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HIGHER COMMERCIAL SALES ACCOUNTED FOR NEAR RECORD U.S. AGRICULTURAL  
EXPORTS IN CALENDAR YEAR 1965

by

Eleanor N. DeBlois

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## SPECIAL in this issue

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### HIGHER COMMERCIAL SALES ACCOUNTED FOR NEAR RECORD U.S. AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS IN CALENDAR YEAR 1965

by

Eleanor N. DeBlois 1/

U.S. agricultural exports totaled \$6,229 million in calendar year 1965, down 2 percent from the record \$6,348 million in 1964. Commercial sales for dollars rose to an alltime high of \$4,777 million, nearly \$200 million above the year-earlier record. Exports of feed grains and oilseeds and products accounted for most of the gain. Each of these commodity groups totaled more than \$1 billion in 1965. Exports of rice and fruits and preparations rose substantially from a year earlier. Partially offsetting decreases occurred in exports of wheat, cotton, tobacco, dairy products, and animals and products (except dairy). The continued rise in incomes in the industrialized countries of Western Europe and Japan has stimulated U.S. exports of agricultural commodities especially feed grains, soybeans, and protein meal. Abundant U.S. supplies at competitive prices and vigorous market promotion efforts also have contributed to the advance (tables 1 and 2).

Shipments under Government-financed programs, principally under P.L. 480 -- the Trade Assistance and Development Act of 1954, as amended -- fell 18 percent from the 1964 total, to \$1,452 million. Exports under Government-financed programs made up only 23 percent of total exports -- the smallest proportion since the beginning of the P.L. 480 programs in 1954. The average for the 11-year period was 31 percent. The greatest decline was in shipments under Title I, sales for foreign currency. Donations under Titles II and III were smaller than a year earlier. Shipments under the barter program rose nearly one-half and long-term supply and dollar credit sales authorized by Title IV rose about one-fourth from those in 1964.

U.S. exports of wheat and flour declined \$348.3 million (133 million bushels) to \$1.184.1 million (720 million bushels) in 1965 from a year earlier. These exports fell 16 percent in volume and 23 percent in value due to a 15-cents-per-bushel drop in the average export price of wheat and equivalent of flour. Exports were heavier in the latter half of the year because of a strong foreign

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Table 1.--U.S. exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value and percent of total, calendar years 1955 through 1965

Type of export	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1955 through 1965
	-- Million dollars --											
<b>Public Law 480:</b>												
Title I, sales for foreign currency.....	263	638	762	753	732	1,015	879	1,010	1,163	1,223	867	9,305
Title II, disaster relief.....	121	102	71	84	56	79	195	143	174	116	94	1,235
Title III, donations.....	188	186	166	159	107	122	155	178	169	186	160	1/1,776
Title III, barter.....	262	372	244	65	175	117	181	137	74	123	182	1/1,932
Title IV, long-term supply and dollar credit sales.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	1	42	51	99	123	316
Total Public Law 480.....	834	1,298	1,243	1,061	1,070	1,333	1,411	1,510	1,631	1,747	1,426	14,564
<b>Mutual Security (AID), Secs. 402 and 550, sales for foreign currency and economic aid 2/.....</b>												
Total exports under specified Government- financed programs.....	351	449	318	214	158	157	179	35	11	23	26	1,921
Total exports outside specified Government- financed programs 3/.....	1,185	1,747	1,561	1,275	1,228	1,490	1,590	1,545	1,642	1,770	1,452	16,485
Total agricultural exports.....	2,014	2,423	2,945	2,580	2,727	3,342	3,434	3,489	3,942	4,578	4,777	36,251
Total agricultural exports.....	3,199	4,170	4,506	3,855	3,955	4,832	5,024	5,034	5,584	6,348	6,229	52,736
-- Percent --												
<b>Public Law 480:</b>												
Title I, sales for foreign currency.....	8	15	17	19	19	21	17	20	21	19	14	18
Title II, disaster relief.....	4	2	2	2	1	2	4	3	3	2	1	2
Title III, donations.....	6	5	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Title III, barter.....	8	9	5	2	4	2	4	3	1	2	3	4
Title IV, long-term supply and dollar credit sales.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	4/	1	1	2	2	1
Total Public Law 480.....	26	31	28	27	27	28	28	30	29	28	23	28
<b>Mutual Security (AID), Secs. 402 and 550, sales for foreign currency and economic aid.....</b>												
Total exports under specified Government- financed programs.....	11	11	7	6	4	3	4	1	4/	4/	4/	3
Total exports outside specified Government- financed programs.....	37	42	35	33	31	31	32	31	29	28	23	31
Total agricultural exports.....	63	58	65	67	69	69	68	69	71	72	77	69
Total agricultural exports.....	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

1/ The addition of \$22 million shipments under the barter program and \$20 million under the Title III donations program in July-December 1954 brings the total of shipments under these programs since the beginning of P.L. 480 to \$1,954 million and \$1,796 million, respectively.

2/ Values shown are disbursements for exports.

3/ Exports "outside specified Government programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with Governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.

4/ Less than 1/2 percent.

Table 2.--Exports under specified Government-financed programs, commercial sales for dollars, and total agricultural agricultural exports: Value by commodity calendar year 1965 compared with 1964

Commodity	Exports under Government-financed programs		Commercial sales for dollars 1/		Total agricultural exports				
	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965			
	-- Million dollars --		-- Million dollars --		-- Million dollars --				
Wheat and wheat flour.....	1,074.8	826.5	-248.3	457.6	357.6	-100.0	1,532.4	1,184.1	-348.3
Feed grains, excluding products.....	77.0	81.6	+4.6	778.7	1,052.6	+273.9	855.7	2,134.2	+278.5
Rice, milled.....	73.2	72.1	-1.1	131.5	171.3	+39.8	204.7	243.4	+38.7
Cotton.....	162.1	114.6	-47.5	519.6	371.6	-148.0	681.7	486.2	-195.5
Tobacco, unmanufactured....	42.7	62.3	+19.6	370.1	320.4	-49.7	412.8	382.7	-30.1
Oilseeds and products.....	128.1	142.7	+14.6	885.3	1,013.8	+128.5	3,101.4	1,156.5	+143.1
Dairy products.....	127.6	84.7	-42.9	137.7	111.3	-26.4	4,265.3	196.0	-69.3
Animals and products, except dairy.....	38.8	30.1	-8.7	578.0	563.6	-14.4	616.8	593.7	-23.1
Fruits and preparations....	0.1	---	-0.1	278.5	313.1	+34.6	278.6	313.1	+34.5
Vegetables and preparations.....	4.9	2.4	-2.5	153.1	153.0	-0.1	158.0	155.4	-2.6
Other.....	40.2	34.9	-5.3	287.9	348.4	+60.5	328.1	383.3	+55.2
<b>Total agricultural exports.....</b>	<b>1,769.5</b>	<b>1,451.9</b>	<b>-317.6</b>	<b>4,578.0</b>	<b>4,776.7</b>	<b>+198.7</b>	<b>6,347.5</b>	<b>6,228.6</b>	<b>-118.9</b>

1/ Exports outside Government-financed programs. 2/ Total exports of feed grains include the estimated value of donations of grain sorghums under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census, as follows: 1965, \$0.1 million. 3/ Total exports of oilseeds and products include the estimated value of donations of vegetable oils under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census prior to January 1, 1965, as follows: 1964, \$12.1 million. 4/ Total exports of dairy products include the estimated value of donations of butter and butteroil under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census prior to January 1, 1965, as follows: 1964, \$41.7 million.



demand for U.S. wheat. Exports of wheat grain to Japan, the leading dollar market, totaled \$109.1 million, about the same as in 1964. Shipments of wheat grain to the European Economic Community (EEC) advanced to \$67.7 million from \$59.2 million in 1964. The USSR purchased 62 million bushels of wheat (\$110.4 million) in 1964, but in 1965, did not import wheat from the United States.

Most of the reduction in exports of wheat under Government programs took place in sales for foreign currencies under Title I. Shipments of wheat to Brazil in 1965 were only about 15 percent of the 1964 total. Exports to Pakistan, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and Korea were lower than a year earlier. Exports to India totaled over 200 million bushels, substantially the same as in 1964. Exports of wheat and grain sorghums to India have been greatly accelerated in 1966.

Yugoslavia, a Title I recipient of U.S. agricultural exports since the beginning of that program through 1964, was the principal Title IV destination for wheat exports in 1965.

Exports of feed grains from the United States rose \$278.5 million to a record high of \$1,134.2 million in 1965. Sharp increases in exports of corn and grain sorghums accounted for the rise. The rapid advance in livestock production in Western Europe and Japan, smaller crops of coarse grains in Western Europe, and reduced exportable supplies of coarse grains in other exporting countries contributed to the increase.

Shipments of corn rose \$180.5 million to \$832.2 million in 1965. Exports to the EEC advanced to \$341.2 million from \$238.9 million a year earlier. Exports to the Netherlands totaled \$105.4 million; West Germany, \$55.8 million; and Italy, \$133.2 million. Exports to Japan, the largest single market, amounted to \$137.4 million, compared with \$89.3 million in 1964. Shipments to Spain rose to \$66.4 million from \$27.8 million.

Shipments of grain sorghums advanced over 70 percent to \$209.0 million in 1965, compared with \$121.9 million a year earlier. Japan was the leading market, purchasing \$70.1 million, nearly double the 1964 total. Shipments to the EEC amounted to \$86.5 million, up about \$25 million from 1964 shipments to the area. Leading destinations in the EEC were the Netherlands, which purchased \$46.6 million of U.S. grain sorghums; Belgium-Luxembourg, \$27.2 million; and West Germany, \$11.3 million.

Only 7 percent of the corn and about 10 percent of the grain sorghum exports took place under Government programs in 1965.

A rise in commercial sales for dollars accounted for the advance of about one-fifth in U.S. exports of milled rice in 1965 compared with 1964. There has been a spectacular rise in exports to Japan, the leading dollar market, from less than \$1 million in 1963 and prior years, to \$12.5 million in 1964 and \$50.8 million in 1965. Other leading commercial markets were Nansei and Nanpo Islands, the Republic of South Africa, Canada, Peru, the United Kingdom, West Germany, and Ghana.

Most of the Government-financed exports took place under Title I. Principal destinations were India, Viet-Nam, and the Philippines.

U.S. exports of cotton totaled \$486.2 million (3.8 million bales) in 1965 compared with \$681.7 million (5.2 million bales) in 1964. Larger exportable supplies in major exporting countries of the Free World, increased competition from man-made fibers, and the working down of stocks in major importing countries were factors contributing to the decline.

Three-quarters of the decrease was in commercial sales for dollars. Japan continued to be the major dollar market, purchasing \$122.5 million of U.S. cotton compared with \$132.3 million in 1964. Based on disbursements, \$75.6 million of the cotton exports to Japan were financed under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank. An additional \$16.9 million of U.S. cotton was purchased under the CCC credit sales program. The cotton industry in Japan began operating under a 6-month restraint program on October 1, 1965, with the objective of bringing about a better balance between supply and demand. Later the industry decided to extend the curtailment program for an additional 9 months. U.S. cotton exports to the EEC totaled \$70.3 million compared with \$189.1 million in 1964 and shipments to the European Free Trade Association (EFTA) fell to \$38.8 million from \$65.6 million a year earlier.

A decline of \$47.5 million in cotton exports occurred in Government-financed programs mostly under Titles I and IV. Exports under the barter program under Title III, P.L. 480, and other legislation were higher than a year earlier. Major destinations for the \$54.9 million of U.S. cotton exported under Title I were Korea, India, the Congo (Leopoldville), and Viet-Nam. India, the Philippines, Colombia, China (Taiwan), Yugoslavia, and Korea were important recipients of cotton under the barter program. China (Taiwan) and Yugoslavia were principal destinations for cotton under Title IV.

U.S. exports of unmanufactured tobacco totaled \$382.7 million (468 million pounds) in 1965 compared with \$412.8 million (514 million pounds) a year earlier. All of the decline was in commercial sales for dollars. A substantial drop in exports to the United Kingdom was responsible for most of the decline in exports of flue-cured tobacco, which fell to \$298.5 million (351 million pounds) from \$325.4 million (396 million pounds) in 1964. Sweden, which imported substantial quantities of U.S. flue-cured and burley in 1964, took a much smaller quantity of flue-cured and no burley tobacco in 1965. Exports of tobacco to the EEC were about the same in 1965 as a year earlier. Shipments to Australia rose 40 percent from 1964.

The United Arab Republic (Egypt), Viet-Nam, and the Congo (Leopoldville) were the major recipients of tobacco under Title I. The United Kingdom, Japan, and West Germany -- among the leading dollar markets for U.S. tobacco -- also received substantial additional quantities under the barter program.

U.S. exports of oilseeds and products amounted to \$1,156.5 million in 1965, exceeding \$1 billion for the second time. Dollar exports made up nearly 90 percent of the total. Rising incomes, which resulted in increased demand for

livestock products in the leading industrialized countries in turn have stimulated the demand for U.S. feed, including grains, soybeans for crushing, and oilcake and meal.

Exports of soybeans in 1965 reached \$650.1 million compared with \$566.9 million in 1964. Japan was the leading market for U.S. soybeans, purchasing \$153.0 million, nearly one-fourth of the total. Exports to Canada, including an undetermined amount of transshipments through ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway, amounted to \$91.6 million. Shipments to the EEC totaled \$226.3 million, 6 percent higher than a year earlier. Leading EEC markets were the Netherlands, which purchased \$81.9 million; West Germany, \$75.6 million; Italy, \$42.9 million; and Belgium-Luxembourg, \$19.3 million.

A smaller volume of cottonseed and soybean oils was exported in 1965 than a year earlier, but price increases resulted in a rise in value to \$240.6 million from \$220.6 million (including the estimated value of donations under Title III not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census in 1964). Shipments of oilcake and meal totaled \$186.7 million in 1965 compared with \$144.5 million in 1964.

Shipments to India and Pakistan accounted for a large part of the vegetable oils exported under Title I. Shipments to Latin America made up about half the vegetable oil exports under the barter program, including substantial quantities of soybean oil to Argentina and cottonseed oil to Mexico. Morocco received vegetable oils under Title I and the barter program. Yugoslavia was the major recipient of soybean oil under Title IV.

U.S. exports of dairy products totaled \$196.0 million in 1965 compared with the 1964 total of \$265.3 (including the estimated value of donations under Title III, P.L. 480, not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census in 1964). Three-fifths of the \$69.1 million drop in value was in exports under Government programs.

Sharp reductions took place in shipments of butter both in commercial and Government program exports. Demand for U.S. butter in Western Europe was reduced due to the recovery of milk production in that area from the low levels of 1963 and 1964. Exports of anhydrous milkfat also fell sharply from 1964 with most of the decline in donations under Title III.

Exports of nonfat dry milk were reduced less sharply than butter and milkfat products. Smaller exportable supplies in the United States and increasing world production were responsible for the decline. The Netherlands, largest importer of U.S. nonfat dry milk in 1964, had larger stocks at the beginning of 1965. In addition, European production was rising. Government program exports of nonfat dry milk, principally donations under Title III, dropped less than commercial exports.

Viet-Nam was the principal recipient of dairy products under Title I, mostly condensed milk. Donations under Titles II and III, which had consisted of a

large volume of butter, butteroil, and nonfat dry milk in 1964, were limited almost entirely to nonfat dry milk in 1965.

U.S. exports of animals and products (except dairy products) fell \$23.1 million to \$593.7 million from a year earlier. Exports of lard fell to 251 million pounds from 682 million pounds in 1964. Higher U.S. prices and larger supplies in Western Europe contributed to the decline. U.S. exports of inedible tallow declined to 1,998 million pounds from 2,111 million a year earlier. Price increases, however, resulted in a value increase of nearly \$25 million.

U.S. exports of meats and products fell to 346 million pounds in 1965 from 448 million in 1964. Exports of pork fell to 48 million pounds from 133 million a year earlier partly because of smaller exportable U.S. supplies during 1965. Reduced production in Western Europe had stimulated 1964 exports to levels above most recent years.

The decline in U.S. exports of fresh and frozen chickens was partially offset by a rise in shipments of fresh and frozen turkeys.

Exports of U.S. hides and skins rose \$15.8 million to \$108.5 million in 1965. Exports to Japan totaled \$29.1 million. Shipments to the EEC amounted to \$31.6 million, including \$13.9 million to the Netherlands and \$11.0 million to West Germany. Exports to Mexico have risen from \$3.7 million in 1963 to \$7.7 million in 1964 and \$9.2 million in 1965. The USSR purchased \$6.2 million of U.S. hides and skins in 1965.

A substantially smaller quantity of tallow was exported under Government programs than in the previous year, as well as less beef and poultry. No lard was shipped under programs in 1965.

U.S. exports of fruits and preparations rose \$34.5 million to \$313.1 million in 1965 from the previous year. Most of the gain was in shipments of fresh fruits which were nearly \$20 million higher. Exports of most major fresh fruits rose. Oranges were \$6 million above the 1964 total. Exports of canned fruits gained over \$7 million and dried fruits, over \$8 million. The quantity of fruit juices was higher but lower prices for orange juice resulted in a small decline in value. Most of the increase occurred in July-December as a result of increased production of many items.

U.S. exports of vegetables and preparations totaled \$155.4 million in 1965, only slightly below the 1964 total of \$158.0 million. Most of the small decline was in shipments of dry edible beans under Government programs. Shipments of canned vegetables were little changed from the previous year. Exports of dried peas and fresh vegetables were higher than a year earlier.

Exports under credit sales programs.--Disbursements under Export-Import Bank credits and purchases under the CCC credit sales program totaled \$196.4 million in calendar year 1965, up \$31.4 million from the 1964 total. Nearly all of the increase was in CCC credit purchases of wheat, corn, and grain sorghums (table 3 ). Credit sales are a part of exports outside Government-financed programs --

Table 3.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by commodity, calendar year 1965 1/

Commodity	: Export-Import :		: Total : credit sales
	: Bank loans : and medium term: : guarantees <u>2/</u> :	: CCC credit : sales <u>3/</u> : :	
-- <u>Million dollars</u> --			
Wheat.....	---	23.0	23.0
Corn.....	---	54.9	54.9
Grain sorghums.....	---	17.9	17.9
Barley.....	---	1.2	1.2
Rice, milled.....	---	0.4	0.4
Cotton.....	76.9	20.8	97.7
Tobacco.....	---	0.2	0.2
Tallow.....	1.1	---	1.1
Total.....	78.0	118.4	196.4

1/ Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency).

2/ Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk.

3/ Purchases during the period.

dollar sales -- in tables 1, 2, 6, 7, and 8 of this report, but are shown separately in tables 3 and 4.

Purchases of corn under the CCC credit sales program rose \$25 million to \$54.9 million in 1965. Purchases for export to Japan and Italy made up nearly three-fifths of the total. Other important destinations included Spain, the Netherlands, Greece, the United Kingdom, and Belgium.

Purchases of wheat totaled \$23.0 million, nearly four-fifths higher than 1964. Wheat was exported to 14 countries under the CCC credit sales program during the year. Lebanon, India, Haiti, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and Chile were the principal countries of destination.

Shipments of cotton under this program totaled \$20.8 million, about three-fifths of the 1964 total. Eight countries received cotton under this program with four-fifths of the cotton going to Japan.

Credit purchases of grain sorghums rose \$8.9 million to \$17.9 million in 1965. Purchases for export to Japan totaled \$16.8 million.

Nearly three-fifths of the CCC credit purchases were for export to Asia, primarily to Japan. Lebanon and India were also important destinations in this area. Purchases for export to Europe made up over a third of the total. Principal countries of destination included Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, and Greece (table 4).

Disbursements under credits authorized by the Export-Import Bank totaled \$78.0 million, only \$0.9 million higher than a year earlier. Most of the disbursements were for cotton exports to Japan. Disbursements for tallow were for shipment to Poland.

#### Exports under Government-financed Programs

Exports under Government-financed programs totaled \$1,452 million compared with \$1,770 million in 1964. Exports under P.L. 480 amounted to \$1,426 million and shipments under AID programs totaled \$26 million. P.L. 480 shipments were the lowest since 1961. Most of the decline was in exports under Title I, which amounted to \$866.4 million compared with \$1,223 million in 1964. Donations under Title II fell more than \$20 million and Title III foreign donations more than \$25 million from a year earlier. Exports under the barter program rose nearly \$60 million and shipments under Title IV were up almost \$25 million from 1964 (tables 6 and 7).

Shipments under Title I, sales for foreign currency fell more than \$350 million from the 1964 total to \$866.4 million in 1965. The most substantial reductions took place in shipments of wheat and flour, corn, barley, cotton, tallow, and vegetable oils. Shipments of grain sorghums were higher than a year earlier.

The major reductions by country in Title I shipments took place to the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Brazil, and Poland. Reductions were over \$100 million, \$90 million, and \$57 million, respectively, from the year-earlier totals.

Table 4.--U.S. credit sales of agricultural commodities: Value by country, calendar year 1965 1/

Country	: Export-Import :			: Total
	: Bank loans	: CCC credit	: and medium-term	
	: guarantees <u>2/</u>	: sales <u>3/</u>	:	:
: -- Thousand dollars --				
<u>Latin American Republics</u>				
Chile.....	---	1,427		1,427
Ecuador.....	---	354		354
Haiti.....	---	2,955		2,955
Nicaragua.....	---	147		147
Total Latin American Republics.....	---	4,883		4,883
<u>Europe</u>				
Austria.....	569	---		569
Belgium and Luxembourg.....	---	1,840		1,840
France.....	---	76		76
Greece.....	---	4,420		4,420
Italy.....	---	16,804		16,804
Netherlands.....	---	6,851		6,851
Norway.....	---	1,840		1,840
Poland and Danzig.....	1,469	---		1,469
Portugal.....	---	475		475
Spain.....	---	6,016		6,016
United Kingdom.....	---	2,755		2,755
Total Europe.....	2,038	41,077		43,115
<u>Asia</u>				
Hong Kong.....	---	883		883
India.....	---	5,427		5,427
Japan.....	75,648	51,966		127,614
Korea, Republic of.....	---	40		40
Lebanon.....	---	9,576		9,576
Malaysia.....	---	104		104
Nansei and Nampo Islands, n.e.c.....	---	30		30
Philippines.....	232	1,004		1,236
Thailand.....	---	860		860
Total Asia.....	75,880	69,890		145,770
<u>Oceania</u>				
Australia.....	129	---		129
Total Oceania.....	129	---		129
<u>Africa</u>				
Cameron.....	---	34		34
UAR(Egypt).....	---	2,476		2,476
Tunisia.....	---	79		79
Total Africa.....	---	2,589		2,589
Total.....	78,047	118,439		196,486

1/ Credits for relatively short periods repayable in dollars plus interest (covering the financing costs of the lending agency). 2/ Includes disbursements by U.S. commercial banks under Export-Import Bank medium-term guarantees against political and/or financial risk. 3/ Purchases during the period.

Smaller reductions were noted in exports under this program to Pakistan, India, Turkey, Korea, Iran, Greece, and China (Taiwan). Iran, Greece, and China (Taiwan) received substantial quantities of U.S. agricultural commodities under Title IV in 1965. Title I shipments to Viet-Nam were nearly \$25 million higher than a year earlier. Over \$16 million of Title I exports were destined for Morocco in 1965. Although exports to this country took place in calendar years 1962 and 1963, no shipments went to Morocco under this program in 1964. Shipments under the sales-for-foreign-currency program to Israel and Tunisia rose over \$11 million and nearly \$8 million, respectively, from 1964 (table 8).

Donations for disaster relief and economic development under Title II fell more than \$20 million to \$94.3 million from a year earlier. The reduction was spread over a number of commodities with the largest decrease in shipments of dairy products, which dropped over \$7 million from 1964. The principal recipients in Asia, which received over half of the Title II donations, included Korea, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Viet-Nam, and China (Taiwan). Shipments to Africa made up nearly one-fourth of the total and included substantial quantities to Tunisia, Morocco, and Algeria. About 12 percent of the total went to Latin America. Principal destinations in this area were Brazil, the Dominican Republic, Peru, and Chile. Donations through the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for the relief of Palestine refugees amounted to \$8.6 million during the year.

Donations through U.S. voluntary relief agencies and international organizations under Title III amounted to \$159.6 million in 1965 compared with \$186 million in 1964. The most substantial reductions were in shipments of dairy products: Anhydrous milkfat, butter, and cheese. Donations of nonfat dry milk were reduced moderately from 1964, but this program was maintained without serious interruption in spite of the tighter supply situation in the United States. Donations of wheat and wheat cereal foods were lower, but shipments of vegetable oils rose from the year-earlier total.

More than one-fourth of the total went to Latin America, about one-fifth to Europe, another fifth to Africa, and over one-third to Asia. The total shown by country in table 8 is slightly higher than the commodity total reported in table 6, due to revisions in the data after the preparation of commodity totals.

Shipments under the barter program authorized by Title III, P.L. 480, and other legislation rose nearly \$60 million in 1965 to \$182.3 million. Major increases took place in shipments of tobacco, vegetable oils, cotton, and corn. Exports of dairy products were reduced. This rise in barter shipments, resulting from emphasis on barter procurement abroad for other U.S. agencies, has had a favorable effect on the U.S. balance of payments situation since it saves dollars which otherwise would be used for overseas procurement.

Shipments to Latin America accounted for about three-tenths of total barter exports during the year. Another three-tenths went to Asia. Principal destinations in Latin America were Brazil, Colombia, Peru, Mexico, Chile, and Argentina. Important recipient countries in Asia included India, Israel, Japan, China (Taiwan), the Philippines, and Korea. Exports to Europe under the barter program were nearly one-fourth of the total and included substantial quantities



to the United Kingdom, Portugal, Yugoslavia, and West Germany. Shipments to Africa accounted for about 15 percent of total barter exports. Principal destinations in this area were Morocco, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), and the Canary Islands. Exports under the barter program to predominantly dollar markets are in addition to dollar sales of the commodities exported under the program.

Shipments under the long-term supply and dollar credit sales program, authorized by Title IV, P.L. 480, rose to \$123.2 million, the highest calendar year total since exports began under this program in the October-December quarter of 1961. Most of the nearly \$25 million rise from 1964 occurred in shipments of wheat and corn, partially offset by a decrease in cotton exports.

Yugoslavia, China (Taiwan), and Greece were the principal destinations for shipments under this program during the year. These 3 countries were formerly major purchasers of U.S. agricultural commodities under the provisions of Title I, P.L. 480.

Title IV agreements signed since the beginning of the program through December 31, 1965 with the governments of 23 countries totaled \$485 million at market value, excluding ocean transportation. Five additional private trade agreements were signed in calendar year 1965, totaling \$40 million at market value, excluding ocean transportation.

#### Area Review

U.S. exports of agricultural commodities to Europe in 1965, over 90 percent of which were commercial sales for dollars, totaled \$2,610.4 million, 5 percent less than a year earlier. Dollar exports were slightly less than the 1964 total. Exports to the EEC totaled \$1,476 million in 1965 compared with \$1,416 million the preceding year. Exports of feed grains to the EEC advanced nearly \$150 million. Shipments of wheat and flour, oilcake and meal, fruits and preparations, and hides and skins were higher. Shipments of cotton were about two-fifths and dairy products nearly three-fifths of the 1964 totals.

Shipments to EFTA fell \$65 million to \$655 million from 1964. U.S. exports of cotton, tobacco, animal fats and oils, and dairy products to this area declined significantly. Shipments of oilseeds, oilcake and meal, feed grains, and fruits and preparations were substantially higher.

Europe included 8 of the top 10 dollar markets in 1965, as well as 1 of the first 10 destinations for program shipments (table 5 ).

Asia continued to be second to Europe as a dollar market for U.S. farm products and the first area of destination for shipments under Government programs, taking over a fourth of commercial exports and more than three-fifths of program shipments in 1965. Program exports to the area were lower than in 1964, but exports for dollars rose \$236 million. U.S. agricultural exports to Japan, the major dollar market, rose to \$876 million in 1965 from \$720 million a year earlier. Asia included 6 of the leading 10 destinations for program shipments in 1965.

U.S. exports of farm products to Canada totaled \$620 million in 1965, including an estimated \$182 million of transshipments through Canadian ports on the St. Lawrence Seaway. The inclusion of the estimated transshipments ranked Canada

Table 5.--Leading dollar markets for U.S. agricultural exports and principal countries of destination for Government-financed agricultural exports, calendar year 1965

Country	Sales for dollars	Country	Government-financed exports
	-- Million dollars --		-- Million dollars --
Japan.....	866	India.....	460
Canada.....	<u>1</u> /620	Pakistan.....	127
Netherlands.....	469	Yugoslavia.....	86
West Germany.....	429	UAR (Egypt).....	80
United Kingdom.....	387	Korea, South.....	77
Italy (Including Trieste):	263	Viet-Nam, South.....	66
Belgium-Luxembourg.....	165	Brazil.....	46
Spain.....	149	Israel.....	45
France.....	141	Morocco.....	<u>2</u> /43
Denmark.....	83	Taiwan.....	40

1/ Includes the estimated value of U.S. exports to Canada of grains and soybeans for finishing the loading at Canadian ports of vessels moving through the St. Lawrence Seaway, \$182 million.

2/ Government-financed exports to Morocco as compiled from reports of exports under Government programs exceed total agricultural exports as reported by the Bureau of the Census. Such apparent excesses may be due to lags in reporting or to differences in valuation procedures.

second to Japan as a dollar market for U.S. agricultural products. By excluding transshipments, Canada was third following Japan and the Netherlands. Exports to Canada in 1965 were only about \$5 million higher than the 1964 total. The largest increase from 1964 was in shipments of U.S. fruits and vegetables and the most substantial decrease was in exports of cotton.

U.S. exports of agricultural commodities to Latin America fell \$94 million to \$510 million in 1965. Program exports declined \$105 million but exports for dollars gained \$11 million. Brazil ranked seventh as a destination for program exports. Program exports to Brazil totaled \$46 million in 1965 compared with \$141 million a year earlier. The decline took place in exports under Title I which amounted to \$13 million in 1965 compared with \$104 million in 1964. In April 1966, the first Title IV agreement with Brazil was signed by the Secretary of Agriculture. Mexico and Venezuela continued to be the leading dollar markets.

Exports of U.S. farm products to Africa in 1965 declined \$80 million from the year-earlier total to \$310 million. Program exports fell \$82 million but exports for dollars rose nearly \$2 million. A decline in exports under Government programs to the United Arab Republic (Egypt) was primarily responsible for the drop in program exports to the area. The United Arab Republic (Egypt), Morocco, Tunisia, Congo (Leopoldville), Guinea, the Sudan, and Kenya were principal destinations for program exports.

The Republic of South Africa, the United Arab Republic (Egypt), Nigeria, Liberia, and Ghana were the principal destinations for commercial exports for dollars.

Shipments of U.S. agricultural commodities to Oceania totaled \$52 million in 1965 compared with \$47 million a year earlier. Exports to Australia, New Zealand, and most other countries of the area were slightly higher than in 1964.

Table 6.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, Calendar year 1965

Commodity	Public Law 480										Total
	Title I	Title II	Title III	Title IV	Agency for	Agency for	Agency for	Agency for	Agency for	Agency for	
	Sales	Famine	Foreign	Long-term	Inter-	Inter-	Inter-	Inter-	Inter-	Inter-	
	for	and other	donation	supply and	national	national	national	national	national	national	
	foreign	currency	1/	credit	2/	Development	Development	Development	Development	Development	
	currency	relief	:	:	:	(A.I.D.)	(A.I.D.)	(A.I.D.)	(A.I.D.)	(A.I.D.)	
				sales	programs	3/	programs	4/	programs	4/	
	-- Million dollars --										
Wheat.....	564.7	53.1	2.7	46.0	72.4	0.1	739.0	324.6	1,063.6		
Wheat flour.....	32.5	15.3	38.4	0.2	1.0	0.1	87.5	32.9	120.4		
Corn.....	15.5	7.1	0.4	14.3	18.0	0.7	56.0	776.2	832.2		
Grain sorghums.....	11.2	2.8	0.1	5.3	1.0	5/	20.4	188.6	6/209.0		
Barley.....	2.5	---	---	1.5	1.2	---	5.2	71.2	76.4		
Corn meal.....	---	1.1	11.7	---	---	---	12.8	3.4	16.2		
Wheat cereal foods to be cooked.....	---	2/2.3	2/17.0	---	---	---	19.3	8/-0.4	18.9		
Rice, milled.....	66.5	---	---	---	4.9	0.7	72.1	171.3	243.4		
Cotton.....	54.9	---	---	48.3	9.9	1.5	114.6	371.6	486.2		
Tobacco, unmanufactured.....	19.4	---	---	38.8	2.8	1.3	62.3	320.4	382.7		
Soybeans.....	---	---	---	---	---	1.4	1.4	648.7	650.1		
Cottonseed oil.....	11.2	1.8	2/6.8	10.6	---	1.1	31.5	44.4	75.9		
Linseed oil.....	---	---	---	---	---	0.1	0.1	3.9	4.0		
Soybean oil.....	51.0	3.7	2/27.3	17.2	7.9	2.5	109.6	55.1	164.7		
Feeds and fodders, except oilcake and meal.....	---	---	---	---	---	1.8	1.8	81.5	83.3		
Milk, evaporated and condensed.....	15.8	---	---	---	---	0.1	15.9	3.9	19.8		
Milk, whole dried.....	2.2	---	---	---	---	0.1	2.3	5.9	8.2		
Milk, nonfat dry.....	2.2	5.1	51.4	0.1	---	5/	58.8	58.9	117.7		
Cheese.....	0.1	---	---	---	---	5/	0.1	3.4	3.5		
Butter.....	0.4	5/	---	5/	---	1.3	1.7	17.8	19.5		
Anhydrous milkfat.....	0.6	1.4	2.5	---	---	---	4.5	5.7	10.2		
Infants' and dietetic foods.....	---	---	---	---	---	1.4	1.4	9.7	11.1		
Beef and veal, fresh or frozen.....	3.4	---	---	---	---	---	3.4	52.4	55.8		
Poultry, fresh or frozen.....	5/	---	---	---	0.1	---	0.1	52.8	52.9		
Lard.....	---	---	---	---	---	0.6	0.6	29.6	30.2		
Tallow, edible and inedible.....	12.3	---	---	---	4.0	5.9	22.2	156.9	179.1		
Hides and skins.....	---	---	---	---	---	3.0	3.0	105.5	108.5		
Cattle.....	---	---	---	---	---	0.5	0.5	16.6	17.1		
Seeds.....	---	---	---	---	---	0.1	0.1	27.2	27.3		
Peas, dry edible.....	---	0.6	1.3	---	---	0.4	2.3	20.9	23.2		
Peas and lentils, dry edible.....	5/	---	---	---	---	5/	5/	17.7	17.7		
Other agricultural commodities.....	---	---	---	---	---	1.4	1.4	1,098.4	1,099.8		
Total agricultural exports.....	866.4	94.3	159.6	182.3	123.2	26.1	1,451.9	4,776.7	6,228.6		

Table 7.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, calendar year 1965

Commodity	Unit	Public Law 480										Total	
		Title I		Title II		Title III		Title IV		P.L. 87-195			Total
		Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emergency relief	Foreign donations	Barter	Long-term supply and dollar credit	Agency for International Development (A.I.D.) programs	Inter-national Development (A.I.D.) programs	agricultural exports	agricultural exports	agricultural exports		
Wheat (60 lb.)	Bu.	339,419	14,847	1,705	28,489	44,429	41	428,930	221,444	650,374			
Wheat flour	Cwt.	9,087	3,523	8,781	56	286	8	21,741	8,700	30,441			
Corn (56 lb.)	Bu.	10,732	2,953	300	10,324	12,528	456	37,293	559,457	596,750			
Grain sorghums (56 lb.)	Bu.	9,113	1,293	86	4,393	883	11	15,779	156,653	172,432			
Barley (48 lb.)	Bu.	1,954	---	---	843	996	---	3,793	59,997	63,790			
Corn meal	Cwt.	---	313	3,181	---	---	---	3,494	524	4,018			
Wheat cereal foods to be cooked	Lb.	---	6/48,442	6/364,593	---	---	---	413,035	7/-79,692	333,343			
Rice, milled	Cwt.	11,871	---	---	---	943	101	12,915	21,162	34,077			
Cotton, running bale	Bale	404	---	---	381	83	10	878	2,917	3,795			
Tobacco, unmanufactured	Lb.	29,438	---	---	54,775	2,931	1,726	88,870	379,205	468,075			
Soybeans (60 lb.)	Bu.	---	---	---	---	---	414	414	227,246	227,660			
Cottonseed oil	Lb.	77,312	9,186	8/40,874	82,563	---	7,293	217,233	347,583	564,816			
Linseed oil	Lb.	---	---	---	---	---	548	548	41,188	41,736			
Soybean oil	Lb.	388,358	21,990	8/153,495	133,449	72,994	15,226	795,512	424,006	1,219,518			
Feeds and fodders, except oilcake and meal	S.T.	---	---	---	---	---	9/	9/	9/	9/			
Milk, evaporated and condensed	Lb.	67,852	---	---	---	---	703	68,555	21,944	90,499			
Milk, whole dried	Lb.	3,996	---	---	---	---	225	4,221	15,816	20,037			
Milk, nonfat dry	Lb.	17,231	29,672	387,053	381	---	16	434,353	428,721	863,074			
Cheese	Lb.	220	---	---	---	---	24	244	6,588	6,832			
Butter	Lb.	1,190	10/-1	---	10	---	2,110	3,309	42,657	45,966			
Anhydrous milkfat	Lb.	1,238	1,554	5,881	---	---	---	8,673	7,158	15,831			
Infants' and dietetic foods	Lb.	---	---	---	---	---	9,076	9,076	6,926	16,002			
Beef and veal, fresh or frozen	Lb.	11,772	---	---	---	---	---	11,772	154,326	166,098			
Poultry, fresh or frozen	Lb.	88	---	---	---	198	---	286	180,469	180,755			
Lard	Lb.	---	---	---	---	---	3,845	3,845	247,027	250,872			
Tallow, edible and inedible	Lb.	121,941	---	---	---	39,880	51,092	212,913	1,788,961	2,001,874			
Hides and skins	No.	---	---	---	---	---	422	422	18,559	18,981			
Cattle	No.	---	---	---	---	---	1	1	53	54			
Seeds	Cwt.	---	---	---	---	---	4	4	834	838			
Beans, dry edible	Cwt.	---	1	161	---	---	31	193	2,617	2,810			
Peas and lentils, dry edible	Cwt.	2	---	---	---	---	2	4	2,997	3,001			

-- Thousand units

Table 6.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by commodity, calendar year 1965

- 1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.
- 2/ The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other legislation.
- 3/ Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans.
- 4/ "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.
- 5/ Less than \$50,000.
- 6/ The value shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the value reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the value shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census.
- 7/ Bulgur wheat \$1.0 million and rolled wheat \$0.1 million; under Title II. Bulgur wheat \$12.9 million and rolled wheat \$4.1 million under Title III.
- 8/ The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences in classification or valuation procedures.
- 9/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed oil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated.
- 10/ Include the following: Soap stock and fatty acids, \$124,988; other miscellaneous vegetable oils, \$117,213; confectioneries and other sugar products, \$17,041; vegetables, fresh, frozen, or canned, \$79,216; meat and meat products, \$165,082; miscellaneous edible vegetable products, \$188,836; essential oils \$40,486; baby chicks, \$60,021; fruits and juices, except dried, \$13,939; other fruits, vegetables, and nuts, \$264,637; hops, \$19,366; other miscellaneous grain products, \$266,687; total, \$1,357,512.

Table 7.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Quantity by commodity, calendar year 1965

- 1/ Foreign donations are authorized under Sec. 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949 and Sec. 302, Title III, P.L. 480.
- 2/ The barter program is authorized under the Charter Act of the Commodity Credit Corporation; Sec. 303, Title III, P.L. 480; and other legislation.
- 3/ Includes expenditures under commodity (non-project) programs and economic development loans.
- 4/ "Total agricultural exports outside specified Government-financed programs" (sales for dollars) include, in addition to unassisted commercial transactions, shipments of some commodities with governmental assistance in the form of (1) extension of credit and credit guarantees for relatively short periods, (2) sales of Government-owned commodities at less than domestic market prices, and (3) export payments in cash or in kind.
- 5/ The quantity shown for total agricultural exports of grain sorghums includes the quantity reported by the Bureau of the Census plus the quantity shown as foreign donations under Title III. Relief shipments of this commodity were not separately reported by the Bureau of the Census.
- 6/ Bulgur wheat 44,330,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 4,112,000 lbs. under Title II. Bulgur wheat 281,171,000 lbs. and rolled wheat 83,422,000 lbs. under Title III.
- 7/ The excess of the Government program portion over total agricultural exports may be attributed to lags in reporting or to differences in classification procedures.
- 8/ Reported as soybean and cottonseed oil. Breakdown between the two oils is estimated.
- 9/ Not available.
- 10/ Net adjustment from a previous period.

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

Country	Public Law 480										Total	
	Title I	Title II	Title III	Title IV	Sec. 402	agricultural	agricultural	agricultural	agricultural	agricultural		
	Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emergency relief	Foreign donations: 1/	Foreign barter 2/	Long-term supply and dollar credit sales	sales for foreign currency and economic aid 3/	sales for exports	sales for exports	sales for exports	sales for exports	agricultural exports	agricultural exports
	1/	2/	1/	2/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/	3/
	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
	-- Thousand dollars --											
<b>North America</b>												
Canada.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	619,699
Greenland.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Miquelon and St. Pierre Islands.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	17
Total.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	619,716
<b>Latin American Republics and Canal Zone</b>												
Argentina.....	---	---	---	5,066	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,417
Bolivia.....	6,549	127	434	342	---	---	120	---	---	5,186	---	7,603
Brazil.....	13,459	3,737	12,652	15,950	---	---	525	---	---	9,054	---	10,211
Canal Zone.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	46,367	---	59,302
Chile.....	5,015	1,200	7,777	5,252	---	---	1,073	---	---	21,150	---	31,550
Colombia.....	2,458	52	5,676	10,055	---	---	136	---	---	18,377	---	29,579
Costa Rica.....	---	839	350	2	---	---	9	---	---	1,200	---	6,122
Cuba.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Dominican Republic.....	---	2,317	3,004	1,190	---	---	707	---	---	8,836	---	24,220
Ecuador.....	---	65	653	678	---	---	1,217	---	---	2,613	---	10,583
El Salvador.....	---	92	1,266	---	---	---	276	---	---	1,634	---	8,056
Guatemala.....	---	---	508	1,622	---	---	---	---	---	2,130	---	10,812
Haiti.....	---	---	721	1,447	---	---	---	---	---	2,183	---	9,706
Honduras.....	---	---	444	448	---	---	76	---	---	968	---	5,031
Mexico.....	---	998	637	5,513	---	---	---	---	---	7,148	---	86,823
Nicaragua.....	---	---	946	169	---	---	---	---	---	1,115	---	7,199
Panama.....	---	---	502	467	---	---	---	---	---	969	---	13,533
Paraguay.....	---	---	319	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,169	---	1,390
Peru.....	850	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	9,535	---	33,866
Uruguay.....	---	1,774	1,446	6,173	---	---	142	---	---	795	---	1,912
Venezuela.....	---	---	537	258	---	---	---	---	---	4,176	---	75,909
Total Latin American Republics and Canal Zone.....	28,331	11,201	41,802	54,878	---	---	4,193	---	---	144,605	---	434,376
<b>Other Latin America</b>												
Bahamas.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	13,508
Barbados.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,021
Bermuda.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,054
British Guiana.....	---	---	182	86	---	---	---	---	---	268	---	3,681
British Honduras.....	---	---	137	---	---	---	---	---	---	137	---	2,315
Falkland Islands.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	8

Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

Country	Public Law 480										Total
	Title I: Title II		Title III		Title IV		P.L. 47-195		Total		
	Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emergency relief	Foreign donations: 1/	Barter 2/	Long-term supply and credit sales	and economic aid 3/	sales for foreign currency, specified Government programs 4/	agricultural exports under specified Government programs 4/	agricultural exports outside specified Government programs 4/	Total agricultural exports	
Other Latin America (Continued)											
French Guiana.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	124	124
French West Indies.....	---	---	63	---	---	---	63	---	---	1,880	1,943
Jamaica.....	---	84	1,316	1,317	---	---	2,717	---	---	18,079	20,796
Leeward and Windward Islands.....	---	---	197	---	---	---	197	---	---	2,458	2,655
Netherlands Antilles.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	9,782	9,782
Surinam.....	---	22	95	2	---	---	119	---	---	3,008	3,127
Trinidad and Tobago.....	---	---	84	---	---	---	2,749	---	---	2,833	9,455
Total Other Latin America.....	---	106	2,074	1,405	---	---	2,749	---	---	6,334	75,469
Total Latin America.....											
	28,331	11,307	43,876	56,283	4,193	6,949	150,939	358,906	509,845		
Europe											
Albania.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	4
Austria.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	14,507
Azores.....	---	---	---	401	---	---	401	---	---	---	573
Belgium and Luxembourg.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	164,827
Bulgaria.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,507
Cyprus.....	---	---	79	1	---	---	80	---	---	730	810
Czechoslovakia.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	23,665
Denmark.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	83,005
Estonia.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Finland.....	---	---	---	3,774	---	---	3,774	---	---	15,867	19,641
France.....	---	---	17	---	---	---	17	---	---	140,551	140,568
Germany, East.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	10,871	10,871
Germany, West.....	---	---	---	4,539	---	---	4,539	---	---	428,980	433,519
Gibraltar.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	147	147
Greece.....	2,393	74	3,196	3,884	13,314	---	22,861	---	---	12,029	34,890
Hungary.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	8,006	8,006
Iceland.....	800	---	---	20	1,067	7	1,894	---	---	2,723	4,617
Ireland.....	---	---	---	2,073	---	---	2,073	---	---	21,661	23,734
Italy (incl. Trieste).....	---	---	5,590	31	---	---	5,621	---	---	262,503	268,124
Latvia.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Lithuania.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Malta and Gozo.....	---	---	377	---	---	---	377	---	---	507	884
Netherlands.....	---	---	---	1,502	---	---	1,502	---	---	468,709	470,211
Norway.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	37,734	37,734
Poland and Danzig.....	546	---	5,391	1,643	---	---	7,580	---	---	18,795	26,375
Portugal.....	---	---	2,227	6,084	---	---	8,311	---	---	10,363	18,674
Rumania.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,378	2,378

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Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

Country	Public Law 480									
	Title I	Title II	Title III	Title IV	Sec. 402	P.L. 87-195	Total	agricultural	Government	Total
	Sales for foreign currency	Famine and other emergency relief	Foreign donations	Barter	Long-term supply and dollar credit sales	sales for foreign currency and economic aid	agricultural exports	under specified Government programs	outside specified Government programs	agricultural exports
Europe (Continued)										
Spain.....	---	---	6,883	1,296	---	---	8,179	148,516	---	156,695
Sweden.....	---	---	---	1,730	---	---	1,730	40,092	---	41,822
Switzerland.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	60,726	---	60,726
Turkey.....	16,163	1,705	3,174	---	---	3,029	24,071	6,042	---	30,113
United Kingdom.....	---	---	---	11,545	---	---	11,545	386,503	---	398,048
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	29,267	---	29,267
Yugoslavia.....	---	---	4,605	4,843	76,780	---	86,228	16,803	---	103,031
Total Europe.....	19,902	1,779	31,539	43,366	91,161	3,036	190,783	2,419,591	---	2,610,374
Asia										
Aden.....	---	---	15	---	---	---	15	1,644	---	1,659
Afghanistan.....	278	5/7,588	168	8	---	---	8,043	6/-1,921	---	6,122
Arabia Peninsula States, n.e.c.....	---	195	27	---	---	---	222	814	---	1,036
Bahrain.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,179	---	1,179
Burma.....	---	---	205	7/	---	---	205	6/-66	---	139
Cambodia.....	---	24	4	---	---	---	28	419	---	447
Ceylon.....	---	248	2,876	---	---	---	3,124	994	---	4,118
China.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Gaza Strip.....	---	---	267	---	---	---	267	6/-251	---	16
Goa, Damao, and Diu.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hong Kong.....	---	275	1,481	645	---	---	2,401	48,829	---	51,230
India.....	429,440	818	16,990	12,530	---	54	459,832	22,613	---	482,445
Indonesia.....	---	8/-960	1,229	---	---	---	269	1,375	---	1,644
Iran.....	1,544	902	1,405	---	8,553	---	12,413	30,806	---	43,219
Iraq.....	---	220	83	161	60	---	524	2,524	---	3,048
Israel.....	32,486	267	390	11,344	---	18	44,505	39,238	---	83,743
Japan.....	---	---	---	10,732	---	---	10,732	865,507	---	876,239
Jordan.....	---	480	1,107	40	---	---	1,630	7,888	---	9,518
Korea, North.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Korea, Republic.....	42,651	17,011	8,068	5,777	---	---	76,659	19,165	---	95,824
Kuwait.....	---	---	---	---	---	3,152	---	6,567	---	6,567
Laos.....	---	18	218	---	---	421	657	1,036	---	1,036
Lebanon.....	---	238	92	---	---	---	330	17,096	---	17,426
Macao.....	---	---	338	---	---	---	338	6/-91	---	247
Malaysia.....	---	---	868	366	---	---	1,234	13,596	---	14,830
Mongolia, Outer.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Mansei and Nanpo Islands, n.e.c.....	---	---	1,741	117	2,601	---	4,459	19,388	---	23,847
Nepal.....	---	66	---	---	---	---	66	12	---	78
Pakistan.....	107,129	15,207	4,307	---	---	8/-2	126,641	13,488	---	140,129

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Table 8.--U.S. agricultural exports under specified Government-financed programs, exports outside specified Government-financed programs, and total agricultural exports: Value by country of destination, calendar year 1965

Country	Public Law 480				P.L. 87-195				Total	
	Title I: Sales for foreign currency	Title II: Famine and other emergency relief	Title III: Foreign donations 1/	Title IV: Barter 2/	Title IV: Long-term supply and dollar credit sales	Sec. 402: sales for foreign currency, and econo- mic aid 3/	agricultural: exports under specified Government programs 4/	agricultural: exports outside specified Government programs 4/	Total agricultural exports	Total agricultural exports
-- Thousand dollars --										
<b>Asia (Continued)</b>										
Philippines.....	9,099	337	6,642	6,247	---	---	22,325	45,840	68,165	20,170
Saudi Arabia.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Southern and Southeastern Asia n.e.c.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	19	---
Syrian Arab Republic.....	---	631	466	219	---	---	1,316	3,300	4,616	---
Taiwan (Formosa).....	15,264	3,035	3,211	7,779	10,398	---	39,687	34,622	74,309	---
Thailand.....	---	39	142	---	---	---	181	18,512	18,693	---
Viet-Nam.....	56,498	4,425	3,494	22	---	1,419	65,858	8,931	74,789	---
Total Asia.....	694,389	51,064	55,834	55,987	21,612	5,075	883,961	1,242,586	2,126,547	---
<b>Oceania</b>										
Australia.....	---	---	---	1,042	---	---	1,042	38,812	39,854	---
British Western Pacific Islands.....	---	---	246	---	---	---	246	859	1,105	---
French Pacific Islands.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,339	2,339	---
New Guinea.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	507	507	---
New Zealand and Western Samoa.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	6,721	6,721	---
Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,646
Total Oceania.....	---	---	246	1,042	---	---	1,288	50,884	52,172	---
<b>Africa</b>										
Algeria.....	---	1,245	3,446	---	---	7	4,698	5,777	10,475	---
Angola.....	---	---	---	30	---	---	30	1,890	1,920	---
British West Africa.....	---	---	118	---	---	---	118	6/-10	108	---
Eurundi and Rwanda.....	---	226	127	---	---	---	353	67-100	253	---
Cameroon, Federal Republic of.....	---	---	1	---	---	---	1	1,112	1,113	---
Canary Islands.....	---	---	---	4,164	---	---	4,164	3,755	7,919	---
Central African Republic.....	---	9	7	---	---	---	16	6/-12	4	---
Congo (Leopoldville).....	17,908	760	1,669	179	---	8/-16	20,500	4,715	25,215	---
Ethiopia.....	---	---	300	784	---	---	1,084	1,527	2,611	---
Gabon.....	---	---	3	---	---	---	3	38	41	---
Ghana.....	---	145	775	183	---	---	1,103	7,020	8,123	---
Guinea.....	7,367	66	3	---	---	777	8,213	989	9,202	---
Ivory Coast.....	---	---	15	---	976	---	991	2,280	3,271	---
Kenya.....	---	447	562	718	5,049	---	6,776	1,587	8,363	---
Liberia.....	---	---	219	7/	---	---	219	7,150	7,369	---
Libya.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,031	2,031	---
Madeira Islands.....	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	663	663	---

