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## Stata tip 5: Ensuring programs preserve dataset sort order

Roger Newson, King's College London, UK  
roger.newson@kcl.ac.uk

Did you know about **sortpreserve**? If you are writing a Stata program that temporarily changes the order of the data and you want the data to be sorted in its original order at the end of execution, you can save a bit of programming by including **sortpreserve** on your **program** statement. If your program is called **myprogram**, you can start it with

```
program myprogram, sortpreserve
```

If you do this, you can change the order of observations in the dataset in **myprogram**, and Stata will automatically sort it in its original order at the end of execution. Stata does this by creating a temporary variable whose name is stored in a macro named **\_sortindex**, which is discussed in the manuals under [P] **sortpreserve**. (Note, however, that there is a typo in the manual; the underscore in **\_sortindex** is missing.) The temporary variable '**\_sortindex**' contains the original sort order of the data, and the dataset is sorted automatically by '**\_sortindex**' at the end of the program's execution.

If you know about temporary variables, you might think that **sortpreserve** is unnecessary because you can always include two lines at the beginning, such as

```
tempvar order  
generate long 'order' = _n
```

and a single line at the end such as

```
sort 'order'
```

and do the job of **sortpreserve** in 3 lines. However, **sortpreserve** does more than that. It restores the result of the macro extended function **sortedby** to the value that it would have had before your program executed. (See [P] **macro** for a description of **sortedby**.) Also, it restores the "Sorted by:" variable list reported by the **describe** command to the variable list that would have been reported before your program executed. For example, in the **auto** dataset shipped with official Stata, the output of **describe** ends with the message

```
Sorted by:  foreign
```

This will not be changed if you execute a program defined with **sortpreserve**.