

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

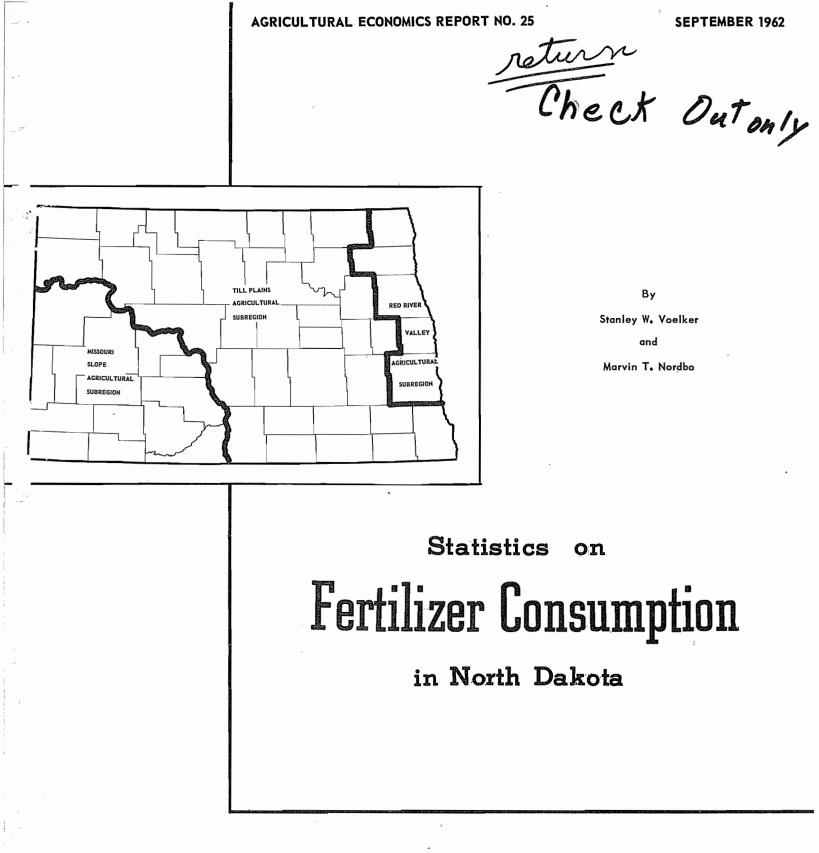
This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search http://ageconsearch.umn.edu aesearch@umn.edu

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION NORTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURE AND APPLIED SCIENCE FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA in cooperation with FARM ECONOMICS DIVISION ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CONTENTS

Page Number

ų

Introduction	1
Statistics on fertilizer consumption for the state as a whole	l
Sources of fertilizer-consumption data	1
Trends in fertilizer consumption	2
Trends in consumption of primary plant nutrients	5
Estimates of fertilizer consumption by specified crops, 1954 and 1959-	10
Methodology employed in estimating fertilizer consumption by individual crops	10
Acreage of each crop fertilized	11
Percentage of each crop fertilized	11
Amount of fertilizer and primary plant nutrients applied to each crop	12
Percentage distribution of fertilizer consumption among specified crops	12
Average application rates per acre	12
Average amount of plant nutrients per acre	13
Use of fertilizer on irrigated crops	13
Census data on fertilizer use by counties, 1954 and 1959	28

LIST OF TABLES

Table No. 1 Trend in consumption of commercial fertilizer by North Dakota farmers, 1951 to 1961, as indicated 4 by various statistical series-----2 Amount of primary plant nutrients in commercial fertilizers consumed in North Dakota, 1945 to 1960------7 Amount of primary plant nutrients as percent of total 3 fertilizer consumption in North Dakota by years, 9 1945 to 1960-----4 Estimated fertilized acreage of specified crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959-----14 5 Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage, specified crops and pasture by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959-----15 6 Estimated amounts of commercial fertilizer and plant nutrients applied to specified crops and pasture, 16 North Dakota, 1954 and 1959------7 Estimated amount of commercial fertilizer and plant nutrients applied to specified crops and pasture, Red River Valley subregion of North Dakota, 1959------17 8 Estimated amount of commercial fertilizer and plant nutrients applied to specified crops and pasture, Till 18 Plains subregion of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959------9 Estimated amount of commercial fertilizer and plant nutrients applied to specified crops and pasture, Missouri Slope subregion of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959-----19 10 Amount of fertilizer applied to specified crops and and pasture in percent of total consumption, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959-21 11 Average amount of fertilizer applied per fertilized acre on specified crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959-----22 12 Average amount of nitrogen applied per fertilized acre on specified crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959-----23 13 Average amount of available P205 applied per fertilized acre on specified crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959------24

Page No.

LIST OF TABLES (CONTINUED)

Table No.		Page No.
14	Average amount of potash (K20) applied per fertilized acre on specified crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959	25
15	Estimated use of fertilizer on irrigated crops in North Dakota, 1959	26
16	Estimated use of fertilizer on irrigated crops in North Dakota, 1954	27
17	Summary of fertilizer use in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	29
18	Fertilization of corn in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	32
19	Fertilization of potatoes in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	35
20	Fertilization of wheat in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	36
21	Fertilization of tame hay and cropland pasture in North Dakota by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	39
22	Fertilization of other crops in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	42
23	Fertilization of improved open pasture in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959-	45

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure No.		Page No.
l	Various estimates of amount of commercial fertil- izer used in North Dakota, 1951-1961	3
2	Amount of available plant nutrients in commercial fertilizer consumed in North Dakota by years, 1945-1960	6
3	Amount of primary plant nutrients as percent of total fertilizer consumption in North Dakota, 1945-1960	8
4	Tons of commercial fertilizer used in North Dakota on various crops, 1954 to 1959	20
5	Total fertilized acreage as percent of harvested acreage of all crops, 1959	48
6	Percentage of harvested wheat acreage fertilized in 1959	49

STATISTICS ON FERTILIZER CONSUMPTION IN NORTH DAKOTA

By Stanley W. Voelker¹ and Marvin T. Nordbo²

Introduction

An important technological development in North Dakota agriculture during the past decade has been the substitution of fertilizer for land and other capital. Consumption of fertilizer increased about tenfold from 1951 to 1961. Different kinds of fertilizer-consumption statistics are available from several sources. The various data supplement each other in many respects. This report consolidates data from various sources into a more complete summary of trends in fertilizer usage in the state.

This report is an outgrowth of work done initially as part of a national survey to determine amounts of plant nutrients applied to each crop within each state and agricultural subregion. The national survey was conducted by Economic Research Service and Agricultural Research Service of the U. S. Department of Agriculture in cooperation with state agricultural experiment stations.

Statistics on Fertilizer Consumption for the State as a Whole

Sources of fertilizer-consumption data. -- Three primary sources of statistics on fertilizer consumption in North Dakota are available: (1) semiannual summaries of retail sales, compiled by the North Dakota Laboratories Commission from data submitted by retail dealers; (2) annual estimates of fertilizer consumption in each state, made by the Soil and Water Conservation Division of the Agricultural Research Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture; and (3) the U. S. Census of Agriculture estimates of fertilizer consumption for 1954 and 1959. For sake of brevity, these three sources are indicated in this report as "NDLC," "ARS," and "Census," respectively.

The NDLC reports give the tonnage of each fertilizer grade and analysis sold in the state during each 6-month period since 1950. The ARS reports include estimated tonnages of each primary plant nutrient (N, P_2O_5 , and K_2O) as well as total tonnages of mixed fertilizers and fertilizer materials. These statistics are by 12-month periods, ending June 30 of each year, since 1940. In recent years, the ARS estimates have been based on shipments reported by about 96 percent of the fertilizer manufacturers and distributors throughout the country, supplemented by data compiled by state agencies. The Census fertilizer-consumption data are based on returns from a 20-percent sample of farms in 1954 and

^LAgricultural Economist, Farm Economics Division, Economic Research Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

²Assistant Agricultural Economist, Agricultural Economics Department, North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station. 1959. These data are available for every county and include acreage fertilized and tons of material applied to six groups of crops in each state. For North Dakota, the six groups are: (1) Corn for all purposes; (2) wheat and durum; (3) potatoes; (4) hay and cropland pasture; (5) noncrop pasture; and (6) all other crops, including barley, oats, rye, flax, soybeans, and sugar beets.

Trends in fertilizer consumption. -- The annual tonnage of fertilizer sales, as reported by NDLC, and the annual tonnage of fertilizer shipments by manufacturers and distributors, as reported by ARS, both indicate the same steeply rising upward trend in fertilizer consumption since 1951. These two series are in close agreement for most of the years. Minor differences between them probably are due to year-to-year variations in the July 1 inventories of retail dealers (figure 1 and table 1).

The Census statistics of farm consumption, however, were 14.8 percent higher than the NDLC estimate in 1954 and 20.3 percent higher in 1959. The Census estimates include only the fertilizer used on farms, while the ARS and NDLC estimates include not only farm uses, but also nonfarm uses (lawns, gardens, golf links, parks, cemeteries, etc.). In view of this, it would be reasonable to expect the Census estimates to be slightly smaller than either the ARS or NDLC estimates.

A considerable portion of the fertilizer used in North Dakota is trucked in from the Twin Cities and other points in Minnesota, frequently as a backhaul by trucks used to transport agricultural products from North Dakota to terminal markets in Minnesota. Apparently, a large part of the fertilizer bought in Minnesota by North Dakota farmers and by commercial truckers on consignment for North Dakota farmers is included in the "shipments to Minnesota" by the fertilizer manufacturers and distributors in their reports to ARS. The NDLC, which depends entirely on reports from retail dealers in North Dakota for its statistics, has no record of the fertilizer bought in Minnesota by North Dakota farmers and those truckers who are not registered fertilizer dealers.

A comparison of ARS and Census estimates for North Dakota and Minnesota provides further evidence that some of the fertilizer used in North Dakota is included in the ARS statistics for Minnesota. In 1954, the ARS estimate for Minnesota exceeded the Census estimate by 55,500 tons while the ARS estimate for North Dakota was less than the Census estimate by 6,600 tons. In 1959, the ARS estimate for Minnesota exceeded the Census estimate by 37,500 tons, while the ARS estimate for North Dakota was less than the Census estimate by 25,100 tons.³

The above analysis suggests that the most reasonable estimates of annual fertilizer consumption by North Dakota farmers would be the ARS or NDLC annual estimates, adjusted upwards on the basis of Census data for 1954 and 1959 to allow for truck inshipments credited to Minnesota by the fertilizer industry (figure 1 and table 1).

³Reasons why the apparent deficits in North Dakota do not balance exactly the apparent excesses in Minnesota are that the ARS estimates include both farm and nonfarm uses, while the Census estimates include only farm uses. Also, the ARS estimates for Minnesota probably include some fertilizer used by farmers in northeastern South Dakota.

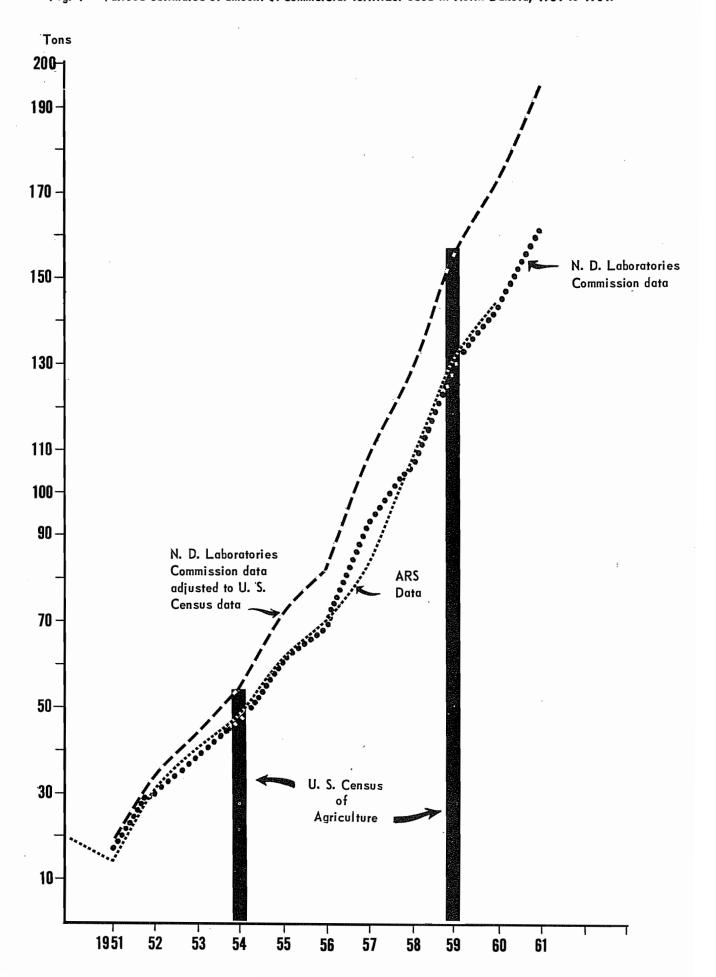


Fig. 1 – Various estimates of amount of commercial fertilizer used in North Dakota, 1951 to 1961.

Year ending June 30	Sales by North Dakota dealers ¹	Shipments by manufac- turers and distributors ²	Census estimates of farm use ³	Estimated annual use by, farmers ⁴
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1958 1959 1960	17,017 30,642 38,380 47,271 62,644 69,010 92,621 105,426 130,425 142,733 160,974	14,205 31,148 40,495 47,677 63,010 69,168 81,745 106,742 131,834 143,977 <u>5</u> /	54,248 156,978	18,969 34,497 43,632 54,248 72,603 80,744 109,395 125,686 156,978 171,741 193,689

Table 1. - Trend in consumption of commercial fertilizer by North Dakota farmers, 1951 to 1961, as indicated by various statistical series

¹Compiled from semi-annual reports of the North Dakota Laboratories Commission, Bismarck, North Dakota.

²Compiled by Soil and Water Conservation Division, Agricultural Research Service, USDA. Data for 1950 to 1959 published in the annual editions of "Agricultural Statistics," U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. Data for 1960 published in "Consumption of Commercial Fertilizers and Primary Plant Nutrients in the United States," Agricultural Research Service, USDA, ARS 41-19-4, Sept. 1961.

³Compiled from U. S. Census of Agriculture, 1954 and 1959.

⁴Sales by North Dakota Dealers, adjusted to 1954 and 1959 Census estimates.

⁵Not available.

Trends in consumption of primary plant nutrients. -- The tonnage of primary plant nutrients -- nitrogen (N), available phosphoric oxide (P_2O_5), and potash (K_2O) -- consumed each year in North Dakota from 1945 to 1960, as reported by ARS, are shown in figure 2 and table 2. These data do not include truck inshipments not credited to North Dakota.

The plant nutrient in greatest demand throughout this 16-year period was P₂O₅. Increase in demand for nitrogen was proportionately greater, however. Between 1950 and 1960, there was a 34-fold increase in the consumption of nitrogen, compared with a 9-fold increase in the consumption of P₂O₅. One reason for the rapidly increasing use of nitrogen has been the increased practice of fertilizing nonfallowed land. Farmers use little or no nitrogen for crops planted on fallow. However, nonleguminous crops planted on nonfallow generally respond to nitrogen applications along with the phosphate treatment.

×

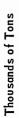
X

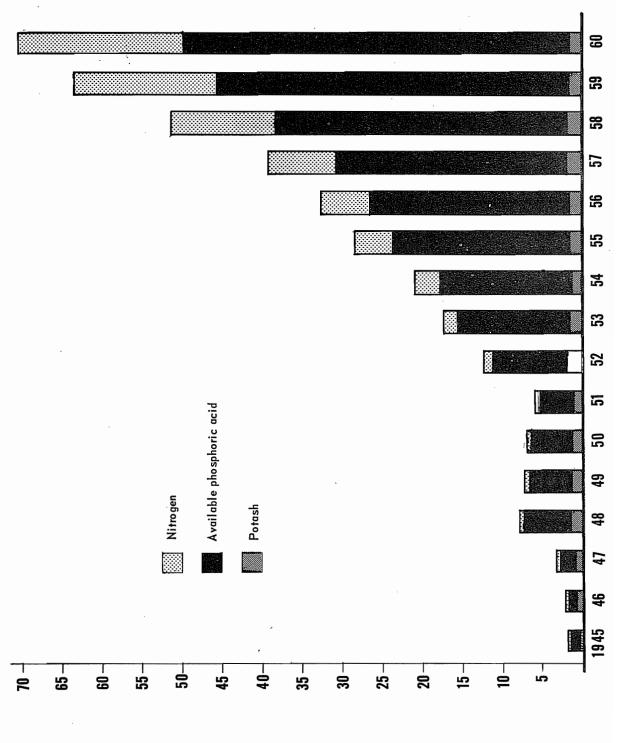
The rate of increase in potash consumption has been smaller than that of either P_2O_5 or nitrogen. Potash usually is included in the fertilization of potatoes and sugar beets in the Red River Valley. Some is used for wheat, barley, and corn in localized areas.

Consumption of primary plant nutrients in North Dakota has increased somewhat faster than consumption of commercial fertilizer, because of the trend toward higher analysis fertilizers. Before 1949, the total primary plant nutrients in commercial fertilizers never amounted to more than 30 percent of the fertilizer tonnage, but since 1949 this percentage has increased steadily, reaching nearly 49 percent in 1960 (figure 3 and table 3).

Technological advances by the fertilizer industry made the use of high-analysis fertilizers both physically possible and economically feasible. This trend toward higher analysis has been general throughout the country. For example, the primary plant nutrients amounted to 31.8 percent of the total fertilizer tonnage used in the United States in 1960, compared with only 20.4 percent in 1948. In North Dakota, high-analysis fertilizers are especially important because of the long distances to the principal sources of supply. Freight costs, therefore, account for a relatively high proportion of the retail price of fertilizer.







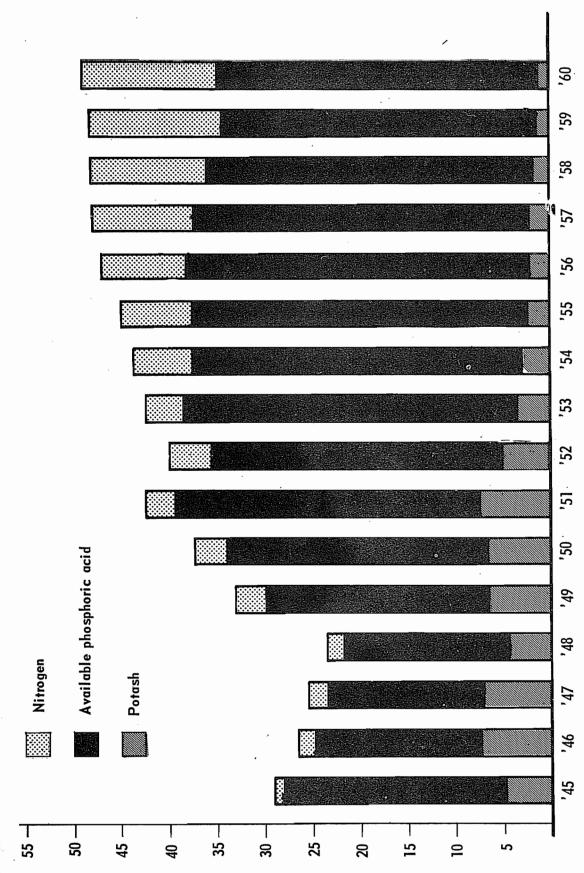
Year	Total tons of fertilizer		Available plan	nt nutrients	
ending June 30	mixtures and materials	N	P205	к ₂ 0	Total
1945 1946 1948 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	Tons 5,266 7,801 12,354 33,625 21,520 18,671 14,205 31,148 40,495 47,677 63,010	Tons 54 132 270 630 672 604 573 1,356 1,614 2,924 4,598	Tons 1,232 1,362 2,017 5,781 5,051 5,116 4,383 9,515 14,088 16,541 22,329	Tons 252 566 861 1,483 1,368 1,205 1,038 1,560 1,437 1,275 1,359	<u>Tons</u> 1,538 2,060 3,148 7,894 7,091 6,925 5,994 12,431 17,139 20,740 28,286
1956 1957 1958 1959 1960	69,168 81,745 106,742 131,834 143,977	6,101 8,458 12,923 18,033 20,456	24,935 28,858 36,483 43,697 48,192	1,446 1,626 1,674 1,519 1,588	32,482 38,942 51,080 63,249 70,236

Table 2. - Amount of primary plant nutrients in commercial fertilizers consumed in North Dakota, 1945 to 1960

Source: Taken from data compiled by Soil and Water Conservation Division, Agricultural Research Service, USDA, and published in annual editions of "Agricultural Statistics," U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C., except for 1960 data which are taken from "Consumption of Commercial Fertilizer and Primary Plant Nutrients in the United States," Agricultural Research Service, USDA, ARS-41-19-4, table 11, Sept. 1961.







Year ending June 30	N	₽2 ⁰ 5	к ₂ 0	Total primary plant nutrients
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959	1.0 1.7 2.2 1.9 3.1 3.2 4.0 4.4 4.0 6.1 7.3 8.8 10.3 12.1 13.7	23.4 17.4 16.3 17.2 23.5 27.4 30.9 30.5 34.8 34.7 35.4 36.0 35.3 34.2 33.1	4.8 7.3 7.0 4.4 6.4 6.5 7.3 5.0 3.5 2.7 2.2 2.1 2.0 1.6 1.2	29.2 26.4 25.5 23.5 33.0 37.1 42.2 39.9 42.3 43.5 44.9 46.9 46.9 47.6 47.9 48.0

5

Table 3. - Amount of primary plant nutrients as percent of total fertilizer consumption in North Dakota by years, 1945 to 1960

Source: Compiled from data given in table 2.

Estimates of Fertilizer Consumption by Specified Crops, 1954 and 1959

After the fertilizer estimates became available from the 1959 U. S. Census of Agriculture, a committee of USDA and state experiment station agronomists and agricultural economists was appointed in each state to make estimates of: (1) The fertilized acreage of each crop included in the "all other crops" grouping; and (2) the total tons of N, P_2O_5 , and K_2O applied on each of the six basic crop groups as well as on each individual crop included in the "all other crops" category.⁴

A similar procedure had been followed in developing the detailed estimates of fertilizer use by individual crops, based on 1954 Census data.⁵ For purposes of this report, the preliminary 1954 estimates have been revised in accordance with information that subsequently became available.

Methodology employed in estimating fertilizer consumption by individual crops. -- In estimating the fertilizer consumption for each individual crop, the committee supplemented the Census data and the ARS statewide estimates with information on application rates and analyses used for each kind of crop from farm-management surveys and the members! general knowledge of farm practices in different parts of the state. Information was gleaned from the following farm-management surveys: (1) A 1955 study of the effect of acreage allotments on grain farms in eight central North Dakota counties, made by the Production Economics Research Branch, ARS; (2) a 1957 input-output study of livestock farms on the Lower Yellowstone and Buford-Trenton Reclamation Projects, made by the North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station; (3) a survey of 1958 expenditures on grain farms in eight central North Dakota counties, made by Production Economics Research Branch, ARS; (4) a 1959 study of contracts and allotments in sugar beet production in the Red River Valley made by Economic Research Service, USDA, in cooperation with the North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station; (5) a study of 1960 costs of producing potatoes in the Red River Valley, made by the North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station; and (6) a survey of 1960 expenditures on grain farms in eight central North Dakota counties, made by Economic Research Service. Some of the most useful information on fertilization of corn and cereal crops came from data on the amount and analyses of fertilizer used on nearly 1,000 fields, located in all parts of the state, on which the operators keep detailed annual records of farm practices, field operations.

⁴The committee which made the 1959 estimates of fertilizer use in North Dakota was composed of Stanley W. Voelker, Agricultural Economist, Economic Research Service, USDA; Enoch B. Norum, Chairman of the Soils Department, N. Dak. Agricultural Experiment Station; Marvin T. Nordbo, Assistant Agricultural Economist, N. Dak. Agricultural Experiment Station; and Virgil L. Weiser, Soils Specialist, North Dakota Agricultural Extension Service.

⁵The estimates for all states were published in "Fertilizer Used on Crops and Pasture in the United States," Agricultural Research Service, USDA Statis. Bul. 216, Washington, D. C. (processed) August 1957. The state was divided into three agricultural subregions and the estimates for these areas were added together to derive the state totals. The agricultural subregions are as follows: (1) the 5 counties in the Red River Valley, (2) the 14 Missouri Slope counties south and west of the Missouri River, and (3) the 34 counties on the Till Plains between the Red River Valley counties and the Missouri River. These subregions are shown on the cover page.

Separate estimates were made for irrigated crops and nonirrigated crops and these were totaled to derive the estimate for each subregion. The estimates for wheat and barley were built up from separate estimates for fallowed and nonfallowed land. The estimates for hay and cropland pasture were built up from separate estimates for alfalfa, grain hay, other tame hay, and cropland pasture.

Acreage of each crop fertilized. -- The estimated fertilized acreage of each crop in the three agricultural subregions during 1954 and 1959 is shown in table 4. It will be noted that a larger acreage of wheat was fertilized than of any other crop in both 1954 and 1959 in all three subregions. Wheat accounted for 45.6 percent of the total fertilized acreage in 1954 and 52.8 percent in 1959. Barley was the second most important crop in terms of fertilized acreage, accounting for 28 percent of the fertilized acreage in 1954 and 30.9 percent in 1959.

The total fertilized acreage in North Dakota increased from 1,682,000 acres in 1954 to about 5,232,000 acres in 1959. Wheat and barley together accounted for 88 percent of this increased fertilized acreage.

Percentage of each crop fertilized. -- The 1954 and 1959 fertilized acreages of each crop, expressed as a percentage of their respective harvested acreages in each agricultural subregion, are shown in table 5. These percentages provide a convenient measure of the relative importance of fertilizer for each crop.

For the state as a whole, practically all of the sugar beet acreage, 86 percent of the potato acreage, 43 percent of the wheat and barley acreage, and 19 percent of the oat acreage were fertilized in 1959. Only relatively small proportions of the other crops received fertilizer.

There are marked differences among the three agricultural subregions in the extent to which the various crops were fertilized in 1954 and 1959. Use of fertilizer was a well-accepted practice in the Red River Valley by 1954, whereas it was a relatively new and untried practice in the Missouri Slope and the western part of the Till Plains subregions, except in the irrigated areas. Because of this, the increase

⁶These records are kept for the Soils Survey and Interpretation Project of the North Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station in cooperation with the Soil Conservation Service, USDA.

*

in use of fertilizer between 1954 and 1959 was less spectacular in the Red River Valley than in the other two subregions. At the same time, the proportion of each crop receiving fertilizer in 1959 was much higher in the Red River Valley than in the other subregions.

Amount of fertilizer and primary plant nutrients applied to each crop. -- The estimated amounts of fertilizer and primary plant nutrients applied to each crop in North Dakota during 1954 and 1959 are given in table 6. The corresponding estimates for each agricultural subregion are shown in tables 7, 8, and 9.

The total quantity of fertilizer used in North Dakota increased from about 54,000 tons in 1954 to nearly 157,000 tons in 1959, an increase of 189 percent. During this 5-year period, the amount used for sugar beets increased 44 percent; for potatoes, 80 percent; and for corn, 95 percent. The increases in tonnage of fertilizer used on these row crops, although quite substantial, were rather modest compared with the increases for the cereal crops -- wheat, 257 percent; barley, 244 percent; and oats, 162 percent.

Between 1954 and 1959, the tonnage of P_2O_5 applied by North Dakota farmers increased by 176 percent and the tonnage of nitrogen increased by 545 percent. Wheat and barley together accounted for 80 percent of the increased amount of nitrogen and for 87 percent of the increased amount of P_2O_5 .

Percentage distribution of fertilizer consumption among specified crops. -- The amounts of fertilizer applied to each crop, expressed as percentages of total fertilizer consumption in each agricultural subregion during 1954 and 1959, are given in table 10. These data are shown graphically for the state as a whole in figure 4.

Over 77 percent of the total tonnage of fertilizer used in 1959 was applied on wheat and barley. About 15 percent of the total was applied on row crops (corn, potatoes, and sugar beets) and the remaining 8 percent on other grain and forage crops.

The percentage of the total fertilizer tonnage applied on wheat and barley increased between 1954 and 1959 in all three subregions, while the percentage applied on most of the other crops decreased.

Average application rates per acre. -- The average amount of fertilizer applied per acre on each specified crop within each agricultural subregion during 1954 and 1959 is shown in table 11.

For potatoes and sugar beets, the average application rate per acre increased substantially between 1954 and 1959 in all three agricultural subregions. In the Red River Valley, there were slight increases in average application rates for corn and cereal grains. In the Till Plains subregion there was a slight decrease in the average application rate for corn, but the average application rates for wheat and barley increased substantially.

¥

In 1954, a high proportion of the fertilized acreage of corn and wheat in the Missouri Slope subregion was irrigated. The increase in fertilization of corn and wheat between 1954 and 1959 occurred mainly on nonirrigated farms, hence the average application rates for this subregion declined.

Average amount of plant nutrients per acre. -- The average application per acre of N, available P_2O_5 , and K_2O on each specified crop in the three agricultural subregions is given in tables 12, 13, and 14, respectively.

There were big increases in the average amount of nitrogen applied per acre. With a few minor exceptions, this was true on all crops in all three agricultural subregions.

A big increase occurred between 1954 and 1959 in the average amount of P_2O_5 applied per acre on sugar beets in all three agricultural subregions. For all other crops, however, the changes between 1954 and 1959 in average application rates were not very great and the general tendency was for average rates to decrease.

Х

The average amount of potash applied per acre declined considerably between 1954 and 1959. This was true for all crops in all subregions.

Use of fertilizer on irrigated crops. -- A total of 39,000 acres was irrigated in North Dakota during 1959. This amounted to only 0.2 percent of the total harvested cropland and improved pasture acreage. Most of the irrigated acreage is in the Missouri Slope and Till Plains subregions -only a few acres are irrigated in the Red River Valley counties.

The estimates of fertilizer used on irrigated crops in North Dakota during 1954 and 1959 are shown in tables 15 and 16. It will be noted that in most cases application rates per acre were higher on irrigated than on nonirrigated land.

by	
Table 4 Estimated fertilized acreage of specified crops and pasture, b	agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959

1

-14-

and a state

and the second s

And the second second

Laina constant

Specified crops and pasture	Red River Valley subregion	Lver ey gì on	TLLT Subr	Till Plains subregion	Missouri- Slope subregion	uri- pe gion	State totals	ie Ls
	1954	1959	1954	1959	1954	1959	1954	1.959
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Corn, all purposes	37.8 61.2	63.4 88.9	9.8 57.8	23.7 26.9	2.6 23.9	7.2 1/118.0	10.9 62.8	22.3 85.7
Sugar beets	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 38.2	100 . 0 2.1	100.0	100.0 10.1	100.0 42.9
Barlevanu du un anterenterenterenterenterenterenterenter	39.0	75.4	0.6	35.0	0.7	28.0	15.4	1,3.0
0ats	14.2	32.2	4.2	18.3	0.6	6 . 5	5. 1	19.0
Пуен	0	0°0	0	2.0	0	2°0	0	2.2
Flax	7.0	10.0	1.4	2.0	0	2•0	2 •0	e. e.
Soybeans	0	з• 0	0	2.	0	0	0	2.7
Tame hay and cropland		נ ז	((((L C	a C	7 r	г С
pasture	0 1 C				~• ~• ~			-1 (* • • •
Turnoved nermanent, open	>)))))	
pasture	45.7	20.4	3.8	4.8	3.4	1.3	6.4	4.0
Total crops and improved pasture 2/	29.3	55.3	5.7	24.7	1.5	21.1	8.4	28.6
avulief mon in an and withing a course betaching a concourse for the standard after and a concourse for the standard attended and the standard attended attend	d aboomo	o hootod o		seihl w hea	10 JU DE 110	onulief non		

1/ Fertilized acreage exceeds harvested acreage, possibly because of crop failure. $\overline{2}$ / Excludes acreage of wild hay.

Source: Estimates based on data from U. S. Census of Agriculture, 1954 and 1959.

-15-

ţ t	
applied	
nutrients	ind 1959
plant	1954 8
Table 6 Estimated amounts of commercial fertilizer and plant nutrients applied to	North Dakota.
commercial	and pasture.
nts of	crops
l amou	Lfied
Estimated	speci
1	
°,	
Table	

		1954	54			19	1959	
Specified crops and	Amount	Quantity	of plant nutrients	utrients	Amount	Quantity	Quantity of plant nutrients	utrients
pasture	of fer- tilizer	N	Available P20g	K20	of fer- tilizer	N	Available P205	K20
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Corn, all purposes	5,363	376	1,682	95	10,481	1,690	3,216	18
Potatoes	5,295	428	1,241	697	9,526	1,705	1,823	747
Sugar beets	2,587	87	986	80	3,721	202	1,373	e E
Wheat and durum	20,752	1,196	8,505	196	74,172	8,150	29,582	301
Barley	13,655	728	4,277	360	46,905	8,202	12,205	602
0ats	2,858	154	967	ຄູ	7,478	963	2,282	0
Rye	0	0	0	0	108	12	148	0
Flax	1,495	145	472	0	1,462	2014	456	0
Soybeans	0	0	0	0	183	20	88	0
Tame hay and cropland			,					ł
pasture	1,836	83	669	0	2,531	202	887	0
Other crops	0	0	0	0	717	19	56	0
Improved permanent open	-		4	ć	-00	Ľ	¢	Ċ
pasture	2017	131	0	0	294	1.6	D	D
Total crops and improved pasture	54,248	3,328	18,829	1,451	156,978	21,166	52,016	1,808
Source: Based on data from U. in making estimates.	from U. S.	Census o	Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.	re for 19	54 and 1959		See text for methods used	lods used

1

-16-

•

Table 7 Estimated amount crops and pastu	timated amount of crops and pasture,	commercial Red River		r and pla bregion o	fertilizer and plant nutrients applied Valley subregion of North Dakota, 1959	s applied ota, 1959	to specified	ed
		19	1954			1	1959	
Specified crops and	Amount	Quantity	of	plant nutrients	Amount	Quantity	of	plant nutrients
pasture	of fer- tilizer	N	Available P205	K2O	of fer- tilizer	N	Available P ₂ 05	К ₂ 0
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Corn, all purposes	2,276	214	635	60 678	3,715	522 722	1,035 751.	9 857
rotatoessugar beets	2,294	رتا 14	7) 7 6 7	62	2,892	000 (1 98	1,181	32
Wheat and durum	11,084	109	4,614	177	19,398	2,480	7,309	277
Barley	9,039	1,88	2,574	1718	19,848	3,796	4,244	619
Oats	1,171	64 0	334	ຕິ	2,337	273	1467 5	00
Ry6	0 ראק	240	0 866	-	1 L 8 7 G		.92 L	00
Soybeans	20	20	0	00	74	8	0 1 1 1 1 1 1	00
Tame hay and cropland	100	ĉ	700	c	.162	ç		c
Other crobs	074	200	070	00	117	201	197 707	00
Improved permanent open					Ī	Ì		
pasture	222	11/	0	0	72	24	0	0
rotal crops and improved	32,739	1,985	10,784	1,358	59,266	9,052	16,494	1,675
Source: Based on data from U. in making estimates.	from U. S.	Census	of Agricultu	re for 19	Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.	See	text for methods used	ods used

-17-

Amount of fer- tilizer s s b 703	Quantity N Tons 139 27 10	of plant nutrients Available K ₂ 0 P ₂ 05 Tons Tons	ıtrients				
	N <u>Tons</u> 139 27 10	Available P ₂ 05 Tons		Amount	Quantity	οf	plant nutrients
	<u>Tons</u> 139 27 10	Tons	К ₂ 0	of fer- tilizer	N	Available P2 ⁰⁵	K ₂ 0
	139 27 10		Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
		751	35 20	5,942	1,032	1,944	9, 0
		26	ч Ч	174	32	19 7	רי ע
	547	3,499	19 19	42,567	179,41	16,902	24
bartey	87	т, 009 618	7 O	200,22 1,861	4, 200 65h	707.1	-16 0 0
	0	0	0	78	6	37	
Flax 734	69	244	0	562	62	270	0
Soybeans 0	0	0	0	109	12	ŝ	0
Tame nay and crop- land pasture 824	50	320	0	1,608	151	533	0
Other crops 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
pasture 155	50	0	0	152	50	0	0
19,551	1,216	7,204	93	81,265	10,872	28 , 681	<u>1</u> 33

Estimated amount of commercial fertilizer and plant nutrients applied to specified Table 8. ÷

Table 9 Estimated amount of commercial crops and pasture, Missouri Sl	amount of pasture, M	commercial Missouri Sl	() I	r and pl ion of N	ial fertilizer and plant nutrients Slope subregion of North Dakota,	s applied 1954 and	l to specified 1 1959	eđ
		1954	1			19	1959	
Specified crops and	Amount	Quantity of	of plant nutrients	utrients	Amount	Quantity	of	plant nutrients
pasture	of fer- tilizer	Ν	Available P ₂ 0 ₅	К ₂ 0	of fer- tilizer	N	Available P ₂ 05	К ₂ 0
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Corn, all purposes Potatoes	576 33	3 ° 3	296 12	000	824 117 777	136 21 81	237 42	000
Wheat and durum	602 916	64	392	00	12,207	1,029	5,371	00
Barley	8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8	ന ന	145	00	1,974 277	198 36	802 108	00
Rye	0	0	0	0	EL EL	, r-1	Ŋ	0
Flax	00	00	00	00	21	2 0	010	00
Tame hay and cropland	5	D	5	0	D	þ	D	D
pasture	118	 1	53	Ò	289	12	123	0
Other crops	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Improved permanent open pasture	30	10	0	0	02	53	0	0
Total crops and improved pasture	1,958	127	ርተ8	0	16,447	1,542	דוו8,6	0
Source: Based on data from 1	from U. S.	Census of	Agricultur	e for l	Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.		See text for methods	ods

used in making estimates.

-19-



Table 10. - Amount of fertilizer applied to specified crops and pasture in percent

 $\underline{1}$ Less than 0.5 percent.

Source: Compiled from data in tables 6, 7, 8, and 9.

-21-

Table 11 Average amount of fertilizer applied per fertilized acre on specified	crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota,	1954 and 1959
- AV(crop	
•		
Ц		
Table		

ta	1959	Pounds	71.6 222.2	195.2	52.0 18.0	1.01	51.6	50.2	65.6	ן נ	50.05	רוס	TOTOT	60.0	or
State of North Dakota	1954 1	Pounds Po		· vo -	54. L		0	47.7	0	36, ع		ר טארר		64.5	See text for
ri- e ion	1.959	Pounds	51.7 183.8	380.0	10°01	15.4	50.0	50.0	0	82.3	0	.I LCC	4.462	47.8	t and 1959.
Missouri- Slope subregion	1954	Pounds	120.5 130.2	124.5	75.7 118.3	15.6	0	0	0	۱ <u>۱</u>	0	ןיט צ	47.0	73.0	Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.
lains gion	1959	Pounds	68.6 166.8	305 205 2,55	277 77 77	15.4	50.0	140 . 0	70.0	88.6	0	9 00	74.0	53.1	f Agricultu
Till-Flains subregion	1954	Pounds	72.2 114.4	130.8	118.2	47.5	0	45.5	0	82.1	0	7 00 1	0.034	50.1	
River ley egion	1959	Pounds	84.7 223.8	172.4	1.07	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	103.5	20.05	0 8,1 1	7-04-7	79.8	from U. S.
Red River Valley subregion	1954	Pounds	83.8 184.2	145.0	04.5 61,8	64.5	0	50.0	0	115,0	0	7 OC L	C.2CT	77.2	ed on data nates.
Specified crops and	pasture		Corn, all purposes	Sugar beets	Wheat and durum	Oats	Пуе	Flax	Soybeans	Tame hay and cropland	Other crops	Improved permanent open	Total arone and improved	pasture	Source: Estimates based on data from U. methods used in making estimates.

-22-

ę

Table 12. - Average amount of nitrogen applied per fertilized acre on specified crops and pasture, by agricultural subregions of North Dakota, 1954 and 1959

-23-

							- 4	24-							
	ate of Dakota	1959	Pounds	22.0 1,2 c	72.0	21.4	10°0	22.9	15.7	31.5	31.9	24.0	0	19.9	kt for
uo	State of North Dakota	1954	Pounds	25.2 1.1 8	54.3	22°5	18.0	0	15.1	0	36.7	0	0	22 . lt	. See text for
P ₂ O ₅ applied per fertilized acre by agricultural subregions 1954 and 1959	uri- je gion	1959	Pounds	11.9 64.1	83.0	19.6	17.7	20.8	24.0	0	35,0	0	0	19.9	Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.
l per fertiliz ral subregions 59	Missouri- Slope subregion	1954	Pounds	6"19 6	34.9	23.6	т. 20 . 2	0	0	0	רידק	0	0	31.4	rre for 195
le P ₂ 0 ₅ applied p , by agricultural a, 1954 and 1959	ains ion	1959	Pounds	22.5 36.0	86.0	20.4	21 20 21 20	24.0	19.2	33.6	: 29 J	0	0	18.8	Agricultu
, of available P, and pasture, by North Dakota, 19	Till-Plains subregion	1954	Pounds	21.6	10.01	17.9	17.8 17.8	0	15.1	0	32.0	0	0	18.5	Census of
amount of a crops and p of North	iver ey gion	1959	Pounds	23.6	20.4	26.4	12.0	22.9	12.0	28.8	37.7	24.0	0	22.2	from U. S.
	Red River Valley subregion	1954	Pounds	23.4	57.0	26.9	7.01 18.1	0	15.0	0	6 . Lil	0	0	25.4	d on data
Table 13 Average specified	Specified crops and	pasture		Corn, all purposes	Sugar beets	Wheat and durum	Bartey conservation	Rye	Flax	Soybeans	Tame hay and cropland pasture	Other crops	Improved permanent open pasture	Total crops and improved pasture	Source: Estimates based on data from U.

-24-

•

methods used in making estimates.

Table 14 Average amount of potash (K,0) applied per fertilized acre on	specified crops and pasture, by ägricultural subregions of	a 14 Average amount of potash (K ₂ 0, specified crops and pasture, by aga North Dakota. 195h.
specified crops and pasture, by ägricultural subregions of		North Dakota. 1951 and 1959

1

Specified crops and	Red River Valley subregion	Lver sy și on	Till-Flains subregion	lains șion	Missouri- Slope subregion	uri- pe gion	State of North Da	State of North Dakota
pas our e	1954	1959	1951	1959	1954	1959	1954	1959
	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds	Pounds
Corn, all purposes	2,2 25,0	0.2 17.8	1.0 8.2	0.1 1.11	00	00	1.4 23.5	₽.0 12.0
Sugar beets	0.0	1.0 0.1	1.1 1.0	0.03	00	00	4. 0. 5	1.7 0.2
Barley	2.4	2.1	0.2	0.2	0	0	ил г	6.0
0ats	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	0
Rye	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F128X====================================	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0
Soybeans	0	0	0	0	0,	0	0	0
Tame hay and cropland	c	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
pasture	50	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
Uther crops	D	D	D	D	C	D	þ	þ
Improved permanent open	C	С	С	С	С	С	c	c
Total crops and improved	>	, ,						>
pasture	3.2	2,3	0.2	0.1	0	0	1.7	0.7
Source: Estimates based on data from U.	ed on data	from U. S.		Census of Apriculture	for	195/L and 1959.	See	text for

りわり מש シー alla ナンンキ 20 ίΟ ς 5 **.** Source: Estimates based on dar methods used in making estimates.

-25-

1959	Plant nutrients used	M P ₂ 05	Tons Tons	39 37 1 2				4 12	0	7 th 0	20h 1,72		
use of fertilizer on irrigated crops in North Dakota, 1959		fertilizer per acre	Pounds	224.0 164.4	369.9	121.9	185.1	143.1	0 0	0 7.54• 9	201.3		
gated crops	Amount of	fertilizer used	Tons	199 6	808	256	110	01	0	927 0	1.682		
zer on irrig	Percentage of	acreage fertilized	Percent	58 . 1 36 . 7	100.0	63 . 1	33.6	32.1	000	0°07	h2.9		
e of fertili	Fertilized	acreage	Acres	1,777 73	4,369	4,200	497	559	000	025 ، رز 0	16.713		
Table 15 Estimated us	71	crops and pasture		Corn, all purposes	Sugar beets	Wheat and durum	Barley	0ats	Dry beans	Tame may and cropiand pasture 1/ Other crops 1/	Total irrigated crops and pasture 1/	1/ Excludes wild hay.	

Source: Estimates based on 1959 U. S. Census of Agriculture, Annual Crop Census of Federal Reclamation Projects made by U. S. Bureau of Reclamation and various survey data. See text for methods used in making estimates.

-26-

Table 16 Estimated use of fertilizer on irrigated crops in North Dakota, 1954	d use of fer	tilizer on ir	rrigated cro	ss in North D	akota, 1954		
Specified irrigated	Fertilized	Percentage of	Amount of	Average .amount of	Plant n us	Plant nutrients used	
crops and pasture	астеаде	acreage fertilized	fertilizer used	fertilizer per acre	Ŋ	P_2O_5	
	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Tons	Tons	
Corn, all purposes	501 178	65.9 37.5	50 11	199.6 157.3	0 m	л6 Д	
Sugar beets	4,279	100.0	267	124.8	37	52	
wieat and autwin	289	28.2	10	140.2 69.2	2 0	γ [‡] ω	
	360	26.1	12	66.7	0	۰ M C	
Tame hay and cropland	>	5	5	5	5	5	
pasture 1/	3,382 0	22 . 7 0	176 0	104.1 0	00	۲2 0	
Total irrigated crops and pasture <u>1</u> /	11,033	29.3	673	122.0	67	224	
1/ Excludes wild hay.						- - -	

Source: Estimates based on 1954 U. S. Census of Agriculture, annual crop census of Federal Reclamation Frojects made by U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, and various survey data. See text for methods used in making estimates.

-27-

Census Data on Fertilizer Use by Counties, 1954 and 1959

The tables in this section contain the basic county data on fertilizer use from the U. S. Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959 (tables 17 - 23). Also included are computations of the percentage of acreage fertilized and average application rates per acre in each county, for the convenience of the reader in making intercounty comparisons. In each table, the counties are arranged alphabetically by agricultural subregions.

Two maps have been included to show the relative intensity of fertilizer use among the various counties. Figure 5 shows the percentage of total crop acreage fertilized in each county; figure 6, the percentage of wheat acreage fertilized. The highest concentrations of fertilized acreage are in the Red River Valley and adjacent counties, while the lowest concentrations generally are among the counties in the south-central and northwest parts of the state.

s and	
counties	
bγ	~
Summary of fertilizer use in North Dakota, by counties	agricultural subregions. 195h and 1959
ۍ لې	LU.
10 10	rio
Summary	3.9
1	
17	
Table 17.	

D	Agricultural farms using subregion fertilizer	and county 1954 1959	Number Number	Red River Valley: 773 1,390 Cass 052 1,355 Grand Forks 1,052 1,355 Pembina 1,052 1,035 Traill 1,033 1,035 Walsh 1,033 1,374	Total, Red River Valley 4,257 5,962	Till Plains: 316 832 Barnes	
D	Fertilized acreage	1954	r Acres	0 120,586 5 210,004 8 74,223 16,227	848,048	25, 460 25, 664 26, 664 26, 779 13, 779 14, 779 24, 17, 798 24, 17, 798 24, 17, 798 24, 17, 798 24, 17, 798 26, 14, 779 28, 667 28, 14, 779 28, 14, 779 29, 14, 779 29, 14, 779 20, 779 20	
	li zed age	1959	Acres	346,936 355,674 294,761 152,527 335,984	1,1485,882	202,212 101,060 109,204 19,361 65,508 28,681 19,224 59,798 107,925 107,925 107,925 59,376 59,376	
	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage <u>l</u>	1954	Percent	13.9 34.6 50.1 17.9 39.1	29.3	200980427200 200980427200	
	d acreage ent of acreage <u>1</u> /	1959	Percent	42.4 65.4 67.8 38.7 67.7	55.3	24,27 1,27,18 20,05 20,0	
	Total am of ferti used	1954	Tons	4,163 9,339 8,122 2,708 8,407	32,739	1,342 864 864 106 147 233 23 352 143 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	Ċ
	tal amount fertilizer used	1959	Tons	11,114 16,501 12,166 5,312 14,173	59,266	6,022 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777	fonn throf.

-29-

Summary of fertilizer us	agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959 - Continued
។ ស្ត	ີ ຜູ
17.	
~	
Table	

Agricultural subregion	Number of farms using fertilizer	r of using izer	Ferti acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acre in percent of harvested acrea	d acreage ent of acreage_/	Total a of fert: used	al amount fertilizer used	
ana councy	1954	1959	1954	1959	1954	1959	1954	1959	
	Number	Number	Acres	Acres	Percent	Percent	Tons	Tons	
Till Plains (continued): Logan McHenry	12 80	154 597	317 9,644	23,204 106,287	0.1 1.8	8.7 23.6	13 279	593 2,542	
McIntosh	18	107 657	276 7.722	11,625 112.775	0.1 1.2	3.6 23.5	18 168	394 3 . 170	
Mountrail	58	308	3,100	691,769	6.0		25	1,320	
Pierce	205 94	095 285	02,004	103, сод 70, З44	т7.0 2.6	20.5	214, 218	2,23,2 1,604	
Ramsey	178	1442	26,992	119,164	6.8	27.9	604		-3
RansomRenville	109	300 258	7,204	191,191	2°5	16.2	284 632		0-
Richland	202 202	1,052	70,354	183,305	10.7	29.3	2,450	6,686	
Rolette	611	179	21,514	1,11,062	9.1	23.0	1482	972	
SargentSargent	31,	213	8,570 063	29,003	ν α ο	2°6	271	1,043	
Steele	319	009	52,849	145,087	18.1	50.7	1,500	3,872	
Stutsman	66	666	11,947	144,668	1.7	22.8	1406	7 11, 11	
Towner	208	366 760	38,962	171, 337	10.7	29 . 1	848 500	2,618 3,875	
We11s	175	184	22,867	108,823	4.8 4.8	25°4	548	3,0,0 7 II 6	
Williamsunits Williams	113	388	13,555	92,516	2.9	24.6	191	1,985	
1444 18	5,191	14,237	780,553 3	3,059,072	5.7	24.7	19,551	81,265	
							-00	-Continued	

....

											I	I	1	
	Total amount of fertilizer used	1959	Tons	939 184 פוק	1,213 782	923 2.187	2,652 91/1	1,982] 8	834	2,000	16,447	156,978	
	Total ar of fert: used	1954	Tons	1225	120 210	181	675 38	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	υЪ	102	TCT	1,958	54,248	
	acreage nt of <u>1</u> / acreage <u>1</u> /	1959	Percent	18.7 10.0	14.3 23.0	36.2	33.8	19.4	4°21 9•0	21.7		21.1	28.6	
subregions, 1954 and 1959 -Continued	Fertilized acreage in percent of <u>1</u> , harvested acreage <mark>1</mark> ,	1954	Percent	0.3	100 10	0.9	3.4 0.8	<u>м</u> і 0 с	0.4	г, г	L•3	1 . 5	8.4	
lt and 1959	Fertilized acreage	1959	Acres	141,549 7,687 11,665	44,197 33.195	39,852	92,795 37,951	68,236	1,57 (0 3,452	36,071	AT,032	687,695	,232,649	
sgions, 195	Fertiliz acreage	1954	Acres	736 653 16. 316	5,600	3,252	10,342	n n	6 <u>5</u>	2,030	4,520	53,616	1,682,217 5,232,649	
	r of using izer	1959	Number	190 65 151	222	265	1448 296		740 770	129	C/Lh	3,580	23,779	
agricultural	Number of farms using fertilizer	1954	Number	255	년 고 양	(7 7 7 7		<u>ት</u> የ	у.v	18	71	514	9,992	-
	Agricultural subregion	and county		Missouri Slope: Ádams Billings	DunnGolden Vallev	Grant Grant	McKenzie	Morton	TTO STOUR STOULDE	Slopesummer summer s	Udrk	Missouri Slope	State total	

Table 17. - Summary of fertilizer use in North Dakota, by counties and

1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ "Harvested acreage" includes acreage of cropland pasture and improved permanent open pasture, but excludes harvested acreage of wild hay.

-31-

ties and agricultural	
and	
uno	
by c	56
North Dakota,	s, 1954 and 1959
inl	ion
tion of corn in North	subreg
of	41
Fertilization	
1	
18.	
Table	

a an sa

1954 1959 1959	ultural Fertilized Amount Average definition for anount of acreage in of amount of amount of acreage in of amount of amount of amount of amount of amount of amount of acreage in of amount of amount of acreage acreage in of amount of acreage acreage in of amount of acreage acrea	1954	Acres Percent Tons Pounds Acres Percent Tons Pounds	Valley: $27, 486$ 33.8 977 71.1 $63,964$ 68.9 $2,462$ 77.0 $13,134$ 51.1 671 102.2 $12,047$ 68.1 768 127.5 $5,152$ 81.8 224 87.0 805 23.3 38 94.44 $6,830$ 32.5 324 94.9 $8,945$ 144.5 349 78.0 $1,689$ 18.1 80 94.7 $1,941$ 46.2 78.0	rea Valley 54,291 37.8 2,276 83.8 87,702 63.4 3,715 84.7	4,820 13.6 165 68.5 9,676 27.6 387 930 5.8 28 60.2 1,186 9.0 39 165 11.4 7 84.8 55.0 2,488 26.7 39 165 11.4 7 84.8 55.0 2,488 26.7 39 197 11.7 7 84.8 1180 14.14 6 39 197 11.7 7 84.8 57.0 2,488 26.7 57<
	Agricultural subregion and county				rocar, nea River Valley	Till Flains: Barnes

-32-

		je of re	Ø									~								
		Averag amount fertili per ac	Pounds	66 . 5	54.9	62 . 6 36.5	14-2	60°5	70°-1	73.7	545	77.0	62°0	080		78.0	60.0	55.4	00 00 00 00	68.6
TOTO	59	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	24	117	28 1 28	<u>j</u> u	62	υ 2 τ 2 τ	137	24	2,510	20	175	138	192	6	124	95	5,942
	1959	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	د. م		6°8 10 2	0°6	27.4		29.8	15.3	56.8	37.9	C•22	112.8	12.6	21.7	22.2	o n v	23.7
-Continued		Fertilized acreage	Acres	722	14,307	895	582	1,489	7,66 T 2,11, L	11,862	880	65,185	645	7,401	L.510	4,924	300	4,473	2,017	173,130
		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	85.7	98.8	100.0	0	83.3	2.011 R 01	7.3	133.3	78.9	58.7	33 8 33 8	50 69	63.2	55.8	70.6	60 . 1	72.2
subregions, 1954 and 1959	54	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	9	29	07	10	117		TOT	9	1,142	10	с Т Т	82	69	9	6	81	2,511
rerullization of corn in North Jakova, subregions, 1954 and 1959	1954	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	0.9	2.6	0 r 1 v	-0	10.7	4•7 101	7.3	2.6	28.6	16.7		18.7	2.0	14.2	1 . 6	о г 0 г	9.8
- Herulli		Fertilized acreage	Acres	041	587		0	1,056	5/4 2/4	2,834	.06	28,951	341	057°5	2.360	2,183	215	222	2,695	69,568
- • OT BTART.	-	Agricultural subregion and county		Till Plains (continued)	McHenry	McIntosh	Mountrail	Nelson	Plerce	Ransom	Renville	Richland	Rolette	Sheni dan	Steele	Stutsman	Towner	Ward	Wells	Total, Till Plains

Table 18. - Fertilization of corn in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural

e.

-33-

-Continued

s and agricultural	
y counties	- Continued
Table 18 Fertilization of corn in North Dakota, b	subregions, 1954 and 1959

i

٠

				-34-	
		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	38.9 37.0 27.2 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2	0 • T/
	59	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	235 0408823332856 128 04088523332285 856 235 235 235 128 50 256 235 128 50 256 235 128 50 256 235 128 50 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	TOT OT
	1959	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	7 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7	55.3
		Fertilized acreage	Acres	2,055 1114 920 920 6610 7,752 1,921 1,921 1,921 2,3300 2,330 2,33000 2,33000 2,33000 2,33000 2,33000 2,330000000000	292,695
///- 11		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	62.7 62.7 641.7 444.7 35.1 685.7 665.7 120.5 120.5	00.4
10/7 min H//T Conner	115	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	7, 3, 0, 0, 15, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	<i>נ</i> ەנ, כ
TASTONO	195/1	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	6•0T
		Fertilized acreage	Acres	285 325 325 325 325 325 325 325 885 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 9,559 0 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 7	٥٣₩, ٤٤٤
		Agricultural subregion and county		Missouri Slope: Adams Billings Bowman Golden Valley Grant Grant	Tenon anenc

Source: U. S. Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.

		and agricult	agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959	gions, 1954	and 1959			
		1954	4			1959	59	
Agricultural subregion and county	Fertîlized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre
	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds
Red River Valley: Cass Grand Forks Pembina	2/1,100 16,892 14,189 1,187 20,897	2/118.8 79.6 67.0 28.5 56.4	1,820 1,820 1,740	109.1 215.5 184.1 121.3 166.5	21,604 25,593 3,525 31,437	93.4 94.7 86.5 64.6 90.7	42 2,597 3,001 375 3,268	105.7 240.4 234.5 234.5 212.8 207.9
rotar, ked River Valley	54,265	64.2	4,998	184.2	82,954	88.9	9,283	223.8
Total, Till Plains 3/	4,617	57.8	264	ין יורנ	1,511	26.9	126	166 . 8
Total, Missouri- Slope <u>3</u> /	476	23.9	33	138.7	2/1,273	2/118.0	117	183.8
State total	59,358	62.8	5,295	178.4	85 , 738	85.7	9,526	222.2
1' May include a small acreage of $\overline{2}$ / The fertilized acreage exceeds the planted acreage prior to harvest.	: small acre d acreage e ior to harv	la f	fruits and vegetables. the harvested acreage.		This is proba	is probably due to abandonment of part of	abandonment	of part of

Table 19. - Fertilization of potatoes in North Dakota, by counties

1

 $\frac{1}{3}$ Data for each county in this subregion are not given because of the small acreages involved.

Source: U. S. Census of Agriculture, 1954 and 1959.

-35-

10	
counties	
þγ	
Table 20 Fertilization of wheat 1/ in North Dakota, by counties	and agricultural subregions. $195h$ and 1959
n	5
~	ns.
4 H	0,10
whea	subre
of	
rtilization	agriculturs
не	and
I	-0
20.	
Table	

	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	61.4 80.0 69.7 66.9 68.3	70.1	445.00 450.00
1959	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	3,328 5,537 1,204 1,884 1,445	19,398	3,026 1,572 828 954 828 954 1,572 1,
1	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	61.1 67.8 77.2 60.7 77.2	73.6	981 981 982 983 983 97 97 98 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97 97
	Fertilized acreage	Acres	108,357 138,458 120,563 56,288 130,070	553,736	102,434 62,525 68,627 38,953 38,953 38,953 39,953 10,052 10,052 39,694
	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	60.3 60.3 62.8 62.8	64.5	72.2888199799102201 22.2881997910574 22.2881997910574 22.2881997910574 22.288819979
4	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	1,132 3,043 3,088 852 2,969	11,084	622 531 531 67 531 67 67 116 188 116 297 204 204 204 204 15 204 204 204 207 204
1954	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	18.3 14.3 58.8 24.3 24.3	38.7	14.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
	Fertilized acreage	Acres	37,530 82,858 102,627 26,012 94,503	343,530	27,580 14,220 26,238 3,825 620 6,466 6,466 6,466 6,466 131 131 131 711 711 711
	Agricultural subregion and county		<u>ev</u>	Total, Red River Valley	Till Plains: Barnes

-36-

Table 20. - Fertilization of wheat 1/ in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959 - Continued

.

		Agricultural subregion and county		Till Flains (continued)			McLean				Renville				Steelennenenenenen 2				Wells		
		Fertilized acreage	Acres	128	6,992	225	5 , 968 3,325	25,862	7,236	105°1	-2,500	7,572	4,524	2,955	1,114 20,1167	5,229	5,350	19,094	9,942 10,651	200 087	10260
l (r	нскт	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	1.0	ц С С	0.2	2•2 1•6	20.1	4.6 0	5. 5. 6.	17.5	0.6	12.6	м. 	24.3	2.1	13.1	7.2	5.4 .0		
	4	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	77	159		125 61	589	166 262	303 66	00 1133	208	321	72	578	139	538	424	228 250	8 7CO	20160
		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	62 . 5	2	T•T)	41.9 38.5	2	45.9	13.0 74	38.4	54.9	1,11.2	1.01	1 0 1 1 1 1	53.2	42.4	44.4	45.9 16.9	ď	
		Fertilized acreage	Acres	16,867	76,404	205.67	99,002 52,864	77,896	148,684	740,44	39.765	30,342	26,017	8,468	58,673	93,423	54,592	114,362	61,966 72,692		10060006
ло г.	<i>КСК</i> Т	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	18,1	1.7.1		40.0 27.5	76.2	36.7	74-70	35.4	37.3	31.8	14.1 18 6	79.7	45.1	33.2	148.5	40 . 8 32.9	28.0	3000
	Ā	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	בונו	1,830	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1,060	2,247	1,080	1,035 175	868	1,005	571	290 276	1,666	2,859	1,412	2,500	1,695 1,169	1,0 ¢67	100694
		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	52.3	47.9	21	10.1	57.7	1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	-1 1 1	13.7	66.2	43.9 19	68 . 5	56.8	61.2	51.7	143.7	54.7	- -	(• T (

-37-

••• •

-Continued

Table 20. - Fertilization of wheat 1/ in North Dakota, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959 -Continued

			0					
		1.954	54			1959	59	
Agricultural subregion and county	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre
	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds
Missouri-Slope: Adams	tiger .	0.1	лa	74.6	39,098	32.3	828	172° 14
BillingsBowman		0.9 2.7	8 108	67 07 2 2 2	6,603 37,901	35.3	193 193	11.8
Dunnnun	. 3,284	2.6	, 63	38.14	32,209	28.9	770	147.8
Golden Valley	1, 1, 1, 1, 7, 829	9.8 1.1	165 138	42.2 187.5	26,410 31,012	39 . 6 28 . 1	519 732	39.3 17.2
Hettinger	5,881	3.0	104	35.4	101,717	55.0	1,946	0
McKenzie	. 3,318	ດ ດີ ດີ	81	48 . 8	65,891	10 2 2 2 2	1,114	112 . 9
Mort.on	رة/ 889	or C	=		50,200 55,310	7.02 7.72	1.55 2.65	40°0
01iver	206	1.2	ខ	65.2	13,653	33.0	337	4.64
Sioux	210	0°2	10	95.2	2,861	10.4	92	53.1
Slopesummer	1,700	1.9	80	94.1	30, 725	ت. ع		<u>5</u> 5
StarkStark	3,299	2.0	61	55.2	75,318	54.3	1,641	43.6
SlopeStur-	33,164	2.1	916	55.2	549,328	0°-דוֹן	12,207	44.4
State total	767,681	10.1	20,752	54.1 .2,	.2,761,451	l42 . 9	74,172	53.7

1/ Includes durum.

Source: U. S. Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.

		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	110.9 117.4 97.0 120.7 53.0	103.5	6 82.2 8 51.6 8 71.1 8 71.6 8 71.6 8 71.6 8 71.6 1 100.4 0 0 0 0 1 100.0 1 100.0
lkota	6;	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	216 290 54 54	634	- 1892&1201286238 -Cont
and cropland pasture in North Dakota subregions, 1954 and 1959	1959	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	20195 20197 2029	5.7	50000000000000000000000000000000000000
and pasture , 1954 and :		Fertilized acreage	Acres	3,896 4,942 330 895 2,190	12,253	2,019 310 310 310 310 590 595 2,00 514 619 2,265 200 2,265 200 2,265 2,019 2,200 2,200 2,100 2,100 2,019 2,000 2,019 2,000 2,0
V 4 I		Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	124.7 128.4 100.3 117.7 71.1	115.0	65.5 96.0 120.0 56.1 56.1 90.6 90.6 120.0
tame hay 1, rriculturaI	14	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	235 304 76 71	894	で 2001日 2002日 1日 近の形だのる
- Fertilization of tame hay 1/ by counties and agricultural	1954	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	4.4 6.4 7.7 7.7	5.8	
		Fertilized acreage	Acres	3,770 4,735 1,516 3,535 1,996	15,552	4 ,152 180 125 189 189 189 778 778 620 620 100
Table 21.		Agricultural aubregion and county		Red River Valley: Cass Grand Forks Pembina Walsh	Total, Red River Valley	Till Flains: Barnes

- Fertilization of tame hay 1/ and cropland pasture in North Dakota Table 21.

-39-

.. **.**

in North Dakota	-Continued
Table 21 Fertilization of tame hay 1/ and cropland pasture	by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959

	_							-	-40)												
	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	6-11	80°0	37.7	69 . 69	36.4	59.5	82.4	0	150.0	70.1	94.3	100.0	63.5	146.0	59.0	13.6	139.3	87.4	88.6	fonti nued
6	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	12	27	2	20 t-	<u></u> 2.0	36	63	0	752	27	IO	r-I	33	27	ព	92	39	54	1,608	- 40 J
1959	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	6 •0	L.J.	0.4	6°0 7	0.2	n N	ٿ . س	0	16.8	2,9	0 ، ر	0 • 1	4.3	0.9	2.1	6.8	1.1	2.9	2.3	
	Fertilized acreage	Acres	308	05 097 6 7	371	115 200	110	1,210	1,530	0	10,027	770	212	50	1,040	1,173	다	4,221	560	1,235	36,317	
	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	0.0	α4•2	0.14	0 24 a	0	100.0	113.2	33.3	93.9	22,6	89.4	0	84.8	98.4	0	133.3	73.7	170.4	82.4	
4	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	0	77 T	4	0 8	0	0	õ	IO	308	12	2	0.	74	m	0	80	7	149	824	
1954	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent		 0	0.3	, 100	• 0				7.7			0	1.4		0	1.9		1.3	1.3	
	Fertilized acreage	Acres	010	285 0	195	0 0	044	7 [‡] 0	530	600	6,562	1,060	470	0	330	61	0	1,200	190	575	20,001	
	Agricultural subregion and county	(beintituos).enie [g. [[im	Logan	McTntosh	McLean	Mountrail	Pierce	Ramsey	Ransom	Renville	Richland	Rolette	Sargent	Sheridan	Steele	Stutsman	Towner	Ward	Wells	Williams	Total, Till Plains	

e in North Dakota	-Continued
Table 21 Fertilization of tame hay 1/ and cropland pasture i	by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959

	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	47.1	75.5	57.1	173.4	91.7	76.8	59.7	Ю.1	42.1	84.2	0	0	57.1	79.6	82.3	91.1
6	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	4	IO	m	62	Ц	38	N	83 83	16	34	0	0	4	22	289	2,531
1959	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Percent	0•3	1.0	0 • 3	0.8	1.1	0•9	0.1	3.0	1.4	0.6	0	0	0.4	0.7	0.8	2.1
	Fertilized acreage	Acres	170	265	105	715	240	966	67	2,209	760	808	0	0	071	553	7,022	55,592
	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Pounds	100 . 0	69.6	165.3	0	40.0	47.6	0	91.2	0	186.0	100.0	32.0	154.5	94.3	91.14	96.3
t	Amount of fertilizer used	Tons	Н	1	10	0	w	w	0	ፍ	0	8	ri	0	17	15	118	1,836
1954	Fertilized Fertilized acreage harvested acreage	Percent	0.1	0.6	0.4	0	1.3	0.3	0	1.8	0	0.1	0.1	1.0	0.6	0.6	0,5	1.6
	Fertilized acreage	Acres	20	115	121	0	250	210	0	1,097	0	86	20	125	220	318	2,582	38,135
	Agricultural subregion and county		Missouri-Slope: Adams	Billings	Bowman	Dunn	Golden Valley	Grant	Hettinger	McKenzie	Mercer	Morton	Oliver	SiouxSioux	Slopesummer statements	Stark	Total, Missouri- Slope	State total

1/ Does not include wild hay. $\overline{2}$ / Less than 0.5 percent. $\overline{3}$ / Amount not available; probably less than 1/2 ton. Source: U. S. Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.

-41-

Fertilization of other crops 1/ in North Dakota, by counties and Tahle 22

-42-

zation of other crops 1/ in North Dakota, by counties and tural subregions, 1954 and 1959 -Continued	1954 1959	Fertilized Amount Average acreage in of amount of fertilized Amount Average acreage in of amount of percent of fertilizer fertilizer harvested used per acre acreage acreage acreage barvested used per acre	Percent Tons Pounds Acres Percent Tons Pounds	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4.6 7,045 48.1 1,186,445 21.1 30,870 52.0
ation of other crops 1/ i ural subregions, 1954 and	1954	tilized Amount eage in of cent of fertilizer vested used	rcent Tons	0.6 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2	7,045
22 Fertiliza agricultu		Fertilized Fertilized per acreage har ac	Acres	2,045 1,04	292,810
Table 2		Agricultural subregion and county		Till Plains (continued) Logan McHenry McLean McLean	Plains

Fertilization of other crops 1/ in North Dakota. by counties and Tahle 22.

-43-

-Continued

1 Dakota, by counties and	-Continued
Table 22 Fertilization of other crops 1/ in North Dakota, by counties and	agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959

		1954	11			1959	65	
Agricultural subregion and county	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of harvested acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre
• ero [3 - imiros iW	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds
Adamertanee.	- 140		Ч	50.0	3,226	9.2	67	2.14
BillingsBirness	- 70	С•0 -	4 79 80	114.3	705 720	4.9 16 1	18 120	51.1 11 0
	006		22	148.9	5,876	12.6	174	59.2
Golden Valley	- 939		28	59.6	14, 705	17.3	116	49.3
Grant	85		Ś	70.6	5,137	0.0	96	37.4
Hettinger			α γ	32.0	18,577 10,077	82.0 20	102 1102	43.6
Mercer			ע 0 1	7.00T	6/0°07	2.20 2.0	242 96	18.3
Morton	173		10	104.0	10,629	18.6	330	62.1
01 i ver	6.0	2/	3/	3/	2,832	9.7	99	146.6
SLOUX		° C C	οu		59L	ກ ທີ່ ເ	EL C	41. B
Stark	383	0.4	12	62.7	13,450	20.1	339	50.4
Total, Missouri- Slope	6,625	0.7	285	86.0	97,604	16 . 6	2,940	60.2
State total	676,662	7.7	20,595	60.9 2,	60.9 2,032,319	26.5	59,974	59.0
oft modto amond / r						n - 43		

1/ Grops other than corn, wheat, potatoes, hay and pasture. Included in "other crops" are barley, oats, rye, flax, soybeans, dry beans, dry peas, safflower, sunflowers, sorghum, sugar beets, fruits, vegetables, nursery products, and field seed crops. $\frac{2}{3}$ / Amount of fertilizer not available -- probably less than 1/2 ton.

Source: U. S. Census of Agriculture, 1954 and 1959.

١

-44-

ITE $1/$ in North Da 1954 and 1959	
Table 23 Fert1lization of improved open pasture 1, by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954	

		1954	7			1959	62	
Agricultural subregion and county	Fertilized Fertilized acreage percent total acreage	er of in	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of total acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre
Bod Dimon Vollon.	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds
	47 2/2,351	1.7 2/145.8	2 181	85 . 1 154.0	465 105	21.9 10.8	35 10	150 . 5 190 . 5
	140	- 61.4 24.4 14.7	17 12 12	72.3 142.9 137.1	222 175	0 41.3 19.3	0 61 8	0 171.2 91.4
tal, Red River Valley	3,183	45.7	222	139.5	296	20 . 4	72	148.9
	0	0		0	30	1.5	2	133.3
	01	0	0	0	175	8	۲. ۲.	354.3
	1,155	144.9 0	09 C	103 . 9 0	452 0	18.4 0	ЦС	48.7 0
	00	0	00	00	00	00	00	00
	0 0	00	00	0 00	00	00	0 0	0 (
		tr.0	000			5 0	0 0	- -
	00	00	00	00	00			00
	0	0	0	0	90	3.9	Ţ	88.9
	5	24.6	9	160.0	700	15.6	Ч	75.0
	24	Т.ц	1 (83 . 3	0	0	0.	0.
		0 0	00	0 0	0,00		- -	114.3
	5	D	D	D	200	٤• ΥΤ	74	0°00T
							- <u>C</u> 01	-Continued

-45-

e 1/ in North Dakota	-Continued
'in I	1959
Table 23 Fertilization of improved open pasture 1/	by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959 -(
Table :	þλ

		1954	1			1959	6	
Agricultural subregion and county	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of total acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of total acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre
	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds
Till Plains (continued)	C	c	С	C	c	c	c	C
Mc Henry	0	0	00	00	80 80	1.2	р Г	100.0
McIntosh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
McLean	0	0	0	0	85 29	2.3	9	2.141.2
Mountrail	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.
Nelson	Ю, c	ນ ດັ່ງ	N	160.0	315	27.1	~ ~	17•17
Plerce					ے ر	2 C	- C	
Ransom		00	00	00	P07	1°3	۱	250.0
Renville	0	0	0	0	0	4. 2	<u>,</u> 01	100.0
Richland	920	43.9	23	50°0	285	14.3	20	140.41
Rolette	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sargent	00	00	00	00	ဓို	7. 1	r- (66.7
SheridanSheridan		ц У С	<u>ہ</u> د	n N N	ۍ د ۲	c c c	، د	N O
Stutsman	2	0.4	11	95.2	29 7	0.9	1 00	100°0
Towner	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0
Wardu	0	0	0	0	800	36.9	15 J	37.5
Wells	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Williams	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
rotar, trtr Plains	2,570	3.8	155	120.6	3,282	4.8	152	92.6
								-Continued

-46-

				abitcatat part (broin) +//4 and +///	1/1+ mm +			
		15	1954			1959	59	
Agricultural subregion and county	Fertilized Fertilized acreage percent total acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of total acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre	Fertilized acreage	Fertilized acreage in percent of total acreage	Amount of fertilizer used	Average amount of fertilizer per acre
. eno [2_ initio e i W	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds	Acres	Percent	Tons	Pounds
Adams	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Billings	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bowman	0	0	0	0	140	2 . 8	н,	50.0
Dunn	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	210 20	ლ - ო (52	195.2
Golden Valley	0000	0	o ç		ç	0.4	NC	ک ، ز کل 0
Hettinger	0	0	0	0	85 95	1.7) L N	117.6
McKenzie	10	0.7	3/	3/	01	2.2	4	200.0
Mercer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Morton	0	0	0	0	OTT	1.9	m	54.5
Oliver	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sioux	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SLopesuccess	0	Э	0	0	O	0	0	0
Stark	0	0	0	0	90	1.1	٣	66.7
Total, Missouri-		-						
Slope	1,210	3.4	õ	49.6	605	1.3	02	231.4
State total	6,963	6.4	1407	116.9	4 , 854	4.0	294	121.1
1/ "Impvroved open pasture" is pasture land that is not cropland nor woodland on which one or more of the	pasture" i	s pasture la	nd that is	not croplan	id nor wood]	Land on whic	ch one or mo	re of the

Table 23. - Fertilization of improved open pasture 1/ in North Dakota by counties and agricultural subregions, 1954 and 1959 -Continued

following practices have been used: liming, fertilizing, seeding, irrigating, draining, or clearing of weed or IS PASTURE LANG THAT IS NOT CYOPLANG NOY WOOGLANG ON WILCH ONE OF MORE OF NOE ..a.Innsed updo pavo.r.vdiirt.. brush growth.

 $\underline{2}$ Acreage fertilized exceeds total acreage reported. It is not known whether this is due to an error in editing and tabulating the original schedules for this county or to some aberration in the sampling procedure used.

 $\underline{3}$ / Amount not available -- probably less than 1/2 ton.

Source: U. S. Census of Agriculture for 1954 and 1959.

-47-

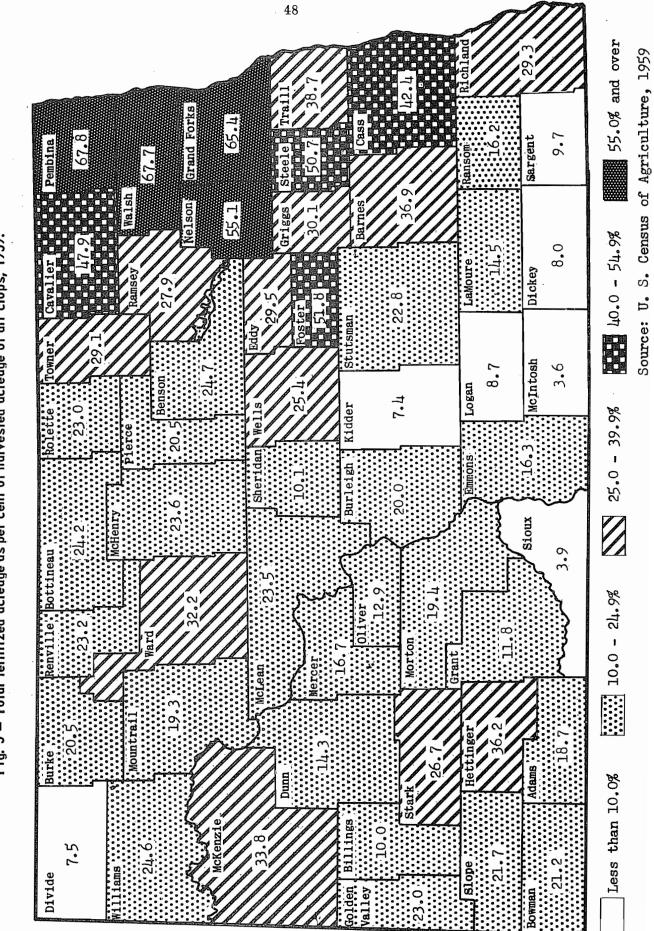
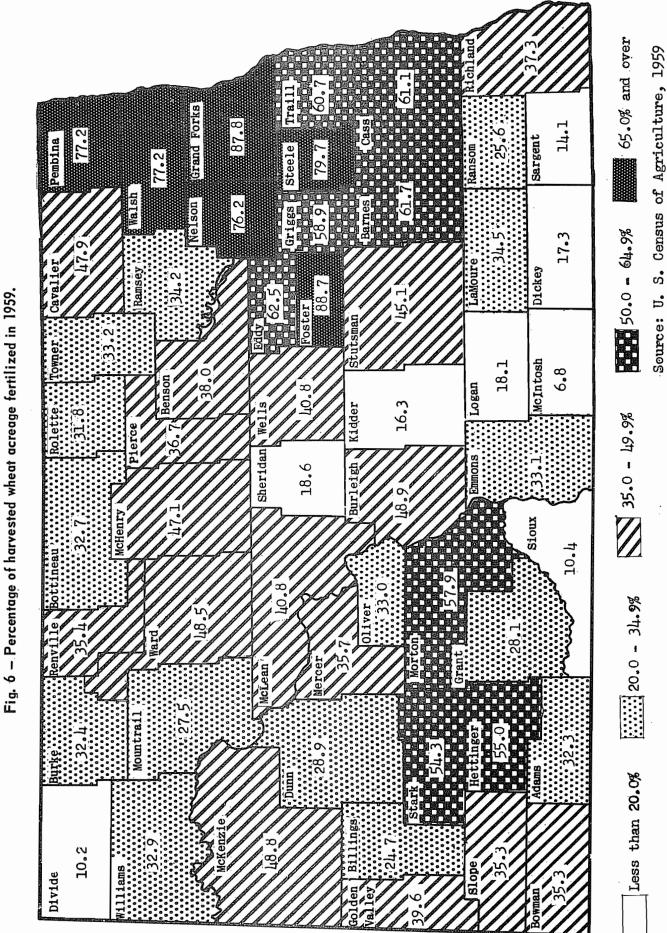


Fig. 5 - Total fertilized acreage as per cent of harvested acreage of all crops, 1959.



9