

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

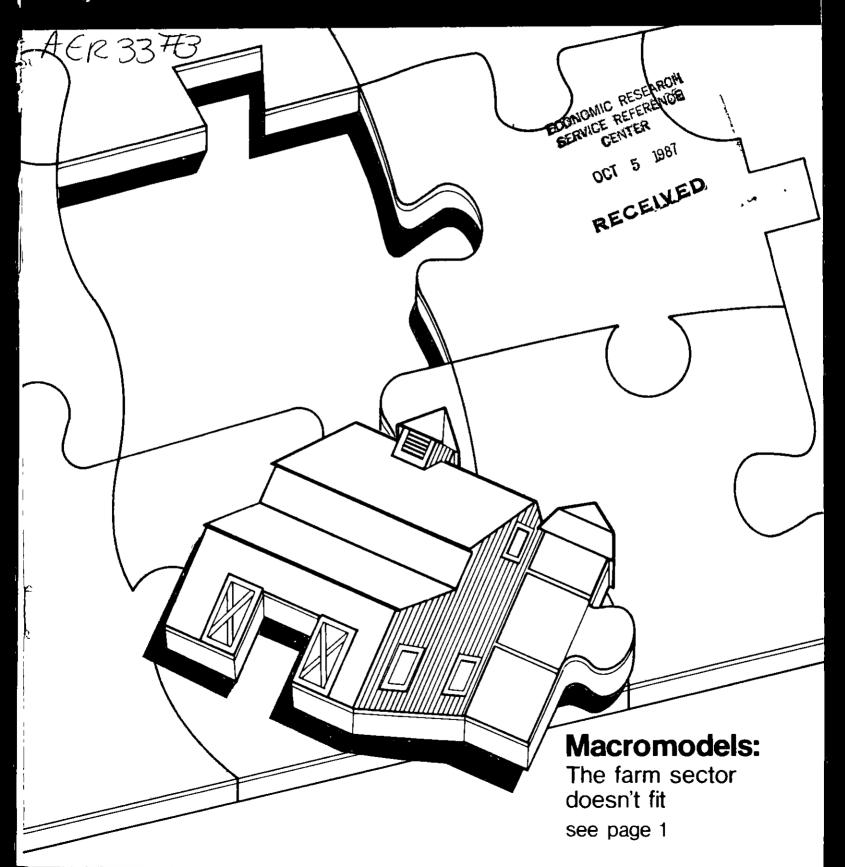
Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
http://ageconsearch.umn.edu
aesearch@umn.edu

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

Agricultural Economics Research

July 1981 Vol. 33, No. 3



AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS RESEARCH

A Journal of the U.S. Department of Agriculture • Economic Research Service

Editors

Clark Edwards Raymond Bridge

Editorial Board

Charles Caudill Stan Daberkow William Kost

Lyle Schertz

Associate Editor

Judith Latham

Graphic Designer

Susan DeGeorge

The Economic Research Service was formerly part of the Economics and Statistics Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture.

The Secretary of Agriculture has determined that the publication of this periodical is necessary in the transaction of public business required by law of this Department. Use of funds for printing this periodical has been approved by the Director, Office of Management and Budget, through February 28, 1985.

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, US Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

\$8 a year domestic \$10 a year foreign

Microfiche copies are available from two different sources:

Microfilming Corporation of America 21 Harristown Road Glen Rock, N.J. 07452

Issues are available from 1974 on at \$4.95 per year or per issue.

Congressional Information Service, Inc. P.O. Box 30056 Washington, D.C. 20014

Issues for 1973 are available at \$5.00 (for 2 fiche). Issues for 1974 on are available at \$3 75 for the first fiche and \$1.25 for each remaining fiche; they average 3 fiche per year.

In This Issue



"I do philosophy like a person who is always missing something and having to look for it again now my glasses, now my keys." These words were enclosed in parentheses in the midst of notes on the subject of certain knowledge that Ludwig Wittgenstein drafted during the last year and a half of his life. Are we to consider this as an aside by a man who recognized that, after years of penetrating reflection, his mind was beginning to deteriorate? Or was he, in his mature and considered wisdom, offering us an important insight into the limits of knowledge? I think the latter

We appear to do economics like a person who is always missing something and having to look for it again. Now a variable is taken as exogenous when it should be endog enous, and now a critical variable is omitted from the analysis altogether. It is traditional in economics to believe that we can isolate and examine all the variables relevant to a problem. But there is also a tradition which recognizes that in the real world everything is somehow interconnected with everything else and that the method of analysis requires simplification and abstraction. Perhaps it is in the nature of epistemology that we must always do economics as if we are missing something and having to look for it again.

The articles in this issue focus on things that are missing The first article, reviewing a number of macroeconomic models used in the United States and elsewhere, finds that a satisfactory, endogenous agricultural sector is missing from many macroeconomic models Reasons are given why an intellectually sound, endogenous agricultural sector would make these models more useful in achieving their stated purposes, and evidence is presented that these models tend either to ignore agriculture or to treat it as exogenous. One anonymous reviewer of the article, who works in the National Economics Division of ERS, observed that he knew from experience that the domestic U.S. models suffered from the missing component, but he had always supposed the models used abroad included it. And a reviewer who works in the International Economics Division, and who knew the weakness of the agricultural sectors used abroad, was surprised to learn that the domestic U.S. models were missing the same element.

The second article focuses on spatial aspects of rural development and finds that the functional relationship between geographic space and economic growth is missing from many rural development models. The author reviews a sample of the small body of literature that concentrates on this missing ingredient. The literature that ignores space and considers other factors affecting growth is reviewed by the same author in volume 3 of A Survey of Agricultural Economics Literature Economics of Welfare, Rural Development, and Natural Resources in Agriculture, edited by Lee R. Martin. The article presented here is based on one segment of that review

Clark Edwards

Contents

- 1 The Agricultural Component in Macroeconomic Models

 William E Kost
- 11 Spatial Aspects of Rural Development Clark Edwards

Research Review

- 25 Global Modeling After Its First Decade Donella H Meadows
- 27 Monthly Food Price Forecasts
 Paul C Westcott
- 31 Costs of Marketing Slaughter Cattle
 Computerized versus Conventional Auction Systems
 Steven T Buccola and Alice M Chieruzzi
- 36 Survival Strategies for Agricultural Cooperatives Reviewed by Randall Torgerson