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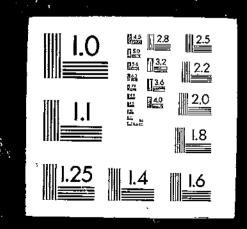
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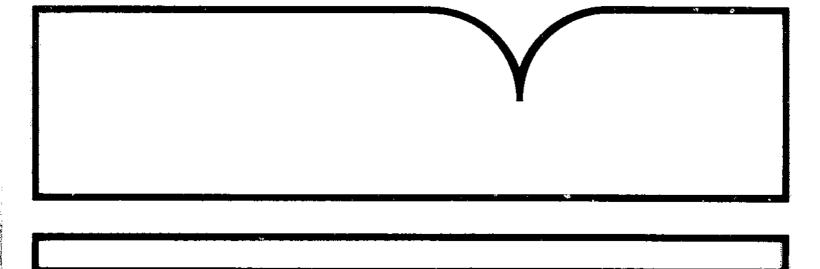
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Global Trade in Agricultural Inputs

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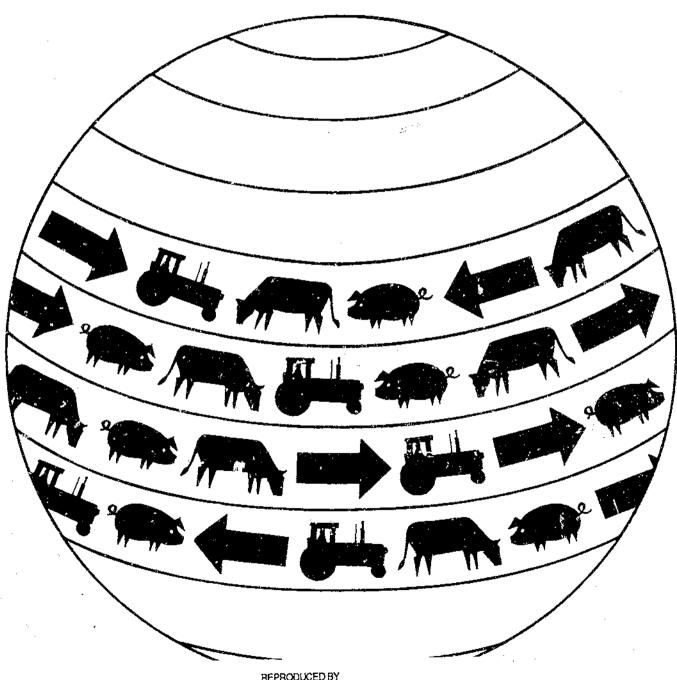


Economic Research Service

Statistical Bulletin Number 812

Global Trade in Agricultural Inputs

Stan Daberkow and John Parks



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Abstract

Trade in agricultural inputs, particularly fertilizer (crude and manufactured), pesticides, farm machinery, and genetic material, has been increasing over the last 25 years. Countries with either natural resources (for example, potash, phosphate rock, natural gas, or sulphur) or well-developed manufacturing infrastructure and heavy commitment to research and development have come to be major agricultural input exporters. Much world trade in agricultural inputs occurs in regional markets, often within the same continent, although some nations, such as the United States, ship to more than 100 countries. The dependence of U.S. farmers on imports of agricultural inputs is growing. Although the United States still enjoys a positive aggregate trade balance in these inputs, that balance has declined somewhat with increasing imports of manufactured fertilizers and farm machinery.

Keywords: Agricultural inputs, trade, fertilizers, pesticides, agricultural machinery, seeds, livestock genetic material.

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Summary

As the world's economic system has become more intertwined, its agricultural inputs, production, and food sectors have become more globally oriented. Agricultural input trade has grown as the world's demand for agricultural products has increased. To the extent that a geographic disparity continues to exist between agricultural input and output production, the potential for input trade will expand. Furthermore, if tariff and nontariff barriers for all types of products diminish, further gains from trade will be achieved.

Through the 1980's, the major exporters of crude and manufactured fertilizers tended to be those countries with energy-rich resources or mineral reserves. In the case of farm machinery, pesticides, certain manufactured fertilizer, and genetic materials, the major developed countries of North America, Western Europe, and Asia tended to be major agricultural input exporters. This was due to their manufacturing infrastructure and heavy commitment to public and private research and development expenditures.

The United States, overall, is an exporter of manufactured inputs and genetic material. However, over the last few years, the positive trade balance has lessened. The United States now imports more than it exports of farm machinery and certain fertilizers, such as nitrogen and potash. While this situation may cause substantial restructuring within these domestic industries, U.S. farmers should benefit through lower priced inputs.

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Global Trade in Agricultural Inputs

Stan Daberkow
John Parks*

Introduction

Agricultural input trade for the United States and the world has steadily increased over the last 25 years. As the world's food production system has become more interdependent, trade in raw agricultural commodities, processed foods, and agricultural inputs has grown. Economic theory suggests that either final products or mobile factors of production will be traded to exploit comparative advantages $(\underline{2}).\underline{1}/$ Restrictions on overall trade generally make both importing and exporting countries worse off $(\underline{2}).$

Agricultural productivity is typically enhanced when capital goods or materials either are added to or replace the most basic agricultural input, land. Labor and water are other indigenous resources which augment land in the production process. These resources, when combined with modern inputs, such as farm machinery, fertilizers, pesticides, and improved seeds and genetic materials, can substantially improve agricultural productivity.

These modern agricultural inputs are indigenous to countries with appropriate natural resources and an established manufacturing infrastructure. However, nearly all countries import some agricultural inputs to support domestic agricultural production. Those countries with excess manufacturing capacity or natural resources have become net exporters of agricultural inputs. The geographic disparity between agricultural input and output production creates the potential for trade. Over time, these disparities have decreased for some countries and inputs but have increased for others.

This report gives a historical perspective on the extent and direction of international trade in manufactured agricultural inputs and agricultural genetic material. While the report

^{*}Stan Daberkow is an agricultural economist with the Resources and Technology Division, Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture; John Parks, retired, was an agricultural economist with the same Division.

 $[\]underline{1}/$ Underscored numbers in parentheses refer to items in the References section.

focuses on U.S. agricultural input sources of imports and destination of exports, world trade of these products is also discussed where data are available. On a global scale, the specific agricultural inputs examined are crude fertilizer, manufactured fertilizer, agricultural machinery, and pesticides. For genetic material, which includes seeds, live breeding stock, and semen, only U.S. data are available. Also, as a secondary goal, this report compares the major data sources to determine if important discrepancies exist which would bias the results of any analysis.

A general discussion of the factors which influence the magnitude and changes of trade flows is also included. This discussion recognizes that many bilateral trade relationships involve special circumstances, such as import tariff and quota structures, import or export subsidies, health and phytosanitary restrictions, or licensing restrictions. All these can distort the underlying economic or comparative advantage motives for trade between countries.

Factors Affecting Input Production and Trade

The concept of comparative advantage is often used to explain why a country or region produces (and possibly exports) or imports an agricultural input or agricultural commodity (2). A number of factors underlie the concept of comparative advantage. A country's endowment of natural resources, such as natural gas, phosphate rock, or potash, is an obvious determinant of crude or manufactured fertilizer production and trade (10). A highly developed manufacturing infrastructure, such as is found in countries producing significant amounts of farm machinery and pesticides, influences trade flows of these products (4). In other cases, such as herbicides and plant and animal genetic material, a heavy commitment to public and private research and development is correlated with input production and export (9).

While the size of a country's domestic agricultural sector will influence absolute input consumption levels, myriad other factors will affect the export or import of inputs. Exchange rates, freight rates, tariffs, and quotas can help determine the extent of input imports and exports, as will other government actions shaping international trade flows. These include significant intellectual property protection, environmental standards, and investment incentives such as import protection, production subsidies, tax preferences, and below-market loans. factors are food self-sufficiency goals, agricultural commodity programs, and public resource ownership. Also important is the building of input production facilities for import substitution and export, which for example, can provide employment and earn foreign exchange (15). Less direct factors such as external debt, political stability, stable sources of finance, and macroeconomic policies can also affect a country's input trade.

One of the key factors driving the use of aggregate agricultural input is the amount of area devoted to cropland. Worldwide

cropland area of the major crops increased over 12 percent between 1969/70 and 1985/86, with corn, rice, and soybean areas up 26, 10, and 82 percent (fig. 1, app. table 1). Increased use of agricultural inputs is also reflected in the growth of crop production and yields (fig. 2, app. tables 2 and 3). Yields for nearly all major crops grew faster than harvested cropland area between 1969/70 and 1985/86. Improved seed varieties, better production practices, and increased use of manufactured inputs--including fertilizers, pesticides, and agricultural machinery--contributed to the 48-, 67-, and 29-percent growth in yields of the input-intensive crops of corn, cotton, and rice. Indeed, world fertilizer consumption grew over 90 percent between 1970 and 1986, while fertilizer use per hectare increased 84 percent (figs. 3 and 4).

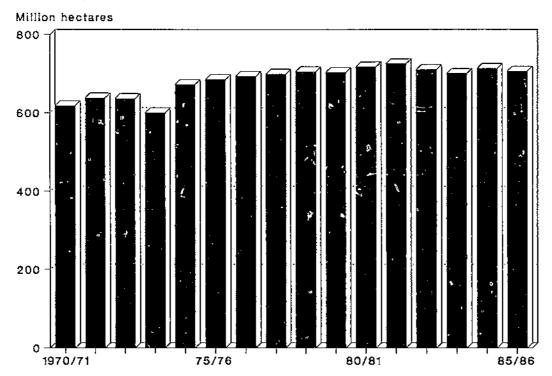
Trade in agricultural inputs arises partly because of the geographic disparity between agricultural input manufacturing and mining activities and the production of agricultural commodities. Just as the production of agricultural inputs is unevenly distributed around the world, so is the location of agricultural cropland and the production of agricultural commodities. Much of the world's cereal cropland in 1986 was located in Asia (43 percent), Eastern Europe/USSR (19 percent), and North and Central America (14 percent) (fig. 5). However, due to differing intensities of input use and crop mixes, the actual production of cereals showed a somewhat different distribution. Asia produced slightly over 40 percent of the world's cereals, followed by North and Central America (22 percent), and Eastern Europe/USSR (17 percent) (fig. 6). Cereal yields were highest in Western Europe and North and Central America, which can be partly explained by levels of input use (figs. 7 and 8).

Fertilizer consumption, the best documented input use statistic, reflects the world's geographic distribution of cereal land and input use intensity (fig. 9, app. table 4). World use of fertilizer increased about 80 percent between 1970/71 and 1983/84; use in Asia tripled, and use in Eastern Europe doubled. Concomitantly, Asia's share of world fertilizer consumption grew from 17 percent in 1970/71 to 30 percent in 1983/84, while Eastern Europe maintained its former share (table 1).

However, Asia produced about 40 percent of the world's cereals with only 30 percent of the fertilizer, while Eastern Europe produced only 19 percent of the cereal production but consumed 28 percent of all fertilizer. Crop mix, the extent of noncereal commodity production, relative input and output prices, climate, available technology, and soil nutrient requirements varied considerably between Asia and Eastern Europe.

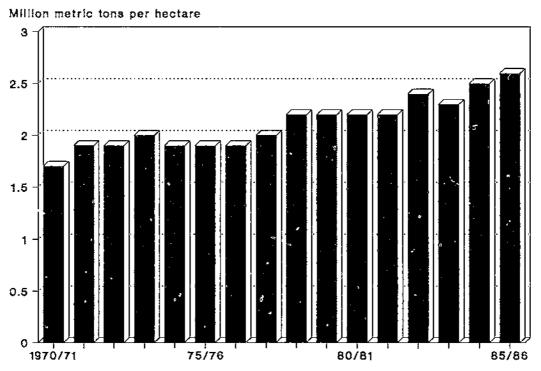
The location of the raw material and of the manufacturing infrastructure used to produce agricultural inputs does not coincide with the location of agricultural production (fig. 10). For example, the North American share of world phosphate and potash production exceeds its share of fertilizer consumption, and so, these countries have become major fertilizer exporters. In a reverse manner, Asia has become a major fertilizer importer.

Figure t World cropland, 1970-85



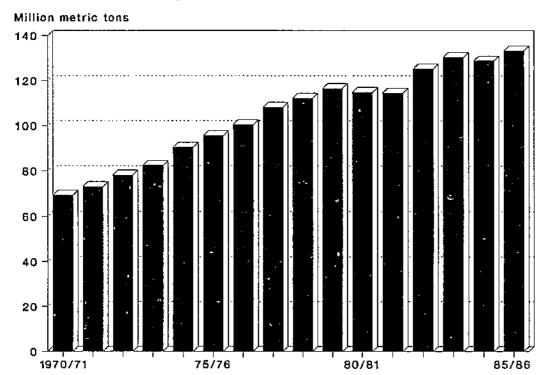
Source: See appendix table t.

Figure 2 World crop yields, 1970-85



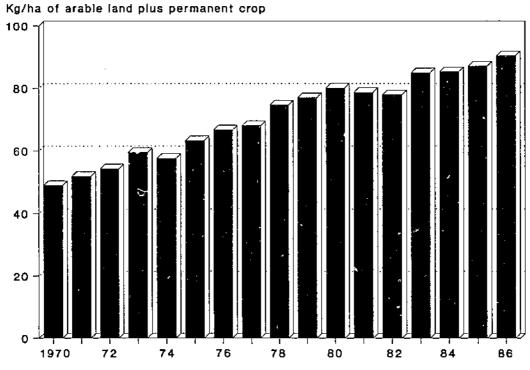
Source: See appendix table 3.

Figure 3
World fertilizer consumption, 1970-85



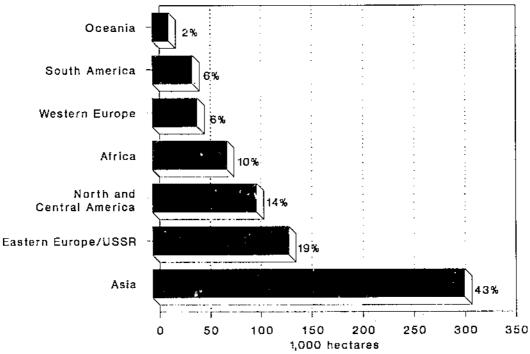
Source: See appendix table 4.

World fertilizer use per hectare, 1970-86



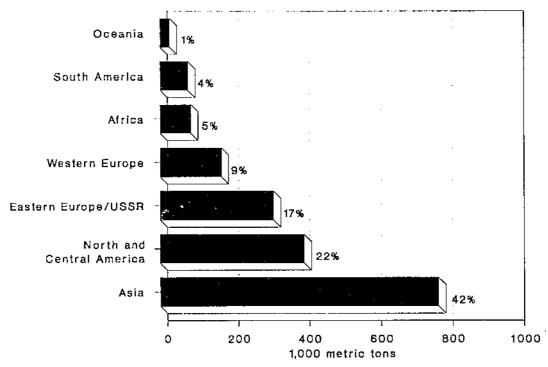
Source: FAO Fertilizer Yearbook.

Figure 5 World cereal cropland area and distribution by region, 1986 1



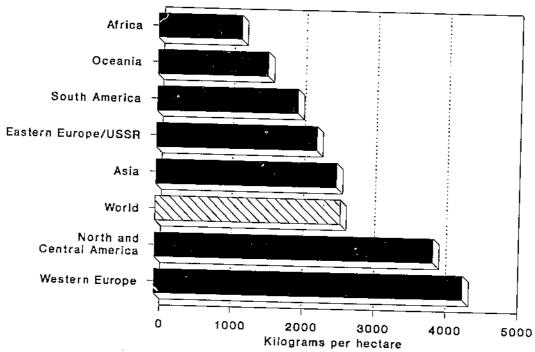
Includes wheat, maize, cats, rice, sorghum, barley, and militel. Source: (§, 1987).

World cereal production and distribution by region, 1986



Source: (8, 1987).

World cereal yields per hectare by region, 1986



Source: (8, 1987).

Figure 8
World consumption of fertilizer per hectare by region, 1986/87¹

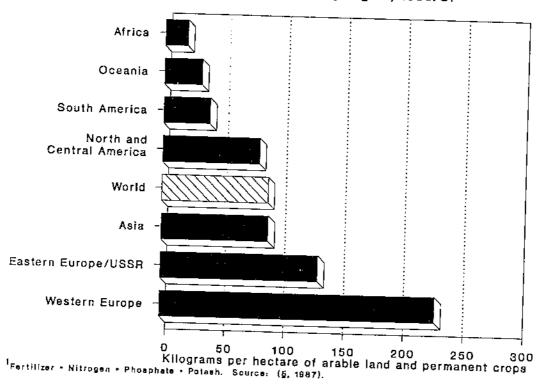
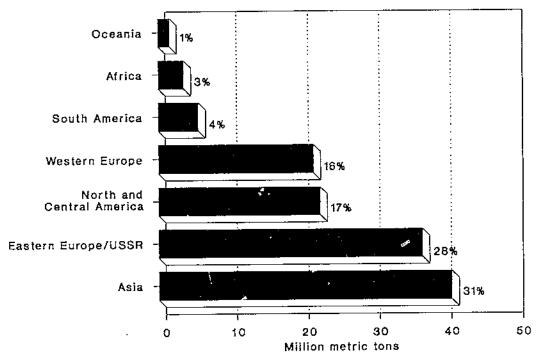


Figure 9
World fertilizer consumption and distribution by region, 1986



Source: (5, 1987).

The raw materials used for agricultural input production-phosphate rock, natural gas and oil, iron ore, potash, and
sulphur--are found in widely dispersed areas of North America,
Africa, the Middle Eastern part of Asia, Eastern Europe, and the
USSR. However, the agricultural input manufacturing infrastructure tends to be located in North America, Europe, and, to a
lesser extent, South America.

The location of much input manufacturing capacity depends on the availability of raw materials and on proximity to major farm production regions. However, an active agricultural input research and development program in the public and private sector also is important. For pesticides, seeds, and livestock genetic material, research and development expenditures are particularly influential in establishing a domestic industry which may eventually become a major input exporter.

Data Sources

The availability of trade data varies by country and by data source. In many cases, which include the United States, input trade data for earlier years--for example, the 1970's--are not available due to definitional or coding changes.

The United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) annually publishes value statistics by country on imports and exports of crude fertilizer, manufactured fertilizer,

Table 1--Regional shares of world fertilizer consumption by volume, 1970-83 1/ 2/

							
Region	1970/71	1971/72	1972/73	1973/74	1974/75	1975/76	1976/77
				Percent			
Africa North and	2	3	3	2	3	3	3
Central America	26	24	24	24	23	24	24
South America	2	2	3	3	3	3	4
Asia	17	17	18	19	18	18	18
Western Europe	25	25	24	23	21	20	20
Eastern Europe	26	27	26	27	30	31	29
Oceania World	2	2	2	3	2	1	2
WOLIG	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1977/78	1978/79	1979/80	1980/81	1981/82	1982/83	1983/84
				<u>Percent</u>			
Africa North and	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Central America	22	22	22	22	21	19	20

Africa North and	3	2	3	3	3	3	3
Central America	22	22	22	22	21	19	20
South America	4	4	4	5	3	3	3
Asia	22	23	25	26	27	29	30
Western Europe	19	19	19	18	18	18	17
Eastern Europe	28	27	25	25	26	27	27
Oceania	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

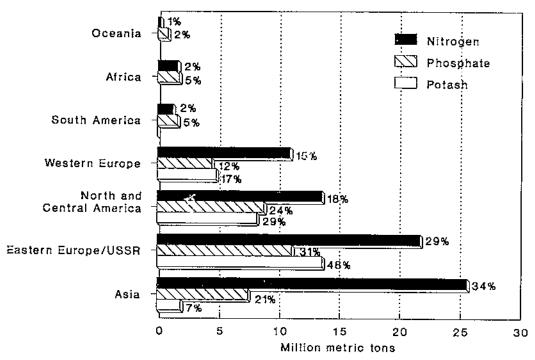
^{1/} Fertilizer marketing years.

agricultural machinery, and pesticides. However, no export destination or import source information is available from this organization. The United Nations Trade Data System (UNTDS) does provide import source and export destination data, but not all countries provide current trade data. For this report, 1980 was chosen as a benchmark year in which to examine trade flows between the major agricultural input importing and exporting But, even using 1980 data required an estimate of exports of several developing and Eastern European countries which was made by querying all importing countries reporting to the UNTDS. However, as the following tables illustrate, discrepancies exist between the FAO and UNTDS statistics. differences were relatively modest for most countries. An additional source presented here is the U.S. Bureau of the Census, which provides detailed data on U.S. agricultural input imports and exports, including information on genetic material, that is, seeds, live breeding stock, and semen.

^{2/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (5).

Figure 10 World fertilizer production and distribution by region, 1986



Source: (5, 1987).

Comparisons of the major trade data sources for the United States showed considerable variation over the period 1980-85 (app. tables 32 and 33). A Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) estimate of trade is also included because this is an industrybased, rather than product-based, classification of exports and imports. With several notable exceptions, the import and export totals for the United States, as given by the SIC estimates, are within 15-20 percent of the figure reported by the U.S. Bureau of (A listing of the Bureau of the Census product codes included in each major U.S. input category is given in app. table In general, import statistics are much more consistent across data sources than are export statistics. For imports, several of the largest discrepancies occurred in 1982 for agricultural machinery and fertilizers and in 1985 for fertilizers. The largest consistent discrepancies over time occurred with exports. This was true of the agricultural machinery data reported in Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States (FATUS) (9), of seed data reported in the UNTDS (4), and of the pesticides reported in the FAO Trade Yearbook (6). The FATUS series excludes machine parts from the definition of agricultural machinery exports. The UNTDS seed series does not include field seeds; these are not distinguished from grain commodities. For pesticide exports, FAO attempts to provide trade information only on final or formulated products and does not include pesticide intermediate material. Although the absolute levels of the trade series vary by data source, most of the series follow similar year-to-year trends.

While general consistency appears in the input trade data used to show trends, substantial differences can exist in statistics for a given year, even for a developed country such as the United For example, throughout this report several sources of data are employed to indicate U.S. input trade values for 1980. The various data sources show U.S. crude fertilizer export values ranging from \$509 million to \$526 million, while import estimates are between \$37 million and \$42 million for 1980. Similarly, manufactured fertilizer exports range from \$2,265 million to \$2,839 million, and import values ranged between \$979 million and \$1,177 million. U.S. agricultural machinery export estimates for 1980 are between \$2,700 million and \$3,191 million, and import values are from \$1,445 million to \$1,686 million. Excluding the FAO estimates, U.S. pesticide exports in 1980 ranged from \$1,077 million to \$1,210 million and imports from \$266 million to \$308 million. Some of these discrepancies can be attributed to definitional issues. Nevertheless, analysts must be aware that the choice of data source can influence the analysis.

World Input Trade

World trade in fertilizers, agricultural machinery, and pesticides grew significantly in both real and nominal terms between 1970 and 1984. Countries with large deposits of natural resources—potash, phosphate rock, natural gas, and sulphur—tended to be the major exporters of crude and/or manufactured fertilizers. Exports of agricultural machinery and pesticides were often correlated with countries possessing active agricultural input manufacturing and research and development sectors.

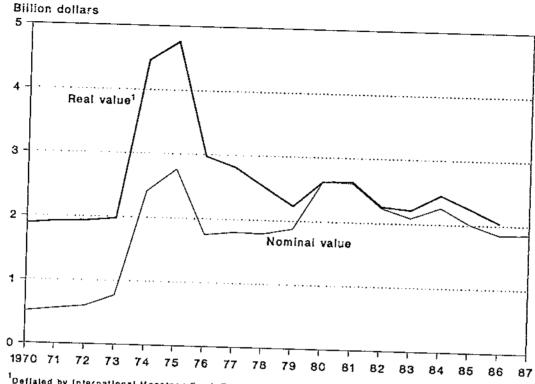
Crude Fertilizer

World trade in crude fertilizer (Standard Industrial Trade Classification 271), which is primarily phosphate rock, increased between threefold and fourfold in value from 1970 to 1984 (fig. 11, app. tables 5 and 6). Between 1985 and 1987, FAO estimated that the value of world crude fertilizer exports were slightly less than \$2 billion. In real value, crude fertilizer exports have trended downward since 1975 and, in 1983, approximated the trade levels of the early 1970's. This indicates stagnating trade flows as more phosphate rock is processed rather than shipped in raw form.

Africa, North America, and Eastern Europe, by virtue of their large deposits of phosphate rock, dominate the export market for crude fertilizers, but Asia's share of the export market has increased at the expense of Eastern Europe (table 2). Morocco, the USSR, the United States, Togo, and Jordan are the major exporting countries.

Western Europe has traditionally been the major importer of crude fertilizer with nearly one-half of the total value (table 3). Eastern Europe and Asia have also been major customers for crude fertilizer. France, Spain, Belgium, West Germany, the

Figure 11
World export value of crude fertilizer, 1970-87



Defialed by International Monetary Fund, Export Value Index. Source: Appendix table 5.

Netherlands, the United Kingdom, Italy, Yugoslavia, Japan, Poland, Romania, Turkey, and Australia, because they lack natural phosphate resources and need phosphate fertilizers, are the primary importing countries.

Manufactured Fertilizer

While crude fertilizer trade patterns depend upon the disparities between deposits of phosphate rock and the location of agricultural production, the trade in manufactured fertilizer (SITC 561) is more complex. The production of manufactured fertilizer depends on such natural resources as natural gas, sulphur, and potash reserves and on a manufacturing infrastructure. In many cases, economy favors shipping value-added products like anhydrous ammonia, phosphoric acid, diammonium phosphate, or urea rather than raw natural resources. Trade and industrial development policies also affect the extent to which manufactured products rather than natural resources are exported or imported.

Manufactured fertilizer export trade grew from \$1.3 billion in 1970 to over \$10.8 billion in 1980, and then fell to \$9.6 billion in 1984 (fig. 12, app. tables 7 and 8). FAO estimated that world exports were \$9.3 billion in 1985 and \$9.7 billion in 1986 and that world imports rose to \$11.4 billion and \$11.7 billion in those years. Both real and nominal exports of manufactured

Table 2--Regional shares of world crude fertilizer exports by value, 1970-84 1/

								
Region	1970	1971	1972	1 973	1974	1975	1976	1977
				<u>Per</u>	ccent			
Africa North and Central	33	33	35	37	59	49	43	39
America South America	19	18	19	15	11	17	. 19	21
Asia	4 3	4	3	3	2	2	2	2
Western Europe	1	3 1	4 1	4 1	6	6	7	6
Eastern Europe	31	33	31	30	1 17	1 22	1 22	1 24
Oceania	9	8	8	10	4	5	6	6
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	
				<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>			
Africa North and Central	40	39	40	39	36	32	35	
America	21	23	19	16	17	20	17	
South America Asia	3	2	1	1.	1	1	1	
Western Europe	7	8	9	10	12	1.3	13	
Eastern Europe	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.	
Oceania	21 7	19 7	23	27	28	26	27	
World	100	100	6 100	6 100	5 100	6 100	5 100	
2/ 5								

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (5).

fertilizer have grown almost continually since 1970. The energy price boom years of the early and late 1970's are reflected in the increase and subsequent decline in the value of manufactured fertilizer exports during that time.

The industrial countries of North America and Western Europe have been the leading exporters of manufactured fertilizers over the last 15 years. The United States, Canada, the Netherlands, West Germany, and Belgium have accounted for much of these exports. Eastern European countries, such as the USSR, Romania, and East Germany, are also major fertilizer exporters. At the same time, the Asian countries of Korea, Israel, and Japan have contributed to a growing share of world fertilizer exports (table 4).

Asia and Western Europe are the primary import markets for manufactured fertilizers, with each region accounting for roughly one-third of the value of world imports (table 5). However, while Western Europe's fertilizer imports and exports have been

Table 3--Regional shares of world crude fertilizer imports by value, 1970-84 1/

Region	1970	1971	1972	<u> 1973</u>	1974	1975	1976	1977
				<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>			-
Africa North and Central	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	0
America South America	5 2	5 6	5	5	5	6	6	7
Asia	20	19	7 17	3 19	4 18	3 18	4 17	4 18
Western Europe Eastern Europe	47 17	44 18	45 19	49 18	54 15	47 19	44 21	44
Oceania World	8 100	6 100	6 100	6 100	3 100	5 100	6 100	5
								100
	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa North and Central	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.	
America South America	9 3	7 3	7	7	6	7	8	
Asia	17	19	2 18	2 21	1 20	0 21	0 23	
Western Europe Eastern Europe	44 20	45 19	49 18	46 17	47 17	48 17	45 18	
Oceania World	6 100	7 100	5 100	7 100	8 100	7 100	5 100	
		_			_ , ,	_50	100	

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

nearly equal in value each year, Asia has become a net importer primarily due to India, China, and Japan. But Eastern Europe and North America are net exporters of fertilizer, with the USSR, Romania, East Germany, the United States, and Canada the major exporting countries.

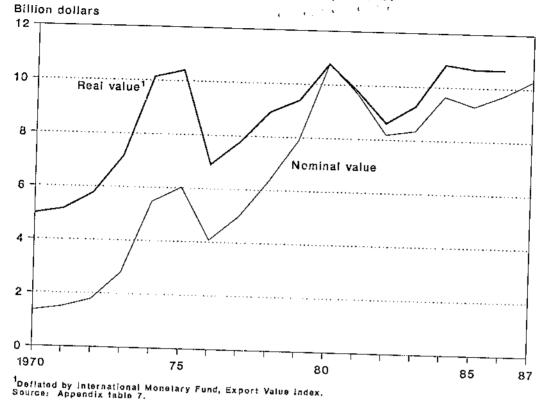
Agricultural Machinery

Farm machinery production, which includes tractors and other agricultural machinery, is located in the industrialized countries of North America and Western Europe and in Japan. World export values increased nearly fivefold from 1970 to 1980 but have declined somewhat since then (fig. 13, app. tables 9 and 10). While nominal farm machinery trade (SITC 722) grew steadily between 1970 and 1980 and then declined, the real value of this trade leveled off much earlier. After 1975, very little growth

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: $(\underline{5})$.

World export value of manufactured fertilizer, 1970-87



occurred in farm machinery trade, with the decline beginning in 1980 as the world's farm sector began a recession.

Western Europe historically dominated the trade of farm machinery, accounting for nearly one-half of all exports in most years (table 6). West Germany, the United Kingdom, and Italy are the major exporting countries of Western Europe. North America (the United States) and Eastern Europe (the USSR) are also major exporting regions, but North America's worldwide share is now declining. North America's share is being lost to Asia where Japan has become the major exporter.

The major importing countries are in North America, Western Europe, and Eastern Europe, with much of the trade occurring among countries within those regions (table 7). Africa and Oceania have historically been net importers of farm machinery, and North America also became a net importer in 1982. In value terms, the major importing countries have been the USSR, Canada, the United States, France, and the United Kingdom.

Pesticides

International trade in pesticide products (SITC 5992) grew from around \$0.5 billion in 1970 to over \$4 billion in 1984. World export values continued to grow in 1985 and 1986 with exports estimated at \$4.4 billion and \$4.9 billion, respectively (fig.

Table 4--Regional shares of world manufactured fertilizer exports by value, 1970-84 1/

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Region	1970	1971	1972	<u> 1973</u>	1974	1975	<u> 1976</u>	1977
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa	3	4	3	3	3	2	2	2
North and Central							-	_
America	31	30	31	26	24	26	30	27
South America	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asia	8	8	9	14	13	15	9	11
Western Europe	43	35	37	39	41	36	33	36
Eastern Europe	15	23	20	17	18	20	26	23
Oceania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	
				Per	<u>cent</u>			
Africa North and Central	2	2	2	3	4	5	4	
America	27	29	32	30	27	27	32	
South America	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Asia	13	14	14	11	1.2	11	11	
Western Europe	37	34	28	29	31	31	29	
Eastern Europe	21	20	23	26	25	25	22	
Oceania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

14, app. tables 11 and 12). Similarly, import values grew to \$5.3 billion and \$5.8 billion. With the exception of 1976-77, pesticide trade grew almost continually between 1970 and 1987. (These data largely reflect formulated products--that is, finished goods--and exclude trade in technical materials--the raw products--which, in the case of the United States, nearly doubles the value of pesticide exports.)

Western Europe has been the dominant pesticide exporter, accounting for between 65 and 70 percent of the value of all world exports (table 8). North America historically exported only 20 percent of the value of all pesticides. West Germany, the United Kingdom, the United States, Japan and the major port countries of Belgium and the Netherlands are the primary pesticide exporters.

Regional shares of pesticide imports are more equal than those for exports, although Western Europe accounts for about one-third

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (5).

Table 5--Regional shares of world manufactured fertilizer imports by value, 1970-84 1/

Region	<u> 197</u> 0	_ 1971	1072	1070					
	1270	<u> 19/1</u>	<u> 1972</u>	<u> 1973</u>	<u> 1974</u>	<u> 1975</u>	<u> 1976</u>	<u> 1977</u>	
				<u>Pe</u> i	rcent				
Africa North and Central	5	6	5	5	7	7	7	5	
America South America	15 8	15	14	13	16	16	20	19	
Asia	32	6	8	9	14	9	8	9	
Western Europe	28	31 31	28	31	31	37	23	28	
Eastern Europe	10	10	32 11	30	24	23	32	30	
Oceania	1	1	1	10	8	7	9	8	
World	100	100	100	1 100	1	1	1	1	
1			100	100	100	100	100	100	
	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984		
	<u>Percent</u>								
Africa North and Central	5	4	6	7	5	4	4		
America	17	15	14	15	15	1 =			
South America	8	9	10	7	6	15 4	15		
Asia Jostano Bo	32	34	34	37	35	38	4 43		
Western Europe	30	32	29	26	30	31	27		
Castern Europe Oceania	7	6	5	7	7	7	6		
World	1 100	1 100	1	1.	1	i	1		
78121 111			100						

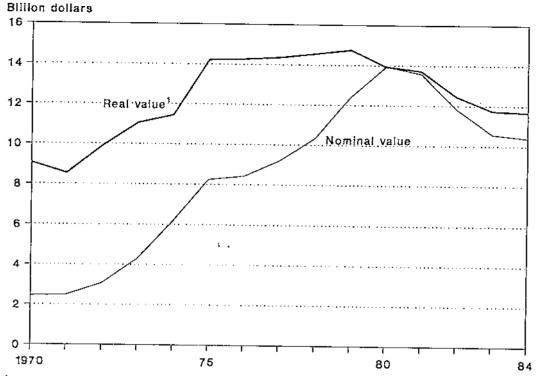
^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{5})$.

of the import value (table 9). North America and Eastern Europe currently import about 15 percent of all the traded pesticides, and Asia's share increased from 15 percent in 1975 to 20 percent in 1984. African, Asian, and Eastern European countries, such as Nigeria, China, Iran, and the USSR, are the primary net importers. The United States and France also are major pesticide importing countries.

International Input Trade Flows

Most major agricultural input exporting countries ship to numerous countries, while the minor exporting countries often have markets more regional in nature. Many input trade flows reflect the abundance or scarcity of specific minerals or of manufacturing capacity in the receiving country or region. Also, there are many bilateral trade relationships that have been established over a number of years or which reflect government decisions rather than economic criteria. Nevertheless, for most

Figure 13
World export value of agricultural machinery, 1970-84



¹Deflated by International Monetary Fund, Export Value Index. Source: Appendix table 9.

inputs, importing countries tend to have a variety of input sources to satisfy their domestic needs.

Crude Fertilizer

Crude fertilizer, which is primarily phosphate rock used in the manufacture of phosphate fertilizer, is actively traded worldwide. Deposits of phosphate rock are located primarily in the United States, the USSR, Morocco, and Jordan. Oceanic islands (Nauru and Christmas Island) have deposits, and as might be expected, these countries have become major exporters to nearby Australia and New Zealand (app. table 13). Eastern European countries take over half of the USSR's crude fertilizer exports, with Western European countries receiving most of the remainder. Western Europe is not a major crude fertilizer exporter, but such product as does move between nations stays primarily on the European Continent. Within Asia, Jordan and Israel are the major crude fertilizer exporters. Jordan ships over two-thirds of its exports to other Asian countries and the rest to Eastern and Western Europe. Israel also ships to Asian countries but most of its product is bound for Western Europe. The United States has geographically diversified its crude fertilizer market, with one-fourth of its product going to Canada, one-fourth to Asia (primarily Japan and Korea), and onethird to Western Europe. Major African exporters, Morocco and

Table 6--Regional shares of world farm machinery exports by value, 1970-84 1/

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Region	1970	1971	<u> 1972</u>	1973	<u>1</u> 974	1975	1976	1977
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa North and Central	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
America	32	31	31	29	29	32	32	26
South America	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	26
Asia	3	4	4	4	7	7	5	1 6
Western Europe	53	53	52	53	50 50	48	49	51
Eastern Europe	10	11	11	11	13	11	13	14
Oceania	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	1978	1979	1986	1981	1982	1983	1984	
	Percent							
Africa North and Central	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
America	26	27	28	32	27	20	22	
South America	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	
Asia	8	7	7	8	8	12	11	
Western Europe	49	49	48	44	48	50	50	
Eastern Europe	16	14	14	13	14	17	16	
Oceania	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

是是是有证明的社会不可以是由于不是,更是是是这个主义的人,也是这种的人,也是是这种的人,也是是是一种的人,也是是是这种的人,也是是是一种的人,也是是一种的人,也是

Togo, send most of their product to Western Europe, some to Japan and Turkey, and the remainder to Eastern Europe.

Manufactured Fertilizer

Manufactured fertilizer trade flows are often dictated by the availability of such natural resources as natural gas, phosphate rock, and potash, and appear with an established manufacturing infrastructure. Major North American manufactured fertilizer exporters are Canada and the United States. In 1980, Canada exported about two-thirds of the value of its fertilizer products to the United States, primarily potash and ammonia (app. table 14). The United States shipped fertilizer products to over 90 countries in 1980 with Brazil, India, China, and Western Europe the primary destinations.

Asia and Europe have also developed regional fertilizer markets. For example, Japan and South Korea ship primarily to other Asian

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (7).

Table 7--Regional shares of world farm machinery imports by value, 1970-84 1/

					<u> </u>				
Region	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	
				<u>Per</u>	cent				
Africa North and Central	8	7	7	6	7	9	7	7	
America	23	25	26	24	28	27	26	24	
South America	7	6	7	5	6	7	5	5	
Asia	9	9	8	7	8	9	11	10	
Western Europe	35	31	33	37	35	31	33	36	
Eastern Europe	15	19	17	18	15	13	15	15	
Oceania	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984		
	<u>Percent</u>								
Africa North and Central	7	5	9	11	8	8	9		
America	24	28	25	28	24	25	27		
South America	4	3	4	4	3	2	2		
Asia	10	8	7	8	9	10	8		
Western Europe	35	38	35	30	34	33	31		
Eastern Europe	16	16	16	16	17	19	19		
Oceania World	3	2	3	4	5	3	4		
world	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		

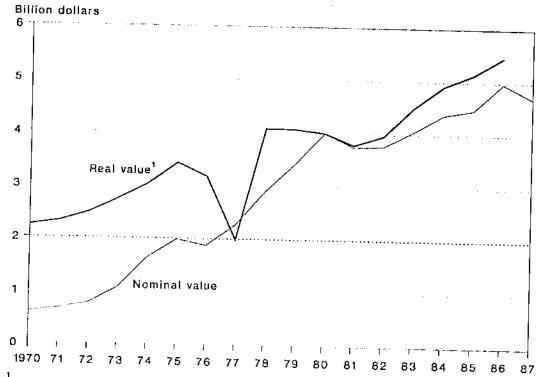
^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (7).

countries. Israel, on the other hand, has established trade links with Western Europe and the United States. Western European countries tend to trade amongst themselves, but some countries, such as France and Italy, trade with several Asian countries as well. Eastern European countries also have formed fertilizer markets throughout Europe, but some other significant bilateral trade flows exist, such as between East Germany and Brazil. Only four countries, West Germany, the United Kingdom, Belgium, and the Netherlands ship manufactured fertilizer to over 100 countries. France and the United States, which ship to over 90 countries, have also established global trading networks. Exceptions to the regional trade flow tendency do exist. For example, Spain trades extensively with South America, while Italy exports to several Asian countries, such as Turkey and India.

Agricultural Machinery

The major developed economies, which lie primarily in North America and Western Europe, tend to trade between and within

World export value of pesticides, 1970-87



Deflated by International Monetary Fund, Export Value Index. Source: Appendix table 11.

these two continents and also with Japan. Both the United States and Canada ship over 50 percent of their farm machinery exports to other North and Central American countries, while most Western European countries, with the exception of the United Kingdom, ship about 60 percent of their farm machinery exports to nearby countries (app. table 15). In contrast, Japan ships less than 40 percent of its farm machinery exports to other Asian countries. Japanese exports depend heavily on the North American market. Similarly, Eastern Europe, with the exception of Romania, sends over 65 percent of its farm machinery exports to other Eastern European countries.

Even though the major farm machinery exporting countries ship the largest share of the their exports to nearby markets, these countries together have over 100 trading partners, illustrating the global nature of the agricultural machinery industry. In general, only the larger developed countries have the specialized facilities needed to manufacture medium— and high-horsepower tractors and complex agricultural machinery.

Pesticides

The largest pesticide exporting countries ship to a large number of countries, indicating the concentrated nature of the pesticide industry. The United States, Japan, and the larger industrialized countries of Western Europe had over 100 trading partners in 1980

Table 8--Regional shares of world pesticide exports by value, 1970-84 1/

								
Region	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	<u> 1975</u>	1976	1977
				<u>Per</u>	<u>ccent</u>			
Africa	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2
North and Central			_	_	_	_	_	2
America	18	18	14	18	18	20	21	20
South America	0	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
Asia	5	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Western Europe	71	69	72	70	70	68	65	67
Eastern Europe	4	4	3	4	3	3	4	4
Oceania	1	ı	Õ	0	0	0	0	
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0 100
	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa North and Central	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
America	18	17	16	16	18	17	18	
South America	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	
Asia	6	6	7	8	8	9	8	
Western Europe	71	71	72	70	67	67	67	
Eastern Europe	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	
Oceania	0	0	0	ō	ò	0	0	
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
								

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

(app. table 16). Pesticide manufacturing typically requires a sophisticated industrial infrastructure as well as a heavy commitment to research and development. Among the major exporters, only Belgium, France, and West Germany exported over 60 percent of their pesticides to nearby countries. The other major exporters tend to serve a wider geographic market, which is different from the other agricultural inputs, where most of the product is exported to regional consumers. This is particularly true of the United States, United Kingdom, Italy, Japan, Israel, and Switzerland.

U.S. Input Trade: Sources and Destinations

The United States is a major player in international input trade. Because of its large agricultural production sector, the United States is a major consumer (and importer) of agricultural inputs. Furthermore, because of its input manufacturing capacity, its

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (7).

Table 9--Regional shares of world pesticide imports by value, 1970-84 1/

Region	<u> 1970</u>	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977
				<u>Per</u>	ccent			
Africa North and Central	14	14	13	12	15	16	12	13
America South America	16 7	15	15	14	13	16	18	16
Asia	18	7	9	10	9	8	8	8
Western Europe	31	17 31	14	15	15	15	15	15
Eastern Europe	13	31 14	32	34	33	28	29	32
Oceania	2	2	14	14	14	16	17	15
World	100	100	100	1	1	1	1	1
	200	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
			·					
	<u> 1978</u>	<u> 1979</u>	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	
				Per	cent			
Africa North and Central	14	11	13	13	12	10	10	
America	15	15	15	16	16			
South America	7	5	4	4	4	15	15	
Asia	14	18	16	17	18	4	4	
Western Europe	36	39	37	35	35	20 34	21	
Eastern Europe	13	12	14	13	14	·	34	
Oceania	1	1	1	1	1	15 1	15	
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	1 100	
1 / m-1 2						T00	700	

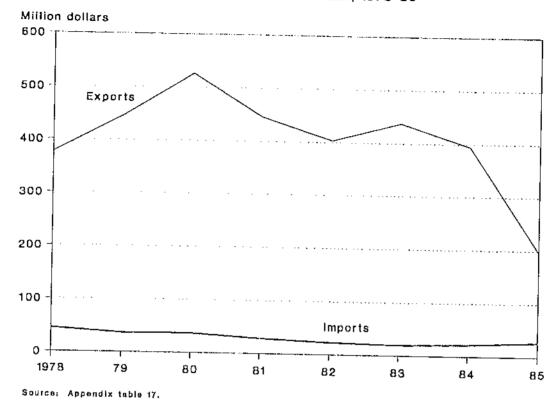
^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (7).

deposits of natural resources, and the extensive public and private research and development sector, the United States is also a major exporter of agricultural inputs. Overall, the United States has typically been a net exporter of agricultural inputs. However, the United States has now become a net importer of some inputs, among which are nitrogen fertilizers and farm machinery, and it remains the world's largest potash importer.

Crude Fertilizer

The United States has a substantial trade surplus in crude fertilizer. With the exception of 1985, exports have been close to or over \$400 million, while imports ranged from \$20 million to \$45 million between 1978 and 1985 (fig. 15, app. tables 17 and 18). (Detailed U.S. export value by country are not available for crude or manufactured fertilizer after 1985.) U.S. exports have been nearly evenly divided between North America, Asia, and Western Europe, with Canada, Japan, and South Korea the main

Figure 15 U.S. export and import value of crude fertilizer, 1978-85



recipients of the trade (table 10). Import sources have shown considerable variability, with African and South American countries, especially Morocco, Togo, and Chile, the major alternative sources of crude fertilizers (table 11).

Manufactured Fertilizer

U.S. manufactured fertilizer trade between 1980 and 1985 has produced a net positive trade balance ranging from \$1.7 billion to \$0.2 billion (fig. 16, app. tables 19 and 20). Volatility in the quantities, mix, and prices of traded products accounts for much of the variation.

Export markets for U.S. manufactured fertilizers such as urea, anhydrous ammonia, ammoniated phosphates, and phosphoric acid have shifted considerably (table 12). South America's and Western Europe's share of exports dropped from 25 percent of the total to 10 and 15 percent, respectively. At the same time, Asia and Eastern Europe were receiving greater shares. Brazil, Italy, and, to a lesser extent, France and West Germany have reduced their U.S. fertilizer imports. The USSR, China, Japan, and India have become major U.S. fertilizer markets in their place.

The bulk of U.S. manufactured fertilizer imports arises from nearby sources: Canada, Mexico, Trinidad, and Tobago. Over the 1978-87 period, these countries accounted for 66-83 percent of

Table 10--Regional shares of U.S. crude fertilizer exports by value, 1978-85 1/

				·				
Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa North and Central	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
America	23	25	27	30	30	28	31	30
South America	4	4	2	2	2	1	1	1
Asia	31	29	26	27	31	31	29	31
Western Europe	32	30	32	35	30	29	24	27
Eastern Europe	10	10	9	3	5	8	11	-6
Oceania	0	3	3	2	3	3	2	4
World	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: (4).

the value of such U.S. imports, with Canada by far the major source (table 13). Both Eastern and Western Europe have increased their share of U.S. imports, with the USSR, Italy, and the Netherlands accounting for most of the growth. Antidumping rulings have curtailed imports from East Germany and Romania since 1986.

Agricultural Machinery

The value of U.S. farm machinery exports has declined almost steadily since peaking in 1981 (fig. 17, app. tables 21 and 22). Imports continued to increase over this time, leading to a negative trade balance in farm machinery during 1986 and 1987. North America, especially Canada, has been the major market for U.S. exports, but its share of the total has fallen from nearly 65 percent in 1978 to less than 50 percent in 1987 (table 14). Asia and Western Europe have replaced Canada's share, with Saudi Arabia (irrigation equipment), Japan, France, the United Kingdom, Belgium, and West Germany the largest markets. Also, until 1986, Australia had been a major recipient of U.S. farm machinery.

Canada has traditionally been the source of most U.S. farm machinery imports, but Canada's share has been declining with the emergence of Japan as a major producer of smaller tractors for the U.S. market (table 15). Canada's share of U.S. imports dropped from about 44 percent of the total to less than 30 percent, while Asia's share rose from 12 percent to 24 percent. The other major source of imports, Western Europe, has accounted for a steady 40-45 percent of all U.S. imports. Much of the latter trade, however, was between branch plants of U.S.-based companies. Japan and Western Europe have a very substantial positive net farm machinery trade with the United States.

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 11--Regional shares of U.S. crude fertilizer imports by value, 1978-87 1/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982			
			<u>Percent</u>					
Africa	48	55	32	0	0			
North and Central				·	Ŭ			
America	7	5	2	3	6			
South America	27	28	41	64	64			
Asia	16	10	25	33	30			
Western Europe	0	0	0	0	0			
Eastern Europe	2	2	Ö	Ö	0			
Oceania	0	0	õ	Õ	0			
World	100	100	100	100	100			
	_1983	1984	1985	1986	1987			
		Percent						
Africa North and Central	0	0	3	47	52			
America	3	4	3	2	2			
South America	52	57	5 9	28	31			
Asia	44	38	33	20	11			
Western Europe	1	1	2	3	3			
Eastern Europe	0	0	0	ō	0			
Oceania	0	Ö	0	Õ	0			
World	100	100	100	100	100			

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Pesticides

The United States has continually enjoyed a positive net trade balance in pesticides of nearly \$1 billion between 1978 and 1987 (fig. 18, app. tables 23 and 24). Pesticide export values have risen over \$0.5 billion during that time, while imports have increased only \$0.3 billion.

As with many of the other inputs, pesticide exports have been concentrated in North America, Asia, and Western Europe (table 16). Canada, Japan, Belgium, the Netherlands, and Switzerland are the major pesticide importing countries. Since 1978, North America's share of pesticide exports has declined at the same time the Asian market has increased.

U.S. pesticide imports are dominated by Western Europe. Between 1978 and 1987, these countries accounted for 70-80 percent of the

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (4).

Figure 16
U.S. export and import value of manufactured fertilizer, 1978-85

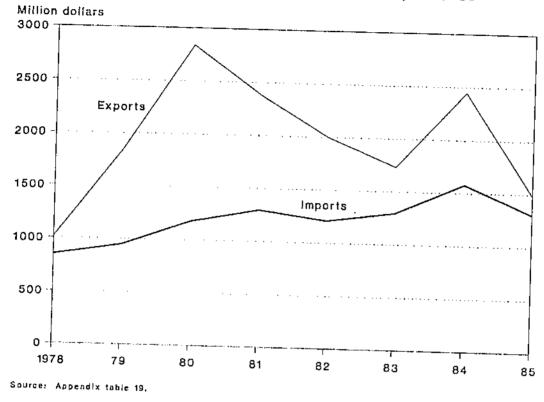


Table 12--Regional shares of U.S. manufactured fertilizer exports by value, 1978-85 1/

Region	1978	<u> 1979</u>	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa North and Central America South America Asia Western Europe Eastern Europe Oceania World	1 14 21 31 30 1 2	4 12 26 23 26 6 2	6 11 25 33 21 1 2	4 15 16 32 22 10 3	4 14 12 36 16 16 3	3 15 8 37 18 15 4	3 12 12 47 14 9 4	5 14 10 43 15 8 4

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (4).

Table 13--Regional shares of U.S. manufactured fertilizer imports by value, 1978-87 1/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
			<u>Percent</u>		
Africa North and Central	0	0	0	0	0
America	76	83	79	82	77
South America	1	1	0	1	. 1
Asia	3	3	3	4	
Western Europe	16	8	9	6	5 9
Eastern Europe	4	6	9	7	9
Oceania	0	0	0	ò	ó
World	100	100	100	100	100
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			Percent		
Africa North and Central	0	0	0	0	1
America	74	71	67	66	75
South America	2	2	1	1	1
Asia	4	3	4	4	5
Western Europe	7	7	11	11	10
Eastern Europe	12	17	17	18	8
Oceania	0	0	1	0	0
World	100	100	100	100	100

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: (4).

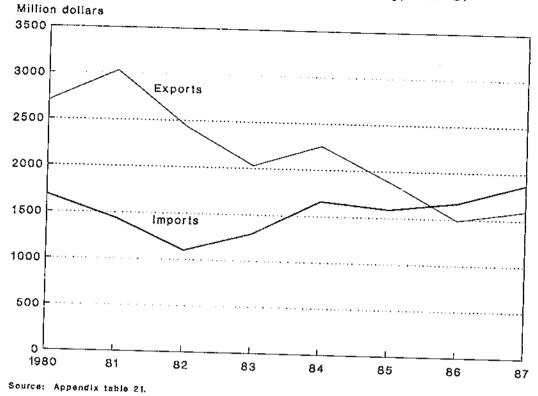
value of all U.S. pesticide imports (table 17). The United Kingdom, West Germany, and Switzerland are the primary European sources of U.S.-imported material, but only West Germany and Italy have positive net trade balances with the United States in pesticides. Growth in import share has been the greatest for South America, where Brazil has been a major pesticide exporting country. Brazil's 1987 exports to the United States were exceeded only by West Germany and the United Kingdom.

Genetic Material

Trade in agricultural genetic material, such as live breeding stock, semen, and seeds, is another agricultural input in which the United States has a positive trade balance (fig. 19). These inputs embody a significant amount of public and private sector research and development activity. Improved genetic material represents a tradeable commodity and can be used to transfer

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

U.S. export and import value of agricultural machinery, 1980-87



technology to other countries. While genetic material represents a growing export for the United States, the United States is also a significant importer.

Live Breeding Stock

Live breeding stock exports, which include beef and dairy cows and bulls, have shown considerable variation over the last 10 years, ranging from \$18 million in 1982 to \$103 million in 1985 (app. table 25). Regional shares of these exports have also varied, with the largest shares alternating between North America and Asia (table 18). Mexico, South Korea, Japan, and, in recent years, Taiwan have acquired large shares of U.S. breeding stock

Imports of breeding stock have been fairly modest compared with exports, with the value of imports ranging from about 5 percent of the value of exports in 1985 to around 30 percent in 1983 (table 19, app. table 26). Except for 1984 and 1985, nearly all imports originated in Canada. In 1984 and 1985, France exported between \$0.5 and \$0.9 million worth of live breeding stock to the United States.

Poultry Breeding Stock

The U.S. exports of live chicken breeder stock have ranged from between \$30 million and \$50 million annually, with the exception

Table 14--Regional shares of U.S. farm machinery exports by value, 1978-87 1/

Africa 6 3 4 7 6 North and Central America 64 58 57 58 49 South America 7 7 8 7 Asia 5 7 6 6 6 11 Western Europe 11 18 16 14 17 Eastern Europe 1 1 1 1 2 1 Coceania 6 6 7 7 7 9 World 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9								
Africa 6 3 4 7 6 North and Central America 64 58 57 58 49 South America 7 7 8 7 Asia 5 7 6 6 6 11 Western Europe 11 18 16 14 17 Eastern Europe 1 1 1 1 2 1 Oceania 6 6 7 7 7 9 World 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9	Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982		
North and Central America 64 58 57 58 49 South America 7 7 8 7 8 7 Asia 5 7 6 6 6 11 Western Europe 11 18 16 14 17 Eastern Europe 1 1 1 1 2 1 Oceania 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 World 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9				<u>Percent</u>				
America 64 58 57 58 49 South America 7 7 7 8 7 Asia 5 7 6 6 6 11 Western Europe 11 18 16 14 17 Eastern Europe 1 1 1 1 2 1 Oceania 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 World 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9		6	3	4	7	6		
South America 7 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 8 7 7 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 8 9 8 9		64	58	57	58	49		
Asia 5 7 6 6 6 11 Western Europe 11 18 16 14 17 Eastern Europe 1 1 1 1 2 1 Oceania 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 World 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9	South America	7				7		
Western Europe 11 18 16 14 17 Eastern Europe 1 1 1 2 1 Oceania 6 6 6 7 7 9 World 100 100 100 100 100 100 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 4 North and Central 4 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9	Asia	5				11		
Eastern Europe 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 0 2 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1	Western Europe	11	18	16		17		
World 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td>			1	1	2	1		
1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9		6	6	7	7	9		
Percent Africa 6 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9	World	100	100	100	100	100		
Africa 6 5 5 5 4 North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9		1983	1984	1985	1986	1987		
North and Central America 47 48 57 52 49 South America 4 4 6 9 9		Percent						
South America 4 4 6 9 9		6	5	5	5	4		
South America 4 4 6 9 9	America	47	48	57	52	49		
		4	4	6				
	Asia	20	16	9	10	12		
Western Europe 17 15 13 19 21		17	15	13	19	21		
Eastern Europe 1 1 2 2 1			1	2	2	1		
Oceania 5 10 8 3			10	8	3	3		
World 100 100 100 100 100	World	100	100	100	100	100		

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (4).

of 1987. In 1987, only \$20 million in breeder stock was exported. Exports are widely distributed with approximately one-third going to Asia and one-fifth each to South America and Western Europe (table 20, app. table 27). The major importing countries are Canada, Mexico, Brazil, and Japan.

Canada is the only significant source of baby chick imports, and during 1986 and 1987, the United States had a negative trade balance with Canada for this input. Between 1978 and 1987, Canadian imports of baby chicks grew from \$2.7 million to over \$8.3 million.

Bull Semen

A specialized export market in another form of genetic material, bull semen, tripled between 1978 and 1987, rising from \$12 million to \$36 million (app. table 28). Over the last 10 years, Western Europe has imported about 50 percent of the value of all U.S. bull semen exports (table 21). South America is the next

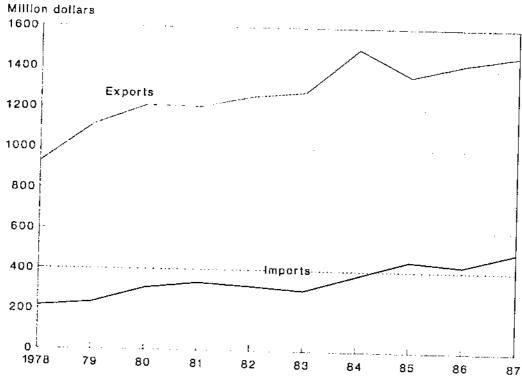
Table 15--Regional shares of U.S. farm machinery imports by value, 1980-87 1/

Region	1980	1981	<u> 1982</u>	1983	1984	1985	1986	<u> 1987</u>
				<u>Per</u>	cent			
Africa North and Central	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0
America South America Asia Western Europe Eastern Europe Oceania World	44 0 12 42 2 1	42 1 14 40 2 1	38 0 17 41 2 1	32 1 17 49 1 1	31 20 46 1 1	28 1 24 45 1 1	24 1 27 47 1 1	28 1 24 44 1 1

0 = Less then 0.5 percent.
1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: $(\underline{4})$.

Floure 18 U.S. export and import value of pesticides, 1978-87



Source: Appendix table 23.

Table 16--Regional shares of U.S. pesticide exports by value, 1978-87 1/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982		
			<u>Percent</u>				
Africa	4	4	4	4	3		
North and Central America							
South America	24	21	21	23	22		
Asia	18	16	16	15	12		
	20	22	23	23	23		
Western Europe	31	34	32	31	35		
Eastern Europe Oceania	0	0	0	0	0		
	3	4	4	3	4		
World	100	100	100	100	100		
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987		
	<u>Percent</u>						
Africa North and Central	3	Ţ	3	4	3		
America	23	22	22	17	1.7		
South America	13	13	12	16	15		
Asia	23	22	23	23	15 25		
Western Europe	32	33	36	35			
Eastern Europe	0	Õ	1		34		
Oceania	6	5	4	1 4	1		
World	100	100	100	100	4 100		

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: $(\underline{4})$.

largest market, followed by North America. West Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, and more recently France, Brazil, and Venezuela are the major recipients of this input.2/ U.S. bull semen imports are valued at only about \$2 million, although 1987 imports approached \$4 million due to growth in Canadian, Australian, and United Kingdom imports (table 22, app. table 29).

<u>Seeds</u>

The United States has historically exported approximately three times in value more seeds than it has imported (app. tables 30 and 31). Between 1982 and 1987, the United States had a positive

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

²/ Another form of genetic material trade is embryos. Embryo trade was first recorded in 1987, when embryos valued at about \$3 million were exported.

Table 17--Regional shares of U.S. pesticide imports by value, 1978-87 1/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982			
			Percent					
Africa North and Central	4	5	7	2	5			
America	3	4	3	4	2			
South America	1	1	1	1	3 3			
Asia	12	14	13	17	13			
Western Europe	80	76	76	74				
Eastern Europe	0	Ō	0	1	75 1			
Oceania	0	0	ŏ	0	0			
World	100	100	100	100	100			
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987			
		Percent						
Africa North and Central	3	3	3	3	3			
America	4	6	5	5	-			
South America	7	5	6	12	7 12			
Asia	13	10	8	10	12			
Western Europe	72	76	78	70	68			
Eastern Europe	0	Ō	, 0	0	0			
Oceania	0	ō	Ö	0	1.			
World ———	100	100	100	100	100			

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: $(\underline{4})$.

trade balance for seeds of over \$200 million. Western Europe, Asia, and North America are the major destinations of U.S. seed exports, accounting for nearly 80 percent of the value of these exports (table 23). Italy, France, and the Netherlands are the major Western European importers of U.S. seed. Japan, Saudi Arabia, and Canada are also major importers.

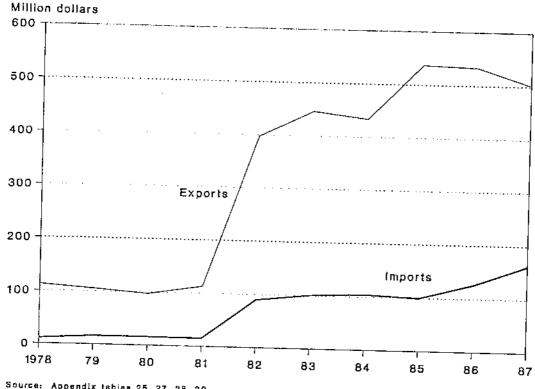
North American countries, especially Canada, have accounted for 40-50 percent of the value of all U.S. seed imports (table 24). Asia and Western Europe each provide around 20 percent of the value of all seed imported to the United States; the Netherlands, Japan, and Taiwan are the major sources.

Implications

The implications of global interdependence of the input industries for U.S. agriculture can be described in three general

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

U.S. export and import value of agricultural genetic inputs, 1978-87



Source: Appendix tabies 25, 27, 28, 30.

categories. First, international shifts in demand for agricultural goods and agricultural inputs can affect input prices paid by U.S. farmers. Second, U.S. farmers now depend on other countries for a larger share of some agricultural inputs, such as farm machinery and potash and nitrogen fertilizer. Third, the flow of U.S. agricultural inputs, and the embodied new technology, to countries currently importing U.S. agricultural products or competing with the United States for other global markets may affect our agricultural trade balance (1). these effects are not necessarily detrimental to the interest of the United States or to U.S. farmers. As new technology is developed, U.S. farmers are often the first producers to whom these products become available. As an employer and generator of income, the U.S. input production sector is highly beneficial to the U.S. economy. The adoption of modern agricultural inputs in developing countries can lead to greater production and income levels, stimulating demand for imports of value-added processed foods or the establishment of a livestock sector which requires significant new imports of raw agricultural products (3, 8).

Furthermore, international technology transfer does not flow in only one direction. U.S. farmers continue to benefit from genetic materials, pesticides, and farm machinery developed in other intensive agricultural areas of the world.

Table 18--Regional shares of U.S. live breeding stock exports by value, 1978-87 1/ 2/

Region	1978	1070		<u> </u>	
	13/8	<u> 1979</u>	1980	<u> 1981</u>	1982
			<u>Percent</u>		
Africa North and Central	2	0	3	5	5
America	31	38	52	58	2.4
South America	9	8	12	15	34
Asia	50	47	24	18	16
Western Europe	5	6	9	1	45
Eastern Europe	3	0	ó	3	0
Oceania	0	0	Õ	0	0
World	100	100	100	100	100
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			Percent		
Africa North and Central	3	2	0	0	4
America	17	51	76	60	
South America	16	20	9	69 15	36
Asia	63	28	12	14	22
Western Europe	0	0	0	1	29
Eastern Europe	0	Ō	ő	0	9
Oceania	1	0	2	0	0
World	100	100	100	100	0 100

Source: $(\underline{4})$.

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.
1/ Beef and dairy cows and bulls.
2/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 19--Regional shares of U.S. live breeding stock imports by value, 1978-87 1/ 2/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
			<u>Percent</u>		
North and Central America Western Europe World	98 2 100	100 0 100	100 0 100	99 1 100	100 0 100
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			Percent		
North and Central America Western Europe World	97 3 100	86 14 100	90 10 100	99 1 100	100 0 100

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.
1/ Beef and dairy cows and bulls.
2/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{4})$.

Table 20--Regional shares of U.S. live breeder chicken exports by value, 1978-87 1/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1000
			Percent	1961	1982
Africa North and Central	1	1	1	1	2
America South America Asia	31 18 32	34 19 29	35 24	36 25	34 24
Western Europe Eastern Europe Oceania	16 1 0	15 2	25 14 1	24 14 0	22 17 1
World	100	0 100	0 100	0 100	0 100
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			<u>Percent</u>		
Africa North and Central	2	2	1	2	1
America South America Asia Western Europe Eastern Europe Oceania World	34 20 25 18 1 0	40 7 30 20 1 0	35 19 28 17 0 0	33 16 29 18 2 0	36 20 36 7 0 0

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent. 1/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (4).

Table 21--Regional shares of U.S. bull semen exports by value, 1978-87 1/

Region	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
			Percent		
Africa	1	1	1	3	4
North and Central			_	-	•
America	15	19	14	16	13
South America	24	28	33	21	15
Asia	7	4	2	4	5
Western Europe	49	42	46	53	61
Eastern Europe	4	7	3	4	1
Oceania	0	0	Ō	ō	0
World	100	100	100	100	100
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			<u>Percent</u>		
Africa North and Central	5	6	4	2	2
America	10	12	13	12	
South America	17	20	20	25	8
Asia	5	4	9	10	21
Western Europe	62	53	50	43	11
Eastern Europe	2	4	4	7	52
Oceania Ž	õ	Ö	0	1	4
World	100	100	100	100	2 100

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: (4).

Table 22--Regional shares of U.S. bull semen imports by value, 1980-87 1/

Region	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984		1986	1987
					<u>cent</u>		2300	
North and Central America Western Europe Oceania World	98 2 0 100	94 2 4 100	99 1 0 100	96 1 3 100	99 1 0 100	97 1 2 100	97 3 0 100	90 4 6 100

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (4).

Table 23--Regional shares of U.S. exports of seeds for planting by value, 1982-87 1/

Region	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>		
Africa North and Central	4	4	5	3	3	3
America South America Asia Western Europe Eastern Europe Oceania World	30 7 21 35 1 2	33 8 21 30 1 3	31 9 27 26 1 2	25 7 22 38 3 2 100	21 9 24 36 5 2	25 8 23 40 0 2 100
-						-

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: (4).

Table 24--Regional shares of U.S. imports of seeds for planting by value, 1982-87 1/

Region	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>		
Africa North and Central	7	6	6	6	4	4
America South America Asia Western Europe Eastern Europe Oceania World	39 4 22 19 7 2 100	52 4 19 14 0 3 100	37 10 21 17 7 2 100	38 9 20 21 2 3 100	43 7 22 19 0 4	44 6 19 19 1 7

Source: (4).

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

^{0 =} Less than 0.5 percent.
1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

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Appendix table 1--World cropland area by commodity, 1969-85 1/

w					Rough				·
Year	Barley	Corn	Cotton	Oats	rice	Rye	Soybeans	Wheat	Total
					Million he	ctares			
1969/70	70	102	33	30	130	19	28	215	/27
1970/71	69	105	32	31	130	19	29	204	627
1971/72	72	111	33	30	132	19	30	212	618
1972/73	77	107	33	30	130	17	33	209	638
1973/74	81	112	33	31	133	15	38		636
1974/75	82	114	33	30	138	18	38	216 220	600
						,,,	50	220	672
1975/76	85	116	30	30	142	15	41	226	
1976/77	86	118	31	28	142	16	39		685
1977/78	87	121	33	30	143	14	45	232 226	693
1978/79	85	125	32	28	145	15	49		699
1979/80	86	127	32	27	143	13	47	226	705
1980/81	81	132	32	26	144	15	50	228 237	703 717
						1.5	20	437	717
1981/82	84	132	33	27	145	14	50	239	776
1982/83	79	124	32	27	141	17	52		725
1983/84	80	119	31	27	145	17	50	238	710
984/85	79	128	34	26	144	17	53	230	700
1985/86	79	129	32	26	143	16	53 51	231 230	713 706

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (5).

Appendix table 2--World crop production by commodity, 1969-85 1/

Year	Barley	Corn	Cotton	Oats	Rough rice	Rye	Soybeans	Wheat	Total
				M	illion met	ric tons		-	
1969/70	117	258	11	52	287	28	40	207	4 004
1970/71	118	252	11	51	293	25		287	1,081
1971/72	136	292	12	58	296	32	42	288	1,079
1972/73	139	286	13	51			44	341	1,211
1973/74	158	315	14		286	28	47	334	1,184
1974/75	160	283		54	324	29	57	368	1,319
,,,,,,	100	203	14	50	330	33	51	350	1,272
1975/76	144	322	12	47	352	24	67	750	4 740
1976/77	178	336	13	49	348	29	59	350	1,318
1977/78	165	346	14	52	362	23		413	1,426
1978/79	184	383	13	51	385		75	382	1,417
979/80	161	423	14	45		31	80	439	1,567
1980/81	163	407	14		377	22	77	422	1,542
	,53	407	14	45	397	25	81	441	1,573
1981/82	156	437	15	45	412	24	86	//0	4 404
1982/83	165	438	15	48	420	30		448	1,626
983/84	169	346	15	45	452		93	479	1,688
984/85	173	457	19	46		31	82	491	1,631
985/86	176	480	17		468	33	92	515	1,804
.02,00	1,0	400	17	48	464	31	9 5	503	1,813

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{5})$.

では、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmのでは、100mmので

Appendix table 3--World yields by commodity, 1969-85 1/

Year	Barley	Corn	Cotton	Oats	Rough rice	Rye	Soybeans	Wheat	Total
				<u>*</u>	letric tons	/hectare			70,00
1969/70	1.7	2.5	0.3	1.7	2.2	1.5	1.4	4 7	
1970/71	1.7	2.4	-3	1.6	2.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.7
1971/72	1.9	2.6	.4	1.9	2.2	1.7		1.4	1.7
1972/73	1.8	2.7	-4	1.7	2.2		1.4	1.6	1.9
1973/74	2.0	2.8	.4	1.7		1.7	1.5	1.6	1.9
1974/75	2.0	2.5	.4		2.4	1.9	1.5	1.7	2.0
•		2.5	.4	1.7	2.4	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.9
1975/76	1.7	2.8	.4	1 4	2 -				
1976/77	2.1	2.8	.4	1.6	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.9
1977/78	1.9	2.9		1.7	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.9
1978/79	2.2		-4	1.7	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0
1979/80	1.9	3.1	-4	1.8	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.9	2.2
1980/81		3.3	.4	1.7	2.8	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.2
ומילטטינו	2.0	3.1	.4	1.7	2.8	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.2
1981/82	1.9	3.3	.5	1.7	2.0				
982/83	2.1	3.5	.5 .5		2.8	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.2
983/84	2.1	2.9	-5	1.8	3.0	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.4
984/85	2.2		.5	1.7	3.1	1.8	1.6	2.1	2.3
985/86		3.6	.6	2.8	3.2	2.0	1.7	2.2	2.5
702730	2.2	3.7	.5	1.8	3.2	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.6

Source: $(\underline{7})$.

Appendix table 5--World export value of crude fertilizer by major regions, 1970-84 1/

Region/country	1970	1971	1972	1973	197	4 197	5_ 197	76 197	77 19	7 <u>8</u> 19	79 198				
								lillion			17 170	19 <u>8</u>	31 _ 198	32 19	<u>83 1984</u>
Africa Morocco Togo Senegal Others	168 114 13 12 29	186 126 17 14	208 144 19 18	285 195 28 22	939 144 104	9 84 4 8 4 10	9 76 7 49 1 5	60 70 6 46 5 7)1 7° 59 48 7 9	15 73 39 48 94 10	34 1,05 32 75 02 13 73 7	1 74 5 10	3 57 14 7	73 47 78 6	76 801 72 550 59 105
	29	29	26	40	243	3 316	5 14		-	•	77 9	_			i9 59 i5 87
North and Central America United States Canada Mexico	95 91 3 *	98 96 2 *	112 109 3	117 114 2	263 258 4	466	33	0 36	6 36 5	7 43 4	2 509 2 (42	0 38 0	4 42 4 42 0	3 392 3 392 3 0
Others	1	1	1	1	*	. 4	•	* :			0 (0 0
South America Chile	18 18	24 24	20 20	25 24	45 38				_ •	- 1		3 35	5 2		· · ·
Peru Colombia Brazil	* 0 *	0	*	1	*	1		ī i	i ï	0	2 37 * * 0 *	. ,	k	1	0 32
Others	*	0 *	*	1	1 5	*				0 (0 *	. ,	٠,	ŧ ,	* *
Asia Jordan	16	15	21	27	140	152	123	116			U				* *
Israel Syria	6 5 0	6 4 0	10 5 1	12 3 3	61 21 22	61 14 15	58 13	53 14	63	87	7 158	168 65	162	142	154
China India Others	0 0 5	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 9	0 0 36	0	0	0		, ,	1	33 * 0	*		40
Western Europe	5	5	5	9	19	62	41	35			7	7			
8elgium/Luxembour Sweden	*	1	1	2	3	15 3 2	14 2 1	21 4 1	22 4	- 5	6	27 5	6	5	
Netherlands France Others	1 1 2	1 1 2	1 1 2	2 2 3	7 2 5	3 2 6	5 2 5	8 3 6	2 7 4 5	7 6	9	6 5 4	4	5	4 3
Eastern Europe USSR Others	158 158	181 181 0	187 187 0	231 231	421 421	599 599	384 384	439 439	372 372	363 363	604 604	7 691 691	10 616 616	9 541	603
Oceania	48	47	47	0 77	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	541 *	603 0
Nauru Christmas Island	28 13	26 13	19 18	39 25	92 37 28	131 54 40	105 38 37	109 52 37	133 60 41	130 60	161 98	152 81	116 57	119 71	113 58
Australia Others	7	8	* 10	* 12	* 27	2 35	9 21	3 17	10 22	46 4 20	62 *	70 1 *	57 2 *	45 4 *	53 1
World —	508	557	600	772	2,408	2,760	1,754	1,800	1,791	1,876	2,623	2,603	2,234	2,088	* 2,257

^{* =} Less than \$500,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (7).

Source: (7).

^{* =} Less than \$500,000.

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (7).

^{* =} Less than \$500,000.

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Appendix table 8--World import value of manufactured fertilizer by major regions, 1970-84 1/

Region/country	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
							<u> </u>	li lli on	dollars	<u> </u>					<u>-</u>
Africa Tunisia Morocco South Africa Others	81 1 3 2 74	6	2 7 11	156 6 12 4 134	18	18 41 13	7 26 8	281 5 25 * 250	8 29 13	16 50 17	676 19 57 53 546	22 49 102	502 21 54 78 348	433 5 38 32 357	12 43 36
North and Central America United States Canada Mexico Others	256 192 13 6 45	205 17 6	232 14 13	396 280 18 13 84	859 560 32 23 244	1,003 557 53 76 318	588 58 64	1, 0 66 696 64 42 264	1,158 743 83 66 266	1,265 818 115 75 257	1,515 979 115 68 353	1,675 1,102 131 99 343	1,488 963 116 129 280	1,509 997 150 61 301	1,686 1,142
South America Brazil Venezuela Chile Others	143 71 12 21 39	107 55 8 12 32	123 4 12	269 167 5 19 78	750 490 29 78 153	586 350 30 32 174	343 248 26 12 58	508 360 39 21 88	567 369 59 22 117	754 523 56 41 134	1,166 778 117 78 205	748 436 86 62 164	517 297 18 19 183	349 170 3 30 147	478 245 25 32 177
Asia South Korea Israel Japan China India Others	552 4 1 50 229 64 204	580 7 2 62 187 101 220	633 4 2 59 191 101 275	935 8 4 79 205 179 461	1,649 53 2 132 178 342 942	2,386 140 4 154 169 745 1,174	1,068 23 1 119 206 163 556	1,613 23 2 134 443 250 762	2,144 28 2 148 594 407 965	2,959 35 2 183 669 450 1,620	3,831 37 6 278 885 1125 1,968	4,017 41 6 252 810 650 2,258	3,434 62 7 258 1,275 285 1,548	3,810 32 6 259 1,421 361 1,731	5,044 49 7 259 1,714 1,263 1,752
Western Europe Netherlands West Germany Belgium/Luxembourg France Others	480 25 34 46 110 265	587 23 55 59 156 295	719 32 78 54 183 372	909 41 99 81 251 435	1,273 57 129 112 341 634	1,453 48 177 130 362 736	1,449 46 244 132 378 649	1,697 87 316 179 395 719	2,001 97 362 222 417 904	2,763 109 459 249 615 1,332	3,234 120 496 299 853 1,466	2,805 111 482 237 663 1,314	2,950 139 579 242 662 1,327	3,049 167 553 244 660 1,427	3,091 162 496 259 650 1,523
Eastern Europe USSR East Germany Romania Others	168 0 21 2 145	187 0 24 2 161	257 16 45 4 192	305 5 66 4 230	457 23 60 5 369	463 27 50 10 376	424 4 13 14 393	445 3 22 16 404	493 6 21 15 450	487 12 13 23 439	605 51 23 36 496	778 43 12 52 670	669 24 40 57 549	668 20 44 54 550	647 15 48 58 526
Oceania Australia New Zealand Others	21 8 11 2	20 7 11 2	31 7 22 3	41 8 29 4	49 10 33 7	57 18 29 10	41 11 23 6	64 24 31 9	64 19 34 11	79 28 38 12	91 36 37 17	130 57 55 18	129 67 48 14	147 84 40 23	172 114 42 17
World -	1,700	1,865	2,254	3,011	5,404	6,427	4,561	5,673	6,753	8,688	11,118	10,913	9,689	9,966	11,603

^{* =} Less than \$500,000. 1/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{7})$.

Appendix table 9--World export value of farm machinery by major regions, 1970-84 1/

Region/country	1970	197	1 1977	 2 1973	1974	1975	 5 1976	5 197	7 197	 '8 197	0 100					_
					·						9 198	198	1 198	2 198	3 1984	_
							<u>~</u>	illion	dollar	<u>s</u>						
Africa	10) 1;	3 13	15	19	25	26	3	1 2	3 2	3 2	7 2	1 1°			
North and Central									_			., 2		E .	9 10	
America	784	764	963	1 3/5	1 707											
United States	628				1,797	-,						0 4.28	3 3,084	2,12	8 2,253	
Canada	154				1,407 387		-,		-,		7 3,19	1 3,56				
Mexico	*				301				-177			4 71	2 544		.,	
Others	1				1	4	_			5 9		9 +	9 10 2 2	10	10	
South America	7		3 13	32	66	77	F 7	400			,			-	1	
Brazil	2				23	33								9.	136	
Argentina	5	6			41	41	28 28				~~			8:	127	
Others	*	1	1	1	3	2									-	
Asia	77						_			, ,	, ,	3 6	5 8	. 4	4	
Japan	73 70	96		189	403	547	463	529	817	913	984	1,136	1,000	1 240	1 100	
Hong Kong	r 0 *	93		184	392	535	450	515	791					1,219 1,161		
India	1	1		*	1	1	1	1		1				2		
Singapore	ò	ó		1 0	3	4	3	4		5	5					
Others	2	3		4	0 8	0 8	9	0		-			6	4	4	
Western Europe	1 701	1 700		_	_	·	,	,	13	19	38	37	32	42	50	
West Germany	1,301 317	1,302		2,300	3,067	3,939	4,088	4,720	5,022	6,063	6,712	5,980	E 777	£ 200		
United Kingdom	386	306	418	632	927	1,056	1,155	1,289	1,407		1,841			- 1	5,111	
Italy	151	431 121	478	543	622	908	897	1,069	1,002	1,217	1,410		967	1,688 808	1,522	
France	142	133	118 174	279	354	483	477	585	715	910	1,084			922	876 828	
Belgium/Luxembourg	93	88	120	240 161	308	450	411	487	543	592	620		588	572		
Netherlands	40	45	61	97	244 128	305	370	424	396	483	433			250		
Others	170	179	240	348	484	147	166	196	209	213	265		247	236	238	
_		***	440	240	404	58 9	612	669	7 50	953	1,059	994	940	821	794	
Eastern Europe	254	274	326	475	791	945	1,069	1,329	1 400	1 70/	4 07					
USSR	149	156	179	260	498	592	688	830	1,602 895	1,796	1,977	1,791	1,712	1,757	1,631	
Czechoslovakia	60	70	80	116	152	179	208	281	338	985 396	1,180		1,020	996	895	
Kungary Others	20	20	40	71	86	108	115	158	172	217	372 205		384	434	431	
Official	26	28	27	28	55	66	58	61	198	199	220	166 169	159 149	190 136	189	
Oceania	15	16	23	28	70	-,					2-5	10,	147	130	115	
Australia	13	13	20	28	32 28	76	56	66	56	63	73	116	97	68	63	
New Zealand	2	3	3	20 *	28 4	68	59	56	43	47	50	91	72	47	38	
Others	ō	ō	õ	G	0	8 0	7 0	10	13	16	23	25	24	21	25	
dorld	2 //5	_	_		•	•			*	*	*	*	1	*	*	
	2,445	2,473	3,067	4,305	6,176	8,245	8,418	9,189	10,334	12,401	13,931	13,580	11,823	10.571	10 384	

^{* =} Less than \$500,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (7).

Appendix table 10--World import value of farm machinery by major regions, 1970-84 1/

Regioл/country	197	70 <u>19</u> 7	71 1977	2 197	3 197	4 197	5 197	6 19	77 19	78 19	79 19	80 19	 31 198:	2 1983	1984
						м·	illion	dallar	9					<u> </u>	
Africa South Africa	19)2 243 17 89			3 745	5 59	0 68	33 79		48 1,20	D6 1,36	50 1.00;	7 865	1,004
Nigeria		_	1 14					_ '-		50 13	33 3				
Algeria			9 28								34 29	78 19			
Others	7		5 113	-			-					55 12		105	
Worth and Central							. 20.	, ,,)E 43	36 39	71 46	58 52	7 509	489	488
America	57	6 66	7 000												
Canada	21			.,	,			3 2,16	1 2,58	0 3,45	1 3,36	0 3,48	3 2,911	2,756	7 117
United States	25						,,,								3,117
Mexico	6			,		0	852	93	0 1,08				. ,		1,070
Others	4.	-		٠.		• • • •	135	7	9 26						1,442
	4.	4 50	56	58	84	114	109	13						350 193	367 237
South America	16-	4 164	4 222	224	360	575	385	44						1,,_	231
Brazil	8	8 91	143	127	215		128	• • •		,				278	259
Venezuela	2	3 24	25	25	44		133	_	- "		•	_		12	5
Argentina	12	2 13	3 10	8	10		11				•			55	49
Others	43	2 35	5 44	64	90		113						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	18	11
Asia	222	2 248	3 266	297	,,,	7.5				, 20	U 24.	3 247	2 209	194	195
Saudi Arabia	5			291	456		901	92:	3 1,08	1 933	3 95	4 976	1,065	1.088	871
Israel	13			21	19		74			9 103	3 173		.,,	386	270
Pakistan	20			7	31	52	44	33			5 60			82	52
Hong Kong	1		,	2	20	39	58				134			155	164
India	26			21	1	3	2	_		3	3			3	3
Singapore	0			0	11	8	24	10			5 5			6	6
Others	157			241	0 373	0 574	0 699	717			• • •		19	10	10
Western Europe	0.45				5.5	214	077	(1)	806	646	562	543	474	447	366
France	865 197		.,,	1,674	2,102	2,490	2,769	3,285	3,770	4,587	4,647	3,785	4,033	7 750	7 544
United Kingdom	49	,	280	458	518	562	584	616					1,027	3,759	3.564
West Germany	91	58 83	82	134	192	225	257	315						914	843
Netherlands	52		102	170	181	246	275	314	411					568	512
Belgium/Luxembourg	41		65	102	127	146	188	241	290	292			233	375	320
Others	435		49	_74	92	113	133	176	220				189	241	234
- 1	433	443	530	738	993	1,199	1,332	1,622		2,098	40.4		1,662	152 1.508	157 1,499
astern Europe	386	508	576	819	883	1,029	1,235	1 275			-	,	•	1,500	1,477
USSR	207	238	323	454	408	492	648	1,375	1,736	1,900	2,119		1,967	2,147	2,182
Czechoslovakia	88	107	141	214	256	287	290	772		1,063	1,243		1,298		1,541
Kungary	59	133	76	90	157	199	207	248	246		328	278	276	312	359
Others	32	29	36	60	62	52	207 89	235 120	285 278	271 351	183	180	200	187	129
ceania	84						-,	120	210	331	365	290	193	155	153
Australia	50	61 28	66	100	113	231	256	307	296	281	425	487	542	7/2	
New Zealand	22		34	61	60	166	191	226	214	207	309	380	342 445	342	401
Others		24	24	32	43	48	48	65	63	51	88	38U 82		256	318
	11	9	8	7	9	17	17	15	19	23	28	82 25	73 23	63 23	59
orld	2,492	2,700	3,370	4,479	6,013	7,943	8,294	9 174	10 660	12 105			11,915 1		24
14.7					-		-,	·, 114	.0,007	12, 173	13,201	12,500	11,915 1	1,235 1	1.398

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{7})$.

Source: (7).

^{* =} Less than \$500,000.

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding.

Appendix table 12--World import value of pesticides by major regions, 1970-84 1/

Region/country	1970	1971	4000											 -	
	_	1211	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
							<u>Mi</u>	llion d	ollars						-
Africa Nigeria	91 9	99 11	107 10	141	251	353						568	5 5 15	477	495
Egypt	15	17	24	10 31	17 55	34								95	
Sudan	7	11	9	31 11	50	85 34	36 19								
Others	60	60	64	88	159	200									
North and Central													207		COL
America	105	102	121	162	226	357	393	387	487	572	676	698	(0/	700	7/4
United States	11	20	25	36	43	101	129		165						769
Canada	20	23	31	50	75	94	99		127						308
Costa Rica	5	6	7	9	12	15	16								194
Mexico	4	7	7	7	10	11	10		11		20				45 22
Others	65	46	50	60	85	136	138	141	157		173			192	200
South America	44	48	74	117	152	173	176	189	221	174	180	164	170	182	199
Argentina Colombia	6	6	8	8	17	15	17	21	19	36	44	40	49	68	75
Ecuador	1 3	3	4	5	7	7	8	15	24	16	19	21	29	30	31
Brazil	19	2 20	. 2	3	5	13	12	9	11	15	18	20	25	26	27
Others	15	20 17	40 20	76	94	101	109	108	125	53	31	8	8	5	-6
_		17	20	26	28	36	30	37	42	54	68	75	59	53	61
Asia Chi	117	120	115	175	260	330	321	374	436	667	722	719	759	933	1 070
China	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	105	115	132	146	311	1,078 375
iran Coudi Asulia	9	10	9	13	30	54	41	63	59	96	79	85	100	133	137
Saudi Arabia	1	2	3	3	3	10	13	4	21	36	36	47	55	54	56
Kong Kong Singapore	3	4	3	5	8	7	5	8	17	20	22	30	32	32	40
India	4 7	3	3	4	6	6	6	6	12	29	32	44	28	22	31
Others	97	7 97	9 98	12	19	28	_10	14	21	25	34	12	15	20	25
-	31	41	90	141	199	232	252	286	317	385	436	414	411	383	445
lestern Europe France	207	214	256	394	561	627	611	768	1,132	1,478	1,667	1,513	1,517	1,547	1,727
United Kingdom	47	46	59	99	158	156	149	174	262	336	407	424	433	391	417
West Germany	14	17	21	26	47	51	52	75	135	250	244	188	175	208	210
Belgium/Luxembourg	20 14	22 14	26	41	55	71	68	89	143	185	223	185	177	176	197
Netherlands	20	27	16	26	42	50	47	63	140	156	144	116	109	92	190
Others	91	88	31 102	48 154	57	67	82	98	118	109	118	106	110	134	149
	<i>,</i> ,	00	102	134	202	232	214	269	334	443	531	495	512	546	564
astern Europe	86	96	107	160	232	355	355	353	406	466	610	568	591	682	742
USSR	48	50	50	73	94	147	133	145	176	214	371	337	334	405	481
Czechoslovakia	13	14	23	34	32	40	47	48	52	56	55	55	62	71	75
Mungary Others	18	25	25	34	52	73	94	73	101	119	81	83	77	75	70
others	7	7	9	20	54	94	81	87	77	76	103	93	119	131	117
ceania	12	11	14	14	16	25	21	26	27	36	45	39	17	70	Fo
Australia	6	5	6	6	6	13	10	13	13	17	22	39 15	43 20	39	50
New Zealand	4	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	8	11	13		19	27
Others	2	2	2	2	4	6	5	6	7	10	12	12	12 11	10 10	13 10
orld	662	691	792	1,163	1,697	2,220	2,141	2,416	3 1/2	7 00/	4,469	4,269	4,290	4,568	5,060

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (7).

Appendix table 13--Destination of crude fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980

Belgium/Luxembourg * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *						ntries	rting cou	Impo				 -	Exporting countries
Africa Nigeria Libya Others Canada Mexico States Others Brazil Uruguay Venezuela Percent Pe	Court America					ıtral Ameri	h_and Cer	Nort		ica	Afr	- Court	
Second State Sta		i America	300111			United				1.51	Wi		
Africa: Algeria Morocco	Others	Venezuela	Uruguay	Brazil	Others	States	Mexico	Canada	Others	Libya	_ Nigeria	<u> XII ICa</u>	
Algeria Morocco						Percent							
Morocco Senegal Togo 10,97 Morth and Central America: Mexico 1/ United States NA													
Morocco									_		*	*	Algeria
Senegal		*	*	*	1.66		*	*				*	Morocco
Togo Tunisia * 0.38 0.19 1.23 * * * * 3.6 .79 .37 North and Central America: Mexico 1/ United States * * 24.16 .7430 .96 * * * Maxico 1/ United States * * 24.16 .7404 .96 .20 .06 South America: Brazil * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		n 3/	0.02	2.47	*	1.36	4.75					*	Senegal
Tunisia	×				*	*	*	*					Togo
North and Central America: Mexico 1/ United States *** *** *** *** *** *** ***			70	.36	*	*	*	*		0.19	0.38		Tunisia
North and Central America: Mexico 1/ United States * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	0.01				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	
Mexico 1/ United States	*	•	3.24	5.54									North and Central America.
United States													
South America: Brazil Asia: China 1/ Hong Kong Asia			_		04	.30		*		*		NA	
South America: Brazil	*						.74	24.16	*	*	*	*	officed States
Asia: China 1/ NA NA * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	.46	.06	.20	. 70	.04								South America.
Asia: China 1/ Hong Kong Asia: India 1/ Hong Kong Asia: India 1/ NA													
Asia: China 1/ Hong Kong ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					*	±	*	*	*	*	*	*	Brazit
China 1/ Hong Kong * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	99.97	*	*		-								ānia.
Hong Kong													
India 1/ Israel X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X							114	*	*	*	NA	NA	
Singapore	*	*	*					*	*	*	*	*	
Sarael	*	*	*						*	*	NA	NA	
Singapore		*	*	*					1 /5	*		*	
Singapore Syria 1/ NA NA * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	*	*	11.30	*					*	*	*	
Syria 1/ NA NA * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	*	*	*	*				-		*	*	Singapore
Western Europe: Belgium/Luxembourg		*	*	*	*	*					LI A	NΑ	Syria 1/
Belgium/Luxembourg * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*	*	*	*	*	*	NA	*	*	-	nn	1125	
Belgium/Luxembourg * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	~												Western Europe:
France											_		Belgium/Luxembouro
Netherlands * * * * * * * * * * * .01 Eastern Europe: USSR 1/ NA NA * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			*	*	*	*	*				*		France
Eastern Europe: USSR 1/ NA NA * * * NA * * * * Oceania: Christmas Island	*		-	*	*	*	*	*					
Eastern Europe: USSR 1/ NA NA * * * NA * * * * Oceania: Christmas Island	*			*	01	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
USSR 1/ NA NA * * * NA * * * * Oceania: Christmas Island	*	*	_										astern Furence
Oceania: Christmas Island													Heen 17
Oceania: Christmas Island				_		*	NA	*	*	*	NA	NA	U33K 1/
Christmas Island No. No.	*	*	*	*	-		· ·						mannin.
CREISTMAS ISLAND													
No. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10					4.		NA	*	*	*	AK	NA	
Nauru IIA IIA KA	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*		NA	Nauru
NA	*	*	*	*	*	*	NA.						
1,000 dollars						dollars	1.000						
otal imports (Ultres 3)							.,,						otal importe (UUTDE) 2/
atal i (real H				7 (72	1 2/7	41 787	ΔM	130,446	4,887	,991	NA 3		otal imparts (CAO) 7:
0.601 7,800 3,991 4/6.885 113.689 73.274 74.601 37.672 6,799 4,741	3,358				-							10,401	orac imports (FAU) 3/
	/ 2,704	4,741	6,800	7,830	2,295	ו אס,טר	,,,,,,,	. 10,407	., -,	•	_		
See footnotes at end of table.		-											See footnotes at end of table.
Con	inued	Cor											

Appendix table 13--Destination of crude fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries					orting countries	s	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	
	 -		* 2.6 NA		Asia			
	Japan	South Korea	todia	Oh i				
		1,01 00	11/019	<u> ՄՈլna</u>	Turkey	Singapore	Hong Kang	Others
					Percent			
Africa:								
Algeria	*	*	*	*				
Moracco	3,94	*			*	*	*	10,79
Senegal	6.42	0.19			1.31	*	*	1.49
Togo	*	*		1.50	*	*	*	5.37
Tunisia	*	*		*	1,51	*	*	7.01
			•	2.63	18.10	*	*	*
lorth and Central America:								
Mexico 1/	*	*						
United States	11.35	11.98		NA	*	*	*	*
	11133	11.70	1.92	*	*	*	*	1.57
outh America:								1.37
Brazil	*	*						
		•	*	*	*	*	*	*
sia:								•
China 1/	1.40	*						
Hong Kong	1,40				*	12.78	21.02	/2 07
India 1/		*		100.00	*	*		43.07
Israel	4.70	.05		NA	*	62.42		
Jordan	7.78	*		*	3.48	*		31.86
Singapore	7.78 *	*	17.03	4.48	11.65	*		.13
Syria 1/	*	*	*	*	*			25.34
-,	-	*	NA	NA	*	*		98.01
estern Europe:							~	*
Belgium/Luxembourg								
France	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Netherlands	.78	*	*	*	*	.09		.04
necilei tailus	*	*	*	*	*	.07		13.57
estern Europe:						r	•	1.32
USSR 1/								
033K 1/	*	*	NA	NA	*	*		
oonia.				1471	-	*	*	*
ceania:								
Christmas Island	*	*	NA	El A	*			
Rauru	7.76	5.46			*	1.59		12.75
			MA	MA	*	*	*	*
				1	.000 dollars			
**! *				_1	LOUV GOLLARS			
tal imports (UNTDS) 2/	186,932	113,204	NA	ЖA	/3 10b	4 61-		
tal imports (FAO) 3/	192,543	82,506	70,010	52,290	42,10 9 42,006	1,848		90,654
	•		,	JE.670	47 JHA	1 0/0	245	
See footnotes at end of table.	_			,	12,000	1,848	219	4/ 113,343

Appendix table 13--Destination of crude fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ting countries				
Africa: Algera				<u>W</u> es	tern Europe		<u>-</u>		
	France	Spain	West Germany	Belgium/Luxembourg	Netherlands	United Kingdom	Yugoslavia	Italy	Others
					Percent				<u> </u>
Africa:									
Algera	22.35	*	5 (4						
Могоссо	14.39	13.99	0.64	*	*	*	*	*	30.53
Senegal	12.65	.46	2.06	9.38	5.82	5.29	2.39	4.50	6.87
Togo	25.08		6.30	*	.03	27.40	2.75	.82	27.53
Tunisia	32.18	4.63	3.74	9.98	20.08	*	12.60	4.62	2.70
	32.10	-	.88	2.14	*	2.31	*	1.03	11.84
North and Central America:								1.05	11.84
Mexico 1/	*	*							
United States	6.20		*	*	98.74	*	*	*	_
	0.20	.27	5.98	5.83	5.17	2.44	*	2.04	*
South America:								4.44	4.63
Brazil	07								
	.03	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Asia:								•	*
China 1/	*	_							
Hong Kong	*	*	19.07	*	*	*	*	_	
India 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		2.20
Israel		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Jordan	3.63	.01	4.39	8.28	*	1.42	4.90		*
Singapore	*	*	*	*	*	*	6.17	16.44	27.96
Syria 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	0. II	4.25	*
-,, 10 1,	*	*	9.38	*	*	*	40.42	*	*
estern Europe:							40.42	19.34	*
Belgium/Luxembourg	20								
France	29.64	*	34.03		11.61	.06	*		
Netherlands		1.63	4.69	26.86	5.01	20.52		23.44	.72
nether tailes	4.00	*	51.71	40.51		.14	.15	3.75	21.36
astern Europe:						- 17	•	.05	2.25
USSR 1/									
333K 17	*	*	17.44	4.35	*	*	7.40		
ceania:						-	7.10	.17	18.20
Christmas Island									
	*	*	*	*	*	*			
Nauru	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
					-	*	*	*	*
				1.0	00 dollars				
otal imports (UNTDS) 2/	3				3011013				
otal imports (DATDS) 2/	328,388	167,865	158,376	147,965	137,118	118 22/	107 /~/		
reat imports (FAO) 3/	327,922	168,503	158,557	148,146	137,287	118,224	103,636	108,520	222,631
Son fortage	_			:= : 199	191 1501	118,559	113,348	102,320	237,214
See footnotes at end of table.									

Continued--

Appendix table 13--Destination of crude fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries	-		·	importing co	ountries	·				
exporting countries		East	tern Europe			Oceania	Total	Total number of		
	Poland	Romania	Czechoslovakia	Others	Australia	New Zealand	Others	Total 5/	export value	trading partners
				·Percer	·+				1,000	
Africa:				<u>rercer</u>	<u></u>				<u>dollars</u>	Kumber
Algeria	10.03	*	7.07	20.07						
Morocco	5.73	5.48	3.93	20.07	*	*	*	100	25,417	11
Senegal	J. (J. *	3.46 *	1.69	2.82	0.18	*	*	100	750,517	34
Togo	4.23	*	.50	*			*	100	77,887	16
Tunisia	9.61	1.36	.30 4.44	6.90	*	*	*	100	135,060	23
1411316	9.01	1.30	4.44	6.90	7	*	*	100	54,518	16
North and Central America:	_									
Mexico 1/ United States	*	NA D i o	*	AM	*	*	*	100	4/ 1,284	3
united States	6.23	3.40	*	*	3.23	0.15	*	100	508,524	43
South America:										
Brazil	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	412	3
Asia:										_
China 1/	*	NA	*	NA	*	*		100	(, 570	_
Hong Kong	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	4/ 572	7
India 1/	*	AH	*	NA	*	.90	*	100 100	17	1
Israel	*	15.42	*	*	*	.70	*	100	4/ 261	6
Jordan	7.27	10.01	1.80	2.37	*	*	*	100	35,584 157,707	18
Singapore	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.01	100	157,793 3,023	19 9
Syrīa 1/	30.86	NA	*	NA	*	*	*	100	4/ 1,482	4
Western Europe:										
8elgium/Luxembourg	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	6,324	11
France	*	*	,04	*	*	*	*	100	5,975	28
Wetherlands	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	8,715	13
Eastern Europe:										
USSR 1/	28.38	NA	24.36	NA	*	*	*	100	4/ 170,162	13
Oceania:										
Christmas Island	*	NA	*	*	34.12	51,54	±	100	83,907	4
Nauru	*	NA	*	*	60.30	26.48	*	100	127,983	4
				1,000 dol	<u>lars</u>			••••		
Total imports (UNTDS) 2/	146,303	NA	113,076	11.8	125 710	00 330	***			
Total imports (FAO) 3/	146,018	142,000	113,076	NA 158,006	125,719 89,410	80,278 67,037	161 198			
Total selected exports				*	-	,				
- 21 - 21 - 21 Feb. 10									6/ 2,162,817	

^{* =} Less than 0.005 percent. NA = Not available. -- = Not applicable. 1/ Export estimates are from reports of importing countries. 2/ (4).
3/ (7). 4/ Excludes countries not reporting to the United Nations Trade Data System in 1980. 5/ May not add to 100 because of rounding. 6/ Includes \$7.4 million exported by South Africa.

Appendix table 14--Destination of manufactured fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980

Exporting countries					Importi	ng countries				
			South		А	frica	•			·- <u>-</u>
	Nigeria	Могоссо	Africa	Kenya	Egypt	Libya	Ethiopia	Sudan	7:	
						Dangent		200011	Zimbabwe	Others
Africa:						Percent				
Могоссо	*									
Senegal	3.67	*	*	*	7.85	*	*			
Tunisia	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.76
		_	স	*	2.28	*	\$	*	*	71.94
North and Central America:								•	*	11.61
Canada	*	*	0.50							
Mexico 1/	NA	*		*	*	*	*	*		
United States	*	*	NA 1 01	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
			1.01	0.29	*	0.20	0.81	*	NA	*
South America:							0.01	•	*	2.90
Brazil	*	*								
		-	*	*	*	*	*			
isía:								*	*	11.69
China 1/	NA	*								
India 1/	NA NA	*	NA	*	*	*	*			
Iraq 1/	NA NA	*	НA	.36	*	*	*	*	NA	1.18
Israel			NA	*	*	*		*	NA	*
Japan	2.38	*	7.58	.20	*	*	*	*	NA	1.20
South Korea	=	*	*	*	.02		*	*	*	1.42
Kuwait	1.20	*	*	1.54	.UZ	.02	*	0.34	*	
Qatar 1/	*	*	*	1.54	*	*	*	*	*	.35
Saudi Arabia	NA	*	NA	*		*	*	11.85	*	*
	*	ŕ	*	*	*	*	*	*		.74
Singapore	*	*	*	*	*	*	.43	*	NA *	*
estern Europe:				-	*	*	*	*	*	*
estern Europet									•	*
Belgium/Luxembourg	.58	0.41	.34							
Finland	*	*	-34	.43	.40	.01	.03	*		
France	.10	4.16		*	*	*	.05	*	*	2.51
Italy	.45	*.10	- 14	. 15	.02	.11	*		*	*
Netherlands	1.62		2.77	.38	.39	.84	*	.01	*	8.08
Spain	1.0£	- 18	.44	1.15	*	*	*	*	*	4.53
United Kingdom		3.21	*	*	*	2.32		1.00	0.41	5.49
West Germany	1.93	.02	.76	.58	.61		*	*	*	15.00
Yugoslavia	.01	.07	1.27	.42	.49	.04	*	.35	*	2.17
-30014114	16.36	.06	*	*	.47	*	.11	.01	*	.68
stern Europe:					7	*	*	*	*	.01
Bulgaria 1/										.01
	NA.	20.47	NA	*	45					
East Germany 1/	NA	1.65	NA.	*	15.70	*	5.12	*	LI A	40
Kungary	1,58	*	ź.	*	*	*	*	*	NA.	10.32
Romania 1/	NA	2.79	NA		*	0.56	.39	*	NA ★	.52
USSR 1/	NA	1.50		*	6.77	3.44	*	*		4.01
		1.50	NA	*	1.06	*	*	*	NA	9.44
					1,000	dollars			NA	.23
tal imports (UNTOS) 2/	NA	57,348								
tal imports (FAO) 3/		21,340	_ NA	42,785	34,514	34,065	32,835	.		
	(4 70))									
See footnotes at end of tab	74,500	57,348	53,374	42,459	36,238	34,067	32,835	31,860 31,860	NA 22,339	211,065

Continued--

Appendix table 14--Destination of manufactured fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Minited States Canada Cuba Mexico Guatemalo Repubblic Others Brazil Venezuela Canada Cuba Mexico Guatemalo Repubblic Others Brazil Venezuela Canada Cuba Mexico Guatemalo Repubblic Others Rezulta Venezuela Canada Canad												Exporting countries					
United States Canada Cuba Mexico Guatemalo Republic Others Brazil Venezuela Canada Cuba Mexico Guatemalo Republic Others Brazil Venezuela Canada		ories	South Amo				America	nd Central	Worth a								
Africa: Morrocco		CI 1108	SOUCH AND			Dominican											
Africa: Morrocco *******************************	le <u>Others</u>	Chile	Venezuela	Brazil	Others	Republic_	Guatemala	<u>Mexico</u>	Cuba	Canada	States						
Morrocco						Percent											
Senegal												Africa:					
Senegal	* *		*	*	*	*	*	*	10.89	*	*						
North and Central America: Canada 67.77 * 0.35	* *	*				*	*	*	*								
Canada 67.77 * 0.35 *	* *			*	*	*	*	*	1.71	*	*	Tunisia					
Mexico 1/ 35.88												North and Central America:					
Mexico 1/	.29 0.03	0.29	*	A 53	*	*	*	0.35	*		67.77						
South America: Srazil	NA 10.72			*	9,92	*	7.25		NA	*	35.88						
Asia: Chino 1/		2.11		14.09	2.92	1.92		3.48		4.47		United States					
Asia: China 1/ 1.14 ********************************																	
China 1/ India 1/ India 1/ Iraq 1/ Ira	* 88.31	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	8razil					
India 1/																	
India 1/	NA *	N.A	*	*	*	*	*	NA	NA	*							
Israel	NA *				*	*	*										
Japan	NA *		*	*	*	*	*	NA	NA								
South Korea	* ,36		*	5.98	*	*	*										
NA		.02	*		.28	*	*		*								
Qatar 1/ * * NA NA * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		.06	*		*	*	*										
Saudi Arabia	* *		*	*	*	*		*									
Western Europe: Beigium/Luxembourg .71 .08 .04 * .17 * .39 .97 .44 Finland * * * 2.92 * * * 6.71 * 26.40 France .01 * * * * * .17 .02 1.32 Jtaly * * * * * * .53 1.75 4.51 Netherlands 4.08 .01 .14 * .34 * 1.09 4.74 .35 Spain 1.39 * * .91 * * 1.48 5.57 4.28 United Kingdom .20 .15 .05 * * .02 1.86 3.01 .22 West Germany 1.30 .01 .11 .01 .34 .13 .86 4.46 .01 Yugoslavia * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	NA *	NA	*	*	*												
Western Europe: Belgium/Luxembourg	* *	*															
Belgium/Luxembourg	* *	*	-	_	-							Hankara Suran					
Finland																	
France	.22 .28	.22	.44	.97													
Italy	* *		26.40	*													
Netherlands 4.08 .01 .14 * .34 * 1.09 4.74 .35 Spain 1.39 * * .91 * * 1.48 5.57 4.28 United Kingdom .20 .15 .05 * * .02 1.86 3.01 .22 West Germany 1.30 .01 .11 .01 .34 .13 .86 4.46 .01 Yugoslavia * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	.18 .83	1.18	1.32									_					
Spain 1.39 * * .91 * * 1.48 5.57 4.28 United Kingdom .20 .15 .05 * * .02 1.86 3.01 .22 West Germany 1.30 .01 .11 .01 .34 .13 .86 4.46 .01 Yugoslavia * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		.01															
United Kingdom .20 .15 .05 * * .02 1.86 3.01 .22 West Germany 1.30 .01 .11 .01 .34 .13 .86 4.46 .01 Yugoslavia * * * * * * * * * 1.84 Eastern Europe: Bulgaria 1/ * * NA NA * * * * * East Germany 1/ 1.60 * NA NA * * .01 23.52 * Hungary * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		.08			_												
West Germany Yugoslavia 1.30 1.01 1.11 1.01 1.34 1.33 1.86 1.46 1.84 Eastern Europe: Bulgaria 1/ East Germany 1/ 1.60 1.60 1.84 8	* 22																
Yugoslavia	* .22																
Eastern Europe: Bulgaria 1/	.03 1.03 * 1.18	.03 *						*									
Bulgaria 1/ * * NA NA * * * * * * * East Germany 1/ 1.60 * NA NA * * .01 23.52 * Hungary * * * * * * * * * * 1.72 * *	0											Eastern Europe:					
East Germany 1/ 1.60 * NA NA * 1.01 23.52 * Hungary * * * * * * * * 1.72 * *				_		•	*	ыa	AM	*	*						
Hungary		NA										•					
Pomonia 1/		NA															
	* 2.29		*	4.68	1.12	*	*	NA	NA	*	3.29						
USSR 1/ .65 * NA NA * * 1.46 *		NA NA										USSR 1/					
1,000 dollars						,000 dollars	1										
Tetal imports (UNTRO) 24				770	457 755			11 a	bt &	08 241	1 177 501	Total imports (UNITES) 2/					
Total imports (FAO) 3/ 078 632 445 704 440 400 404 477 477 477 477 477 477		65,780 77,800		778,009 777,850													
See footnotes at end of table.	Continued	,	,	-	÷							See footnotes at end of table.					

Appendix table 14--Destination of manufactured fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries						Importing	countries		·	-	
						Asi	a				
	India	China	Turkey	Japan	Pakista	<u>an Iran</u>	Malaysi	a Philippines	Singapore	Hong Kong	Others
Africa:						Pero	ent :				
Moracco											
Senegal	1	t ,	٠,	* *			* *				
	:	* 2.20) ,	* *				*	*	,	39.06
Tunisia	7	6.32			-		* *	*	*	,	37.00
North and Central America:		•	2101	_		3.75	0.37	*	*	*	11.79
Canada	4,59	3.91	*								
Mexico 1/	NA			J. U.J.			.01	0.50	2.24	*	
United States	10,92			-	-	117	*	*	*	*	4.30
		. 0.14	3.62	3.34	5.13		.42	.71	.47	*	-
South America:								• • •	,41	_	4.48
Brazil	*	. *	*								
		_	*	*	*	*	*	*	#		
Asia:											*
China 1/	NA		*								
India 1/				1.00	.04	NA	2.38	*	.83	F 75	
Iraq 1/	NA	na.	*	0.20	*	NA	.07	*		5.75 *	82.60
Israel		NA ★		*	93.17	NA		*	7.77		1.34
Japan	.03		-02		*	*	*	*		*	5.63
South Korea	3.24	67.14 *	*		1.87	*	2.39	1.81	5.61	*	3.77
Kuwait			20.01	4.08	*	*	2.57	25.77	.57	1.10	19.37
Qatar 1/	14.67	29.72	*	*	*	21.47	*	23.13	2.74	4.62	28.74
Saudi Arabia	NA.	NA.	*	*	24.60	NA	57.69		*	*	21.55
Singapore	14.46	6.57	*	*	47.86	*	J1.07 *	15.90	*	*	1.81
	*	6.46	*	#	.02	*	64.17		*	*	27.35
Western Europe:							04.17	2.49	*	.03	26.32
Belgium/Luxembourg											
Finland	1.24	1.71	1.31	1.40	.20	*	0.7				
France	5.46	29.58	*	1.85	6.46	.07	.03	.07	1.40	.11	2.30
Italy	2.15	5.77	.28	*	10.33	.07		.01	*	*	1.04
Netherlands	18.97	21.33	14.14	.55	*		.07	-01	*	*	2.87
Spain	13.04	5.65	1.32	*	3.99	.03	1.59	.79	*	.04	8.50
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	4.96	12.03	*	3.77	.01	- 19	*	*	*	3,13
United Kingdom	*	*	*	.04	*	*	.43	*	-17	*	6.89
West Germany	7.28	3.68	.17	2.32	.59	-08	.12	.01	4.37	.17	1.23
Yugoslavia	*	*	33.39	ےد.ع *	.59	.04	2.42	.01	1.77	.28	3.84
Eastern Europe:			55.57		•	*	*	*	*	*	*
Bulgaria 1/	li s										
East Germany 1/	NA	NA	2.01	*	19.61	NA	*	*			
Hungary	NA	ХA	*	2.79	*	NA.	.64		*	*	6.65
Romania 1/	*	1.59	19.85	*	11.30	*	.04 *	1.45	*	*	.73
USSR 1/	NA	МA	20.42	*	6.96	NA		*	*	. 15	*
550. ()	NA	NA	2.56	6.65	1.99	NA NA	2.95 4.70	* 4.52	.24	*	13.90
								4.32	.75	*	.84
Tetal deservices						<u>1,000 dol</u>	<u>lars</u>				
Total imports (UNTDS) 2/	658,430	• NA	391,489	270 174	705 004						
Total imports (FAO) 3/	1,125,300	884,820	391,489	279,138	395,996	NA NA	186,695	153,680	103,051	20,501	577 447
		22,1020	371,409	277,939	269,807	215,300	186,695	153,680	103,051	20,548	533,114
See footnotes at end of table.	-								,, 1	40,340	664,847

Appendix table 14--Destination of manufactured fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries				1mpor	rting countri	es			
exporting countries					stern_Europe				
	France	West Germany	Italy	Belgium/ Luxembourg	United Kingdom	Ireland	Denmark	Netherlands	Others
					Percent			-	•
Africa:									
Могоссо	1.72	*	*	4.20	2,23	*	*	*	0.01
Senegal	19.36	*	0.01	*	2.71	*	*	*	.12
Tunisia	12.83	5.77	18.76	2.82	5.61	1.92	*	3.84	5.70
North and Central America:									
Canada	*	.01	.12	1.10	.03	*	0.21	.03	*
Mexico 1/	*	*	36.24	*	*	*	*	*	*
United States	3.33	2.16	5.03	5.78	.12	.21	.25	.04	3.04
South America:									
Brazil	.01	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asia;									
China 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
India 1/	*	*	*	×	84.08	*	*	*	
Iraq 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	.13
Israel	9.58	4.78	9.68	.21	8,77	*	.06		
Japan	.01	.02	.02	**	.02	*	.05	8.55	6.72
South Korea	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-04 *	*
Kuwait	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Qatar 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Saudi Arabia	*	*	*	*	2.18	*	*	*	*
Singapore	*	*	*	*	2.10	*	*	*	*
Western Europe:									
Belgium/Luxembourg	48.86	16.34	.55		4.33	.54	1 31	5 /4	7.00
finland	,47	*	*	1.87	2.40	1.03	1.21	5.61	3.86
France	••	18,83	6.73	10.67	2.08	4.78	. 14		7.97
Italy	2.85	3.99	*	.20	-99	.15	. 14	3.53	15.00
Netherlands	23.90	11.90	.05	3.93	4.88	1.88	.24	.47	7.68
Spain	1.69	4.27	3.98	.59	4.80	4.38	.24 *	1.47	2.74
United Kingdom	3.11	9,20	.22	6.29	*	42.20	.16	10.91	17.80
West Germany	8.34	*	5.27	23.62	2.35	2.90	3.52	4.95	9.17
Yugoslavia	.01	2.25	4.41	*	*	*	3.JE	4,73 *	13.64 .30
Eastern Europe:									
Bulgaria 1/	.05	*	1.41	*	*	*	*	_	
East Germany 1/	1.64	*	3.87	4.39				*	8.67
Hungary	3.95	14.35	3.75	4.39	8.50	1.12	2.00	1.97	18.65
Romania 1/	6.49	6.30	.20	*	.88	*	*	2.68	22.82
USSR 1/	1.82	1.82	5.20	4.54	.47 .56	*	.51	* 1.49	9.55
							.,,,	1.47	12.00
				1.	.000 dollars				
Total imports (UNTDS) 2/	852,519	493,938	346,127	298,319	209,077	149,427	137,181	137,118	592,984
Total imports (FAO) 3/	852,346	495,623	347,103	298,686	209,298	149,626	137,382	120,313	622,405

See footnotes at end of table.

Appendix table 14--Destination of manufactured fertilizer exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries				Importing	_countries					Total
		Eas	tern Europe			Ocea		-	Total	number of
	Poland	Hungary		Others	New Zealand	Australi		Total 4/	_ export value	trading partners
										par charo
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>Perc</u>	ent		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		<u>1,000</u> dollars	Number
Africa:										- HOUSE
Morocco	*		*	33.28	*		*	400		
Senegal Turkai	*	••	*	*	*	*	*	100	38,187	11
Tunisia	*	0.08	1.83	.01	*	*	*	100 100	28,027 164,502	14 24
North and Central America:								100	104,502	24
Canada	*	.02	*	*	לר ח					
Mexico 1/	*	*	*	ЖA	0.23	1.81	*	100	1,071,326	48
United States	*	*	*	.44	1.04	.68	*	100	5/ 9,714	6
South America:				• • •	1.04	.00	-	100	2,264,632	98
Brazil	*		*							
	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	2,760	4
Asia:									•	·
China 1/	*	*	*	NA	*	*		100		
India 1/	*	*	*	NA.	*	*		100	5/ 1,168	9
Iraq 1/ Israel	*	*	*	NA	*	*	*	100 100	5/ 1,052 5/ 76,420	9
Japan .	*	*	*	.17	*	.03	*	100	199,914	. 6 70
South Korea	*	*	*	*	1.41	. 10	2.44	100	328,244	39 54
Kuwait	±	*	*	*	.33	.48	.69	100	343,639	23
Qatar 1/	*	*	*	NA	* ±	*	*	100	91,352	39 54 23 13
Saudia Arabia	*	*	*	MM ★	ur ur	*	*	100	5/ 17,364	7
Singapore	*	*	*	*	*	*	.51	100 100	80,053	14
Western Europe:							.5.	100	92,296	17
Belgium/Luxembourg	0.11	.02	*	0.						
Finland	*	*	*	.04 5.73	.06	.10 *	.07	100	763,049	118
France	*	*	.14	J. [J	*	.01	*	100	52,702	21
Italy	*	1.13	.17	.12	*	.U:	.33	100	286,382	92
Netherlands Spain	*	.22	.13	.67	.02	.14	.04	100 1 00	261,728 735,271	59
United Kingdom	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	100	114,411	112 41
West Germany	.53	.75	.01	*	-25	. 14	.01	100	121,562	108
Yugoslavia	*	29.28	7.66	.01 2.95	.07	.17	.10	100	629,679	120
		-> 120	7.00	2.73	7	*	*	100	140, 192	14
astern Europe:										
Bulgaria 1/ East Germany 1/	*	*	*	NA	*	*	*	100	5/ 37,790	17
Hungary	11.03	5.12	3.19	NA	*	*	*	100	5/ 327,899	17 38
Romania 1/	1.34	2.11	*	5.04	*	*	*	100	110,048	29
USSR 1/	25.90	8.90	11.85	NA	*	*	*	100	5/ 180,240	26
	420.00	3.74	11.05	NA	*	*	*	100	5/ 216,756	30
				<u>1,</u> 000 do	<u>llars</u>		••••			
otal imports (UNIDS) 2/	174,774	154,218	98,180							
otal imports (FAO) 3/		154,216		NA 161,383	51,320 37,495	44,529 36,440	11,505			
otal selected exports	•	•		, , 505	21,473	30,440	16,766			
* = less than 0 005 parage									9,088,359	

^{* =} Less than 0.005 percent. NA = Not available. -- = Not applicable. 1/ Export estimates are from reports of importing countries. 2/ (4). 3/ (7). 4/ May not add to 100 because of rounding. 5/ Excludes countries not reporting to the UN Trade Data System in 1980.

Appendix table 15--Destination of agricultural machinery exports from major exporting countries, 1980

Funda i					importing o	ountries				
Exporting countries	_ Afri	ca	No	rth and Cent	ral Americ	·a		South Amer	ica	Eastern
				Uni ted	THE PROPERTY OF			South Amer	ica	<u>Europe</u>
	South Africa	Others_	Canada	States	Mexico	Others	Brazil	Venezuela	Others	Others
					<u>P</u> erce	ent			-	
North and Central America:										
Canada	0.82	0.49		89.86	0.67	0.21	0.07	2.25		
Mexico 1/	NA.	*	0.06	68.99	0.07	0.21 26.16	0.03	0.02	0.46	0.09
United States	2.40	4.62	37.17		12.14	2.73	.06 .83	.74 2.04	2.20 5.94	NA 1.98
South America:									,	
Brazil	8.90	9.48	.02	.37	1.20	8.43	•-	5.56	51.90	*
Asia:										
China 1/	NA	51.74	*	2.70	11.6	22	*	40	۵.	
Hong Kang	*	J:-14	*	2.10	NA ★	.22	*	.15	.04	NĄ
India 1/	NA	60.48	*	15.32	NA.	*		*	*	*
Japan .	1.31	5.38	2.95	24.34	3.29	.91	.05	.07	2.26	NA .
Singapore	*	.24	*	3.21	*	*	*	*	.18	4.42
Western Europe:										
Belgium/Luxembourg	4.05	1.44	.02	.53	5.36	.10	1.78	.64	-12	.63
France	2.40	14.39	.40	2.83	.40	.55	.01	.61	.60	3.15
West Germany	3.37	6.34	2.63	10.37	.25	.26	.03	.19	1.79	1.88
Italy	6.58	7.44	.71	2.97	.08	.43	,15	1.24	1.57	1.16
Netherlands	1.13	3.81	1.11	5.01	.25	.03	.15	.17	.67	1.60
United Kingdom	6.71	8.65	2.31	12,09	.76	.74	.04	.42	1.60	.42
Eastern Europe:										
Czechoslovakia	*	2.15	*	*	.02	1.22	*	*	3.11	63.56
Romania 1/	NA	7.61	4.35	15.57	NA	*	*	*	4.03	2/ 16.20
USSR 1/	МA	2.39	2.15	.54	NA	.04	*	*	.37	3/ 78.58
					1,000 do	llars				
Total imports (UNIDS) 4/	NA	5/ 423,438	1,453,615	1,490,923	AK	152,052	44,026	91,059	4/ 323,395	NA
Total imports (FAO) 6/	375,061	831,244	1,459,287	1,445,000	229,191	226,185	43,324	91,058	356,005	2,119,166
See footnotes at end of table.										Continued

Appendix table 15--Destination of agricultural machinery exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries				Importin	g_countries			
					sia			 -
	Pakistan	Japan	<u>China</u>	Hong Kong	India	 !ran	Singapore	
							Singapore	Others
North and Central America:				<u>Pe</u>	rcent			
Canada								
Mexico 1/	*	0.34	0.05	*	0.00			
United States	*	*	NA	*	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.48
onited States	0.03	1.52	.31	0.11	NA	NA	*	.02
South America:			,	0.11	. 19	*	.88	7.14
8razil								
0.027	.02	6.80	*	*	*			
Asia:					-	*	.10	4.50
China 1/								
Hong Kong	2.21	.09		5.84	DA			
India 1/	*	*	100.00		NA ★	ЖА	.53	35.40
Japan	*	*	AK	*		*	*	*
Singapore	-27		.80	.16	1.18	NA 25	.18	17.73
	.01	*	*	.29	1.78	.32	3.56	29.44
Western Europe:					1.10	11.92		76.07
Belgium/Luxembourg	*							
France		.65	*	.02	*	00		
West Germany	.05	.87	.01	*	.04	.09 .12	.02	2.87
Italy	.02	.94	.02	*	.06	.21	.02	2.71
Netherlands	3.13	.73	.01	*	.01	.87	. 16	6.57
United Kingdom	.03	1.48	.01	*	.07		.02	6.13
	2.87	2.88	.01	.03	.75	.58 2.08	.03	8.09
Eastern Europe:						2.00	.48	12.19
Czechoslovakia	*							
Romania 1/	*	*	*	*	.55	*		
USSR 1/		*	NA	*	NA NA	NA.	*	12.21
	7.25	.03	NA	*	NA.	NA NA	*	15.30
					MI.	n _A	*	1.06
				<u>1,000 c</u>	dollars			
fotal imports (UNTDS) 4/	113,661	158,019						
otal imports (FAO) 6/	133,576		NA	3,389	NA	NA	17,187	C / /TC ===
	100,510	160,580	NA	3,396	4,895	NA	17,179	5/ 635,552
See footnotes at end of table.					-	••••	11,117	634,312
								Continued

Appendix table 15--Destination of agricultural machinery exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries				Impo	rting countr	ies			
				W	estern Europ	<u>e</u>			
	France	United Kingdom	West Germany	Italy	Portugal	Finland	Netherlands	Belgium/ Luxembourg	Others
							nother carlos	<u>Luxenzourg</u>	uthers
					<u>Percent</u>				
North and Central America: Canada									
	0.63	1.41	0.22	0.11	0.01	0.03	0.18	0.19	2.70
Mexico 1/	1.70	.06	*	*	*	*	V. 1G	Ŭ. (¥	0.29
United States	3.12	1.57	.63	.63	-12	. 10	.60	1,45	.43
South America:									.45
Brazil	.01	.04	.01	*	.01	*	*	27	
Asia:							•	.93	.34
China 1/	*	***							
Hong Kong	*	.71 *	*	.02	*	*	.05	*	.13
India 1/	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Japan	4.50	.53	*	*	*	*	5.58	*	*
Singapore	4.30	1.20 .08	1.25	.43	1.41	.10	.22	2.00	2.04
		.00	*	.52	*	*	*	.66	.03
Western Europe:									
Belgium/Luxembourg	26.53	10.76	7.03	10.33	2.06				
France		13.75	16.45	9.98	1.30	.66	9.53		9.53
West Germany	18.64	6.74		5.43	.47	2.82	3.17	6.55	14.79
Italy	19.43	1.86	10.84	2.43	3.79	1.48	6.02	2.39	21.06
Netherlands	15.46	12.09	19.64	3.50	.39	.96	1.78	2.11	22.57
United Kingdom	4.16		2.45	1.54	1.66	.32		7.24	13.54
France 5			2.45	1.54	1.00	4.98	2.26	.86	19.09
Eastern Europe:									
Czechoslovakia	1.90	1.30	.65	.27	.35	1.21	24		
Romania 1/	5.12	2.23	.34	3.08	2.59	.04	-26 .67	-41	8.67
USSR 1/	.81	.06	.02	-47	-16	.84	.07	.15 .03	15.90 4.81
					1 000 4-11	_			4.01
					1,000 dollar	<u>s</u>			
Total imports (UNTDS) 4/	1,024,516	478,890	490,607	323,128	125,464	199,979	2// 7/5	***	
Total imports (FAO) 6/	1,025,510	479,820	488,100	324,480	164,218		264,345	233,649	1,440,433
		•	, 100	JC4,700	104,210	199,799	264,670	233,936	1,466,524
See footnotes at end of table.									
									Continued

Appendix table 15--Destination of agricultural machinery exports from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries		Importing countries			
		Oceania		Total	_
	Australia	0.45		export	Total number of
· · · · · ·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Others	Total 6/	value	partners
				1,000	
Neath and a second		Percent	************	doltars	Number
North and Central America: Canada					
Mexico 1/	3.30	0.04	100	-	
United States	*	*	100	724,432	107
officed States	7.56	.66	100	4/ 5,847	20
South America:			100	3,103,616	145
Brazil	4 35				
	1.37	.01	100	201 / 77	
Asia:				201,477	69
China 1/	*				
Hong Kong	*	.18	100	4/ 4,522	•
India 1/	*	*	100	2	31
Japan	2.88	*	100	4/ 4,349	1
Singapore	.48	3.23	100	922,612	26
•	.40	4.57	100	9,801	136
Western Europe:				7,001	33
Belgium/Luxembourg	3.84				
France	1.10	-28	100	432,691	404
West Germany	1.91	.91	100	620,087	104
Italy	2.67	.20	100	1,839,181	135
Wetherlands	.94	.55	100	1,078,371	140
United Kingdom	4.18	2.66	100	265,044	139
•	4-10	1.80	100	1,409,897	120
Eastern Europe:				1,407,071	164
Czechoslovakia	.91				
Romania 1/	3.98	-63	100	366,527	
USSR 1/	.19	2.85	100	4/ 77,001	37
	* 18	.12	100	4/ 320,333	41
		1.000 1.17		17 520,555	43
	:	<u>1,000 dollars</u>			
Total imports (UNTDS) 2/	381,742	107 (04			
Total imports (FAO) 3/	308,932	103,691			
	300,732	116,027			
Total selected exports					
* = Less than 0 005 percent wa				7/ 13,930,762	

^{* =} Less than 0.005 percent. NA = Not available. -- = Not applicable. 1/ Export estimates are from reports of importing countries. 2/ (4). 3/ (7). 4/ Excludes countries not reporting to the United Nations Trade Data System in 1980. 5/ Excludes exports from East Germany and Bulgaria. 6/ May not add to 100 because of rounding. 7/ Includes \$12.8 million exported by Republic of South Africa.

Appendix table 16--Destination of pesticides from major exporting countries, 1980

Exporting countries						jubo	<u>rting cour</u>	<u>itries</u>					
				Africa	ı.				Mont				
		South				<u> </u>		United	¥ur.	h and Cer Costa	itral Amer	-1ca	
<u> </u>	Nigeria	<u>Africa</u>	Egypt	Sudan	Kenya	Cameroon	Others	States	Canada	Rica	Cuba	Mexico	Others
							Percent						Other's
Africa:							<u>reregne</u>						
lvory Coast 1/	*	NA	*	*		40.00							
Kenya	*	0.24	*	1.55	*	19.08 *	78.66 93.84	*	0.49	*	NA *	NA *	*
North and Central America:									0.47			_	*
Canada	АК	NA	*	*		22							
Costa Rica	*	*	*	*		.02	. 16	43.36		*	NA	NA	4.33
Guatemala	*	ŧ	*	*		*	*	.38	*		*	*	96.58
Mexico 1/	KA	NA	*	*	*	*	± .	*	*	23.45	*	3.87	67,22
United States	0,14	1.17	0.24	.85	0.79	.07	* / B	64.89	*	1.70	NA		20.04
	4114	1.11	0.24	.03	0.14	.07	.48	••	12.38	1.17	*	2.44	5.06
South America:													
Argentina	*	10.06	*	*	*	*	*	13.83	*	*	*	7 (1	
Brazil Calanti	.01	2.81	*	*	1.54	*	10.66	6.14	.55	4.54	*	3.41	19.69
Colombia	*	*	*	*	*	*	.60	43.99	*	.91	*	.76 *	.51 20.73
sia:													20113
China 1/	NA	NA	*	*	*	.33	4.88						
Hong Kong	40.85	.67	*	*	*		17.18	.02	*	*	NA	NA	.17
Israel	.94	8.88	*	*	.57	3.14		3.73	*	*	*	*	8.92
Japan	3.56	.27	2.00	.32	.11	.04	11.66 1.51	3.78		.07	*	*	-97
Singapore	1.82	*	*	*	*	*	.33	16.99 .49	.26	.11 *	2.16	.93 .20	.97
Western Europe:													
Belgium/Luxembourg	1,51	3.42	.07	.05	.36	07							
France	, 17	1.25	1.25	2.61	.20	.06 1.39	1.60	-28	1.89	*	*	.01	.13
West Germany	.61	1.38	.72	.13	.79	-15	8.71 3.85	.72	.39	.06	.26	.01	2.46
Greece	.41	*	*	*	*	.37	2.08	2.56	.33	.20	1.74	. 28	1.51
Italy	.09	1.54	3.59	4.40	.37	.05	4.50	4.79		*	*	*	*
Netherlands	8.13	.80	.93	.10	.24	.61	5.92	4.79	.06		.45	.05	.11
Switzerland	1.08	.77	2.47	2.16	.58	3.00	10.47	.34	1.35 3.26	.17	.73	.05	.52
United Kingdom	8.03	3.24	4.38	1.61	.40	.08	5.31	6.18	2.92	.27 .08	7.00 1.41	.11	3.63 2.06
astern Europe:										,,,,	1.41	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2.00
Hungary	*	*	*	*		*							
Romania 1/	NA	NA	*	*	*	·	*	*	*	*	NA	NA	.46
USSR 1/	*	NA.	*	*			.02	42.26	*	*	NA	NA	*
					_	.02	1,49	*	*	*	NA	NA	*
						<u>1</u> .	000 dolla	<u>rş</u>					
otal imports (UNIDS) 2/	₩A	NA	43,446	39,807	29,288	24,676	120,223	275,797	182,084	35 387	11 A		470 070
otal imports (FAO) 3/	139,224	68,043	43,459	39,807	29,005	28,734	212,930	266,243	182,084	35,287 35,287	NA 30,463	NA 19,741	139,878 142,416

Appendix table 16--Destination of pesticides from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries			-		Import	ing countri	es			
			outh Americ	ca	<u> </u>	- <u> </u>		<u>Eastern</u> E	urope	-
	Argentina	Brazil	<u>C</u> hile	Colombia	Others	USSR	Hungary	Poland	Czechoslovakia	Others
					Pero	ent			SECTIOS COTOR 18	other's
Africa:										
Ivory Coast 1/	*	*	NA	*	_					
Кепуа	*	*	na Na	*	*	NA *	NA *	*	*	NA *
North and Central America:									•	*
Canada	1.59	*	HA	*	1.07					
Costa Rica	*	*	*	0.69	4.03	NA *	NA	*	NA	NA
Guatemala	*	•	0.76	2.61	2.35 .40	*	*	*	*	*
Mexico 1/	3.47	0.41	NA	1.48	4.80		*	*	*	*
United States	1.46	8.61	.44	2,42	3.45	NA ★	₩A *	0.05	ጸA 0.04	NA
South America:								0.05	0.04	0.04
Argentina		1.45	15,10	*						
Brazil	18.69	1.43	1.19		35.73	*	*	*	*	*
Colombia	*	*	.95	.92 	11.23 30.72	*	*	*	©	*
Asīa:					20112		-	•	*	*
China 1/	*	oc.								
Rong Kong	*	.05	NA *	*	*	NA	ХA	*	NA	NA
Israel	4.35	.35	1.22	*	.62	*	*	*	*	*
Japan	3.03	1.89	.17		1.78	*	*	*	*	20.40
Singapore	.29	*	* 11	.92 *	.87 *	8.05	1.86	.25	.05	.66
Western Europe:							:	•	*	*
Betgium/Luxembourg	.44	.03	*							
France	-16	.63		*	.04	19.70	.35	.05	.15	5.24
West Germany	.57	.63	.04	.02	.51	6.03	1.53	1.26	.45	2.28
Greece	.03	.43	.63	.44	1.67	3.39	.78	2.03	.93	1.50
Italy	1.13	.54	.59		*	*	*	*	*	11.10
Netherlands	.71	. 19	.23	.01 .15	.48	11.49	1.24	.15	.26	4.24
Switzerland	.32	. 19	.33	.02	1.30	.06	1.71	.12	.08	2.21
United Kingdom	.51	.46	.12	.02	1.81 .92	9.52 .27	1.08 .33	.98 .57	1.90	1.95
Eastern Europe:							.33	.31	.34	1.23
Hungary	1.36	*								
Romania 1/	1.Ju	*	NA	* .	*	NA		4.79	NA	NA
USSR 1/	*	*	NA.	*	*	NA	NA	14.57	NA.	NA.
		-	NA	*	*		NA	97.31	NA	NA.
					1,00	0 dollars				
otal imports (UNTDS) 2/	43,643	30,992	NA	19,403		· 				
otal imports (FAO) 3/	43,643	30,991	10,000	19,403	69,556	NA	NA	64,513	ЖA	NA
See footnotes at end of table.	,-	20,771	10,000	17,400	65,822	370,718	80,595	64,429	54,876	39,000

Appendix table 16--Destination of pesticides from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

	•••				Importi	ng countrie	s			
Exporting countries						Asia				
	China	Japan	Iran	Thailand	Malaysia	Saudi Arabia	Indía	Singapore	Hong Kong	Others
	Cirtia	aghart	i i aii	martang	Mataysia	MIGUIA	IIKIIA	Silligapore	Kong	others
					Per	<u>rcent</u>				
Africa:										
Ivory Coast 1/	NA *	* 0.70	NA *	*	* *	*	NA 2 AA	*	*	*
Kenya	•	0.78	•	*	*	*	0.88	*	*	*
North and Central America:										
Canada	*	.71	*	4.78	1.62	*	8.59	0.68	*	0.30
Costa Rica	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Guatemala	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mexico 1/	NA 2	*	NA O O O	2.31	.68	*	NA.	*	*	*
United States	2.64	7.33	0.01	1.03	.62	0.87	5.99	.04	2.31	1.45
South America:										
Argentina	*	*	*	.73	*	*	*	*	*	*
Brazîl	*	. 55	*	1.71	.67	*	.69	2.46	*	7.02
Colombia	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asia:										
China 1/		*	NA	3.31	7.24	.87	NA	5.83	48.09	25.04
Hong Kong	*	*	*	.31	*	*	*	1.68		1.19
Israel	*	.03	*	3.60	*	*	.27	2.93	.35	3.13
Japan	5.03		.57	.98	.72	.70	.02	1.04	.84	29.99
Singapore	3.44	.27	*	6.49	60.18	.31	8.43		.18	15.15
Western Europe:										
Belgium/Luxembourg	.14	*	1.59	.02	*	*	.87	.02	.01	.02
France	.40	3.03	.58	.66	.09	.05	.19	.01	4.85	.04
West Germany	*	1.26	3.20	.92	.28	.35	.25	.06	4.38	.11
Greece		*	65.10	*	*	-19	.08	18.91	*	*
Italy Netherlands	1.73	3.41 2.01	1.97 2.31	.87 .36	.06 .24	.56 1.02	.15	.25	7.92	.01
Switzerland	.02	1.38	3.58	1.24	.24	.23	.06 .03	6.71 7.25	.11 .28	.07 .01
United Kingdom	.01	2.38	.90	1.43	.60	.35	11.32	4.19	.16	.32
offices (chigasia		2.30	.,,	1.45	100		11.52	4.13	. 10	.52
Eastern Europe:										
Hungary	NA	*	NA	4.36	*	.48	1.25	.09	NA	*
Romania 1/	NA.	*	NA	39.92 *	1.50	*	NA	*	*	*
USSR 1/	NA	•	NA	*	*	•	NA	*	.10	*
					1,000	dollars				
Total imports (UNTDS) 2/	ЖA	92,426	NA	65,811	42,234	35,685	NA	31,670	22,446	243,391
Total imports (FAO) 3/	115,049	90,685	79,352	65,820	42,234	35,676	33,924	31,652	22,491	194,417

See footnotes at end of table.

Appendix table 16--Destination of pesticides from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries	-				porting countrie	s	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>	
		United			lestern Europe				
	France	<u>Kîngdom</u>	West Germany	Italy	Belgium/ Luxembourg	Netherlands	Spain		
					- 	notifer torids	- Spaill	Denmark	Others
Africa:					Percent				
lvory Coast 1/	*	*	*						
Kenya	*	*	*	*	*	2.26	*	*	*
			•	0.19	*	.59	*	*	1.66
North and Central America:									7.44
Canada	7.55	2.58	0.21	*					
Costa Rica	#	*	V.21	*	8.04	8.60	0.13	0.16	1.66
Guatemala	1.69	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mexico 1/	*	.20	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
United States	4.42	2.46	3.28	1.03		.02	*	*	*
		0	7.20	1.03	10.71	1.71	.54	.04	9.18
South America:									
Argentina	*	*	*	*	*	*			
8razil	.05	*	*	*	2.83		*	*	*
Colombia	.09	*	*	.12	2.03	1.29	.66	*	15.51
Asīa:				- 12		1.89	*	*	*
China 1/									
Hong Kong	.17	.57	*	1.14	*	*	*	_	
Israel	*	2,22	2.85	*	*	*	*	*	.02
Japan	2.63	1.61	9.43	4.82	1.51	2.76	2.86	-14	*
Singapore	.96 *	1.31	6.05	1.09	.02	.75	.47	.53	5.02
	-	.48	*	ŧ	.18	.18	***	.37	1.03
Western Europe:						.,,		-	•
Belgium/Luxembourg	17.93	40 47							
France	17.93	18.43	9.21	3.04		4.19	1.92	2.05	5.46
West Germany	25.88	7.95	16.08	6.83	7.58	2.75	2.48	1,53	18.31
Greece	-65	6.10		7.60	3.08	4.94	1.60	2.56	11.43
Italy	14.37	.01	.02	.84	*	.07	.02	£.J0	
Netherlands	9.86	6.33	5.71		2.79	1.09	2.77	-44	.26 10.14
Switzerland	1.76	10.00	7.05	7.56	8.74	••	2.36	1.62	3.37
United Kingdom	8.15	4.88	12.13	5.31	.87	1,25	.42	.48	4.95
•	0.15	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.30	1.96	2.85	4.65	2.00	1.64	10.53
astern Europe:								1,04	10.55
Hungary	1.46	*	*						
Romania 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	.18	*	79.81
USSR 1/	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1.73
			•	*	1.08	*	*	*	NA.
					1,000 dollars				1421
otal imports (UNTDS) 2/	/04 FO/	2/2 007							
otal imports (FAO) 3/	406,594	242,993	223,965	157,566	143,914	117,604	61,675	60,951	220 224
The state of the s	407,276	243 ,5 51	222,964	158,242	144,091	117,750	61,675	60,933	220,736
See footnotes at end of table.					•	,	-,,0,,	00,733	250,403
table.								r	int inuad

Appendix table 16--Destination of pesticides from major exporting countries, 1980--Continued

Exporting countries		Importing countries			-
Exporting countries		<u> Cueania</u>		Total export	Total number of
	Australia	Others	Total 4/	value	trading partners
		<u>Percent</u>	·	1 ,000 <u>dollars</u>	Number
Africa					
Ivory Coast 1/ Kenya	*	*	100 100	5/ 7,337 6,495	12 25
North and Central America					
Canada 1/	0.85	0_04	100	5/ 15,729	37
Costa Rica Guatemala	*	*	100	10,709	11
Mexico 1/	*	*	100	23,052	19
United States	2.50	1.29	100	5/ 3,764	21
5	2.30	1.29	160	1,077,298	131
South America					
Argentina	*	*	100	2,457	12
Brazil	6.63	.38	100	27,320	44
Columbia	*	÷	100	21,068	22
Asia					
China 1/	.16	2.11	100	6 (10 00)	/=
Hong Kong	4.47	15.20	100	5/ 10,994 2,027	43
Israel	.38	.65	100	41,121	28 62
Japan	.54	.59	100	140,247	141
Singapore	.04	1.52	100	30,542	38
Western Europe:					
Belgium/Luxembourg	-04	-11	100	707 275	
France	.20	.43	190	383,235 419,012	106
West Germany	.02	16:	100	794,660	140 120
Greece	*	*	100	40,715	29
Italy	.53	.05	100	119,961	111
Netherlands Switzerland	.33	.18	100	205,039	138
United Kingdom	. 15 . 95	.09	100	316,605	129
on cea kingdom	.93	.67	100	490,969	156
Eastern Europe					
Hungary 1/	5.16	.62	100	5/ 3,139	12
Romania 1/	*	*	100	5/ 2,610	5
USSR 1/	*	*	100	5/ 1,000	5
		<u>1,000 dollars</u>			
Total imports (UNTDS) 2/	23,978	AK			
Total imports (FAO) 3/	21,941	21,936			
Total selected exports	•	,,		6/ 4,221,636	
				0/ 4,221,030	

^{* =} Less than 0.005 percent. NA = Not available. -- = Not applicable. 1/ Export estimates are from reports of importing countries. 2/ (4). 3/ (7). 4/ May not add to 100 because of rounding. 5/ Excludes countries not reporting to the United Nations Trade Data System in 1980. 6/ Includes \$20.5 million for Republic of South Africa.

Appendix table 17--U.S. export value of crude fertitizer by major world regions, 1978-85 1/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985
				Milli	on dollars			
Africa	3.2	1.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	4.8	0.1
North and Central								
America	85.2	109.5	140,9	133.0	119.2	177 1	437.4	
Canada	73.2	97.9	128.6	112,2	96.2	123.1	124.1	58.3
Mexico	10.5	10.0	10.0	17.8		107.7	107.7	53.1
Others	1.6	1.6	2.4	3.0	21.3 1.7	12.9	13.8	2.4
	,,,,	110	2.4	3.0	1.7	2.6	2.5	2.8
South America	14.9	18.1	11.4	10.9	7.3	2.7	3.6	2.7
Brazil	10,9	13.3	5.6	6.2	4.1	.1	3.0 .9	2.3
Colombia	2.4	1.8	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.0		.4
Venezuela	*	.7	1.7	.1	.1		1.8	1.3
Others	1.6	2.2	1.8	2.2	.7	.1	.4	.3
	,,,		1.0	۲.۲	• /	.5	.5	.4
Asia	115.8	131.1	137.9	122.5	125.7	137.4	447.4	
Hong Kong	*	*	*	*			116.1	61.2
India	7.0	8.7	9.8	11.9	.1 9.7	.1		*
Japan	46.6	55.7	57.7	61.3	9.7 49.8	14.8	10.0	7.7
South Korea	45.7	56.7	61.3	36.8		63.2	50.8	27.3
Others	16.4	10.1	9.0	12.4	58.0 8.1	52.3 1.3	47.1 *	24.9 0.1
Western Europe	121.7	132.2	169.0	455.3	44			
Belgium/Luxembourg	20.5	25.4	29.7	155.3	119.3	126.1	9 5.6	53.7
France	26.5	27.8		36.0	16.9	16.0	17.5	9.6
West Germany	20.9	26.5	31.5	29.4	24.6	26.4	23.9	13.0
Italy	7.2	9.3	30.5	17.6	23.3	24.4	16.8	11.5
Netherlands	20.1		10.4	7.6	4.1	6.9	2.6	1.6
United Kingdom	12.2	17.1	26.4	29.6	23.9	28.0	19.0	10.7
Others		3.0	12.7	.8	2.5	4.4	٠۶	*
others	14.4	15.3	27.9	34.3	23.8	20.2	15.1	7.2
Eastern Europe	36.5	43.2	49.0	13.1	21.4	33.7	43.0	12.7
Poland	25.4	21.4	31,7	6.7	15.7	22.2	25.6	8.7
Romania	11.0	21.8	17.3	6.4	5.2	11.5	17.4	
Others	*	*	*	*	.5	*	17.4	4.1
Oceania	.1	11.2	17.6	10.0	10.2	44.5		
Australía	*	8.6	16.8	10.8	10.2	14.0	7.8	8.4
New Zealand	*	2.6		5.6	7.3	10.5	6.2	3.8
		2.0	.7	5.1	2.8	3.6	1.6	4.6
World	377.3	446.3	525.9	445.9	403.4	437.5	395.0	196.5

^{* =} Less than \$50, ± 00 . 1/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (11).

Appendix table 18--U.S. import value of crude fertilizer by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
					Millio	n dollar	<u>s</u>			
Africa	21.5	20.2	11.7	*	*	*	*	1.0	21.5	18.3
Могоссо	21.5	20.2	11.7	*	*	*	*	*	-8	1.8
Togo	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1.0	20.8	16.5
Others	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
North and Central										
America	3.0	1.8	8,	6.8	1.5	0.5	1.0	.7	.8	.9
Canada	.1	.3	.2	.7,	.2	.3	.7	.6	.5	.7
Mexico	*	*	*	.4	1.0	*	.1	*	.0	.0
Netherland Antilles	2.9	1.4	.6	.2	.3	.2	.1	.1	.2	.2
Others	*	. 1	Ħ	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
South America	11.9	10.1	15.1	18.4	14.7	10.5	12.7	16.0	13.0	10.9
Brazil	*	*	*	*	*	.3	-4	*	*	*
Chile	11.8	10.0	15.1	18.3	14.7	10.2	12.2	16.0	13.0	10.9
Others	.1	*	*	.1	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asia	7.4	3.6	9.3	9.4	6.9	8.8	8.5	9.0	9.2	3.8
China	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
India	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Israel	7.3	3.6	9.2	9.3	6.8	8.7	8.5	9.0	9.1	3.7
Others	*	*	.1	.1	*	.1	*	*	*	.1
Western Europe	.1	.1	.1	. 1	.1	.2	.1	.6	1.4	1.2
France	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	.1	*
Others	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.2	.1	.6	1.4	1.2
Eastern Europe	.9	.7	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Oceania	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
World	44.7	36.5	36.9	28.8	23.1	20.0	22.3	27.3	45.9	35.1

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (12).

Appendix table 19--U.S. export value of manufactured fertilizer by major world regions, 1978-85 1/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985
				Millio	n doltarş			
Africa	13.8	80.1	169.7	84.6	75.9	54.9	65.4	78.9
Morocco	.8	10.1	16.4	*	6.0	2.5	22.0	36.2
South Africa	2.4	6.3	29.3	27.4	22.5	10.6	4.1	3.1
Tunisia	2.0	2.3	6.9	2.8	11.9	11.9	1.9	12.8
Others	8.6	61.5	117.1	54.4	35.4	29.8	37.4	26.7
North and Central								
America	140.4	221.3	325.9	349.8	283.6	259.4	281.9	208.8
Canada	60.4	104.6	103.1	136.8	115.7	135.4	140.2	95.7
Costa Rica	11.1	10.4	13.9	10,0	9.8	8.4	9.2	6.0
Dominican Republic	9.4	22.6	43.3	23.3	20.2	17.0	18.0	12.8
El Salvador	12.9	16.1	12.8	21.3	3.7	7.2	6.1	21.3
Guatemala	3.0	12.6	26.5	24.6	6.9	14.1	10.3	6.9
Mexico	33.2	36.4	87.9	104.7	103.7	58.4		
Others	10.3	18.6	38.3	29.0	24.2	18.9	80.0 18.2	57.3 8.8
South America	208,7	473.6	722.0	370.5	271 2	474 (200 /	
Argentina	9.2	24.9	29.7	20.9	231.2	131.6	299.6	154.8
Brazil	160.4	342.2	500.7		19.1	13.0	18.2	11.5
Chile				218.7	117.8	31.1	136.8	59.1
	9.5	33.2	53.6	38.8	10.9	24.9	41.7	26.0
Colombîa	11.8	21.4	35.8	32.5	28.4	31.3	38.7	26.3
Peru	4.7	7.7	11.3	10.7	8.2	8.9	10.9	4.8
Venezuel a	1.9	22.5	51.7	19.4	23.4	11.4	29.0	14.7
Others	11.2	21.7	39.2	29.5	23.2	11.1	24.2	12.2
Asia	314.3	430.0	944.2	764.9	719.9	646.0	1,140.1	635.2
China	38.7	44.6	152.6	131.0	147.0	167.7	267.3	127.3
India	116.2	187.6	296.8	275.9	156.9	60.5	327.8	265.1
Japan	33.0	46.9	79.1	68.8	96.0	110.4	122.3	56.4
South Korea	.7	.2	.2	4.3	34.8	35.2	63.8	34.8
Pakistan	20.5	13.7	116.1	11.1	62.2	64.2	48.7	23.1
Singapore	4.0	10.7	10.7	4.1	7.0	12.7	5.2	.1
Taiwan	4.7	1.0	14.7	14.9	36.0	66.9	125.5	26.4
Türkey	36.1	55.6	149.0	88.9	48.8	27.6	47.3	25.5
Others	60.3	69.6	125.1	166.2	131.1	100.8	132.1	76.6
Western Europe	307.0	485.3	596.5	519.4	322.4	311.4	349.1	224.6
Belgium/Luxembourg	86.4	127.9	200.0	177.0	145.3	165.9	197.6	122.4
Finland	*	11.9	26.1	10.7	2.8	*	197,0	:22.4 *
France	37.5	47.0	77.9	24.8	28.5	15.1	9.0	21.5
West Germany	29.7	14.1	61.7	61.7	25.9	29.8		
Ireland	15.1	16.7	4.8	19.6	10.2	10.1	31.4	15.1
Italy	103.6	176.7	114.0	102.4			10.7	6.4
Netherlands	7.1	29.0			43.9	37.6	55.0	20.5
Spain			28.6	42.0	14.6	0.3	5.9	11.9
Yugoslavia	4.1	28.4	46.8	17.8	7.0	19.4	2.0	11.0
Others	11.8 11.5	5.9 27.6	8.4 28.1	26.2 37.2	20.3 23.7	11.7 21.6	17.2 20.3	10.9 4.8
Eactor Europe								
Eastern Europe	8.5	119.2	36.6	227.0	312.9	253.4	219.1	120.1
Bulgaria	*	*	11.0	31.6	12.5	10.6	11.8	*
Czechoslovakia	2.7	10.5	1.1	*	*	15.6	13.5	9.2
USSR Others	* 5.8	93.7 15.0	17.4 7 . 2	166.0 29.3	272.0 28.4	220.7 6.5	186.4 7.4	110.2
								.7
Oceania	21.6	37.3	44.4	64.8	53.1	76.1	92.8	62.1
Australia	12.4	18.5	20.7	38.4	31.6	48.7	70.3	50.7
New Zealand	9.1	18.8	23.6	26.4	21.4	27.2	22.4	11.4
Others	*	-1	*	.1	.2	.2	.2	*
World	1,014.2	1,846.7	2,839.4	2,381.1	1,999.0	1,732.8	2,447.9	1,484.3
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^{* =} Less than \$50,000. 1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (<u>11</u>).

Appendix table 20--U.S. import value of manufactured fertilizer by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
	•				Mill	<u>ion</u> dolla	<u>rs</u>			
Africa	2.6	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1	1.7	1.2	0.1	7.5
North and Central										
America	645.0	786.0	930.6	1,067.5	926.3	964.7	125.2	874.8	729.1	749.2
Canada	580.7	710.7	836.2	952.1	801.2	809.0	935.3	774.1	670.4	684.8
Mexico	30.0	36.6	48.6	65.1	75.6	77.5	55.0	21.9	8.7	10.0
Trinidad and Tobago	29.4	38.0	43.9	47.8	43.5	67.2		76.7	45.4	54.0
Others	5.0	٠.6	1.9	2.5	6.0	10.9	6.6	2.0	4.5	.4
South America	4.8	5.0	5.5	7.6	7.3	28.8	32.1	10.0	8.3	9.6
Brazil	.2	.5	.4	.5	.2	5.4	11.2	8.	.1	.5
Chile	3.4	4.5	4.4	5.0	2.4	3.9	3.7	3.0	1.6	1.4
Venezuela	*	*	.6	1.2	4.6	18.5	17.1	6.1	6.3	7.7
Others	1.2	.1	*	.9	*	1.1	.1	*	.3	*
Asia	23.1	25.0	34.5	57.5	62.9	55.4	44.0	51.5	39.2	45.7
Israel	18.4	21.4	31.7	45.4	58.0	42.2	39.3	31.7	18.8	19.1
Japan	4.5	3.2	2.7	4.0	4.9	4.2	4.8	5.6	2.6	3.5
Others	.2	.5	.2	8.1	*	9.0	*	14.2	17.8	23.1
Western Europe	138.1	72.1	100.4	80.0	105.4	92.6	103.0	137.8	123.4	100.3
Belgium/Luxembourg	6.2	2.2	4.2	8.7	5.5	7.9	14.0	6.1	6.8	4.8
France	3.1	.4	.8	2.0	*	*	*	.2	*	*
West Germany	6.3	2.9	13.9	9.1	10.1	15.3	21.5	18.3	16.8	19.1
1taly	9.2	*	*	*	*	*	6.2	27.7	31.7	18.9
Netherlands	93.5	50.8	62.0	37.0	8.03	45.0	37.2	53.8	43.7	28.1
Norway	12.8	11.5	14.4	16.3	19.1	19.8	21.5	20.5	21.2	19.8
Others	7.1	4.2	5.0	6.9	9,8	4.6	2.6	11.2	3.2	9.6
Eastern Europe	34.8	60.3	106,2	85.5	108.9	153.7	269.7	224.9	202.7	78.5
East Germany	6.9	3.2	3.7	4.2	5.1	8.6	15.1	6,5	24.3	14.4
Romania	*	*	5.3	2.9	*	16.4	61.3	45.0	37.6	.5
USSR	27.9	57.1	97.2	78.4	103.8	128.8	193.3	173.4	139.3	59.5
Others	*	*	*	tř	*	*	*	*	1.4	4.1
Oceania	*	*	*	.1	*	1.8	2.8	7.8	5.1	3.3
dorld	848.5	948.5	1,177.2	1,298.2	1,210.8	1,297.1	1,578.5	1,308.0	1,107.9	994.1

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (12).

Appendix table 21--U.S. export value of farm machinery by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

B										
Region/country	1978	1979	<u> 1980</u>	1981	1982	1983	1984	<u>1985</u>	1986	1987
					<u>M</u> ill	ion dolla	rs			
Africa	75						<u> </u>			
Egypt	72				4 136	0 113.	1 118.	6 99	2 (0	
Libya	12	- 1 -			8 17.					
South Africa	19			16.		,				
Others	17		47.9	94.			6 57.(
others	21	.8 29. 9	39.1	57.						
North 1 a						30.	3 30.3	3 2.	.5 23,	4 32.3
North and Central										
America	799.	9 1,113.6	1,550.7	1,769.3	3 1,203.	6 947.0	1 4 022			
Canada	658.	1 1,014.7	1.077.0	1,386.0						
Mexico	103.	5 244.5	394.8							3 647.7
Others	38.		79.0				,			4 76.0
			17.0	02.2	53.	0 41.5	49.3	40.	9 41.4	
South America	88.	2 157.0	229.3	340 8		_				
Argentina	4.	2 21.2	42.6	,,.				112.	7 129.8	3 148.8
Brazil	1,			-,			,	5.	3 4.	
Colombia	11.		36.6				16.4			, ,
Venezuela	53.	,,,,	19.5	20.2			16.4			
Others	17,	- 2	73.4	85.0			24.3			
	17.	1 42.1	57.1	56.1	36.	20.5		,		
Asia	50							J	, ,,,,,	31.5
China	59.0		165.9	174.2	260.4	410.7	371.9	173.4	1// 3	
India	1.		11.7	2.9	2.2			6.6		
Israel			3.9	2.8	2.1		3.0			
Japan	10.4		14.1	15.4	15.9		16.9	.8		
	16.3		33.0	21.8	19.8		16.3	13.8		,
Saudi Arabia Others	3.8	3 13.1	21.8	46.7	138.3			38.5		
otners	26.9	86.0	81.4	84.6	82.2		250.7 68.1	92.1 21.6		
Western Europe	175 5	705 /						21.0	23.1	47.4
Belgium/Luxembourg	135.5		432.2	411.8	410.5	3/6.1	349.4	251.6	707 5	710.
France	9.5	,	84.8	106.9	66.3		53.8	23.6		340.6
West Germany	43.9		111.1	96.2	119.3		89.4	60.2	,	49.8
Italy	16.5		78.4	60.7	89.1	76.4	66.9	57.1		95.5
Netherlands	6.1		15.3	13.4	9.1	6.6	8.6			54.8
United Kingdom	7.9		11.3	10.3	14.0	10.0	7.5	7.6	,,	14.2
Others	13.0		66.1	77.2	72.2	65.6		6.9	12.2	11.7
Others	38.7	56.0	65.0	47.1	40.4	34.9	68.1	53.2	53.3	61.8
F				.,,,,	70.4	34.9	55.1	43.0	43.9	52.9
Eastern Europe	15.5	22.9	25.4	49.5	30.9	70 /				
Hungary	12.9	8.1	11.5	11.8	7.4	30.4	24.9	29.6	25,9	10.1
USSR	1.9	10.5	10.3	36.5	19.8	13.2	11.0	12.7	13.1	8.2
Others	.8	4.3	3.6	1.2		16.1	12.5	15.6	10.7	1.0
		7.5	5.0	1.2	3.6	1.2	1.4	1.2	2.1	.8
Oceania	72.1	129.1	196.6	244.4						
Australia	68.1	119.2	183.0	211.4	230.3	104.7	220.9	146.2	51.0	51.3
New Zealand	3.6	8.9		200.5	218.7	97.9	214.2	141.8	47.5	48.6
Others	.3		11.7	9.1	9.2	5.5	5.4	3.7	2.7	
		1.1	1.8	1.7	2.4	1.4	1.3	.8	.8	2.1
World	1,242.2	2,254.8 2	.699.6	3 033 /	2 4/2 2				.0	.7
* = Less than \$50,000				-1	-, /	4,UZY.8	4,255.1	1,885.3	1,486.1	1,595.8
- Less than san non										

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (11).

Appendix table 22--U.S. import value of farm machinery by major world regions, 1980-87 1/

Region/country	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
				Millio	n dollars			
Africa	5.2	2.4	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.3	1.5	0.9
South Africa	5.2	2.4	.2	.4	.6	.8	1.2	.8
Others	*	*	*	*	*	.5	.3	.1
North and Central								
America	744.0	606.3	424.0	417.0	512.1	443.2	394.7	533.7
Canada	734.0	595.8	412.3	397.4	500.8	433.6	386.8	521.1
Mexico	9.1	9.7	11.4	18.6	10.1	8.2	6.3	11.5
Others	1.0	.9	.3	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.2
South America	1.1	7.5	4.8	7.0	11.9	12.6	11.3	19.4
Brazil	1.0	1.0	4.8	6.5	11.4	12.3	10.9	18.3
Others	.1	6.5	*	.5	.5	.3	.4	1.1
Asia	196.4	206.6	184.2	214.6	324.2	375.8	//7 7	
China	.1	.1	1.4	2.1	3.2		443.3	449.8
India	.5	.7	.7	.2	.3	2.6	3.0	5.4
Israel	3.5	2.8	2.7	3.1	4.4	.2	.2	.4
Japan	189.4	198.8	175.8	203.8	309.9	7.7	7.6	8.5
Others	3.0	4.3	3.6	5.3	6.4	357.0 8.3	419.2 13.4	418.0
Western Europe	700.7	575,7	449.2	629.6	771.0	700 4	700 /	
Belgium/Luxembourg	67.2	50.5	25.7	23.7		722.1	789.4	831.1
France	51.5	41.8	30.2	41.4	27.7	29.4	42.7	46.0
West Germany	236.7	197.2	169.2	249.6	72.5	68.9	65.4	67.3
Italy	93.3	100.7	95.5	100.4	225.7	224.7	255.8	247.8
Netherlands	15.4	14.0	14.3		152.9	123.3	119.3	129,4
Spain	5.6	3.6		33.6	48.0	39.3	38.6	39.5
United Kingdom	216.0	155.4	6.5	3.3	7.2	4.0	6.1	6.3
Others	15.0		94.2	163.9	217.1	207.7	235.7	258.5
other 5	15.0	12.5	13.6	13.8	19.9	24.8	25.8	36.5
Eastern Europe	26.9	25.3	25.5	12.2	24.2	17.9	15.3	22.2
Czechoslovakia	*	.2	1.1	1.8	5.8	5.9	6.2	3.9
Hungary	10.2	9.3	7.6	2.4	11.7	5.4	1.8	5.8
Romania	11.6	12.6	15.4	6.1	4.7	4.4	1.9	5.3
Others	5.2	3.1	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	5.3	7.1
Oceania	11.1	16.8	14.9	15.4	16.2	16.6	15.3	19.8
Australia	4.4	7.7	4.9	3.3	4.7	5.6	6.3	8.0
New Zealand	6.7	9.2	10.0	12.1	11.4	11.0	8.6	11.8
World	1,685.6	1,440.7	1,102.8	1,296.1	1,660.2	1,589.5	1,670.8	1,877.1

^{* =} Less than \$50,000. 1/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: (12).

Appendix table 23--U.S. export value of pesticides by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

Africa Egypt South Africa Others North and Central America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America Argentina	1978 41.5 4.4 14.8 22.4 222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	2.8 14.5 23.8 232.6 123.7		2.2 25.3 18.6 281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	1982 Mill 41.9 4.2 20.5 17.1 282.0 162.6 20.3 20.2	2.2 16.0	57.4 7.1 19.7 30.6 328.8 196.9	6.5	9.8 23.9 20.8 246.4	11.0 23.6 16.3
Egypt South Africa Others North and Central America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	4.4 14.8 22.4 222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	2.8 14.5 23.8 232.6 123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	2.7 14.4 26.0 257.3 143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	2.2 25.3 18.6 281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	41.9 4.2 20.5 17.1 282.0 162.6 20.3	39.5 2.2 16.0 21.3 288.7 178.4	57.4 7.1 19.7 30.6 328.8 196.9	6.5 19.7 12.6 295.3	9.8 23.9 20.8 246.4	11.0 23.6 16.3
Egypt South Africa Others North and Central America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	4.4 14.8 22.4 222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	2.8 14.5 23.8 232.6 123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	2.7 14.4 26.0 257.3 143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	2.2 25.3 18.6 281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	4.2 20.5 17.1 282.0 162.6 20.3	2.2 16.0 21.3 288.7 178.4	7-1 19-7 30-6 328-8 196-9	6.5 19.7 12.6 295.3	9.8 23.9 20.8 246.4	11.0 23.6 16.3
South Africa Others North and Central America Canada Costa Rica Guatemela Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others	14.8 22.4 222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	2.8 14.5 23.8 232.6 123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	2.7 14.4 26.0 257.3 143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	2.2 25.3 18.6 281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	4.2 20.5 17.1 282.0 162.6 20.3	2.2 16.0 21.3 288.7 178.4	7-1 19-7 30-6 328-8 196-9	6.5 19.7 12.6 295.3	9.8 23.9 20.8 246.4	11.0 23.6 16.3
Others North and Central America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	22.4 222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	14.5 23.8 232.6 123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	257.3 143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	25.3 18.6 281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	20.5 17.1 282.0 162.6 20.3	16.0 21.3 288.7 178.4	19.7 30.6 328.8 196.9	19.7 12.6 295.3	23.9 20.8 246.4	23.6 16.3
North and Central America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others	222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	23.8 232.6 123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	257.3 143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	18.6 281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	17.1 282.0 162.6 20.3	21.3 288.7 178.4	30.6 328.8 196.9	12.6	20.8	16.3
America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	222.0 108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	232.6 123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	257.3 143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	281.2 140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	282.0 162.6 20.3	288.7 178.4	328.8 196.9	295.3	246.4	246.2
America Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	162.6 20.3	178.4	196.9			
Canada Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	108.9 15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	123.7 12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	143.5 13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	140.4 19.2 29.3 16.1	162.6 20.3	178.4	196.9			
Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	15.0 20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	12.4 22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	13.7 24.0 10.9 30.7	19.2 29.3 16.1	20.3		196.9			
Guatemala Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	20.0 9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	22.8 14.2 34.0 4.5	24.0 10.9 30.7	29.3 16.1		18.9				140.7
Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	9.6 28.1 16.1 24.4	14.2 34.0 4.5	10.9 30.7	16.1	20.2		16.8	21.0	19.3	20.7
Mexico Nicaragua Others South America	28.1 16.1 24.4	34.0 4.5	30.7			17.4	19.5	14.8	13.7	10.1
Nicaragua Others South America	16.1 24.4	4.5			15.2	9.0	12.8	8.0	9.7	9.4
Others South America	24.4		11 /	37.0	27.1.	26.3	34.9	45.7	42.2	37.6
South America		21.1		12.2	9.6	13.2	18.3	3.7	.1	37.0 *
	165.6		23.1	26.9	27.1	25.5	29.6	29.4	29.8	27.8
Argentina		178,0	197.0	176.4	157 F	470 7				
	20.4	28.7	19.0	20.9	156.5 18.4	170.3	194.0	163.0	226.6	224.8
Brazil	91.0	91.2	101.8	70.0		26.7	32.6	22.0	36.5	31.5
Colombia	24.0	20.4	30.2	30.9	58.9	70.9	56.5	48.1	81.7	69.4
Venezuela	18.3	19.1	22.8	26.4	34.6	37.6	48.1	37.0	47.2	51.2
Others	11.9	18.6	23.2	28.4	20.9	17.1	32.3	29.2	32.3	38.9
		,,,,	23.2	20.4	23.6	17.9	24.6	26.8	28.9	33.9
Asia	182.9	241.6	281.2	276.2	284.5	202 /	***			
China	10.3	19.4	32.2	28.5	28.2	292.4	336.4	311.1	324.9	372.2
Hong Kong	9.2	10.2	10.6	8.7	8.9	36.9	36.8	13.2	12.1	13.3
1ndia	14.2	12.0	27.5	11.2	10.0	11.2	19.2	15.1	10.7	33.4
Indonesia	6.5	13.5	17.0	16.9	21.6	6.9	11.0	9.9	4.4	6.8
Japan	61.0	82.3	95.3	100.5	103.5	14.1	14.7	14.4	18.0	16.6
South Korea	8.9	18.4	17.2	24.0	24.4	106.4	125.0	126.0	147.2	145.3
Malaysia	15.4	6.9	7.4	3.7	14.6	18.0	19.1	13.5	21.2	20.9
Singapore	3.3	17.3	18.3	33.1	19.8	18.7	23.0	25.1	20.1	24.8
Taiwan	11.7	11.8	11.6	10.9	14.6	19.3	27.6	29.6	21.6	23.4
Thailand	14.1	15.0	13.6	12.4	9.9	20.7	18.0	20.2	23.2	24.6
Others	28,4	34.8	30.5	26.3	29.0	9.4 30.9	18.4 23.7	17.4 26.7	17.4 29.1	24.7 38.4
Western Europe	285.0	375.3	386.5	775 /				4411	27+1	Ja,4
	110.3	132.2	116.5	375.6	441.2	414.8	498.9	488.7	501.4	494.0
France	18.0	31.0	49.9	87.6	95.1	80.7	103.9	108.6	150.4	154.0
West Germany	21.1	35.0	36.9	42.5	34.9	32.6	31.4	39.9	47.1	50.8
Italy	9.2	13,1	12.4	45.6	74.4	45.0	63.3	76.0	39.8	33.3
Netherlands	37.1	29.5	27.3	15.8	15.0	17.3	16.0	19.9	30.4	23.0
Switzerland	44.4	62.0	89.8	34.3 92.1	39.3	58.1	92.5	67.0	98.7	72.3
United Kingdom	24.4	35.1	27.9		117.1	102.0	104.5	78.7	60.2	96.5
Others	20.5	37.4	25.7	26.1 31.8	33.0 32.5	41.5	50.9	56.1	37.6	34.8
Factory Co.				31.0	32.3	37.5	36.4	42.6	37.3	29.3
Eastern Europe	1.9	2.7	2.3	5.5	4.8	3.5	2.7	8.1	17.0	10.7
Bulgaria	.2	.2	.1	.3	.1	.3	1.6	4.0	13.0	10.3
USSR	.4	*	*	3.0	.2	1.0	1.8		4.1	5.3
Romania	.6	. 1	.3	2.8	2.4	.8	*	3.9	3.0	6.7
Others	1.2	2.4	1.9	2.4	2.3	2.4	1.1	1.4 2.8	5.5 3.4	2.3 2.7
Oceania	28.5	42.1	42.9	/0.7	45 -				-••	L . /
Australia	21.5	31.9	28.2	40.3	45.8	70.6	76.5	53.8	53.9	62.1
New Zealand	6.6	9.7	14.2	25.9	32.8	51.5	57,8	43.3	43.7	51.7
Others	.4	.4	.5	14.1	12.5	18.8	18.5	10.4	10.1	9.8
NI- 1 1				.4	.6	.3	.1	.1	.2	.6
World 9	27.9 1	,113.3 1	,210.3 1	,204.4 1,	256,9 1	.280.7 1	406 5 1	362 7 4	/77 7 4	

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (11).

Appendix table 24--U.S. import value of pesticides by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987_
					Millio	n dollars				
Africa	7.6	12.6	21.3	6.7	16.3	10.1	11.6	13.8	13.2	45.5
Kenya	4.9	7.9	16.5	6.0	13.8	8.2	9.7			12.5
Others	2.8	4.6	4.8	.7	2.5	1.9	1.8	9.7 4.1	8.9 4.3	8.4 4.1
North and Central										
America	6.7	8.3	10.0	13.8	9.0	12.5	20.0	20 /		
Canada	4.1	5.7	6.9	11.2	7.9	10.3	20.9	22.4	20.3	32.4
Mexico	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.6			18.6	17.1	14.3	20.2
Others	.4	*	.6	2.0 *	.8 .3	2.2 *	2.1 .1	2.7 2.5	3.1 2.9	8.0 4.1
South America	3.2	2.1	2.6		10.0					
Argentina	1.2	1.6	.7	4.7	10.9	20.8	19.7	26.6	50.1	58.1
Brazil	.1	.1	1.0	.5	2.5	2.5	2.4	3.7	3.5	5.3
Colombia	1.6	*	.2	3.3	7.1	15.7	16.2	22.3	45.7	50.6
Others	.3	.4		.3	.5	2.0	.7	.3	ه.	2.0
ochor 3	.3	-4	.7	.7	.7	.5	.5	.4	.3	.2
Asia	25.4	32.6	39.0	58.3	40.0	40.2	38.6	37.7	43.4	54.2
China	*	*	*	.5	2.3	3.3	2.4	2.8	3.5	3.3
India	*	*	.1	*	*	*	.1	.9	.1	*
Israel	6.6	5.0	6.0	8.9	9.2	10.6	20.3	16.7	19.3	28.7
Japan	18.5	27.4	32.9	48.8	8.1	25.9	15.3	14.9	17.9	18.2
Others	.3	.2	.1	.1	.5	.3	.4	2.3	2.6	4.0
Western Europe	170.9	177.7	233.6	249.5	241.4	215.2	285.0	349.2	300.1	336.0
Belgium/Luxembourg	22.7	16.8	13.2	12.9	16.0	7.6	17.0	21.4	20.1	23.5
Denmark	1.0	2.0	3.9	7.7	8.3	9.3	9.5	10.6	20.2	32.6
France	5.2	6.9	7.1	10.9	8.5	9.8	13.6	17.4	20.0	35.3
West Germany	79.2	65.8	81.7	69.6	66.0	56.2	82.4	104.3	71.8	81.4
Italy	13.4	14.3	14.3	15.9	18.3	18.7	21.2	22.5	36.8	29.8
Netherlands	5.5	6.7	11.1	15.0	11.8	17.1	18.4	26.4	22.8	21.5
Switzerland	30.3	47.6	65.5	79.5	82.4	63.2	73.7	94.8	39.3	35.0
United Kingdom	13.4	17.3	35.4	36.3	25.8	30.7	45.5	48.9	63.9	70.6
Others	.4	.3	1.3	1.7	4.2	2.7	3.7	3.1	5.2	6.3
Eastern Europe	.2	.4	1.0	1.8	2.0	1.4	.1	*	.2	*
Oceania	.1	.4	.3	.1	.3	.7	.3	.8	.5	3.2
World	214.0	234.0	307.9	335.0	319.7	300.8	376.2	450.5	427.8	496.4
										

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (12).

Appendix table 25--U.S. export value of live breeding stock by major world regions, 1978-87 1/ 2/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	
									1700	1987
					<u>Mi L I</u>	<u>ion dolla</u>	<u>ers</u>			
Africa	1.5	*	1.0	2.0						
South Africa	*	*	.3	2.0	1.7	1.3	0.7	0.1	0.2	2.7
Others	1.5	*	.7	.9	1.2	.6	.5	.1	.1	.2
			- /	1.1	.5	.6	.2	*	.2	2.6
North and Central										2.0
America	21.2	19.6	17.3	22.7						
Canada	1.9	3.0	5.5	22.7	12.7	6.1	21.1	78.0	61.0	26.4
Honduras	.1	.3		3.7	3.2	3.2	2.4	2.1	21.6	
Mexico	16.5	14.7	-1	-4	*	*	.6	.9		4.1
Others	2.7		9.4	17.2	8.2	2.4	17.3	72.2	.8	2.5
	4.1	1.6	2.3	1.4	1,3	.5	.9		37.7	18.8
South America						•••	.,	2.8	1.0	1.1
Argentina	5.8	4.3	4.0	5.7	6.1	5.8	8.1			
Brazil	1.0	.2	1.0	.8	.1	.2		9.8	13.5	15.7
Colombia	1.2	1.7	.4	.2	. 1	.3	.1 *	-3	.4	.4
Venezuela	2.5	1.3	.9	.9	1.4	1.5		.1	.7	2.1
	.4	.3	.4	1.0	2.4		1.7	.4	1.2	2.2
Others	.6	.9	1.3	2.7	2.1	3.1	6.0	6.0	6.7	4.8
					2.1	.7	-3	3.0	4.4	6.3
Asia	34.2	24.3	8.0	6.8	47.5					0.5
China	*	*	*	*	16.7	23.2	11.5	12.1	12.7	20.7
Iraq	.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	1.8	1.4	£0.7
Japan	6.1	8.9	5.3		*	*	*	*	*	
South Korea	15.5	14.1		2.7	4.0	1.1	1.8	1.0	2.2	5.0
Saudi Arabia	.4	.9	2.5	1.7	9.2	19.3	4.9	2.0	×	5.2
Taiwan	*	*	*	2.3	2.6	2.4	3.9	1.5		.4
Others	12.2		.1	.1	.3	.4	.8	5.7	2.4	.5
	14.2	.4	.1	*	.6	*	*		6.5	4.2
Western Europe								.1	-3	5.4
western carope	3.3	3.1	3.0	.4	*	*				
Eastern Europe						-	.1	.2	.6	6.8
Enstern Europe	1.5	.1	*	1.3	*	*				
0				,,,		•	*	*	*	*
Oceania	*	*	*	*	*	_				
111					•	.3	.2	2.5	*	*
World —	68.0	51.6	33.3	38.9	18.4	36.6	41.6	102.7	88.1	72.4

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

2/ Beef and dairy bulls and cows.

Source: (<u>11</u>).

Appendix table 26--U.S. import value of live breeding stock by major world regions, 1978-87 1/ 2/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
					1,000	<u>dollars</u>				
North and Central										
America	7,857	12,739	11,052	10,732	8,926	11,107	6,049	5,197	7 0/0	
Canada	7,857	12,699	10,983	10,732	8,926	11,083	6,045		3,949	4,618
Mexico	0	40	69	0	0,720	24	4	5,191 6	3,949 0	4,614 4
Western Europe	186	47	12	58	36	307	000	roo		_
France	6	0	0	10	0	280	982	599	21	2
West Germany	Ō	Ö	ő	0	0	13	850	517	0	8
Ireland	172	47	12	37	0	9	0	0	0	0
Switzerland	8	O	0	0	36	•	49	74	0	0
United Kingdom	0	ō	ő	11	0	0 4	0 83	0 8	0 21	0 2
Oceania	0	0	0	3	0	6	17	•	•	_
Australia	0	Ö	ō	0	0	ő	17	0	0	0
New Zealand	0	Đ	Õ	3	ő	0	0	0 0	0	0 0
World	8,043	12,786	11,064	10,793	8,962	11,413	7,048	5,796	3,970	4,621

^{1/} Totals may not add due to rounding. 2/ Beef and dairy bulls and cows. Source: (12).

Appendix table 27--U.S. export value of live breeder chicken stock by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

Region/country	<u>1978</u>	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	400
					Mil	<u>lion doll</u>	are			<u>19</u> 8
Africa	0.4	0.4				121; 0011	<u> 91 3</u>			
	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	1.2	0.9	8.0	0.7		
North and Central								0.7	1.0	0.2
America	10.1	12.7	15 7							
Canada	4.6	4.7	15.3	19.0	17.5	18.7	18.7	18.5	45.3	
Mexico	2.3	4.0	5.4	6.6	9.8	10.2	9.1	8.1	15.3	7.0
Others	3.2		4.5	6.7	3.4	4.1	4.9		6.0	2.6
	3.2	4.1	5.5	5.8	4.3	4.4	4.7	5.3	4.0	2.0
South America	5.8	~ ~				,	4-1	5.1	5.3	2.4
Argentina	.1	7.2	10.6	13.4	12.5	11.3	3.3			
8razit	2.1	.5	1.2	1.2	.9	1.1	₽.S *	9.8	7.4	4.0
Colombia	.7	2.5	4.5	6.5	5.8	4.2	.3	.3	-9	.4
Venezuel a		-6	.9	1.1	1.1	1.2		4.2	2.1	1.5
Others	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.6	2.3	2.6	1.4	1.0	1.5	.3
5 111 D	1.3	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.4	2.2	.3	2.1	.2	.8
sia						2.2	1.4	2.2	2.6	1.0
China	10.4	10.6	11.0	12.7	11.3	17.0				
India	*	*	*	.1	.1	13.8	14.2	14.5	13.7	7.0
Indonesia	*	. 1	.2	.3	.1	.1	.1	1.1	1.3	.6
	.7	.7	1.7	2.0		*	*	*	*	*
Japan	3.9	3.7	3.4	4.0	1.4	1.8	2.5	1.9	1.9	.9
South Korea	1.1	1.0	.4	.4	3.5	4.4	4.1	4.8	3.3	2.4
Philippines	.7	.8	.8	1.2	.6	1.2	.9	.9	1.3	
Thailand	1.0	1.6	1.8		1.7	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.3	.7
Others	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.0	2.2	1.1
			4.0	2.8	2.1	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.4	-4
stern Europe	5.0	5.4	6.2					5	2.4	1.0
france	1.1	1.1		7.7	8.8	10.1	9.2	8.7	8.6	
!taly	.9	.3	-8	1.2	1.4	1.1	.8	.9		1.3
Metherlands	.3	.5	.5	-5	.8	1.0	1.3	1.1	.8	. 1
Spain	1.6	1.8	.7	1.0	1.2	2.3	1.7	1.9	1.4	*
Others	1.1	1.8	2.0	2.2	3.0	2.2	2.0		2.5	.5
	' • '	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.4	3.5	3.4	2.2	2.2	.2
stern Europe	.5	~					3.4	2.5	1.8	.5
		.7	.3	. 1	.4	.5	.6			
ania	*	*				• • •	.0	*	.8	*
		*	*	*	*	*	*	_		
ld	73.5						**	.2	*	*
	32.2	37.0	44.0	53.5	51.6	55.3	// 0			
= Less than \$50,0					• •	22.3	45.8	52.4	46.9	19.6

Appendix table 28--U.S. export value of bull semen by major world regions, 1978-87 1/

Region/country	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
					Mill	ion dolta	<u>rs</u>			
Africa	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.6	0.8	0,6	0.7
South Africa	.1	.1	.2	.5	.7	.9	1.0	.5	.5	.5
Others	*	.1	-1	. 1	.3	.3	.6	.3	.1	.2
North and Central										
America	1.8	3.0	2.8	3.2	3.2	2.4	2.9	3.1	3.4	2.8
Canada	.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.0	.7	1.2	
Mexico	.8	1.0	.8	1,4	1.2	.8	1.3	1.9	1.6	.8
Others	.6	.6	.6	.5	.7	.7	.6	.5	.6	1.5 .5
South America	2.9	4.5	6.6	4.3	3.6	4.4	5.0		- 4	
Argentina	.8	.4	1.4	1.0	.3	.9	.7	4.6	7.1	7.5
Brazil	.8	2.0	2.8	.7	.8	1.0	.7	.8	.9	1.0
Colombia	.5	.8	.7	.7	.9	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.4	2.1
Venezuela	.2	.3	.4	.8	.6	.3	1.1	1.1	.7	.7
Others	.6	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.0	.7	1.1	.8 .9	2.6 1.4	2.5 1.2
Asia	.9	.6	.4	.8	1.1	1.2	1.1	2.0	2.0	
Japan	*	*	*	*	*	*	.1	2.0	2.9	3.8
South Korea	*	*	*	*	.1	.2	.1	.4	.5	.9
Saudi Arabia	*	.1	.1	.2	.4	.5		.3	.5	.5
Taiwan	.1	.1	. i	.3	.2	.3	.4 .3	.7	1.0	.8
Others	.7	.4	.2	.2	.4	.2	د. 1.	.3 .3	.4 .6	.3 1.0
Western Europe	5.9	6.9	9.2	10.9	14.4	15.7	17 4	44.4	40.0	
Belgium/Luxembourg	.1	.7	.5	.2	.4	.5	13.1	11.4	12.0	18.5
France	.5	.2	.6	.3	1.4	1.5	.2	.3	.6	.6
West Germany	3.0	2.1	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.9	1.8 3.2	2.1	1.3	2.3
Italy	.8	1.8	2.3	1.9	2.8	3.9	3.2	3.5	3.1	3.4
Netherlands	.2	.5	.8	2.5	4.7	4.9	1.5	2.0	2.8	4.6
Spain	,1	.4	.5	.4	.5	.3	.4	1.0	2.3	3.7
Sweden	*	*	*	.2	.3			.5	.5	.5
Switzerland	.5	.9	.5	.e .8	.4	-1	.3	.3	.3	.9
Others	1.2	1.2	1.4	2.0	1,2	.4 1.4	1.6 2.4	.6 1.8	.1 1.2	.7 2.6
Eastern Europe	.4	1.1	.6	.8	.3		1.0			
Hungary	.2	1.0	.4	.0 .7	.3	.6	1.0	.3	1.3	1.2
USSR	*	*	. 4 *	*	*	.5 *	.9	.2	1.2	1.2
Others	-2	.1	.1	.1	*	.1	.1 .1	.8 .1	.5 .2	.5 *
Oceania	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-4	.7
vor ld	12.0	16.4	19.8	20.7	23.5	25.6	24.8	23.1	28.2	., 35.7

^{* =} Less than \$50,000. 1/ Totals may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{11})$.

Appendix table 29--U.S. import value of bull semen by major world regions, 1980-87 1/

Region/country	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
				1,00	00 dollars			
North and Central America Barbados Canada Panama Others	1,982 0 1,981 0	1,964 0 1,964 0	2,182 0 2,182 0	2,073 0 2,069 0	2,707 0 2,707	1,904 0 1,964	2,076 0 2,076	3,471 118 3,263
Western Europe	1 39	0	Đ	4	0	0	0 0	88 2
Denmark Treland United Kingdom Others	0 35 4 0	40 0 28 11 1	17 0 17 0 0	28 0 0 25 3	15 5 9 0 1	29 21 0 8 0	60 7 0 45 8	141 7 16 119
ceania Australia New Zealand	0 0 0	94 94 0	2 0 2	66 0 66	2 2 0	48 42 6	5 5 0	0 227 198 28
orld	2,020	2,098	2,201	2,167	2,724	1,981	2,141	3,839

^{1/} Fotal may not add due to rounding. Source: $(\underline{12})$.

Appendix table 30--U.S. export value of seeds for planting by major world regions, 1982-87 1/

_				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Region/country	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			Will	ion dollars		
Africa	12.3	14.6	15.1	10.4	11.9	11.2
South Africa	6.1	7.5	4.3	2.7	4.6	5.5
Egypt	2.4	3.2	4.0	3.6	2.2	3.0
Others	3.8	3.9	6.8	4.1	5.1	2.7
North and Central						
America	91.3	107.7	100.2	89.6	76.7	92.5
Canada	28.8	28.8	28.6	26.5	23.5	35.3
Mexico	54.9	71.9	62.8	54.0	45.8	
Others	7.6	7.0	8.8	9.1	7.4	48.6 8.6
South America	21.2	26.4	28.0	25.1	77 7	
Brazil	5.1	6.7	3.3	3.8	33.3	28.3
Argentina	2.2	3.2	6.5	3.8 4.0	4.2	4.6
Colombia	3.1	4.1	4.5	3.0	9.3	9.5
Venezuela	7.2	6.1	7.1		3.8	3.4
Others	3.6	6.3		10.4	11.2	5.1
o the s	3.0	0.3	6.6	3.9	4.8	5.7
Western Europe	107.1	98.1	84.7	134.4	135.1	148.3
United Kingdom	10.3	8.7	7.2	9.8	10.2	9.9
Netherlands _	14.6	15.8	11.1	16.4	21.5	20.1
France	16.7	16.1	13.3	34.3	23.0	16.8
West Germany	8.3	6.7	5.4	6.4	6.2	5.8
Spain	4.7	3.2	4.1	4.9	6.1	8.0
!taly	31.2	28.1	26.7	44.8	47.1	72.3
Greece	7.1	5.7	4.5	6,8	8.4	4.8
Others	14.2	13.8	12.4	11.0	12.6	10.6
Eastern Europe	2.7	3,7	1.6	11.9	17.8	•1
Hungary	1.3	.2	.4	10.4	2.1	.5
Bulgaria	.1	.4	*	*	11.3	
Others	1.3	3.1	1.2	1.5	4.4	.2
Asia	63.3	70.1	84.7	78,6	88.6	n
Turkey	.7	1,6	2.2	4.5		84.5
Iraq	1.3	6.8	10.6	9.1	11.2	7.4
Saudi Arabia	10.2	10.1	14.5		8.1	6.6
Japan	36.3	36.9	36.7	9.9 38.3	13.4	7.4
South Korea	1.4	2.4	4.8		35.4	46.0
Others	13.4	12.3	4.6 15.9	3.0 13.8	3.4 17.1	3.8 13.3
Oceania	, ,	<i>.</i>			-	13.3
uceania Australia	6.6	8.4	6.3	8.7	7.1	8.4
	5.2	7.1	4.9	7.3	5.9	6.9
New Zealand	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.3
Others	.1	-1	.1	.1	.1	.1
World	304.5	329.0	320.6	358.7	370.5	373.9

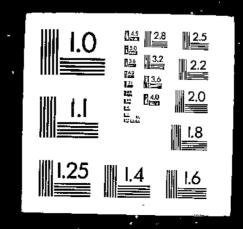
^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (11).

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Appendix table 31--U.S import value of seeds for planting by major world regions, 1982-87 1/

Region/country	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
			Mi	(lion dollars		
Africa			<u></u>	TOTAL GOLLARS		
Ethiopia	5.4	5.3	5,1	5.5	4.5	
South Africa	3.5	3.3	3.0	3.8	3.2	5.7
Others	1.7	1.2	1,6	.8		4.4
orners.	.2	.8	.5	.9	.6 .7	.2
North and Central				.,	.7	1.1
America						
Canada	29.4	43.8	33.0	33.3	49.0	
	20.2	37.1	23.5	23.1		64.6
Mexico	3.8	3.0	2.5	3.5	39.7	54.9
Guatemala	1.8	1.3	2.6	2.0	3.3	2.9
Costa Rica	2.9	2.3	4.1		3.0	3.6
Others	.7	.1	.3	4.2 .5	2.9	3.0
South America				.5	.1	.2
	3.2	3.0	9.3	8.0	- ^	
Chile	2.5	2.8	9.0	7.1	7.9	8.7
Others	.7	.2	.3	.9	7.0	5.8
Mastaan Euro				.7	.9	2.9
Western Europe	14.8	11.6	15.1	18.2	24.4	
Denmark	-6	.5	-7	_	21.1	28.0
United Kingdom	2.2	1.7	.6	1.4	1.4	3.1
Netherlands	5,8	5.5	9.6	.7	.7	1.1
France	1.2	1.2	1.2	10.1	11.9	14.8
West Germany	2.0	.6		1.2	1.2	2.5
Italy	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.2	2.5	3.7
Others	1.8	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.2	1.8
	1.0	1.1	.8	2.1	2.2	1.0
Eastern Europe	5.2	7				,,,
Yugoslavia	.2	.3	6.5	1.6	.5	.8
Romania	2.6	.2 *	.7	1.2	*	*
Others	2.4		4.8	.2	.1	*
	£. 4	•1	1.0	.2	.4	.8
lsia	16.5	17.0				-0
India	6.0	17.8	19.2	17.4	25.1	28.2
Taiwan	4.7	3.9	1.5	2.9	7.3	4.2
Japan	3.5	6.4	9.1	6.6	6.8	9.8
Others		4.3	5.3	5.3	6.9	8.7
	2.3	3.2	3.3	2.6	4.1	5.5
ceania	1.7			•	711	5.5
Australia	1.3	2.3	1.8	2.6	4.9	9.5
New Zealand	.9	1.1	1.2	1.9	2.0	
nes dearbild	-4	1.2	-6	.7	2.9	3.0
orld	75.8	84.1	00.0			6.5
* = Less then \$50,000.	, , , ,	04.1	90.0	86.6	113.0	145.5

^{* =} Less than \$50,000.

1/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Source: (12).

Appendix table 32--Comparison of U.S. agricultural input imports by data source, 1980-86

Input	1980	<u>1</u> 981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
			Mi	llion dollar:	<u>s</u>		
Fertilizer (crude							
and manufactured):							
UN 1/	1,175	1,244	1,039	1,079	1,245	1,079	NA
FAO 2/	1,015	1,131	986	1,017	1,164	994	910
FATUS 3/	NA	NA	1,314	1,405	1,696	1,428	1,273
TSUSA 4/	1,214	1,327	1,234	1,317	1,601	1,335	1,154
SIC 5/	1,436	1,516	1,311	1,423	1,445	NA AK	1,134 NA
	., .==	,,,,,	.,,	,,425	1,445	MA	n/A
lgricul tural							
machinery:							
UN	1,491	1,329	1,083	1,250	1,591	1,511	NA
FAO	1,445	1,280	1,042	1,196	1,442	1,429	NA.
FATUS	NA NA	NA	1,187	1,359	1.654	1,536	1,741
TSUSA	1,686	1,441	1,103	1,296	1,660	1,590	1,671
SIC	1,989	1,937	1,670	1.782	2,155	NA	NA
			•	,			
esticides:							
UN	276	295	277	265	324	418	NA
FAO	266	284	265	251	308	399	381
FATUS	NA .	NA	NA	NA	313	380	330
TSUSA	308	335	320	301	376	451	428
312	308	338	320	303	375	NA	NA
eed for planting:							
UN	52	54	67	80	72	76	NA
FATUS	60	80	85	90	100	98	120
TSUSA	NA	65	75	84	90	87	113

NA = Not available.

^{1/} United Nations Trade Data System from the National Institutes of Health Computer Center.

^{2/} United Nations, Food and Agriculture Organization, <u>Trade Yearbook</u>, various years and volumes.

^{3/} U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States.

^{4/} U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Tariff Schedule of the United States of America. 5/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Standard Industrial Classification Imports: FT 210 Annual SIC Based Products and FT 610 Annual Domestic Merchandise SIC Based Products.

Appendix table 33--Comparison of U.S. agricultural input exports by data source, 1980-86

Input	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
			<u>Mí</u>	<u>llion dollar</u>	<u>·s</u>		
Fertilizer (crude							
and manufactured):							
UN 1/	2,773	2,158	1,772	1 407	0.040		
FAO 2/	2,777	2,156	1,772	1,693	2,210	2,346	NA
FATUS 3/	NA	E, (30	2,291	1,701	2,207	1,450	2,167
SCH B 4/	3,365	2,827	2,402	2,076 2,170	2,706	2,673	2,029
SIC 5/	2,767	2,401	1,953	1,699	2,843	1,681	NA
	-7	27.0.	1,755	1,077	2,372	NA	NA
Agricultural							
machinery:							
UN	3,104	3,529	2,392	1,592	1.740	1 /04	
FAO	3,191	3,560	2,428	1,638	1,740 1,790	1,601	NA
FATUȘ	NA	NA	1,592	1,153	1,790	1,655	NA 200
SCH B	2,700	3,033	2,443	2,030	2,255	1,099	892
SIC	1,996	2,299	1,110	1,505	1,654	1,885	1,486
	-	-,	.,	1,505	1,034	NA	NA
Pesticides:							
UN	1,077	1,083	1,123	1,145	1,354	1 2/1	
FAO	555	547	609	631	708	1,241 609	NA
FATUS	NA	NA	1,257	1,280	1,496		664
SCH B	1,210	1,204	1,257	1,281	1,497	1,362	1,428
SIC	1,210	1,204	1,257	1,280	1,497	1,363 NA	1,424
		-		.,250	1,431	MM	NA
Seed for planting:							
UN	153	162	160	180	191	177	ti A
FATUS	268	277	309	336	330	365	NA 700
SCH 8	АИ	290	305	329	320	359	382 371

NA = Not available.

^{1/} United Nations Trade Data System from the National Institutes of Health Computer Center.

^{2/} United Nations, Food and Agriculture Organization, <u>Irade Yearbook</u>, various years and volumes.

^{3/} U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, Foreign Agricultural Trade of the United States.

^{4/} U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Schedule 8.

^{5/} U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Standard Industrial Classification Imports: FT 210 Annual SIC Based Products and FT 610 Annual Domestic Merchandise SIC Based Products.

Appendix table 34--U.S. TSUSA and Schedule 8 codes used in this report

TSUSA codes	Scedule B codes	TSUSA codes		Schedule B codes		TSUSA codes	Schedule B codes	
(imports)	(exports)	(imp	orts)	(expo	orts)	(imports)	(exports)	
Live breeding stock	Live breeding stock							
(bulls and cows)	(beef and dairy)		Pesti	cides		Seeds for	planting	
1000170	4501400							
1000130	1004120	4051510	4082900	4860200	4863400	126 0100	1260120	
1000140	1004140	4051520	4082900	4860900	4863900	1260300	1260140	
1000150	1004160	4051530	4083100	4861200	4865500	1260500	1260300	
	1004180	4051540	4083200	4861400	4866200	1260700	1260500	
	the transfer of	4051550	4083600	4861600	4866400	1260900	1269700	
5.1	Live breeder stock	4081600	4083800	4861900	4866600	1261100	1260900	
Baby chicks	(chickens)	4081700	4251040	4862100	4866900	1261500	1261700	
4000700		4081800	4253620	4862300	4867200	1261700	1262700	
1000700	1000220	4081900	4287270	4862500	4867900	1261900	1263100	
	1000240	4082100	4930200	4862505	4868200	1262300	1263120	
		4822200	4930400	4862600	4868400	1262500	1263140	
Bull semen	(bovine)	4082300	4935500	4862800	4868900	1262700	1263200	
		4082400	4935600	4862900	4869500	1262900	1263640	
1911600	1911520	4082800	4937500	4863200	4920300	1263100	1263660	
					4920400	1263300	1264100	
Crude fer	tilizers					1263500	1266100	
			Farm ma	chinery		1263700	1266300	
4802500	4802500					1263900	1267100	
4804500	4804500	6496500	6660050	6626031	6660057	1264100	1267300	
4806000	4809500	6617500	6660060	6626033	6660058	1265100	1267720	
4808070		6618000	6660065	6626035	6660059	1265300	1267740	
		6624500	6660070	6626040	6660060	1265500	1268100	
Manufactured :	fert i li zer s	6660005	6660075	6626044	6660061	1265900	1268500	
		6660007	6923402	6626045	6660062	1266100	1268700	
4802000	4154500	6660009	6923404	6626046	6660063	1266300	1271200	
4803000	4803000	6660010	6923405	6660004	6660064	1266500	1271220	
4805000	4805000	6660012	6923406	6660006	6660065	1266700	1271240	
4805500	4805500	6660015	6923409	6660007	6660066	1267100	1271510	
4806510	4806510	6660020	6923411	6660011	6660067	1267300	1271515	
4806530	4806530	6660025	6923415	6660012	6660068	1267700	1271520	
4806540	4806540	6660030	6923417	6660021	6660072	1267900	1271530	
4806550	4806550	6660035	6923440	6660022	6660077	1268100	1271540	
4806560	4806565	6660040	6923450	6660024	6660079	1268300		
4807010	4807015	6660045	6923460	6660026	6660083	1268500	1271545	
4807030	4807025	000000	07L3400	6660028	6660084	1268700	1271560	
4807050	4807030			6660031	6660086		1271570	
4807070	4807050			6660034		1268900	1271580	
4807500	4807075				6660088	1269100	1271590	
4808005	4807500			6660036	6660090	1269300	1303420	
4808015	4808005			6660037	6923315	1269500	1303440	
4808020	4808010			6660038	6923320	1270100	1304020	
4808095	4808018			6660041	6923325	1271000	1403100	
4000073	4808022			6660042	6923330	1303000	1403300	
				6660043	6923335	1306300	1754000	
	4808027 4808065			6660044	6923340	1307020	1754000	
	COUDUP			6660046	6923345			
				6660047	6923350			
				6660049	6923350			
				6660047	6923350			
				6660049	6923355			
				6660053	6923360			
				6660056	6923600			

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