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California Department of Food and Agriculture

Agricultural Commissioners' Crop Reports

Glenn County

1948-1953

California County Agricultural Commissioners' Reports from the California Department of Food and Agriculture. This collection consists of annual crop and livestock data from each of the 58 California Counties. The collection covers 1915-1981; digitization of the rest of the collection is forthcoming.

This digitization project was funded by the Giannini Foundation of Agricultural Economics, http://giannini.ucop.edu/.

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GLENN COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA

P. V. Harrigan Agricultural Commissioner

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For the

Year ending December 31, 1948

* * *

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Henry McMahon, Chairman

Marshall Lane

Richard Nichols

Darwin Picknell C. C. Adams

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF GLENN and TO DIRECTOR A. A. BROCK, CALIFORNIA STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Atricle I - COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER

Section 50 - COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - There shall be the office of county agricultural commissioner in each county. Such commissioner shall be in charge of the county department of agriculture.

Section 65 - RECORDS - The commissioner shall keep a record of his official acts and make an annual report to the director of agriculture on the condition of the agricultural interests in his county, as to what is being done to eradicate, or to control or to destroy pests and also as to quarantine against pests, and shall furnish from time to time to the director such other information as he may require.

Section 65 - REPORT - The commissioner shall also make a monthly report to the board of supervisors if and when so required by said board.

Section 65.5 - STATISTICS - The commissioner shall compile reports of the condition, acreage, production, and value of the agricultural products in his county. The commissioner may publish such reports, and shall transmit a copy thereof to the director.

In accordance with the California Political Code, this report is

Respectfully submitted,

P. V. Harrigan

Agricultural Commissioner of the County of Glenn

December 31, 1948

PLANT AND SEED INSPECTION

Pounds Garden Seed 106 Pounds Beet Seed 3,000 Sacks Irish Seed Potatoes 110 1,600 Pounds Certified Ladino Seed Pounds Ladino Seed 1,700 Sacks White Dutch Clover Seed Sacks Yellow Sweet Clover Seed Sacks Alsike Clover Seed Sacks Red Clover Seed Sacks Subterranean Clover Seed Sack Timothy Seed 1 Sack Lespedeza Seed 113 Sacks Alfalfa Seed 60 Pounds Certified Ranger Alfalfa Seed Sacks Lotus Seed 423 Pounds Lawn Grass Seed Pounds Kentucky Bluegrass Seed 38 Sacks Ryegrass Seed 10 Founds Brome Grass Seed Pounds Oat Grass Seed 11 Sacks Harding Grass Seed Sacks Melilotus Indica Seed Sacks Bur Clover Seed Sacks Penugreek Seed 10 Sacks Certified Ryegrass Seed 1 Sack Red Top Seed Sacks Wheat Seed 314 Sacks Certified Rice Seed 62 20 Sacks Arivat Barley Seed Sack Burnet Seed l Sack Essex Rape Grass Seed Sacks Dallis Grass Seed Sacks Canary Grass Seed Sacks Orchard Grass Seed Pounds Crested Wheatgrass Seed Sacks Millet Seed Sacks Pasture Grass Mixture Seed Sacks Field Pea Seed Sacks Small Seeded Horse Bean Seed 50 Sacks Milo Seed 15 Sacks Certified Milo Seed 42 Sacks Hybrid Corn Seed 16 Sacks Sorghum Seed Sacks Certified Atlas Sorgo Seed 18 Sacks Gyp Corn Seed

Sacks Field Corn Seed Sacks Common Vetch Seed

PLANT AND SEED INSPECTION (Continued)

106 Sacks Purple Vetch Seed

8 Sacks Fescue Seed 190 Sacks Sudan Grass Seed 6 Sacks Sweet Sudan Grass Seed

20 Sacks Certified Sudan Grass Seed

10 Pounds Amber Sudan Grass Seed

27,799 Vegetable and Berry Plants

63,829 Ornamental Plants and Bulbs

Deciduous Fruit Trees 4,129

Deciduous Nut Trees 21,124 6,962 Citrus and Subtropical Fruit Trees

527 Grapevines 252 Shade Trees

300 Tons Hay

REJECTIONS

287 Deciduous Fruit and Nut Trees

60 Citrus Trees, Fumigated

* * *

APIARY REPORT

10,616 colonies of bees in 218 apiaries were registered during 1948

5,490 colonies of bees in 64 apiaries were certified to move from other counties in California into Glenn County.

4,153 colonies in 31 apiaries were certified to move from Glenn County to other counties in California.

1,265 colonies in 59 apiaries were inspected during the calendar year 1948.

7 colonies in 6 apiaries were found to be infected with American Foulbrood. 18 colonies in 14 apiaries were found to be infected with European Foulbrood.

38,500 pounds of package bees, 1,200 queens, 475,800 pounds of honey, and 7,700 pounds of beeswax were marketed during 1940.

FARM PRODUCTION

GRAIN

2,767,000	Bushels	(1,112,000	Sacks)	Barley
1,960,000	î 7	(840,000	Sacks)	Rice
127,500	77	(54,700	Sacks)	Wheat
54,100	ii	(23,200	Sacks)	$ ext{Milo}$
62,500	71	(27,000	Sacks)	Oats

SEED

670,000	Pounds	Ladino Clover Seed
7,500	17	Alfalfa Seed
1,100	17	Lotus Seed
4,000	17	Bur Clover Seed
180,000	25	Field Fea Seed
600,000	17	Vetch Seed
10,000	vi.	Horse Beans
650,000	11	Sudan Seed

TREE CROPS

```
45,000 Boxes Oranges
35,600 Founds Dried Apricots
1,812,000 Pears
    82,500
               77
                     Peaches
6,000,000
                     Trunes
  102,000
               17
                     Dried Figs
  350,000
                     Sub-standard Dried Figs
1,250,000 Founds Almonds
  325,000
                     English Valnuts
  125,000
                     Black Walnuts
```

300,000 Pounds Processed Olives 1,500,000 " Oil Olives 50,700 Gallons Olive Oil 1,000 Tons Olive Pomace

75 Tons Wine Grapes

BEETS

10,000 Tons Jugar Beets

Н. . Ү

45,000 Tons Hay

FARM PRODUCTS, (Cont'd.)

LIVESTOCK

3,690,000 Founds Butterfat 8,000 Head Fat Cattle 12,000 Head Cattle 11,500 Head Calves 2,700 Cattle Hides

85,000 Head Lambs 27,000 Head Sheep 1,006,000 Pounds Wool 4,500 Pelts

HOGS

19,600 Head Hogs

FOULTRY

500,000 Dozen Eggs 142,000 Pounds Live Poultry

75,200 Turkey Eggs 500,000 Founds Dressed Turkeys

BEES AND HONLY

38,500 Pounds Packages Bees 1,200 Queen Bees 475,800 Pounds Honey 7,700 Pounds Beeswax

FOREST PRODUCTS

1,700,000 Board Feet Lumber Milled

3,194,000 Board Feet Logs

3,000 Christmas Trees

EVALUATION OF COMMODITIES

FIELD CROPS 4,200,000 Rice 3,172,000 Barley 287,000 Wheat 55,000 Oats 80,000 \$ 7,794,000 Milo SEED \$ 1,106,000 Ladino Clover 2,400 Alfalfa 1,000 Lotus Seed 48,000 Sudan Seed 2,000 Bur Clover 10,800 Field Peas 48,000 Vetch 600 Horse Beans 19,500 \$ 1,238,300 Canary Grass Seed \$ 1,125,000 \$ 1,125,000 Hav 106,500 \$ 106,500 Sugar Beets TREE CROPS 286,400 Almonds 71,500 Walnuts Black Walnuts 190,000 93,750 26,250 Olive Oil Olives Processed Olives 15,000 Olive Pomace 420,000 Prunes 225,000 Oranges 93,000 7,200 Pears Figs, Dried 7,000 Figs, Sub-standard Apricots,_Dried 7,800 2,000 Peaches, Fresh 2,000 \$ 1,450,600 Grapes BEES AND HONEY 80,850 Package Bees 1,500 Queens 49,000 Honey 3,250 \$ 134,600 Beeswax

CATTLE

Butterfat Fat Cattle Cattle	\$ 4,000,500 2,000,000 2,400,000	
Calves	345,000 25,200	\$ 8,770,700
Hides	۵, ۵۰۰	di Oli toli

SHEEP

Lambs Sheep Wool Pelts	\$ 1,615,000 216,000 575,000 9,000	\$ 2,415,000
		" 0,000

HOGS \$ 940,800 \$ 940,800

POULTRY

Turkeys Turkey Eggs Live Poultry Chicken Eggs	⊕	275,000 25,000 51,000 268,000	\$ 619,000

FOREST PRODUCTS

Milled Lumber	\$ 105,400 83,100	
Logs Christmas Trees	4,500	\$ 193,000

PASTURE

Ladino Clover Grain Stubble	\$ 1,600,000	# 2 220 000
Range	440,000	\$ 2,220,000

AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ADMINISTRATION:

1948 Conservation Payments \$ 62,500

TOTAL \$ 27,070,000

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

FIELD CROF ACREAGE:

Barley	82,000
-	27,000
Rice	40,000
Ladino Clover	
Alfalfa	9,000
Wheat	7,500
***	3,500
Milo	2,000
0ats	2,000
Sudan	1,000
Lotus	750
	650
Sugar Beets	250
Field Peas	
Canary Grass	220

173,830

FRUIT AND NUT ACREAGE:

Almonds Prunes Citrus Apricots Walnuts Olives Peaches Pears Figs Grapes Cherries	 56 127 128 128 128 128 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 13
Cherries	٨

9,724

LIVESTOCK:

Sheep	106,000
Dairy Cattle	22,000
Beef Cattle	12,000
Hogs	8,000
Horses and Mules	950
Poultry	60,000
Breeding Turkeys	8,000

NATURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

POPULATION of GLENN County 20,000
Water Resources: Sacramento River, Feather River, Stony Creek, Grindstone Creek, and Butte Creek
Water Storage: Shasta Dam on Sacramento River; Stony Gorge Dam on Stony Creek; East Park Dam on Stony Creek
Irrigation Districts in Operation: Acres
Orland, U. S. Reclamation District - Stony Creek - 20.000 Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District - Sacramento River - 54,435 Jacinto Irrigation District - Sacramento River - 12,000 Provident Irrigation District - Sacramento River - 12,520 Princeton - Codora - Glenn - Sacramento River - 6,000 Willow Creek Mutual Water Co Sacramento River - 1,000 Western Canal Company - Feather River - 1,000 Loam Ridge Irrigation District - Pumps - 1,200 Stony Creek Valley, Riparian Water Rights - 1,000 Pump Irrigation from Farm Wells - 13,000
Total acreage of Irrigation Districts - 132,155
Other land suitable for irrigation:
West of present irrigation systems Butte City District, East of Sacramento River Stony Creek Valley West of Orland on Stony Creek below proposed Black Butte Dam - 15,000
Total acreage land suitable for irrigation - 116,200
TOTAL ACREAGE in County 880,000
Acres in National Forest 221,408
Acres of Standing Timber 86,000
Species of merchantable trees: Sugar Fine; Ponderosa (yellow) Pine; Douglas Fir; White Fir; Red Fir; and Incense Cedar.
Sawmills in Operation 4
Natural Gas Wells (producing) 3
Number of Farms in Glenn County - 1,600
Average acreage of each farm - 360
Number of farms over 1,000 acres 127

MATURAL RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

,

	Tolo
Lakes Stony Gorg	ge Dam and Facker Lake
Summer Camping Crounds - Improved Fartially In	mproved. 16 38
Estimated Number of Recreationists to	o Mational Forest Areas 20,000
Forest Acreage	221,408
	3,000 to 7,450
Elevation in Forest	Florentian 6 500
Trout Holding Tonds - Plaskett Meado	ws - Elevation - 0,000
Kinds of Fish: Mountain Streams - Rainbow Trout River - Stripped Bass, Black Bass Catfish; also Steelhead a Lakes - Black Bass, Catfish, Sunf	s, Salmon, Shad and and Rainbow Trout. Fish, Crappie, Bluegill.
Rivers and Creeks: (Length in miles Sacramento River Black Butte River, a tributary of Stony Creek, main stream Stony Creek, north fork Briscoe Creek Grindstone Creek Cold Creek Willow Creek Butte Creek	through Glenn County) 26
Estimated number of wild game: Columbia Black Tail Deer California Brown Bear Wild Ducks Wild Geese Ring-neck Pheasants California Valley Quail	9,500 100 2,500,000 275,000 40,000 10,000
Estimated number of predators: Mountain Lions Coyotes Bobcats Badgers Raccoons Skunks Mink	20 1,000 500 50 3,000 2,000 500
Other game: Mountain Quail, Wild	Figeon and Doves
Wild Game reported killed: Deer Mountain Lions Coyotes Muskrats trapped	757 20 182 15,000

CHEMICAL REPORT

- 5,931 Founds Strychnine Poisoned Barley 34 Founds Strychnine Foisoned Milo 170 Pounds Strychnine Poisoned Wheat Pounds Strychnine Poisoned Oaks 362 Founds Strychnine Foisoned Rice 1,063 Founds Poison Bran - (Sodium Fluride) 40,017 Ounces Ant Poison - (Sodium Arsenite) 1,172 Pounds Red Squill Grain and Meat Bait 125 Pounds Antu Rodent Bait 188 Pounds "1030" (Sodium Fluoroacetate) 165 and Barley Bait 80 Quarts Liquid "1080" Bait Pounds Lead Arsenate 123 Gallons Sodium Arsenite 141 22 Pints Black-Leaf 40 72 Pounds DN-111 Ounces Cynogas 160 Pounds Naphalene Crystals 25 263 Founds DDT 18 Gallons Chlordane 160 Pounds Bluestone and Lime 4,172 Gallons Diesel Oil 131 Gallons Summer Oil Gallons Fish Oil 6 Founds Sodium Chlorate 220 8,200 Pounds Borax Gallons Dow General 67 Gallons Sinox 66 Gallons Kill-Tox 97 Gallons Cox-6 150 Gallons General Petroleum Weed Exterminator 715 Gallons Hy-Kill 200 Pounds 2,4-D 194
 - 5,942 lbs. of strychnine treated barley was used in squirrel control on 62,000 acres.
 - 319 lbs. of one ounce baits were placed on 2,550 properties in rat control work.
 - 385 lbs. of treated rice were used on 46 properties for the control of blackbirds in rice fields.
 - 300 lbs. of treated small grain were distributed for the control of mice.

PEST CONTROL

Pest control is an ever present necessity to the average farmer, either in the form of weed pests, insect pests, plant diseases or animal pests. A great deal of pest control work is carried on by the farmers independent of other sources. Public agencies offer assistance in certain types of pest control, and commercial pest control operators are of great assistance to farmers where large scale control is desired.

Weed Control. Weeds -- those plants which grow in places not wanted -- can be placed as making greater inroads on the farm income than any other single pest. During the year several thousand acres of crops were treated by commercial pest control operators for the control of weeds. The county department operated three weed spray machines attempting to control weeds growing on public thoroughfares and public property. Some assistance was also given to farmers in control of those more serious weeds such as hoary cress, Russian knapweed, puncture vine and Johnson grass.

Insect Control. Two inspectors were assigned to an insect pest survey throughout the major part of the county. Every citrus tree was carefully inspected to determine whether or not serious insect pests were present. In addition to the commercial groves inspected, all of the ornamental garden plants were also carefully inspected. Throughout the last year and a half, three separate properties were found infested with red scale. Fumigation was used to control this pest.

Plant Diseases. A careful inspection of the tree crops was completed early in the year with no new serious plant diseases found

Grasshopper Control. Several widespread heavy infestations of grasshoppers made their appearance this year. These were kept fairly well under control with the use of sodium fluride, bran and sawdust spread on range lands. In the irrigated farm lands newer insecticides gave very effective control. Both chlordane and DDT were used on several hundred acres.

Rodent Control. Treated grain was distributed to control the squirrels on 62,000 acres. In addition to squirrels, a heavy build-up in the rat population was quite general in the county. Late in the year, one man was assigned to rat control work. By using sodium fluoroacetate and several other recommended chemicals, good control measures have been effected.

FARM SUMMARY

Farm production for the year 1948 compares very favorably with the all-time high farm income for the year 1947. With the general decrease in farm produce prices, it is probable that it will be several years before the high income peak of 1947 is exceeded. The farm income for the year 1948 was \$27,070,000 - or slightly less than the previous year's high record.

Lack of sufficient rainfall during the winter months can be credited with preventing the 1948 income surpassing that of the preceding year, as 11,000 fewer acres of rice were planted as a result of a water and power shortage.

Barley production for the year was 420,000 sacks greater than any previous year in the history of the county. The government purchase and loans on barley assisted materially in making barley the number one crop in income.

Ladino clover production for the year was also exceptionally high; 670,000 pounds of this valuable seed crop was produced. This exceeds the previous high year by 300,000 pounds. Ladino clover is making rapid strides toward becoming the lation's number one pasture crop.

The satisfactory prices received through much of the year were factors in bringing the income from a combination of livestock and dairy production to a record high for that branch of farming.

The apiary industry of the county has held at about a uniform level for several years. The income from the apiary production has been reasonably small. Actually, the benefits accruing to farmers from the honeybee pollination of the clover fields and orchards places the bee-keeping industry as largely responsible for the success of several major crops.

WEIGHTS AND MLASURES REPORT

(For the Year 1948)

Tested and sealed without correction:

28 Counter Scales

14 Spring Scales

29 Computing Scales 52 Platform Scales

32 Meavy Capacity Scales 167 Meights

104 Retail Measuring Fumps and Meters

15 Tholesale Meters

Tested and sealed after correction:

23 Counter Scales

7 Spring Scales

25 Computing Scales 54 Platform Scales 29 Heavy Capacity Scales

27 Weights

18 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters

4 Wholesale Meters

Tested and found to be out of order:

4 Counter Scales

1 Spring Scale

14 Computing Scales

ll Platform Scales

2 Heavy Capacity Scales 6 Weights

3 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters

1 Tholesale Meter

Condemned and confiscated:

1 Platform Scale

During the calendar year 289 establishments were visited, and 214 certificates issued.

ANNUAL REPORT

Agricultural Commissioner

COUNTY OF GLENN

1949

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CHARLE SCENTY NOT LITTLE AT OF AGRICULTURE

WILLO SO, CALLPORTIA

P. V. Harrigan Agricultural Commissioner

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ALHUAL REFORT

For the

Year ending December 31, 1949

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DOLLED OF SUFFICIENTSORS

Marshall Lane, Chairman

C. C. Adams

Richard H. Nichols

John F. Fiack

W. L. Linville

OFFICE OF ALL CONTOURSE CONTROLICMENT e orial Duilding Villous, California December 31, 1949

THE MCHALLEL COMED OF SUPLICATIONS OF GLAMM COUNTY TC:

DIM OTON A. . DROCK, CHIFOLNIA DT TO DEFARMENT OF Tu: AGLIUU: TURE

This annual agricultural report on Glenn County is submitted in compliance with the following requirements of the .. cricultural Code:

Section 65. Audition. The commissioner shall keep a record of his official acts and make an annual report to the Lirector of Agriculture on the condition of the agricultural interests in his county as to what is being done to cradicate or to control or to destroy pests and also as to quarantine against rests, and shall furnish from time to time to the director such other inform them as he may require.

Section 65.5. DT.TIDTICS. The commissioner shall compile reports of the condition, acreage, production and value of the agricultural products in his county. The commissioner may publish such reports and shall transmit a copy thereof to the director.

I wish to empress my sincere appreciation to all who have assisted in Turniching this office with the necessary information which has made the compilation of this report possible.

Aespectfully submitted,

F. V. HARRICH

Agricultural Commissioner

II HT AND BEED INSTECTION

Field and Pasture Seed Vegetable and flower Seed		Jacks Packages
Vegetable () Dorny Plants Ornamental Themes and Bulbs	22,150 39,306	
Decidaous Fruit Prees Decidaous Los Prees Citoros and Subtropical Fruit Trees Crapovines Shade Frees	19,862 6,047 795 557 548	
Hay	210	Tons
Rejections		
Deciduous Fruit and Nut Trees	683	

ALLARY RELEAT

11,629 colonies of bees in 249 apiaries were registered during 1949.

5,437 colonies of bees in 51 ariaries were certified to move from other counties in California toto Glenn County.

4,900 colonies in 49 apiaries were contified to move from Glenn Jounty to other counties in California.

1,915 colonies in No apiaries were contified to move within them County.

2,185 cold dos in 135 apiaries were inspected during the calendar year 1949.

12 colonies in 8 apiaries were found to be infected with American Foul rood. 26 colonies in 19 apiaries were found to be infected with European Foul brood.

30,750 pounds of package bees and 20,500 queen bees were certified for export. 407,960 pounds of honey and 10,250 pounds of beeswax were marketed during 1949.

FARM IRODUCTION

FILID	CROPS	
	Rice Barley Wheat Milo Beans Oats	1,219,000 Sacks 800,000 Sacks 35,000 Sacks 20,000 Sacks 160,000 Pounds 10,070 Sacks
SieED		
	Ladino Clover Seed Alfalfa Seed Lotus Seed Bur Clover Seed Field Fea Seed Vetch Seed Sudan Seed Mustard Seed	800,000 Pounds 42,000 " 7,000 " 18,400 " 210,000 " 315,000 " 1,580,000 " 113,000 " 21,600 "
TREE	CROFS	
	Oranges Pears Apricots, Dried Apricots, Fresh Peaches, Fresh Prunes, Dried Figs, Dried Figs, Fresh Figs, Dried, Sub-standard Almonds English Walnuts Black Walnuts Olives Olive Oil Grapes, Wine	86,000 Boxes 109,000 il 40,000 Pounds 6,500 Boxes 114,000 Pounds 5,500,000 il 20,000 il 10,000 il 151 Tons 3,000,000 Pounds 787,000 il 450,000 il 4,00,000 il 8,060 Gallons 42 Tons
BEETS		
	Sugar Beets	8,700 Tons
HAY		
	Alfalfa H ay Mixed H ay Ladino Hay	36,000 Tons 10,000 Tons 5,000 Tons

FARM PRODUCTION (CONTINUED)

LIVESTOCE

Butterfat Fat Cattle Cattle Cattle, Feeders Calves Hides, Cattle Tallow	3,621,000 Founds 9,000 Head 13,500 " 5,000 " 16,000 " 1,750 Each 5,500 Founds
Lambs Sheep Wool Pelts	82,000 Head 20,000 " 900,000 Pounds 3,000 Each
Hons	25,000 Head
POULTRY	
Eggs Live Foultry	460,000 Dozen 150,000 Pounds
Turker Mags Dressed Turkeys	320,000 Each 550,000 Founds
BEES AND HONEY	
Pachage Bees Queen Bees Honcy Beeswax	32,000 Pounds 22,500 Each 488,000 Founds 10,250 Pounds
PASTURE	
Clover Fasture Grain Stubble Range Pasture	55,000 Acres 120,000 Acres 250,000 Acres
FORAST TRODUCTS	
Lumber Milled Christmas Trees	1,800,000 Board Feet 5,000 Each

EVALUATION OF COMMODITIES

FIZLD	CROFS		
	Rice Barley Wheat Oats Milo Beans	\$4,023,000 2,112,000 172,500 23,500 65,000 12,000	\$6 , 408,000
SEED			
	Ladino Clover Seed Alfalfa Seed Lotus Seed Bur Clover Seed Field Foa Seed Vetch Seed Melilotus Indica Seed Sudan Seed Mustard Seed	1,144,000 11,500 10,500 8,500 9,500 26,400 14,200 142,600 2,000	
	MCBoard Bood	·	1,371,800
SUGAL	C BAITS		109,000
HAY			
	Alfalfa Hay Mixed Hay Ladino Ulover Hay	900,000 200,000 60,000	1,160,000
TREE	ChC75		
	Almonds English Walnuts Black Walnuts Granges Prunes Prears Clives Clive Cil Apricots, Dried Apricots, Fresh Feaches, Fresh Figs, Dried Figs, Sub-standard Figs, Fresh Grapes	650,000 150,000 9,000 301,000 385,000 245,000 175,000 6,500 2,500 1,400 4,550 400 1,250	1,954,700

EVALUATION OF COMMODITIES (CONTINUED)

LIVESTOCK

\$3,032,500 2,043,000 1,350,000 625,000 100,000 16,500	ু7 ,1 67 , 000
1,800,000 120,000 460,000 8,500	<i>\(1,1201,000</i>
	2,388,500
	1,125,000
220,000 112,000 43,500 193,500	569,000
1,654,000 240,000 375,000	2,269,000
35,200 22,500 39,200 4,100	101,000
117,000 5,000	122 000
ADMINISTRATION	122,000
Payments	75,000
TOTAL	\$24,820,000
	2,043,000 1,350,000 625,000 100,000 16,500 1,800,000 460,000 460,000 43,500 193,500 193,500 1,654,000 240,000 375,000 35,200 240,000 375,000 4,100 ADMINISTRATION Payments

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

FIELD CROP ACREAGE

Barley Rice Ladino Clover Pasture Ladino Clover Seed Alfalfa Wheat Milo Oats Sudan Lotus Sugar Beets Field Peas Mixed Hay	70,000 35:000 46;500 8,500 9,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	188,500
Almonds Prunes Oranges Apricots Walnuts Olives Peaches Pears Figs Grapes Cherries Grapefruit	4,842 1,450 721 311 697 803 155 208 118 2	9,517

LIVESTOCK HEAD

Sheep	100,000
Dairy Cattle	22,000
Beef Cattle	12,500
Hogs	10,000
Horses and Mules	792
Poultry Breeding Turkeys	50,000 7,000

APIARY

Bees registered 11,629 Colonies

Year	Rice Sacks	Barley Sacks	Ladino Seed Pounds	Almonds Founds	Olives Pounds
1940	408,000	315,000	49,600	2,016,000	2,423,000
1941	546,000	388,000	142,000	471,500	5,951,000
1942	362,000	256,000	141,000	1,999,000	2,038,000
1943	394,000	415,000	118,000	1,415,500	7,374,000
1944	850 , 000	703.,000	325,000	2,700,000	7,858,000
1945	690,000	675,000	350,000	1,900,000	3,690,000
1946	1,050,000	700,000	440,000	2,000,000	1,573,000
1947	1,138,000	680,000	375,000	2,000,000	4,479,000
1948	\$40,000	1,112,000	პ70 , 000	1,250,000	4,131,000
1949	1,219,000	792,000	\$00,000	3,000,000	1,763,000
10-rear gross wincome	28,933,000	<u>,15,608,000</u>	\$5,000,000	ÿ5,452,000	\$4,159,000
Year	Frunes	Cattle	Butterfat	Sheep	Wool
	Pounds	Head	l'ounds	Head	Pounds
1940	2,581,000	€,100	1,879,000	107,000	1,245,000
1941	2,709,000	13,500	2,777,000	110,000	1,477,000
1942	2,060,000	12,000	2,678,000	116,000	1,549,000
1943	4,056,000	16,500	2,685,000	109,000	1,439,000
1944	4,964,000	23,500	3,034,000	139,000	1,500,000
1945	6,000,000	24,500	3,343,500	141,000	1,160,000
1946	4,500,000	23,500	2,973,000	121,000	1,372,000
1947	7,000,000	39 , 000	3,400,000	127,500	1,000,000
1948	6,000,000	31,500	3,690,000	112,000	1,006,000
1949	5,500,000	43,500	3,621,000	102,000	\$40,000
10-year gross income	\$3,594,000	\$16,920,000	\$24 , 369,000	\$14,121,000	\$5,855,000

NATURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

POPULATION OF GLENN COUNTY 20,000
Water Resources: Sacramento River, Feather River, Stony Creek, Grindstone Creek, and Butte Creek
Water Storage: Shasta Dam on Sacramento River; Stony Gorge Dam on Stony Creek; East Park Dam on Stony Creek
Irrigation Districts in Operation: Acres
Orland, U. S. Reclamation District - Stony Creek. 20,000 Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District - Sacramento River 54,435 Jacinto Irrigation District - Sacramento River. 12,000 Provident Irrigation District - Sacramento River. 12,520 Princeton-Codora-Glenn - Sacramento River. 6,000 Willow Creek Mutual Water Co Sacramento River. 1,000 Restern Canal Company - Feather River. 11,000 Loam Ridge Irrigation District - Pumps. 1,200 Stony Creek Valley, Riparian Water Rights 1,000 Pump Irrigation from Farm Wells . 22,000
TOTAL ACREAGE OF IRRIGATION DISTRICTS 141,155
Other land suitable for irrigation:
West of present irrigation systems
TOTAL ACREAGE LAND SUITABLE FOR IRRIGATION 116,200
TOTAL ACREAGE AN COUNTY
Acres in Farm Land
Acres in Range Land
Acres in National Forest
Acres of Standing Timber
Species of merchantable trees: Sugar Pine; Ponderosa (yellow) Pine; Douglas Fir; White Fir; Red Fir; and Incense Cedar.
Sawmills in Operation
Natural Gas Wells (producing) 5
THE OWNER AND THE PROPERTY OF
Number of Farms in Glenn County 2,300

THE RUCKSATIONAL RESOURCES

	a. Garage Now and Pac	ker Take
Lakes	Stony Gorge Dam and Pac	
Summer Camping Crounds -	· Improved · Partially Improved	16 38
Estimated Number of Recr Forest Areas	reationists to National	15,000
Forest Acreage		221,408
Elevation in Forest	3,000	to 7,450
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	laskett Meadows - Elevation	n - 6,500
	ainbow Trout s, Black Bass, Salmon, Sha o Steelhead and Rainbow Tr Catfish, Sunfish, Crappie,	
Canananto River	ngth in miles through Glen tributary of Eel River ream ork	n County) 26 20 68 12 12 20 6 37
Estimated number of vil Columbia Black Pail California Brown Bea Wild Ducks Wild Geese Ring-ncck Pheasants California Valley Of Estimated number of promountain Lions Coyotes Bobcats Badgers Raccoons Skunks Mink	uail	7,000 150 2,225,000 300,000 20,000 7,000 1,500 800 50 4,000 2,000 300
Other game: Mountain	Quail, Wild Pigeon and Dov	es
Wild Game reported kil	led:	743
Deer Mountain Lions		6
Coyotes Muskrats trapped	·	232 25 , 000

CHETICALS USED

Zinc Thosphide Treated Barley Linc Thosphide Treated Cats Strychnine Treated Barley Strychnine Treated Hilo Strychnine Treated Heat Dtrychnine Treated Aice Sodium Fluride Created Bran Ant Toison (Scalum Arsenite) Red Squill, Grain and Leat Bait Antu Rodent Bait *1060" (Sodium Fluoroacetate) Treated Barley	692 10,590 32 117 247 450,000 660 1,260 307	Ounces Founds
Liquid e10000 Bait 2,4-D 2,4,5-T Black Leaf 40 Bluestone and Lime Borax Carbon Disulphide Chlordane Cyanogas DDT Diesel (il Dow Coneral General Tetroleum eed Killer Fill Tox Lead Arsenate Wapthalene Crystals Tentachlorophenol Sprays Sinox Sodium Arsenite Jodium Chlorate Sodium Cyanide Summer Spray Cil TC.	152 12 16 40 1,200 100 193 4,000 30 250 30 250 30 700 40 50	Gallons Ounces Founds Gallons "" Tounds Gallons

12,530 pounds on strychnine and zinc phosphide treated barley was used in squirrel control on 100,000 acres.

Baits were placed on 970 properties in rat control work.

50 pounds of treated rice were used for the control of blackbirds in rice fields.

95 pounds of treated small grain were distributed for the control of mico.

 $450,000~\rm{pounds}$ of theated bran were placed on 30,000 acres in Grasshop or control.

FARM SUMMARY

Farm production for the year 1949 was higher than for the past two years. However, declining prices for many farm products brought the total farm income in the county to a little lower level than was expected, i. e. to \$24,820,000. This was 2½ million dollars below the high years in 1947 and 1948. Higher prices for farm crops during these years made the chief difference in total income.

LADINO CT ASR. The ladino clover acreage has increased to 55,000 acres. 8,500 acres was cut for seed for a total of 800,000 pounds, of which 60% was certified. With restricted plantings recommended by the Production with restricted plantings recommended by the Production and Marketing Administration, much land formerly planted to rice and grain will eventually be planted to ladino clover. At the present rate of planting, it will not be too long before 100,000 acres of good land will be in ladino.

APIARY. The apiary industry is a much more important adjunct to the farm economy than is generally recognized. The busy honey bee carries plant pollen from flower to flower. This insures fertilization. This past year there were more than 14,000 colonies of bees registered year there were more than 14,000 colonies of bees registered in the county. As increased acreage is planted to clover, a greater dependence will be placed upon the beekeepers. One hive of bees to each acre of seed clover is considered the very minimum for proper pollinization. The recommended number of 2 hives or more to each acre greatly increases the seed yield. The beekeeper has his problem too, as chemical control of insect pests in seed fields often takes a heavy toll in bees. A closer cooperation between the seed growers and apiculturists is an important factor to the success of both of these industries.

WEED CONTROL. An old adage says "25% of the farmer's crop is weeds." Control of these weeds should be a highly profitable business to the farmer.

Barley and rice yields were largely influenced by a new impetus in weed control. New and highly potent herbicides were used to reduce weed growths in growing grain and rice fields this last season, as 27,000 acres of rice, grain, ladino clover, and milo maize were sprayed by airplane to control weeds.

The need for closer cooperation in weed control has taken a more serious turn with the gradual increased spread of certain very serious weed pests. Klamath weed, long a menace to range land in districts with ample rainfall, is gradually becoming a nuisance on irrigation canal banks and in irrigated fields. Hoary Cress, another serious weed, is making inroads on irrigated lands, as 45 properties infested with this pest have been reported. The gradual spread of weeds in rice fields, especially Rough Seed Bulrush, necessitates an increasing interest in weed control in rice. Approximately \$70,000 was spent in weed control this year.

heaviest grass opper infestations ever reported in the county was present in nearly all parts of the county. Several different crops and range land pastures were severely damaged. Ladino clover, barley and alfalfa fields received the brunt of the grasshopper outbreak. The loss from hopper damage was estimated at \$150,000. Through the cooperation of local farmers and airplane pest control operators, \$42,000 acres of land were treated with either dry bait or liquid sprays at an estimated cost of \$30,000. The newer type of chemicals, chlordane and DDT, gave excellent results, either as a liquid bait or mixed with dry bran. In addition to this, \$450,000 pounds of government supplied bran and sawdust, treated with sodium fluosilicate, were used in control work.

RODENT CONTROL. This year well over 100,000 acres of farm and range land were treated for ground squirrels. 49,000 acres were treated by the County Agricultural Department, using prison help. The balance of the treated area was baited by farmers on their own land. This was the largest area of land treated in recent years. Excellent results were obtained by the use of strychnine, zinc phosphide and sodium fluoroacetate treated grain.

THESECT 123T3. The year 1949 completes the third year of county-wide insect survey. No new serious insect pests were found. Since the final funigation on red scale was accomplished, no new scale has been found. However, cottony cushion scale, black scale and citricola scale were reported. Elm leaf beetle, aphis, lygus bug, and red mite were present in several locations and did considerable damage this past season.

CERTIFICATION. Seed certification on 7,000 acres of the following seeds, ladino clover, sudan grass, alfalfa, wilo maize, rice and barley, required a great deal of attention. One inspector was assigned full time to this phase of the agricultural program, which included inspecting the fields at harvest time in weed control, seed sampling for purity and germination tests, and the tagging of certified seed.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES REPOAT

For the Year 1949

Tested and sealed without correction:

23 Counter Scales

11 Spring Scales
26 Computing Scales
51 Platform Scales
26 Heavy Capacity Scales

203 Weights

95 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters 3 Wholesale Meters

Tested and scaled after correction:

12 Counter Scales

8 Spring Scales

14 Computing Scales 54 Flatform Scales 39 Heavy Capacity Scales

5 Weights 18 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters

1 Wholesale Meter

Tested and found to be out of order:

4 Counter Scales

4 Computing Scales

10 Platform Scales

2 Heavy Capacity Scales 2 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters

During the calendar year, 289 establishments were visited, and 200 certificates issued.

ANNUAL REPORT

Thenw G.

Agricultural Commissioner

COUNTY OF GLENN

1950

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GLENN COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA

P. V. Harrigan Agricultural Commissioner

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For the

Year ending December 31, 1950

* * *

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Marshall Lane, Chairman

C. C. Adams George J. Otterson

John F. Fiack W. L. Linville

OFFICE OF THE AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER Memorial Building Willows, California

December 31, 1950

THE HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF GLENN COUNTY and THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Gentlemen:

This annual agricultural report on Glenn County for the year 1950 is submitted in compliance with Section 65 of the State Agricultural Code.

The crop production was slightly lower than the previous year, but the farm income was greater than at any time in the history of Glenn County. This was accounted for by the fact that prices were somewhat higher on most farm commodities; in particular, the heavy sale and the better prices received for livestock were responsible for much of the increase.

Ladino clover seed with 2,280,000 pounds made the most spectacular gain of all farm crops with a 1,480,000 pound increase over the previously high yield of 800,000 pounds. Farm production gains were made principally on the irrigated land, while on dry land farms the grain and pasture crops were below normal, largely as a result of the unusually dry season.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to all who have assisted in furnishing this office with the necessary information, making the compilation of this report possible.

Respectfully submitted.

Agricultural Commissioner

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Apiary Report Production and Value of Agricultural Products. Agricultural Resources Ten Years' Production of Ten Crops Natural Economic Resources Natural Recreational Resources Farm Summary Standardization Weed Certification Weed Control Insect Control Insect Pest Surveys Pest Control Operators New Crops New Crops Chemicals Used by this Department Weights and Measures Report	7890 111111111111111111111111111111111111
PERSONNEL	
Medora M. Sine Sr. Stenograph	nspector nspector nspector Measures Control nspector t Survey er-Clerk

OFFICES

Memorial Building Willows, California

County Building Orland, California

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Willows 240

Orland 158

PLANT QUARANTINE

Interstate Shipments:

Number	of of	Shipments Passed: Plants Passed:	547 25,042
Number	of	Shipments Rejected: Plants Rejected:	2 9

Intrastate Shipments:

Number	of	Shipments Passed:	459 57,283
Number	of	Plants Passed:	57,285
Number	of	Shipments Rejected:	- 7
Number	IJΪ	Plants Rejected:	112

APIARY REPORT

· ·	Colonies	Apiaries
Registered during 1950	14,773	266
Entering County	3,991	<i>5</i> 7
Leaving County	3,969	53
Moving within County	4,240	72
Inspected During 1950	5,864	172
Infected with American Foulbrood	23	19
Infected with European Foulbrood	6	4

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS GLENN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA - 1950

	<u>Production</u>	FOB Value	
FIELD CROPS			
Barley	651,000 cwt	\$1,510,000	
Hay Alfalfa Ladino Clover Mixed Milo Oats	30,000 tons 8,000 tons 10,000 tons 22,000 cwt 7,000 cwt	600,000 154,000 200,000 60,500 18,500	
Pasture Ladino Clover Range Stubble Rice Sugar Beets Wheat	55,000 acres 250,000 acres 120,000 acres 900,000 cwt 12,830 tons 44,100 cwt	1,650,000 250,000 240,000 4,050,000 151,400 154,500	\$9,038,900
SEED CROPS			
Alfalfa Field Peas Ladino Clover Sudan Vetch	52,500 lbs 112,000 lbs 2,280,000 lbs 1,400,000 lbs 250,000 lbs	13,000 5,100 2,736,000 140,000 15,000	\$2,909,100
ORCHARD CROPS			
Almonds Apricots	3,500,000 lbs	1,085,000	
Dried Fresh Figs, Dried Fruit Pits Grapes Olives Olive Oil Oranges Peaches, Fresh Pears Prunes, Dried Walnuts, Black Walnuts, English	127,000 lbs 23,100 lbs 60,000 lbs 60,000 lbs 50 tons 3,123,000 lbs 28,500 gal 78,000 boxes 75,000 lbs 75,000 boxes 3,300,000 lbs 212,000 lbs 716,500 lbs	38,000 18,500 6,500 1,300 3,000 468,000 90,000 234,000 2,200 225,000 418,500 4,500 136,000	\$2,730,500

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS (Continued)

	<u>Productio</u>	ŗį	FOR Value		
LIVESTOCK					
Butterfat Fat Cattle Cattle Calves Hides	3,711,000 l 12,000 h 17,900 h 11,400 h	id :d : id :: :a)	\$3,043,000 3,000,000 3,130,000 855,000		
Tallow	50,000	(b)	17,500		
Sheep Lambs Wool Pelts	25,000 l 85,000 l 1,000,000 l	ad Les	500,000 2,210,000 800,000 16,500		
Hogs	S\$ 000 '	hd	1,175,000	\$14	,71,7,000
POULTRY					
Poultry Eggs Turkeys, Dressed Turkey Eggs	150,000 560,000 1,265, 00 0 400,000	dor Dis	45,000 213,000 435,000 112,000	-€ 3-	805,000
APICUL'TURE					
Package Bees Queen Bees Honey	24,620 13,500 287,660 6,700	ea 1bs	22,500 13,500 27,500 3,000	i I	
Beeswax	۰۰۰ و ۱	77.77	,,	\$	66,500
GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS	1				
Agricultural Cons	ervation			\$	100,000
FOREST PRODUCTS					
Logs Milled Lumber Christmas Trees	6,000,000 1,000,000 8,000	bd	ft 180,000 ft 50,000 10,000)	240,000
			TOTAL	\$3	0,637,000

AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

	Acreage	
FIELD CROSS		
Alielf. Barley Field cons Hay Mixed Ladino Clover Lotus Milo Cars Rice Sudan Sugar Beets Vetch Wheat	10,000 70,000 200 17,000 55,000 900 1,300 1,000 28,885 1,200 670 1,000 7,700	194,855
ORCHARD CROPS Almodia Aprilous Charates Citate Figs Grapes Olives Peaches Pears Pecans Prines Walnuts, English	4,84,4 246 740 199 80 533 161 202 16 1,486 818	9,628
LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY	<u>Head</u>	,,020
Cattle Beef Dairy Hogs Horses & Mules Sheer Poultry Turkeys, Breeding Stock	12,500 23,500 10,000 608 115,000 50,000 13,000	
APIARY	<u>Colonie</u>	<u> </u>
Bees, Registered	14,7,73	

TEN YEARS PRODUCTION OF TEN CROPS

Year	Rice Sacks	Barley Sacks	Ladino Seed Pounds	Almonds Pounds	Olives Pounds
1941	546,000	388,000	142,000	471,500	5,951,000
1942	362,000	256,000	141,000	1,999,000	2,088,000
1943	394,000	415,000	118,000	1,415,500	7,874,000
1944	850,000	701,000	325,000	2,700,000	7,858,000
1945	690,000	675,000	350,000	1,900,000	3,690,000
1946	1,050,000	700,000	440,000	2,000,000	1,573,000
1947	1,168,000	680,000	375,000	2,000,000	4,479,000
1948	840,000	1,112,000	670,000	1,250,000	4,181,000
1949	1,219,000	792,000	800,000	3,000,000	1,763,000
1950	900,000	651,000	2,280,000	3,500,000	3,123,000
10-year gross \$ income	32,505,000	\$1 6,859 , 000	\$7,640,000	\$6,235,000	\$4,602,000
Year	Prunes Pounds	Cattle Head	Butterfat Pounds	Sheep Kead	Wool Pounds
1941	2,709,000	13,500	2,777,000	11.0 , 000	1,477,000
1942	2,068,000	12,000	2,678,000	116,000	1,549,000
1943	4,056,000	16,500	2,685,000	109,000	1,439,000
1944	4,864,000	23,500	3,034,000	139,000	1,500,000
1945	6,000,000	24,500	3,343,500	141,000	1,160,000
1946	4,500,000	23,500	2,973,000	121,000	1,372,000
1947	7,000,000	29,000	3,400,000	127,500	1,000,000
1948	6,000,000	31,500	3,690,000	112,000	1,006,000
1949	5,500,000	43,500	3,621,000	102,000	840,000
1.950	3,300,000	41,300	3,711,000	110,000	1,000,000
10-yea gros s income	\$3,908,000	\$20,139,000	\$26,660,000	\$15,622,000	\$6,244,000
Tmaama	from all f	arm productio	on for past		

NATURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

Water Resources: Sacramento River, Feather River, Stony Creek, Grindstone Creek, and Butte Creek
Water Storage: Shasta Dam on Sacramento River; Stony Gorge Dam on Stony Creek; East Park Dam on Stony Creek
Trrigation Districts in Operation: Acres
Orland, U. S. Reclamation District - Stony Creek. 20,000 Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District - Sacramento River 12,000 Jacinto Irrigation District - Sacramento River. 12,000 Provident Irrigation District - Sacramento River. 6,000 Princeton-Codora-Glenn - Sacramento River. 6,000 Willow Creek Mutual Water Co. Sacramento River. 1,000 Western Canal Company - Feather River. 1,000 Loam Ridge Irrigation District - Pumps. 1,200 Stony Creek Valley, Riparian Water Rights 1,000 Pump Irrigation from Farm Wells 1,000
TOTAL ACREAGE OF IRRIGATION DISTRICTS: 143,155
Other land suitable for irrigation:
West of present irrigation systems. 75,000 Butte City District, East of Sacramento River 25,000 Stony Creek Valley. 1,200 West of Orland on Stony Creek below proposed 15,000
Black Butte Dam
ADDITIONAL ACREAGE SUITABLE FOR IRRIGATION: 116,200
Total Acreage in Glenn County
Acres in Farm Land
Acres in Range Land
Acres in National Forest
Acres of Standing Timber
Species of merchantable trees: Sugar Pine, Ponderosa (yellow) Pine, Douglas'Fir, White Fir, Red Fir, and Incense Cedar
Sawmills in Operation
Natural Gas Wells (producing) 3

NATURAL RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

NATURAL RESIDENCE	
Lakes Stony Gorge Dam and Pa	icker Lake
Summer Camping Grounds - Improved - Partially Improved	16 38
Estimated Number of Recreationists to National Forest Areas	15,000
Forest Acreage	221,568
Elevation in Forest - Highest point	7,450
Trout Holding Ponds - Plaskett Meadows - Elevation	- 6,500
Kinds of Fish: Mountain Streams - Rainbow Trout River - Striped Bass, Black Bass, Salmon, Shad a Catfish; also Steelhead and Rainbow Trou Lakes - Black Bass, Catfish, Sunfish, Crappie, B	nd t Sluegill
Rivers and Creeks: (Length in miles through Glenn Construction Sacramento River. Black Butte River, a tributary of Eel River Stony Creek, main stream Stony Creek, north fork Briscoe Creek Grindstone Creek Cold Creek Willow Creek Butte Creek	26 20 68 12 12 28 6 37
Estimated number of wild game: Columbia Black Tail Deer California Brown Bear Wild Ducks Wild Geese Ring-neck Pheasants California Valley and Mountain Quail Estimated number of predators:	7,000 40 500,000 400,000 15,000 10,000
Mountain Lions Coyûtes Bobcats Badgers Raccoons Skunks Mink	1,200 800 50 4,000 2,000 600
Other game: Wild Pigeon and Doves	
Wild Game reported killed: Deer Mountain Lions Coyotes Muskrats trapped	627 12 118 20,000

FARM SUMMARY

The year 1950 returned to farmers the greatest dollar income of any year in the history of the County, even though the rainfall was lower than for the past several seasons. The dry winter season with a shortage of soil moisture at critical times was followed by a lighter fill in barley, shorter range grasses and other dry land crops. However, many irrigated crops produced above normal yields. Ladino clover seed production made the most advanced gain of any crop in recent years. The 2,280,000 pounds of seed produced in 1950 was three times the amount grown in the previous year. While final figures are not available from other states, there is ample proof that Glenn County produced more ladino seed than any other district in the United States for the year 1950.

Through a period of years, the livestock industry has kept on a population increase almost parallel with the increase of ladino clover planting.

STANDARDIZATION. Inspection for maturity and quality was made from samples representing 176,000 boxes of commercial lots of apricots, oranges, and pears. The condition of the fruit and the packaging were of excellent quality.

SEED CERTIFICATION. The rapidly growing seed industry, much of which is certified, required the full time of one inspector, and part time of one other inspector. The work included the inspection of all fields for the presence of noxious weeds, the inspection of harvesting and seed cleaning machinery, the inspection of cleaned seed, the taking of seed samples of every lot of seed, and the placing of seals and labels on all bags of certified seed.

WEED CONTROL. During the season from March through October, 47,600 gallons of dilute sprays were applied for weed control. The Department sprayed 628 miles of roads for puncture vine and Johnson grass, with a few plots of cattails and willows on public property.

Several infestations of Klamath weed, Russian knapweed and white horse nettle are under observation and treatment, aimed at eradication. Hoary cress, totaling about 140 acres on 125 properties, was sprayed. This noxious weed is easily spread by machinery and other farm practices. Present methods of treatment are giving fair control with all known plants being treated.

Pest control operators sprayed 15,400 acres of standing rice for the control of arrowhead lily, red stem, rough seed bulrush, sedge and other water weeds. 11,000 acres of clover were sprayed to control curly dock, buckhorn, star thistle; and 10,000 acres of barley were treated for mustard, star thistle, wild radish, and other minor weeds. The total cost to farmers for chemicals and labor was \$72,000.

The irrigation districts of the County treated 512 miles of ditch by chemical and oil spraying, burning, mowing, chaining, dragline, and hand cutting at a cost of \$45,000, thus making a total cost of over \$125,000 by public and private agencies for

weed control. The actual crop loss due to weeds is many times the amount spent in control.

RODENT CONTROL. In addition to the 7,000 pounds of bait materials put out by farmers for squirrel control, the Agricultural Department baited 10,000 acres with treated barley for squirrels and placed warfarin, zinc phosphide, 1080, red squill, and antu on 383 premises for rats and mice, using 1,400 pounds of treated baits.

INSECT CONTROL. In April the ash bug and the ash tingid threatened to defoliate all the street shade trees in Orland and Willows. A prompt application of BHC and DDT spray gave good control.

Sixteen hundred elm trees in the County were sprayed by the City and County as a public service to control the elm leaf beetle and the European elm scale.

The Valley grasshopper required some control, but the Hill or Devastator grasshopper did not appear in force this year. Pest control operators treated 2,750 acres of ladino clover and alfalfa for the control of red spider, mites, lygus bugs, grasshoppers, army worms and alfalfa caterpillars. 7,500 head of cattle were also sprayed for heel flies or cattle grub and lice. Some mosquito control work was carried on in both Orland and Willows, with excellent results.

INSECT PEST SURVEYS. In cooperation with the State Department of Agriculture fifty scented bait traps were operated by a parttime inspector to check the possible presence of the Oriental Fruit Fly. Traps were inspected one day each week from April through September. Specimens of the various insects trapped were returned to the Bureau of Entomology for identification. No Oriental Fruit Fly was reported.

A survey of 44 olive orchards was made to inspect scale infestation. Thirty-four properties, involving 344 acres, were found lightly infested with Black Scale. No Parlatoria oleae scale infestation was found in the olive orchards of the County.

Three citrus properites, totaling 32 acres, were reinspected following fumigation treatments given during the past four years. No red scale infestations were found.

Forty-three town properties were found infested with yellow scale. To date no yellow scale has been found in commercial orchards.

PEST CONTROL OPERATORS. The County Agricultural Department issued licenses to sixteen commercial airplane pest control operators, and to fourteen operators of ground spray machines. In addition there were seventeen farm-owner operators licensed to do pest control on their own properties. Special permits for each spray or dusting application, using hazardous materials, totaled 38 for insect control and 124 for weed control.

The University of California at Davis gave a short course in pest control, and the University Extension Service in the County, in cooperation with the State and County Departments of Agriculture, held several public meetings with growers, and pest control operators in an effort to determine the safest and most effective measures to be followed in pest control. The meetings were well attended and very instructive.

PLANT DISEASE. As a result of dry weather in the budding and blooming period, plant disease did not become serious in the almond and apricot orchards. Rain at the time of the orange harvest in December made conditions favorable for the development of brown rot in the fruit and necessitated some spraying. Oak root fungus developed in a few orchards and has forced the pulling of a number of almond trees. This disease has been kept fairly well under control. In citrus, crown rot and scaly bark, and in olives, the clive knot, have been kept well under control. Walnut blight was less troublesome than in past years.

NEW CROPS. As the development of irrigation progresses, and a more intensive use of land develops, other crops new to this section will be introduced.

Cotton was grown in a limited way several years ago, and in 1950 an experimental plot of one acre of cotton was grown by the James Mills Orchard Company, which showed promise. As a result, a limited acreage is planned for 1951.

Milton Miller, Director of the Glenn County Extension Service, in cooperation with local farmers, conducted several safflower experimental plots. The plantings gave good promise, and indications are that an active planting will take place in 1951.

CHEMICALS USED BY THIS DEPARTMENT

Chemical	Amount
Ant Poison (Sodium Arsenite) Antu Rodent Bait Chlordane-treated bran Red Squill, grain and meat bait Sodium Fluosilicate-treated bran Strychnine-treated barley Strychnine-treated milo Strychnine-treated rice Strychnine-treated wheat Toxaphene-treated bran Warfarin Zinc Phosphide-treated barley Zinc Phosphide-treated oats	794 ounces 90 pounds 5,000 pounds 5,000 pounds 5,000 pounds 157 pounds 180 pounds 137 pounds 60 pounds 2,750 pounds 2,750 pounds 2,238 pounds 520 pounds
Benzene Hexachloride Black Leaf 40 Bordeaux Borax Chlorax Chlordane Cyanogas DDT Diesel Oil Dow General Weed Killer Kill-Tox Lead Arsenate Naphthalene Crystals Pentachlorophenol Sprays Shell Weedkiller No. 20 Sinox Sodium Arsenite Sodium Chlorate Sodium Fluoroacetate - liquid 1080 Sodium Fluosilicate Summer Spray Oil 2,4-D Amine 2,4-D Ester	50 pounds 8 pints 33 pounds 500 pounds 56 pounds 3 gallons 240 ounces 188 pounds 4,470 gallons 55 gallons 15 pounds 15 pounds 15 pounds 115 gallons 30 gallons 200 pounds 50 quarts 15 pounds 50 quarts 16 quarts 5 quarts 5 quarts

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES REPORT

For the Year 1950

Tested and sealed without correction:

- 14 Counter Scales
- 16 Spring Scales 27 Computing Scales 39 Platform Scales
- 35 Heavy Capacity Scales
- 312 Weights 129 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters
 - 4 Wholesale Meters
- 214 Lubricating Oil Bottles and Liquid Measures

Tested and sealed after correction:

- 12 Counter Scales

- 10 Spring Scales 17 Computing Scales 49 Platform Scales
- 40 Heavy Capacity Scales
- 13 Weights
- 14 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters
 - 2 Wholesale Meters
 - 5 Lubricating Oil Bottles and Liquid Measures

Tested and found to be out of order:

- 1 Counter Scale
- 1 Spring Scale
 5 Computing Scales
 8 Platform Scales
- 6 Heavy Capacity Scales
- 12 Weights
 - 2 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters
 - 1 Wholesale Meter

Confiscated and condemned:

3 Weights

During the calendar year, 280 establishments were visited, and 205 certificates issued.

ANNUAL REPORT

Agricultural Commissioner

COUNTY OF GLENN

1951

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GIENN COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA

P. V. Harrigan Agricultural Commissioner

* * *

ANNUAL REPORT

For the

Year ending December 31, 1951

* * *

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John F. Fiack, Chairman

Marshall Lane

George J. Otterson

W. L. Linville

Geo. E. (Nip) Roberts

OFFICE OF THE AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER Memorial Building Willows, California

December 31, 1951.

THE HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF GLENN COUNTY and
THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Gentlemen:

This annual agricultural report on Glenn County for the year 1951 is submitted in compliance with Section 65 of the State Agricultural Code.

Favorable weather was one of the biggest factors in the success of farming operations in the year 1951. There were increases in production in most commodities, with the exception of barley. This crop is gradually losing ground as new land is being levelled for irrigated crops. Rice, Ladino clover seed, livestock and butterfat all showed substantial increases in production.

Prices too have been favorable for most farm products. The total income for the year 1951 for the county was \$39,005,000.00. This is an increase of \$8,368,000.00 over the previous high year of the 1950 crop. These figures are made possible, largely, as a result of increased farm production and better prices for farm products.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to all who have assisted in furnishing this office with the necessary information, making the compilation of this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Tw. Wowing our

P. V. Harrigan

Agricultural Commissioner.

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PERSONNEL

P. V. Harrigan H. L. Lundeen Ken G. Whitesell C. T. Birch H. I. Tollotson, Jr. Alvin L. Boyd N. Love Medora M. Sine Ellen O. Marzolf Lillian M. Cantwell	Agricultural Commissioner Supervising Inspector Seed Inspector Apiary Inspector Weights and Measures Weed and Rodent Control (Part-time) Weed Control (1951) Stenographer-Clerk (1952) Stenographer-Clerk (Orland Office) Part-time Clerk
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OFFICES

Memorial Building County Building Willows, California Orland, California

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Willows - 240 Orland - 158

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS GLENN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA - 1951.

	Production	FOB Value	
FIELD CROPS			
Rice Barley Wheat Oats Milo Sugar Beets Cotton Safflower Beans Hay Alfalfa Ladino clover Mixed	1,060,000 cwt. 500,000 cwt. 40,000 cwt. 10,000 cwt. 10,000 tons 300 cwt. 14,000 cwt. 380 cwt. 30,000 tons 15,000 tons 20,000 tons	\$5,088,000. 1,550,000. 144,000. 26,500. 30,500. 128,000. 10,500. 70,000. 3,500.	
Pasture Ladino clover Range Stubble	65,000 acres 250,000 acres 100,000 acres	1,950,000. 250,000. 200,000.	\$10,796,000.
SEED CROPS			
Ladino clover Sudan Alfalfa Lotus Bur clover Vetch	3,200,000 lbs. 450,000 lbs. 45,550 lbs. 44,000 lbs. 25,500 lbs. 7,100 lbs.	3,765,000. 36,000. 18,400. 22,000. 9,000.	3,851,000.
ORCHARD CROPS			
Almonds Apricots, Dried Apricots, Fresh Figs, Dried Figs, Fresh Fruit Pits Grapes Olives Olive Oil Oranges Peaches, Dried Peaches, Fresh Pears Prunes, Dried Walnuts, Black	3,500,000 lbs. 20,000 lbs. 600,000 lbs. 800,000 lbs. 240,000 lbs. 120,000 lbs. 120,000 lbs. 137,600 gal. 105,000 boxes 26,000 lbs. 180,000 lbs. 5,570,000 lbs. 300,000 lbs.	1,050,000. 6,000. 30,000. 96,000. 12,000. 2,700. 2,500. 400,000. 412,800. 367,500. 7,000. 278,500. 611,500.	2 102 000
Walnuts, English	865,500 lbs.	<u>205,500</u> .	3,493,000.

(Continued on page 5)

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS (Continued)

	Production	FOB Value	
LIVESTOCK			
Butterfat Fat Cattle Cattle Calves Hides Tallow	3,807,000 lbs. 19,000 head 12,000 head 11,000 head 1,200 each 35,000 lbs.	\$3,970,000. 4,940,000. 2,400,000. 935,000.	
Sheep Lambs Wool Pelts	30,000 head 100,000 head 1,375,000 lbs. 3,500 each	390,000. 2,610,000. 1,238,000. 25,000.	
Hogs	47,538 head	2,000,000。	\$18,527,500.
POULTRY			
Poultry Eggs Turkeys, Dressed Turkey Eggs	250,000 lbs. 500,000 doz. 1,250,000 lbs. 350,000 each	72,500. 255,000. 581,000. 105,000.	1,014,000.
APICULTURE			
Package Bees Queen Bees Honey Beeswax	24,500 lbs. 1,600 each 923,860 lbs. 15,750 lbs.	28,000. 2,000. 93,000. 8,000.	131,000.
GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS Agricultural Conser	vation		125,000.
FOREST PRODUCTS			
Logs Milled Lumber Christmas Trees	18,000,000 bd ft. 11,000,000 bd ft. 6,000 each	360,000. 700,000. <u>7,500</u> .	1,067,500.
	TOTAL	•	\$39,005,000.

AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

	Acreage	
FILLD CROPS		
Alfalfa Barley Hay, Mixed Ladino Clover Totus Lilo Cats Rice Sudan Sugar Beets Wheat	9,000 55,000 17,000 65,000 800 1,000 33,500 600 608 7,000	0,408
ORCHARD CROPS		
Almonds Apricots Cherries Citrus Figs Grapes Olives Peaches Pears Pecans Prunes Walnuts, English	4,700 214 3 700 189 72 833 120 202 2 1,486 817	9,338
LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY	<u>Head</u>	
Cattle Beef Dairy Hogs Horses & Mules Sheep Poultry Turkeys, Breeding Stock	14,000 24,000 10,000 486 10,000 10,000	
APIARY	Colonies	
Bees, Registered	13,390	

TEN YEARS PRODUCTION OF TWENTY CROPS

Year	Rice Sacks	Barley Sacks	Ladino Seed Pounds	Alfalfa Seed Pounds	Almonds Pounds
1942	362,000	256,000	141,000	cason	1,999,000
1943	394,000	415,000	118,000	15,000	1,415,500
1944	850,000	701,000	325,000	10,000	2,700,000
1945	690,000	675,000	350,000	30,000	1,900,000
1946	1,050,000	700,000	440,000	25,000	2,000,000
1947	1,168,000 .	680,000	375,000	11,000	2,000,000
1948	840,000	1,112,000	670,000	7,500	1,250,000
1949	1,219,000	792,000	800,000	000و42	3,000,000
1950	900,000	651,000	2,280,000	52,500	3,500,000
1951	1,060,000	500,000	3,200,000	45,500	3,500,000
10-year Gross Income	\$36,322,000.	\$17,834,000.	\$11,320,000.	\$ 83,500.	\$7,115,000.
Year	Walnuts Pounds	Figs Pounds	Orange Boxes	Olives Pounds	Prunes Pounds
1942	191,000	589,000	64,500	2,088,000	2,068,000
1943	515,500	1,220,000	85,000	7,874,000	4,056,000
1944	258,000	1,258,500	115,000	7,858,000	4,864,000
1945	342,000	960,000	85,000	3,690,000	6,000,000
1946	302,000	1,766,000	120,000	1,573,000	4,500,000
1947	437,000	700,000	78,000	4,479,000	7,000,000
1948	325,000	000 و 452	45,000	4,181,000	6,000,000
1949	787,000	320,000	86,000	1,763,000	5,500,000
1950	716,500	60,000	78,000	3,123,000	3,300,000
1951	856,500	1,040,000	105,000	4,000,000	5,544,000
10-yea Gross Income	ar . \$ 1,026,500.	\$ 668,000.	\$ 3,073,500.	\$4,717,000.	\$4,424,500 .

TEN YEARS PRODUCTION OF TWENTY CROPS - Continued.

Year	Cattle Head	Butterfat Pounds	Hogs Head	Sheep Head	Wool Pounds
1942	12,000	2,678,000	29,000	116,000	1,549,000
1943	16,500	2,685,000	34,9000	109,000	1,439,000
1944	23,500	3,034,000	41,9000	139,000	1,500,000
1945	24,500	3,343,500	17,500	141,000	1,160,000
1946	23,500	2,973,000	16,000	121,000	1,372,000
1947	29,000	3,400,000	15,000	127,500	1,000,000
1948	31,500	3,690,000	20,000	112,000	1,006,000
1949	43,500	3,621,000	25,000	102,000	840,000
1950	41,300	3,711,000	28,000	110,000	1,000,000
1951	44,200	3,807,000	47,500	130,000	1,375,000
10-year Gross Income	\$21,373,000.	\$29,242,000.	\$9,124,500.	\$17,527,000.	\$6,890,500.
Year	Turkeys Pounds	Turkey Eggs	Package Bees Pounds	Honey Tons	Lumber & Logs
1942	1,358,000	204,500	33,000	216	
1943	934,000	486,000	37,000	246	
1944	1,975,000	642,000	68,000	1.78	
1945	2,382,000	841,000	30,000	114	500,000
1946	1,482,000	635,000	37,500	220	1,400,000
1947	785,000	315,000	39,000	137	500,000
1948	500,000	75,000	38,500	238	5,000,000
1949	550,000	320,000	32,000	244	1,800,000
1950	1,265,000	400,000	25,000	1.44	7,000,000
1951	1,250,000	351,000	24,500	462	29,000,000
10-year Gross Income	\$ 5,062,000.	\$ 1,222,000.	\$ 495,000.	\$ 519,000.	\$2,594,500.
Income	from all farm	production fo	r past ten y	ears: \$	235,047,000.

NATURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

Water Resources: Sacramento River, Feather River, Stony Creek, Grindstone Creek, and Butte Creek.
Water Storage: Shasta Dam on Sacramento River; Stony Gorge Dam on Stony Creek; East Park Dam on Stony Creek.
Irrigation Districts in Operation: Acres
Orland, U.S. Reclamation District - Stony Creek - 20,000 Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District - Sacramento River 54,435 Jacinto Irrigation District - Sacramento River 12,000 Provident Irrigation District - Sacramento River 12,520 Princeton-Codora-Glenn - Sacramento River 7,000 Willow Creek Mutual Water Co., - Sacramento River 1,000 Loam Ridge Irrigation District - Pumps 1,200 Western Canal Company - Feather River 1,000 Stony Creek Valley, Riparian Water Rights 3,800 Pump Irrigation from Farm Wells
TOTAL ACREAGE OF IRRIGATION DISTRICTS: 152,955
Other land suitable for irrigation:
West of present irrigation systems
ADDITIONAL ACREAGE SUITABLE FOR IRRIGATION: 121,700
Total Acreage in Glenn County 880,000
Acres in Farm Land
Acres in Range Land
Acres in National Forest
Acres of Standing Timber
Board Feet of Standing Timber
Species of merchantable trees: Sugar Pine, Ponderosa (yellow) Pine, Douglas Fir, White Fir, Red Fir, and Incense Cedar.
Sawmills in Operation
Natural Gas Wells (Producing)
Number of farms in the County 1,527

RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

Lakes	Stony Gorge Dam and Pack	er Lake
Forest Camp Grounds		54
Visitors annually to Na	tional Forest Areas	25,000
Forest Acreage		221,568
Elevation in Forest - H	lighest Point	7,450
Trout Holding Ponds - P	Plaskett Meadows - Elevation	6,500
Catfish, St	Rainbow Trout ss, Black Bass, Salmon, Shad seelhead and Rainbow Trout. Catfish, Sunfish, Crappie,	
Sacramento River		County) 40 7 68 12 12 28 6 37 12 20
Estimated number of will Columbia Black Tail California Brown Beawild Ducks Wild Geese Ring-neck pheasants California Valley and Mourning Doves Band-tail Pigeons	Deer ar	10,000 200 -,500,000 600,000 25,000 20,000 35,000 15,000
Estimated number of pre Mountain Lions Coyotes Bobcats Badgers Raccoons Skunks Mink	edators:	50 2,000 1,200 150 6,000 4,000 500
Wild Game reported kil Deer Mountain Lions Coyotes Muskrats trapped	led:	712 10 144 15,000

ANNUAL RAINFALL AT WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA

73 years 1878-1951

Year	Rainfall Inches	Year	Rainfall Inches	Year	Rainfall Inches
1878-1879	7.01	1903-1904	20.28	1928-1929	11.46
1879-1880	13.96	1904-1905	24.55	1929-1930	16.37
1880-1881	13.85	1905-1906	19.85	1930-1931	9.85
1881-1882	8.28	1906-1907	17.88	1931-1932	15.01
1882-1883	8.45	1907-1908	13.44	1932-1933	7.79
1883-1884	18.84	1908-1909	22 .0 9	1933-1934	15.65
1884-1885	7.80	1909-1910	14.36	1934-1935	19.62
1885-1886	19.15	1910-1911	17.75	1935-1936	17.48
1886-1887	8.07	1911-1912	11.26	1936-1937	16.40
1887-1888	8.97	1912-1913	13.18	193 7-1 938	26.28
1888-1889	10.30	1913-1914	29.18	1938-1939	6.82
1889-1890	29.94	1914-1915	27.19	1939-1940	23.21
1890-1891	19.01	1915-1916	18.11	1940-1941	40.50
1891-1892	18.82	1916-1917	11.43	1941-1942	24.07
1892-1893	27.30	1917-1918	11.90	1942-1943	15.68
1893-1894	11.15	1918-1919	12.90	1943-1944	13.52
1894-1895	26.04	1919-1920	7.70	1944-1945	16.94
1895-1896	22.18	1920-1921	21.28	1945-1946	14.72
1896-1897	18.82	1921-1922	13.44	1946-1947	12.28
1897-1898	6.58	1922-1923	16.81	1947-1948	19.56
1898-1899	13.05	1923-1924	8.86	1948-1949	15.59
1899-1900	15.23	1924-1925	25.99	1949-1950	10.32
1900-1901	17.49	1925-1926	18.44	1950-1951	17.48
1901-1902	21.67	1926-1927	25.99		
1902-1903	17.10	1927-1928	17.54		

IRRIGATION

The early history of irrigation from 1860 to 1910 in the Sacramento Valley might be written as a story of the efforts and struggles of one man to overcome the inertia and even active opposition of the people who would most benefit by irrigation. Will S. Green, Editor of the Colusa Sun, and early surveyor of Colusi County (a territory taking in part of Tehama, all of Glenn and Colusa and part of Yolo Counties) selected the point at the Sacramento River where the Glenn-Colusa pumping plant is now located as early as 1860. After seeing crop failures at dry farming, he declared in 1864 that, "If the people have enough energy, we can make the Sacramento Valley a Garden of Eden". His estimated cost of a canal from the Sacramento River for Colusi and Yolo counties was \$350,000. After the passage of the Wright Act of 1887, Mr. Green, often considered a wild-eyed dreamer, outlined and organized the Central Irrigation District of 155,000 acres. \$750,000 in bonds were voted and approved by the Supreme Court in May, 1889.

Bitter opposition to irrigation developed, and considerable difficulty was encountered in selling the bonds. After forty miles of ditch had been constructed, and up to within a mile of the river intake, the work was stopped, as the Supreme Court reversed its decision, and held that the issue of bonds was invalid. After a lapse of nearly 12 years, in 1903 the works were assigned to the Central Canal and Irrigation Company, which extended the canal, and Sacramento giver water became available in July 1907, which was forty-three years after will S. Green's original survey of 1864, and two years after his death. The District was reorganized as the Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District in 1920.

In the 1880's, Will S. Green made plans for the utilization of the waters of Stony Creek, and at that time organized the Kraft and Orland South Side Irrigation District, but bonds were never sold.

The Sacramento Valley Development Association was organized in 1900 at Croville through the efforts of Will S. Green. Irrigation from Stony Creek was at the head of the list of projects. At their next meeting at Sacrmento, Frank S. Reager headed a committee to arrange for a geological survey for storage sites on Cache Creek and on Stony Creek. The committee continued the promotion of the Orland Irrigation Iroject after Mr. Green's death in 1905. At this time the Stony Creek Irrigation Company was irrigating lands on the south side of Stony Creek. The Lemon Home Water Company was organized to colonize and irrigate a tract north of Stony Creek. These Companies, with about fifteen miles of ditch, irrigated nearly 500 acres in the vicinity of Orland from seasonal water. A survey in 1906 showed 1100 acres being irrigated along Stony Creek between Orland and Stonyford, a distance of nearly 50 miles. This made a total of 1600 acres irrigated at that time.

Land owners of Orland could see no other way to further extend irrigation so they petitioned the Secretary of the Interior, requesting an investigation under the Reclamation Act of 1902. A survey was made and the Orland Federal Irrigation Project was approved in 1906. It was set up as a demonstration of the possibilities of irrigation in the Sacramento Valley. Construction was commenced in 1908 and stored water was ready for irrigation in the season of 1911.

Fourty-four years ago rice was first introduced into Glenn County, it was planted near Ordbend in 1907 and was irrigated from water diverted from the Sacramento River from pumps located just north of Hamilton City. The first crop of rice was shipped to Louisiana for milling as there were no mills in California. In 1912 the Kuhn Syndicate, owners of the Sacramento Valley Irrigation Company, planted 40 acres to different varieties of rice as an experiment. In 1915, Henry Barceloux planted 160 acres of rice just south of Willows. By 1916-17 rice was planted to the capacity of the available water supply for irrigation. The yield at that time was from 40 to 60 sacks per acre. By 1920 there were 30,000 acres in Glenn County planted to rice. At that time there were no combine harvesters or rice driers in use, and the old method of binding, shocking and the use of stationary threshers required a long, dry fall. In the fall of 1920 heavy rains damaged the rice crop and also prevented it's harvest. In November of 1920, the stock market crashed and dropped the price of rice from 10¢ to 2¢ per pound; that year most of the rice farmers failed. For a number of years rice growing was at a standstill until the middle 1930's when a new start was made and improved varieties introduced. Since that time there has been a steady advance in the growing, handling and marketing of rice. The use of the airplane in planting, fertilizing, applying herbicides and insecticides, the new type combines and rice driers have all contributed to the success of rice farming. For the past fifteen years rice has been the No. 1 cash crop/except for the last two years when Ladino clover as pasture and seed exceeded the value of the rice crop.

LADINO CLOVER

Since its introduction, Ladino clover has made the most spectacular progress of any farm crop. In 1923 John Tamasella, who lived on Summit Avenue in the Orland Project, brought the first Ladino clover seed to Glenn County from the Po Valley in Italy. Several years went by without appreciable spread. In 1932, W. W. Coke, Agricultural Teacher at the Orland High School, became interested in the development of Ladino as a pasture crop. He early recognized that of the three types of white clover, only the Ladino variety should be planted in Glenn County. In 1936 he made a survey and discovered that there were 1600 acres planted to Ladino at that time. Those who were early interested in Ladino as a pasture crop were: John Pehrson planted 9½ acres in 1932; M. G. Haigh seeded Ladino in a wornout alfalfa field in 1933; Frank Aguiar planted Ladino in his olive orchard. In the Willows district, Dr. L. E. Tuttle planted an acreage shortly after 1930. Walter Rabbitt probably did more than any other man to stimulate interest in Ladino planting in this area. From the early planting of 7 acres in 1923 the acreage has grown to 65,000 acres and for the past two years Ladino has been the No. 1 crop in the county. In 1951 Glenn County farmers harvested one-half of all Ladino seed produced in California. As the demand for seed and pasture increases it will require 100,000 acres to supply the needs of the farmers in the county.

Activities of the Agricultural Department for the year 1951 were largely centered upon plant quarantine, the inspection of plant shipments, standardization of fruits, nuts, vegetables and eggs, seed certification, weed control, rodent control, and continuous inspection for insect pests and plant disease.

RODENTS. During the year 91,450 acres were treated for the control of squirrels. Rat control around grain warehouses and grain storage locations was carried on during the winter months.

WEED CONTROL. During the year the combined weed control program carried on by the Agricultural Department, the different irrigation districts and by individual farmers was the most extensive of any year reported thus far. On the part of the county, a determined effort was made at eradication of all primary noxious weeds, such as, Hoary Cress, Russian Knapweed, Klamath Weed, White Horse Nettle; and secondary noxious weeds, Johnson Grass and Puncture vine, were treated along public rights-of-way. The total expenditure by all agencies reporting was \$129,000.00 spent on weed control in 1951. This does not include weed control on private farms or private ditches.

SEED CERTIFICATION. Nearly one—third of the Ladino acreage in the county was harvested for seed. There has been a decided effort on the part of farmers to gradually eliminate all uncertified fields in an effort to produce only the highest quality of certified seed. Inspection of the seed harvesting equipment, the drawing of seed samples and tagging cleaned lots of seed is a rapidly increasing activity.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. New approaches have been made in the weights and measures field with the introduction of several new 60-foot scales, and several new livestock scales. The installation of farm bulk storage tanks for Grade A milk, and the shipment of Grade A milk in tank cars to the metropolitan areas, has required the use of new types of equipment for testing the accuracy of the new weighing and measuring equipment.

PEST CONTROL. Licensed pest control operators, and farmers operating under permit, treated 40,000 acres of barley, milo, Ladino clover, rice, prunes, cotton and beans for the control of weeds and insects in cultivated crops. The new herbicides and the newer insecticides have greatly facilitated the work of pest control.

PLANT QUARANTINE

Interstate Shipments:

Number of	Shipments Passed:	585
	Plants Passed:	78,917
Number of	Shipments Rejected:	Ö
Number of	Plants Rejected	0

Intrastate Shipments:

Number of Sh	ipments Passed:	433
Number of Pl	ants Passed:	45,248
Number of Sh	ipments Rejected:	9
Number of Pl	ants Rejected:	91

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APIARY REPORT

	Colonies	Apiaries
Registered during 1951	13,390	273
Entering County	250و 3	43
Leaving County	3,254	53
Moving within County	3,029	67
Inspected during 1951	3,826	104
Infected with American Foulbrood	8	7
Infected with European Foulbrood	3	2

Note: Most of the bess were located in Ladino Clover seed fields. Beekeepers reported an additional income of \$23,475.00 from hire of bees for pollination.

CHEMICALS USED BY THIS DEPARTMENT

INSECT CONTROL Ant Poison (Sodium Arsenite) 668 Ounces Sodium Fluosilicate-treated Bran 10.500 Pounds Benzene Hexachloride 136 Pounds D.D.T. 225 Pounds 14 Gallons Cyanogas 106 Ounces 132 Ounces Summer Oil Spray 33 Gallons 26 Gallons WEED CONTROL Polybor Chlorate 1,275 Pounds 625 Pounds 44 Gallons 250 Pounds Contact General - Weed Killer 86 Gallons 12,565 Gallons 600 Pounds 76 Quarts 10 Quarts 18 Quarts RODENT CONTROL Antu Rodent Bait 70 Pounds 5 Pounds 5,625 Pounds 204 Pounds 270 Pounds 1,424 Pounds 409 Pounds Sodium Fluoroacetate-liquid 1080 3 Quarts

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES REPORT - 1951

Tested and sealed without correction:

- 17 Counter Scales
- 10 Spring Scales
- 33 Computing Scales
- 15 Livestock Scales
- 14 Vehicle Scales
- 434 Weights
 - 89 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters
 - 5 Vehicle Tank Compartments Gauged
- 291 Lubricating Oil Bottles and Liquid Measures
- 12 Grade "A" Bulk Milk Tanks
- 12 Egg Scales

Tested and sealed after correction:

- 19 Counter Scales
- 14 Spring Scales
- 37 Computing Scales
- 53 Platform Scales
- 45 Livestock Scales
- 40 Vehicle Scales
- 15 Weights
- 36 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters
- 9 Vehicle Tank Compartments Gauged
- 3 Vehicle Tank Meters
- 5 Lubricating Oil Bottles and Liquid Measures
- 12 Grade "A" Bulk Milk Tanks
- 18 Egg Scales

Tested and Found to be out of order:

- 4 Spring Scales
- 4 Computing Scales
- 4 Platform Scales
- 2 Livestock Scales
- 4 Vehicle Scales
- 1 Weight
- 6 Retail Measuring Pumps and Meters
- 1 Vehicle Tank Meter
- 21 Lubricating Oil Bottles and Liquid Measures
- 10 Grade "A" Bulk Milk Tanks

Condemned and Confiscated:

- 2 Platform Scales
- 9 Weights
- 1 Retail Measuring Pump

Packages or Containers checked: Total - 1,003.
Light: 206. Correct: 792. Heavy: 5.

During the calendar year, 546 establishments were visited, and 292 certificates were issued.

P. V. HARRIGAN AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONE WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA





University of California Library, College of Agri. Davis, California

Attn: Louise B. Wheeler Reference Libi rian.

1952

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ANNUAL REPORT

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Agricultural Commissioner county of GLENN 1952

LIBEARY
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
DAVA

GLENN COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL REPORT

For the Year Ending December 31, 1952

P. V. HARRIGAN

Agricultural Commissioner and Sealer of Weights and Measures

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

John F. Fiack, Chairman

Marshall Lane W. L. Linville George J. Otterson Geo. E. (Nip) Roberts

COUNTY OF GLENN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Memorial Building, Willows

P. V. Harrigan Agricultural Commissioner Telephones: Willows 240 Orland 70

TO THE STATE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE, AND THE HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

Section 65.5 of the California Agricultural Code requires that the Agricultural Commissioner compile a report covering conditions, acreage, production, and value of the agricultural products of his county; and, Section 65 requires that the Commissioner keep a record of his official acts and make an annual report to the Director on the conditions of the agricultural interests in his county. This is the sixteenth annual report published by this department.

Favorable weather and improved farm practices were two factors contributing to successful farm operations during the year. There were substantial increases in production of rice, ladino clover seed and butterfat in 1952.

Values indicated are based on fairly accurate, average selling prices and do not represent net returns to the farmer. Labor and marketing costs remain high; however, this year Glenn County's production of agricultural products exceeds \$42,000,000, which is the highest income recorded in the history of the county.

Copies of this report are sent to a number of federal, state and county agencies, and to many organizations and individuals. The members of the department have made every effort to make this report as accurate as possible by checking the figures with many sources of reliable information.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to all those who have co-operated in helping to make this report possible.

Respectifully submitted,

P. V. HARRIGAN

Agricultural Commissioner

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	PERSONNEL	
P. V. Harrigan	Agricultural Comm	issioner
H. I. Tillotson, Jr.	Deputy Sealer and In	spector
Elrov Eberwein	Seed I	spector
F. W. Irland	Pest	Control
Charles Cordill	Plant Quarantine and Standar	dization
Noble Love	Weed	Control
Ellen O. Marzolf	Stenograph	er-Clerk
Memorial Building Willows, California	OFFICES County Orland, C.	Building
W illows 240	ELEPHONE NUMBERS Orlan	nd — 70

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS GLENN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA — 1952

	Production	F.O.B. Values	Totals
FIELD CROPS	1,500,000 cwt.	\$ 9,000,000.	
Rice	500,000 cwt.	1,700,000.	
Barley	35,000 cwt.	122,500.	
Wheat	•	24,500.	
Oats	7,000 cwt.	61,000.	
Milo	17,500 cwt.	126,000.	
Sugar Beets	9,057 cwt.	175,000.	
Safflower	36,000 cwt.	10,500.	
Beans	970 cwt.	10,500.	
Hay		984,000.	
Alfalfa	35,000 tons		
Ladino Clover	18,000 tons	110,000.	
Mixed	20,000 tons	440,000.	
Pasture		0.050.000	
Legumes	69,000 acres	2,070,000.	
Range	250,000 acres	250,000.	
Stubble	100,000 acres	200,000.	\$ 15,273,500.00
			ф 10,210,000.00
SEED CROPS		4.150.000	
Ladino Clover, certified	4,150,000 lbs.	4,150,000.	
Ladino Clover, nonctfd.	500,000 lbs.	350,000.	
Sudan	820,500 lbs.	106,700.	
Alfalfa	85,200 lbs.	34,100.	
Vetch	75,000 lbs.	6,000.	
Rice, certified	540,000 lbs.	38,000.	4,684,800.00
			4,004,000,00
ORCHARD CROPS	0.550.000 11	1,025,000.	
Almonds	3,750,000 lbs.	22,000.	
Apricots, dried	81,000 lbs.		_
Apricots, fresh	1,450,000 lbs.	50,700.	
Figs, dried	800,000 lbs.	95,000.	
Figs, fresh	450,000 lbs.	20,000.	
Olives	1,750,000 lbs.	115,000.	
Olive Oil	92,000 gal.	230,000.	
Oranges	86,000 boxes	350,000.	
Peaches, dried	15,000 lbs.	3,000.	
Peaches, fresh	326,390 lbs.	11,300.	
Pears	5,990,000 lbs.	300,000.	•
Prunes, dried	5,750,000 lbs.	630,000.	
Walnuts, Black	200,000 lbs.	4,000.	
Walnuts, English	885,000 lbs.	195,000.	0.000.00
			3,051,000.00

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

(Continued)

	(Contin	iueu/		
LIVESTOCK	Product	ion	F.O.B. Values	Totals
	3,875,000	lbs.	\$ 4,601,000.	
Fat cattle	16,000	head	3,280,000.	
Cattle	14,000	head	1,680,000.	
Calves	11,500	head	565,000.	
Hides	1,200	each)	•	
Tallow	35,000	lbs.)	15,000.	
Sheep	32,000	head	385,000.	
Lambs	137,000	head	3,338,000.	
Wool	1,630,000	lbs.	1,030,000.	
Pelts	3,500	each	15,000.	
Hogs	52,258	head	1,672,200.	0 40 504 600 00
_				\$ 16,581,200.00
POULTRY				
Poultry, live	150,000	lbs.	40,500.	
Eggs	500,000	doz.	230,000.	
Turkeys, dressed	1,325,000	lbs.	556,500.	
Turkey eggs	440,000	each	140,800.	
2				967,800.00
APICULTURE				
Package Bees	26,475	lbs.	31,700.	
Queen Bees	13,000		15,000.	
Honey	850,500	lbs.	85,000.	
Beeswax	10,500	lbs.	5,500.	
Pollination			25,700.	
				162,900.00
GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS				
Agricultural Conservation			105,000.	
***************************************				105,000.00
FOREST PRODUCTS				
Logs	5,000,000	bd. ft.	200,000.	
Milled lumber	18,000,000		1,440,000.	
Christmas trees	6,000	each	7,500.	
•				1,647,500.00
GRAND TOTAL OF AGRICUL	TURAL F	RODUCT	rs — 1952	\$ 42,473,700.00

TEN YEAR PRODUCTION RECORD OF TWENTY CROPS

Year	Rice Cwt.	Barley Cwt.	Ladino Seed Pounds	Alfalfa Seed Pounds	Almonds Pounds
1943	394,000	415,000	118,000	15,000	1,415,500
1944	850,000	701,000	325,000	10,000	2,700,000
1945	690,000	675,000	350,000	30,000	1,900,000
1946	1,050,000	700,000	440,000	25,000	2,000,000
1947	1,168,000	680,000	375,000	11,000	2,000,000
1948	840,000	1,112,000	670.000	7,500	1,250,000
1949	1,219,000	792,000	800,000	42,000	3,000,000
1950	900,000	651,000	2,280,000	52,500	3,500,000
1951	1,060,000	500,000	3,200,000	45,500	3,500,000
1952	1,500,000	500,000	4,500,000	85,500	3,750,000
10-year Gross Income	\$44,091,500.	\$19,026,000.	\$15,714,000.	\$ 117,500.	\$ 7,660,000.
Year	Walnuts Pounds	Figs Pounds	Oranges Boxes	Olives Pounds	Prunes Pounds
1943	515,500	1,220,000	85,000	7,874,000	4,056,000
1944	258,000	1,258,500	115,000	7,858,000	4,864,000
1945	342,000	960,000	85,000	3,690,000	6,000,000
1946	302,000	1,766,000	120,000	1,573,000	4,500,000
1947	437,000	700,000	78,000	4,479,000	7,000,000
1948	325,000	452,000	45,000	4,181,000	6,000,000
1949	787,000	320,000	86,000	1,763,000	5,500,000
1950	716,500	60,000	78,000	3,123,000	3,300,000
1951	856,500	1,040,000	105,000	4,000,000	5,544,000
1952	885,000	1,250,000	86,000	1,750,000	5,750,000
10-year Gross Income	\$ 1,210,000.	\$ 739,000.	\$ 3,165,500.	\$ 4,693,000.	\$ 4,909,500.

(Continued on Next Page)

TEN YEAR PRODUCTION RECORD OF TWENTY CROPS

(Continued)

Year	Cattle Head	Butterfat Pounds	Hogs Head	Sheep Head	Wool Pounds
1943	16,500	2,685,000	34,000	1.09,000	1,439,000
1944	23,500	3,034,000	41,000	139,000	1,500,000
1945	24,500	3,343,500	17,500	141,000	1,160,000
1946	23,500	2,973,000	16,000	121,000	1,372,000
1947	29,000	3,400,000	15,000	127,500	1,000,000
1948	31,500	3,690,000	20,000	112,000	1,006,000
1949	43,500	3,621,000	25,000	102,000	840,000
1950	41,300	3,711,000	28,000	110,000	1,000,000
1951	44,200	3,807,000	47,500	130,000	1,375,000
1952	41,500	3,875,000	52,258	169,000	1,630,000
10-year Gross Income	\$26,048,000.	\$32,236,000.	\$10,046,500.	\$19,980,000.	\$ 7,176,500.
Year	Turkeys	Turkey	Package Bees	Honey	Lumber & Logs
	Pounds	Eggs	Pounds	Tons	Bd. Ft.
1343	934,000	486,000	37,000	246	
1944	1,975,000	486,000 642,000	37,000 68,000	246 178	
	,	486,000	37,000	246	500,000
1944	1,975,000	486,000 642,000	37,000 68,000	246 178	
1944 1945	1,975,000 2,382,000	486,000 642,000 841,000	37,000 68,000 30,000	246 178 114	500,000
1944 1945 ₁ 946	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500	246 178 114 220	500,000 1,400,000
1944 1945 1946 1947	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000 785,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000 315,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500 39,000	246 178 114 220 137	500,000 1,400,000 500,000
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000 785,000 500,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000 315,000 75,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500 39,000 38,500	246 178 114 220 137 238	500,000 1,400,000 500,000 5,000,000
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000 785,000 500,000 550,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000 315,000 75,000 320,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500 39,000 38,500 32,000	246 178 114 220 137 238 244	500,000 1,400,000 500,000 5,000,000 1,800,000
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000 785,000 500,000 550,000 1,265,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000 315,000 75,000 320,000 400,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500 39,000 38,500 32,000 25,000	246 178 114 220 137 238 244 144	500,000 1,400,000 500,000 5,000,000 1,800,000 7,000,000
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 10-year Gross	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000 785,000 500,000 1,265,000 1,250,000 1,325,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000 315,000 75,000 320,000 400,000 351,000 440,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500 39,000 38,500 32,000 25,000 24,500 26,475	246 178 114 220 137 238 244 144 462 450	500,000 1,400,000 500,000 5,000,000 1,800,000 7,000,000 29,000,000 43,000,000
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 10-year Gross Income	1,975,000 2,382,000 1,482,000 785,000 500,000 550,000 1,265,000 1,250,000	486,000 642,000 841,000 635,000 315,000 75,000 320,000 400,000 351,000 440,000	37,000 68,000 30,000 37,500 39,000 38,500 32,000 25,000 24,500 26,475	246 178 114 220 137 238 244 144 462	500,000 1,400,000 500,000 5,000,000 1,800,000 7,000,000 29,000,000

AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

	Acreage	Totals
FIELD CROPS	10,000	
Alfalfa	50,000	
Barley	17,000	
Hay, Mixed	69,000	
Ladino Clover	1,400	
Milo	1,000	
Oats	42,000	
Rice	1,020	
Sudan	698	
Sugar Beets	6,000	
Wheat	-,-	198,118
ORCHARD CROPS	4.700	
Almonds	4,700	
Apricots	200	
Cherries	3	
Citrus	700	
Figs	189	
Grapes	54	
Olives	850	
Peaches	110	
Pears	200	
Pecans	2	
Prunes	1,506	
Walnuts, English	812	0.206
· · ·		9,326
LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY	Head	
Cattle		
Beef	16,000	
Dairy	26,000	
Hogs	12,000	
Horses and Mules	400	
Sheep	145,000	
Poultry	45,000	
Turkeys, Breeding Stock	8,000	
		252,400
APIARY	Colonies	
Bees, Registered	9,427	
		9,427

NATURAL ECONOMIC RESOURCES

Water Resources: Sacramento River, Feather River, Stony Creek, Gr. Creek and Butte Creek.	indstone
Water Storage: Shasta Dam on Sacramento River; Stony Gorge Dam o Creek; East Park Dam on Stony Creek.	n Stony
Irrigation Districts in Operation:	Acres
Orland, U.S. Reclamation District—Stony Creek	20,000
Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District-Sacramento River	54,435
Jacinto Irrigation District—Sacramento River	12,000
Provident Irrigation District-Sacramento River	12,520
Princeton-Codora-Glenn—Sacramento River	7,000
Willow Creek Mutual Water Co.,—Sacramento River	1,000
Loam Ridge Irrigation District—Pumps	1,200
Western Canal Company—Feather River	11,000
Stony Creek Valley, Riparian Water Rights	3,800
Pump Irrigation from farm wells	36,000
TOTAL ACREAGE OF IRRIGATION DISTRICTS:	157,955
Other land suitable for irrigation:	
West of present irrigation systems	71,000
Butte City District, East of Sacramento River	25,000
Stony Creek Valley	10,700
West of Orland on Stony Creek, below proposed Black Butte Dam	15,000
ADDITIONAL ACREAGE SUITABLE FOR IRRIGATION:	121,700
Total Acreage in Glenn County	880,000
Acres in Farm Land	319,000
Acres in Range Land	287,000
Acres in National Forest	221,568
Acres of Standing Timber	86,000
Board Feet of Standing Timber 3,0	000,000,00
Species of merchantable trees: Sugar Pine, Ponderosa (yellow) Pine, Douglas Fir, White Fir, Red Fir and Incense Cedar.	
Sawmills in Operation	1
Natural Gas Wells (Producing)	
Number of farms in the County	

RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

Lakes	Stony Gorge Dam and Packer Lake
Forest Camp Grounds	
Visitors annually to National Forest Are	eas
Visitors annually to National Polest Are	271 569
Trout Holding Ponds-Plaskett Meadows	s—Elevation 6,500
Kinds of Fish: Mountain streams—Rainbow Trout Rivers—Striped Bass, Black Bass, Sal and Rainbow Trout. Lakes—Black Bass, Catfish, Sunfish,	
Rivers and Creeks:	(Length in miles through Glenn County,
	40
	River 7
Stony Creek, main stream	68
California Brown Bear	10,000 200 1,700,000 800,000 50,000 1 15,000 35,000 8,000
	50
	2,500
	1,200
Raccoons	
	4,000
	500
Grey Fox	
Wild Game reported killed:	
• •	15,000

ANNUAL RAINFALL AT WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA 74 YEARS — 1878-1952

Rainfal Year	ll Inches	Rain Year	nfall Inches	Rair Year	nfall Inches
1878-1879	7.01	1903-1904	20,28	1928-1929	
1879-1880	13.96	1904-1905	24.55	1929-1930	
1880-1881	13.85	1905-1906		1930-1931	
1881-1882	8.28	1906-1907	17.88	1931-1932	15.01
1882-1883	8.45	1907-1908	13.44	1932-1933	7.79
883-1884	18.84	1908-1909	22.09	1933-1934	15.65
1884-1885	7.80	1909-1910	14.36	1934-1935	19.62
1885-1886	19.15	1910-1911	17.75	1935-1936	17.48
1886-1887	8.07	1911-1912	11.26	1936-1937	16.40
1887-1888	8.97	1912-1913	13.18	1937-1938	26.28
1888-1889	10.30	1913-1914	29.18	1938-1939	6.82
1889-1890	29.94	1914-1915	27.19	1939-1940	23.21
1890-1891	19.01	1915-1916	18.11	1940-1941	40.50
1891-1892	18.82	1916-1917	11.43	1941-1942	24.07
1892-1893	27.30	1917-1918	11.90	1942-1943	15.68
1893-1894	11.15	1918-1919	12.90	1943-1944	13.52
1894-1895	26.04	1919-1920	7.70	1944-1945	16.94
1895-1896	22.18	1920-1921	21.28	1945-1946	14.72
1896-1897	18.82	1921-1922	13.44	1946-1947	12.28
1897-1898	6.58	1922-1923	16.81	1947-1948	19.56
1898-1899	13.05	1923-1924	8.86	1948-1949	15.59
1899-1900	15.23	1924-1925	25.99	1949-1950	10.32
1900-1901	17.49	1925-1926	18.44	1950-1951	17.48
1901-1902	21.67	1926-1927	25.99	1951-1952	23.50
1902-1903	17.10	1927-1928	17.54		

MILESTONES IN THE HISTORY OF AGRICULTURE

and the

Development of the State and County Departments in California

Previous to 1849-50 when the Gold Rush jumped the population of California from 15,000 to an estimated 93,000 the economy of the state was based on cattle raising. Hides and tallow were the only commercial products of this industry. It was known, however, even previous to this time, that many of the things which were later to make the State great in agriculture could be successfully produced.

From the time of the first settlement in 1769 at San Diego, grain, grapes and figs were raised for local consumption. Truck crops were also successfully grown. To the Mission Fathers must go the credit for this and for the first irrigation systems in the State. In 1782, Don Pedro Fages, Governor of Monterey, planted an orchard of 600 trees. William Wolfskill planted the first orange grove at San Gabriel Mission in 1804.

Between 1839 and 1849 Captain John A. Sutter had made a good start in large scale diversified farming on his land grant in Northern California; however, this was ruined by the gold rush and it was not until the gold fever had cooled somewhat that agriculture was first felt in the economy of this State.

Prior to 1869, when the transcontinental railroad was completed, the principal crop was grain which could be shipped by sea; however, with the completion of the railroad, fruit shipments to eastern markets increased so rapidly that the State Grange issued a warning in 1879 against over-production.

The same year saw the California State Horticultural Society organized by Mathew Cooke, to combat San Jose Scale and Codling Moth. It was reported that Codling Moth entered the state in 1873 in five barrels of apples. The first Board of Viticultural Commissioners was established in 1880, and that year a quarantine was issued on the distribution of grape vines, cuttings, etc., in an effort to prevent the spread of grape phylloxera. In the years 1880-1883 the grape acreage increased from 35,000 acres to 140,000 acres.

A law was passed providing for County Boards of Horticulture in 1881. This was not acted on until 1885 when Los Angeles, Ventura, San Diego and Kern Counties appointed three-man Boards. Colusa County (of which Glenn was still a part) appointed a Board in 1888. Although county records show that petitions were file as early as 1895 requesting that a Board of Horticulture be appointed, it was not until January 4, 1909 that the Glenn County Board was formed. The members of the first Glenn County Board of Horticulture were: Charles L. Donohoe, Frank S. Reager and Fred A. Crook. These men were appointed for two year terms to serve without salary.

In 1911, County Boards of Horticultural Commissioners were fused into the single office of County Commissioner. Until 1912 the duties of these various agencies were concerned with the inspection of nurseries, prevention of spread of insect pests and plant diseases through the medium of nursery stock, fruit boxes, containers, etc., and attempts to prevent introduction of pests into the State. From this point on the duties of both the state and county departments increased rapidly.

Carl Ley, the first Horticultural Commissioner for Glenn County, was appointed February 4, 1913. He was followed in office by C. Hugh Wren in 1917, H. M. Kingwill in 1920, and C. Hugh Wren again in 1927. In 1929, "County Agricultural Commissioners" superseded "County Horticultural Commissioners". Mr. Wren continued to serve in this capacity until 1932 when he was succeeded by Carl H. Spurlock. The present Agricultural Commissioner, P. V. Harrigan, was appointed in 1937.

MILESTONES IN THE HISTORY OF AGRICULTURE

(Continued)

The following chronology reveals the growth of state and county departmental functions and indicates the dates of authorization:

- 1915 Standardization, including apples and a few other commodities.
- 1917 Rodent and Weed Control.
- 1919 Control of Predatory Animals, and Walnut Codling Moth.
- 1920 Shipping Point Inspection. First Federal-State Crop Reporting Service.
- 1921 Weights and Measures, Plant Pathology Laboratory, State Nursery Service, California Warehouse Act, California Grain Standardization Act, Pure Seed Law, Mealy Bug Law, Weed Free Area Act, Economic Poisons Act.
- 1922 State Seed Laboratory.
- 1923 Regulation of Agricultural Minerals.
- 1925 Citrus White Fly Eradication, Certification of Cotton Seed, Market News Service.
- 1927 General Field Crop Certification, Spray Residue Act, Produce Dealer's Act, Capri Fig Law, Apiary Inspection Act.
- 1929 Deciduous Fruit Dealer's Act, Gasoline and Oil Substitution Act, Ground Squirrel Eradication on Plague Areas, Hay Inspection.
- 1930 Control of Injurious Bird Pests, Camel Thorn Eradication, Highway Inspection of Fruit and Vegetables.

In 1933 the Agricultural Code was adopted, this, together with the Administrative Code, defines the duties and functions of the State and County Departments of Agriculture. As California agriculture has expanded, so also have these services expanded to meet the needs created.

COMMENTS ON SOME DEPARTMENTAL ACTIVITIES

STATISTICS

Fourteen years ago in the year 1939 the total farm production of Glenn County was an estimated \$7,698,189.00. In the year 1952 farm production and value had increased nearly six times, to a total of \$42,473,700.00. These figures seem to indicate a sound economy county-wide despite inflationary tendencies.

LADINO CLOVER FOR SEED

The acreage of ladino clover in Glenn County has increased since last year, but the acreage harvested for seed was slightly less. Growers are learning better ways of producing seed crops and many first year fields now yield nearly as much as the second and third year stands of past years. The extensive plantings of 1950 and 1951 are now in peak production; this, coupled with better farm practices has combined to produce 4,700,000 pounds, the heaviest seed crop yet recorded. Out of the total crop, over four million pounds met the requirements for certification.

The inspection of harvesters at harvest time, the continuous inspection of cleaning mills during the year, the drawing of certification samples and the tagging of all lots passing the requirements for certified seed was handled by inspectors from the department.

WEED CONTROL

Spring rains made conditions favorable to weed growth thus making the control problem a tough one. During the season the agricultural department used 75,000 gallons of dilute sprays and 12,000 pounds of soil sterilants in controlling primary noxious weeds and in treating Puncture Vine, Russian Thistle and Johnson Grass along public roads and state highways.

COMMENTS ON SOME DEPARTMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(Continued)

Pest control operators and farmers reported treating 53,000 acres for weed control in growing crops of barley, rice, ladino clover, alfalfa and Safflower fields. The several irrigation districts reported treating 550 miles of ditches. To these figures must be added all the man-hours and money spent by individual farmers in weed control on their own places and using privately owned equipment. Three hundred fifty permits were issued to use 2,4-D to control weeds on 45,000 acres. Eight complaints were received on drift damage.

PEST CONTROL

Heavy infestations of the Ash Bug and Elm Leaf Beetle were the rule during the spring and early summer. The departmnt, as a public service, sprayed the Elm and Ash trees throughout the county. Commercial pest control operators and individuals reported treating 28,000 acres for insect pests in clover, alfalfa, and beet fields. It is interesting to note that of the 81,000 acres treated commercially for weed and insect control, the airplane was used on 45,700 acres.

RODENT CONTROL

Rats and mice are increasing in population in some areas despite continued control efforts. Good results have been obtained from poison baits, particularly Warfarin. However, these pests are continuously migrating from open fields to ranch buildings, town houses, garages and grain warehouses. During the year 90,000 acres were treated with poison bait for ground squirrel control. Most of the work was carried on by farmers. However, the department used directly, or distributed to individuals, over 6,000 pounds of poison baits.

STANDARDIZATION

Inspections for maturity and quality on samples of commercial lots of apricots, peaches, pears and oranges, representing 167,103 packed boxes, were made during the year. Retail and wholesale produce amounting to 959 tons was also inspected. The quality of eggs was checked at the various retail outlets. Some commodities displayed for sale were found to be sub-standard and steps were taken to correct this condition. Generally, it may be said, fruits, nuts, vegetables and eggs within the county were of good quality.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

A 100-gallon test measure for use in checking wholesale petroleum meters was added to the equipment of this department in 1952. It has been the policy of the department to provide from time to time such additional equipment as is necessary t properly test the many types of weighing and measuring devices in use. During the year 2.238 pieces of equipment, signs and packages were checked for accuracy and legality.

PLANT QUARANTINE

INTERSTATE SHIPMENTS: Number of Shipments Passed: Number of Plants Passed: Number of Shipments Rejected: Number of Plants Rejected:	11,687
INTRASTATE SHIPMENTS: Number of Shipments Passed: Number of Plants Passed: Number of Shipments Rejected: Number of Plants Rejected:	40,615 5

CHEMICALS USED BY THIS DEPARTMENT

INSECT	CONTROL				
	Benzene Hexachloride (BHC)				
	AT.	298	Pounds		
Chl	ordane	12	Gallons		
Chl	ordane-treated Bran	4,846	Pounds		
	nogas	87	Ounces		
	thyl Bromide	8	Ounces		
	lium Cyanide	24	Ounces		
	mmer Oil Spray	78	Gallons		
	nd Arsenate	20	Pounds		
	rdeaux	32	Pounds		
	lium Arsenite	5	Gallons		
WEED C	ONTROL	6.025	Pounds		
Po.	ybor Chlorate	50	Pounds		
Clo	rax		Gallon		
Sin	0X				
Sol	uble Sulphur	70	Gallons		
Co	ntact—Weed Killer				
Die	esel Oil	1 369	Gallons		
Sh	ell "20" Weed Killer	400	Pounds		
So	dium Chlorate	-	Gallons		
2,4	-D Amine		Gallons		
2,4	-D Ester		Gallons		
2,4	5·T	_	Pounds		
CN	1U	00	1 0 0 1 1 1 1		
RODEN'	r CONTROL	4.0			
Ar	itu Rodent Bait		Pounds		
St	rychnine-treated Barley	4,768	Pounds		
St	rychnine-treated Milo	. 100	Lounces		
St	rychnine-treated Rice	. OU	Pounds		
7:	nc Phosphide-treated Barley	. 80	Pounds		
7i	ne Phosphide-treated Oats	. 00	Pounds		
~	11 Tale and potato liquid 1080	. 1	Ounces		
Ø W	arfarin treated bait	. L,304	rounds		
	gradient de la companya de la compa				

APIARY REPORT

	Colonies	Apiaries
Registered during 1952	9,427	219
Registered during 1952	2.687	43
Entering County	981	18
Leaving County	3.001	55
Moving within the County	6.993	230
Inspected during 1952	28	14
Infected with American Foundrood	9	6
Infected with European Foulbrood	28	1.1
Burned for American Foulbrood		folde

Note: Many of the bees were located in Ladino clover seed fields. Beekeepers reported an additional income of \$27,610 from hire of bees for pollination.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES REPORT - 1952

TESTED AND SEALED WITHOUT CORRECTION: TOTAL - 943.

- 6 Counter scales
- 9 Spring scales
- 27 Computing scales
- 31 Platform and Dormant scales
- 7 Livestock scales
- 13 Vehicle scales
- 2 Abattoir scales (Monorail scales)
- 289 Weights
 - 1 Vehicle tank meter
 - 6 Bulk plant meters
- 74 Retail pumps and meters
- 24 Grease nieters
- 2 Linear measures
- 138 Liquid capacity measures
- 300 Lubricating oil bottles tested for capacity
- 14 Farm holding tanks

TESTED AND SEALED AFTER CORRECTION: TOTAL - 315.

- 16 Counter scales
- 20 Spring scales
- 32 Computing scales
- 54 Platform and Dormant scales
- 37 Livestock scales
- 42 Vehicle scales
- 3 Abattoir scales (Monorail scales)
- 82 Weights
- 6 Vehicle tank meters
- 1 Bulk plant meter
- 20 Retail pumps and meters
- 1 Grease meter
- 1 Lubricating oil bottle tested for capacity, was MINUS

TESTED AND FOUND TO BE OUT OF ORDER: TOTAL - 20.

- 1 Counter scale
- 1 Spring scale
- 3 Computing scales
- 5 Platform and Dormant scales
- 4 Livestock scales
- 2 Vehicle scales
- 1 Vehicle tank meter
- 1 Retail pump
- 2 Grease meters

EQUIPMENT CONDEMNED: TOTAL - 9

- 1 Livestock scale
- 7 Venicle scales
- 1 Weight

Packages or containers checked: 23 light, 485 correct, 2 heavy.

Signs Inspected: 423 passed, 18 corrected.

Establishments visited during 1952: 485.

Certificates of Inspection issued: 300.



Louise B. Theeler, Reference University of Calif. Library Davis, California

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ANNUAL REPORT

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Agricultural Commissioner county of GLENN 1953



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UMWARETY OF CALIFORNIA
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P. V. HARRIGAN

GLENN COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

WILLOWS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL REPORT

For the

Year Ending December 31, 1953

P. V. HARRIGAN

Agricultural Commissioner and Sealer of Weights and Measures

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

W. L. Linville, Chairman

Marshall Lane

George J. Otterson

George L. Lewis

Geo. E. (Nip) Roberts

COUNTY OF GLENN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Memorial Building, Willows

P. V. Harrigan Agricultural Commissioner Sealer of Weights and Measures Telephones: Willows 240 Orland 70

TO THE STATE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE, and THE HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

Section 65.5 of the California Agricultural Code requires that the Agricultural Commissioner compile a report covering conditions, acreage, production, and value of the agricultural products of his county; and, Section 65 requires that the Commissioner keep a record of his official acts and make an annual report to the Director on the conditions of the Agricultural interests in his county. This is the seventeenth annual report published by this department.

Values indicated in this report are based on fairly accurate, average selling prices and do not represent net returns to the farmer. The members of the Department have made every effort to make this report as accurate as possible by checking the figures with many sources of reliable information.

Copies of this report are sent to a number of federal, state and county agencies, and to many organizations and individuals.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation to all those who have co-operated in helping to make this report possible.

Respectfully submitted,

P. V. HARRIGAN

Agricultural Commissioner

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PERSON	NEL.
P. V. Harrigan	Agricultural Commissioner
H. I. Tillotson, Jr	Deputy Sealer and Inspector
Elroy Eberwein	Seed Inspector
F. W. Irland	Pest Control
Charles Cordill	. Plant Quarantine and Standardization
Noble Love	Weed Control
Ellen O. Marzolf	Stenographer-Clerk
OFFIC Memorial Building Willows, California	
TELEPHONE	NUMBERS
Willows — 240	Orland — 70

NATURAL RESOURCES AND THEIR PLACE IN COUNTY DEVELOPMENT

The full development of the county's abundant natural resources appears to be just beginning. Their intensive development in the years to come should provide a balanced, diversified economy and establish a broad base for continued prosperity in the county.

Major natural resources which will have an important impact on Glenn County's economy for many years include those which nature has placed above the ground for man's need, the soil itself, and the mineral deposits under the ground which are now being developed and which may be developed further in the future.

Already contributing heavily to the economy in the "above ground" category are natural forage, timber stands, and surface water supplies in the form of streams. Forage and its importance to cattle and sheep industries has long been exploited and used fully.

Development of timber resources, now estimated at a stand of three billion board feet, has been accelerated in the past few years although mills were built and in operation in Glenn County one hundred years ago. Lumbering was important to the economy of the Elk Creek and Newville areas in early days, and lumber cut from mills there still is in use in various buildings in this section. However, these small operations had little effect on the timber stand.

Today, under modern forestry methods a timber crop of 25,000,000 board feet is harvested each year on a sustained yield basis, and it appears that this industry will be important to the county's economy for some time to come.

Surface water supplies also have been well developed through irrigation enterprises such as the Glenn-Colusa Irrigation District, diverting from the Sacramento River; the Orland Project, which makes use of stored winter flows of Stony Creek; and through additional diversions from the Sacramento River and seasonal diversions from smaller streams which do not carry live flows throughout the year. From these sources and a large number of wells, approximately one-half of the irrigable land of the county now is under water. Important additional development of surface water supplies for the county is assured when the Sacramento Valley Canals Project, which traverses the county from north to south, becomes a reality. Steps are being taken to insure that Glenn County will receive an ample supply of water from this source.

Development of mineral deposits, largely in the form of hydrocarbons such as petroleum and natural gas, likewise has been accelerated during the past several years. Since the first producing gas well, the Willard 1-A, came in in January, 1938, oil exploration companies have been active in the county, testing, surveying and drilling. Several gas wells are in production, and thousands of acres are under lease to the several gas and petroleum companies. The present status of this resource is hard to establish, but with the United States rapidly becoming an importer of petroleum products, it is hard to see any lessening of exploration and drilling activity in Glenn County and the Sacramento Valley.

Other minerals, such as copper, chrome and even precious metals, exist in small amounts in the county, but as yet have had little economic effect.

In summary, through intensive and intelligent use of the county's abundant natural resources, the economy of the area should remain on a firm footing for the future.

AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

FIELD CROPS	Acreage	Totals
Alfalfa	13,000	
Barley	50,000	
Hay Vixed	. 10,000	
Irrigated Pastures	60,000	
Milo	. 3,000	
Oats	. 1,000	
Rica	. 51,000	
Safflower	. 10,000	
Sudan	1,100	
Sugar Beets	810	
Wheat	5,000	010 000
Wheat		210,900
ORCHARD CROPS		
Almonds	4,500	
Apricots	110	
Charries	0	
Citrus	100	
Fire	130	
Cranes		
Olives		
Peaches	100	
Donre	200	
Doggre		
Drunes	1,400	
Walnuts, English	812	0.041
wantus, English		8,941
LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY	Head	
The f	15,000	
C. H. Doiny	20,000	
Tiogs		
Muloc		
61	100,000	
	00,000	
Turkeys, Breeding Stock	7,000	218,300
	Colonies	
APIARY		
Bees, Registered	3,769	3,769

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS GLENN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA — 1953

FIELD CROPS	Production	Values	Totals
Rice	1,428,000 cwt.	\$ 7,500,000	
Barley	650,000 cwt.	1,850,000	
Wheat	35,000 cwt.	110,000	
Oats	7,000 cwt.	22,000	
Milo	60,000 cwt.	180,000	
Safflower	100,000 cwt.	400,000	
Beans	8,000 cwt.	88,000	
Sugar Beets	14,000 tons	180,000	•
нач			
Alfalfa	45,000 tons	900,000	
Clover	10,000 tons	90,000	
Mixed	18,000 tons	324,000	
	,		
PASTURE Irrigated Pasture	60,000 acres	1,500,000	
Range	250,000 acres	250,000	
Stubble	100,000 acres	150,000	
	100,000 acres	100,000	\$ 13,544,000
SEED CROPS			Ψ 10,511,000
Ladino Clover	2,865,000 lbs.	1,060,000	
Sudan	900,000 lbs.	54,000	
Alfalfa	106,000 lbs.	26,500	
Vetch	285,000 lbs.	14,250	
1 3 3 3 1	200,000 103.	14,230	1,154,750
ORCHARD CROPS			2,201,100
Almonds	3,400,000 lbs.	780,000	
Apricots, dried	174,000 lbs.	32,000	
Apricots, fresh	960,000 lbs.	48,000	
Figs, fresh	400,000 lbs.	16,000	4
Olives	1,250,000 lbs.	112,000	•
Oranges	125,000 pkd. boxes	625,000	
Peaches, dried	23,500 lbs.	4,500	
Peaches, fresh	322,000 lbs.	10,500	
Pears, pkg	3,379,000 lbs.	243,500	
Pears, canning	440,000 lbs.	22,000	
Prunes, dried	4,550,000 lbs.	550,000	
Walnuts, English	720,000 lbs.	151,000	
Walnuts, Black	200,000 lbs.	4,000	
		·	2,598,500
POULTRY			
Poultry, live	100,000 lbs.	30,000	
Eggs	355,000 doz.	185,000	
Turkeys, dressed	850,000 lbs.	340,000	
Turkey eggs	290,000 each	92,800	
			647,800

PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

	•
850,000 315,000 40,000 207,000 2,400,000	Totals
*	
•	\$ 13,156,500
	ψ 20,200,000
29,000 4,000 68,500 4,500 13,500	
	119,500
90,000	90,000
ft. 150,000 ft. 1,800,000	
	Values \$5,010,000 2,550,000 850,000 315,000 40,000 207,000 2,400,000 780,000 10,500 994,000 4,000 68,500 4,500 13,500 90,000

AGRICULTURAL INCOME TOTALS FOR 15 YEARS

Year		Amoun
1939	\$	7,698,2
		8,206,7
1941	••••••	10,587,5
1942		11,973,2
1943		13,824,6
1944		19,047,0
1945		18,577,0
1946		22,260,0
		27,935,0
1948		27,070,0
1949		24,820,0
1950	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	30,637,0
1951		39,005,0
1952	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	42,473,7
1953	•••••	33,267,0
1999		

FIFTEEN YEAR PRODUCTION

			Ladino	Alfalfa	Other Field
	Rice	Barley	Seed	Seed	Crops
Year	Cwt.	Cwt.	Pounds	Pounds	Cwt.
1939	368,841	348,925	60,674		65,225
1940	408,541	317,486	49,549	314	108,350
1941	545,603	392,391	141,871		165,100
1942	361,940	258,317	140,834		226,275
1943	394,000	415,000	118,000	15,000	102,000
1944	850,000	701,000	325,000	10,000	72,800
1945	690,000	675,000	350,000	30,000	96,500
1946	1,050,000	700,000	440,000	25,000	117,600
1947	1,168,000	680,000	375,000	11,000	126,500
1948	840,000	1,112,000	670,000	7,500	129,000
1949	1,219,000	792,000	800,000	42,000	2,000
1950	900,000	651,000	2,280,000	52,000	3,000
1951	1,060,000	500,000	3,200,000	45,500	62,000
1952	1,500,000	500,000	4,500,000	85,500	96,500
1953	1,428,000	650,000	2,865,000	106,000	210,000
15 Year					
Total Prod.	12,783,925	8,693,019	16,315,928	429,814	1,842,850
GROSS					
INCOME	\$55,083,520	\$22,480,655	\$17,091,087	\$ 144,050	\$ 4,683,959
	Other Dried			~~	Okaan
	Fruits	Butterfat	Cattle	Hogs Head	Sheep Head
Year	Pounds	Pounds	Head		127,912
1939	1,469,713	1,825,885	7,932	44,224	106,704
1940	700,660	1,878,814	9,089	34,856	111,249
1941	147,158	2,776,881	13,416	34,849	
1942	959,888	2,667,792	12,080	28,809	116,226
1943	1,504,000	2,685,000	16,500	34,000	09,000
1944	2,105,000	3,034,000	23,500	41,000	139,000
1945	1,019,000	3,343,500	24,500	17,500	141,000
1946	2,456,000	2,973,000	23,500	16,000	121,000
1947	942,000	3,400,000	29,000	15,000	127,500
1948	487,000	3,690,000	31,500	20,000	112,000
1949	431,000	3,621,000	43,500	25,000	102,00
1950	229,000	3,711,000	41,300	28,000	110,000
1951	852,000	3,807,000	44,200	47,500	130,00
1952	896,000	3,875,000	41,500	52,000	169,000
1953	198,500	4,802,000	43,500	30,000	163,000
15 Year					
Total Prod.	14,396,919	48,100,872	405,017	468,738	1,885,592
GROSS					
INCOME	\$1,619,450	\$41,595,183	\$32,669,862	\$13,436,140	\$26,225,878

Glenn County 1953 continued on next PDF

Glenn County 1953 - 1958