

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

# This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
<a href="http://ageconsearch.umn.edu">http://ageconsearch.umn.edu</a>
<a href="mailto:aesearch@umn.edu">aesearch@umn.edu</a>

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

# UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA Department of Agriculture and

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
Cooperating

-- 2 ---

A Preliminary Report of

# LIVESTOCK COSTS AND RETURNS

From
Data Secured in 1935
on the

# FARM ACCOUNTING ROUTE

in

WINONA COUNTY, MINNESOTA

Вy

G. A. Sallee, G. A. Pond R.H. Loreaux, Routeman

-- 0 ---

Mimeographed Report No. 75
Division of Agricultural Economics
University Farm
St. Paul, Minnesota
June, 1936

#### INDEX

	Page
Source of Data	1.
Methods of Computing and Presenting Data	1
Cows	<b>5</b> & 6
Other Cattle	
All Cattle	9 & 10
Sheep	11
Swine	
Poultry	
Work Horses	
Tractors	
Trucks	
Automobiles	

### SOURCE OF DATA

# Method of Study

A three-year study of the organization and management of a selected group of farms in Winona County was started on March 1, 1935. This study is being conducted under the supervision of the Division of Agricultural Economics of the University of Minnesota in cooperation with the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture. Farms which were representative of the better managed farms of the area were chosen with the aid of the county agricultural agent, Mr. H. C. Pedersen.\* The farmers cooperating in this study keep a complete record of cash receipts and expenses, a daily record of the labor used on each crop and class of livestock, and a record of farm produce used in the house. These records are checked at least twice per month by a field man and supplemented with inventories, feed records, reports of cropping practices and yields, and other significant facts about the farm business. The data collected are sent to the central office at University Farm, St. Paul, where a detailed set of records for each farm is kept. From these records, this report on livestock costs and returns for 1935 was prepared.

# METHODS OF COMPUTING AND PRESENTING DATA

The comparative costs and returns for each of the different classes of livestock maintained in 1935 are presented in this preliminary report. All data are shown on the basis of a standard unit such as one head or 100 pounds gain in weight. Both quantities—pounds of feed, days of pasture, man and horse hours, pounds produced, etc.—and money costs and returns are shown. The amounts of feed, with the exception of pasture, are given in pounds rather than in bushels or tons. All corn has been reduced to a shelled corn basis. The man hours include both regular daily chore labor and irregular labor such as tending sick animals, marketing livestock and livestock products, and hauling feed and bedding. The horse hours likewise include both regular and irregular work.

Local prices were used, insofar as possible, in determining the costs and returns. Marketable feeds were charged at local prices and non-marketable feeds on a comparative-feeding-value basis. No charge was made for straw or for corn stalk pasture. Man labor was figured at 20 cents per hour and horse work was charged to the individual farm at the rate determined for that farm. The shelter charge was

<sup>\*</sup>For a description of the area and of the farms studied, see Division of Agricultural Economics Mimeographed Report No. 71, A Preliminary Report of Crop Production Costs in 1935 in Winona County, Minnesota.

based on the annual cost of the buildings housing livestock, prorated on the basis of the space occupied. The equipment charge is based upon the annual cost of the particular equipment used by that class of livestock. The expense for portable brooder houses and hog houses has been included in the equipment charge and omitted from the shelter charge. The equipment charge also includes a charge for the use of the auto and truck in connection with the livestock work. Interest has been calculated at five per cent on the average of the beginning and ending inventories. Miscellaneous cash costs include such cash expenses as veterinary fees, medicine, salt, minerals, hatching expense, fuel for brooders, incubators, and tank heaters, horseshoing, sheep-shearing, etc. In arriving at the manure credit, consideration was given to the kind and the amount of feed consumed and the proportion of the fertilizing elements returned in the manure. Credit was allowed for manure produced, regardless of whether or not it was utilized.

The value of livestock production was determined by adding the sales, the products used in the house and the ending inventory and then deducting from this sum the sum of the beginning inventory and purchases. In the case of the different classes of cattle, transfers from one group to another were considered the same as purchases and sales. The weight produced was calculated in the same manner as the value produced except that weights were used instead of values.

In studying the tables and in considering the income from livestock, one should keep in mind that these are comparative figures and represent charges which are not all actual cash expenses. The feed, man labor, horse work, use of buildings and equipment, and interest on the investment have been charged to the enterprise, although they may represent very little direct cash outlay. Therefore, a minus return means that the particular class of livestock has failed to pay the usual market prices charged for the different factors. There may be no other more profitable alternative use for the buildings, much of the labor, or for the non-marketable feeds. A return above the price of marketable feeds and cash expenses may justify continued production although these figures fail to show a gain.

The returns have been expressed in several ways. The gain is the amount left after deducting all the charges listed in the table. The return over feed cost is what is left after deducting the feed cost from the value of the product, excluding manure. In other words, the return over feed cost and the manure are what the farmer has to pay him for his labor, the horse work, shelter, equipment, interest and miscellaneous cash costs. The return per hour represents what the enterprise returned for each hour of man labor used by it, after all charges except labor had been deducted. In each case, a minus (-) indicates a failure to meet the particular expenses involved. The individual farm figures have been arranged in order of increasing cost or decreasing returns, so that the farm with the lowest cost or the greatest return appears at the top of the table. In this way, each coperator may quickly see how he compares with the other cooperators.

# Cattle

Cows: The cow herds were divided into two groups upon the basis of breeding and method of management. Herds of cows of dairy breeding which were managed with particular emphasis on butterfat production were called dairy herds. Herds composed of mixed breeds which were kept for raising calves as well as producing butterfat were classed as milk-and-beef herds. Because the major emphasis with both the dairy and the milk-and-beef herds was on butterfat production, the data for these two groups appear in the same tables.

The costs and returns for the dairy and the milk-and-beef herds are for cows only. They neither include any feed or expense for the bull nor any credit for calves born. Due to the fact that calves were in some cases allowed to nurse for a short time, it was necessary to estimate their consumption of whole milk while nursing. It was assumed that the calves that were nursing received two gallons of milk per day. The value of the dairy products fed includes all milk and skimmilk fed to calves as well as to the other classes of livestock. The butterfat per cow was calculated by dividing the total butterfat utilized (including that sold, used in the house, and fed to livestock) by the average number of cows in the herd. Calculated in this manner, the butterfat production may be less than that obtained by dairy herd improvement associations because in the latter case no allowance is made for waste and shrinkage.

In comparing the dairy herds with the milk-and-beef herds, it will be noticed that, on the average, the cows in the dairy herds received twice as much grain and more roughage per cow than the cows in the milk-and-beef herds. In 1935 the dairy cows produced an average of 49 pounds of butterfat more than the milk-and-beef cows. Over 40 per cent more man labor was used per cow in the dairy herds.

In 1935 the gain per milk-and-beef cow was approximately the same as that for a dairy cow. However, a dairy cow provided a market for considerably more labor and feed than did a milk-and-beef cow. The return over feed cost per dairy cow was one-third larger than that per milk-and-beef cow. It is interesting to note that the largest gain and the largest loss occurred in the dairy herds. The two herds with the highest gains received the most concentrates and produced the most butter-fat per cow.

Other Cattle: Other cattle include all cattle except the cows. This class represents, primarily, the heifers being raised for milking herd replacements although in some cases one or more calves being fattened for sale or home butchering also are included.

All Cattle: Expenses and returns per animal of all cattle, including cows and other cattle, are presented. In these statements any milk used by calves is included in the feed and in the credit for dairy products fed to livestock. The dairy cattle received more grain and roughage and were given more hours of care than were the milk-and-beef cattle. The gain per animal unit was larger for milk-and-beef cattle than for dairy cattle. The return over feed costs was larger for dairy cattle than for milk-and-beef cattle.

#### Sheep

In the tables for sheep, the number of head is the average number of mature head for a year when two lambs up to six months of age are considered equal to one mature sheep. The fleece weight was calculated by dividing the total clip by the number of sheep sheared. The per cent death loss is based on the total number of sheep and lambs, regardless of the length of time that they were on the farm. The lambs raised per ewe is the number of lambs raised to six months of age divided by the number of ewes at lambing time.

# Hogs

Spring or early summer litters of pigs were farrowed on seven farms, fall litters only on four farms and both spring and fall litters on eight farms. The number of pigs per litter was calculated by adding together the number of pigs raised to six months of age and those that were sold or butchered at an earlier age. This sum was divided by the number of litters farrowed. The average market

weight and the price received per hundred pounds are based on the total sales of hogs and pigs. The pounds of hogs produced include any gain in weight of breeding hogs and likewise the expenses include the cost of maintaining the breeding herd. In the table of money costs and returns, the gain is the difference between the net expenses per hundred pounds and the selling price. It does not include any receipts from corn-hog benefit payments. The return over feed is the difference between the feed cost and the selling price. Generally speaking, the swine enterprise was very profitable on these farms in 1935.

# Chickens

The data for chickens are presented on the basis of one hundred hens. In a few instances, a small number of ducks or geese were raised. In such cases the feed, labor and other expenses, and the receipts for ducks and geese are included. Portable brooder houses were considered as equipment in arriving at the costs for shelter and equipment. The division of the costs between the production of eggs and the production of poultry was made on the basis of the income from each.

# Work Horses

Average costs per horse and per hour of horse work are presented. As tractors were used for drawbar power on some of the farms, averages are presented both for the tractor and the non-tractor farms. There was little difference between the tractor and the non-tractor farms in the cost per hour of horse work. The cost per horse was higher on the tractor farms than on the non-tractor farms but the horses were used enough more hours so that the cost per hour was practically the same.

### Tractors

The number of hours tractors were operated and the cost per hour of operation are presented in this report for both two-plow and three-plow tractors. The labor of the regular farm workers used in servicing and repairing is charged at twenty cents per hour. The use of the automobile, truck and horses in repairing or servicing is charged at the rates found on the farm involved. Miscellaneous cash costs include the cash cost of repairing, parts, etc. Interest is calculated on the average of the beginning and ending inventories.

#### Trucks

The labor charge for trucks is the value at twenty cents per hour, of the time the regular farm workers spent in repairing and servicing the trucks. It also includes a charge for any use of horses or automobile in repairing the truck. Miscellaneous cash costs include the cost of the license, repairs, parts, tires, insurance and also greasing when it was done at a service station. The miles driven are based on a check of the speedometer reading at the beginning and end of the year.

# <u>Automobiles</u>

The cost of automobile operation is calculated in the same manner as the cost of truck operation.

								actors	of Cos	t and R	eturn	per Co	)W						
	Lbs.						f Feed				Pas-	Ho	urs		[otal	Price		Value	
no.	B.F.	Corn				Other	Fodder	Silage			ture	Man'	Horse		rients Fed+	receive		ry Pro	ducts
			grain	conc.	hay	hay	an <b>d</b>		conc.	rough-	days				Per 1b.	per lb.	Sold	Used	Fed
							stover			age*					B.F.	B.F.			
												<del> </del>		lb.	1b.	cents			
									Do	iry Her	đ a								
229	273	303	104	1155	2862	_	***	10841	1562	6476	129	88.1	4.2	4372	16.0	34.4	\$81.55	\$9 91	\$13.51
152	345	423	680	831	1406	1218	673	3804	1934	4565	98	174.8	5.5		10.4	30.7	100.76	3.80	11.96
212	204	83	794	166	1118	572	- 1 J	7438	1043	4169	141	121.7	2.8		14.1	34.4	62.89	5.08	11.19
162	257	33	632	703	1624	270	346	10997	1368	5906	157	163.7	цц		15.0	31.5	74.49	3.03	17.45
202	2 <b>58</b>	-	684	187	3876	-	• •••	6922	871	6183	133	114.6	1.7	3749	14.5		77.47	3.82	14.20
1,42	171	***	_	88	<b>155</b> 2	91	-	8206	88	4378	132	109.1		2273	13.3	33.1 34.4	53.97	3.71	8 <b>.</b> 64
041	163	***	165	62	708	749	829	6177	227	4345	147	142.0		2273	13.9	33.3	47.69	6.02	10.87
182	193	8	435	143	1825	333	311	5750	586	4386	150	118.0		2605	13.5	33.9	59.28	4.01	9.97
131	200	157 202	595 120	179	1765	386	· =	7657	931	4703	121	135.2	4.2		15.2	31.9	57.82	3.06	12.34
029 124	178 1 <i>6</i> 4	202	120	76 <del>-</del>	1243 4 <b>1</b> 4	530 119	59 55	7771 6095	398	4422 2620	150 153	172.3	4.7 4.8		14.5	35.0	53.59 43.72	4.64	14.31
172	174	2	343	<b>7</b> 6	1071	212	22 	4074	421	2641	159	128.3			8.0 9.4	30.8 30.7	45.83	6.93 3.21	10.53 9.87
192	139		276	111	1642	770		5193	387	4144	139	159.6	8.0		17.4	31.7	35.65	4.29	12.89
	- <i>J</i> J				10,2			J±JJ	J01		*J)	± <i>)</i> )•≎	0.0		±1	J±•1	JJ• <sup>Q</sup> J		
A = = =	200	07	771	20.1	1624	71O/rt	175	Fool	755	الحكار	170	בולד	), 7	2016	17 E	70 0	61 17	), 77	וורפר
Avg.	209	93	371	291	1024	404	175	6994	755	4534	139	141,2	4.7	<810	13.5	32.8	61.13	4.73	12.14
				-												<del></del>			
134	164				426	459	755			nd-Beef		114.3	10	1)171	at 7	700	49.45	3.62	14.71
132	155	_	<del>-</del> 378	209	1243	637	355 -	5378 6071	- 587	3033 3904	168	88.2	1.0		8.7 15.3	38.0 33.4	45.36	3.54	8.96
027	148	-	94	83	742	567	416	5470	177	3548	129	73.1	4.8		12.7	30.8	37.06	3.88	13.84
122	148	4g	237	81	1082	J <sup>©</sup>	184	5394	366	3064	152	132.2	6.4		12.3	32.4	39.50	2.00	11.76
125	151	374	595	144	2408	85	1098	4890	1113	5221	137	93.6	1.1		21.9	35.5	46.26	4.56	8.90
039	159	43	_	-	1627	912	279	5690	43	4714	155	100.1	2.0		14.8	33.3	48.21	3.03	8.40
126	129	34	320	-	4022	***	***	2406	354	4824	149	85 <b>.</b> 0	1.3		21.1	33.7	38.12	1.51	9.65
					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,												······································	<del> </del>	
Avg.	150	71	232	74	1650	380	333	5043	377	<b>7</b> 1077	147	98.1	2.5	2271	15.3	33.9	43.42	3.16	10.89
												d							

<sup>\*</sup>Exclusive of pasture.
+Hay, fodder and stover plus one-third of silage.

Cost and Return per Cow Horse Shelter Equip- Inter- Misc. Depre- Total Manure Appre-Dairy Feed Man Total Net Return Return Gain Farm labor work ment est cash ciation cost credit ciation credit cost over No. products per feed hour Dairy Herds \$5.44 \$2.71 \$104.97 \$33.93 229 \$55.09 \$17.63 \$.35 \$8.86 \$.92 \$91.00 \$<sup>[1]</sup>.51 \$15.45 \$19.96 \$71.04 \$65.33 \$.59 4.07 41.23 34.96 .54 12.63 2.57 3.12 99.12 3.58 4.80 116,52 152 8.38 90.74 25.78 80.09 .35 .21 30.27 24.34 .21 4.55 4.07 2.49 67.62 2.63 2.63 64.99 79.16 14.17 47.41 .32 212 .66 2,22 1.34 45.96 32.75 14.99 2.82 100.74 3.75 16.03 19.78 80.96 94.97 14.01 65.04 162 \_ .29 4 22 95.49 22,92 .16 3.57 2.32 2.02 10.12 86.94 4.22 82.72 12.77 46.81 .31 38.56 7.27 202 \_ 56,24 4.38 6.63 .29 .24 142 24.03 21,83 .52 7.05 6.86 2.03 .55 62.87 2,25 66.32 10.08 46.67 18.94 28,41 .15 9.44 2,61 2,50 .33 62.38 1.54 3.52 58.86 64.58 5.72 47.18 041 1.98 3.48 3.16 70.34 2.63 73.26 23,60 8,60 2.38 .79 2.63 67.71 5.55 41.77 .25 28.33 182 .35 .43 4.02 2.44 73.74 **73.2**2 27.04 8.38 2.74 .98 3.00 3.00 70.74 2.48 42.99 .22 131 27.79 .54 .66 73.84 2.37 72.54 47.65 029 24, 35 7.57 3.82 2.03 2.37 71.47 1.07 .21 124 41.75 .36 6.39 2.38 2.77 71.63 7.93 9.04 62,59 61.18 -1.41 52.99 16.12 1.86 1.11 .19 17.86 25.66 . 69 4.88 2.06 2,22 1.74 12,06 67.17 1.62 65.55 58.91 -6.641.62 28.99 172 .15 81.40 25,00 15.16 5.40 2.27 1.02 2,43 6.38 8.81 72.59 52.83 -19.76 34.21 31.92 • .08 2.40 1.20 75.31 2.77 2.06 4.83 70.48 78,00 7.52 49.79 Avg. 30.27 28.25 .39 8.91 3.89 Milk-and-Beef Herds 14**.5**9 1.81 46.23 21,55 53.94 42.40 134 5.26 1.86 1.74 .75 67.78 22,85 .12 48.23 1.25 2.00 54,22 2.34 17.63 5.06 2.82 1.24 57.86 17.69 27.17 .08 .22 11.71 14.05 40.17 132 43.08 .34 1.52 1.92 .22 1.74 54.78 14,61 37.25 :40 027 18,70 14.61 5.77 1.17 2,91 40.17 18.00 26.44 .42 2.67 3.07 1.59 .71 52.90 1.69 1.61 3.30 49.60 53.26 3.66 36.87 .23 122 6g.4g 3.44 33.41 .43 5.94 9.38 59.72 .62 125 18.72 .12 11.90 1.92 1.98 59.10 32,25 .21 59.64 .21 64.90 2.33 5.24 59.66 20.01 6.06 13.36 1.97 .18 2.91 -.02 39.44 .20 039 23.11 56.19 3.41 22.86 16,99 .11 4.17 2,62 2,12 1.75 5.57 3.41 52.78 49.28 -3.50 20.85 .16 54.63 2.32 2.64 4.96 49.67 57.47 Avg. 22.55 19.61 .20 5.84 3.88 1.80 .75 7.80 37.56 .28

Factors of Cost per Head of Other Cattle

Farm						ınds of Fee			Other Catt			Pasture	E	ours
no.	Corn	Small grain	Other conc.	Legume hay	Other hay	Fodder & stover	Silage	Total conc.	Total rou <b>ghage</b>	Whole milk	Skim- milk	days	Man	Horse
							The decour	TTo m.d						
182		91	3	638	593	49	<u>Dairy</u> 2839	94	2226	180	1473	127	7.4	
124	9	7.	2 -	35 <del>4</del>	62 62	119	3 <u>7</u> 38	9	1781	38	2296	1 <del>///</del>	21.5	1.0
205	<i>→</i>	<b>9</b> 0	8	1127		135	1495	98	1760	430	784	177	18.6	1. <sub>4</sub>
029	36	151	3	334	177	37	3004	190	1549	424	1496	126	20.4	2.4
212	پر <del></del>	208	5	250	313	238	2 <b>7</b> 80	213	1728	233	1952	66	16.6	.1
142	-	14	209	210	) <del>-</del> )		4336	223	1655	110	1672	134	12.3	3.1
041	-	139		415	343	187	3349	139	2061	119	1684	141	16.7	.7
152	46	571	100	1095	380	236	íí56	717	2096	263	2552	67	22.1	.7
172	-	261	4	587	111	Ĺ	2236	265	1443	273	1971	105	21.0	1.9
131	<b>3</b> 0	386	37	648	179	-	3909	453	2130	318	3291	158	25.0	2,2
162	-	273	15	1208	226	<b>17</b> 6	4566	288	3132	326	2593	62	29.9	1.4
229	20	249	34	957	-		4110	303	2327	142	1462	136	7.5	.7
192		317	14	416	378	-	1617	331	1333	269	1462	714	17.4	3.1
Avg.	11	211	33	634	212	91	3010	255	1940	240	1899	117	18.2	1.4
					arayaynin assasidas assasis <del>ald</del>	Mi	lk-and-B	eef Here	ds					
125	413	90	7	507	59	765	2762	507		96	947	9 <b>7</b> 144	9.6	.4 .5 .7
132	344	161	30	142	59 14	843	2276	535	1758	95	590		5.9	•5
126	<del>-</del>	37	3	1999	••	<b>-</b>	851	40	2283	187	626	136	7.7	.7
122	144	191	14	838	-	28 <del>11</del>	3222	349	2 <b>19</b> 6	353	954	11	15.3	2.5
039	165	<b>1</b> 2	-	541	532	375	2295	177	2213	106	1157	135	8.7	1.0
134		82	***	167	168	819	3539	82	2334	276	804	144	11.0	.7
027		163	-	437	413	120	2273	163	1728	879	908	107	18.7	2.8
Avg.	<b>15</b> 2 ,	105	7	662	<b>1</b> 69	458	2460	264	2109	285	<b>8</b> 55	111	11.0	1.2

- 7 -

Cost and Return per Head of Other Cattle Shelter Equip-Feed Man Horse Interest Misc. Total Manure Net Value of Gain Farm Return Return at 5% labor work ment cash expense product no. expense over per man feed hour Dairy Herds \$16.10 \$1,49 \$3.65 \$.05 \$1,00 \$.09 \$22.38 \$1,41 \$ -\$20.97 \$29.80 182 \$8.83 \$13.70 \$1,39 4.31 .21 .46 1,44 124 15.12 3.71 14.16 .08 .31 25.18 1,22 23.96 29.28 5.32 .45 .04 .26 25.34 3.64 3.74 26.67 28.98 202 18.49 2,32 1.36 1.33 10.49 .39 14.64 .44 29.84 029 17.63 4.07 .22 6.12 1,15 .21 1.18 28.66 32.27 3,61 .38 16.29 3.32 2.46 .19 .04 1.38 . 14 25, 25 23.99 23.04 26.94 212 .01 3.92 1.26 2.95 .38 .43 10,65 24.25 3.76 .96 142 16.60 .32 1,21 25.89 .11 2.85 9.29 3.34 1.34 041 .05 .61 26.19 16.21 5.13 1.03 26.37 25.03 1,16 9.98 .13 .06 .31 4.43 6.99 1,23 152 24.72 .35 38.09 2,17 35.92 36.68 .76 11.96 .23 4.20 3.21 1.15 26.88 25.55 172 17,61 .07 1.33 26.22 .67 .10 8,61 .61 .49 .54 4.98 5.54 131 .18 .29 2.37 40.00 1.99 38.01 11.56 26,15 37.71 -.30 .19 43.51 41.21 162 12.40 45.78 2.27 -2.30 .21 2.30 24, 25 5.97 .11 16.96 .12 229 .05 5.72 .01 1.24 .20 28.74 27.03 17.10 -9.93 1,50 1.71 -2.91 20.02 None 3.47 24 9.02 31.25 192 .19 1.23 1.17 17.17 -12.91 .14 17.02 .08 30.08 None ΟQ 18.94 3.64 .12 5.50 .22 1.37 .26 30.05 28.54 28,88 .34 9.94 .22 Avg. 1.51 Milk-and-Beef Herds .04 1.74 . 14 24.99 1.48 12.47 1.49 3.68 125 17.41 1.93 .05 23.51 35.98 18.57. 11.64 .04 4.25 .03 .88 .09 21.30 31.81 16.99 2.16 132 14.82 1.19 1.13 20.17 8.24 .14 18.40 16.68 22,12 5.44 1.54 1.10 1,72 126 13.89 .06 1.52 .15 .90 122 .16 .92 .09 23.46 1.57 21.89 23.68 1.79 5.65 .32 18.03 3.06 1,18 .02 -2.64 23.84 039 13,40 1.75 .09 11.53 .10 .89 .06 27.82 1.34 26.48 10.44 None 134 29.24 26.45 -2.79 18,43 2,21 .07 7.94 .32 1,29 .11 30.37 1.13 8.01 None -8.44 38,41 1.24 .32 .11 28.73 3.27 25,46 3.72 .20 7.63 .97 37,17 027 None .14 26.39 .43 1,11 .11 1.37 25.02 27.52 2.50 10.17 2,20 .09 5.39 17.35 Avg.

I

ı

Factors of Cost per Animal Unit of All Cattle Pounds of Feed Farm Pasture Hours Corn Small Mill-Legume Other Fodder Silage Milk Skim-Man Horse no. Total Total days grain feeds hay & stover milk roughage+ hay conc.\* Dairy Herds 4.3 135.9 90.1 1.9 1,4 90.9 79.8 2.8 53.8 -5.3 80.9 -3.7 123.6 3.2 116.9 1.7 105.3 89H 4.7 129.8 4.2 109.0 -9.5 93.8 101.3 7.0 Aver. 100.9 3.8 Milk-and-Beef Ferds 43.2 1.0 52.3 1.0 64.5 4.9 ••• 63.4 1.2 86.1 5.7 \_ 50/1 52.0 1.3 64.4 2.9 

2.6

60.8

Avg.

<sup>\*</sup>Total concentrates includes corn, small grain, millfeeds, and one-sixth of weight of milk and skimmilk.

+Total roughage includes legume hay, other hay, fodder and stover and one-third the weight of silage.

Cost and Return per Animal Unit of All Cattle Feed Man Horse Shelter Equip-Interest Misc. Total Manure Net Farm Product Gain Return Return at 5% Li velabor work ment cash expense credit expense Dairy Total no. over per stock feed man hr Dairy Herds \$,42 152 \$42.35 \$27.06 \$11.78 \$3.03 \$2,48 \$2.39 \$89.51 \$3.69 \$85,82 \$23.04 \$82.28\$105.32 \$19.50 \$62.97 \$ 34 5.55 .14 2.53 .23 2.54 212 30.47 2.78 59.72 57.18 16.86 51.49 68.35 37.83 18.02 .32 11, 17 6.62 2.43 37.87 18,18 .13 2,76 1.58 69.57 3.73 65.84 10.26 66.46 76.72 38.85 202 10.88 .32 2.24 182 29.29 15.96 8.02 2,21 .56 58.28 2,66 55,62 19.10 46,28 65.38 9.76 36.09 .32 229 47.28 10.75 .24 9.84 2.92 2.55 .66 74.24 3.93 70.31 23.51 56.05 79.56 .37 9.25 32,28 .44 4.62 63.63 142 26,52 16.18 .55 7.08 1.96 57.35 2,26 55.09 19.16 44.47 8.54 37.11 .31 39.43 34.26 .56 162 46.03 24.72 18,22 1.84 1.23 95.63 3.96 52.75 3.03 91.67 59.35 98.78 7.11 .26 23.14 24 2.76 56.97 124 23.38 6.77 1.30 1.16 58.75 1.78 27.65 61,91 4.94 38.77 .24 041 22.66 .13 9.48 1.75 .60 57.98 55.83 4.54 21.06 2,30 2.15 17.17 43.20 60.37 37.71 .24 42 67.74 029 27.07 25.97 8.79 2.87 2.05 .57 2.31 65.43 18.67 49.62 68.29 2.86 41.22 .22 .35 .49 131 34.49 21.80 9.05 2.93 3.28 3.25 71.24 .97 72.92 69.67 19.97 51,27 1.57 36.75 .21 24.51 172 18.77 5.45 1.66 2.24 54.23 2.02 52.21 12,96 35.58 48.54 -3.67 24.03 .16 1.11 192 28.42 20,26 .55 3.07 .62 71.35 2.34 69.01 18,51 28.48 46.99 -22,02 18.57 16.13 2.30 ---10 65.43 20.99 49.40 70.39 Avg. 32.31 20.16 .33 9.45 2,60 2.47 .93 68,25 2,82 4.96 38.08 .25 1 Milk-and-Beef Herds 46.90 44.63 41.4g 23.86 65.34 28.28 8.64 .07 6.98 1,20 1.53 .20 2.27 20.71 37.06 . 68 132 26.75 9.29 3.14 54.49 41.48 68.23 13.74 34.48 .46 33.75 10.46 .90 2.77 .35 57.63 125 .11 49.91 48.03 55.64 13.36 42.28 7.61 12,90 .34 7.76 1.31 1.90 .22 1.88 30,16 .32 027 25.48 .90 .47 54.90 1.18 2.23 1.80 53.10 29,26 30.46 59.72 33.00 .30 134 26.72 12,69 .13 11,05 6,62 47.11 49.39 122 25,45 17,23 .37 2,49 1.71 1.67 2,28 21.26 29.41 50.67 3.56 25,22 .24 17.42 43.45 43.68 3.39 40.29 26.03 3.16 18.59 .26 126 24.86 3.60 1.51 2.14 10,40 .11 1.06 2,46 21.79 34.01 55.80 -2.25 7.70 .15 60.51 58.05 039 24,50 12.89 .20 13.19 1.88 31.30 .16

51.85

2.46

49.39

26.58 30.40 56.98

7.59 29.98

.32

.48

2,22

7.77

.19

Avg. 27.00 12.17

2.02

Farm			Pounde	of Feed	actors of Co	st and n	Pasture		ours	Fleece	Par a	ent of	Per cent
no.	Legume hay	Other hay	Fodder & stover	Silage	Total roughage*	Grain	days	Man	Horse	weight lbs.		Lembs	lamb crop
212 202 041 027 126 134 132 029 131 172 182 142	18 84 61 60 204 110 63 32 188 141	15 - - 90 84 70 55	2 <sup>1</sup> 4	131 160 253 - - - - 446 128 284 434	77 137 145 60 204 200 147 275 286 236 145	22 7 58 39 1 46 46	171 108 181 161 157 119 177 161 170 161	1.5 5.0 1.7 2.0 2.8 1.5 2.4 2.2 3.1 4.2 2.1	.1 .2 .5 .1 .1 .6 .5 .8	8.9 9.6 7.0 10.0 9.5 5.9 8.5 6.8 7.9 7.5	13 7 8 2 5 7 19 9 26 14 12	0 40 19 8 26 35 27 8 38 14 17	96 100 132 76 77 93 114 78 68 62 50
Avg.	80	26	2	240 240	349 188	21	143 156	2.2	.7	8.3	10	19	o 86

*Hay,	fodder	and	stover	plus	one-third	of	silage.

						Cos	t and F	eturn pe	r Sheep							
Farm	Feed	Man labor	Horse work	Shelter	Equip- ment	Interest at 5%	Misc. cash	Total expense	Manure credit	Net expense	Pr Sheep	Wool	on Total	Gain	Return over feed	Return per hour
212 202 041 027 126 134 132 029 131 172 182 142	\$.91 1.28 1.54 1.06 1.63 .89 .93 1.48 2.32 1.70 1.56 3.43	\$.30 1.01 .34 .40 .55 .30 .49 .44 .61 .85 .43	\$ - .01 .04 .01 .02 .01 .06 .05 .04	\$.61 .05 .06 .33 .24 - .19 1.74 .03 .83 2.48 .49	\$.06 .36 .09 .04 .03 .07 .05 .01 .15 .13 .11	\$.22 .21 .20 .23 .27 .22 .25 .24 .27 .37 .29	\$.15 .26 .23 .18 .19 .12 .17 .16 .19 .14 .15 .20	\$2.26 3.18 2.47 2.28 2.92 1.62 2.08 4.13 3.62 4.06 5.02 5.22	\$.03 .09 .08 .08 .17 .11 .08 .11 .20 .17 .06	\$2.23 3.09 2.39 2.20 2.75 1.51 2.00 4.02 3.42 3.89 4.96 5.07	\$5.06 4.67 4.93 3.34 3.07 2.48 1.87 3.02 1.71 1.30 1.77	\$1.79 2.47 1.21 2.03 1.90 .98 1.55 1.38 1.78 1.63 1.34 2.68	7.14 6.14 5.37 4.97 3.46 3.42 4.40 3.49 2.93 3.11	4.65 3.75 3.17 2.22 1.95	\$5.94 5.86 4.60 4.31 3.34 2.57 2.50 2.92 1.17 1.23 1.55 76	\$3.24 1.01 2.44 1.00 1.78 1.47 .78 .38 .18 None None
Avg.	1.56	.51	.03	. 59	.12	.25	.18	3.24	.11	3.13	2.77	1.73	4.50	1.37	2.94	.72

Factors of Cost and Return for Hogs

Farm	Pounds			Pounds o		or Cost and Re	Pastur <b>e</b>		urs	Pigs	Average	Selling
no.	produced	Corn	Small grain	Mill feeds	Total conc.	Skimmilk eguivalent*	days	Man	Horse	per litter	market weight	price per 100 lb.
125 132 182 142 202	7687 12240 11609 13083 15675	268 204 235 160 206	70 124 130 272 97	12 2 18 13	338 340 367 450 316	247 252 520 435 1038	22 36 30 28 21	1.5 1.7 1.2 1.3 2.9	.1 .1 .2 .1	6.0 5.2 4.7 7.2 6.2	241 266 223 303 335	\$9.00 8.79 8.54 9.09 8.96
039 134 212 131 126	6116 5545 10731 10865 5990	290 173 274 171 261	75 200 110 128 114	- 4 21 17	365 373 388 320 392	340 397 461 1204 482	38 8 28 34 40	2.8 2.8 2.9 2.9 4.7	.4 - .9 .2 .4	5.8 5.5 6.2 8.0 4.5	161 242 184 236 208	9.01 8.98 8.53 9.87 9.34
229 192 162 041 029	6350 12672 20492 9200 7925	310 220 299 278 185	60 181 165 161 169	28 21 27 34 38	398 422 491 473 392	594 159 356 574 952	26 32 27 42 <b>2</b> 0	2,2 3,1 2,3 2,8 4,4	.8 .2 .2 .2	5.4 6.0 7.2 6.5 4.3	191 236 266 211 198	8.41 5 9.42 1 9.13 9.15 8.02
152 172 027 122	6 <i>6</i> 4 <b>1388</b> 8 9975 4367	282 296 179 194	38 194 329 276	3 1 24 62	323 471 532 532	699 1222 769 646	35 25 26	4.3 3.4 3.2 4.2	.7 .3 .2 .8	8.0 4.4 5.1 5.7	227 286 2 <b>58</b> 199	9.27 9.28 9.02 9.00
Avg.	9741	236	151	17	71071	597	27	2.9	.3	5.9	235	8.99

<sup>\*</sup>Skimmilk and buttermilk plus ten times weight of tankage.

Cost and Returns per 100 Pounds of Hogs Produced Farm Feed Man Horse Shelter Equip-Interest Gain Misc. Total Average Manure Net Returns at 5% labor work ment cash credit selling no. over expense expense feed price \$.29 .34 .24 **\$.33**.65 \$3.78 \$ --\$.04 \$4.66 \$4.40 \$4.60 \$5,22 125 \$.14 \$.08 \$.26 \$9.00 4.81 132 3.98 4.45 4.89 8.79 8.54 .01 .06 .10 .01 5.15 .26 3.90 182 .40 .16 5.28 4.96 3.58 4.09 .03 .32 --142 4.99 .26 5.66 9.09 4.10 .02 .13 .03 .10 .13 .37 5.29 3.80 202 4.75 .57 .13 .19 5.41 8,96 3.55 4.21 .01 .10 .05 5.80 .39 3.54 3.47 039 134 .55 .56 .62 .45 .29 .31 .33 .43 .34 4.69 4.32 • 0,4 5.47 .11 .12 5.76 9.01 -4.45 4.54 .01 .12 .13 .10 5.82 5.51 8.98 . 59 . 59 .19 .14 3.62 212 4.91 .02 5.62 8,53 .06 .17 .01 5.95 2.91 4.83 131 5.04 .12 .10 6.11 5.68 4.19 .02 .10 9.87 126 4.57 .95 .04 .17 .22 6.09 9.34 4.76 .13 .01 3.59 5.75 3.41 4.42 .44 . 24 2.55 3.56 229 5.00 .08 6.24 5.86 8.41 73 .07 .39 .02 .38 .61 6.16 9.42 5.00 .27 .04 .12 .30 5.86 192 .10 .02 .14 3.95 3.64 .47 162 5.18 .03 .27 .11 .08 6.28 .38 5.90 9.13 3.23 041 6.43 41 6.02 9.15 5.51 .55 .02 .01 .11 .13 .10 3.13 5.23 .04 .06 .24 .31 .43 1,67 029 .88 .02 6.78 6.35 8.02 2.79 .43 2.44 .85 .68 6.55 5.44 152 3.55 .07 1.86 .09 6.85 .30 8.99 -.14 .16 7.32 .53 .48 2.49 172 6.10 .02 .21 .01 6.79 9.28 3.18 7.41 . 64 .04 6.93 027 6.31 .02 .27 .12 9.02 2.09 2.71 .01 1.₩ 122 6.67 .05 .39 .01 .49 7.56 9.00 2.33 .09 8.05 4.94 .24 6.20 4.05 .57 .03 .18 .05 8.99 3.16 .19 .37 5.83 Avg.

Factors of Cost and Return per 100 Hens

Farm	Size o	f Flock				Pound	s of Fe	e <b>d</b>			Ho	urs	Eggs	Per De	oz. Eggs
no.	Laying hens	Others	Corn	Small grain	Bran & middlings	Com. feeds	Total conc.	Meat scrap & tankage		Skimmilk equivalent*	Man	Horse	per hen	Cost,	Selling price, cents
269 144 156 251 146	194 163 114 78 83	115 102 129 32 65	5127 4088 2815 1651 4632	2349 5333 7010 7802 2731	1444 1411 - 2940	232 307 210 256 2965	9152 11139 10035 9709 13268	618 858 - 831	8771 11270 4654 2178 2072	19277 25856 4654 2178 16199	279 211 241 329 342	9.4 11.2 9.2 2.6 8.7	174 148 121 112 162	15.7 15.9 12.4 16.2 18.3	24.0 24.7 20.8 19.5 22.8
329 259 289 309 346	133 66 523 76 125	105 49 207 61	3122 3936 2386 1179 717	4929 12521 3338 8394 4975	226 606 2 <b>373</b> 2526	3256 909 421 789 120	11533 17972 8518 12888 5812	726 855	3938 4592 4080 2942 16410	3938 4592 16422 17477 16410	285 520 220 561 114	1.5 8.0 15.8 31.6 9.2	136 181 109 127 106	18.7 22.0 19.5 20.8 19.8	22.8 24.3 22.5 23.0 21.5
279 239 241 242 248	157 55 106 76 105	112 11 77 71 79	2811 3054 8189 1105 4980	3230 2938 2830 7438 4394	191 909 - 395 857	1547 1053 2983	12840 6901 12566 9991 13214	127 300 - 258 248	1243 108 <b>9</b> 3 8260 - 17821	3402 15993 8260 4386 22037	401 261 346 200 382	10.5 7.7 13.7 5.9 11.0	120 87 102 89 100	22.2 20.6 24.6 23.9 29.5	22.3 20.0 22.6 23.7 23.5
148 243 299 249	71 113 50 59	73 78 66 62	1997 773 5152 3925	8992 8117 3904 9942	1408 88 800 2007	2303 973 3400 549	14700 9951 13256 16423	704 - 200 678	6534 4153 6262	18802 4183 9662 11526	362 323 415 460	8.8 2.9 1.0 1.7	97 88 89 113	30.8 36.7 32.8 32.6	24.2 20.6 22.3 23.6
Avg.	124	79	3244	5851	957	1520	11572	337	6126	11855	329	9.0	119	22.8	22,6

<sup>\*</sup>Skimmilk plus 17 times meat scrap and tankage.

Cost and Return per 100 Hens

Farm	Feed	Man	Horse	Shelter	Equip-	Interest		Total	Manure			Product		Gain	Return	Return
no.		labor	work		ment	at 5%	cash	expense	credit	expense	Poultry	Eggs	Total		over feed	per hour
269 \$ 144 156 251 146	144.65 168.07 128.97 116.90 202.77	42.21	\$.92 .79 .95 .28 .80	\$23.20 30.67 4.39 6.41 14.46	\$40.39 7.16 14.58 7.84 30.66	2.96 3.85 3.95	\$12.70 8.36 .58 1.77 25.67	\$280.58 260.22 201.61 202.92 346.21	11.61 7.14 6.56	196.36	82.57 111.79	297.83 203.16 186.26	380.40 314.95 267.85	131.79 120.48 71.49	212.33 185.98 150.99	3 .82 3 .70 5 .42
329 259 289 309 346	180.44 238.53 131.27 181.51 99.12	103.94 44.09	.11 .83 .82 2.50 .76	15.04 30.30 9.56 19.74 8.00	16.30 36.39 10.62 29.67 8.97	3.18 4.18 2.24 3.97 2.63	16.23 50.84 5.77 38.28 3.90	288.33 465.01 204.37 387.91 146.14	8.56 8.02 10.94	456.45 196.35 376.97	77.23 132.79 21.80 163.54 -37.94	239.12 355.23 203.71 229.30 187.48	316.35 488.02 225.51 392.84 149.54	31.57 29.16 15.87	249.49 94.21 211.33	.26
279 239 241 242 248	220.47 110.33 170.86 153.63 233.31	80.26 52.27 69.15 39.94 76.38	1.59 .51 1.03 .65 .93	63.69 9.43 39.47 14.29	7.84 11.78 15.91 33.13 20.87	4.50 3.37 3.49 3.67 3.31	6.01 12.56 6.58 24.92 26.16	384.36 190.82 276.45 295.41 375.25	7.22 9.85 7.13	183.60 266.60 288.28	99.93	218.07 143.45 189.16 162.77 191.72	367.08 176.07 241.55 262.70 281.62	-7.53 -25.05 -25.58	65.71 70.69 109.07	+ .17 <sup>G</sup> ) .13 †
2 <b>43</b> 29 <b>9</b>	236.06 146.80 232.80 242.95	72.39 64.56 83.10 92.03	.70 .26 .08 .14	14.09 17.70 10.00 21.18	19.45 12.85 22.74 34.31	4.06 2.94 4.72 6.03	17.66 7. <b>9</b> 2 23.18 40.68	364.41 253.03 376.62 437.32	7.33 10.98	245.70 365.64			237.30	-90.02 -108.69 -128.34 -136.46	<b>-</b> 9.79	None None None None
Avg.	175.76	65,82	.77	18.51	20.08	3.65	17.36	301.95	9.49	292.46	76.49	218.44	294.93	2.47	119.17	.21

							Cost	of Horse	ork T	per Horse									
Farm	Grain lb.		Silage lb.	Pasture days	Man hr.	Feed		Shelter		Interest at 5%	Misc.	Depre- ciation				Hours worked			•
172* 122* 027* 182* 132*	1855 2637 2945 2866 2724	3663 4626 2235 5910 3561		83 68 67 144 80	88.5 100.8 32.1 35.9 47.0	\$36.18 45.05 39.91 51.42 45.27	6.43	4.40 8.49 7.04	\$4.81 4.34 3.72 4.47 5.00	1.28 4.33 6.46	\$.16 .65 .21 .19 .18	\$ - 4.93 6.67 5.00	\$75.57 80.81 69.76 81.70 69.99	\$25.89* 4.37 3.22 4.05 12.49‡	76.41 66.51 77.65	1157 955 1113	5.26 6.6 7.0 7.0 7.5	54 49 27 24 28	
124 212* 192 041 229*	952 3494 2611 2061 2412	3850 4658 2912 1889 2695	1375 1210 - 335 1925	83 63 66 72 84	81.1 68.2 47.3 50.7 33.6	28.67 47.77 41.18 26.39 43.51	16.23 13.64 9.46 10.13 6.72	8.45 13.89 7.26	6.38 5.65 4.35 2.75 5.36	5.25 3.37 2.97	.19 1.54 .26 .96 1.73	10.00 14.86 2.54	.67.30 92.30 87.37 53.00 76.02	2.55 3.99 3.16 2.20 3.74	88.31	-	7.5 7.7 7.9 8.0 8.3	15 46 24 15 34	
131* 126* 029 202* 152	2470 1107 2895 1872 2329	2591 6280 4840 3865 3590	620 293 1941 1308	71 48 69 76 66	46.1 54.5 57.4 67.5 51.1	32.63 45.50 51.18 42.36 40.65	9.20 10.90 11.48 13.50 10.23	5.59 8.63 8.04	7.78 1.34 6.07 5.53 9.21	4.85 5.85 4.08 5.37 6.56	.22 .98 2.05 1.32 .74	16.73 8.00 5.63 12.82	83.76 78.16 89.12 88.94 79.89	2.95 5.20 4.79 3.93 10.03	80.81 72.96 84.33 85.01 69.86	828 932 894	8.5 8.8 9.1 9.5 9.8	37 24 19 46 17	161
039* 142* 134* 125*	3219 1957 1331 1690	4548 4658 2795 3186	1210	92 54 73 74	40.9 37.9 41.6 42.4	47.59 45.71 29.27 36.36	8.18 7.58 8.32 8.48	13.81 15.80	3.63 6.83 8.83 8.35	2.97 4.33 4.31 3.60	.09 .65 1.09 1.76	5.00 8.69 18.42 4.11	83.16 87.60 86.04 79.70	2.60 3.89 2.01 3.56	80.56 83.71 84.03 76.14	807 773	10.3 10.4 10.9 10.9	32 46 65 35	
Avg.⊆	/ <sub>2286</sub> /2327 / <sub>2170</sub>	3808 3948 3416	794 841 662	70 70 71	54.0 52.6 57.7	40.87 42.04 37.61		. 10.14 10.08 10.30	5.49 5.40 5.75	4.91 4.98 4.72	.79 .77 .84	6.50 7.17 4.61	79.48 80.96 75.34	5.50 5.85 4.55	73.98 75.11 70.79	904	8.3 8.3 8.4	34 39 18	

<sup>\*</sup>Farms on which tractors were used for drawbar work.

†Includes \$22.33 appreciation.

†Includes \$8.48 appreciation.

§Includes \$5.97 appreciation.

<sup>1/</sup> Average all farms.
2/ Average tractor farms.
3/ Average other farms.

Tractor Costs Hours Worked per Year Cost per Hour Per 100 Hrs Operation Farm Total Belt · Labor Fuel Use of a., Interest Total Labor. Fuel. no. Draw-Misc. Depre-0il. & oil at 5% tr.& horses\* ciation bar cash cost gal hr. gal. Two-Plow Tractors \$.068 \$.040 \$.384 6.0 289 961 215 1176 \$.011 \$.207 \$.055 \$,003 5.5 204 24g 513 182 695 .271 .017 408 9.5 7.5 .019 .001 .072 .028 180 156 64 154 .459 .461 25.6 .015 194 .051 .302 .083 .008 90 9.7 449 239 68 .031 .286 15.6 6.7 .030 .005 .020 381 .089 187 .046 14.1 486 132 618 .028 .267 .006 .024 .42g 191 7.5 .057 Average 1 Three-Plow Tractors 259 242 555 544 .336 395 160 .005 .171 .087 2002 .036 .035 2.6 277 9.7 17 273 .034 14.9 271 .011 .265 .017 .092 5.7 200 249 345 .145 165 180 **-0**44 .031 .015 .443 250 8,1 .158 .050 22.0 346 5.4 6.4 469 .541 397 72 .016 .283 .136 .001 .053 .052 7.9 196 485 319 2**51** .040 .659 240 725 .371 .139 .039 289 .003 .067 20.0 534 .261 .667 268 6.0 335 .022 .306 .008 .070 11,2 199 444 329 356 .018 .048 .001 .196 .058 .765 8.8 307 8.7 199 157 279 144 186 186 .013 .279 .135 .270 .128 .825 6.7 206 2 4 144 .448 153 297 .026 .010 .863 13.6 .985 **-.**673+ .067 13.1 277 446 g.4 159 .022 .303 .204 .004 .021 .059 .613 10.9 252 287 Average

<sup>\*</sup>Use of auto, truck and horses in servicing or repairing tractor.

<sup>\*</sup>Appreciation resulting from extensive repairs.

Truck Costs

Farm	Miles			Cost	per Mile	······································		Miles
No.	driven	Labor	Gas & oil	Cash expenses	Depre- ciation	Interest at 5%	Total	per gal. gasoline
309	1000	\$ -	\$.012	\$.008	\$.010	\$.002	\$.032	15.4
319	12308	.001	.014	.004	.012	.002	.033	13.6
259	2426	.003	.011	.014	.007	.001	.036	17.0
249	4955	.001	.011	.015	.006	.003	.036	17.3
144	3655	.001	.014	.012	.007	.003	.037	12.9
248	6020	.009	.016	.015	.004	.002	.046	11.8
146	1194	.005	.013	.019	.009	.002	.048	11.9
279	8631	.003	.020	.009	.015	.003	.050	9.7
289	5613	.007	.033	.037	.002	.002	.081	4.9
251	1960	.002	.015	.013	.051	.019	.100	9.3
156	200	.016	.012	.081	-	.001	.110	15.4
243	1546	.003	.024	.082	.013	.002	.124	13.2
Average	4126	.004	.016	.026	.011	.004	.061	12.7

**1** 18

				Auto Cos				
Farm	Miles				t per Mile	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Miles
no,	driven*	Labor	Gas	Misc.	Depre-	Interest	Total	per gal.
			& oil	cash	ciation	at 5%		gasoline
248	<b>86</b> 26	\$.001	\$.011	\$.004	\$.007	\$.002	\$.025	15.9
309	12547	.001	.014	.007	.003	.001	.026	13.7
249	16235	•	.011	.007	.011	.001	<b>.03</b> 0	16.5
239	3479	.003	.012	.009	.007	.001	.032	15.0
242	5088	.001	.018	.012	-	.002	.033	10.0
144	5628	.001	.013	.013	· 00,4	.003	.034	14.5
241	7179	.001	.017	.011	.004	.001	.034	12.8
251	3716	.003	.010	.012	.007	.002	.034	15.5
259	8494	.001	.012	.018	.002	.001	.034	14.9
269	6838	-	.015	.014	.004	.001	.034	12.1
289	15116	.002	.012	.012	.007	.001	.034	14.1
299	6471	•	.015	.009	.012	.001	.037	12.1
279	5208	.001	.013	.010	•009	.004	.037	14.8
32 <u>9</u>	7355	.001	.011	.012	.012	.002	.038	15.3
146	6537	.001	.010	.013	.012	.002	.038	17.0
346	4395	-	.016	.014	.006	.002	.038	11.0
<b>1</b> 56	6642	.001	.011	.010	.023	.005	.050	16,0
243	3803	.003	.019	.042	.013	.004	.081	10.5
Average	7409	.001	.013	.013	.008	.002	.037	14.0

<sup>\*</sup>Per automobile. More than one car was used on two farms.