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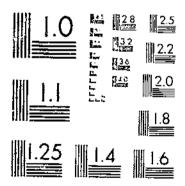
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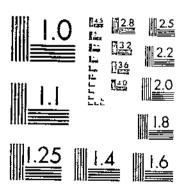
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FLUID MILK and CREAM Consumption

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DEPOSITORY

in Northeastern

Marketing Areas

1950-56



Statistical Bulletin No. 226

Washington, D.C.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
CROP REPORTING BOARD

This report, the eighth under the same or a similar title, was first published in February 1941 in response to widespread interest in fluid milk and cream consumption data in the Northeast. Subsequent mimeographed publications were issued in February 1942, July 1943, February 1945, October 1948, and March 1950. The last issue, carrying several additional markets, was published as Statistical Bulletin No. 168 in January 1956. That number carried data for 1940 through 1954. As population and sales data for the years prior to 1950 remain unchanged in most instances, this report includes the data for 1950-56 only. Data for the Merrimack Valley and Fall River, Mass., markets have been added while data for Allegheny County, Pa., have been deleted, leaving a total of 19 markets reported in this issue.

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SUIMARY

Sales of fluid milk and cream products in major markets of the Northeastern United States have kept pace with or slightly exceeded the growth in population since 1950. Increases in per capita consumption of whole milk and skim milk items offset or slightly more than offset decreases in the consumption of milk used for fluid cream in most markets.

Among the larger marketing areas, annual per capita consumption of whole milk increased from 1950 to 1956 in Boston, Connecticut, and New Jersey. Most smaller markets also showed increases from 1950 through 1956. The New York metropolitan and Philadelphia areas indicated slightly lower annual usage of whole milk per person. In the markets where sales of whole milk and skim milk products are reported together, per capita rates were substantially higher in all but two and in these consumption was slightly higher. Plain skim milk, although only a fraction of the total fluid consumption, made substantial gains in every market for which the data are reported separately. Consumption rates for flavored milk (mostly chocolate milk) and buttermilk in 1956 were steady to slightly higher than in 1950.

Consumption of cream in milk equivalent terms was substantially lower in 1956 than in 1950 in most markets. The downward trend in per capita usage of cream was most noticeable for heavy cream and to a lesser extent for light cream and sour cream.

^{1/} Prepared by L. W. Haynes and H. M. Walters, Agricultural Statisticians, Agricultural Estimates Division, AMS, under the general supervision of I. E. Wissinger, Chief, Dairy Statistics Branch. Acknowledgement is due numerous city, State, and Federal agencies which furnished basic sales and population data and helpful comments.

INTRODUCTION

Fluid milk and cream consumption estimates in selected individual marketing areas in the Northeast are presented in this report. Annual sales of whole milk and various skim milk and fluid cream products were obtained from city, State, and Federal agencies responsible for either regulating milk prices or reporting milk marketing statistics. These sales data, together with estimated populations of marketing areas, have been used in calculating per capita rates of consumption for the several products by markets. A special effort has been made by the respective market Administrators and by the Standardization and Program Development Branch of the Dairy Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, to report the data from Federal Order markets in greater detail for the period beginning with 1950.

A more detailed breakdown of skim milk and cream items was supplied by the Market Administrator for Connecticut for this report. The totals of whole milk, skim milk, and flavored milk shown for Connecticut in this report are comparable with total sales of Class I and IA milk for the years prior to 1950 as published in the previous bulletin. The Richmond marketing area definition has been changed because of the growth of the marketing area and as a result per capita consumption rates do not correspond with those of the previous bulletin. For all other markets, the 1950-56 data in this report as revised are comparable with the previous published series.

The data used in this report represent quantities of the respective items as reported under the classified system of pricing milk. For markets reporting milk and milk drinks together, the quantities reported are those classified for fluid use. Fluid cream sales and consumption are shown in product pounds, along with the fat test where available, but for comparison purposes cream consumption has been calculated for all markets on a milk equivalent basis.

The accuracy of the resulting rates of consumption between products and markets is dependent on the degree to which sales areas are identical with the areas represented by the population estimates. The data are not expected to be precise measures of levels of consumption. However, by using comparable data and methods of estimating, it is believed that the per capita estimates accurately show general trends in consumption of fluid milk and cream items.

All sales data and per capita rates are presented in <u>pounds</u> on an <u>annual</u> basis. For comparison with the data given in pints and quarts in previous issues, a table in the appendix shows the approximate weights for the more important milk and cream items by size of container.

POPULATION ESTIMATES

Population estimates for this bulletin (table 1) have been calculated somewhat differently from those in prior issues. The annual estimates in previous editions were made largely by comparing the differences in population between the two latest decennial censuses, interpolating the difference for the intercensal years and extrapolating for the years following. Increased birth rates in the postwar period have made the rate of growth from 1940 to 1950 generally inapplicable to the period 1950-56.

The principal method of preparing estimates for this issue has been to use local and State population data wherever possible, making adjustments for differences in the marketing areas and the areas covered by the respective population estimates. The estimates published in this series tie in with the data published in previous editions of the bulletin except where noted.

For Rhode Island, Connecticut, and New Jersey, the basic data used have been the latest U. S. Bureau of the Census annual July 1 estimate of resident population for each State. For the five Federal Order markets of Massachusetts, a composite method has been used. Year-to-year estimates have been made on the indication of changes as shown by the annual estimates of population of the State made by the U. S. Bureau of the Census, some extrapolation of the 1940-50 differences in the market area populations prepared by the Census, and the January 1, 1955, Massachusetts State Census. The source of population estimates for the New York metropolitan area was Bulletin A.E. 1078, Cornell Agricultural Experiment Station, "Consumption and Distribution of Milk and Cream in the New York Market" by Leland Spencer and Ida Parker. Estimates of population for the remaining market areas were made from annual county and city estimates prepared by State and local agencies, where available, as described in each table.

A particular problem has been the coordination of population estimates of milk marketing areas with those of the areas for which the local population estimates have been prepared. Many of the estimates available for local areas are for the population within the city limits of the central or larger cities. In most instances, the increase in number of persons living outside the city limits, which has not been estimated annually, has been at a much greater rate than that of the central city for which official estimates have been made. In some cases, population growth in the suburbs entirely outside the marketing area has been difficult to separate from the market area for which sales data are available. In all cases, estimates have been made on the basis of available data adjusted for reasonableness where necessary, plus a judgment for the area not covered, and based on economic and other general factors available at the time.

The three States and a number of the defined marketing areas include sizable numbers of farm people who consume milk produced on their own farms. This segment of the population has been estimated on the basis of the numbers of farms keeping cows and the size of farm families on these farms based on the 1950 and 1954 Censuses of Agriculture. The resulting number has then been subtracted from the estimate of population for the entire marketing area.

Changes in estimated population for 1950-56 in table 1 range from increases of 2 percent in the Fall River, Mass., and Amsterdam-Johnstown-Gloversville, N. Y., markets to 19 percent in Richmond, Va. Other markets which have grown fairly rapidly have been the Niagara Frontier and the Middle Hudson areas in New York, both with 17-percent increases. Markets with small gains are Boston and Baltimore, each with a 3-percent increase.

SALES AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF FLUID MILK AND CREAM PRODUCTS

Tables 2 and 3 show annual sales and per capita consumption rates of whole milk, skim milk items, and the milk equivalent of fluid cream products. Markets are included in these tables according to the way the sales are compiled for each area. Also appearing in the tables are comparisons of the percentage change in both sales and population by markets for each item separately from 1950 to 1956.

Whole Milk

Sales of whole milk in all of the 11 markets which have separate data were higher in 1956 than in 1950. Largest gains were in Connecticut and Richmond. Va., both showing increases of 21 percent over the 7-year period. Smallest increases were recorded in Philadelphia sales, which were 4 percent higher. On a per capita basis, consumption showed varied trends. Decreases of 4 pounds per person per year in Philadelphia and 2 pounds in the New York metropolitan area were recorded. The other 9 markets reported increases up to 32 pounds in Connecticut. Other large increases were 27 pounds per person in Springfield and 21 in Baltimore.

Milk and Milk Drinks

These totals include whole milk, plain skim milk, flavored milk or drink, buttermilk, and other skim products. Sales increases for 1950-56 varied from 3 percent in the Amsterdam-Johnstown-Gloversville, N. Y., area to 25 percent in the Niagara Frontier, N. Y., marketing area. Per capita consumption rose in all 8 areas during the period. Increases ranged from 3 pounds per person annually in the A-J-G area to 28 pounds per person in Syracuse, N. Y. Other large increases in yearly per capita consumption were 23 pounds per person in Binghamtor N. Y., and 18 pounds in the Niagara Frontier marketing area.

Plain Skim Milk

Skim milk totals include not only plain skim milk as separated in the plant but also the skim product to which milk solids have been added and which is known as fortified skim milk. This product may have a small fat content. Increases in skim milk sales were shown for all markets. The largest percentage increase in sales was in Boston, which had a 282-percent increase. Sales increased 200 percent in Fall River, Mass., and 140 percent in Connecticut.

Per capita increases were also sizable but consumption is still relatively small in comparison with whole milk. The largest increase in per capita consumption was in Springfield, Mass., from 4.2 pounds in 1950 to double that amount in 1956. The smallest quantitative increase, from 0.9 pound in 1950 to 2.2 pounds in 1956, occurred in Fall River.

Flavored Milk

Depending on State law and custom, the products included in this category vary between markets. This item includes, for the most part, products made with plain skim or part skim milk and chocolate syrup and is usually called chocolate drink. In some markets, however, the skim milk and chocolate product is called chocolate milk rather than chocolate drink. In others, this item includes chocolate milk that meets the minimum fat requirement for whole milk but is not carried in that category. In additional markets, this item includes both chocolate drink and chocolate milk. Sales of small quantities of other flavored items may also appear under this class. Although varying from market to market, the same products or combination of products are included for each market for the period shown and are reasonably comparable for measuring consumption trends.

Sales of these items varied from a decrease of 6 percent in Fall River, Mass., to an increase of 22 percent in Connecticut, in 1950 to 1956. On a per capita basis, small decreases in consumption of flavored milk occurred in Springfield and Fall River, Mass. The largest increase was reported in Baltimore where usage increased from 15.2 pounds to 17.0 pounds per person. In Connecticut, annual per capita consumption increased from 6.9 to 7.7 pounds.

Buttermilk

Annual sales and per capita consumption of buttermilk and buttermilk products increased from 1950 to 1956 in 6 of the 10 markets reporting. In 2 markets, sales were lower but in 2 markets were about the same. The largest increases were 64 percent in Richmond, 28 percent in Connecticut, and 27 percent in New Jersey. On a per capita basis, the largest increase in sales for this period was 3.9 pounds per person in Richmond. Three marketing areas, Worcester, Fall River, and Philadelphia, showed slight decreases.

Milk Equivalent of Fluid Cream

Sales of fluid cream on a milk equivalent basis (table 3) varied from a decline of 17 percent between 1950 and 1956 in Baltimore to an increase of 23 percent in the Middle-Hudson, N. Y., marketing area. Other important sales increases were 18 percent in Syracuse and 13 percent in Springfield, Mass. On a per capita basis, sales varied from a 10-pound-per-person decrease in New York City to a 3-pound increase in the Amsterdam-Johnstown-Gloversville area. In the important New Jersey area, a 4-pound decrease was reported.

Table 1.--Estimated annual average populations using purchased milk in specified Northeastern markets, 1950-56 1/

Market	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956 as % of 1950
	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Thous.	Percent
Boston, Mass	2,172	2,165	2,175	2,210	2,225	2,230	2 , 245	103
Springfield, Mass	393	392	398	ц06	h 1 5	425	432	110
Merrimack Valley, Mass	267	2/ 278	322	328	335	343	352 3]]/109
Worcester, Mass	290	<u>u</u> / 285	282	290	302	305	310 _	3/110
Fall River, Mass	126	125	12 6	127	127	128	128	102
Rhode Island	771	770	791	809	813	821	, 8f†J	109
Connecticut	1,988	1,967	2,002	2,079	2,152	2,172	2,185	110
New York metropolitan area	9,455	9,706	9,794	9,909	10,007	10,057	10,038	106
Niagara Frontier, N. Y	1,060	1,090	1,120	1,150	1,180	1,210	1,215	117
Rochester, N. Y	Ц72	478	ل 90	500	510	525	540	11/4
Hudson-Mohawk, N. Y	505	515	525	533	51,2	550	560	ın
Middle Hudson, N. Y	380	390	400	415	425	435	445	117
Binghamton, N. Y	169	172	174	176	179	181	184	1.09
Syracuse, N. Y	318	322	328	336	344	354	363	114
Amsterdam-Johnstown- Gloversville, N. Y.	80	80	81	81	81	81	82	102
New Jersey	4,801	4,922	5,002	5,093	5,201	5,319	5,474	114
Philadelphia, Pa	2,600	2,615	2,630	2,655	2,68 5	2,710	2,730	105
Baltimore, Md	950	953	961	963	966	966	974	103
Richmond, Va	355	368	379	391	110/1	1412	Ļ22	119

^{1/} For Rhode Island, Connecticut and New Jersey, the population estimates are based on the July 1 estimates of resident population including Armed Forces stationed in each state as published by the Bureau of the Census, U. S. Department of Commerce, less an estimated number of persons in farm operators' households who use home produced milk. The source of population data for the New York metropolitan area was Cornell University Bulletin A. E. 1078. Data for Baltimore, Md., were obtained from the Bureau of Biostatistics, Baltimore City Health Department. For the remaining areas, the population estimates have been based on the April 1, 1950, Census of Population of the respective marketing areas projected forward to July 1, 1950 and each succeeding year on the basis of indications of change from local sources. Estimates of population for the Niagara Frontier, Rochester, Middle Hudson, Binghamton, and Syracuse, N. Y., and Richmond, Va. marketing areas have been reduced by an estimated number of people in farm operators households using home produced milk.

- 8 -

^{2/} Marketing area enlarged October 1, 1951. 3/ 1956 as % of 1952.

I/ Marketing area reduced October 1, 1951.

Table 2 .- Fluid milk and skim products: Annual sales and per capita consumption

	in speci	Lfied No	rtheaste	marke	ts. 1950	per cap., •56	va coma	info eross	
Product				·		<u> </u>		1956 as %	of 1950
and	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	مرديد	Popu-
market							-//-	Sales	lation
	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mi3	Mil.		
WHOLE MILK	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds		pounds	Percent	Percent
Annual sales:									
Boston, Mass	683.3	677.9	688.8	690.7	697.1	720.0	735.0 156.1	108	103
Springfield, Mass	131.4	133.0	136.3	138.4	140.1	148.5			110
Merrimack Valley, Mass	78.6	80.9	93.8	95.3	95.9	100.6	106.1	1/113	1/ 109
Worcester, Mass	97.1	97.1	96.4	98.3		102.6	105.8		1/ 109 1/ 110
Fall River, Mass	40.2	110.3	40.4	41.0			42.2	105	102
Connecticut	622.7	634.6	660.5	675.5	689.3	725.0	754.5	121	110
New York metropolitan are	a3,134.7	3,151.9	3,192.8	3,171.2	3,194.9	3,278.8	3,315.3	106	106
New Jersey	1,430,4	1,469.0				1,654.4			111.
Philadelphia, Pa	699.0		699.5		711.6		724.2		105
Baltimore, Md	229.0		234.4	235.0			255.2	111	103
Richmond, Va	61.9	63.3	67.2	67.0	67.2	70.0	75.0	121	119
i									
Pon annita accommission	Donad-	- د ۵	Dasses J =	n >-	ከ	Da 3			
Per capita consumption: Boston, Mass	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds		
	314 221	313	317	313 21-3	313	323	327		
Springfield, Mass	334	339	3 <u>4</u> 2	341	338	349	361		
Merrimack Valley, Mass Worcester, Mass	294	291 341	291 252	291	286	293	301		
Fall River, Mass	335 319	322	342 321	339	328 318	336	341		
Connecticut	313	323	330	323	320	322 331.	330		
New York metropolitan are		325	326	325 320	3.19	334 326	345 330		
New Jersey	298	298	303	304	305	311			
Philadelphia, Pa	269	267	266	265	265	266	314		
Baltimore, Md	5/1	243	244 244	205 214	244	254	265 262		
Richmond, Va	174	172	177	171	166	170			
Table 1 Table	i ti	112	711	± : .t.	100	110	178		
MILK AND MILK DRINKS 2/	Mil.	M11.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.		
Annual sales:	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	ebruoq	pounds	Percent	Percent
Rhode Island	229.6	235.4	244.6	242.4	242.8	250,2	254.9	111	109
Niagara Frontier, N. Y	304-1	316.8	327.5	337.4	343.9	365.4	379.2		117
Rochester, N. Y	139.3	141.7	1կն.3	147.4	153.0		164.5	118	114
Hudson-Mohawk, N. Y	158.3	160.7	165.3	169.8	173.0		183.4	116	111
Middle Hudson, N. Y	111.1	3.13.7	117.7	124.4	126.9	130.9	132.7	119	117
Binghamton, N. Y	57.2	58.8	60.0	60.4	61.7	63.8	66.5	116	109
Syracuse, N. Y	96.8	102.0	105.9	109.1	110.6	116.8	120.4	124	$11l_{1}$
Amsterdam-Johnstown-							· ·	·	-
Gloversville, N. Y	29.1	29.4	29.7	29.5	28.8	29.5	30.0	103	102
Par comits accommation-	Pounds	Dougla	Dourse	Dave 3-	Dov 3 -	Davis			
Per capita consumption:	298	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds.		
Niagara Frontier, N. Y.		306 203	309 202	300	299	305	303		
Rochester, N. Y	2ช7 295	291 296	292 295	293	291	302	305		
Hudson-Mohawk, N. Y	313	312	315	295	300	301 325	305		
Middle Hudson, N. Y	292	291	294	319 300	319 299	325	327		
Binghamton, N. Y	338	342	345	343	299 345	301 353	298		
Syracuse, N. Y	30k	317	323	343 325			361		
Amsterdam-Johnstown-	پان ر	241	زعر	243	321	330	332		
Gloversville, N. Y	363	368	367	365	355	36lı	366		
	505	500	J.(1)	507	ررد	204	,,,,,		

See footnotes at end of table, page 11.

Table Z .--Fluid milk and skim products: Annual sales and per capita consumption in specified Northeastern markets, 1950-56--Continued

in	specified	l Northea	astern ma	rkets, :	1950-56-	Continue	ed	•	
Product and market	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956 as %	of 1950 Popu-
PLAIN SKIM MILK 3/ Annual sales:	Mil. pounds	Mil. pounds	M17 pounds	Mil. pounds	Mil. pounds	Mil. pounds	Mil. pounds	Percent	Percent
Boston, Mass Springfield, Mass Merrimack Valley, Mass. Worcester, Mass Fall River, Mass Connecticut Philadelphia, Pa	3.3 1.7 0.2 0.8 0.1 6.5 12.7	5.0 2.1 0.3 0.6 0.1 8.2 10.5	6.2 2.6 0.h 0.7 0.2 9.9 12.5	6.9 3.1 0.5 0.9 0.2 10.2 13.9	8.5 3.5 0.6 1.0 0.2 11.3 15.7	9.1 3.6 0.7 1.2 0.2 13.1 19.1	12.6 3.8 0.9 1.4 0.3 15.6 21.0	382 224 1/ 225 1/ 200 300 240 165	103 110 1/109 1/110 102 ,110 105
Per capita consumption: Boston, Mass Springfield, Mass Merrimack Valley, Mass. Worcester, Mass Fall River, Mass Connecticut Philadelphia, Pa	Pounds 1.5 4.2 0.8 2.6 0.9 3.3 4.9	Pounds 2.3 5.4 1.2 2.1 1.1 4.2 4.0	Pounds 2.6 6.6 1.4 2.5 1.3 5.0 4.8	Pounds 3.1 7.6 1.6 2.9 1.5 4.9 5.2	Pounds 3.8 6.5 1.9 3.4 1.6 5.3 5.8	Pounds 4.1. 8.4 2.0 3.8 1.8 6.0 7.0	Pounds 5.6 8.9 2.6 4.5 2.2 7.1 7.7		
FLAVORED MILK L/ Annual sales: Boston, Mass. Springfield, Mass. Nerrimack Valley, Mass. Worcester, Mass. Connecticut. New Jersey. Philadelphia, Pa. Baltimore, Md. Richmond, Va.	Mil. pounds 11.1 2.4 1.2 1.5 1.6 13.7 19.6 17.3 14.5 3.1	Mil. pounds 12.5 2.9 1.4 2.0 1.8 15.4 21.5 18.7 14.5	Mil. pounds 11.9 3.0 1.8 2.0 1.8 15.9 22.3 18.7 14.6 3.1	Mil. pounds 10.9 2.8 1.8 2.1 1.7 15.4 23.1 19.6 14.6 3.0	Mil. pounds 10.5 2.6 1.7 1.5 15.4 20.3 18.7 15.1 2.8	Mil. pounds 11.9 2.5 1.9 2.0 1.6 16.8 22.1 18.8 16.1 3.0	Mil. pounds 11.4 2.3 2.1 2.0 1.5 16.7 20.9 17.4 16.5 3.1	Percent 103 96 1/ 117 1/ 100 914 122 107 101 114 100	Percent 103 110 1/109 1/110 102 110 1114 105 103 119
Per capita consumption: Boston, Mass Springfield, Mass Merrimack Valley, Mass. Worcester, Mass Fall River, Mass Connecticut New Jersey Philadelphia, Pa Baltimore, Md Richmond, Va	Pounds 5.1 6.0 4.4 5.3 12.8 6.9 4.0 6.6 15.2 8.7	Pounds 5.8 7.4 5.2 7.0 14.5 7.9 4.0 7.1 15.2	Pounds 5.5 7.4 5.5 7.0 14.2 8.0 4.0 7.1 15.2 8.2	Pounds 5.0 6.9 5.5 7.2 13.2 7.9 4.0 7.1 15.2 7.8	Pounds 4.7 6.2 5.0 5.8 12.0 7.2 4.0 7.0 15.6 6.9	Pounds 5.3 5.8 5.6 6.5 12.6 7.7 1.0 6.9 16.7 7.3	Founds 5.1 5.4 6.0 6.6 12.0 7.7 1.0 6.1 17.0 7.3		

See footnotes at end of table, page 11.

Table 2 .-- Fluid milk and skim products: Annual sales and per capita consumption in specified Northeastern markets, 1950-56--Continued

	P	- 1101 01100	O OCE II ME	incoa,		OOHOTHU	-u		
Product and market	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956 as % Sales	of 1950 Popu- lation
	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.		
BUTTERNILK 5/	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	Percent	Percent
Annual sales:						*			
Boston, Mass	2.7	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.0	2.8	104	103
Springfield, Mass	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	C.8	114	110
Merrimack Valley, Mass	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	1/100	1/109
Worcester, Mass	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0•fi]	ॉ ∕_80	I/1 10
Fall River, Mass	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	100	- 102
Connecticut	2.9	3.2	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.7	128	110
New Jersey	12 • l;	14.0	15.9	1 6.6	15.5	16.6	15.7	127	114
Philadelphia, Pa	9.1	9.8	10.1	9.8	9.2	9.4	8.5	93	105
Baltimore, Md	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	103	103
Richmond, Va	3.6	-	4.8	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.9	164	119
							ļ		
Per capita consumptions	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds		
Boston, Mass	1.2	1.3	1,4	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.2		
Springfield, Mass	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.7		
Merrimack Valley, Mass	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0		
Worcester, Mass		1.8	1.8	1.6	1. 1,	1.5	1.2		
Fall River, Mass	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0•6	0.7	0.6		
Connecticut	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.7		
New Jersey	2.6	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.1	2.9		
Philadelphia, Pa	3.5	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.1		
Baltimore, Md	3.7	3.7	3.9	3.6	3,6	3.7	3.7		
Richmond, Va	10.1		12.7	13.4	13.2	13.4	14.0		

^{1/ 1956} as % of 1952 2/ Milk and milk drinks - includes milk classified for fluid use in most markets - whole milk, plain skim milk, flavored milk or drink, buttermilk, etc.

^{3/} Plain skim milk - may include plain and fortified skim and part skim milk.
11/ Flavored milk - may include product with or without milkfat content.
15/ Buttermilk - buttermilk and cultured products.

Table 3. —Milk equivalent of fluid cream: Annual sales and per capita consumption in specified Northeastern markets, 1950-56 1/

	i sbecri	led Nort	neast err	n market:	-1950 و 8	·56 <u>1</u> /			
Item								J.956 as #	of 1950
and	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	_	Popu-
market	 -	<u> </u>		<u></u>				Sales	lation
	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.		
Annual sales:	pounds	'pounds			pounds	pounds	pounds	Percent	Percent
Boston, Mass	201.3	193.0		186.4	181.5	186.8			
Springfield, Mass	22.5	21.5		21.7	22.7		190.0	377	103
Merrimack Valley, Mass	13.1	13.2		14.9	74°†	23.5	25.4	2/ 113	110
Worcester, Mass	19.1	19.6	18.6	19.0	18.8	13.9 18.1	16.8	2/ 1 09 2/ 96	2/109 2/110
Fall River, Mass	6.6	6.3	5,9	5.9	5.9	6.1	17.9 6.4		\$ 110
Connecticut	110.5	111.7		113.1		117.5		97	102
Rhode Island	45.8	46.1	1.3.0	38.9	41.1	47.3	122.1	110	110
New York metropolitan area	821.0	811.7	787.3	780.4	768.9	768.5	768.0	103	108
Niagara Frontier, N. Y	42.0	43.7	й3.5	43.6	41.6	42.9	43.4	94	106
Rochester, N. Y	16.8	17.0		16.4	16,1	16.5		103	117
Hudson-Mohawk, N. Y	25.8	26.1	27.0	27.6	26.9	27.3	17.3 27.8	103 108	11h
Middle Hudson, N. Y	17.4	17.4		18.5	19.3	20.1			111
Binghamton, N. Y	10.1	10.2	10.3	10.1	10.4	10,8	21.4	123	117
Syracuse, N. Y	16.4	17.1	18.5	18.7	18.2	19.0		100 118	109
Amsterdam-Johnstown-		•-		1061	1002	17.0	19.4	1,10	1,11,
Gloversville, N. Y	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.9	108	100
New Jersey	252.7	265.5	262.3	284.3	278,5	273.5	267.1	106	102
Philadelphia, Pa	103.0	101.8	102.6	103.3	100.0	99•4	101.2	98	111
Saltimore, Md	30.0	29.2	26.5	26.4	26.7	25.5	24.9	83	105
Richmond, Va	6.6	6.3	6.1	6.7	6.5	6.2	6.6	100	103
				J.,	0	V.	0.0	100	119
Per capita consumption:	Pounds	Doumdo	Dan-d-	Taura de	n4-				
Boston, Mass	93	Pounds 89	86	Pounds		Pounds			
Springfield, Mass	57	55		81	82	817	85		
Merrimack Valley, Mass) [] [22 47	54 48	53 46	55	55	59		
Worcester, Mass	149 66	69	66		fi3	fiο	48		
Fall River, Mass	53	50	147	65 La	62 46	59	58		
Connecticut	56 56	57 57		년7 라		<u>г</u> 8	50		
Rhode Island	59	60	55 514	54 48	53	2h	56		
New York metropolitan area.	87	84	80		51 77	58	56		
Niagara Frontier	70	40	39	79 38	77 25	76	77		
Rochester, N. Y	36	36			35	35	35		
Hudson-Mohawk, N. Y	51	51	33 51	33 52	32 50	31	32		
Middle Hudson, N. Y	46	45	43	92 44	45	50 1.6	50		
Binghamton, N. Y	60	59	59		42	46	48		
Syracuse, N. Y	52	53	56	57 56	58 53	60	55 54		
Amsterdam-Johnstown-	<i>)</i>))	نر	90	7 3	5h	74		
Gloversville, N. Y	45	45	45	47	1.3.	1.0	1.0		
New Jersey	53	54	52 52		۲. انب	1 ₁ 8	148		
Philadelphia, Pa	0 ا	39		56 30	54 27	51 27	119		
Baltimore, Md	32	39 31	39 28	39 27	37 28	37	37		
Richmond, Va	18	17	15	17	26 16	27 15	26		
		+1	200	-A. J	TU	エフ	16 f		

^{1/} Milk equivalent of fluid cream - the quantity of milk from producers required to obtain the milkfat of cream used. See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent. 2/ 1956 as % of 1952.

SALES AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION FOR INDIVIDUAL MARKETS

In six of the Federal Order markets and for the State of Connecticut, a larger number of fluid milk and cream items are now reported. Skim milk product sales, previously shown only as milk drinks and reported in total or in a combination with whole milk, are now shown separately as skim milk, flavored milk, and buttermilk. Fluid cream items, which were on either a total pound basis or in total milk equivalent terms in the previous report, are now listed as light cream, heavy cream, and sour cream in the six Federal Markets and as extra light, light, medium, and heavy cream for Connecticut. In addition, annual average percentages of milkfat are given when available.

Massachusetts Federal Order Markets

In the Boston marketing area (table 4), total sales of whole milk and skim milk in 1956 were generally higher than in 1950 while sales of fluid cream were lower. The marketing area includes the city of Boston and 36 surrounding cities and towns. Per capita consumption of whole milk at 327 pounds in 1956 had increased 13 pounds from 1950. Skim milk consumption at 5.6 pounds per person in 1956 was up 4.1 pounds. The milk equivalent of fluid cream consumed in 1956 was 85 pounds per capita - a decline of 5 pounds from 1950 with the largest declines in light and heavy cream. Total consumption of all items reported, on a milk equivalent basis, increased 6 pounds per person in this 7-year period.

Increases in <u>Springfield</u> market sales (table 5) from 1950 to 1956 were sizable for whole milk, skim milk, and heavy cream. However, sales of flavored milk decreased. Per capita consumption of whole milk increased 27 pounds or 8 percent, and skim milk increased 4.7 pounds per person to more than double the 1950 level. Heavy cream consumption advanced 0.5 pound per person or 14 percent. On a milk equivalent basis, total consumption of all items in this market increased 24 pounds per person.

Annual sales of fluid items in the Merrimack Valley marketing area (table 6) increased markedly for skim and flavored milk and light and sour cream. The marketing area includes Lowell, Lawrence, and Haverhill and 13 surrounding towns. Per capita increases in consumption for 1950-56 were 7 pounds for whole milk, 1.8 pounds for skim milk and 1.6 pounds for flavored milk. Consumption of light cream increased 1.5 pounds while heavy cream decreased 0.5 pound per person for the same period. Total consumption of all fluid items in terms of the milk equivalent increased 10 pounds per person or 3 percent.

In the Worcester market (table 7), annual sales of skim and flavored milk and light and sour cream increased substantially, but declines occurred in buttermilk and heavy cream. Considered relative to population, the higher sales represented increased per capita consumption of whole milk by 6 pounds, skim milk 2.0 pounds, and flavored items 1.3 pounds. Consumption of heavy cream on a product pound basis declined 0.6 pound per capita from 1950 to 1956. Total annual consumption of all fluid milk items reported on a milk equivalent basis declined 6 pounds per person.

Sales of fluid milk products in the <u>Fall River marketing area</u> (table 8) from 1950 to 1956 were marked by substantial increases in skin milk and light cream and decreases in heavy and sour cream. On a per capita basis, consumption of whole milk was up 3 percent. Skim milk more than doubled, while light cream consumption was up one-fifth. Small per capita declines for all other items were reported. Total consumption of these products on a milk equivalent basis was 3 pounds per person or 1 percent higher in 1956 than in 1950.

Rhode Island

Annual sales of milk and milk drinks for Rhode Island (table 9) were 11 percent higher in 1956 than in 1950 while cream advanced only 3 percent. On a per capita basis, milk and milk drink sales increased 5 pounds per person; cream sales in terms of milk equivalent declined 3 pounds per person. Together, milk and milk drinks and the milk equivalent of cream increased 2 pounds per person.

Connecticut

Annual sales of skim milk, buttermilk, and medium cream in Connecticut (table 10) increased during 1950-56. Sales of light and heavy cream declined. Sales of extra-light cream, for which data are available for the period 1952-56 only, made sizable increases. The most important per capita consumption increases were: whole milk 32 pounds, or 10 percent; skim milk 3.3 pounds, to more than double; and medium cream 0.7 pound, almost triple. The total consumption of all listed items on a milk equivalent basis increased 33 pounds per person from 1950 through 1956.

New York metropolitan marketing area

Sales of whole milk increased and cream decreased in the New York metropolitan area in 1956 as compared with 1950 (see table 11). The metropolitan area included New York City, and Nassau, Suffolk (except Fisher's Island), and Westchester counties in New York. However, per capita consumption of whole milk was down 2 pounds and cream (milk equivalent basis) 10 pounds. In total, consumption of milk and the milk equivalent of cream declined 12 pounds per capita.

It should be pointed out that all fluid whole milk shipped into the New York marketing area for the period was classified as IA milk regardless of whether it was used as fluid whole milk or separated into fluid cream and fresh skim milk. However, the quantities of Class IA milk actually separated are not known but are believed to be small. In addition to sales under the order, sales of non-pooled milk sold for fluid consumption in the marketing area and both sweet and sour fluid cream made from storage cream have been included in the data.

Upstate New York marketing areas

Data for the upstate New York markets vary somewhat due to the method of

compilation (see table 12). For Niagara Frontier and Rochester, sales are confined largely to the market areas as defined by State Orders. Binghamton sales figures have been revised from previous issues of this bulletin to exclude known "out-of-area" deliveries for 1955 and 1956 and on the basis of known trends in the market for prior years. The remaining marketing areas are believed to be sufficiently isolated from other areas so that portions of sales outside the areas represented by the population estimates are small.

In the Niagara Frontier marketing area, annual sales of milk and milk drinks were 25 percent higher in 1956 than in 1956, with sales of cream up 3 percent. The marketing area includes Niagara County, and the cities of Buffalo, Tonawanda and Lackawanna and 19 towns in Erie and Orleans counties. On a per capita basis, consumption of milk and milk drinks increased 18 pounds for the period; cream, in milk equivalent terms, declined 5 pounds per person. Total consumption of milk and milk drinks and the milk equivalent of cream increased 13 pounds per person.

For the Rochester marketing area, annual sales of milk and milk drinks during 1956 were 18 percent above 1950; cream sales were 3 percent higher. On a per capita basis, consumption of milk and milk drinks was 10 pounds higher. Cream, in terms of milk equivalent, declined a pounds per person. For the total of milk and milk drinks and the milk equivalent of cream, consumption increased 6 pounds per person.

In the <u>Hudson-Mohawk marketing area</u>, annual sales of milk and milk drinks were up 16 percent from 1950 and cream sales were up 8 percent. The marketing erea comprises the cities of Albany, Schenectady and Troy and 27 surrounding dities and towns. Per capita consumption for the same period was 14 pounds larger for milk and milk drinks, 1 pound smaller for cream (milk equivalent), and 13 pounds larger for the total of both items.

The Middle Hudson marketing area (Dutchess, Orange, Putnam and Ulster counties) reported increases in annual sales of 19 percent for milk and milk drinks and 23 percent for cream during 1950-56. Per person, the expansion in consumption was 6 pounds for milk and milk drinks and 2 pounds for the milk equivalent of cream, or a total increase of 8 pounds per person.

In <u>Binghamton</u>, yearly sales of milk and milk drinks were 16 percent higher in 1956 than in 1950; cream sales were about unchanged. In per capita terms, milk and milk drink consumption was 23 pounds higher, while cream (milk equivalent) declined 5 pounds. The combined consumption of these items was up 18 pounds per person.

For Syracuse, sales in 1956 were higher than in 1950 by 24 percent for milk and milk drinks and 19 percent for cream. On a per person basis, Syracuse consumers used 28 pounds more milk and milk drinks and 2 pounds more milk equivalent of cream for a total increase of 30 pounds.

For the Amsterdam-Johnstown-Gloversville marketing area, sales during 1956 were 3 percent higher than during 1950 for milk and milk drinks and 9 percent higher for cream. In per capita terms, milk and milk drink consumption

increased 3 pounds and cream (milk equivalent) was up 3 pounds for a total gain of 6 pounds.

Philadelphia marketing area

Important changes in annual sales of fluid items in Philadelphia (table 13) were increases in skim milk and decreases in heavy cream and sour cream. On a per capita basis, whole milk consumption dropped h pounds while that of skim milk rose 2.8 pounds. Consumption of cream in milk equivalent terms decreased 3 pounds per person. Consumption of all items reported (milk equivalent) was 5 pounds per person smaller in 1956 than in 1950.

New Jersey

Increases from 1950 to 1956 in New Jersey sales of whole milk and butter-milk were particularly sharp (see table lh). Cream and chocolate drink sales also showed increases. Consumption per person of whole milk increased 16 pounds, or 5 percent. However, consumption of cream decreased 4 pounds per person or 8 percent. Consumption of whole milk and the milk equivalent of fluid cream was 12 pounds per person higher. Per capita consumption of chocolate drink was slightly lower.

Baltimore

Whole milk sales in Baltimore (table 14) in 1956 were higher while cream sales were substantially lower than in 1950. In terms of per person usage, consumption of whole milk increased 21 pounds and that of cream (milk equivalent basis) decreased 6 pounds. The average consumption increase for the two items was 15 pounds per person.

Richmond marketing area

Per capita consumption rates for all products sold in Richmond, Va. (table 14) have been revised from those previously published for 1950-54 because of a general revision in the market area. In prior issues, this market was estimated to include the population within an area of 10 miles of the city hall. In recent years, the marketing area covered by Richmond handlers has expanded beyond this limit. Since sales data from the State Milk Commission are not available for the area presently covered to revise years prior to 1950, the level in per capita consumption rates previously published for 1940-49 varies somewhat from those in this bulletin.

Annual sales of both whole milk and buttermilk increased from 1950 to 1956 while cream sales stayed fairly even and chocolate milk decreased. Per person use of whole milk advanced only slightly while buttermilk consumption jumped 39 percent. However, cream and chocolate drink consumption declined. The combined consumption of whole milk and the milk equivalent of cream increased only 2 pounds per person.

Table h.-Boston, Mass.: Annual sales, milkfat test, and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

		Annual sales for fluid use 1/												
Year	W	nole milk	Ski	m milk	Flavored	i milk	Buttermilk							
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test						
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent						
1950.	681,326	3.88	3,3lµlı		11,116	2.08	2,715	1.41						
1951.	677,883	3.87	5,037	-	12,468	2.08	2,810	1.48						
1952.	688,843	3.86	6,151	-	11,892	2.06	3,097	1.38						
1953.	690,710	3.85	6,867	-	10,935	2.05	3,042	1.31						
1951.	697,105	3.86	8,539	-	10,529	2,06	2,777	1.36						
1955.	720,025	3.86	9,129	-	11,918	2.05	3,0կկ	1.34						
1956.	735.010	1.84	12.631		11,357	2.0h	2,758	1,35						

		1) 1/						
Year	Light cream		Неачу с	ream	Sour	cream	Population 2/	
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test]	
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	Thousands	
1950.	29,422	18.27	6,265	37.11	2,082	17.91	2,172	
1951.	28,392	18.23	5,927	36.94	1,974	17.90	2,165	
1952.	27,545	18.21	5,525	37.20	1.864	18.15	2,175	
1953.	27,792	18.23	5,447	37.26	1,894	18.02	2,210	
1954.	26,892	18.19	5,403	37.15	1,900	18.00	2,225	
1955.	27,367	18.18	5,478	37.00	2,081	18.07	2,230	
1956.	26,837	18.10	5,888	36,25	بلباه رُ 2	18.08	2,245	

		Annual per capita consumption											
Year	Whole milk	Skim milk	Flavored milk	Butter- milk	Light cream	Heavy cream	Sour cream	Milk equiv.	Milk equivalent of all items reported 3/				
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds				
1950.	311/4	1.5	5.1	1.2	13.6	2.9	1.0	93 89	400				
1951.	313	2.3	5.8	1.3	13.1	2.7	0.9	89	395				
1952.	317	2.8	5.5	1.4	12.7	2.5	0.9	86	397				
1953.	313	3.1	5.0	1.4	12.6	2.5	0.9	84	389				
1954.	313	3.8	4.7	1.2	12.1	2.4	0.8	82	388				
1955.	323	4.1	5.3	1.4	12.3	2.5	0.9	8 <u>1.</u> 85	1403				
1956.	327	5.6	5.1	1.2	12.0	2.6	0.9	85	1,06				

^{1/} Based on reports from the Federal Market Administrator to the Dairy Division. Sales are segregated to include no significant quantities of out-of-area sales. Quantities include: Skim milk - plain and fortified skim and part skim milk; Flavored milk -may include product with or without milkfat content; Buttermilk -buttermilk and cultured specialties; Light cream - includes mixtures of milk and cream.

3/ See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

^{2/} Estimates of the July 1 resident population of the market area are based on annual estimates for the state by the U. S. Bureau of the Census and changes indicated by the 1955 Census of Mars. The marketing area includes the city of Boston and 36 surrounding cities and towns.

Table 5.--Springfield, Mass.: Annual sales, milkfat test, and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

	Annual sales for fluid use 1/												
Year	Wh	ole milk	Sicir	n milk	Flavored	milk	Buttermilk						
	Sales Fat test Sa		Sales Fat test		Sales Fat test		Sales	Fat test					
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent					
1950. 1951.	133.053	3.82 3.78	1,665 2,099	<u>-</u>	2,360 2,899	1,98 1,99	684 754	1.36 1.40					
1952 1953	136,314 138,424	3.75 3.76	2,609 3,104	-	2,951 2,799	1.98 1.98	799 845	1.12 0.55					
1954. 1955.	140,119 148,454	3.75 3,72	3,531 3,572	-	2,567 2,455	1.96 1.88	777 818	0.49 0.28					
1956	156.063	3.69	3.836		2,327	1.91	753	0.33					

		Annual sales for fluid use (continued) 1/									
Year	Light c	light cream Heavy cream			Sour c	ream	Population 2/				
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test					
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	Thousands				
1950	1,649	18.74	1,41?	38.35	137	17.81	393				
1951	1,689	18.h9	1,319	37.83	161	17.69	392				
1952	1,739	18.0կ	1,292	37.69	143	18.22	398				
1953	1,747	17.89	1,346	37.42	11:1:	17.76	406				
1954	1,764	17.83	1,467	36.81	141	17.80	415				
1952 1953 1954 1955	1,691	17.60	1,572	36.59	143	18.02	1,25				
1956	1,739	17.53	1,779	35.89	11:5	18.07	1,32				

		Annual per capita consumption												
Year	Whole milk	Skin milk	Flavored milk	Butter- milk	Light cream	Heavy cream	Sour cream	Milk equiv. of cream	Milk equivalent of all items reported 3/					
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds					
1950.	334	4.2	6.0	1.7	4.2	3.6	0.4	57	388					
1951	339	5-4	7.4	1.9	4.3	3.4	0.4	57 55 54	387					
1952.	342	6.6	7.4	2.0	4.4	3.2	0.4	54	389					
1953. 1954.	341	7.6	6.9	2,1	4.3	3.3	0.4	53	388					
1954	338	8.5	6.2	1.9	<u> հ</u> .2	3.5	0.3	55	385					
1955.	349	8.4	5.8	1.9	4.0	3.7	0.3	53 55 55	397					
1956.	361	8.9	5•4	1.7	4.0	4.1	0.3	59	412					

Ly Based on reports from the Federal Market Administrator to the Dairy Division. Sales are segregated to include no significant quantities of out-of-area sales. Quantities include: Skim milk, plain and fortified skim and part skim milk; Flavored milk - may include product with or without milkfat content; Buttermilk - buttermilk and cultured specialties; Light cream - includes mixtures of milk and cream.

^{2/} Estimates of the July 1 resident population of the market area are based on annual estimates for the State by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and changes indicated by the 1955 Census of Massachusetts. The marketing area includes the city of Springfield and 12 surrounding cities and towns. 3/ See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

Table 6 .--Merrimack Valley, Mass.: Annual sales, milkfat test, and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

	Annual sales for fluid use 1/										
Year	W)	nole milk	Ski	m milk	Flavored	i milk	Buttermilk				
[Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test			
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent			
1950	78,593	3.77	227	-	1,169	2,60	225				
1951.	80,899	3.78	32 6	-	1,433	2.50	266	_			
1952	93,793	3.76	1417	-	1,770	2.73	321	0.53			
1953 1954 1955	95,317	3.77	512	-	1,813	2.65	320	0.18			
1954	95,881	3.7 9	631	-	1,679	2.52	298	0.20			
1955	100,553	3.79	691	-	1,915	2.51	306	0.32			
1956	106,09կ	3.78	922		2,104	2,52	333	0.20			

		Anı	nual sales fo	r fluid use	(continued) 1/		
Year	Idght (Light cream		eam	Sour	cream	Population 2/	
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	_	
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	Thousands	
1950 1951. 1952.	893 981	19.82 18.9h	839 817	38.57 38.27	13 31	18.51 17.93	267 278	
952. 953.	1,211, 1,207	18.66 18.44	915 865	38.55 38.88	31 45 47 56	18.26 17.94	322 328	
1953. 1951: 1955: 1956.	1,200 1,202 1,702	18.41 18.34 16.86	826 773 910	38.92 38.67 37.84	56 53 67	17.87 18.15 18.21	335 343 352	

		Annual per capita consumption										
Year	Whole milk	Skim milk	Flavored milk	Butter- milk	Light cream	Heavy cream	Sour cream	Milk equiv.	Milk equivalent of all items reported 3/			
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Founds			
1950		0.8	կ. ↓	0.8	3.3	3.1	0.1	49	340			
1951.	291	1.2	5.2	1.0	3.5	2.9	0.1	47	339			
1952	291	1.4	5.5	1.0	3.8	2.8	0.1	48	340			
1953.	291	1.6	5.5	1.0	3.7	2.6	0.1	46	338			
1954. 1955.	286	1.9	5.0	0.9	3.6	2.5	0.2	43	330			
1955.	293	2.0	5.6	0.9	3.5	2.2	0.2	40	335			
1956	301	2.6	6.0	1.0	և.8	2.6	0.2	48	350			

Ly Based on reports from the Federal Market Administrator to the Dairy Division. Sales are segregated to include no significant quantities of out-of-area sales. Quantities include: Skim milk - plain and fortified skim and part skim milk; Flavored milk - may include product with or without milkfat content; Buttermilk - buttermilk and cultured specialties; Light cream - includes mixtures of milk and cream.

^{2/} Estimates of the July 1 resident population of the market area are based on annual estimates for the State by the U. S. Bureau of the Census and changes indicated by the 1955 Census of Massachusetts. The marketing area includes the cities of Lowell, Lawrence, and Haverhill and 13 surrounding towns. Groveland, Haverhill, Merrimack, and West Newbury were added to the area October 1, 1951. 3/ See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

Table 7.--Worcester, Mass.: Annual sales, milkfat test, and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream preducts, and population, 1950-56

		Annual sales for fluid use 1/										
Year	WI	ole milk	Skim milk		Flavored	i milk	Buttermilk					
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test				
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent				
1950.	97,086	3.78	755		1,542	2.85	416	0.97				
1951.		3.78	586	-	1,998	2.86	506	1.02				
1952.	96,360	3.78	711	-	975ء ً1	2.82	493	0.90				
1953.		3.78	853	-	2,074	2.65	454	0.25				
1954.	99,017	3.76	1.014	_	1,735	2.50	437	0.16				
1955.	102,588	3.75	1,153	_	1,973	2.48	456	0.11				
1956.	105,815	3.72	1,410	_	2,045	2.53	389	0.54				

		Ar	nual sales f	or fluid us	e (continued	1) <u>1</u> /		
Year	Light o	cream	Heavy c	ream	Sour	cream	Population 2/	
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	<u></u>	
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	Thousands	
1950.	1,292	19.44	1,202	37.69	91	18.13	290	
1951.	1,439	18,20	1,215	37.24	131	17.88	285	
1952.	1,433	18.0և	1,117	37.31	1145	18.13	282	
1953.	1,546	17.88	1,108	37.62	147	18.03	290	
195/1	1,556	17.73	1,106	37.30	1146	18.05	302	
1954. 1955.	1,527	17.70	1,038	37.17	146	18.05	305	
1956.		17.06	1,086	36.64	151	18.05	310	

			Annual per capita consumption										
Year	Whole milk	Skim milk	Flavored milk	Butter- milk	Light cream	Heavy cream	Sour cream	Milk equiv. of cream	Milk equivalent of all items reported 3/				
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds				
1950.	335	2.6	5.3	1.4	4.5	4.1	0.3	66	1,05				
1951. 1952.	341	2.1	7.0 7.0	1.8 1.8	5.0 5.1	4.3 4.0	0.5 0.5	69 66	416 413				
1953.	3142 339	2.5 2.9	7.2	1.6	5.3	3.8	0.5	65	409				
195և.	328	3.4	5.8	1.4	5.2	3.7	0.5	62	390				
1955. 1956.	336	3.8	6.5	1.5	5.0	3.4	0.5	59	398				
1956.	341	4.6	6.6	1.2	4.7_	3.5	0.5	58	399				

^{1/} Based on reports from the Federal Market Administrator to the Dairy Division. Sales are segregated to include no significant quantities of out-of-area sales. Quantities include: Skim milk - plain and fortified skim and part skim milk; Flavored milk - may include product with or without milkfat content; Buttermilk - buttermilk and cultured specialties; Light cream - includes mixtures of milk and cream.

^{2/} Estimates of the July 1 resident population of the market area are based on annual estimates for the State by the U. S. Bureau of the Census and changes indicated by the 1955 Census of Massachusetts. The marketing area includes the city of Worcester and 12 surrounding towns. Northbridge was excluded from the area October 1, 1951.

^{3/} See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

Table 8.—Fall River, Mass.: Annual sales, milkfat test, and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

	Annual sales for fluid use 1/										
Year	Whole milk		Skim milk		Flavor	red milk	Buttermilk				
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test			
	1,000 lbs	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent			
1950.	40,242	3.72	116		1,615	2.84	83	1.63			
1951.	40,264	3.74	135	-	1,816	2.92	80	1.59			
L952.	40,410	3.74	169	-	1,783	2.90	89	1.57			
1953.	40,971	3.73	194	-	1,676	2.70	86	1.65			
1954.	40, հ47	3.73	209	-	1,521	2,61	7 6	1.53			
1955.	41,271	3.73	228	-	1,611	2.59	87	1.48			
1956.	42,243	3.73	285	-	1,538	2,66	81	1.12			

		Annual sales for fluid use (continued) 1/									
Year	Light o	ream	Heavy cream		Sour	cream	Population 2/				
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	7				
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	Thousands				
1950.	581	18.68	328	38.53	37	18.38	126				
1951.	606	18.77	298	39.01	36	18.22	125				
1952.	581	18.87	274	38.82	37	18.15	126				
1953.	615	18.72	266	38.87	37	18.18	127				
1954.	623	18,53	255	38.67	36	18.16	127				
1955.	662	18.46	257	38,22	32	18.23	126				
1956.	703	18.12	280	37.18	30	18,21	128				

		Annual per capita consumption										
Year	Whole milk	Skim milk	Flavored milk	Butter- milk	Light cream	Heavy cream	Sour cream	Milk equiv. of cream	Milk equivalent of all items reported 3/			
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds			
1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955.	319 322 321 323 318 322 330	0.9 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.6 1.8 2.2	12.8 14.5 14.2 13.2 12.0 12.6 12.0	0.7 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.7	4.6 4.8 4.9 5.2 5.5	2.6 2.4 2.2 2.1 2.0 2.0 2.2	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2	53 50 47 47 46 48 50	390 382 376 373 371 384 393			

^{1/} Based on reports from the Federal Market Administrator to the Dairy Division. Sales are segregated to include no significant quantities of out-of-area sales. Quantities include: Skim milk - plain and fortified skim and part skim milk; Flavored milk - may include product with or without milkfat content; Buttermilk - buttermilk and cultured specialties; Light cream - includes mixtures of milk and cream.

^{2/} Estimates of the July 1 resident population of the market area are based on annual estimates for the State by the U. S. Bureau of the Census and changes indicated by the 1955 Census of Massachusetts. The marketing area includes the city of Fall River and 2 surrounding towns.
3/ See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

Table 9 .-- Rhode Island: Annual sales and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		products, and po	mulation.	1950-56			
-		nnual sales fluid use <u>l</u>	TOL	Popula- tion 3/	Annual per capita consumption			
Year	Milk and milk drinks	Cr 40% cream basis	Milk equiv- alent 2/		Milk and milk drinks	Cream (milk equiv- alent)	Milk and milk equiv- alent of cream	
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Thous.	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955	242,350 242,774 250,236	4,165 4,194 4,191 3,788 4,004 4,616 4,595	45,795 46,092 42,985 38,851 41,067 47,344 47,128	771 770 791 809 813 821 811	298 306 309 300 299 305 303	59 54 54 56 56	357 366 363 348 350 363 359	

^{1/} Based on data of the Rhode Island Milk Control Board. Sales of Class I milk include those reported to the Board plus estimated sales by dealers not required to report.

Table 10 .-- Connecticut: Annual sales and per capita consumption of fluid

——		Ţ	ailk and	cream prod				<u>56</u>		<u> </u>
	ļ			_Annual_sa	les for	fluid use	<u>.</u> }/			
Year	Whole milk	Skim milk	Flav- ored milk	Butter- milk	Extra light cream	Light cream	Medium cream	Heavy cream	Cream (milk equiv.) 2	Popula- tion 3/
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Thous,
1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954.	622,689 634,615 660,496 675,488 689,302 724,990	6,502 8,180 9,941 10,192 11,336 13,136	13,682 15,447 15,924 16,409 15,148 16,754	2,880 3,159 3,681 3,608 3,520 3,873	1,743 1,797 2,169 2,825	9,106 9,268 7,970 7,70h 7,51h 7,527	725 817 902 1,119 1,478 1,880	6,191 5,995 5,757 5,655 5,426 5,129	110,483 111,701 110,836 113,130 113,909 117,508	2,002 2,079 2,152
1956.		15,556	16,742	3,657	3,865	7,352	2,429	ų,831	122,066	2,185

			i	<u>Annual per</u>	<u>capita</u>	<u>consumpti</u>	on			
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	<u>Pounds</u>	Pounds	Pounds 4
1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955.	313 323 330 325 320 334	3.3 4.2 5.0 4.9 5.3 6.0	6.9 7.9 8.0 7.9 7.2 7.7	1.4 1.6 1.8 1.7 1.6	- .9 .9 1.0	4.5 4.7 4.0 3.7 3.5 3.5	0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.9	3.1 3.0 2.9 2.7 2.5 2.4	56 57 55 54 53 54	369 380 386 380 374 388
1956.	345	7.1	7•7	1.7	1.8	3.4	1.1	2,2	56	1:02

^{1/} Compiled from records of the Connecticut Milk Administrator. Average fat percentages are: Whole milk 3.7, skim milk 0.75, flavored milk 2.0, and buttermilk 1.0. Cream percentages range: extra light 12-15.9, light 16-25.9, medium 26-35.9, and heavy 36 and over.

^{2/} Test of milk receipts estimated at 3.90 percent fat.
3/ July 1 resident population as estimated by the U. S. Bureau of the Census less estimated number of persons in farm operators households who use home produced milk.

^{1/} Sales by State handlers to out-of-state government installations omitted in 1956. For comparability with prior years, sales are 283,836,000 pounds and per capita consumption 314 pounds.

^{2/} Calculated on the basis of the midpoint of the range of fat percentages by item and the weight of product as shown in the appendix using the average test of receipts as reported.

^{3/} July 1 resident population as estimated by the U. S. Bureau of the Census less estimated number of persons in farm operators! househ lds who use home produced milk.

h/ Milk equivalent of all items reported. See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

Table 11.--New York metropolitan area: Annual sales and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56 1/

Year		Annual sales fluid use	for		Annual per capita consumption			
	Whole milk	38% cream basis	Milk equiv- alent	Popula- tion	Whole milk	Cream (milk equiv- alent)	Milk and milk equiv- alent of cream	
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955	Mil. Pounds 3,135 3,152 3,152 3,171 3,195 3,279 3,315	1,000 Pounds 79,503 77,963 75,411 74,346 73,045 72,599 72,961	1,000 <u>Pounds</u> 820,951 811,671 787,253 780,414 768,892 768,468 768,006	Thous. 9,155 9,706 9,791 9,909 10,007 10,057 10,038	Pounds 332 325 326 320 319 326 330	Pounds 87 814 80 79 77 76 77	Pounds li19 li09 li06 399 396 li02 li07	

^{1/} Source: Spencer, Leland, and Parker, Ida, Consumption and Distribution of Milk and Cream in the New York Market, Bulletin A. E. 1078, Cornell University Agricultural Experiment Station, 1957. The whole milk series includes nonpooled milk sold for fluid consumption in the market area. The fluid cream series includes fresh sweet cream, half and half, cultured sour cream and cream from reconstituted frozen cream. Annual July 1 estimates of the population of the marketing area include new York City, and Nassau, Surfolk (except Fisher's Island), and Westchester counties in New York.

Table 12.--Upstate New York markets: Annual sales and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

Mar. 12. 1.	Annual s	sales for use 1/	Popula-	Annual per capita consumption				
Market and year	Milk and milk drinks	milk (milk		Milk and milk drinks	Uream (milk equiv- alent)	Milk and milk equiv- alent of cream		
NIAGARA <u>FRONTIER</u>	1,000 Pounds	1,000 Pounds	Thous.	<u>Pounds</u>	Pounds	Pounds		
1950	304,071 316,806 327,530 337,390 313,872 365,384 379,190	42,031 43,734 43,526 43,583 41,634 42,923 43,386	1,060 1,090 1,120 1,150 1,180 1,210 1,215	287 291 292 293 291 302 305	40 40 39 38 35 35 35	327 331 331 331 326 337 340		
ROCHESTER 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955	139,273 141,721 144,342 147,383 152,991 158,287 164,512	16,775 16,982 16,336 16,442 16,091 16,482 17,347	1,72 1,78 1,90 500 510 525 510	295 296 295 295 300 301 305	36 36 33 33 32 31 32	331 332 328 328 332 332 337		
HUDSON - MOHALIK 1950	153,311 160,725 165,331 169,821 172,959 178,999 183,399	25,792 26,051 26,96h 27,565 26,886 27,318 27,775	505 515 525 533 512 550	313 312 315 319 319 325 327	51 51 52 50 50 50	364 363 366 371 369 375 377		

See footnotes at end of table, page 24.

Table 12.--Upstate New York markets: Annual sales and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56--Continued

mı		products, and po	opulation,			<u></u>		
Market	Annual s fluid u			Annual per capita consumption				
and year	Milk and milk drinks	Cream (milk equivalent)	Popula- tion 2/	Milk and milk drinks	Cream (milk equiv- alent)	Milk and milk equiv- alent of cream		
MIDDLE HUDSON 1949 3/ 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1955	1,000 Pounds 111,116 111,063 113,656 117,7h3 12h,h27 126,896 130,937 132,708	1,000 <u>Pounds</u> 16,387 17,386 17,368 17,376 18,455 19,313 20,111 21,439	Thous. 377 381 391 401 413 424 436 447	Pounds 295 292 291 294 300 299 301 298	Pounds 43 46 45 43 144 45 46 48	Pounds 338 338 336 337 314 314 317 316		
BINGHAMTON 1949 3/ 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956	56,200 57,200 58,500 60,000 60,400 61,700 63,816 66,513	9,800 10,100 10,200 10,300 10,100 10,000 10,606 10,136	166 169 172 174 176 179 181 184	339 338 342 345 343 345 353 361	59 60 59 59 57 58 60 55	398 398 401 404 400 403 413 416		
\$YRACUSE 1950	96,776 101,950 105,943 109,119 110,563 116,757 120,441	16,399 17,127 18,527 18,697 18,212 19,019	318 322 328 336 314 354 363	304 317 323 325 321 330 332	52 53 56 56 53 514 514	356 370 379 381 374 384 386		
AMSTERDAM—JOHNSTOWN GLOVERSVILLE 1949 3/ 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956	28,437 29,067 29,415 29,719 29,530 28,754 29,513 29,991	3,500 3,596 3,618 3,683 3,769 3,595 3,893 3,914	79 80 80 81 61 61 81 81	360 363 368 367 365 355 364 366	44 45 45 47 44 48	404 408 413 412 412 399 412 411		

^{1/} Basel on data supplied by the New York Crop Reporting Service in cooperation with the Division of Milk Control (including Merket Administrators), New York Department of Agriculture and Markets. 2/ Estimated July 1 resident population based on estimates by the Office of Vital Statistics, Department of Health, State of New York. For the Niagara Frontier, Rochester, Middle Hudson, Binghamton and Syracuse areas, the data exclude an estimated number of persons in farm operators households who use home produced milk. Marketing areas: Miagara Frontier: Niagara county, it cities and 13 towns in Erie and Orleans counties. Rochester: Rochester and 13 towns in Monroe county. Hudson-Mohawk: Seven cities and 20 towns in Albany, Schenectady, Rensselaer and Saratoga counties. Middle Hudson: Dutchess, Orange, Putnam and Ulster counties. Binghamton: Binghamton and 9 towns in Broome county. Syracuse: Syracuse and 11 towns in Onondaga and Madison counties. Amsterdam-Johnstown-Gloversville: Plus 6 towns in Fulton and Montgomery counties.

3/ Revised and carried for comparability with present series.

Table 13.--Philadelphia, Pa.: Annual sales, milkfat test, and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

		Annual sales for fluid use 1/										
Year	Whole milk		Skim milk		Flavore	ed milk	Buttermilk					
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test				
	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent				
1950.	699,012	3.82	البا7, 12	0,30	17,280	2.99	9,106	1.75				
1951.	698,738	3.80	10,458	.իկ	18,658	2.71	9,760	1.76				
1952.	699,1,77	3.79	12,534	•39	18,745	2.56	10,140	1.77				
1953.	70h.10h	3.79	13,862	•37	19,633	2.հ1	9,794	1.66				
1551.	711,623	3.79	15,701	• 39	18,694	2.LO	9,195	1.61				
1955	720,476	3.78	19,074	•38	18,767	2,36	9,350	1.62				
1956.	724,180	3.76	21,023	•37	17,371	2.37	8,531	1,61				

		Annual sales for fluid use (continued) 1/									
Year	Light cream		Heavy cream		Sour	cream	Population 2/				
	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test	Sales	Fat test					
Ì	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	1,000 lbs.	Percent	Thousands				
1950.	15,055	19.73	1,952	38.86	1,474	18,86	2,600				
1951.	15,581	19.96	1,573	39.77	با6بار 1	18.91	2,615				
1952	15,336	19.89	1,495	39+33	1,481	18.90	2,630				
1953.	15,523	19.88	1,461	39.73	1,473	19.03	2,655				
195կ.	15,123	19.67	1,408	39.69	1,428	19.19	2,685				
1955.	15,354	19.36	1,376	39.70	1,337	19.20	2,710				
3.956	15,985	18,88	1,472	39.77	1,280	19.04	2,730				

		Annual per capita consumption										
Year	Whole milk	Skim milk	Flavored milk	Butter- milk	Light cream	Heavy cream	Sour cream	Milk equiv.	Milk equivalent of all items reported 3/			
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds			
1950.	269	4.9	6.6	3.5	5.8	0.8	0.6	40	311			
1951.	267	4.0	7.1	3.7	6.0	0.6	0.6	39	304			
1952.	266	4.8	7.1	3.9	5.8	0.6	0.6	39	310			
1953.	265	5.2	7•4	3•7	5.8	0.6	0.6	39	309			
1954.	265	5.8	7.0	3•4	5.6	0,5	0.5	37	307			
1955.	266	7.0	6.9	3.4	5.7	0.5	0.5	37	308			
1956.	265	7.7	6 . 4	3.1	5.9	0.5	0.5	37	306			

Ly Based on reports from the Federal Market Administrator to the Dairy Division. Sales are segregated to include no significant quantities of out-of-area sales. Quantities include: Skim milk - plain and fortified skim and part skim milk; Flavored milk - may include product with or without milkfat content; Buttermilk - buttermilk and cultured specialties; Light cream - includes mixtures of milk and cream.

^{2/} Estimated July 1 resident population based on biennial estimates of county populations by the Pennsylvania Department of Commerce. Marketing area includes most of Philadelphia county, all of Delaware county and part of Montgomery county, all in Jennsylvania.

^{3/} See appendix page 27 for explanation of milk equivalent.

Table 1h .-- New Jersey, Baltimore, Md., and Richmond, Va.: Annual sales and per capita consumption of fluid milk and cream products, and population, 1950-56

	·	-			- P	1	populaci.	011, 1990	-)O	
W14	Annual	sales for	fluid use	1/			Per capi	ta consu	mption	
Market and year	Whole milk 2/	Cream (milk equiva- lent)	Chocolate rilk or drink 3	milk	Popula- tion l _i /	Whole	Cream (milk equiva- lent)	Milk and milk equiva- lent of cream	Choco- late milk or drink	Butter- milk
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	Thous-	_	· · · · · ·			
	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	ands	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
NU.					'					
JERSEY 1950 1951 1952 1956 1956 BALTIMOPE MD 1950 1952 1953	1,430,428 1,468,984 1,517,046 1,549,063 1,583,819 1,654,354 1,718,759 229,036 231,376 234,424 234,982	252,680 265,518 262,264 284,310 278,533 273,492 267,125 30,010 29,199 26,525 26,415	19,628 21,545 22,268 23,058 20,293 22,107 20,868 14,477 14,530 14,599 14,643	12,417 13,996 15,945 16,650 15,535 16,586 15,745 3,478 3,488 3,727 3,436	4,801 4,922 5,002 5,003 5,201 5,319 5,474 950 953 961 963	298 298 303 30h 305 311 31h 241 243 21h	53 54 52 55 54 51 49 32 32 27	351 352 356 360 358 362 363 273 274 272 271	4.1 4.5 4.5 3.9 4.2 3.8 15.2 15.2	2.6 2.8 3.2 3.3 3.0 3.1 2.9
1954	236,125 245,514	26,722	15,067	3,481	966	2144	28	272	15.6	3.6
1956	255,207	25,897 24,860	16,144 16,534	3,566 3,576	966 97li	254 262	27 26	281 288	16.7 17.0	3.7
RICHMOND VA.		r			, 1.4		20	200	11.00	3.7
1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956.	61,912 63,278 6/67,231 67,038 67,220 69,961 75,041	6,555 5/6,274 6,137 6,654 6,512 6,246 6,595	3,103 3,108 3,046 2,804 3,001 3,090	3,580 7/4,818 5,260 5,315 5,500 5,911	355 368 379 391 404 412 422	174 172 177 171 166 170 178	18 17 16 17 16 15 16	192 189 193 188 182 185	8.7 8.2 7.8 6.9 7.3 7.3	10.1 - 12.7 13.4 13.2 13.4 14.0

^{1/} Sources of sales data: New Jersey - The Office of Milk Industry, New Jersey Department of Agriculture; Paltimore, Md. - Bureau of Milk Control, Baltimore City Health Department; Richmond, Va. - Richmond Cooperative Milk Producers' Federation and compiled by The Milk Market Board, Richmond, Va. for 1950-51. The Virginia Milk Commission supplied data for 1952-56.
2/ For New Jersey, includes sales of Grade A, Grade B, Vitamin D, Guernsey, certified, and chocolate whole milk as reported plus an estimate for sales not reported.

 $\frac{5}{2}$ 250,958 pounds of milkfat converted to milk equivalent at 4 percent. $\frac{5}{2}$ Includes cultured whole milk beginning with 1952.

7/ Includes plain skim beginning with 1952.

^{3/} Chocolate milk in Baltimore; chocolate drink in New Jersey and Richmond, Va.

1/ Sources of population data: New Jersey - July 1 resident population of the state as estimated by the U. S. Bureau of the Census less estimated number of persons in farm operators' households who use home produced milk. Baltimore, Nd. - July 1 resident population of the city as estimated by the Bureau of Biostatistics, Baltimore city Nealth Department. Richmond, Ya. - July 1 resident population of the market area less estimated number of persons in farm operators' households who use home produced milk. Market area defined as including the city of Richmond and Henrico, Chesterfield (excluding Colonial Heights), Hanover, New Kent, Chirles City, Goochland and Powhatan counties. Annual population estimates of counties made by the Bureau of Population and Economics Research, University of Virginia.

APPENDIX

Weights of milk and cream

The following table is presented primarily to aid in comparing data in this issue with previous editions, as the sales items for some markets were formerly carried in quarts. Calculated weights of fluid milk and cream are shown for common sizes of containers. The figures are for an average temperature of milk and cream at the time of bottling and do not allow for adherence to the sides of containers. They are, therefore, not usable for commercial calculation of yield.

Table 15.--Approximate Weights of Milk and Cream by Size of Container 1/

Item	Gallon	Ha lf Gallon	Quart	Pint	Half Pint
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
Skim milk Whole milk Cream, fat	8•65 8•60	4•32 4•30	2.16 2.15	1.08 1.08	0.54 •54
content: 10 percent 15 percent 20 percent	8.57 8.55 8.51	-	<u>-</u>	1.07 1.07 1.06	•54 •54 •53
25 percent 30 percent 35 percent	8.47 8.43 8.40	-	- -	1.06 1.05 1.05	•53 •52 •52
40 percent	8.37	<u></u>		1.05	•52

1/ Not for use in commercial calculations. Source: Approximate Weight per Gallon of Milk and Cream at Various Temperatures, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Administration, BDIM 287.

Milk equivalent of milk and cream

Milk equivalent figures for milk and cream items have been used in a number of places in the bulletin. This figure is the quantity of producer milk required to provide the milkfat in the product or products shown.

For example: 300 pounds of 20 percent cream is equivalent to 1,500 pounds of producer milk containing 4 percent fat:

60 = 1,500 pounds of milk equivalent

