,534 | 21,827 | 170,525 |
| 1986 | 121,699 | 9,665 | 11,116 | 4,059 | 14,401 | 23,157 | 184,097 |
| 1987 | 136,029 | 10,950 | 12,122 | 4,612 | 14,329 | 25,243 | 203,285 |
| 1988 | 149,046 | 11,805 | 13,336 | 5,122 | 14,978 | 27,380 | 221,667 |
| 1989 | 158,107 | 12,573 | 14,584 | 5,726 | 15,805 | 29,390 | 236,185 |
| 1990 | 168,857 | 13,219 | 16,230 | 6,208 | 16,845 | 31,305 | 252,665 |
| 1991 | 172,580 | 13,454 | 16,952 | 6,394 | 18,036 | 32,385 | 259,801 |
| 1992 | 177,711 | 14,628 | 17,524 | 6,719 | 19,058 | 33,680 | 269,320 |
| 1993 | 190,441 | 15,329 | 18,004 | 7,104 | 19,747 | 35,274 | 285,900 |
| 1994 | 203,794 | 16,324 | 18,616 | 7,481 | 20,288 | 36,702 | 303,205 |

1/ See "Developing an Integrated Information System for the Food Sector," AER-575, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, August 1987, for a description of USDA total food expenditures. 2/ Includes tips. 3/ Includes vending machine operators but not vending machines operated by organizations. 4/ Motion picture theaters, bowling alleys, pool parlors, sport arenas, camps, amusement parks, golf and country clubs (includes concessions beginning in 1977). 5/ Includes school food subsidies. 6/ Military exchanges and clubs; railroad dining cars; airlines; food service in manufacturing plants, institutions, hospitals, boarding houses, fraternities and sororities, and civic and social organizations; and food supplied to military forces, civilian employees, and child daycare. 7/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 104--Alcoholic beverages: Total expenditures, 1970-94 ^{1/}

| Year | Packaged alcoholic beverages at home | | | | Alcoholic drinks away from home | | | | Total ^{2/} |
|------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Liquor stores | Food stores | All other | Total ^{2/} | Eating and drinking places ^{3/} | Hotels and motels ^{3/} | All other | Total ^{2/} | |
| | Million dollars | | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 7,671 | 4,199 | 1,064 | 12,934 | 7,652 | 760 | 657 | 9,069 | 22,003 |
| 1971 | 8,506 | 4,484 | 1,102 | 14,092 | 8,026 | 849 | 678 | 9,553 | 23,645 |
| 1972 | 8,810 | 5,137 | 1,113 | 15,060 | 7,911 | 961 | 704 | 9,576 | 24,636 |
| 1973 | 9,236 | 5,715 | 1,254 | 16,205 | 8,747 | 1,069 | 757 | 10,573 | 26,778 |
| 1974 | 9,948 | 6,432 | 1,355 | 17,735 | 9,371 | 1,167 | 778 | 11,316 | 29,051 |
| 1975 | 10,681 | 7,068 | 1,519 | 19,268 | 10,324 | 1,315 | 887 | 12,526 | 31,794 |
| 1976 | 11,170 | 7,519 | 1,717 | 20,406 | 11,088 | 1,555 | 947 | 13,590 | 33,996 |
| 1977 | 11,686 | 8,041 | 1,946 | 21,673 | 11,981 | 1,713 | 1,266 | 14,960 | 36,633 |
| 1978 | 12,179 | 8,929 | 2,222 | 23,330 | 13,342 | 2,023 | 1,303 | 16,668 | 39,998 |
| 1979 | 13,528 | 10,093 | 2,480 | 26,101 | 15,152 | 2,306 | 1,435 | 18,893 | 44,994 |
| 1980 | 14,977 | 11,590 | 2,816 | 29,383 | 16,722 | 2,450 | 1,484 | 20,656 | 50,039 |
| 1981 | 15,648 | 12,618 | 3,141 | 31,407 | 17,976 | 2,751 | 1,528 | 22,255 | 53,662 |
| 1982 | 15,984 | 13,379 | 3,378 | 32,741 | 18,371 | 2,849 | 1,488 | 22,708 | 55,449 |
| 1983 | 16,818 | 14,789 | 3,878 | 35,485 | 19,038 | 3,051 | 1,620 | 23,709 | 59,194 |
| 1984 | 15,997 | 16,622 | 4,158 | 36,777 | 19,863 | 3,220 | 1,691 | 24,774 | 61,551 |
| 1985 | 17,058 | 16,989 | 4,152 | 38,199 | 20,659 | 3,371 | 1,816 | 25,846 | 64,045 |
| 1986 | 17,350 | 17,631 | 5,031 | 40,012 | 22,291 | 3,406 | 1,935 | 27,632 | 67,644 |
| 1987 | 17,283 | 18,197 | 4,991 | 40,471 | 23,204 | 3,691 | 2,106 | 29,001 | 69,473 |
| 1988 | 17,090 | 18,721 | 5,332 | 41,142 | 24,340 | 3,979 | 2,281 | 30,600 | 71,743 |
| 1989 | 17,462 | 19,824 | 5,991 | 43,278 | 24,808 | 4,238 | 2,450 | 31,495 | 74,773 |
| 1990 | 18,873 | 21,158 | 6,657 | 46,688 | 26,454 | 4,455 | 2,623 | 33,532 | 80,220 |
| 1991 | 19,511 | 21,190 | 6,940 | 47,641 | 26,878 | 4,534 | 2,678 | 34,090 | 81,731 |
| 1992 | 18,826 | 20,849 | 6,831 | 46,506 | 27,302 | 4,930 | 2,814 | 35,046 | 81,552 |
| 1993 | 18,666 | 20,698 | 6,896 | 46,261 | 27,936 | 5,166 | 2,960 | 36,062 | 82,323 |
| 1994 | 18,883 | 21,697 | 7,055 | 47,635 | 29,298 | 5,501 | 3,071 | 37,870 | 85,505 |

^{1/} See "Developing an Integrated Information System for the Food Sector," AER-575, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, August 1987, for a description of USDA total food expenditures. ^{2/} Computed from unrounded data. ^{3/} Includes tips.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 105--Food expenditures, by source of funds, 1970-94

| Year | Families and individuals 1/ | Produced at home | Governments 2/ | Businesses 3/ | Total 4/ |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|
| Million dollars | | | | | |
| 1970 | 97,650 | 3,811 | 4,358 | 11,291 | 117,110 |
| 1971 | 102,646 | 3,819 | 5,286 | 11,946 | 123,697 |
| 1972 | 111,453 | 4,072 | 5,810 | 13,185 | 134,520 |
| 1973 | 123,707 | 5,065 | 6,472 | 14,692 | 149,936 |
| 1974 | 137,792 | 6,025 | 8,544 | 15,936 | 168,297 |
| 1975 | 153,369 | 5,956 | 10,251 | 18,383 | 187,959 |
| 1976 | 167,246 | 6,128 | 10,905 | 20,389 | 204,668 |
| 1977 | 182,198 | 6,775 | 11,260 | 21,934 | 222,167 |
| 1978 | 204,311 | 7,163 | 12,254 | 23,432 | 247,160 |
| 1979 | 227,484 | 7,665 | 15,173 | 27,028 | 277,350 |
| 1980 | 250,606 | 8,335 | 17,860 | 29,294 | 306,095 |
| 1981 | 270,837 | 8,953 | 19,469 | 29,947 | 329,206 |
| 1982 | 286,697 | 8,534 | 19,577 | 30,551 | 345,359 |
| 1983 | 305,293 | 8,005 | 22,046 | 32,429 | 367,773 |
| 1984 | 325,412 | 7,403 | 22,068 | 34,762 | 389,645 |
| 1985 | 341,704 | 5,929 | 21,905 | 36,674 | 406,212 |
| 1986 | 358,889 | 6,158 | 22,105 | 41,376 | 428,528 |
| 1987 | 376,690 | 6,504 | 21,769 | 51,825 | 456,788 |
| 1988 | 399,819 | 6,795 | 22,797 | 58,731 | 488,141 |
| 1989 | 425,657 | 6,899 | 24,229 | 64,476 | 521,260 |
| 1990 | 459,635 | 7,313 | 27,111 | 68,399 | 562,459 |
| 1991 | 475,208 | 6,849 | 31,806 | 67,904 | 581,768 |
| 1992 | 482,357 | 6,757 | 35,440 | 67,939 | 592,493 |
| 1993 | 501,447 | 6,721 | 37,075 | 69,411 | 614,654 |
| 1994 | 530,873 | 6,798 | 38,609 | 70,651 | 646,932 |

Note: The figures in this table differ from those in table 98. This table breaks down total food expenditures in table 101 by source of funds. Table 98 deals only with the portions of total expenditures which are paid out of personal income.

1/ Excludes food purchased with food stamps and WIC vouchers which is included in table 98. 2/ Includes food stamps and WIC vouchers. 3/ Includes philanthropic donations. 4/ Computed from unrounded data.

Source: USDA/Economic Research Service.

Table 106--Population: Total, resident and civilian, 1970-95 1/

| Year | Total, including Armed Forces overseas | | Resident | | Civilian | |
|------|---|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | January 1 | July 1 | January 1 | July 1 | January 1 | July 1 |
| | Millions | | | | | |
| 1970 | 203.849 | 205.052 | 202.717 | 203.984 | 200.466 | 201.895 |
| 1971 | 206.466 | 207.661 | 205.546 | 206.827 | 203.499 | 204.866 |
| 1972 | 208.917 | 209.896 | 208.224 | 209.284 | 206.324 | 207.511 |
| 1973 | 210.985 | 211.909 | 210.410 | 211.357 | 208.580 | 209.600 |
| 1974 | 212.932 | 213.854 | 212.418 | 213.342 | 210.676 | 211.636 |
| 1975 | 214.931 | 215.973 | 214.428 | 215.465 | 212.738 | 213.788 |
| 1976 | 217.095 | 218.035 | 216.609 | 217.563 | 214.957 | 215.894 |
| 1977 | 219.179 | 220.239 | 218.706 | 219.760 | 217.046 | 218.106 |
| 1978 | 221.477 | 222.585 | 220.995 | 222.095 | 219.358 | 220.467 |
| 1979 | 223.865 | 225.055 | 223.378 | 224.567 | 221.769 | 222.969 |
| 1980 | 226.451 | 227.726 | 225.945 | 227.225 | 224.374 | 225.621 |
| 1981 | 228.937 | 229.966 | 228.446 | 229.466 | 226.821 | 227.818 |
| 1982 | 231.157 | 232.188 | 230.645 | 231.664 | 229.000 | 229.995 |
| 1983 | 233.322 | 234.307 | 232.803 | 233.792 | 231.138 | 232.097 |
| 1984 | 235.385 | 236.348 | 234.868 | 235.825 | 233.188 | 234.110 |
| 1985 | 237.468 | 238.466 | 236.938 | 237.924 | 235.255 | 236.219 |
| 1986 | 239.638 | 240.651 | 239.109 | 240.133 | 237.410 | 238.412 |
| 1987 | 241.784 | 242.804 | 241.267 | 242.289 | 239.525 | 240.550 |
| 1988 | 243.981 | 245.021 | 243.462 | 244.499 | 241.732 | 242.817 |
| 1989 | 246.224 | 247.342 | 245.705 | 246.819 | 244.022 | 245.131 |
| 1990 | 248.659 | 249.911 | 248.143 | 249.402 | 246.464 | 247.762 |
| 1991 | 251.360 | 252.643 | 250.680 | 252.131 | 249.227 | 250.520 |
| 1992 | 254.046 | 255.407 | 253.615 | 255.028 | 252.023 | 253.443 |
| 1993 | 256.866 | 258.120 | 256.516 | 257.783 | 255.014 | 256.311 |
| 1994 | 259.487 | 260.651 | 259.167 | 260.341 | 257.736 | 258.932 |
| 1995 | 261.928 | 263.057 | 261.638 | 262.778 | 260.271 | 261.430 |

1/ Estimates for July 1, 1980, and thereafter are based on the April 1, 1990, population as enumerated in the 1990 census.

Source: Bureau of the Census.

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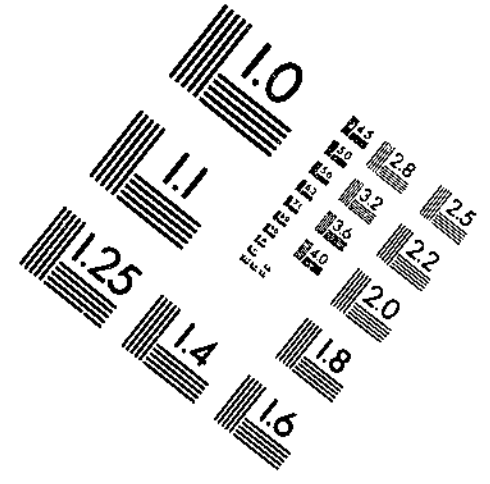
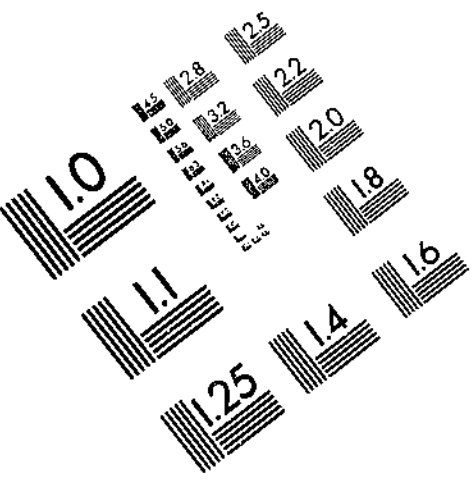
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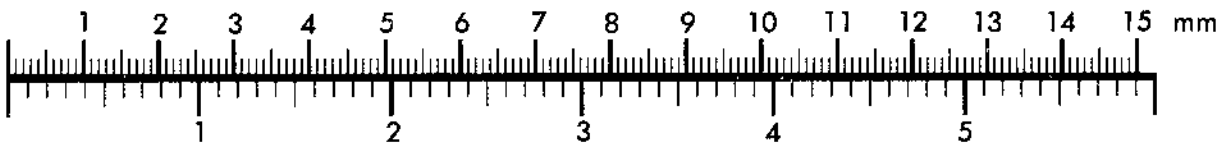
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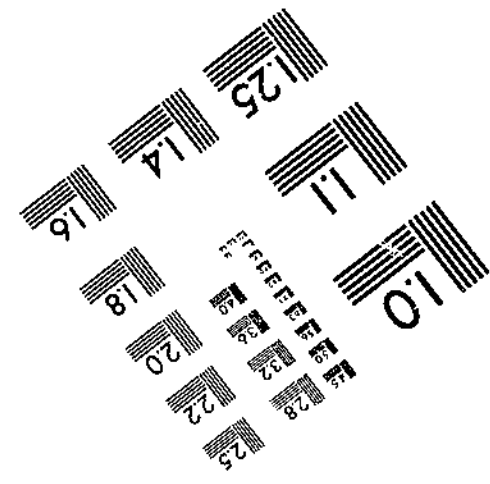
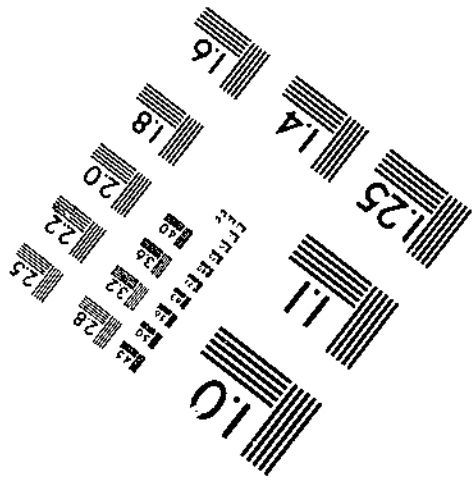
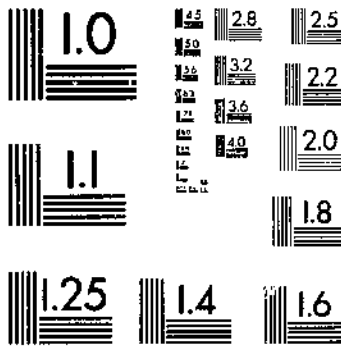
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