

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
http://ageconsearch.umn.edu
aesearch@umn.edu

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

No endorsement of AgEcon Search or its fundraising activities by the author(s) of the following work or their employer(s) is intended or implied.

Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago . .

June 11, 1976

FARM TRACTOR AND EQUIPMENT PURCHASES continued at a strong pace during the first quarter. Unit retail sales of farm tractors during the January-March period rose 16 percent above the year-earlier level, according to the Farm and Industrial Equipment Institute (FIEI). With the exception of combines and cornheads—which were at high levels a year ago—unit sales of most other major farm equipment items also were up sharply during the first quarter. The rise in tractor sales in district states fell somewhat short of the pace for the entire United States, but district sales of most major items of equipment were stronger. The increases in purchases, coupled with

higher equipment prices, are indicative of the apparent

strength in capital expenditures by farmers.

Increases in unit sales of farm tractors were evident in most horsepower categories during the first quarter, although the shift to larger tractors was still apparent. Unit sales of tractors with 140 horsepower or more—including four-wheel drive tractors—were up nearly one-fourth from a year earlier. Sales of tractors with 60 to 80 horsepower were up one-third, while those with 40 to 60 horsepower were up three-fifths. The comparatively large rise in sales of small to intermediate tractors—those with 40 to 80 horsepower—reflects several factors, including expanded purchases by financially stronger livestock producers, curtailed purchases (and manufacturing) of tractors with less than 40 horsepower, and relatively large inventory supplies.

Tractor inventories rose to a three-year high during the first quarter, despite the strong sales performance. At the end of March farm tractor inventories were 16 percent above the ending 1975 level and 1 percent above the year-earlier mark. Compared to a year ago, the most pronounced shifts in inventories were the 26 percent decline in tractors with less than 40 horsepower and the 38 percent rise in large tractor inventories, those with 140 horsepower or more. Despite the changes, however, the inventory-to-sales ratio remains highest among tractors with less than 80 horsepower.

The rise in farm machinery and equipment purchases has no doubt heightened farmers' loan demand, particularly in light of higher prices. During the first quarter the index of wholesale prices for agricultural machinery and equipment rose 2 percent and averaged 8 percent above the same year-earlier period. The rise in wholesale prices continued through May (see back of *Letter*) and recent steel price increases suggest further gains are possible in the near future. Labor contract renegotiations this fall may also have an important bearing on future price trends.

THE OUTLOOK for farm machinery and equipment sales is somewhat unclear, although the strong first-quarter performance has buoyed prospects for all of 1976. The in-

Agricultural Letter

Waite Memorial Book Collection 1382
Division of Agricultural Economics

Tractor sales and inventories up from year-ago levels

	Units sold JanMar. 1976		End March in	Inventory- to-sales		
Horsepower	Number (thous.)	Change (percent)	Number (thous.)	Change (percent)	ratio (percent)	
Under 40	4.4	-24	10.2	-26	49	
40-59	7.6	61	17.6	5	60	
60-79	6.6	32	12.0	1	47	
80-99	3.0	. 1	4.0	- 4	30	
100-119	3.9	7	5.1	10	31	
120-139	6.7	13	5.8	- 1	21	
140 or over ²	7.0	24	11.4	38	34	
	39.2	16	66.1	1	40	

¹Sales during the April 1975 through March 1976 period.

²Includes four-wheel drive tractors.

creased optimism is reflected in the revised forecasts of the FIEI. In January the FIEI's forecast suggested farm tractor sales for 1976 would decline more than 3 percent from the 161,000 sold in 1975. Recent revisions, however, have narrowed the projected decline to less than 1 percent. Although the latest revisions also project slight declines for combines, significant increases are envisioned for other items of machinery—particularly for hay and forage equipment and specialty equipment for crop and livestock producers.

In light of the first-quarter results, the FIEI's latest tractor forecast implies a 5 percent year-to-year decline in unit sales during the last three quarters of this year. Some observers, however, look for smaller declines—particularly in the near term. The near-term optimism reflects prospects for some increases in cattle prices and the recent sharp gains in crop prices. These developments will likely hold cash receipts to farmers at a relatively high level into early summer. More distant projections of farmers' purchases of machinery and equipment are somewhat guarded due to prospects of a downtrend in crop and livestock prices during the later part of the year, which would likely remove some of the strength in demand.

Gary L. Benjamin Agricultural Economist

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS

Subject	Unit			_	Percent change from		
- Cooject	Unit	Latest period		Pri	ior period	Year ago	
INDEX OF PRICES							
Received by farmers	1967=100	May	192	+	1.6		
Crops	1967=100	May	200	+		+ 5 + 1	
Livestock	1967=100	May	185				
Paid by farmers	1967=100	May	193		0.5	+ 8 + 7	
Production items	1967=100	May	196	200,0	0.5	+ 7	
Wholesale price index (all commodities)	1967=100	May	182	+		+ 5	
Foods	1967=100	May	183	+		+ 3	
Processed foods and feeds	1967=100	May	180	+		+ 1	
Agricultural chemicals	1967=100	May	190			- 11	
Agricultural machinery and equipment	1967=100	May	181	+		+ 8	
Consumer price index (all items)	1967=100	April April	168	+		+ 6	
Food at home	1967=100	April	178	+		+ 4	
CASH PRICES							
Corn	dol. per bu.	May	2.61				
Soybeans	dol. per bu.	May		+		- 2	
Wheat	dol. per bu.	May	4.87	+		- 3	
Sorghum	dol. per cwt.	May	3.43 4.14	-		- 1	
Oats	dol. per bu.	May	1.47	+		- 2	
Steers and heifers	dol. per cwt.	May	39.40	+		- 5	
Hogs	dol. per cwt.	May	47.50		2.7	+ 3	
Milk, all sold to plants	dol. per cwt.	May	9.33	Prince Public		+ 5	
Broilers	cents per lb.	May		-	0.4	+ 16	
Eggs	cents per doz.	May	24.7 55.5	+		0	
			23.3		3.9	+ 18	
INCOME (seasonally adjusted annual rate)							
Cash receipts from farm marketings	bil. dol.	1st Quarter	91	A Land	0.8	+ 10	
Net realized farm income	bil. dol.	1st Quarter	22	viet - <u>l</u> a	6.4		
Nonagricultural personal income	bil. dol.	March	1,297	+	0.6	+ 25 + 10	
FARM FINANCE			Wisalt witesmal		0.0	T 10	
Total deposits at agricultural banks ¹	1972-73=100	W. Learner and the care					
Time deposits	1972-73=100	May	150	+	0.5	+ 14	
Demand deposits	1972-73=100	May	172	+	1.4	+ 18	
Total loans at agricultural banks ¹	1972-73=100	May	119 170	-+	1.6	+ 9 + 21	
Production credit associations	1972-73-100	May	170	+	5.5	+ 21	
loans outstanding:							
United States	mil. dol.						
Seventh District states	mil. dol.	April	11,421	+	2.7	+ 11	
loans made:	min. doi.	April	2,013	+	2.6	+ 19	
United States	mil. dol.	April	1 71		out thousands	C. Miles and	
Seventh District states	mil. dol.	April	1,714		11.3	+ 18	
Federal land banks	Liza na contrib	APITI	348		16.6	+ 17	
loans outstanding:							
United States	mil. dol.	April	16,946	11-200		DATE OF THE TOTAL PROPERTY.	
Seventh District states	mil. dol.	April		+	1.5	+ 17	
new money loaned:		APITI	3,177	+	1.9	+ 21	
United States	mil. dol.	April	24.7		0.		
Seventh District states	mil. dol.	April	347		21.2	+ 6	
Interest rates	r per elleghnas.	APILI	83	- T	43.0	+ 20	
Feeder cattle loans ²	percent	1st Quarter	8.77		MINISTRAL		
Farm real estate loans ²	percent	1st Quarter	8.96		0.5	2	
Three-month Treasury bills	percent	5/27-6/2	5.53	+	0.1	. 0	
Federal funds rate	percent		5.54			+ 6	
Government bonds (long-term)	percent	5/27-6/2 5/31-6/4	8.10	+	0.7	+ 6 - 1	
AGRICULTURAL TRADE							
Agricultural exports	14 M						
Agricultural imports	mil. dol.	March	1,873	+	9.2	- 2	
g. realitata importa	mil. dol.	March	960	+	25.0	+ 28	
FARM MACHINERY SALES							
Farm tractors	units	March	17 (00		F 150 15 (1-8)	DE DIVINE	
Combines	units	March March	17,682	+	68.9	+ 25	
Balers	units		1,396	+	75.6	- 7	
		March	873	+	38.6	+ 10	

¹ Member banks in Seventh District having a large proportion of agricultural loans in towns of less than 15,000 population.

 $^{^{2}\}mbox{Average of rates reported by district agricultural banks.}$